

Supporting Information

From $\text{BaAlBO}_3\text{F}_2$ to $\text{BaAlB}_3\text{O}_6\text{F}_2$ and $\text{BaAl}_2(\text{B}_3\text{O}_6)_2\text{F}_2$: the Enhancement of Birefringence and Band Gap by Extending the π -Conjugated System Combined with [Al-O/F] Functional Groups

Cheng Chen,^a Danyang Dou,^a Yunjie Bai,^a Bingbing Zhang,^{ab} Ying Wang^{ab*}

^a College of Chemistry and Materials Science, Hebei Research Center of the Basic Discipline of Synthetic Chemistry, Key Laboratory of Medicinal Chemistry and Molecular Diagnosis of the Ministry of Education, Key Laboratory of Chemical Biology of Hebei Province, Hebei University, Baoding 071002, China. Email: wangy@hbu.edu.cn

^b Institute of Life Science and Green Development, Hebei University, Baoding 071002, China.

Table of Contents

Table S1. Crystal data and structure refinements for $\text{BaAlB}_3\text{O}_6\text{F}_2$ and $\text{BaAl}_2(\text{B}_3\text{O}_6)_2\text{F}_2$.

Table S2. Atomic coordinates and equivalent isotropic displacement parameters for $\text{BaAlB}_3\text{O}_6\text{F}_2$.

Table S3. Atomic coordinates and equivalent isotropic displacement parameters for $\text{BaAl}_2(\text{B}_3\text{O}_6)_2\text{F}_2$.

Table S4. Bond lengths [\AA] for $\text{BaAlB}_3\text{O}_6\text{F}_2$.

Table S5. Bond angles [deg] for $\text{BaAlB}_3\text{O}_6\text{F}_2$.

Table S6. Bond lengths [\AA] for $\text{BaAl}_2(\text{B}_3\text{O}_6)_2\text{F}_2$.

Table S7. Bond angles [deg] for $\text{BaAl}_2(\text{B}_3\text{O}_6)_2\text{F}_2$.

Table S8. Comparison of bandgap and birefringence for the known F-containing aluminoborates and the arrangement of the [Al-O/F] groups.

Figure. S1. Different arrangement of [Al-O/F] groups in (a) $\text{BaAlBO}_3\text{F}_2$, (b) $\text{BaAlB}_3\text{O}_6\text{F}_2$ and (c) $\text{BaAl}_2(\text{B}_3\text{O}_6)_2\text{F}_2$.

Figure. S2. The experimental and calculated sample XRD patterns of (a) $\text{BaAlB}_3\text{O}_6\text{F}_2$ and (b) $\text{BaAl}_2(\text{B}_3\text{O}_6)_2\text{F}_2$.

Figure. S3. TG/DSC curves of (a) $\text{BaAlB}_3\text{O}_6\text{F}_2$ and (b) $\text{BaAl}_2(\text{B}_3\text{O}_6)_2\text{F}_2$.

Figure. S4. IR Spectra of (a) $\text{BaAlB}_3\text{O}_6\text{F}_2$ and (b) $\text{BaAl}_2(\text{B}_3\text{O}_6)_2\text{F}_2$.

Figure. S5. The measurement of thickness of (a) $\text{BaAlB}_3\text{O}_6\text{F}_2$ and (b) $\text{BaAl}_2(\text{B}_3\text{O}_6)_2\text{F}_2$.

Figure. S6. The calculated band gaps (HSE06) of (a) $\text{BaAlB}_3\text{O}_6\text{F}_2$ and (b) $\text{BaAl}_2(\text{B}_3\text{O}_6)_2\text{F}_2$.

References

Table S1. Crystal data and structure refinements for BaAlB₃O₆F₂ and BaAl₂(B₃O₆)₂F₂.

| Empirical formula | BaAlB ₃ O ₆ F ₂ | BaAl ₂ (B ₃ O ₆) ₂ F ₂ |
|---|---|--|
| Formula weight | 330.75 | 486.16 |
| Temperature [K] | 273(2) | 273(2) |
| Crystal system | monoclinic | trigonal |
| Space group (number) | <i>P</i> 2 ₁ /c (14) | <i>R</i> 3 _c (167) |
| <i>a</i> [Å] | 7.1245(6) | 7.0654(18) |
| <i>b</i> [Å] | 12.7080(10) | 7.0654(18) |
| <i>c</i> [Å] | 7.6246(7) | 37.529(13) |
| α [°] | 90 | 90 |
| β [°] | 112.189(3) | 90 |
| γ [°] | 90 | 120 |
| Volume [Å ³] | 639.19(10) | 1622.5(10) |
| <i>Z</i> | 4 | 6 |
| ρ_{calc} [g cm ⁻³] | 3.437 | 2.958 |
| μ [mm ⁻¹] | 6.381 | 3.935 |
| <i>F</i> (000) | 600 | 1356 |
| Radiation | Mo <i>K</i> _α ($\lambda=0.71073$ Å) | Mo <i>K</i> _α ($\lambda=0.71073$ Å) |
| 2 Θ range [°] | 6.41 to 55.12 | 6.51 to 65.56 |
| Index ranges | -9 ≤ <i>h</i> ≤ 9 -16 ≤ <i>k</i> ≤ 15 -9 ≤ <i>l</i> ≤ 9 | -10 ≤ <i>h</i> ≤ 10 -10 ≤ <i>k</i> ≤ 10 -55 ≤ <i>l</i> ≤ 54 |
| Reflections collected | 15684 | 17663 |
| Independent reflections | 1457 | 644 |
| | $R_{\text{int}} = 0.0250$ | $R_{\text{int}} = 0.0250$ |
| | $R_{\text{sigma}} = 0.0115$ | $R_{\text{sigma}} = 0.0115$ |
| Completeness | 98.9 % | 100.0 % |
| Data / Restraints / | 1457/0/118 | 644/0/36 |
| Parameters | | |
| Goodness-of-fit on F^2 | 1.141 | 1.082 |
| Final <i>R</i> indexes [$I \geq 2\sigma(I)$] ^a | $R_1 = 0.0110$, $wR_2 = 0.0277$ | $R_1 = 0.0346$, $wR_2 = 0.0759$ |
| Final <i>R</i> indexes [all data] ^a | $R_1 = 0.0113$, $wR_2 = 0.0278$ | $R_1 = 0.0612$, $wR_2 = 0.0850$ |
| Largest peak/hole [eÅ ⁻³] | 0.32/-0.45 | 1.00/-1.52 |

