

Supplementary Information

for

**Introducing dibenzocyclooctatetraene into actinide  
chemistry: isolation of rare trivalent uranium  
sandwich complexes**

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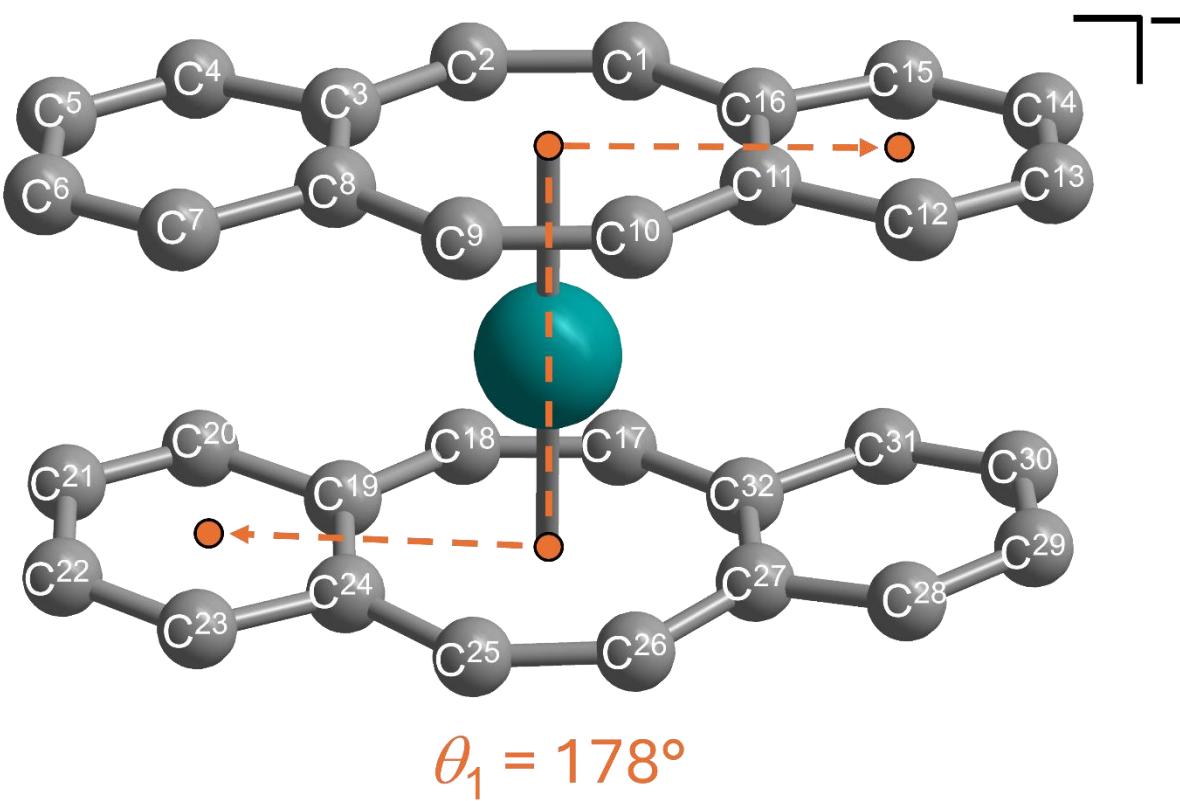
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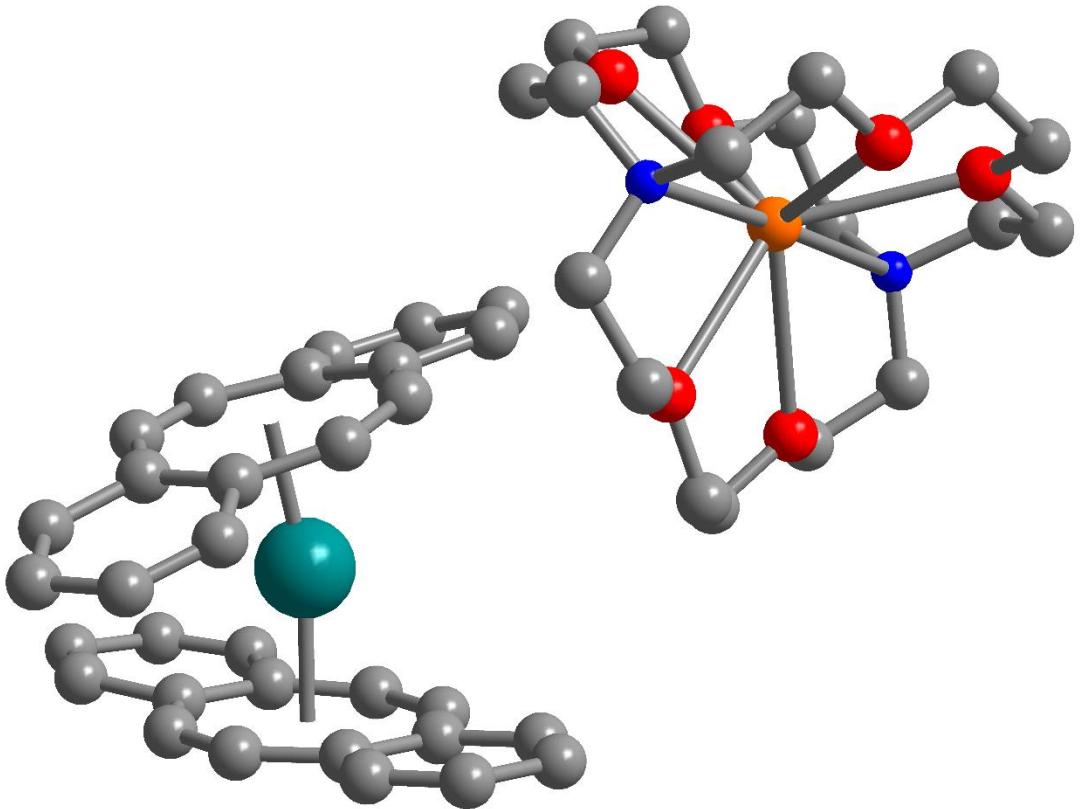
# 1 X-ray Crystallography

**Table S1.** Crystallographic data and structural refinements of  $[K(DME)_2][U(dbCOT)_2]$ , **1**,  $[K(\text{crypt-222})][U(dbCOT)_2]$ , **2**, and  $[K(\text{crypt-222})][U(dbCOT)_2(\text{THF})]$ , **3**.

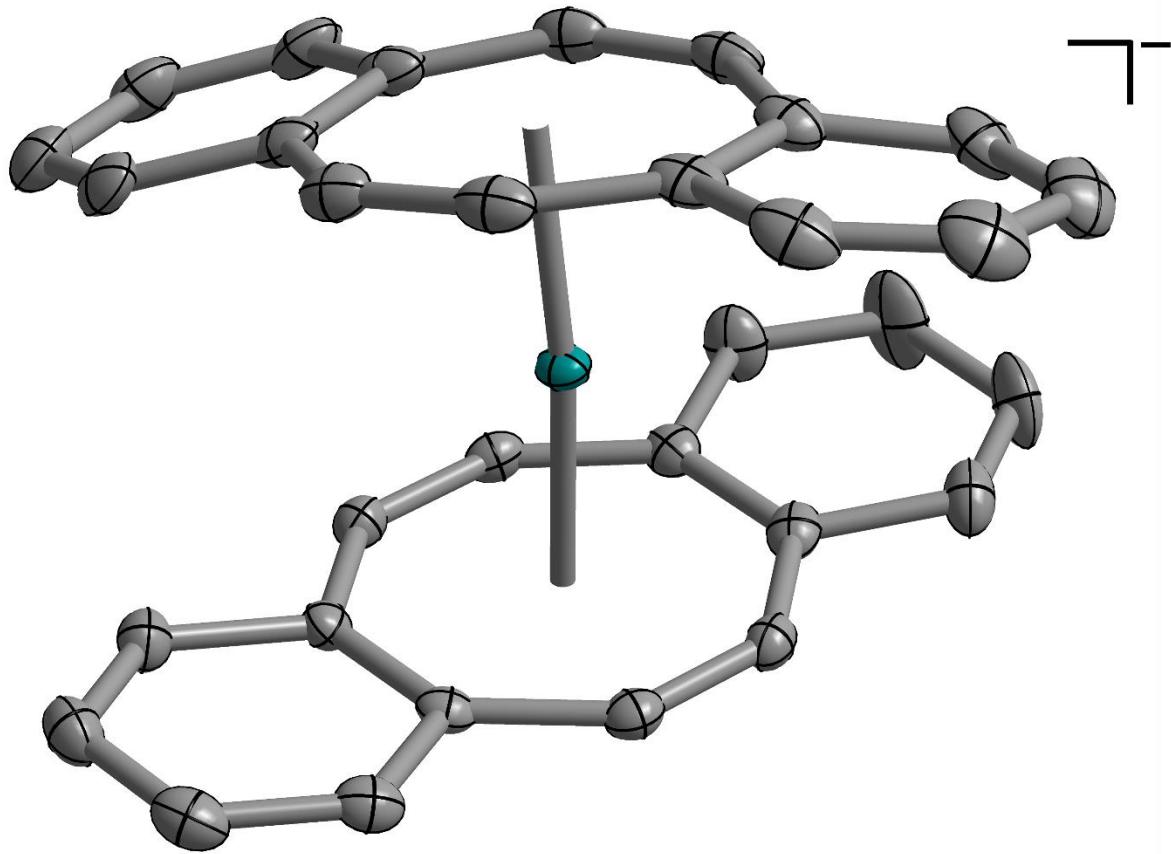
	1	2	3
Empirical formula	$C_{40}H_{44}KO_4U$	$C_{50}H_{60}KN_2O_6U$	$C_{54}H_{68}KN_2O_7U$
Formula weight	865.88	1062.13	1134.23
Temperature/K	100.00(10)	100.01(10)	99.98(10)
Crystal system	monoclinic	monoclinic	monoclinic
Space group	$P2_1/n$	$P2_1/n$	$P2_1/c$
a/ $\text{\AA}$	10.50500(10)	13.17900(10)	18.39050(10)
b/ $\text{\AA}$	22.4291(2)	19.76760(10)	10.59960(10)
c/ $\text{\AA}$	14.54230(10)	18.17180(10)	26.3529(2)
$\alpha/^\circ$	90	90	90
$\beta/^\circ$	92.7560(10)	105.9300(10)	108.9470(10)
$\gamma/^\circ$	90	90	90
Volume/ $\text{\AA}^3$	3422.46(5)	4552.27(5)	4858.69(7)
Z	4	4	4
$\rho_{\text{calc}}/\text{g/cm}^3$	1.680	1.550	1.551
$\mu/\text{mm}^{-1}$	14.754	11.256	10.601
F(000)	1708.0	2132.0	2292.0
Crystal size/mm <sup>3</sup>	$0.11 \times 0.08 \times 0.06$	$0.156 \times 0.06 \times 0.055$	$0.25 \times 0.08 \times 0.08$
Radiation	$\text{Cu K}\alpha (\lambda = 1.54184)$	$\text{Cu K}\alpha (\lambda = 1.54184)$	$\text{Cu K}\alpha (\lambda = 1.54184)$
2 $\Theta$ range for data collection/°	7.25 to 160.67	6.752 to 160.692	5.08 to 160.924
Index ranges	-13 ≤ h ≤ 13, -28 ≤ k ≤ 21, -18 ≤ l ≤ 18	-16 ≤ h ≤ 14, -25 ≤ k ≤ 25, -23 ≤ l ≤ 23	-22 ≤ h ≤ 23, -12 ≤ k ≤ 13, -33 ≤ l ≤ 30
Reflections collected	36784	95067	53270
Independent reflections	7388	9910	10454
Data/restraints/parameters	$[R_{\text{int}} = 0.0309, R_{\text{sigma}} = 0.0217]$ 7388/0/464	$[R_{\text{int}} = 0.0431, R_{\text{sigma}} = 0.0202]$ 9910/0/589	$[R_{\text{int}} = 0.0434, R_{\text{sigma}} = 0.0297]$ 10454/0/618
Goodness-of-fit on F2	1.098	1.169	1.137
Final R indexes [ $ I  \geq 2\sigma (I)$ ]	$R_1 = 0.0329, wR_2 = 0.0884$	$R_1 = 0.0216, wR_2 = 0.0562$	$R_1 = 0.0248, wR_2 = 0.0625$
Final R indexes [all data]	$R_1 = 0.0375, wR_2 = 0.0911$	$R_1 = 0.0233, wR_2 = 0.0569$	$R_1 = 0.0275, wR_2 = 0.0641$
Largest diff. peak/hole / e $\text{\AA}^{-3}$	1.54/-1.69	0.76/-1.24	1.22/-1.23



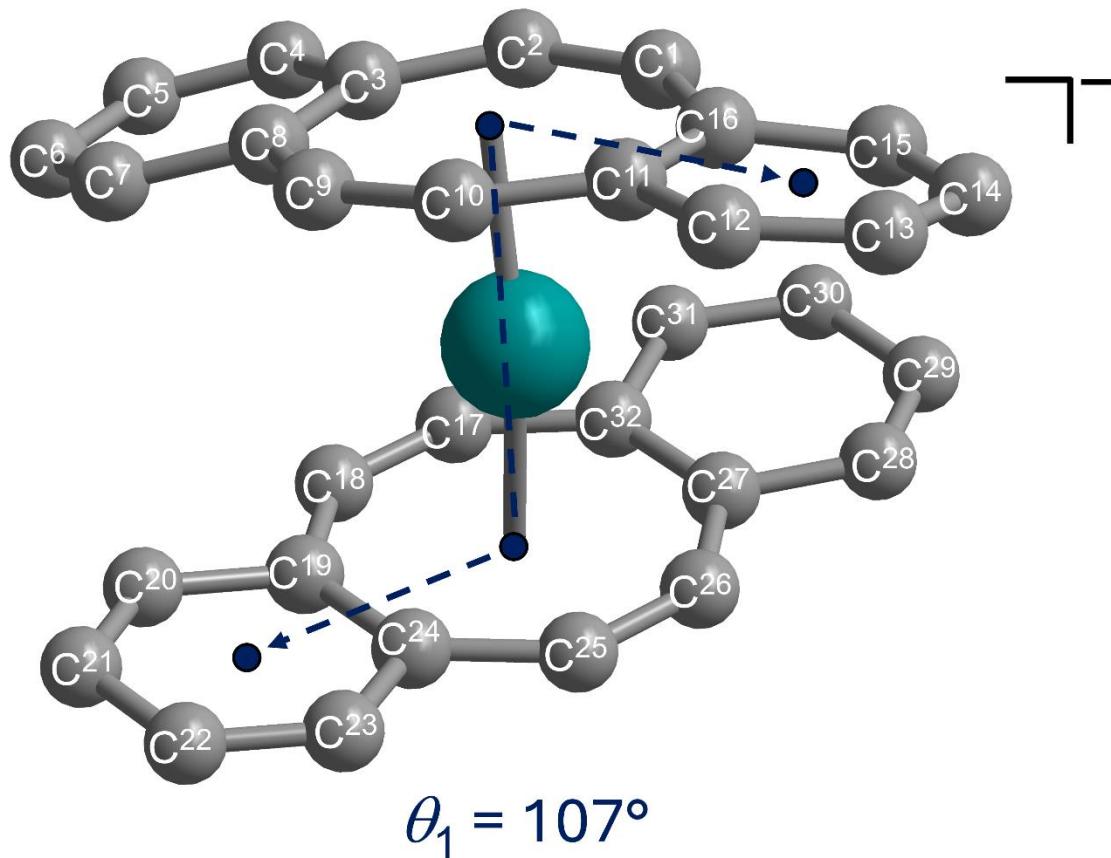
**Figure S1.** Structure of the  $[\text{U}(\text{dbCOT})_2]^-$  anion in a crystal of  $[\text{K}(\text{DME})_2][\text{U}(\text{dbCOT})_2]$ , **1**, with corresponding atom labels. The dihedral angles ( $\theta_1 = 178^\circ$  and  $\theta_2 = 2^\circ$ ) were calculated using the benzo- and COT ring centroids. Teal and grey spheres represent U and C atoms, respectively. H atoms and the coordinating  $[\text{K}(\text{DME})_2]^+$  counterion are omitted for clarity.



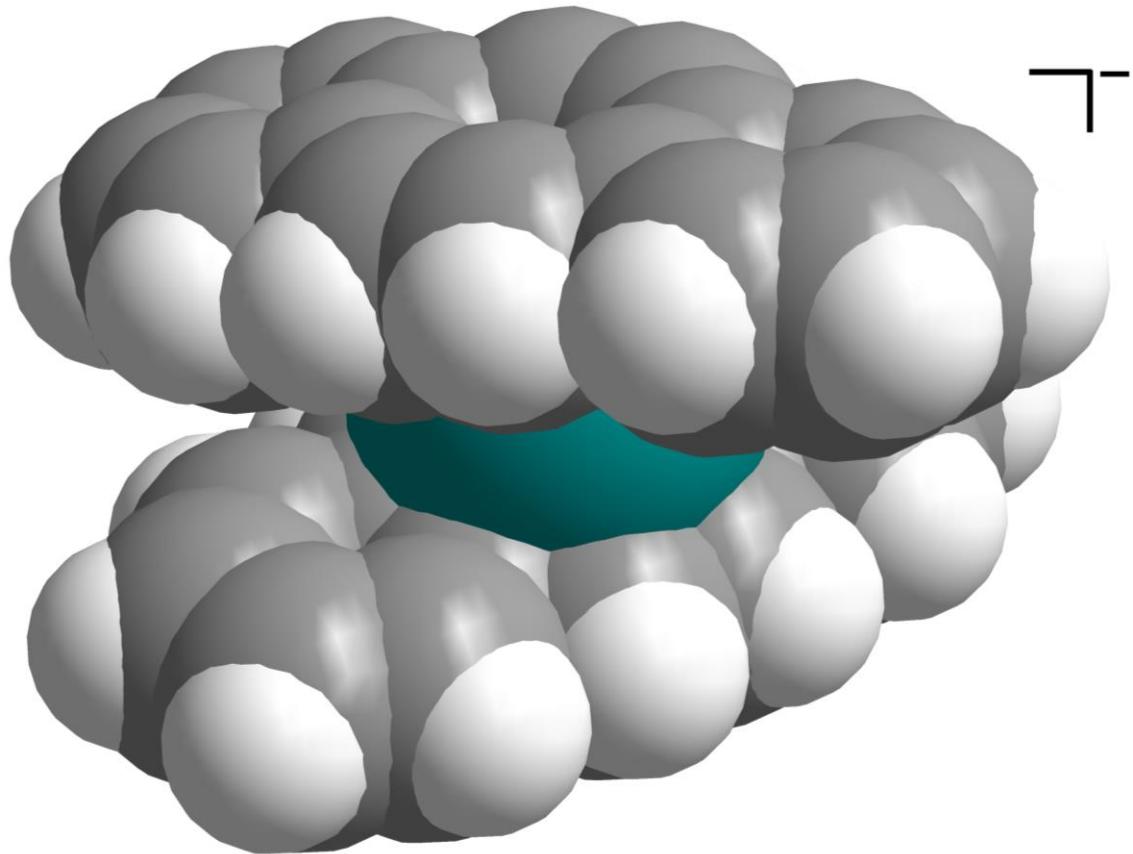
**Figure S2.** Structure of  $[\text{K}(\text{crypt-222})][\text{U}(\text{dbCOT})_2]$ , **2**. Teal, orange, red, blue, and grey spheres represent U, K, O, N, and C atoms, respectively. H atoms are omitted for clarity.



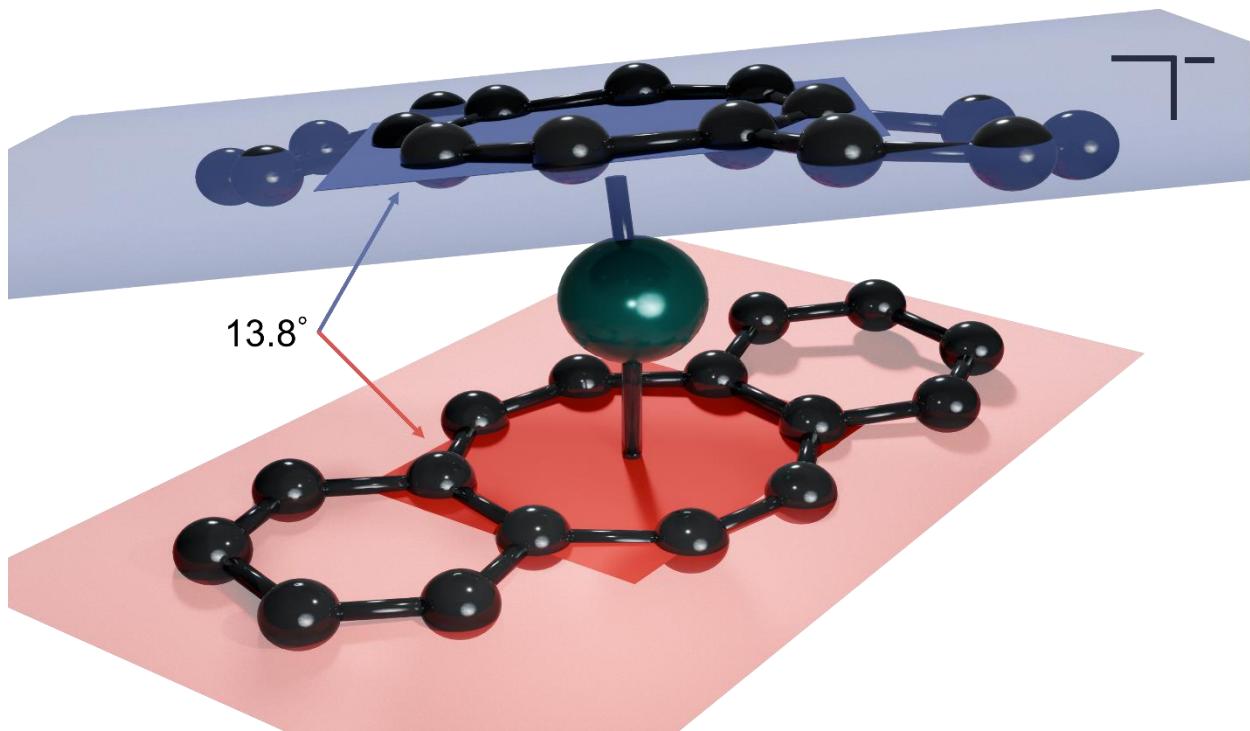
**Figure S3.** Structure of the  $[\text{U}(\text{dbCOT})_2]^-$  anion in a crystal of  $[\text{K}(\text{crypt-222})][\text{U}(\text{dbCOT})_2]$ , **2**, with thermal ellipsoids drawn at the 50% probability level. Teal and grey ellipsoids represent U and C atoms, respectively. H atoms and the  $[\text{K}(\text{crypt-222})]^+$  counterion are omitted for clarity.