^a $R_1 = F_o - F_c/F_o$ and $wR_2 = [w(F_o^2 - F_c^2)^2/wF_o^4]^{1/2}$ for $F_o^2 > 2(F_c^2)$.

Table S2. Atomic coordinates and equivalent isotropic displacement parameters for BaAlB₃O₆F₂. U(eq) is defined as one-third of the trace of the orthogonalized U_{ij} tensor.

| Atom | x | y | z | U _{eq} | BVS |
|------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-----------------|-----|
| Ba1 | -0.15914(2) | 0.14249(2) | 0.87733(2) | 0.00965(4) | 2.3 |
| Al1 | -0.04628(8) | 0.09632(4) | 0.38295(7) | 0.00789(10) | 3.1 |
| B1 | 0.2955(3) | 0.23551(16) | 0.5266(3) | 0.0105(4) | 3.0 |
| B2 | 0.5292(3) | 0.39297(15) | 0.6556(3) | 0.0094(4) | 3.0 |
| B3 | 0.6407(3) | 0.56044(16) | 0.8284(3) | 0.0109(4) | 3.0 |
| O1 | 0.11738(19) | 0.21076(10) | 0.39411(19) | 0.0116(3) | 2.1 |
| O2 | 0.3522(2) | 0.34022(10) | 0.5523(2) | 0.0136(3) | 1.9 |
| O3 | 0.7143(2) | 0.35447(10) | 0.69269(19) | 0.0111(3) | 2.0 |
| O4 | 0.49269(19) | 0.49536(10) | 0.7083(2) | 0.0140(3) | 2.1 |
| O5 | 0.83160(19) | 0.52964(10) | 0.91797(19) | 0.0114(3) | 2.2 |
| O6 | 0.5740(2) | 0.66074(10) | 0.8511(2) | 0.0144(3) | 2.1 |
| F1 | 0.02187(17) | 0.03584(9) | 0.20052(15) | 0.0142(2) | 1.1 |
| F2 | 0.13429(18) | 0.16314(9) | 0.54769(16) | 0.0157(2) | 1.0 |

Table S3. Atomic coordinates and equivalent isotropic displacement parameters for BaAl₂(B₃O₆)₂F₂. U(eq) is defined as one-third of the trace of the orthogonalized U_{ij} tensor.

| Atom | x | y | z | U _{eq} | BVS |
|------|-----------|-----------|-------------|-----------------|-----|
| Ba1 | 0.666667 | 0.333333 | 0.583333 | 0.02168(17) | 1.8 |
| Al1 | 0.666667 | 0.333333 | 0.69801(4) | 0.0146(3) | 3.1 |
| B1 | 0.4966(6) | 0.6087(6) | 0.71292(9) | 0.0187(6) | 3.0 |
| F1 | 0.666667 | 0.333333 | 0.65367(10) | 0.0286(8) | 1.0 |
| O1 | 0.5505(4) | 0.8269(4) | 0.71260(7) | 0.0238(5) | 1.9 |
| O2 | 0.6542(3) | 0.5590(3) | 0.71370(6) | 0.0213(5) | 2.0 |

Table S4. Bond lengths [\AA] for $\text{BaAlB}_3\text{O}_6\text{F}_2$.

| Atom-Atom | lengths | Atom-Atom | lengths |
|-----------------------|------------|-----------------------|------------|
| Ba1–F2 | 2.5987(12) | Al1–O1 | 1.8458(14) |
| Ba1–F1 ^{#1} | 2.6234(11) | Al1–O3 ^{#7} | 1.8806(14) |
| Ba1–F1 ^{#2} | 2.6780(11) | Al1–O5 ^{#7} | 1.8883(14) |
| Ba1–O1 ^{#3} | 2.6805(13) | Al1–O5 ^{#8} | 1.8995(14) |
| Ba1–F2 ^{#3} | 2.7652(12) | Al1–Al1 ^{#1} | 2.9538(10) |
| Ba1–O6 ^{#4} | 2.8166(13) | B1–O1 | 1.327(2) |
| Ba1–O3 ^{#5} | 2.8697(14) | B1–O2 | 1.383(2) |
| Ba1–O4 ^{#4} | 2.8979(13) | B1–O6 ^{#8} | 1.408(2) |
| Ba1–O3 ^{#6} | 3.0155(13) | B2–O3 | 1.333(2) |
| Ba1–B3 ^{#4} | 3.355(2) | B2–O2 | 1.382(2) |
| Ba1–B1 ^{#3} | 3.377(2) | B2–O4 | 1.415(2) |
| Ba1–Al1 ^{#3} | 3.4117(6) | B3–O5 | 1.329(2) |
| Al1–F1 | 1.8088(12) | B3–O4 | 1.381(2) |
| Al1–F2 | 1.8130(13) | B3–O6 | 1.394(2) |

Symmetry transformations used to generate equivalent atoms:

#1:-X, -Y, 1-Z; #2: +X, +Y, 1+Z; #3: +X, 0.5-Y, 0.5+Z; #4: -X, -0.5+Y, 1.5-Z; #5: -1+X, 0.5-Y, 0.5+Z; #6: -1+X, +Y, +Z; #7: -1+X, 0.5-Y, -0.5+Z; #8: 1-X, -0.5+Y, 1.5-Z; #9: +X, 0.5-Y, -0.5+Z; #10: +X, +Y, -1+Z; #11: -X, 0.5+Y, 1.5-Z; #12: 1+X, 0.5-Y, 0.5+Z; #13: 1+X, 0.5-Y, -0.5+Z; #14: 1+X, +Y, +Z; #15: 1-X, 0.5+Y, 1.5-Z;

Table S5. Bond angles [deg] for BaAlB₃O₆F₂.

| Atom–Atom–Atom | Angle [°] | Atom–Atom–Atom | Angle [°] |
|----------------|-----------|----------------|-----------|
| F2–Ba1–F1 | 72.61(3) | F1–Ba1–B3 | 91.64(4) |
| F2–Ba1–F1 | 139.11(3) | F1–Ba1–B3 | 108.97(4) |
| F1–Ba1–F1 | 71.33(4) | O1–Ba1–B3 | 147.35(4) |
| F2–Ba1–O1 | 70.04(4) | F2–Ba1–B3 | 111.72(4) |
| F1–Ba1–O1 | 106.36(4) | O6–Ba1–B3 | 24.14(4) |
| F1–Ba1–O1 | 102.61(4) | O3–Ba1–B3 | 78.84(4) |
| F2–Ba1–F2 | 110.39(2) | O4–Ba1–B3 | 24.12(4) |
| F1–Ba1–F2 | 156.16(4) | O3–Ba1–B3 | 89.23(4) |
| F1–Ba1–F2 | 95.55(3) | F2–Ba1–B1 | 82.68(5) |
| O1–Ba1–F2 | 55.98(4) | F1–Ba1–B1 | 94.63(4) |
| F2–Ba1–O6 | 80.36(4) | F1–Ba1–B1 | 81.66(4) |
| F1–Ba1–O6 | 108.96(4) | O1–Ba1–B1 | 21.64(4) |
| F1–Ba1–O6 | 129.70(4) | F2–Ba1–B1 | 63.16(4) |
| O1–Ba1–O6 | 123.56(4) | O6–Ba1–B1 | 145.02(4) |
| F2–Ba1–O6 | 94.76(4) | O3–Ba1–B1 | 106.05(4) |
| F2–Ba1–O3 | 165.20(4) | O4–Ba1–B1 | 166.56(4) |
| F1–Ba1–O3 | 117.59(3) | O3–Ba1–B1 | 80.03(4) |
| F1–Ba1–O3 | 55.27(3) | B3–Ba1–B1 | 168.99(5) |
| O1–Ba1–O3 | 114.11(4) | F2–Ba1–A11 | 79.17(3) |
| F2–Ba1–O3 | 65.10(3) | F1–Ba1–A11 | 137.48(3) |
| O6–Ba1–O3 | 85.90(4) | F1–Ba1–A11 | 116.84(3) |
| F2–Ba1–O4 | 101.35(4) | O1–Ba1–A11 | 32.55(3) |
| F1–Ba1–O4 | 74.68(4) | F2–Ba1–A11 | 32.01(3) |
| F1–Ba1–O4 | 87.12(4) | O6–Ba1–A11 | 96.60(3) |
| O1–Ba1–O4 | 170.08(4) | O3–Ba1–A11 | 97.09(3) |
| F2–Ba1–O4 | 125.72(4) | O4–Ba1–A11 | 143.12(3) |
| O6–Ba1–O4 | 48.25(4) | O3–Ba1–A11 | 33.31(3) |
| O3–Ba1–O4 | 72.96(4) | B3–Ba1–A11 | 120.19(4) |
| F2–Ba1–O3 | 64.90(4) | B1–Ba1–A11 | 50.03(4) |
| F1–Ba1–O3 | 137.51(4) | F1–A11–F2 | 174.49(6) |
| F1–Ba1–O3 | 146.81(4) | F1–A11–O1 | 91.25(6) |
| O1–Ba1–O3 | 59.04(4) | F2–A11–O1 | 88.67(6) |
| F2–Ba1–O3 | 51.40(4) | F1–A11–O3 | 88.68(6) |
| O6–Ba1–O3 | 65.09(4) | F2–A11–O3 | 85.89(6) |
| O3–Ba1–O3 | 104.23(3) | O1–A11–O3 | 98.44(6) |
| O4–Ba1–O3 | 113.33(4) | F1–A11–O5 | 91.17(6) |
| F2–Ba1–B3 | 90.59(5) | F2–A11–O5 | 90.04(6) |