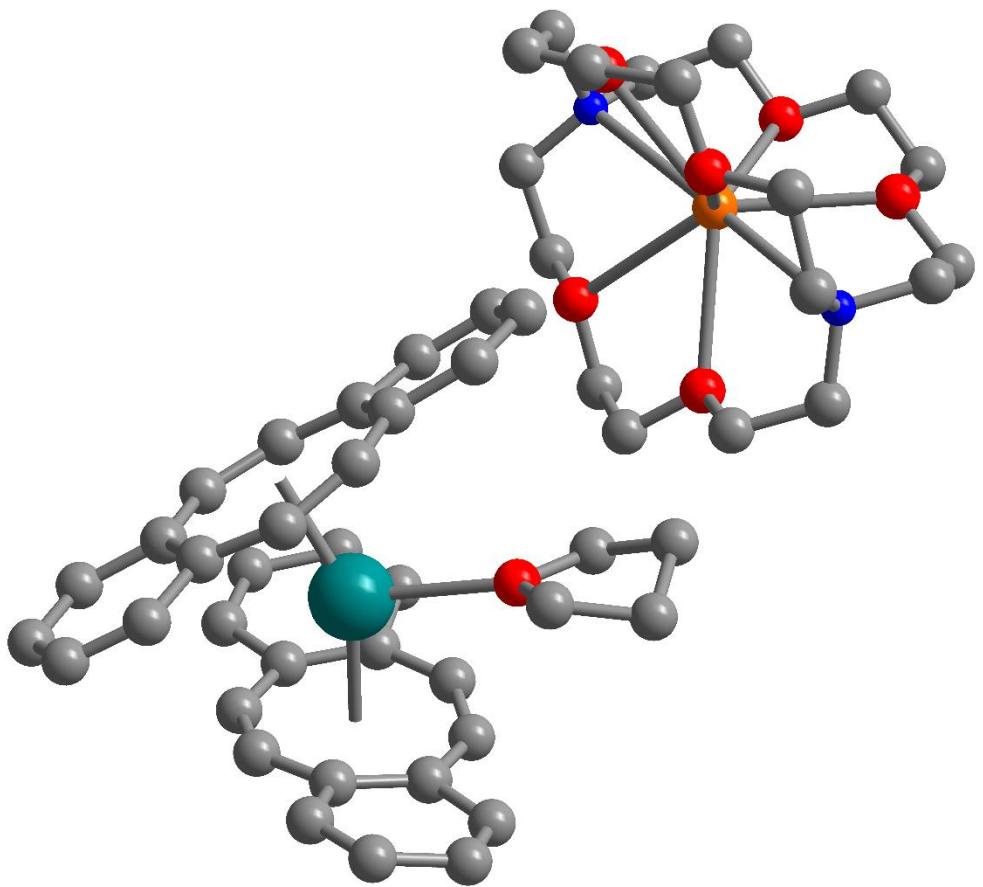
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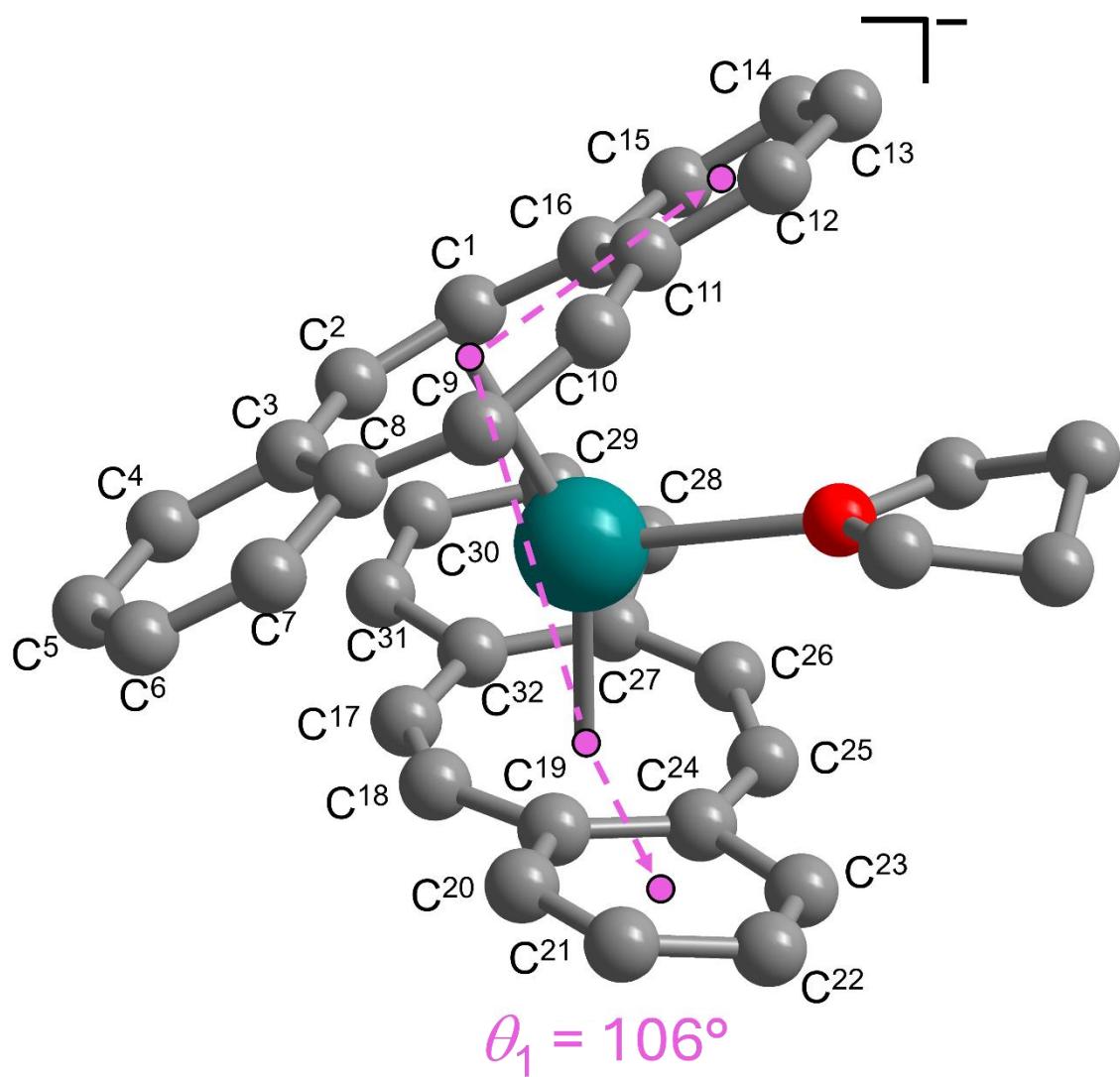
**Figure S5.** Space filling model of the  $[U(\text{dbCOT})_2]^-$  anion in a crystal of  $[\text{K}(\text{crypt}-222)][\text{U}(\text{dbCOT})_2]$ , **2**. Teal, grey, and white-grey spheres represent U, C, and H atoms, respectively. The  $[\text{K}(\text{crypt}-222)]^+$  counter cation is omitted for clarity.



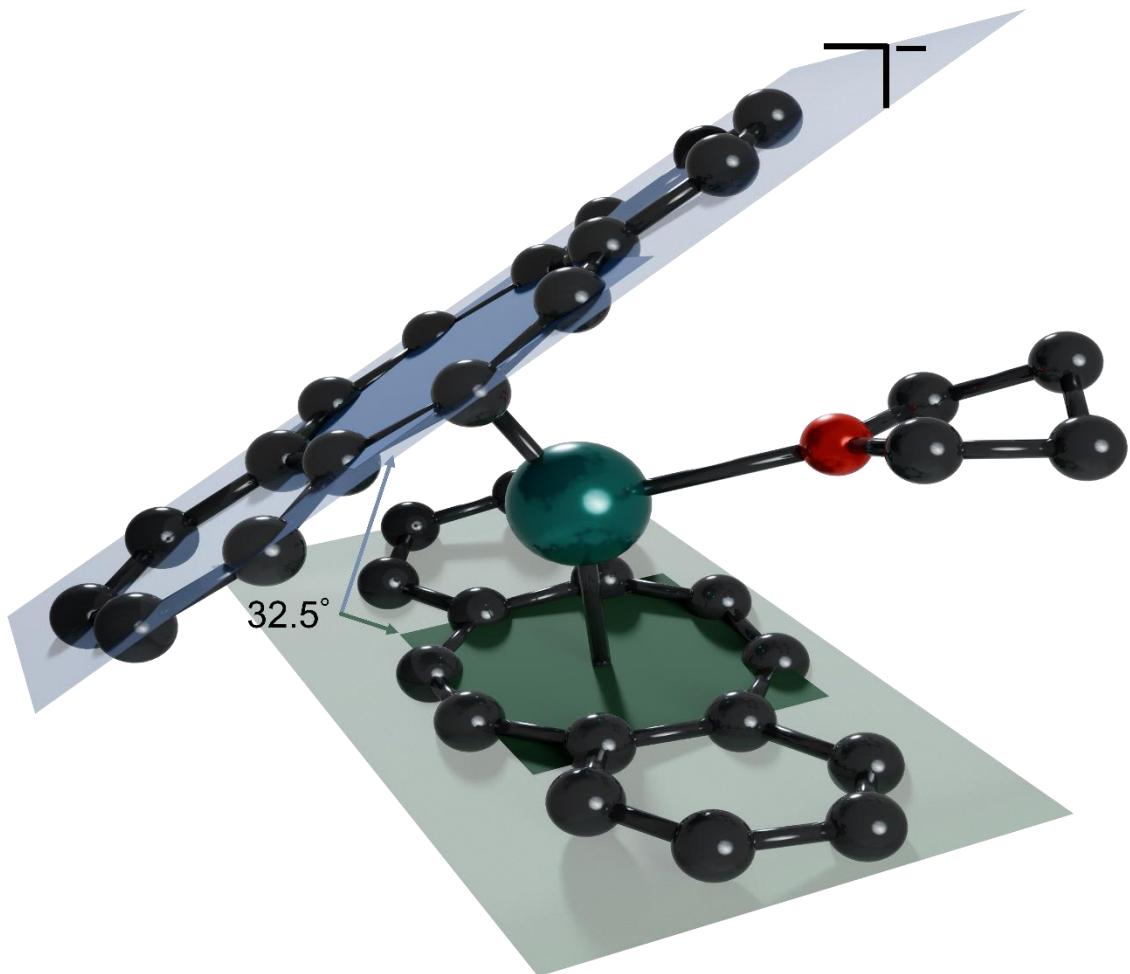
**Figure S6.** Structure of the  $[\text{U}(\text{dbCOT})_2]^-$  anion in a crystal of  $[\text{K}(\text{crypt-222})][\text{U}(\text{dbCOT})_2]$ , **2**, with planes bisecting the central COT rings of each  $\text{dbCOT}^{2-}$  ligand, where the angle between planes is  $13.8^\circ$ . Teal and black spheres represent U and C atoms, respectively. H atoms and the  $[\text{K}(\text{crypt-222})]^+$  counter cation are omitted for clarity.



**Figure S7.** Structure of  $[\text{K}(\text{crypt-222})][\text{U}(\text{dbCOT})_2(\text{THF})]$ , **3**. Teal, orange, red, blue, and grey spheres represent U, K, O, N, and C atoms, respectively. H atoms are omitted for clarity.



**Figure S8.** Structure of the  $[\text{U}(\text{dbCOT})_2(\text{THF})]^-$  anion in a crystal of  $[\text{K}(\text{crypt}-222)][\text{U}(\text{dbCOT})_2(\text{THF})]$ , **3**, with corresponding atom labels. The dihedral angles ( $\theta_1 = 106^\circ$  and  $\theta_2 = 74^\circ$ ) were calculated using the benzo and COT ring centroids. Teal, red, and grey spheres represent U, O, and C atoms, respectively. H atoms and the  $[\text{K}(\text{crypt}-222)]^+$  counterion are omitted for clarity.



**Figure S9.** Structure of the  $[U(\text{dbCOT})_2(\text{THF})]^-$  anion in a crystal of  $[\text{K}(\text{crypt}-222)][\text{U}(\text{dbCOT})_2(\text{THF})]$ , **3**, with planes bisecting the central COT rings of each  $\text{dbCOT}^{2-}$  ligand, where the angle between planes is  $32.5^\circ$ . Teal, red, and black spheres represent U, O, and C atoms, respectively. H atoms and the  $[\text{K}(\text{crypt}-222)]^+$  countercation are omitted for clarity.

**Table S2.** Metrical parameters for the C–C distances of the cyclooctatetraenyl (COT) moieties in  $[K(DME)_2][U(dbCOT)_2]$ , **1**,  $[K(\text{crypt}-222)][U(dbCOT)_2]$ , **2**, and  $[K(\text{crypt}-222)][U(dbCOT)_2(\text{THF})]$ , **3**. Atom labels for **1**, **2**, and **3** correspond to those given in Figures S1, S4, and S8, respectively.

C <sub>COT</sub> –C <sub>COT</sub> Distances (Å)			
	1	2	3
C1–C2	1.416(6)	1.407(4)	1.412(5)
C2–C3	1.437(6)	1.432(4)	1.422(5)
C3–C8	1.455(6)	1.454(4)	1.457(5)
C8–C9	1.437(6)	1.436(4)	1.419(4)
C9–C10	1.409(6)	1.419(4)	1.419(5)
C10–C11	1.431(6)	1.430(4)	1.423(5)
C11–C16	1.453(6)	1.457(4)	1.454(5)
C16–C1	1.432(6)	1.432(5)	1.426(4)
C17–C18	1.415(6)	1.409(3)	1.415(5)
C18–C19	1.434(6)	1.432(4)	1.426(5)
C19–C24	1.452(6)	1.453(4)	1.449(5)
C24–C25	1.431(6)	1.430(3)	1.421(5)
C25–C26	1.413(6)	1.421(3)	1.415(5)
C26–C27	1.431(6)	1.426(4)	1.422(5)
C27–C32	1.456(6)	1.449(4)	1.450(4)
C32–C17	1.432(6)	1.429(3)	1.424(5)

COT = cyclooctatetraenyl rings of the dbCOT<sup>2-</sup> ligands in **1**.

**Table S3.** Metrical parameters for the C–C distances of the benzo moieties of  $[K(DME)_2][U(dbCOT)_2]$ , **1**,  $[K(\text{crypt-}222)][U(dbCOT)_2]$ , **2**, and  $[K(\text{crypt-}222)][U(dbCOT)_2(\text{THF})]$ , **3**. Atom labels for **1**, **2**, and **3** correspond to those given in Figures S1, S4, and S8, respectively.

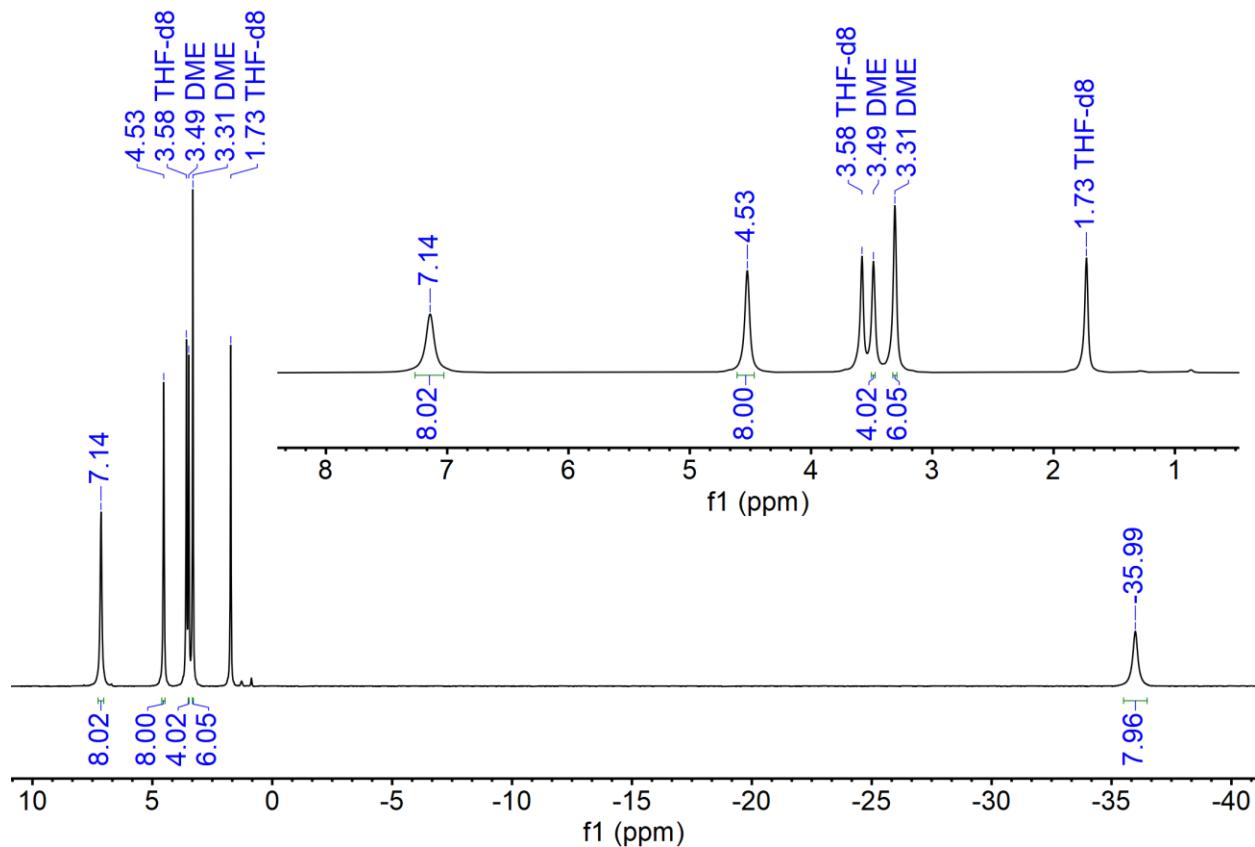
	C <sub>benzo</sub> –C <sub>benzo</sub> Distances (Å)		
	1	2	3
C3–C4	1.450(6)	1.443(5)	1.443(4)
C4–C5	1.352(6)	1.353(5)	1.357(4)
C5–C6	1.414(6)	1.426(5)	1.413(7)
C6–C7	1.356(7)	1.349(5)	1.354(5)
C7–C8	1.446(6)	1.449(4)	1.442(5)
C8–C3	1.455(6)	1.454(4)	1.457(5)
C11–C12	1.442(6)	1.454(5)	1.442(4)
C12–C13	1.352(6)	1.350(5)	1.365(6)
C13–C14	1.413(6)	1.420(5)	1.409(7)
C14–C15	1.353(6)	1.351(5)	1.366(5)
C15–C16	1.448(6)	1.444(4)	1.441(5)
C16–C11	1.453(6)	1.457(4)	1.454(5)
C3’–C4’	1.439(6)	1.437(4)	1.444(5)
C4’–C5’	1.358(6)	1.354(4)	1.352(5)
C5’–C6’	1.419(7)	1.426(5)	1.427(6)
C6’–C7’	1.359(6)	1.350(4)	1.351(6)
C7’–C8’	1.452(6)	1.443(4)	1.448(5)
C8’–C3’	1.451(6)	1.453(4)	1.449(5)
C11’–C12’	1.440(6)	1.449(4)	1.442(5)
C12’–C13’	1.352(6)	1.343(4)	1.360(5)
C13’–C14’	1.416(6)	1.417(6)	1.418(5)
C14’–C15’	1.348(6)	1.352(4)	1.362(6)
C15’–C16’	1.446(6)	1.441(4)	1.445(5)
C16’–C11’	1.456(6)	1.450(4)	1.450(4)

**Table S4.** Metrical parameters for the U–C distances and angles in the crystal structure of  $[\text{K}(\text{DME})_2][\text{U}(\text{dbCOT})_2]$ , **1**. Atom labels for **1**, **2**, and **3** correspond to those given in Figures S1, S4, and S8, respectively.

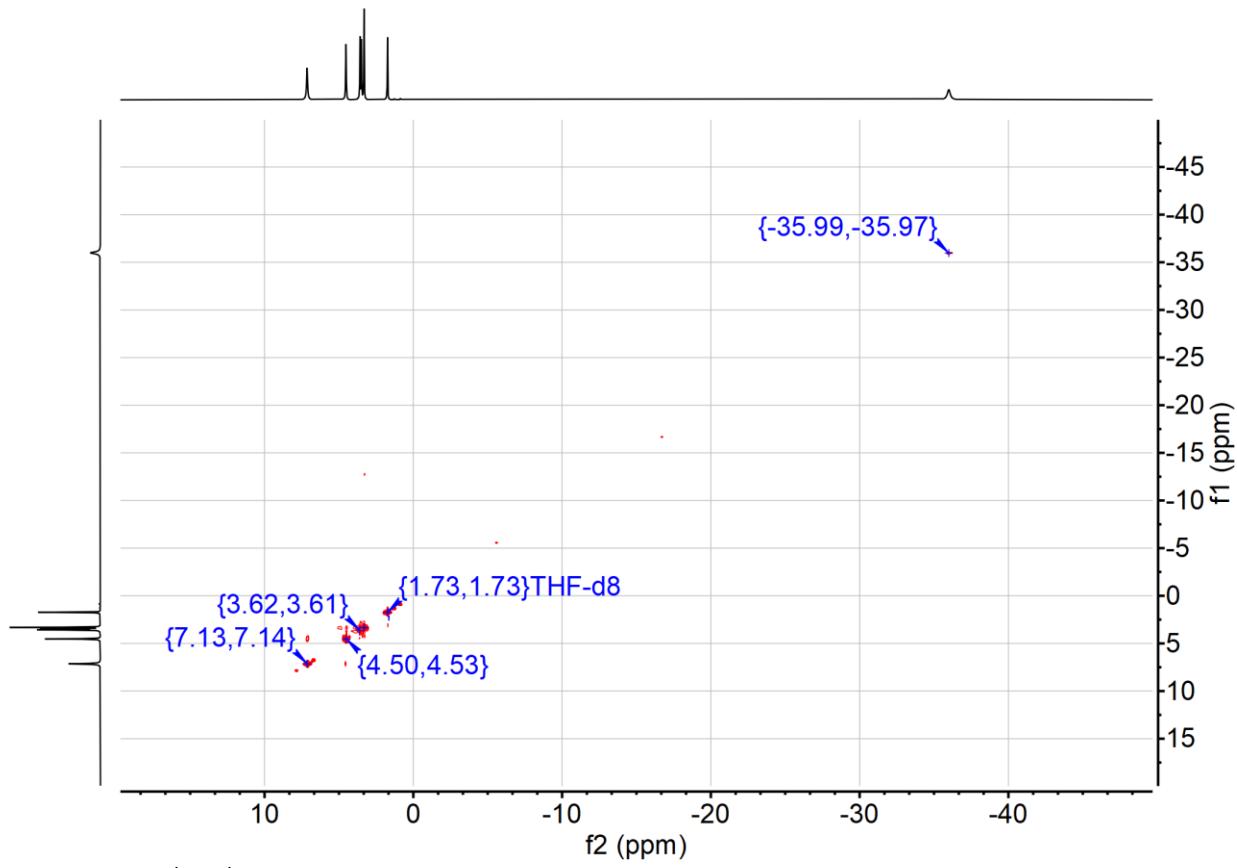
U–C <sub>COT</sub> Distances (Å)			
	1	2	3
U–C1	2.716(4)	2.691(3)	2.723(4)
U–C2	2.707(4)	2.715(3)	2.786(4)
U–C3	2.823(4)	2.769(3)	2.908(3)
U–C8	2.825(4)	2.746(3)	2.859(3)
U–C9	2.732(4)	2.690(3)	2.734(3)
U–C10	2.737(4)	2.732(3)	2.814(3)
U–C11	2.856(4)	2.803(3)	2.939(3)
U–C16	2.835(4)	2.751(3)	2.855(4)
U–C17	2.723(4)	2.696(3)	2.759(3)
U–C18	2.707(4)	2.692(3)	2.692(3)
U–C19	2.771(4)	2.783(3)	2.802(3)
U–C24	2.782(4)	2.783(2)	2.920(4)
U–C25	2.716(4)	2.717(3)	2.864(3)
U–C26'	2.698(4)	2.714(3)	2.773(3)
U–C27'	2.745(4)	2.775(3)	2.812(3)
U–C32'	2.782(4)	2.765(3)	2.850(3)
Cnt Distances (Å)			
U–Cnt <sup>1</sup>	2.004	2.000	2.106
U–Cnt <sup>2</sup>	2.055	2.003	2.128
Cnt Angles (°)			
Cnt–U–Cnt	177.1	167.2	150.4
Cnt–U—Cnt–K	19.0	154.3	126.9
$\theta_1$	177.7	107.1	106.1
$\theta_2$	2.3	72.9	73.9

COT = cyclooctatetraenyl rings of the dbCOT<sup>2-</sup> ligands in **1**. Cnt = COT ring centroid. The dihedral angles ( $\theta_1 = 177.7^\circ$  and  $\theta_2 = 2.3^\circ$ ) were calculated using the benzo and COT ring centroids (see Figure S1, S4, and S8).

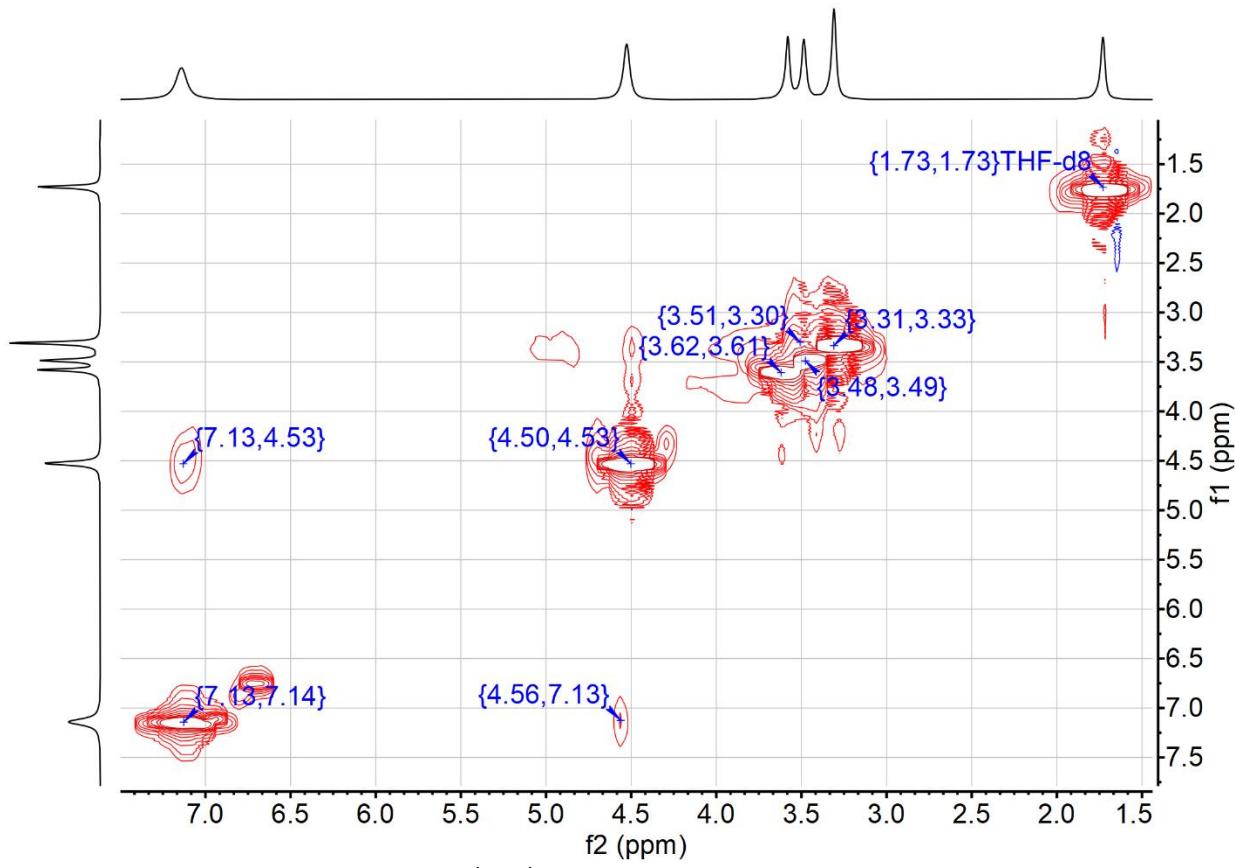
## 2 NMR Spectroscopy



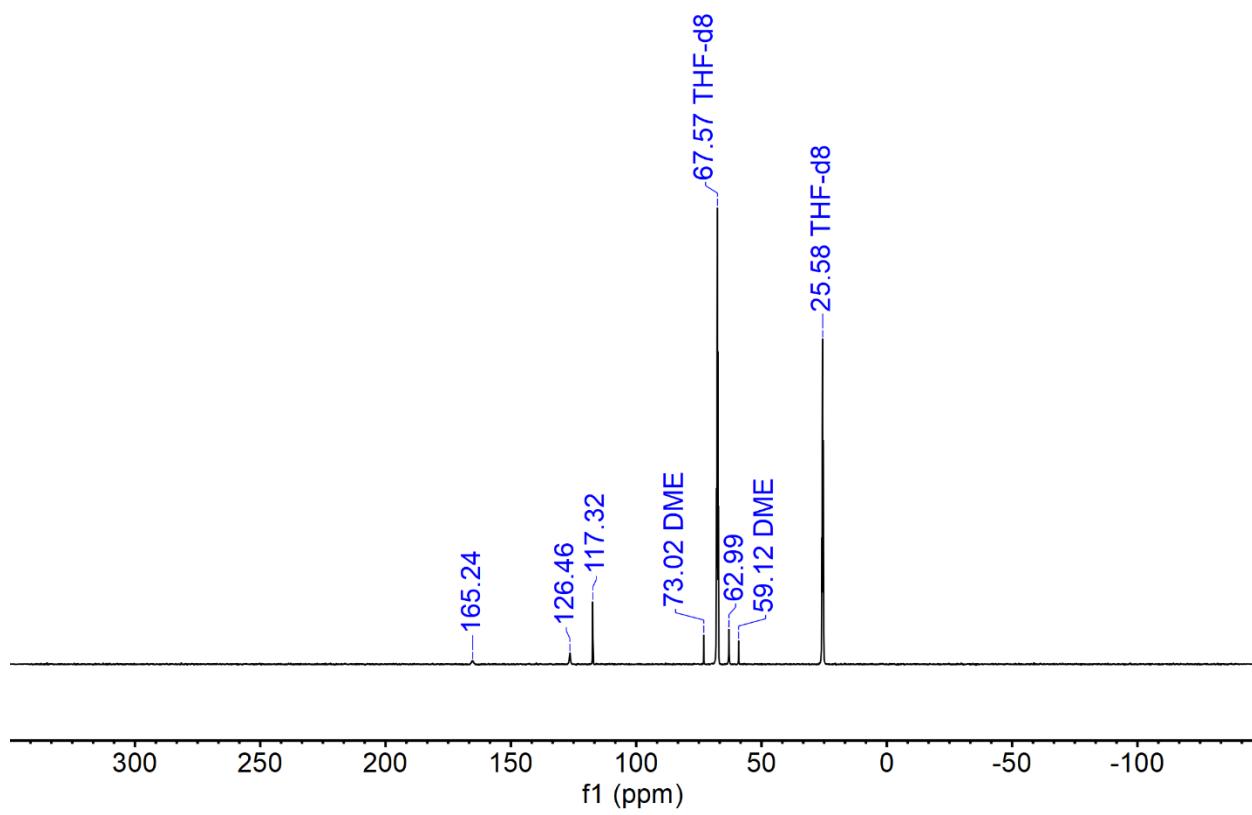
**Figure S10.**  $^1\text{H}$  NMR spectrum of  $[\text{K}(\text{DME})_2][\text{U}(\text{dbCOT})_2]$ , **1**, (500 MHz, THF- $d_8$ , 25 °C):  $\delta$  7.14 (br s, 8 H, COT(CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>COCH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>), 4.53 (br s, 8 H, COT(CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>COCH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>), 3.49 (s, 4 H, H<sub>3</sub>CO(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>OCH<sub>3</sub>), 3.49 (s, 6 H, H<sub>3</sub>CO(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>OCH<sub>3</sub>), -35.99 (br s, 8 H (COT-H).



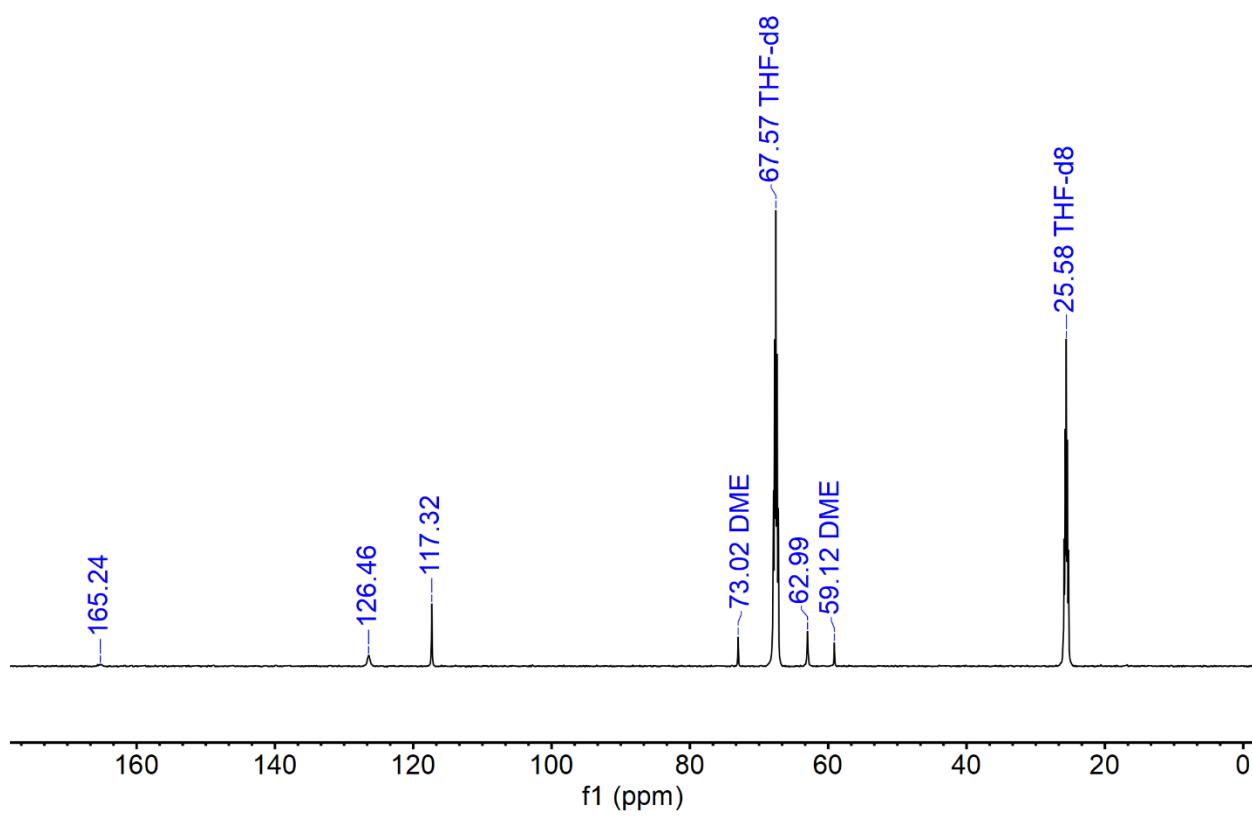
**Figure S11.**  ${}^1\text{H}$ - ${}^1\text{H}$  gCOSY spectrum of  $[\text{K}(\text{DME})_2][\text{U}(\text{dbCOT})_2]$ , **1**, (500 MHz, THF-d<sub>8</sub>, 25 °C).



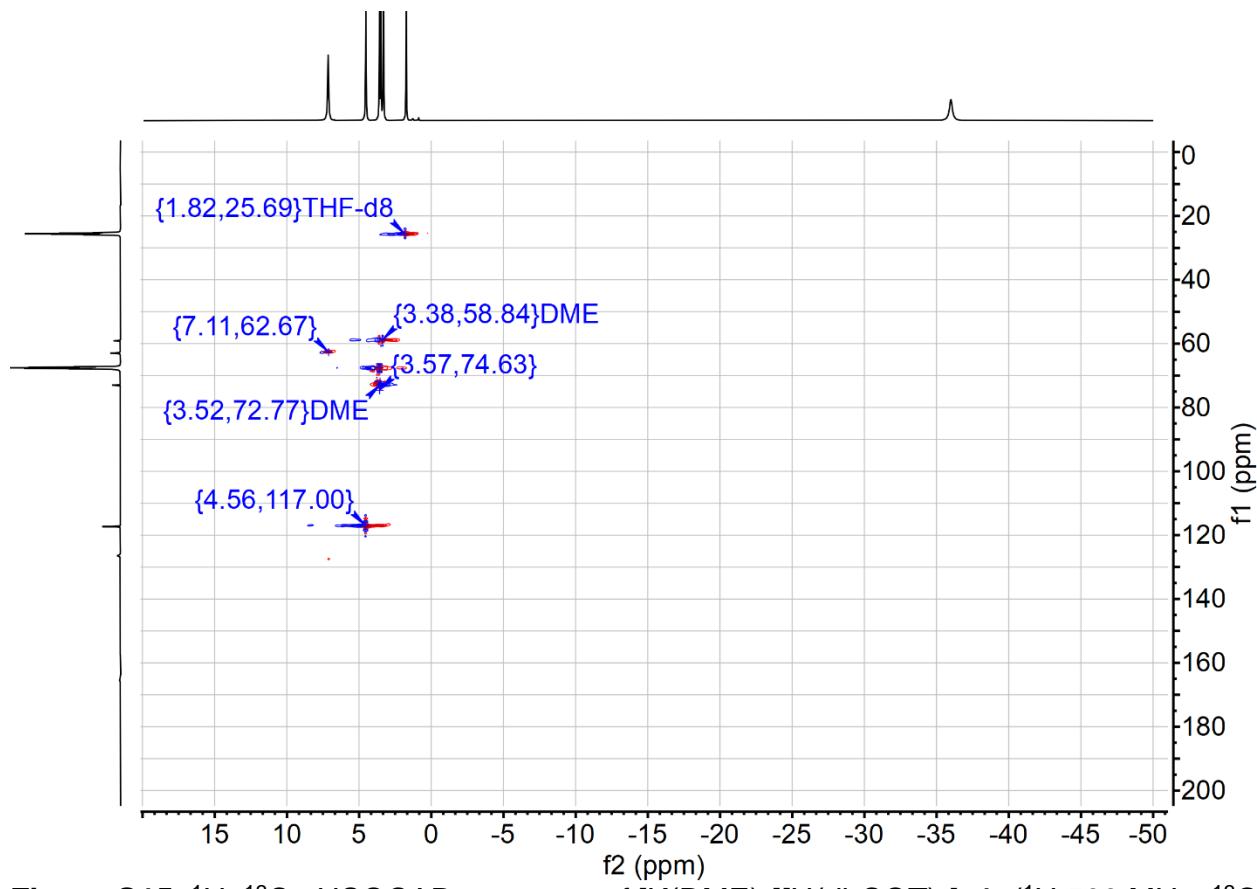
**Figure S12.** Magnification of the  ${}^1\text{H}$ - ${}^1\text{H}$  gCOSY spectrum of  $[\text{K}(\text{DME})_2]\text{[U(dbCOT)}_2]$ , **1**, (500 MHz, THF- $d_8$ , 25 °C).



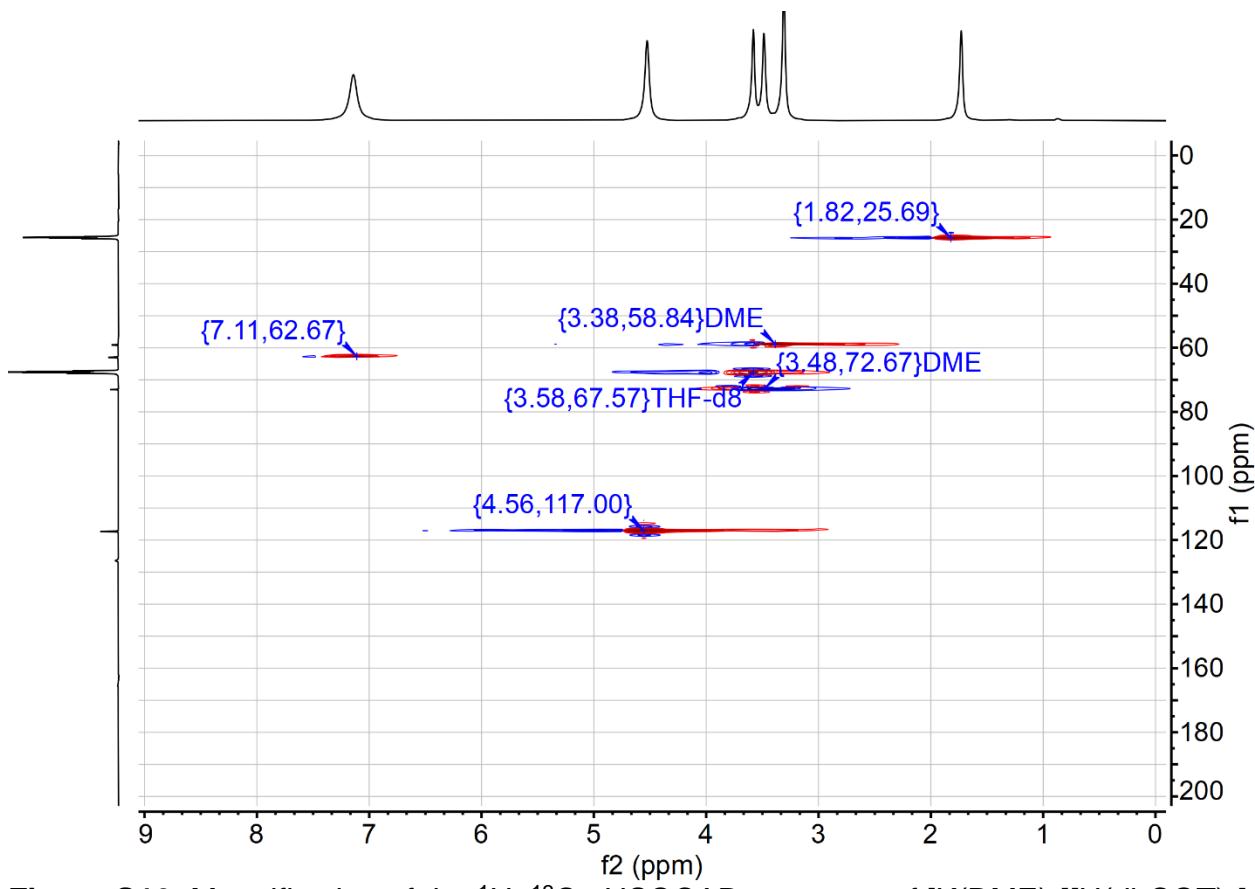
**Figure S13.** <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectrum of  $[\text{K}(\text{DME})_2][\text{U}(\text{dbCOT})_2]$ , **1**, (126 MHz, THF-*d*<sub>8</sub>, 25 °C): δ 165.24 (C<sub>8</sub>H<sub>4</sub>), 126.46 (C<sub>8</sub>H<sub>4</sub>), 117.32 (C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>), 73.02 ( $\text{H}_3\text{CO}(\text{CH}_2)_2\text{OCH}_3$ ), 62.99 (C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>), 59.12 ( $\text{H}_3\text{CO}(\text{CH}_2)_2\text{OCH}_3$ ).



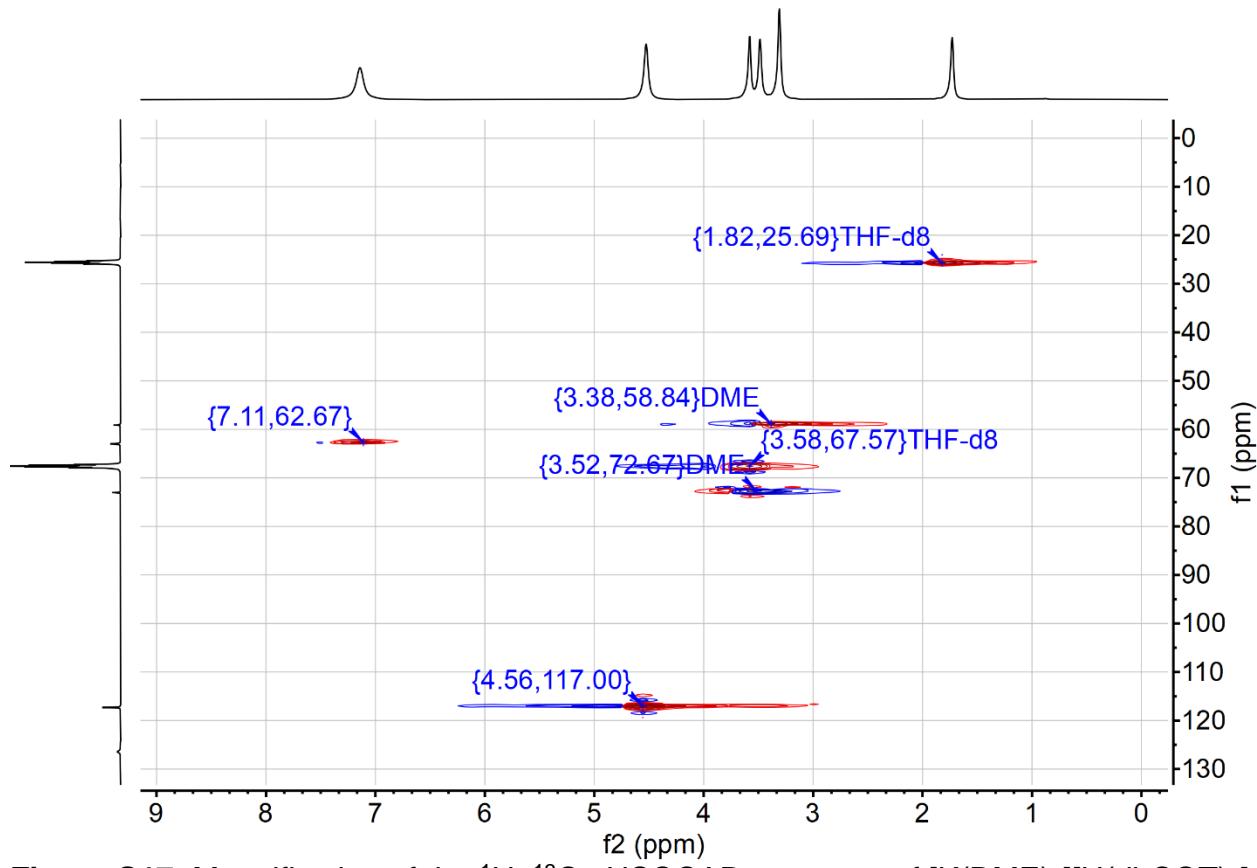
**Figure S14.** Magnification of the  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR spectrum of  $[\text{K}(\text{DME})_2][\text{U}(\text{dbCOT})_2]$ , **1**, (126 MHz, THF- $d_8$ , 25 °C):  $\delta$  165.24 ( $\text{C}_8\text{H}_4$ ), 126.46 ( $\text{C}_8\text{H}_4$ ), 117.32 ( $\text{C}_6\text{H}_4$ ), 73.02 ( $\text{H}_3\text{CO}(\text{CH}_2)_2\text{OCH}_3$ ), 62.99 ( $\text{C}_6\text{H}_4$ ), 59.12 ( $\text{H}_3\text{CO}(\text{CH}_2)_2\text{OCH}_3$ ).



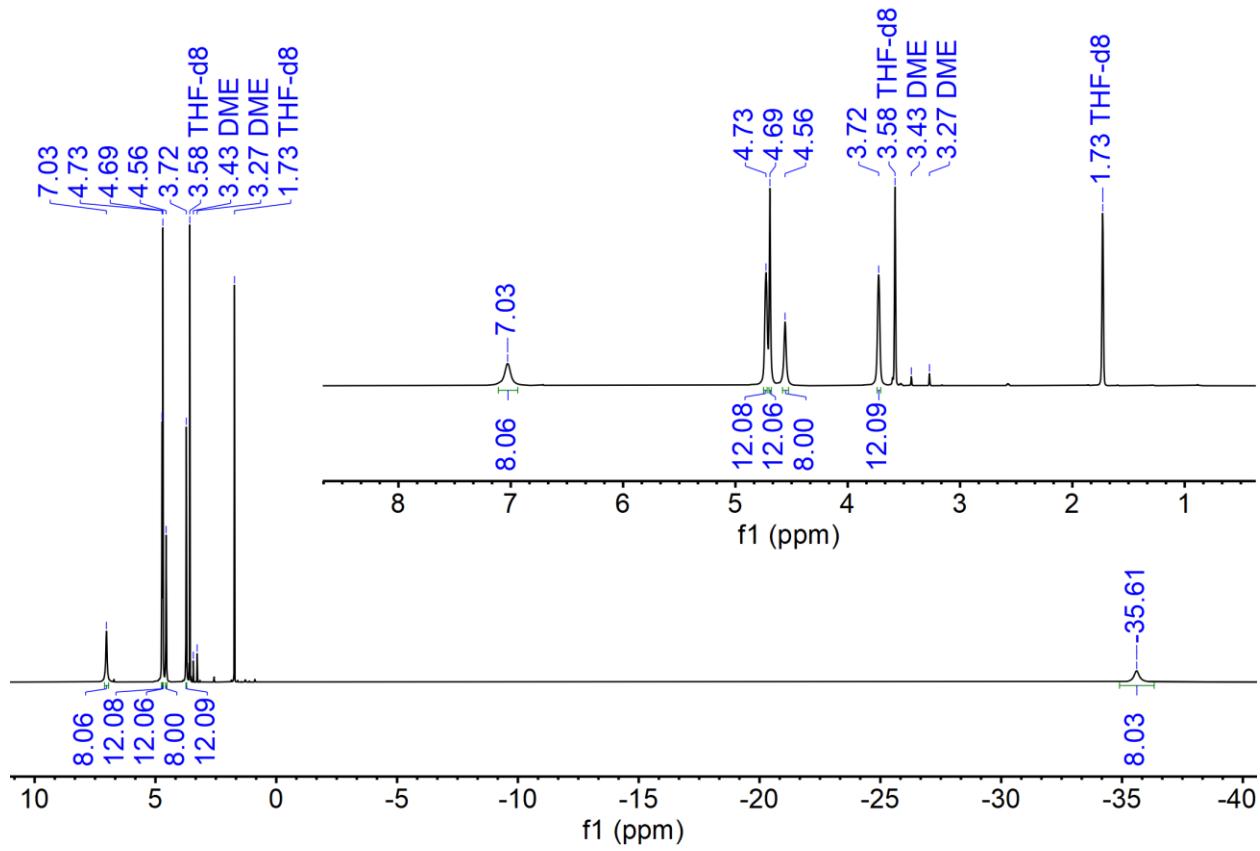
**Figure S15.**  $^1\text{H}$ - $^{13}\text{C}$  gHSQCAD spectrum of  $[\text{K}(\text{DME})_2][\text{U}(\text{dbCOT})_2]$ , **1**, ( $^1\text{H}$  500 MHz,  $^{13}\text{C}$  126 MHz, THF- $d_8$ , 25 °C).



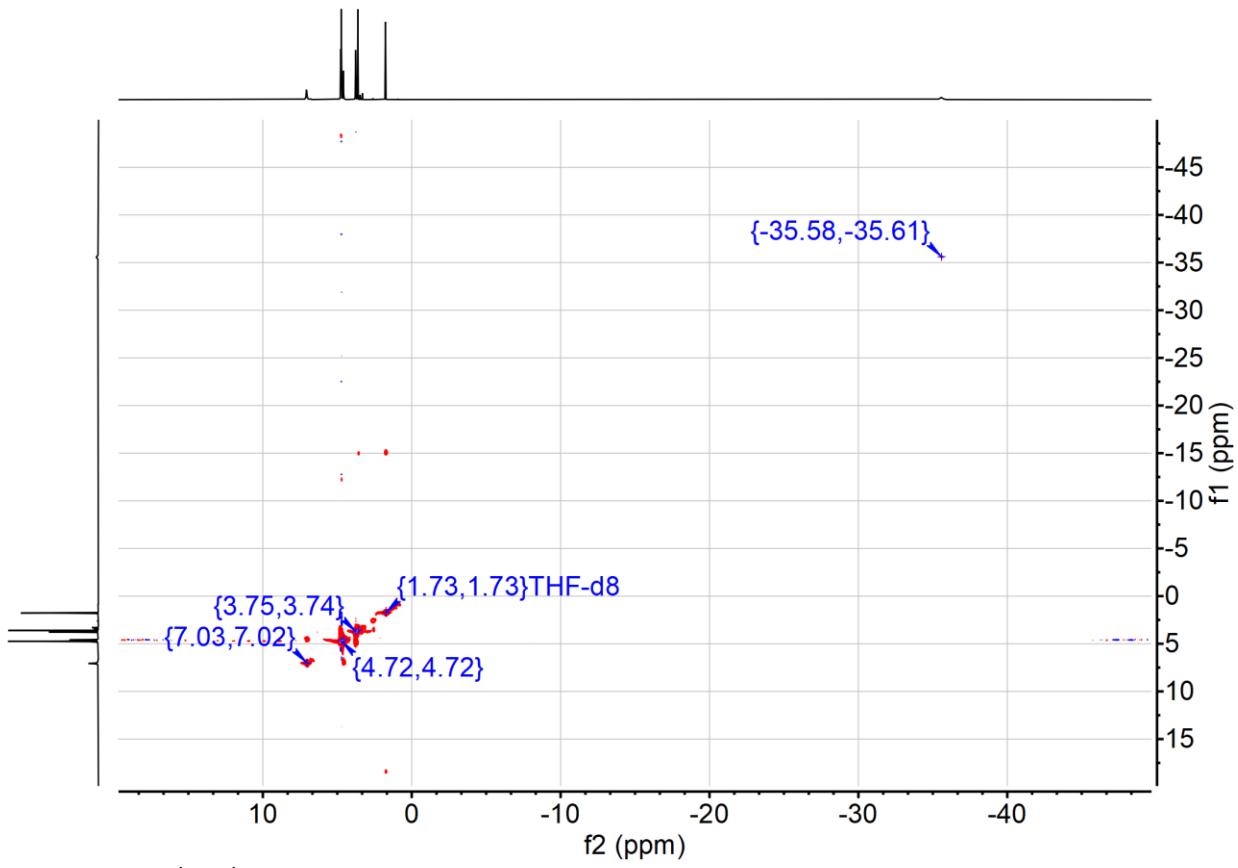
**Figure S16.** Magnification of the  $^1\text{H}$ - $^{13}\text{C}$  gHSQCAD spectrum of  $[\text{K}(\text{DME})_2][\text{U}(\text{dbCOT})_2]$ , 1, ( $^1\text{H}$  500 MHz,  $^{13}\text{C}$  126 MHz, THF- $d_8$ , 25 °C).