Symmetry transformations used to generate equivalent atoms:

#1:-X, -Y, 1-Z; #2: +X, +Y, 1+Z; #3: +X, 0.5-Y, 0.5+Z; #4: -X, -0.5+Y, 1.5-Z; #5: -1+X, 0.5-

Y, 0.5+Z; #6: -1+X, +Y, +Z; #7: -1+X, 0.5-Y, -0.5+Z; #8: 1-X, -0.5+Y, 1.5-Z; #9: +X, 0.5-Y, -0.5+Z; #10: +X, +Y, -1+Z; #11: -X, 0.5+Y, 1.5-Z; #12: 1+X, 0.5-Y, 0.5+Z; #13: 1+X, 0.5-Y, -0.5+Z; #14: 1+X, +Y, +Z; #15: 1-X, 0.5+Y, 1.5-Z;

Table S6. Bond lengths [\AA] for $\text{BaAl}_2(\text{B}_3\text{O}_6)_2\text{F}_2$.

| Atom-Atom | lengths | Atom-Atom | lengths |
|-----------|----------|-----------|----------|
| Ba1–F1#1 | 2.640(4) | Ba1–O2#3 | 3.150(2) |
| Ba1–F1 | 2.640(4) | Ba1–O2#6 | 3.150(2) |
| Ba1–O1#2 | 3.109(2) | Al1–F1 | 1.664(4) |
| Ba1–O1#3 | 3.109(3) | Al1–O2#8 | 1.743(2) |
| Ba1–O1#4 | 3.109(3) | Al1–O2 | 1.743(2) |
| Ba1–O1#5 | 3.109(3) | Al1–O2#9 | 1.743(2) |
| Ba1–O1#6 | 3.109(3) | B1–O2 | 1.325(4) |
| Ba1–O1#7 | 3.109(2) | B1–O1 | 1.390(4) |
| Ba1–O2#2 | 3.150(2) | B1–O1#10 | 1.392(4) |
| Ba1–O2#4 | 3.150(2) | | |

Symmetry transformations used to generate equivalent atoms:

#1: -3.66667+X-Y, 1.66667-Y, 1.16667-Z; #2: 0.66667-X+Y, -0.66667+Y, -0.16667+Z; #3: -0.33333+X, 0.33333+X-Y, -0.16667+Z; #4: 1.66667-Y, 1.33333-X, -0.16667+Z; #5: 1.66667-X, 1.33333-Y, 1.33333-Z; #6: 0.66667+X-Y, -0.66667+X, 1.33333-Z; #7: -0.33333+Y, 0.33333-X+Y, 1.33333-Z; #8: 1-X+Y, 1-X, +Z; #9: 1-Y, +X-Y, +Z; #10: -X+Y, 1-X, +Z; #11: 1-Y, 1+X-Y, +Z;

Table S7. Bond angles [deg] for BaAl₂(B₃O₆)₂F₂.

| Atom–Atom–Atom | Angle [°] | Atom–Atom–Atom | Angle [°] |
|----------------|-----------|----------------|-----------|
| F1–Ba1–F1 | 180.0 | O1–Ba1–O2 | 58.03(6) |
| F1–Ba1–O1 | 63.16(5) | O1–Ba1–O2 | 149.32(6) |
| F1–Ba1–O1 | 116.83(5) | O1–Ba1–O2 | 104.79(6) |
| F1–Ba1–O1 | 63.17(5) | O2–Ba1–O2 | 102.67(5) |
| F1–Ba1–O1 | 116.83(5) | F1–Ba1–O2 | 64.37(4) |
| O1–Ba1–O1 | 101.21(6) | F1–Ba1–O2 | 115.63(4) |
| F1–Ba1–O1 | 63.17(5) | O1–Ba1–O2 | 126.55(6) |
| F1–Ba1–O1 | 116.83(5) | O1–Ba1–O2 | 44.03(6) |
| O1–Ba1–O1 | 101.21(6) | O1–Ba1–O2 | 62.47(6) |
| O1–Ba1–O1 | 101.21(6) | O1–Ba1–O2 | 149.32(6) |
| F1–Ba1–O1 | 116.84(5) | O1–Ba1–O2 | 104.79(6) |
| F1–Ba1–O1 | 63.16(5) | O1–Ba1–O2 | 58.03(6) |
| O1–Ba1–O1 | 68.88(9) | O2–Ba1–O2 | 102.67(5) |
| O1–Ba1–O1 | 166.53(9) | O2–Ba1–O2 | 102.67(5) |
| O1–Ba1–O1 | 89.95(9) | F1–Ba1–O2 | 115.63(4) |
| F1–Ba1–O1 | 116.84(5) | F1–Ba1–O2 | 64.37(4) |
| F1–Ba1–O1 | 63.16(5) | O1–Ba1–O2 | 58.03(6) |
| O1–Ba1–O1 | 89.95(9) | O1–Ba1–O2 | 104.79(6) |
| O1–Ba1–O1 | 68.88(9) | O1–Ba1–O2 | 149.32(6) |
| O1–Ba1–O1 | 166.53(9) | O1–Ba1–O2 | 62.46(6) |
| O1–Ba1–O1 | 101.20(6) | O1–Ba1–O2 | 44.03(6) |
| F1–Ba1–O1 | 116.84(5) | O1–Ba1–O2 | 126.54(6) |
| F1–Ba1–O1 | 63.16(5) | O2–Ba1–O2 | 56.12(8) |
| O1–Ba1–O1 | 166.53(9) | O2–Ba1–O2 | 106.07(8) |
| O1–Ba1–O1 | 89.95(9) | O2–Ba1–O2 | 147.34(8) |
| O1–Ba1–O1 | 68.88(9) | F1–Al1–O2 | 109.75(9) |
| O1–Ba1–O1 | 101.20(6) | F1–Al1–O2 | 109.75(9) |
| O1–Ba1–O1 | 101.20(6) | O2–Al1–O2 | 109.19(9) |
| F1–Ba1–O2 | 64.37(4) | F1–Al1–O2 | 109.75(9) |
| F1–Ba1–O2 | 115.63(4) | O2–Al1–O2 | 109.19(9) |
| O1–Ba1–O2 | 44.03(6) | O2–Al1–O2 | 109.19(9) |
| O1–Ba1–O2 | 62.47(6) | O2–B1–O1 | 119.5(3) |
| O1–Ba1–O2 | 126.55(6) | O2–B1–O1 | 122.3(3) |
| O1–Ba1–O2 | 104.79(6) | O1–B1–O1 | 118.2(3) |
| O1–Ba1–O2 | 58.03(6) | Al1–F1–Ba1 | 180.0 |
| O1–Ba1–O2 | 149.32(6) | B1–O1–B1 | 121.8(3) |
| F1–Ba1–O2 | 64.37(4) | B1–O1–Ba1 | 95.29(19) |
| F1–Ba1–O2 | 115.63(4) | B1–O1–Ba1 | 134.4(2) |