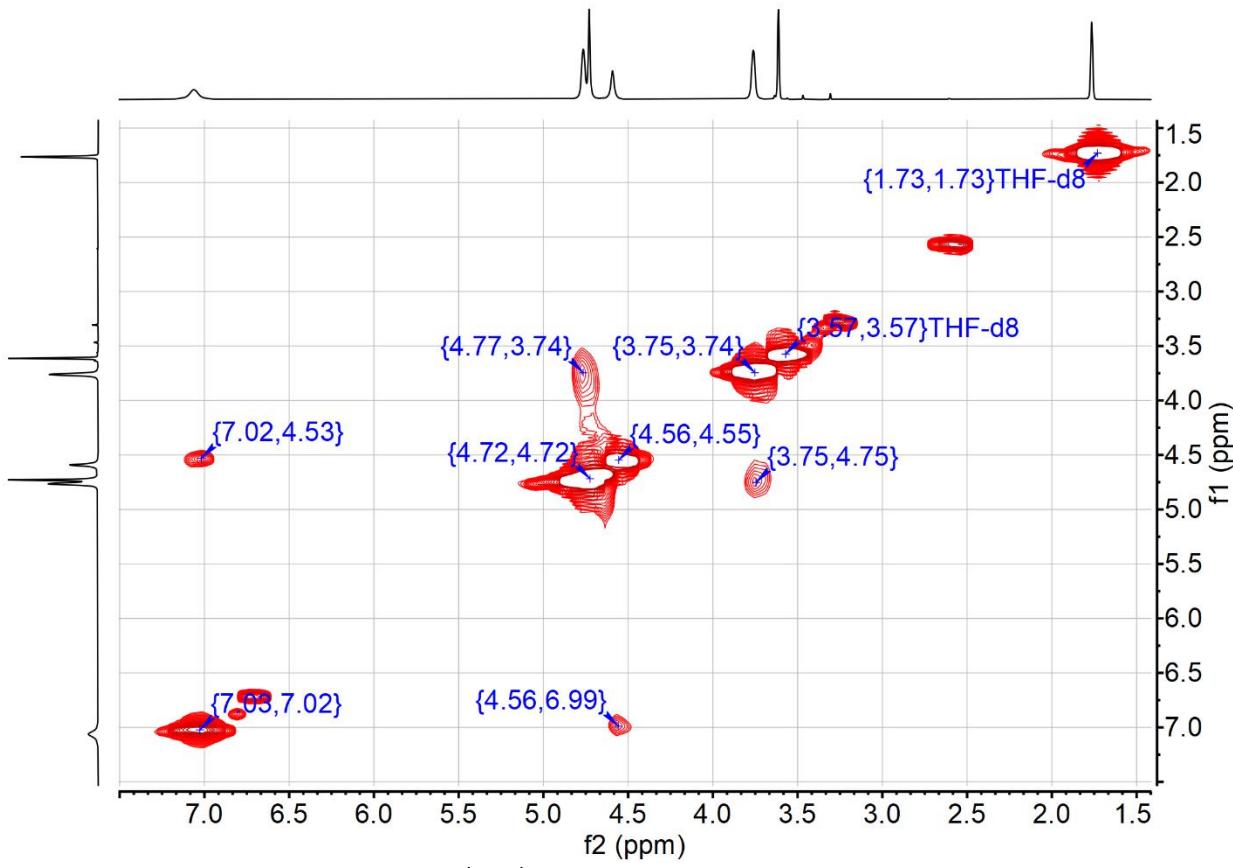
**Figure S17.** Magnification of the  $^1\text{H}$ - $^{13}\text{C}$  gHSQCAD spectrum of  $[\text{K}(\text{DME})_2][\text{U}(\text{dbCOT})_2]$ , 1, ( $^1\text{H}$  500 MHz,  $^{13}\text{C}$  126 MHz, THF- $d_8$ , 25 °C).



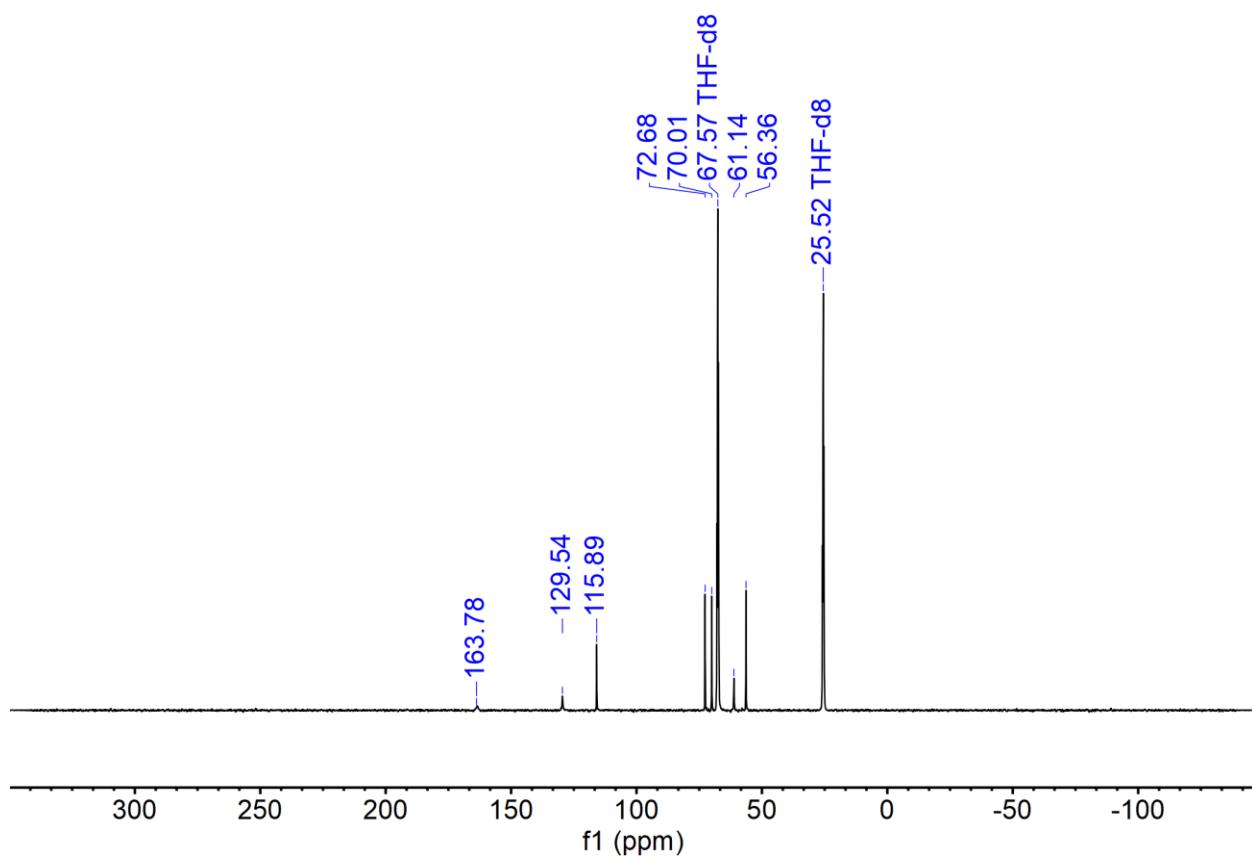
**Figure S18.**  $^1\text{H}$  NMR spectrum of  $[\text{K}(\text{crypt-222})][\text{U}(\text{dbCOT})_2]$ , **2**, (500 MHz, THF- $d_8$ , 25 °C): 7.03 (br s, 8 H, COT(CH(CH)<sub>2</sub>CH)<sub>2</sub>), 4.73 (s, 12 H, OCHCH<sub>2</sub>N), 4.69 (s, 12 H, O(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>O), 4.56 (br s, 8 H, COT(CH(CH)<sub>2</sub>CH)<sub>2</sub>), 3.72 (s, 12 H, OCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>N), -35.61 (br s, 8 H (COT-H).



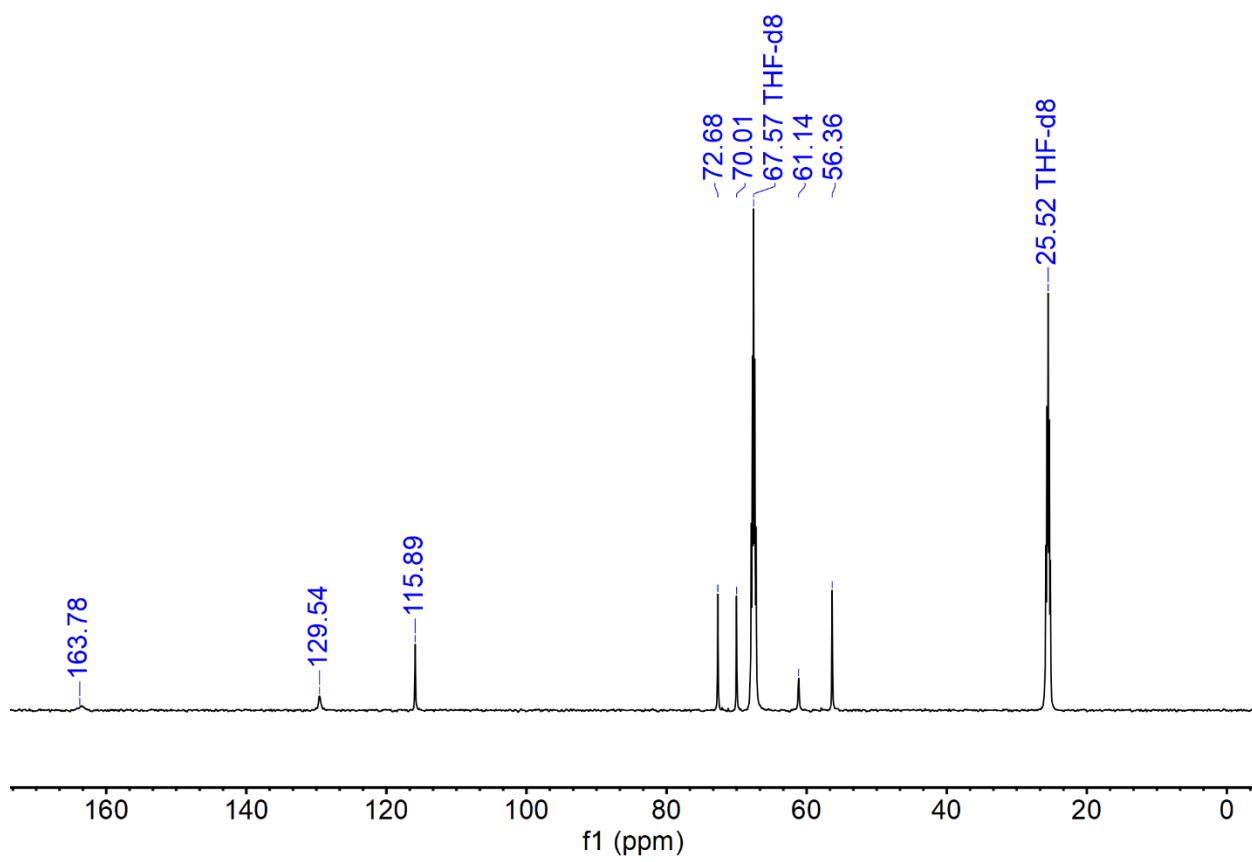
**Figure S19.**  $^1\text{H}$ - $^1\text{H}$  gCOSY spectrum of  $[\text{K}(\text{crypt-222})][\text{U}(\text{dbCOT})_2]$ , **2**, (500 MHz, THF- $d_8$ , 25 °C).



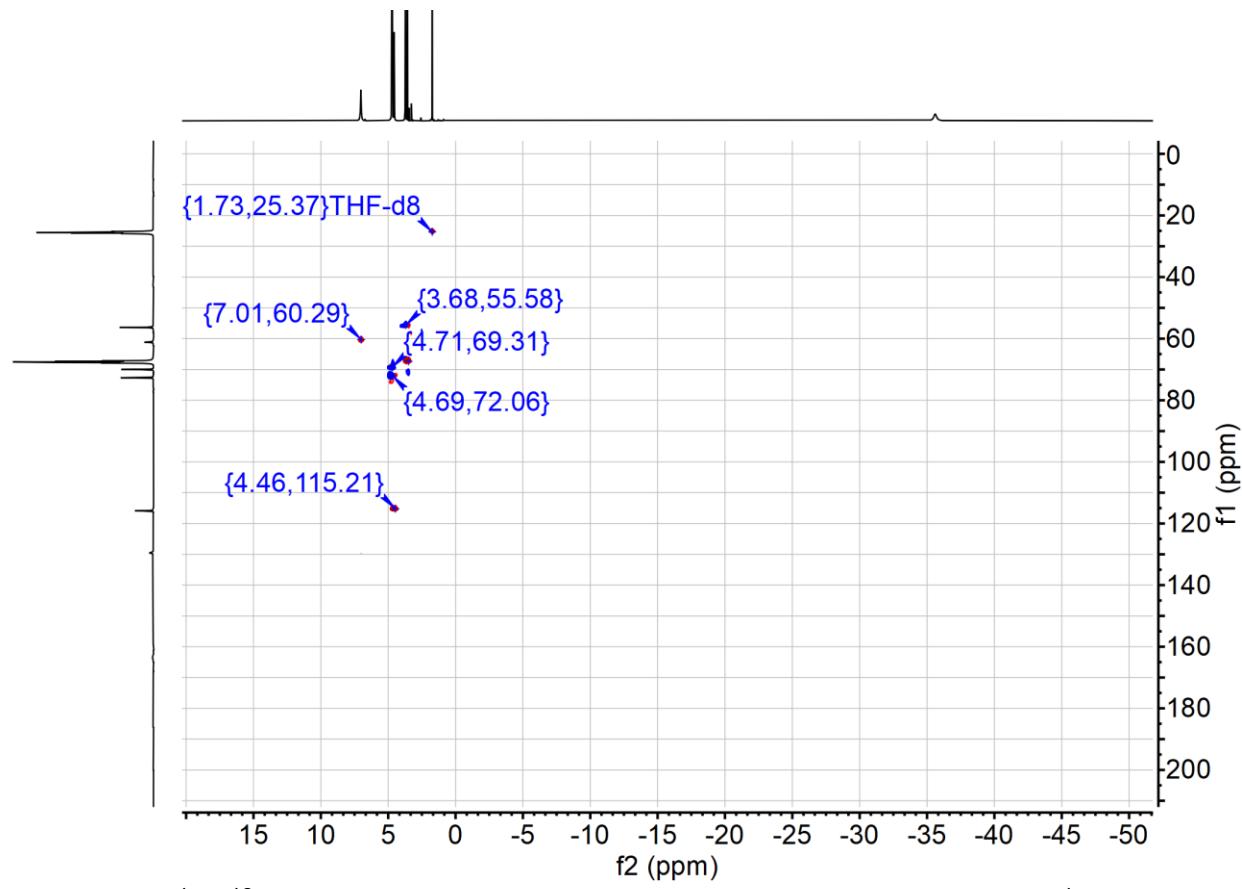
**Figure S20.** Magnification of the  $^1\text{H}$ - $^1\text{H}$  gCOSY spectrum of  $[\text{K}(\text{crypt-222})][\text{U}(\text{dbCOT})_2]$ , **2**, (500 MHz,  $\text{THF-d}_8$ , 25 °C).



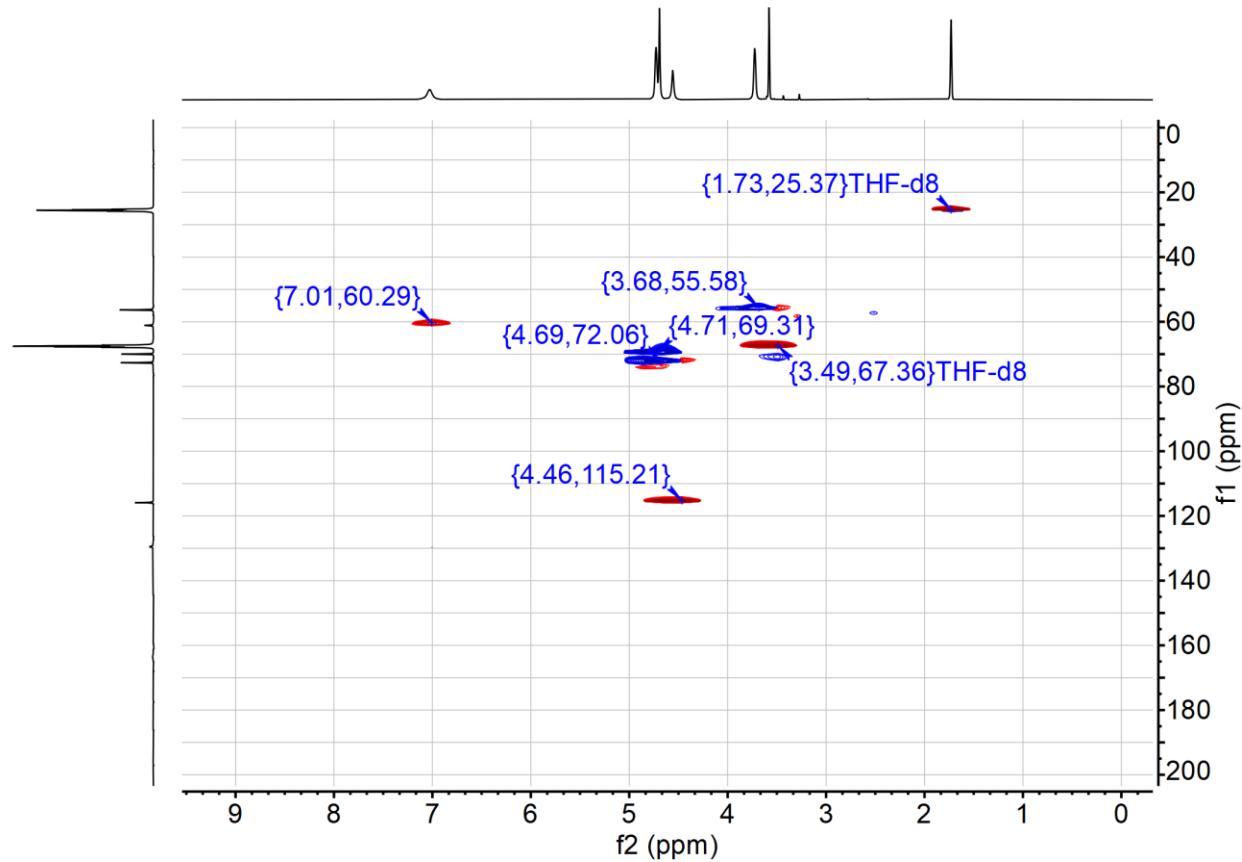
**Figure S21.**  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR spectrum of  $[\text{K}(\text{crypt-222})][\text{U}(\text{dbCOT})_2]$ , **2**, (126 MHz,  $\text{THF-d}_8$ , 25 °C):  $\delta$  163.78 ( $\text{C}_8\text{H}_4$ ), 129.54 ( $\text{C}_8\text{H}_4$ ), 115.89 ( $\text{C}_6\text{H}_4$ ), 72.68 ( $\text{O}(\text{CH}_2)_2\text{O}$ ), 70.01 ( $\text{OCH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{N}$ ), 61.14 ( $\text{C}_6\text{H}_4$ ), 56.36 ( $\text{OCH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{N}$ ).



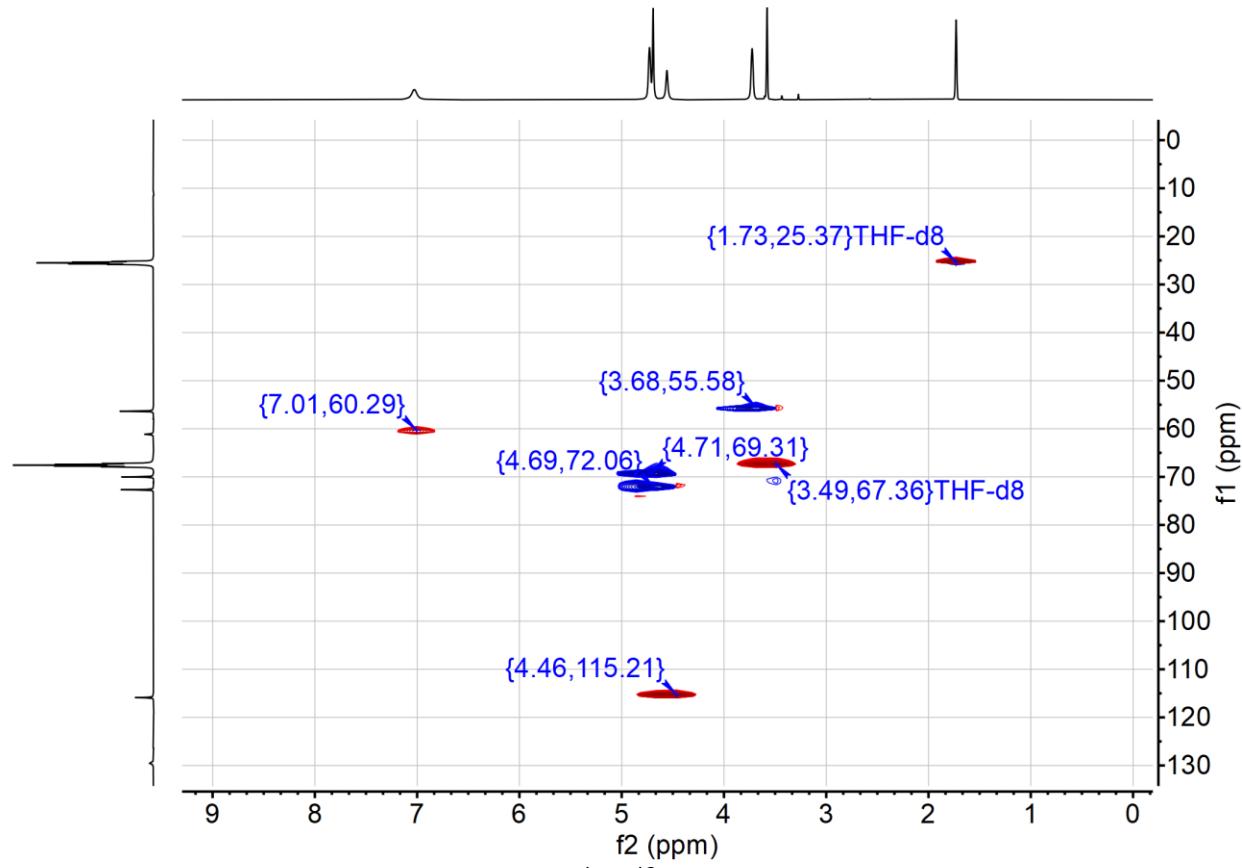
**Figure S22.** Magnification of the  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR spectrum of  $[\text{K}(\text{crypt-222})][\text{U}(\text{dbCOT})_2]$ , **2**, (126 MHz, THF- $d_8$ , 25 °C):  $\delta$  163.78 ( $\text{C}_8\text{H}_4$ ), 129.54 ( $\text{C}_8\text{H}_4$ ), 115.89 ( $\text{C}_6\text{H}_4$ ), 72.68 ( $\text{O}(\text{CH}_2)_2\text{O}$ ), 70.01 ( $\text{OCH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{N}$ ), 61.14 ( $\text{C}_6\text{H}_4$ ), 56.36 ( $\text{OCH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{N}$ ).



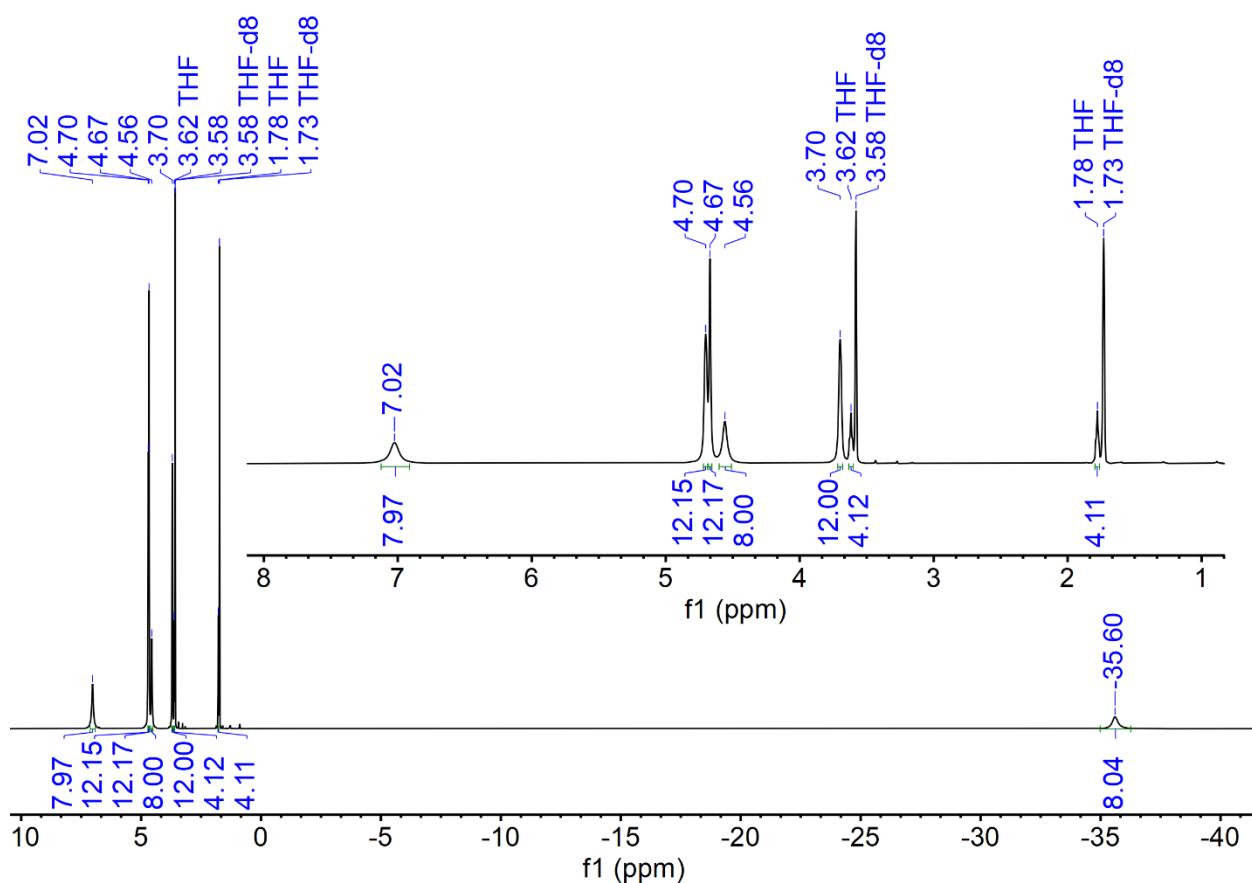
**Figure S23.**  $^1\text{H}$ - $^{13}\text{C}$  gHSQCAD spectrum of  $[\text{K}(\text{crypt-222})][\text{U}(\text{dbCOT})_2]$ , **2**, ( $^1\text{H}$  500 MHz,  $^{13}\text{C}$  126 MHz, THF- $d_8$ , 25 °C).



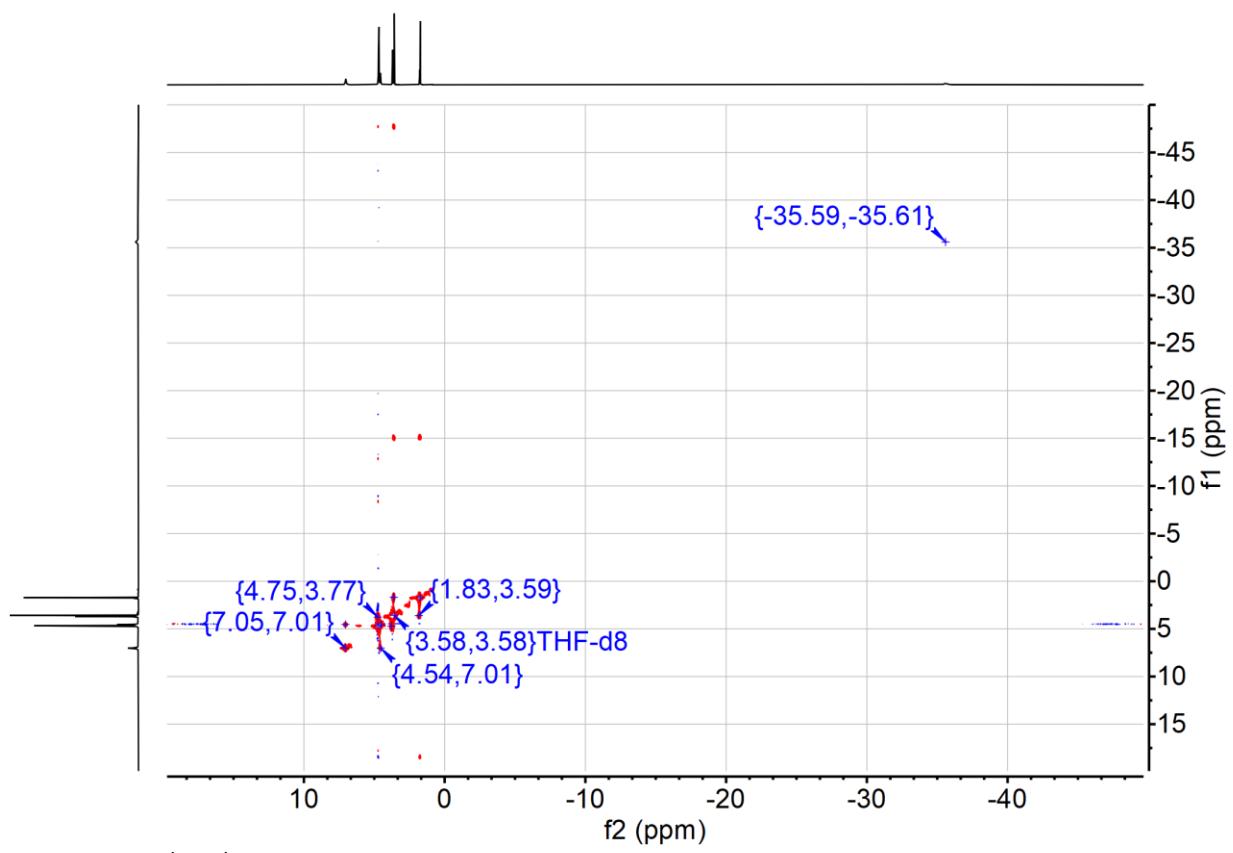
**Figure S24.** Magnification of the <sup>1</sup>H-<sup>13</sup>C gHSQCAD spectrum of [K(crypt-222)][U(dbCOT)<sub>2</sub>], **2**, (<sup>1</sup>H 500 MHz, <sup>13</sup>C 126 MHz, THF-*d*<sub>8</sub>, 25 °C).



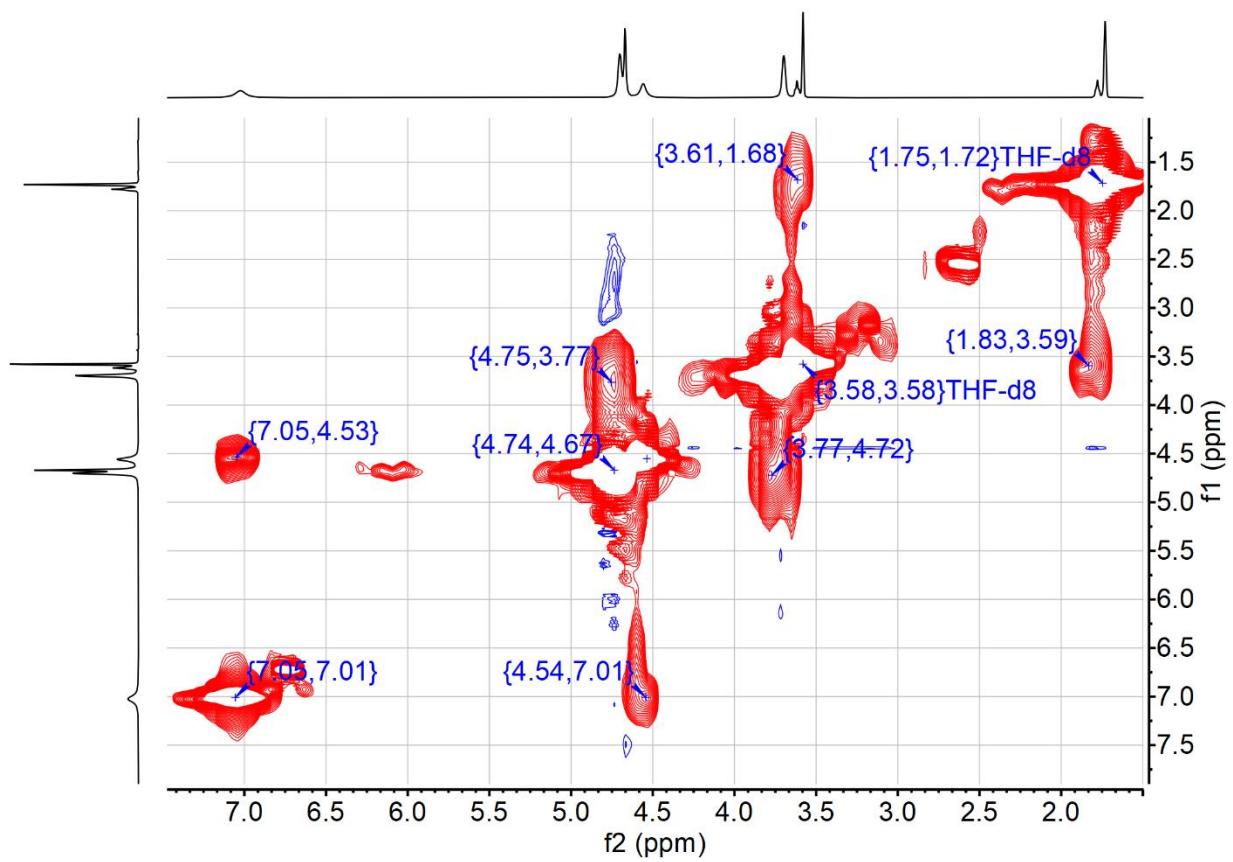
**Figure S25.** Magnification of the  $^1\text{H}$ - $^{13}\text{C}$  gHSQCAD spectrum of  $[\text{K}(\text{crypt}-222)][\text{U}(\text{dbCOT})_2]$ , **2**, ( $^1\text{H}$  500 MHz,  $^{13}\text{C}$  126 MHz, THF- $d_8$ , 25 °C).



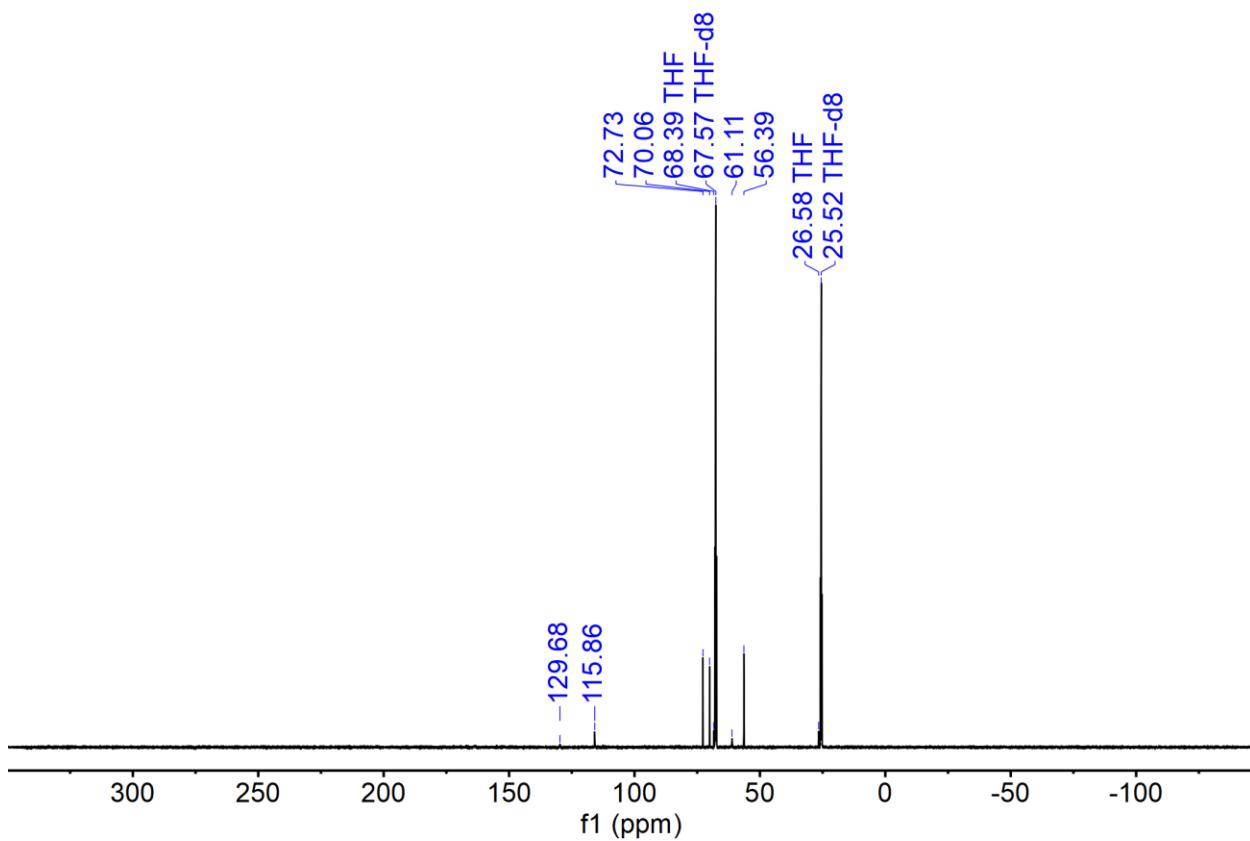
**Figure S26.** <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of [K(crypt-222)][U(dbCOT)<sub>2</sub>(THF)], **3**, (500 MHz, THF-*d*<sub>8</sub>, 25 °C): δ 7.02 (br s, 8 H, COT(CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>), 4.70 (s, 12 H, OCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>N), 4.67 (s, 12 H, O(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>O), 4.56 (br s, 8 H, COT(CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>), 3.70 (s, 12 H, OCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>N), 3.62 (br, t, 4 H, THF-H<sub>2</sub>COCH<sub>2</sub>), 1.78 (br, t, 4 H, THF-H<sub>2</sub>C(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>), -35.60 (br s, 8 H (COT-H).



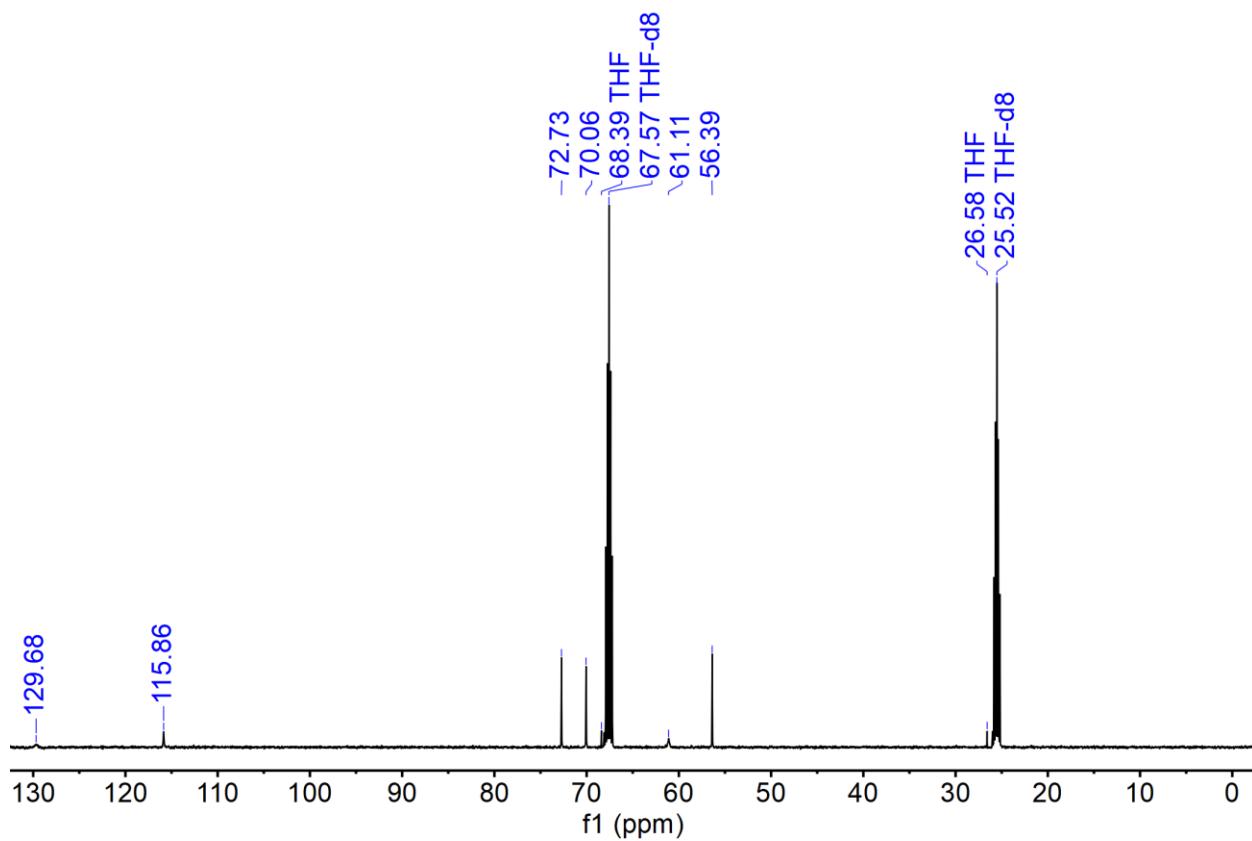
**Figure S27.**  $^1\text{H}$ - $^1\text{H}$  gCOSY spectrum of  $[\text{K}(\text{crypt-222})][\text{U}(\text{dbCOT})_2(\text{THF})]$ , **3**, (500 MHz,  $\text{THF}-d_8$ , 25 °C).



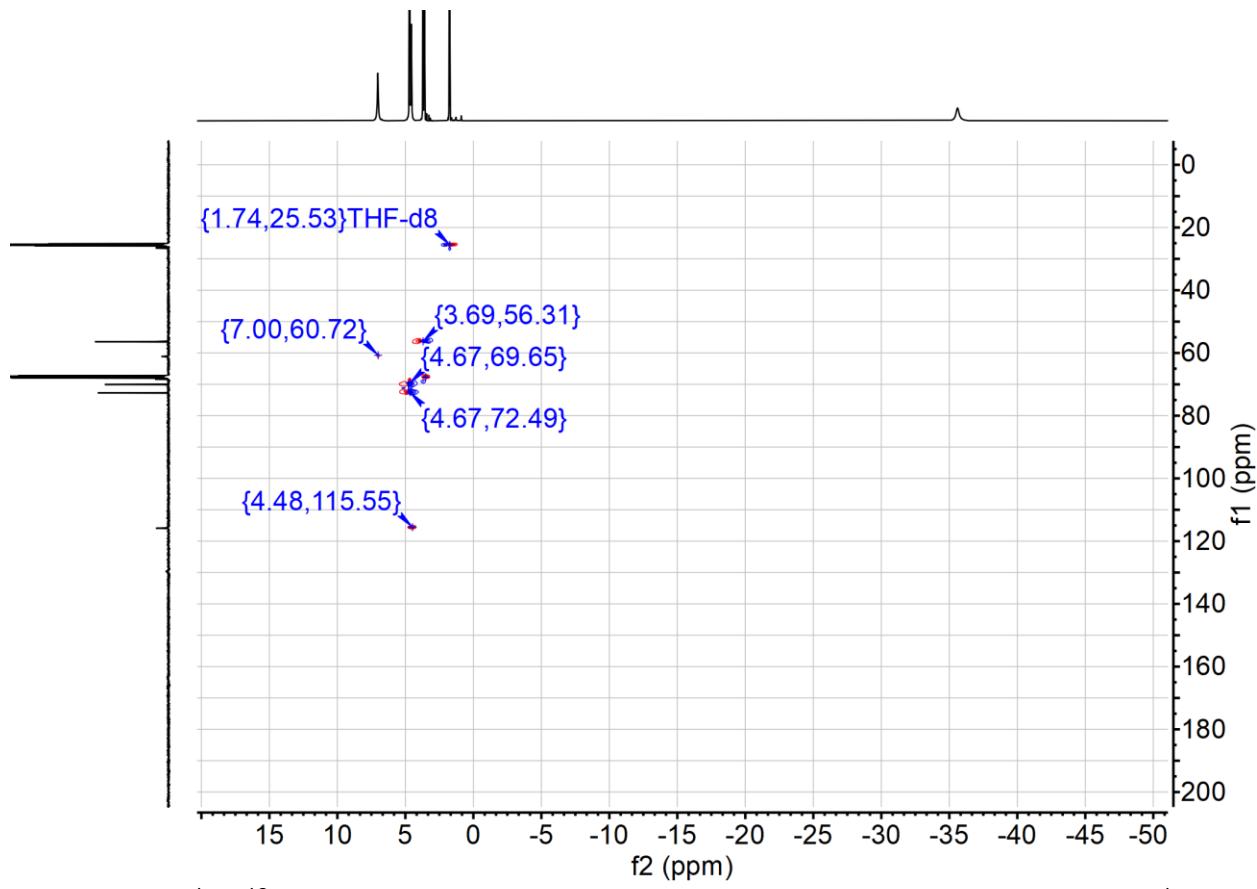
**Figure S28.** Magnification of the  $^1\text{H}$ - $^1\text{H}$  gCOSY spectrum of  $[\text{K}(\text{crypt}-222)][\text{U}(\text{dbCOT})_2(\text{THF})]$ , 3, (500 MHz, THF- $d_8$ , 25 °C).



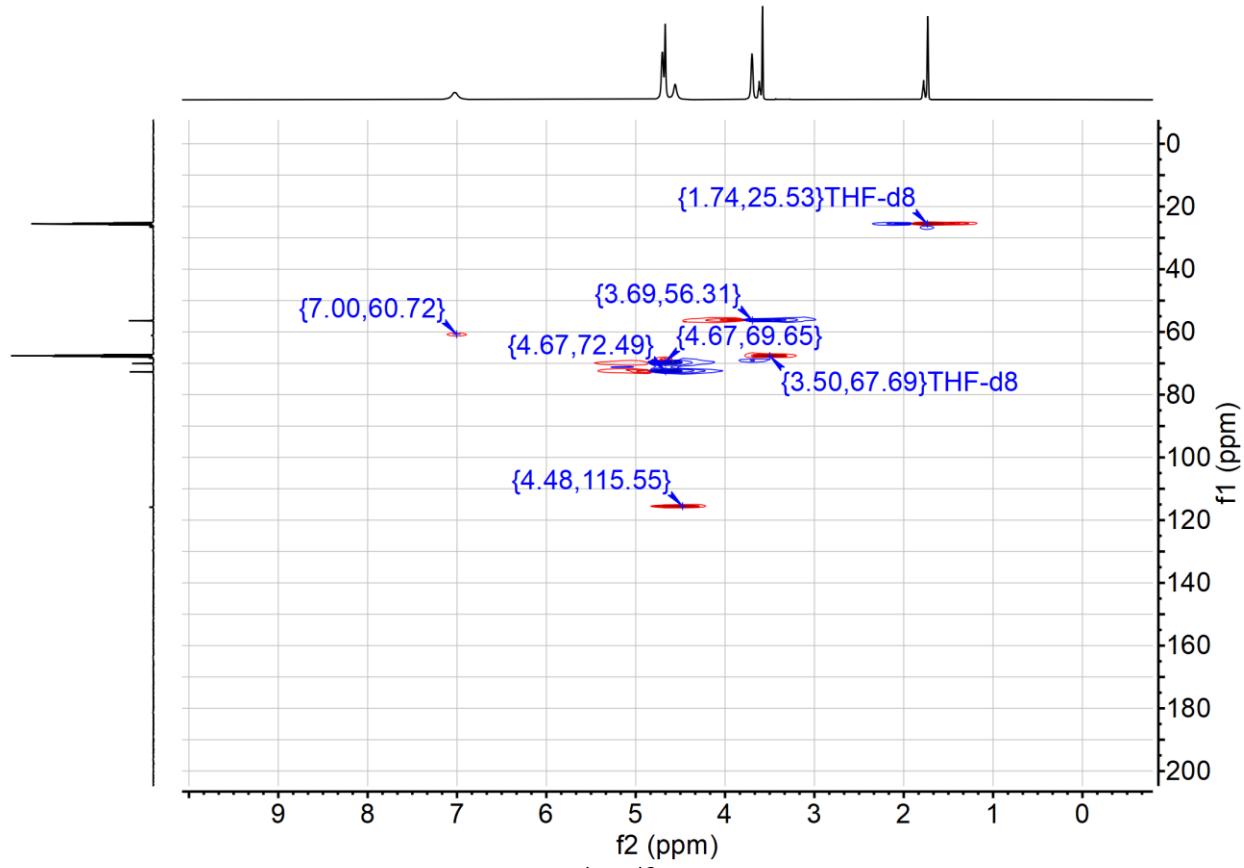
**Figure S29.**  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR spectrum of  $[\text{K}(\text{crypt-222})][\text{U}(\text{dbCOT})_2(\text{THF})]$ , **3**, (126 MHz, THF- $d_8$ , 25 °C):  $\delta$  129.68 ( $\text{C}_8\text{H}_4$ ), 115.86 ( $\text{C}_6\text{H}_4$ ), 72.73 ( $\text{O}(\text{CH}_2)_2\text{O}$ ), 70.06 ( $\text{OCH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{N}$ ), 68.39 (THF- $\text{H}_2\text{COCH}_2$ ), 67.57 (THF- $d_8$ ), 61.11 ( $\text{C}_6\text{H}_4$ ), 56.39 ( $\text{OCH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{N}$ ), 26.58 (THF- $\text{H}_2\text{C}(\text{CH}_2)_2\text{CH}_2$ ). Owing to the poor solubility of **3** in THF, the  $^{13}\text{C}$  resonance expected at approximately 163 ppm is absent, presumably owing to the lower concentration of **3** with regards to **1** and **2**, respectively.