| | | | |
|-----------|-----------|------------|------------|
| O1–Ba1–O2 | 62.47(6) | B1–O2–Al1 | 132.0(2) |
| O1–Ba1–O2 | 126.55(6) | B1–O2–Ba1 | 95.0(2) |
| O1–Ba1–O2 | 44.03(6) | Al1–O2–Ba1 | 133.00(10) |

Symmetry transformations used to generate equivalent atoms:

#1: -3.66667+X-Y, 1.66667-Y, 1.16667-Z; #2: 0.66667-X+Y, -0.66667+Y, -0.16667+Z; #3: -0.33333+X, 0.33333+X-Y, -0.16667+Z; #4: 1.66667-Y, 1.33333-X, -0.16667+Z; #5: 1.66667-X, 1.33333-Y, 1.33333-Z; #6: 0.66667+X-Y, -0.66667+X, 1.33333-Z; #7: -0.33333+Y, 0.33333-X+Y, 1.33333-Z; #8: 1-X+Y, 1-X, +Z; #9: 1-Y, +X-Y, +Z; #10: -X+Y, 1-X, +Z; #11: 1-Y, 1+X-Y, +Z;

Table S8. Comparison of bandgap and birefringence for the known F-containing aluminoborates and the arrangement of the [Al-O/F] groups.

| | Compound | Band gap / eV | Cut-off edge / nm | birefringence | [Al-O/F] |
|--|---|---------------|-------------------|---------------|------------------------------------|
| Aluminoborate fluorides | K ₃ Ba ₃ Li ₂ Al ₄ B ₆ O ₂₀ F ¹ | >6.2 | <190 | 0.063 | [AlO ₄] |
| | K ₃ Sr ₃ Li ₂ Al ₄ B ₆ O ₂₀ F ² | >6.2 | 190 | 0.062 | [AlO ₄] |
| | Rb ₃ Ba ₃ Li ₂ Al ₄ B ₆ O ₂₀ F ³ | >6.2 | 198 | 0.061 | [AlO ₄] |
| Fluoroaluminoborates | BaAlBO ₃ F ₂ ⁴ | >6.2 | 165 | 0.0418 | [AlO ₃ F ₂] |
| | Rb ₃ Al ₃ B ₃ O ₁₀ F ⁵ | 6.58* | <200 | / | [AlO ₃ F] |
| | CsAlB ₃ O ₆ F ⁶ | 7.49* | <190 | 0.091 | [AlO ₃ F] |
| | RbAlB ₃ O ₆ F ⁷ | 7.15* | <190 | 0.0946 | [AlO ₃ F] |
| | Cs _{0.5} Rb _{0.5} AlB ₃ O ₆ F ⁷ | >6.2 | <200 | / | [AlO ₃ F] |
| | Li _{0.5} Na _{0.5} AlB ₂ O ₄ F ₂ ⁸ | 7.55* | <200 | 0.108 | [AlO ₃ F ₃] |
| | SrAlB ₃ O ₆ F ₂ ⁹ | 7.65* | <200 | 0.075 | [AlO ₄ F ₂] |
| | Sr ₂ Al _{2.18} B _{5.82} O ₁₃ F ₂ ¹⁰ | 7.28* | <200 | 0.058 | [AlO ₄ F ₂] |
| | SnAl ₂ (BO ₃) ₂ F ₂ ¹¹ | 4.08 | 240 | 0.024 | [AlO ₄ F ₂] |
| BaAlB₃O₆F₂ (this work) | Al ₈ (BO ₃) ₄ (B ₂ O ₅)F ₈ ¹² | 7.32* | <200 | / | [AlO ₄ F ₂] |
| | Pb ₂ Al ₂ B ₃ O ₈ F ₃ ¹³ | 5.26 | 213 | 0.0458 | [AlO ₄ F ₂] |
| | Pb ₆ AlB ₂ O ₇ F ₇ ¹⁴ | 3.63 | <300 | / | [AlF ₆] |
| | Al ₆ B ₅ O ₁₅ F ₃ ¹⁵ | / | / | / | [AlO ₅ F] |
| | BaAlB₃O₆F₂ (this work) | 7.53* | <200 | 0.087 | [AlO ₄ F ₂] |
| BaAl₂(B₃O₆)₂F₂ (this work) | | | | | |
| | | 7.87* | <200 | 0.105 | [AlO ₃ F] |

* DFT calculated results

Figure S1. Different arrangement of [Al-O/F] groups in (a) BaAlBO₃F₂, (b) BaAlB₃O₆F₂, and (c) BaAl₂(B₃O₆)₂F₂.

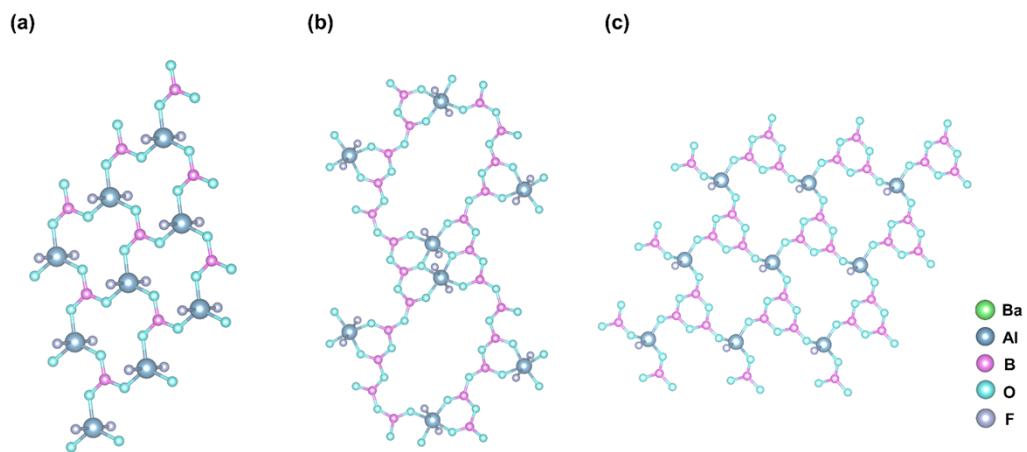


Figure S2. The experimental and calculated sample XRD patterns of (a) BaAlB₃O₆F₂ and (b) BaAl₂(B₃O₆)₂F₂.

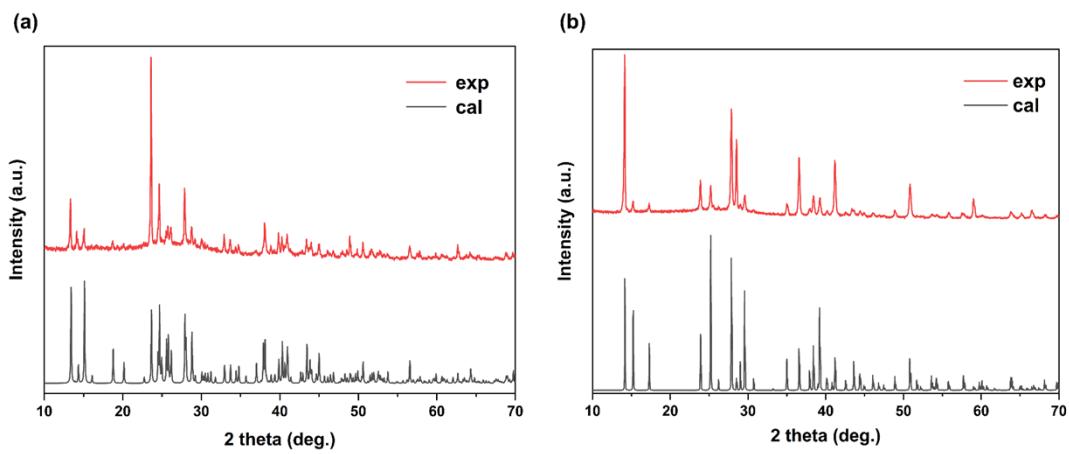


Figure S3. TG/DSC curves of (a) BaAlB₃O₆F₂ and (b) BaAl₂(B₃O₆)₂F₂.

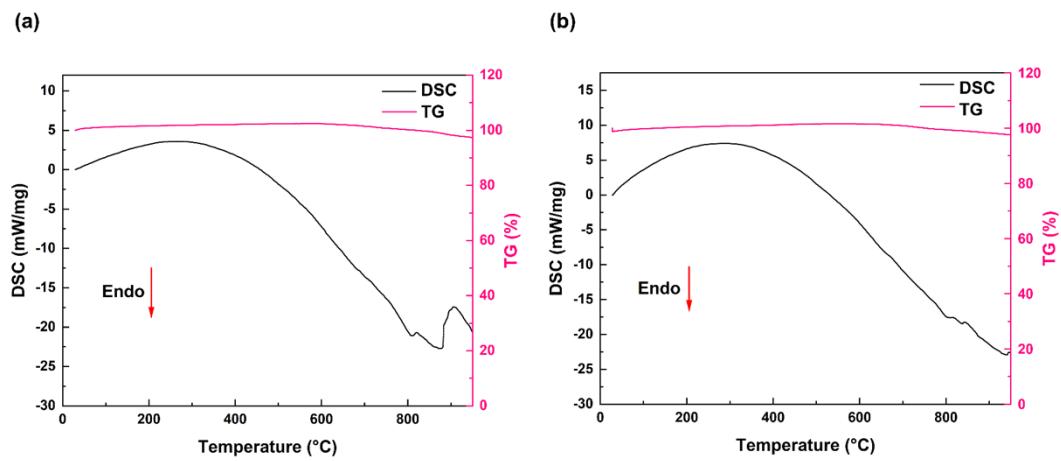


Figure S4. IR Spectra of (a) BaAlB₃O₆F₂ and (b) BaAl₂(B₃O₆)₂F₂.