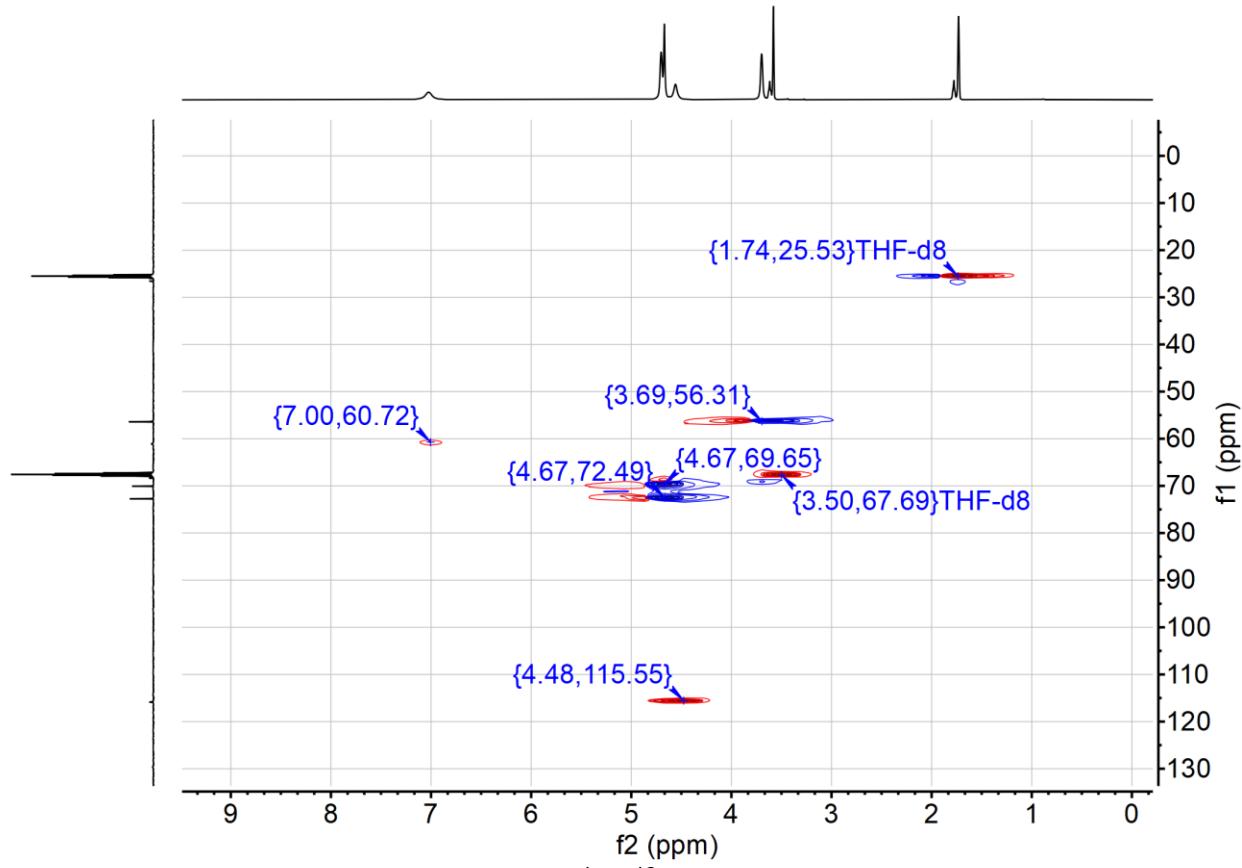
**Figure S30.** Magnification of the  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR spectrum of  $[\text{K}(\text{crypt-222})][\text{U}(\text{dbCOT})_2(\text{THF})]$ , **3**, (126 MHz, THF- $d_8$ , 25 °C):  $\delta$  129.68 ( $\text{C}_8\text{H}_4$ ), 115.86 ( $\text{C}_6\text{H}_4$ ), 72.73 ( $\text{O}(\text{CH}_2)_2\text{O}$ ), 70.06 ( $\text{OCH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{N}$ ), 68.39 (THF- $\text{H}_2\text{COCH}_2$ ), 61.11 ( $\text{C}_6\text{H}_4$ ), 56.39 ( $\text{OCH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{N}$ ), 28.58 (THF- $\text{H}_2\text{C}(\text{CH}_2)_2\text{CH}_2$ ). Owing to the poor solubility of **3** in THF, the  $^{13}\text{C}$  resonance expected at approximately 163 ppm is absent, presumably owing to the lower concentration of **3** with regards to **1** and **2**, respectively.



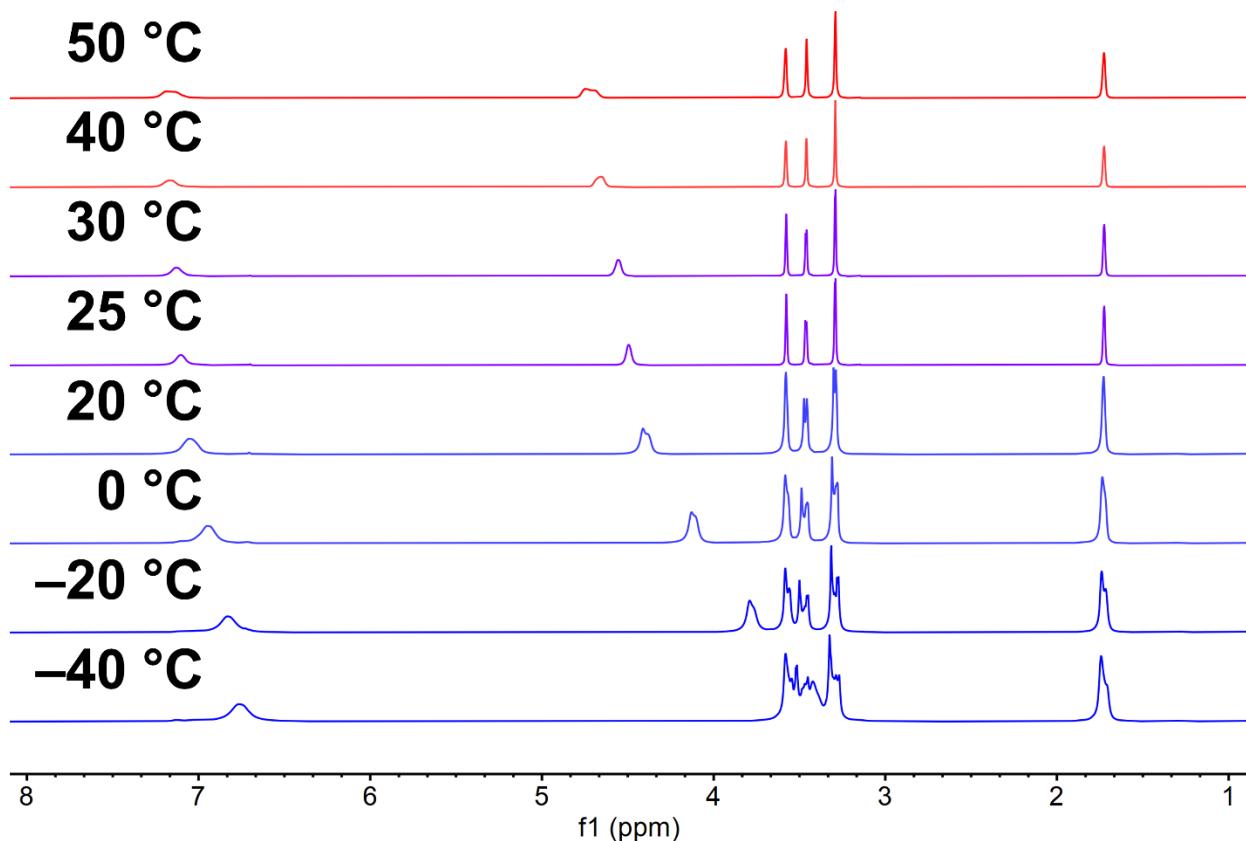
**Figure S31.** <sup>1</sup>H-<sup>13</sup>C gHSQCAD spectrum of [K(crypt-222)][U(dbCOT)<sub>2</sub>(THF)], **3**, (<sup>1</sup>H 500 MHz, <sup>13</sup>C 126 MHz, THF-*d*<sub>8</sub>, 25 °C).



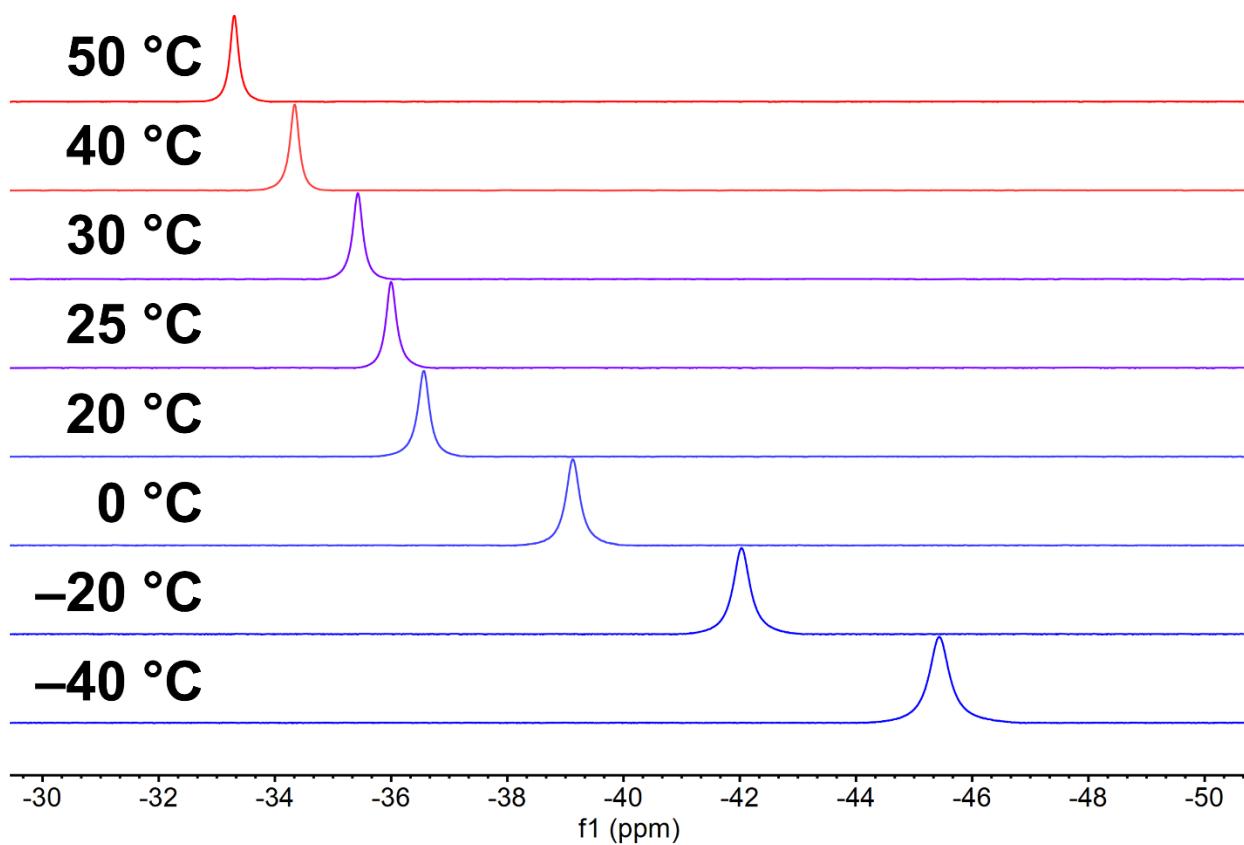
**Figure S32.** Magnification of the  $^1\text{H}$ - $^{13}\text{C}$  gHSQCAD spectrum of  $[\text{K}(\text{crypt}-222)][\text{U}(\text{dbCOT})_2(\text{THF})]$ , **3**, ( $^1\text{H}$  500 MHz,  $^{13}\text{C}$  126 MHz, THF-d<sub>8</sub>, 25 °C).



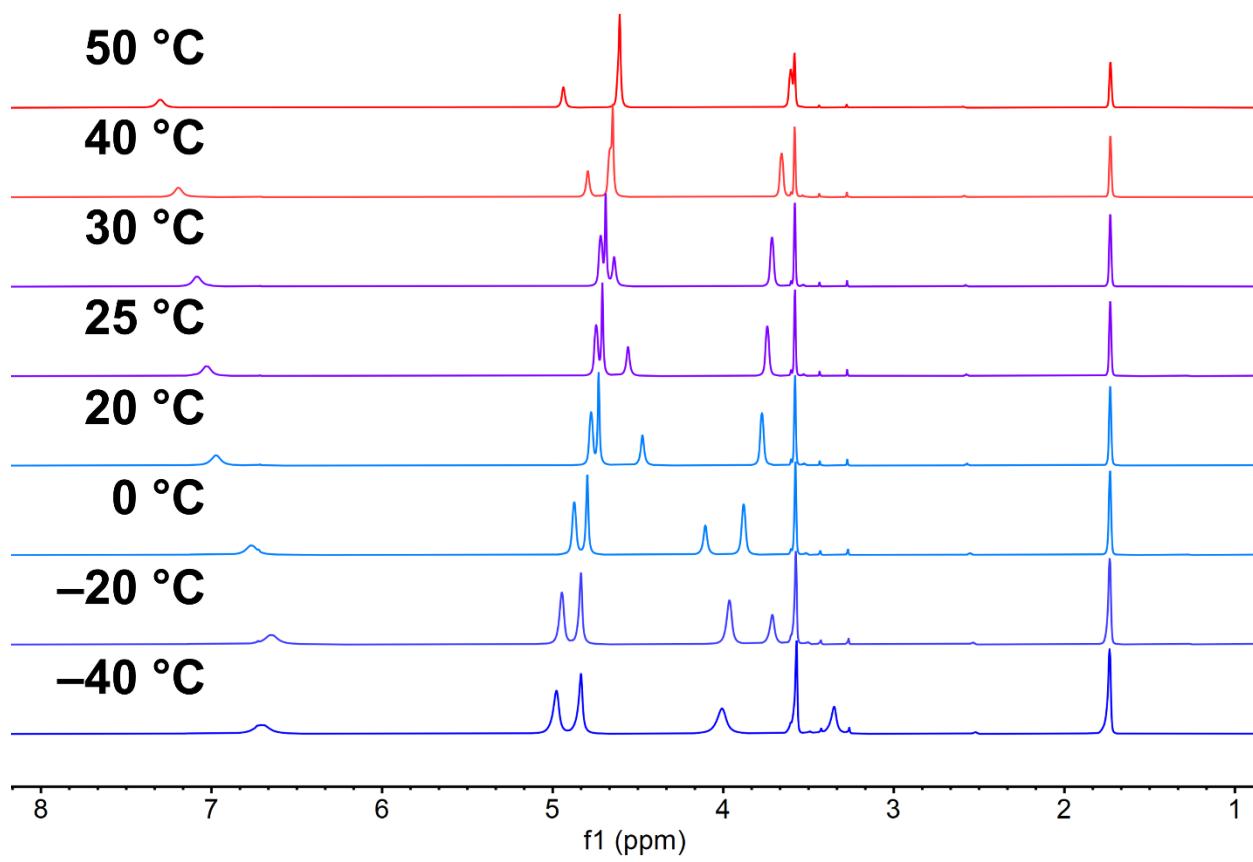
**Figure S33.** Magnification of the <sup>1</sup>H-<sup>13</sup>C gHSQCAD spectrum of [K(crypt-222)][U(dbCOT)<sub>2</sub>(THF)], 3, (<sup>1</sup>H 500 MHz, <sup>13</sup>C 126 MHz, THF-d<sub>8</sub>, 25 °C).



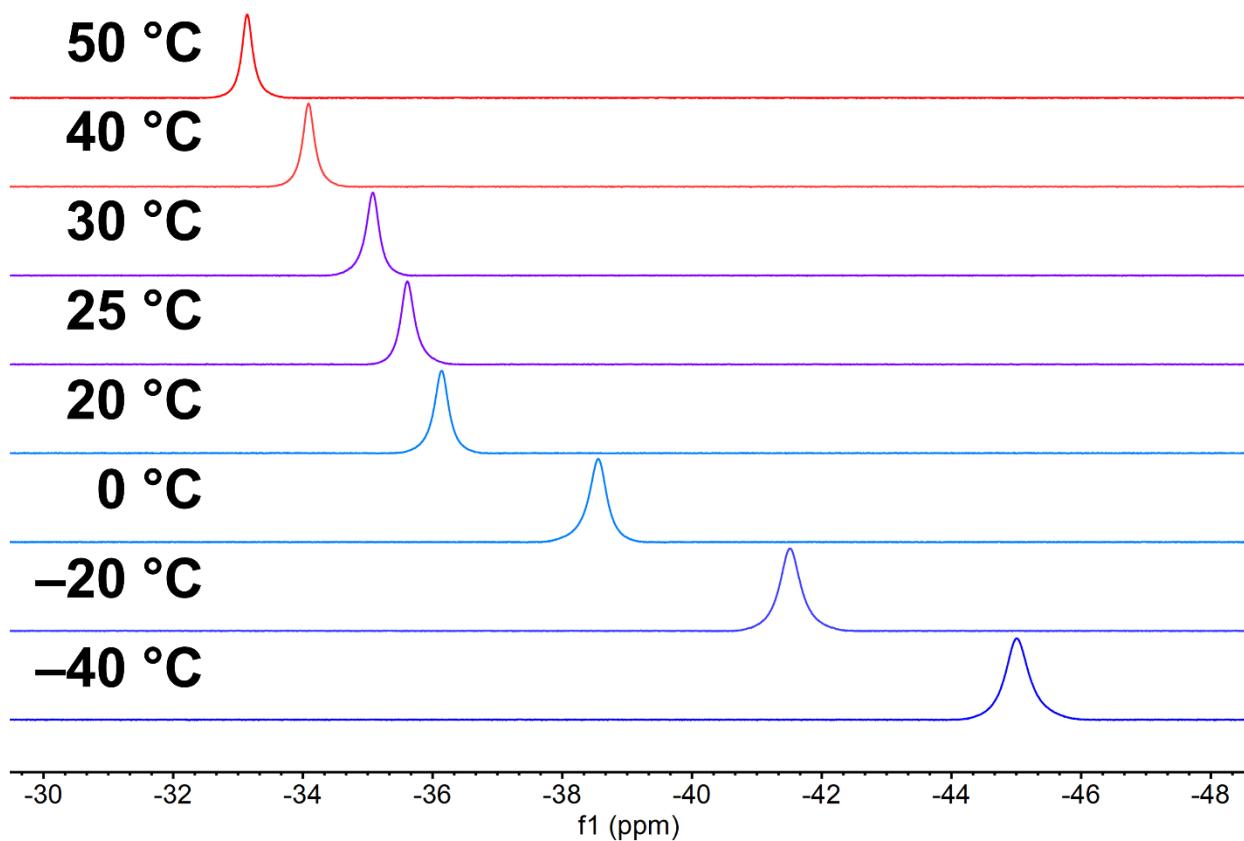
**Figure S34.** Variable-temperature <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectra of [K(DME)<sub>2</sub>][U(dbCOT)<sub>2</sub>], **1**, from 1 to 8 ppm in THF-*d*<sub>8</sub> obtained with a 500 MHz spectrometer.



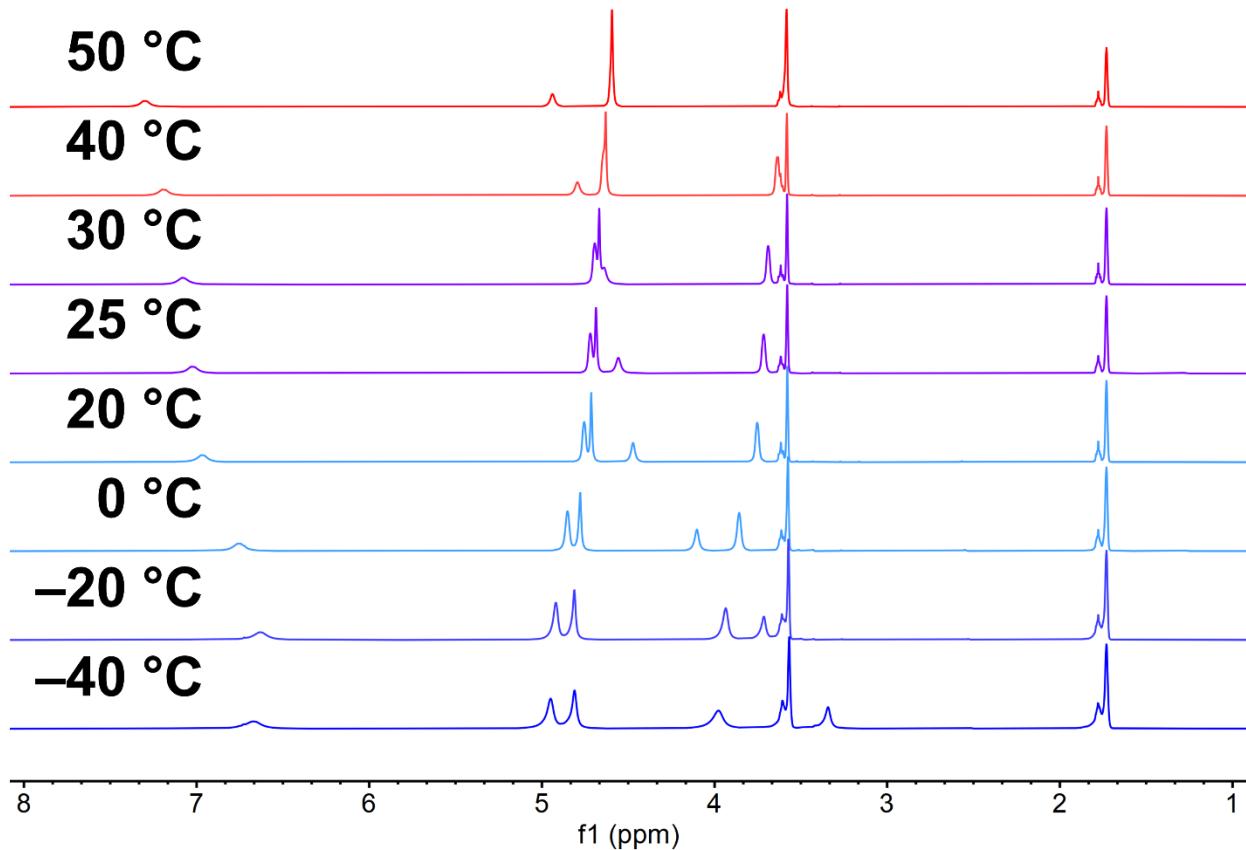
**Figure S35.** Variable-temperature <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectra of  $[\text{K}(\text{DME})_2][\text{U}(\text{dbCOT})_2]$ , **1**, from  $-30$  to  $-50$  ppm in  $\text{THF}-d_8$  obtained with a 500 MHz spectrometer.