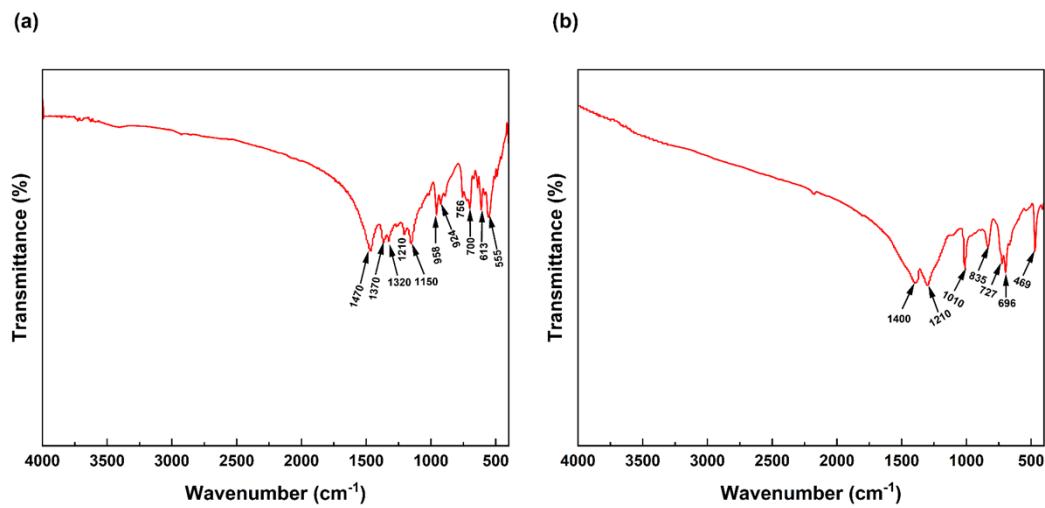


Figure S5. The measurement of thickness of (a) $\text{BaAlB}_3\text{O}_6\text{F}_2$ and (b) $\text{BaAl}_2(\text{B}_3\text{O}_6)_2\text{F}_2$.

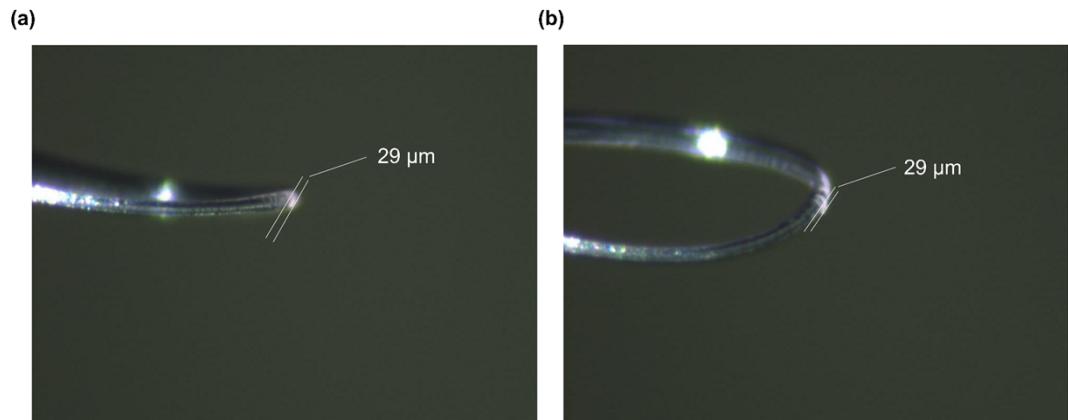
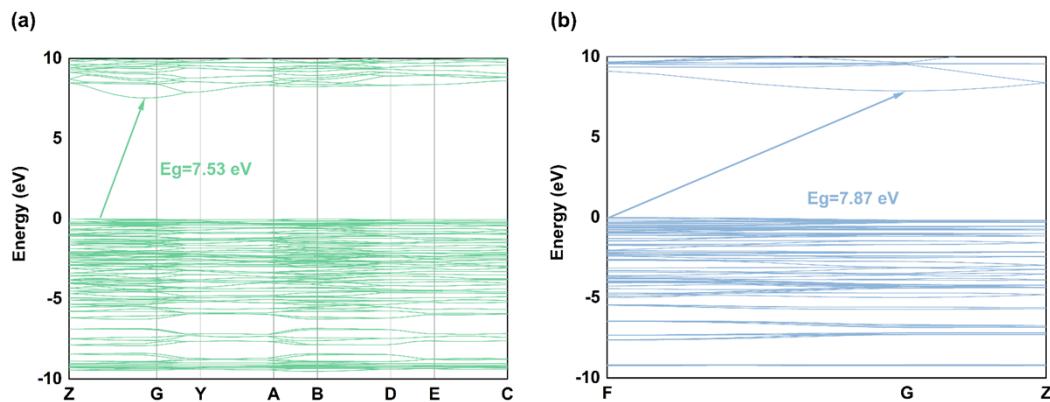


Figure S6. The calculated band gaps (HSE06) of (a) $\text{BaAlB}_3\text{O}_6\text{F}_2$ and (b) $\text{BaAl}_2(\text{B}_3\text{O}_6)_2\text{F}_2$.



References

1. B.Q. Zhao, B.X. Li, S.G. Zhao, X.T. Liu, Z.Y. Wu, Y.G. Shen, X.F. Li, Q.R. Ding, C.M. Ji and J.H. Luo, Physical properties of a promising nonlinear optical crystal K₃Ba₃Li₂Al₄B₆O₂₀F, *Cryst. Growth Des.*, 2018, **18**, 7368-7372.
2. Y. Yang, S.Z. Huang and S.L. Pan, K₃Sr₃Li₂Al₄B₆O₂₀F: a competitive nonlinear optical crystal for generation of a 266 nm laser, *J. Mater. Chem. C.*, 2022, **10**, 11232-11238.
3. J.K. Wang, H.P. Wu, Z.G. Hu, J.Y. Wang, Y.C. Wu and H.W. Yu, A promising ultraviolet nonlinear optical crystal: Rb₃Ba₃Li₂Al₄B₆O₂₀F—crystal growth, physical properties, and 266 nm laser generation, *J. Mater. Chem. C.*, 2023, **11**, 1320-1328.
4. Z.G. Hu, M. Yoshimura, K. Muramatsu, Y. Mori and T. Sasaki, A new nonlinear optical crystal-BaAlBO₃F₂(BABF), *Jpn. J. Appl. Phys.*, 2002, **41**, L1131-L1133.
5. S.G. Zhao, P.F. Gong, S.Y. Luo, S.J. Liu, L.N. Li, M.A. Asghar, T.K. Asghar, M.C. Hong, Z.S. Lin and J.H. Luo, Beryllium-free Rb₃Al₃B₃O₁₀F with reinforced interlayer bonding as a deep-ultraviolet nonlinear optical crystal, *J. Am. Chem. Soc.*, 2015, **137**, 2207-2210.
6. H.K. Liu, Y. Wang, B.B. Zhang, Z.H. Yang and S.L. Pan, CsAlB₃O₆F: a beryllium-free deep-ultraviolet nonlinear optical material with enhanced thermal stability, *Chem. Sci.*, 2020, **11**, 694-698.
7. H.K. Liu, B.B. Zhang, L. Li and Y. Wang, Exploring deep-UV nonlinear optical materials with enhanced second harmonic generation response and birefringence in fluoroaluminoborate crystals, *ACS Appl. Mater. Interfaces.*, 2021, **13**, 30853-30860.
8. Z.T. Yan, D.D. Chu, M. Zhang, Z.H. Yang and S.L. Pan, Li_{0.5}Na_{0.5}AlB₂O₄F₂: fluoroaluminoborate with aligned ¹⁰[BO₂] chain induced by unprecedented [AlO₃F₃]⁶⁻ species features enhanced birefringence, *Adv. Opt. Mater.*, 2022, **11**, 2202353.
9. S. Bai, X.D. Zhang, B.B. Zhang, L. Li and Y. Wang, SrAlB₃O₆F₂: A fluoroaluminoborate with [Al₂B₆O₁₄F₄] units and large birefringence, *Inorg. Chem.*, 2021, **60**, 10006-10011.
10. J.H. Jiao, A. Tudi, Z.T. Yan and M. Zhang, Structural motif cosubstitution strategy for designing fluoroaluminoborate with the Sr₂Be₂B₂O₇-type double-layered structure, *Inorg. Chem.*, 2023, **62**, 4399-4404.
11. Y. Wang, J. Han, J.B. Huang, Z.H. Yang, S.Z. Huang and S.L. Pan, From BaAl₂(BO₃)₂O to SnAl₂(BO₃)₂F₂: structure transformation based on ion regulation, *New J. Chem.*, 2020, **44**, 9852-9857.
12. Y. Wang, J. Han, J.B. Huang, Z.H. Yang and S.L. Pan, Al₈(BO₃)₄(B₂O₅)F₈: A F-containing aluminum borate featuring two types of isolated B–O groups, *Inorg. Chem.*, 2019, **59**, 810-817.
13. B. Jiang, S. Shu, Z.H. Yang, F.F. Zhang, M. Zhang and S.L. Pan, Pb₂Al₂B₃O₈F₃: structure and properties of a new fluoroaluminoborate with non-traditional chain-like B₃O₈ groups, *Dalton Trans.*, 2022, **51**, 3964-3969.
14. L.Y. Dong, S.L. Pan, Z.H. Yang, W.W. Zhao, X.Y. Dong, Y. Wang and Y.N. Huang, Synthesis, crystal structure, and properties of a new lead aluminum fluoride borate, Pb₆AlB₂O₇F₇, *Z. Anorg. Allg. Chem.*, 2012, **638**, 2280-2285.
15. E.V. Sokolova, Y.K. Egorov Tismenko, S.V. Kargal'tsev, V.A. Klyakhin and V.S. Urusov, Refinement of the crystalline structure of synthetic fluorous jeremejevite Al₆[BO₃]₅F₃, *Geol. Geofiz.*, 1987, **42**, 82-84.