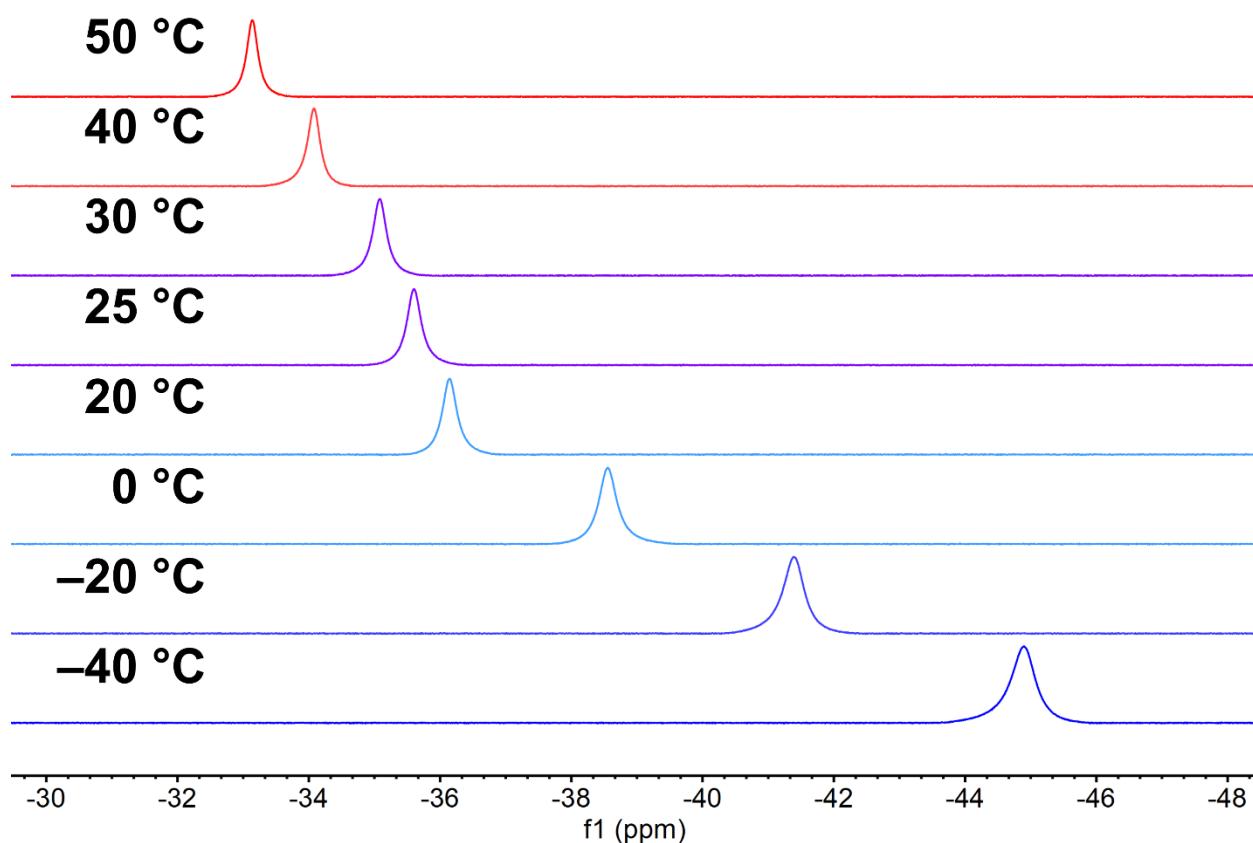
**Figure S36.** Variable-temperature <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectra of [K(crypt-222)][U(dbCOT)<sub>2</sub>], **2**, from 1 to 8 ppm in THF-*d*<sub>8</sub> obtained with a 500 MHz spectrometer.



**Figure S37.** Variable-temperature <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectra of [K(crypt-222)][U(dbCOT)<sub>2</sub>], **2**, from -30 to -48 ppm in THF-*d*<sub>8</sub> obtained with a 500 MHz spectrometer.

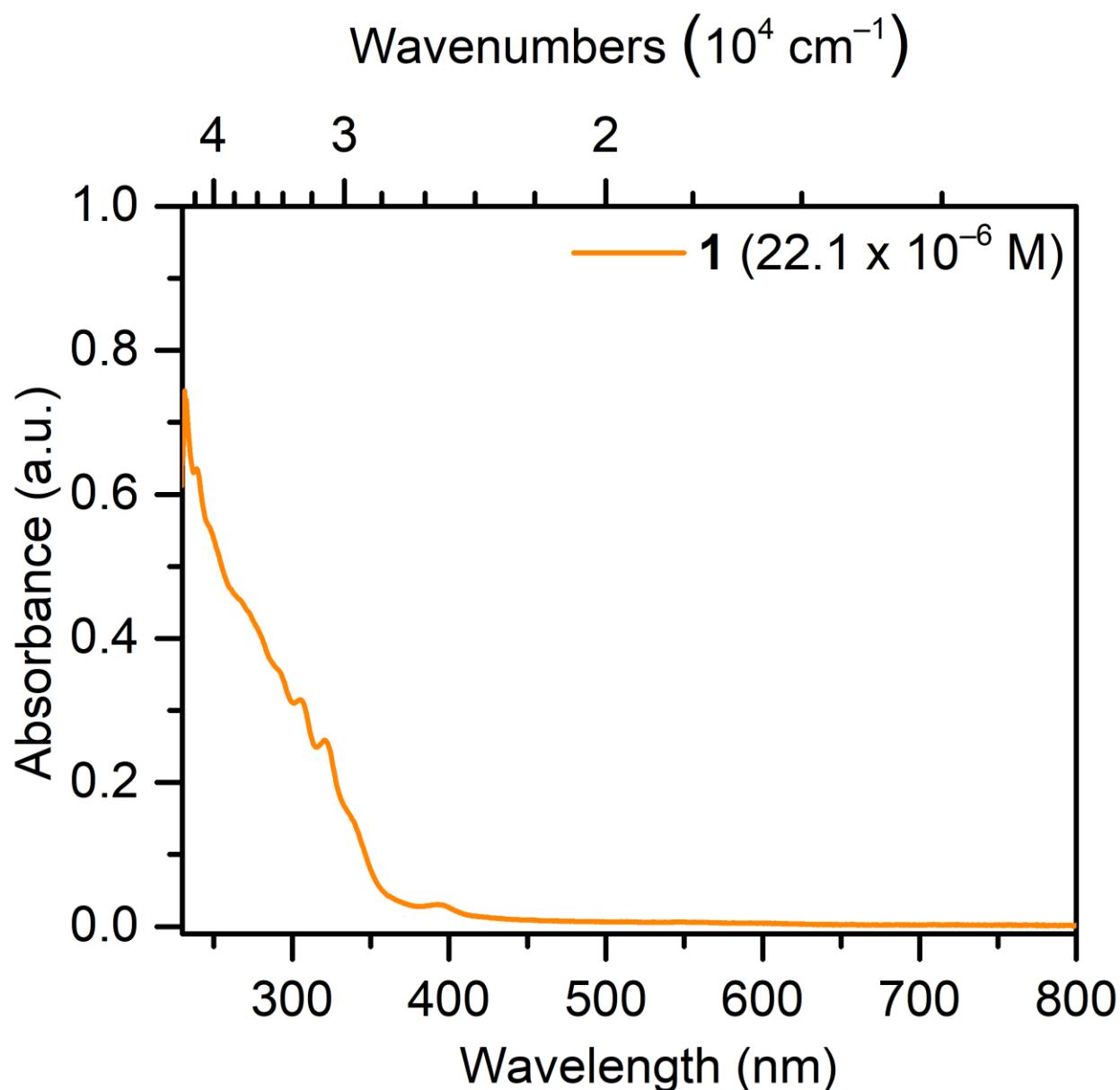


**Figure S38.** Variable-temperature <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectra of [K(crypt-222)][U(dbCOT)<sub>2</sub>(THF)], **3**, from 1 to 8 ppm in THF-*d*<sub>8</sub> obtained with a 500 MHz spectrometer.

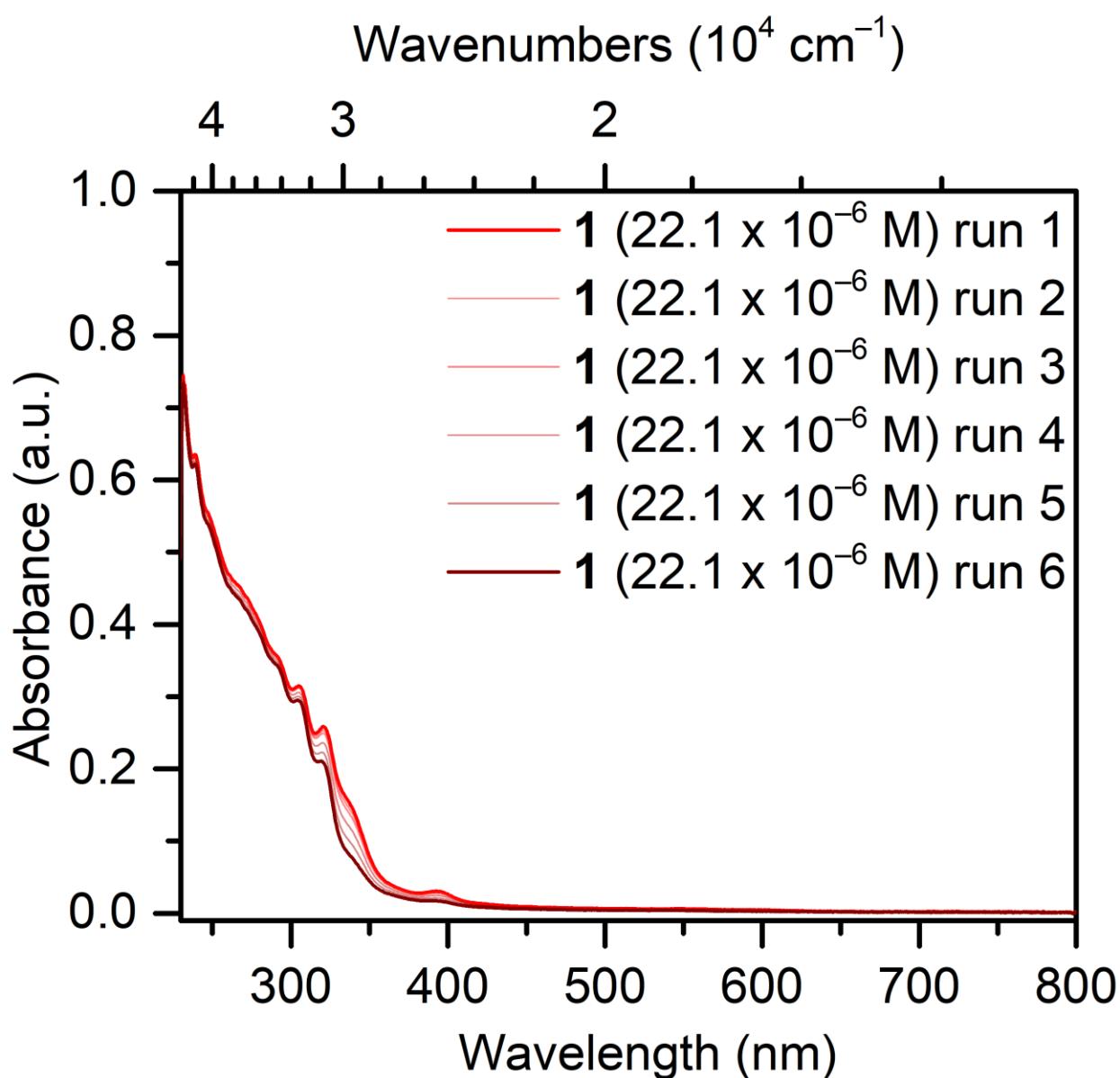


**Figure S39.** Variable-temperature <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectra of [K(crypt-222)][U(dbCOT)<sub>2</sub>(THF)], 3, from -30 to -48 ppm in THF-*d*<sub>8</sub> obtained with a 500 MHz spectrometer.

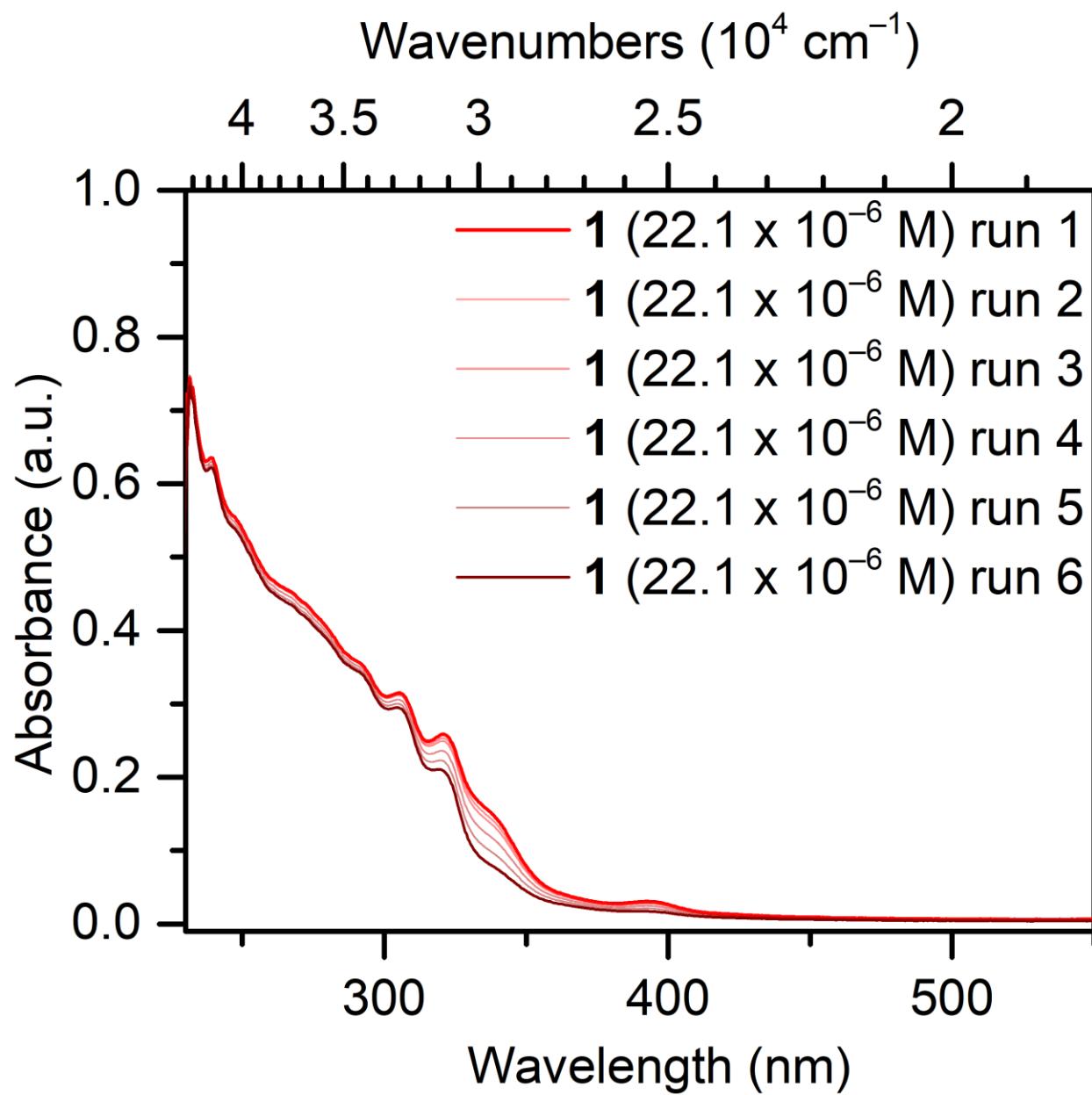
### 3 UV-Vis-NIR Spectroscopy



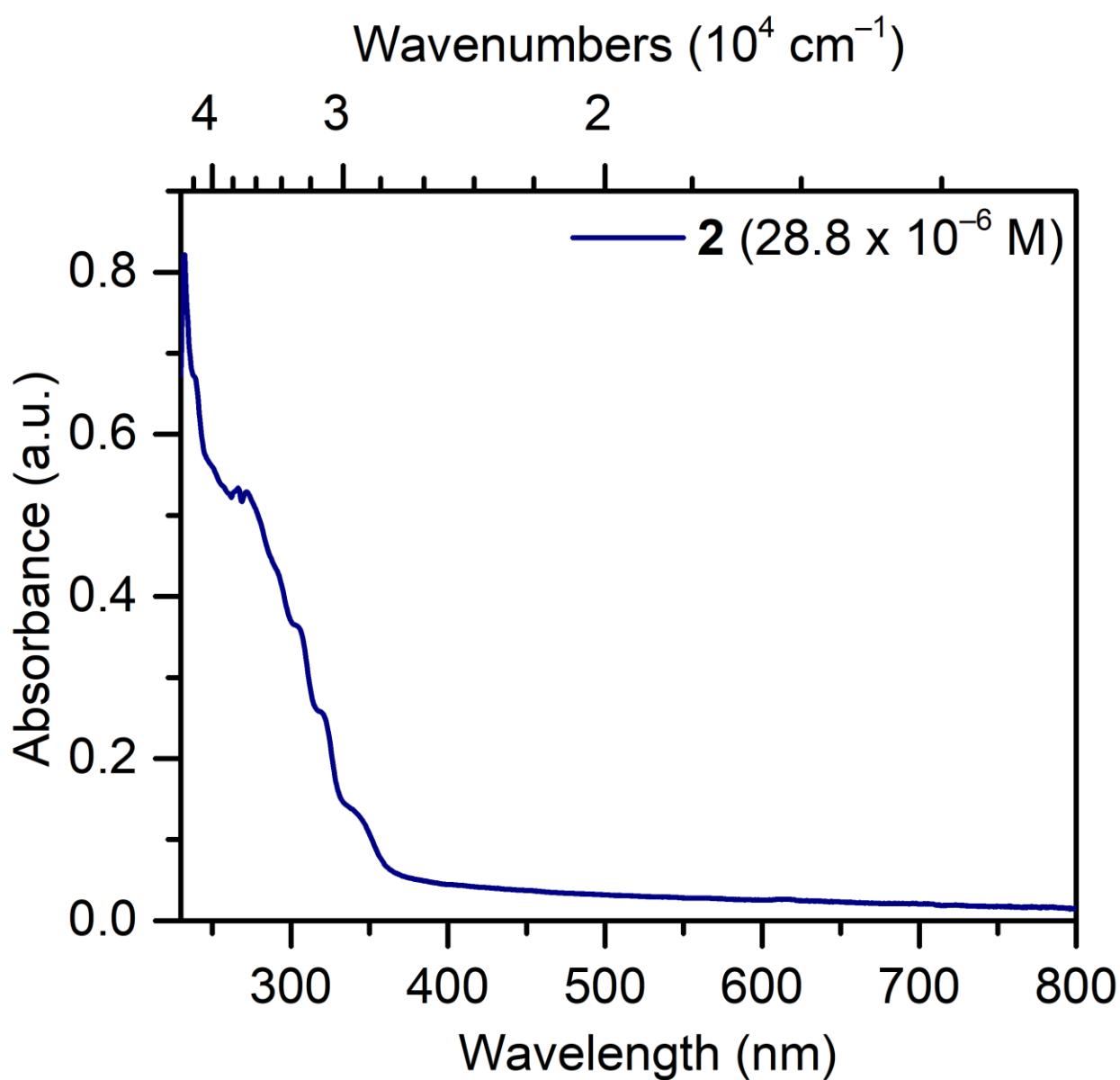
**Figure S40.** UV-Vis spectrum of  $[\text{K(DME)}_2][\text{U(dbCOT)}_2]$ , **1**, taken in 2-MeTHF at  $22.1 \times 10^{-6} \text{ mol/L}$ .



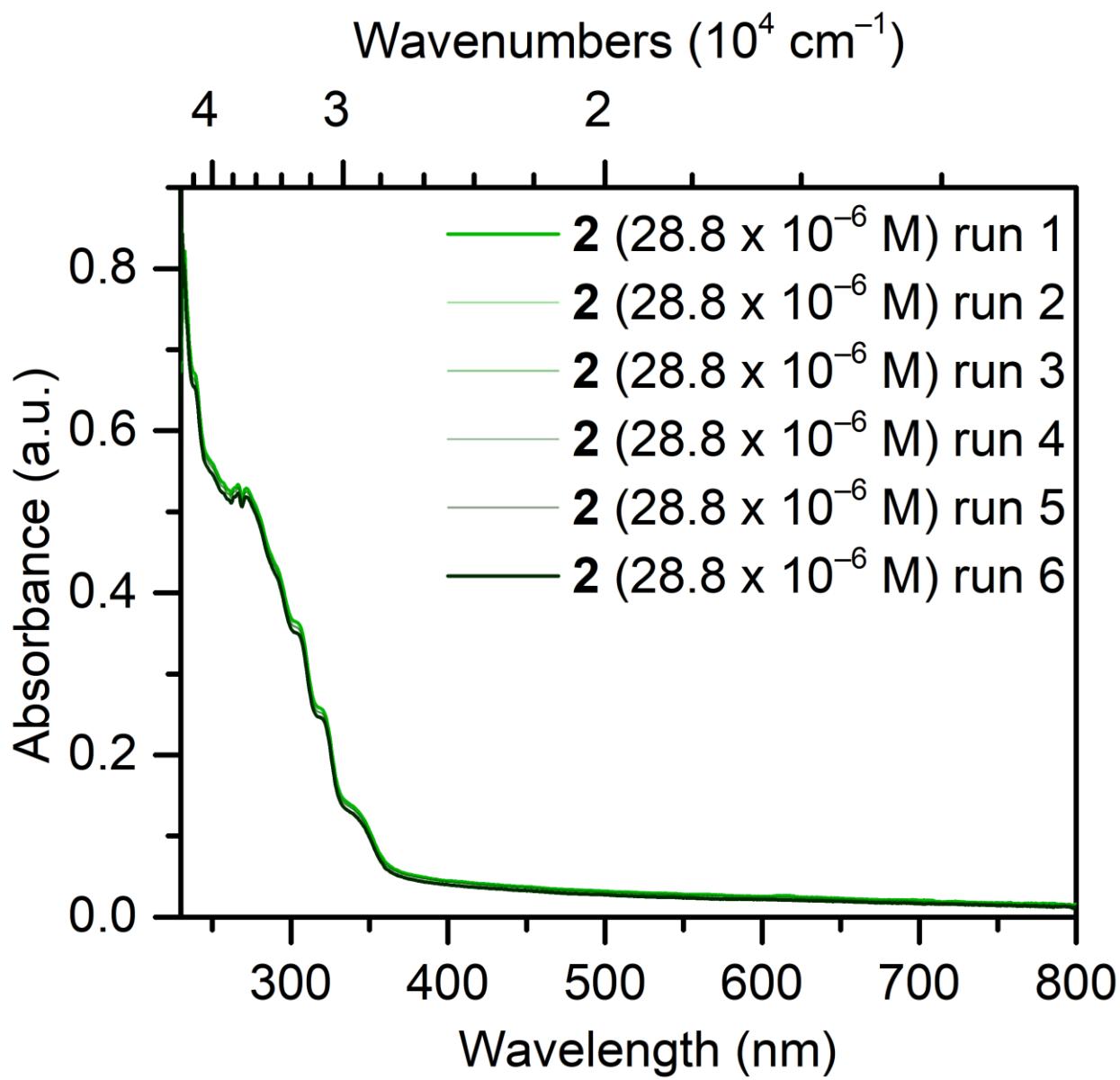
**Figure S41.** UV-Vis spectra of  $[\text{K}(\text{DME})_2][\text{U}(\text{dbCOT})_2]$ , **1**, taken in 2-MeTHF at  $22.1 \times 10^{-6} \text{ mol/L}$  over the course of six scans.



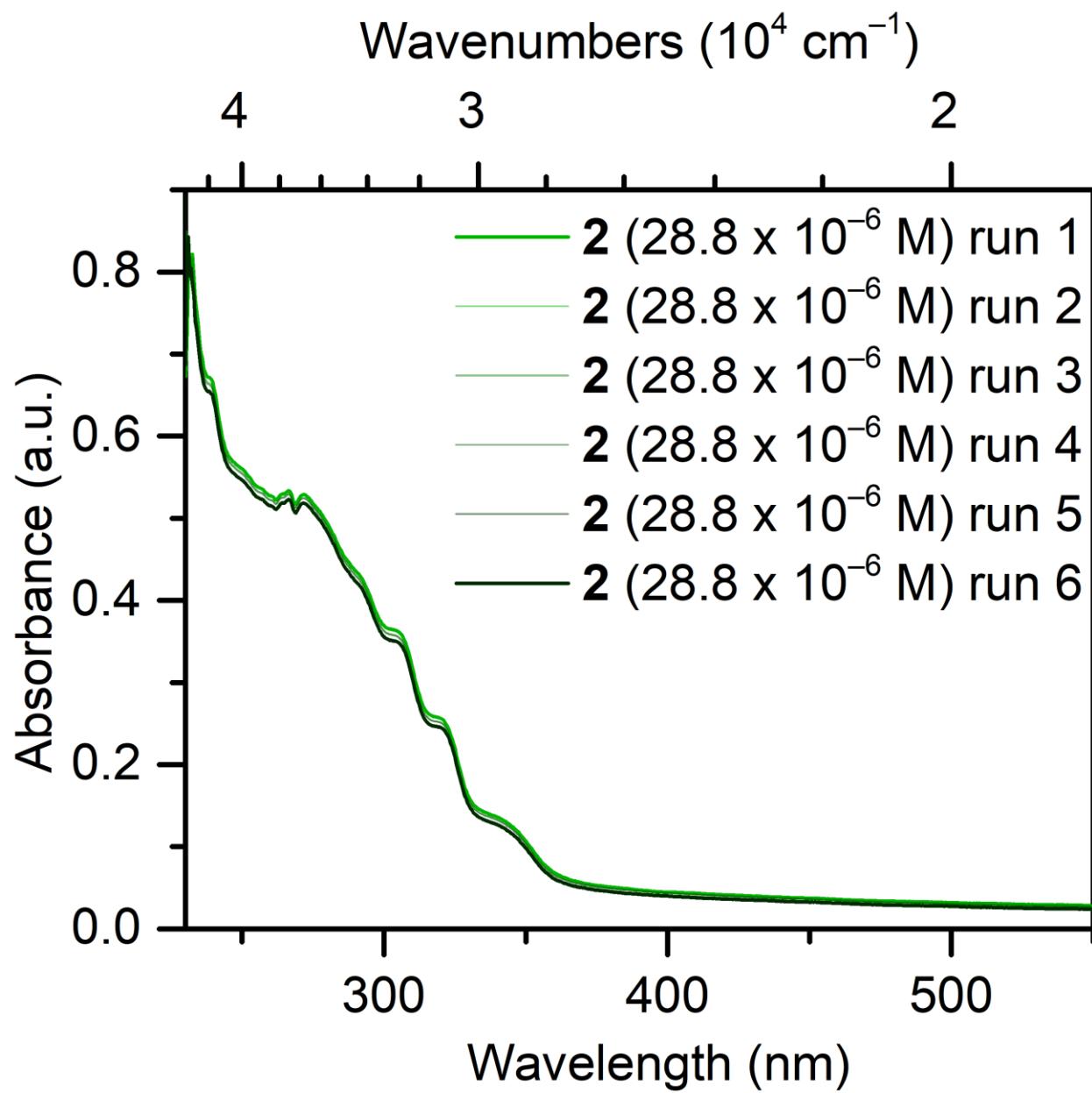
**Figure S42.** Magnification of the UV-Vis spectra of  $[\text{K(DME)}_2][\text{U(dbCOT)}_2]$ , **1**, taken in 2-MeTHF at  $22.1 \times 10^{-6} \text{ mol/L}$  over the course of six scans.



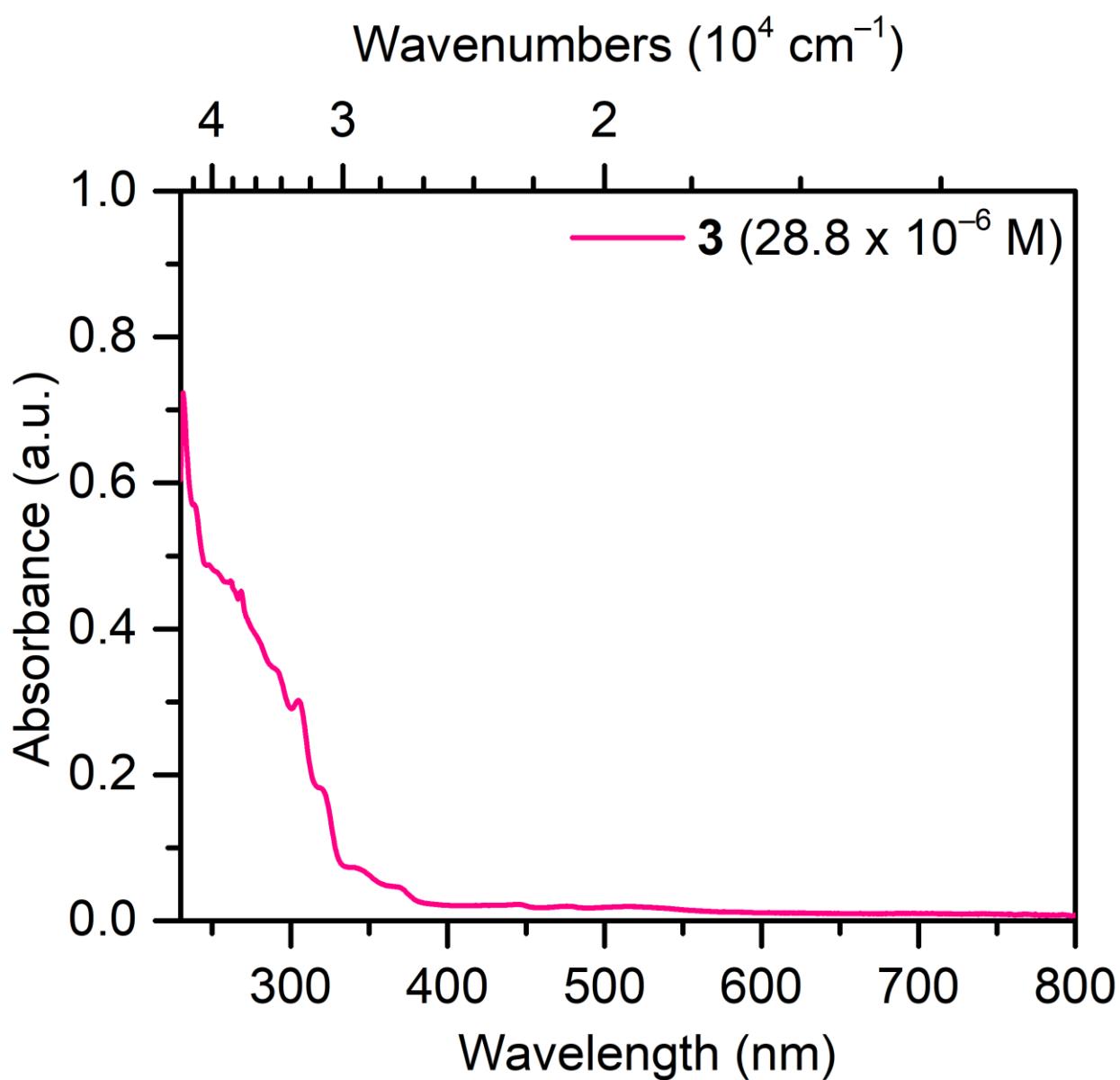
**Figure S43.** UV-Vis spectrum of  $[\text{K(crypt-222)}][\text{U(dbCOT)}_2]$ , **2**, taken in 2-MeTHF at  $28.8 \times 10^{-6} \text{ mol/L}$ .



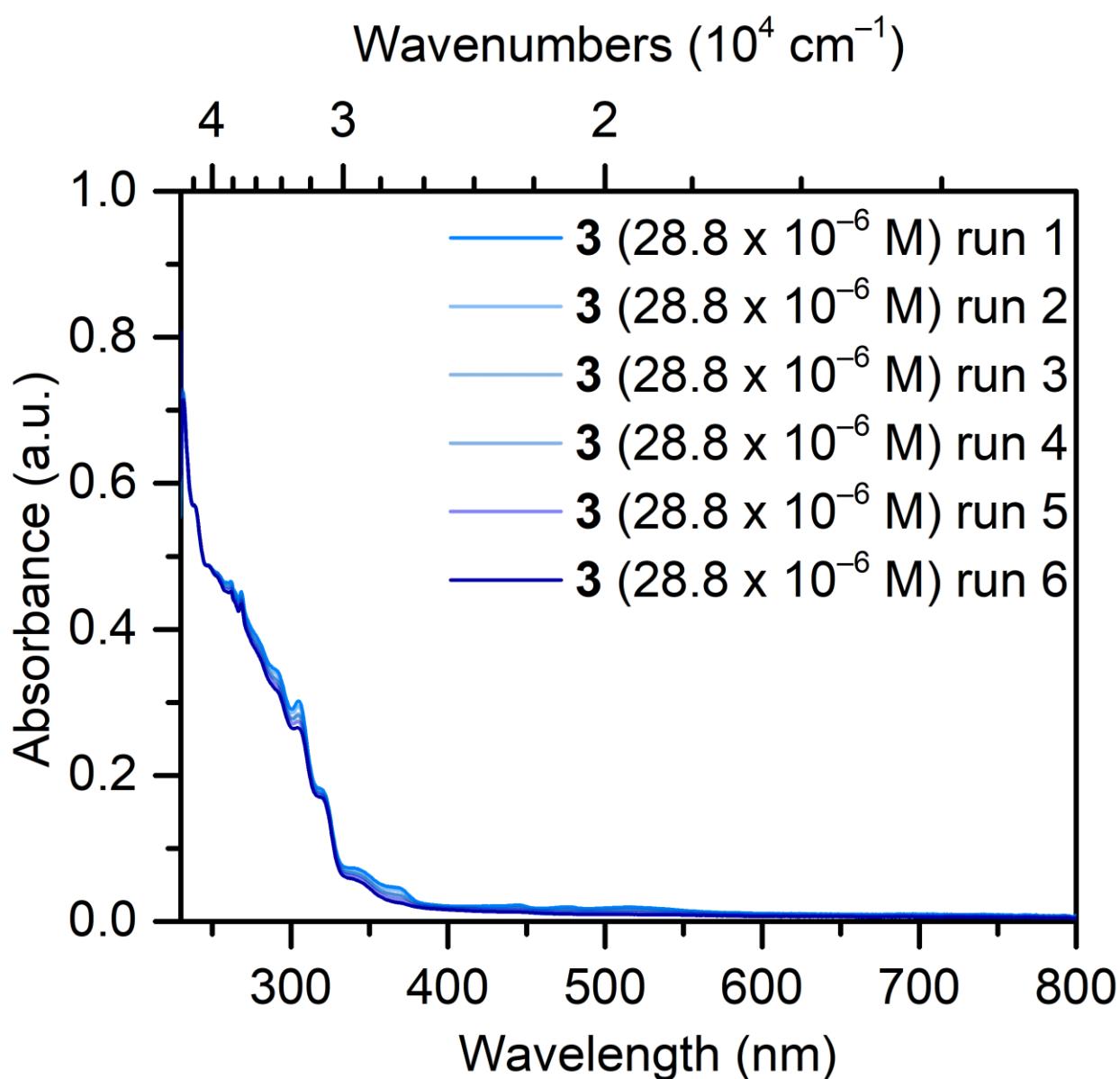
**Figure S44.** UV-Vis spectra of  $[\text{K(crypt-222)}][\text{U(dbCOT)}_2]$ , **2**, taken in 2-MeTHF at  $28.8 \times 10^{-6} \text{ mol/L}$  over the course of six scans.



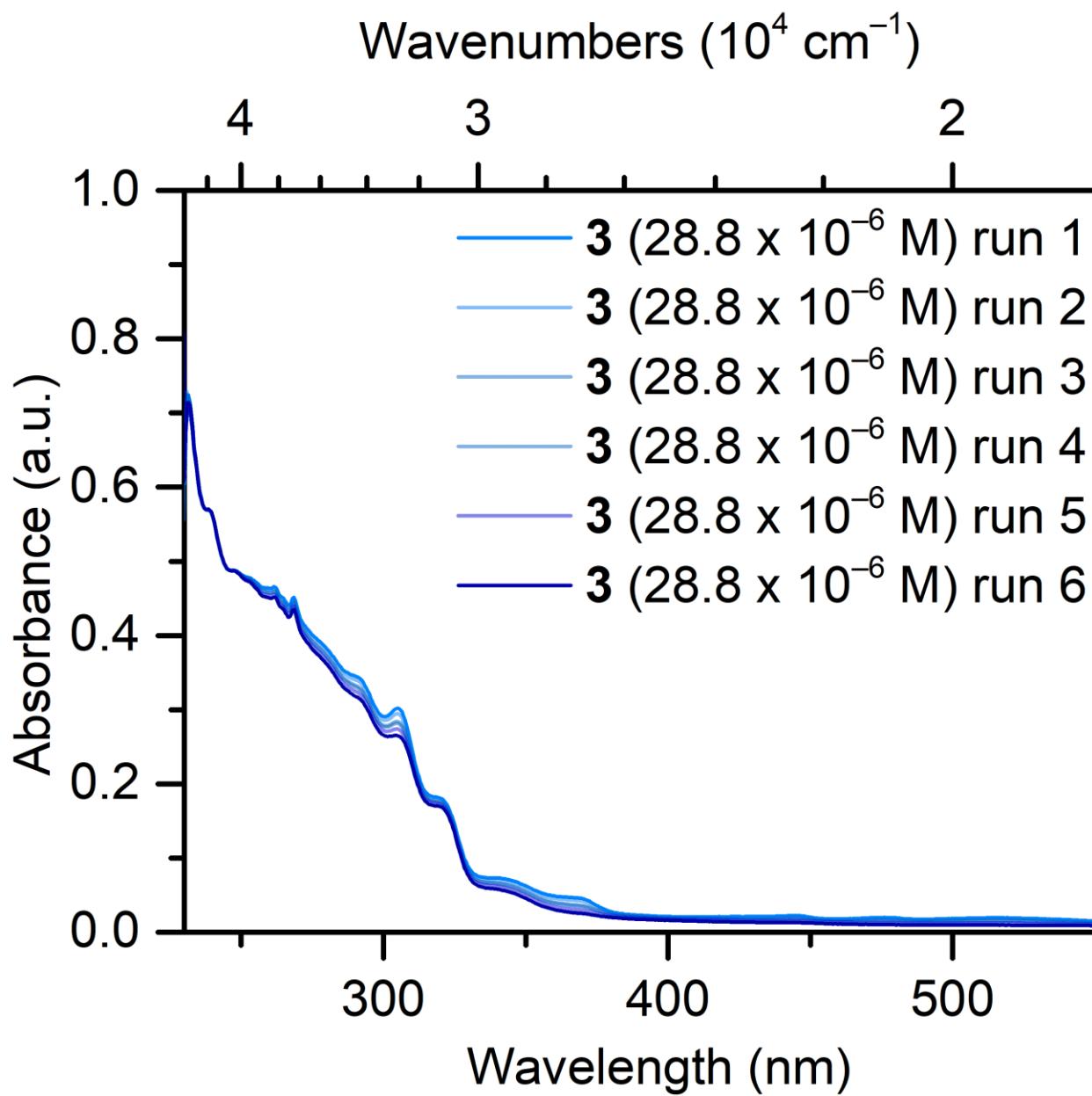
**Figure S45.** Magnification of the UV-Vis spectra of  $[\text{K(crypt-222)}][\text{U(dbCOT)}_2]$ , **2**, taken in 2-MeTHF at  $28.8 \times 10^{-6} \text{ mol/L}$  over the course of six scans.



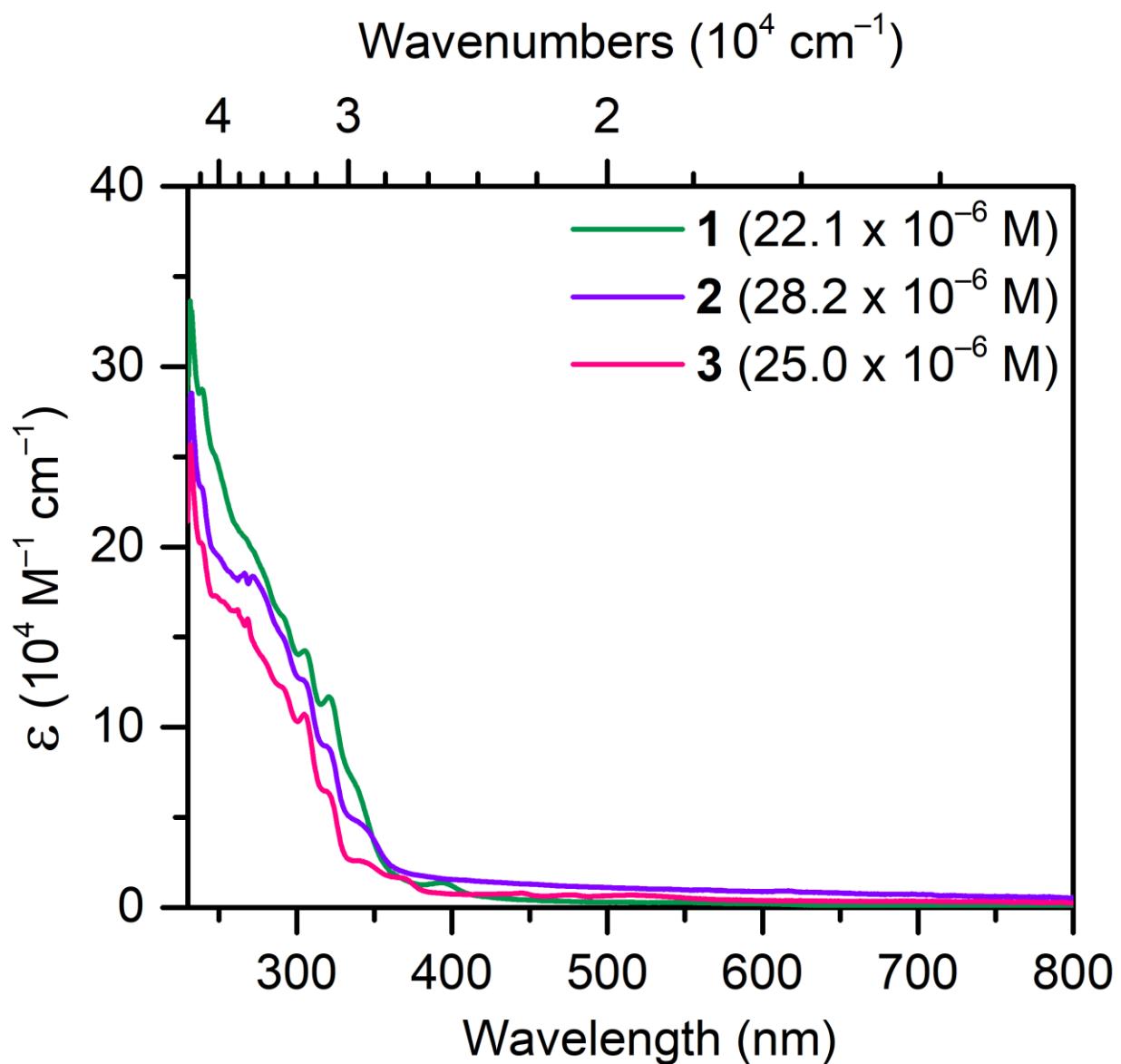
**Figure S46.** UV-Vis spectrum of  $\text{K}(\text{crypt-222})[\text{U}(\text{dbCOT})_2(\text{THF})]$ , **3**, taken in 2-MeTHF at  $25.0 \times 10^{-6} \text{ mol/L}$ .



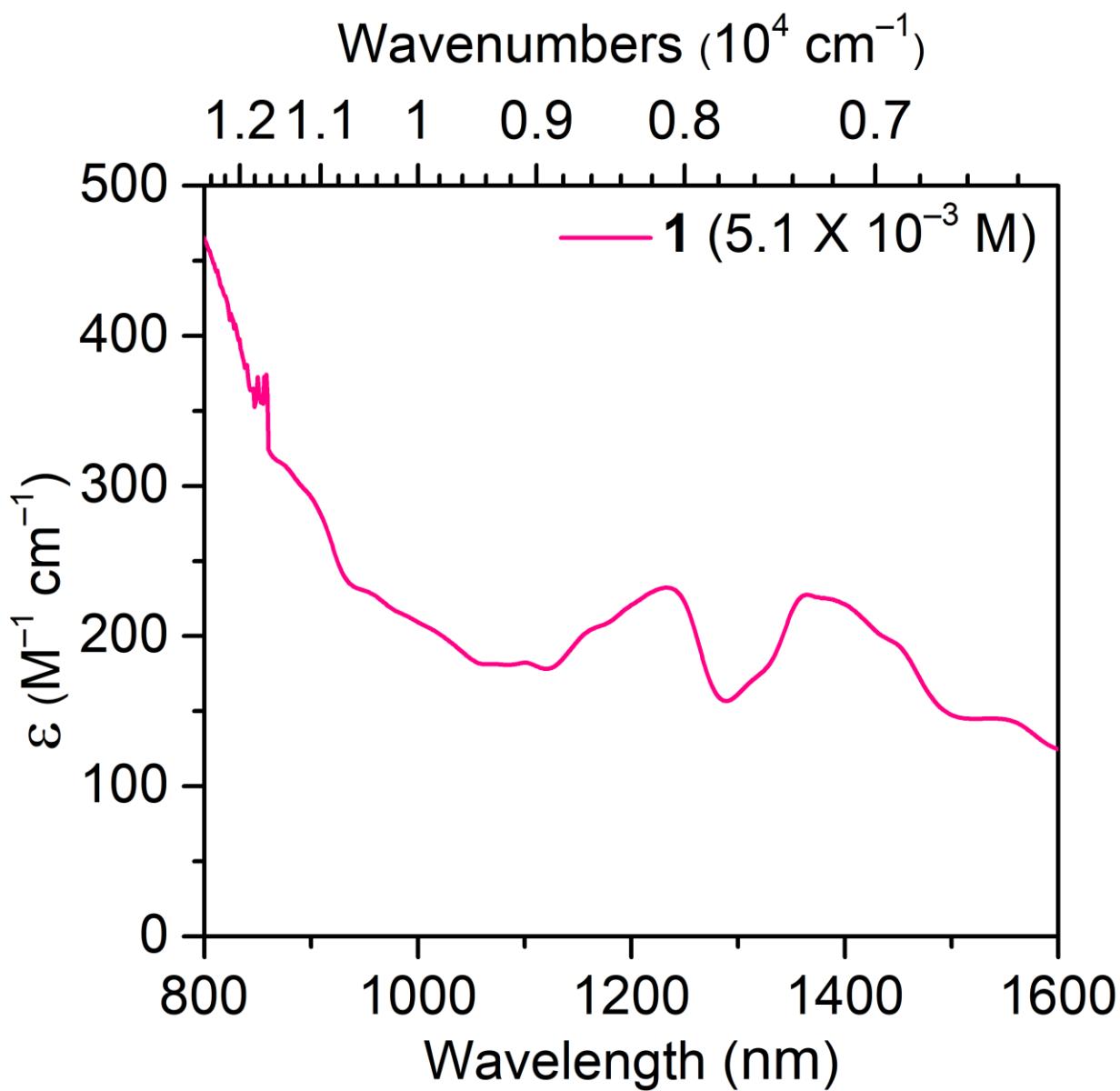
**Figure S47.** UV-Vis spectra of  $[\text{K(crypt-222)}][\text{U(dbCOT)}_2(\text{THF})]$ , **3**, taken in 2-MeTHF at  $25.0 \times 10^{-6} \text{ mol/L}$  over the course of six scans.



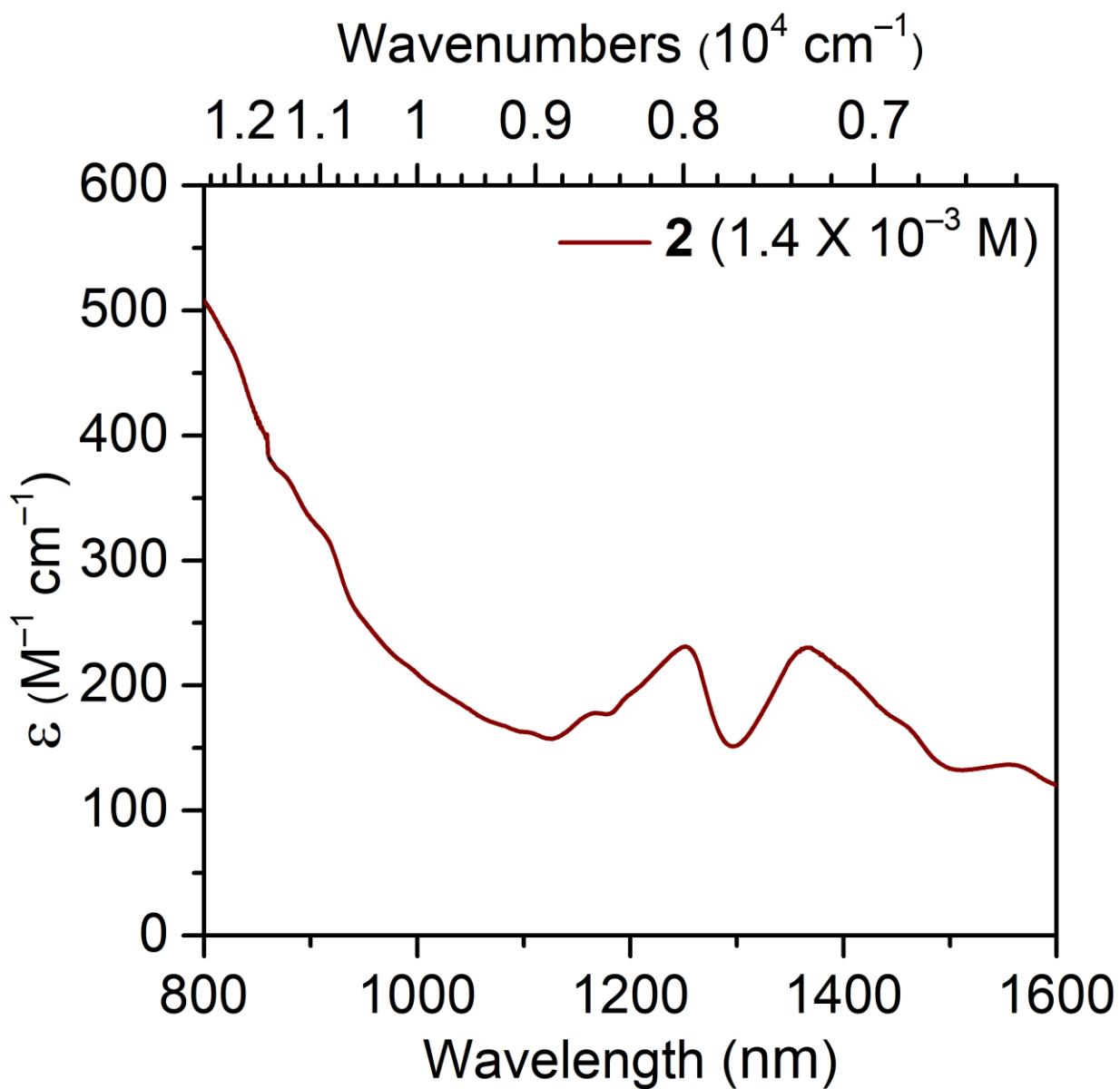
**Figure S48.** Magnification of the UV-Vis spectra of  $[\text{K(crypt-222)}]\text{[U(dbCOT)}_2\text{(THF)}]$ , **3**, taken in 2-MeTHF at  $25.0 \times 10^{-6} \text{ mol/L}$  over the course of six scans.



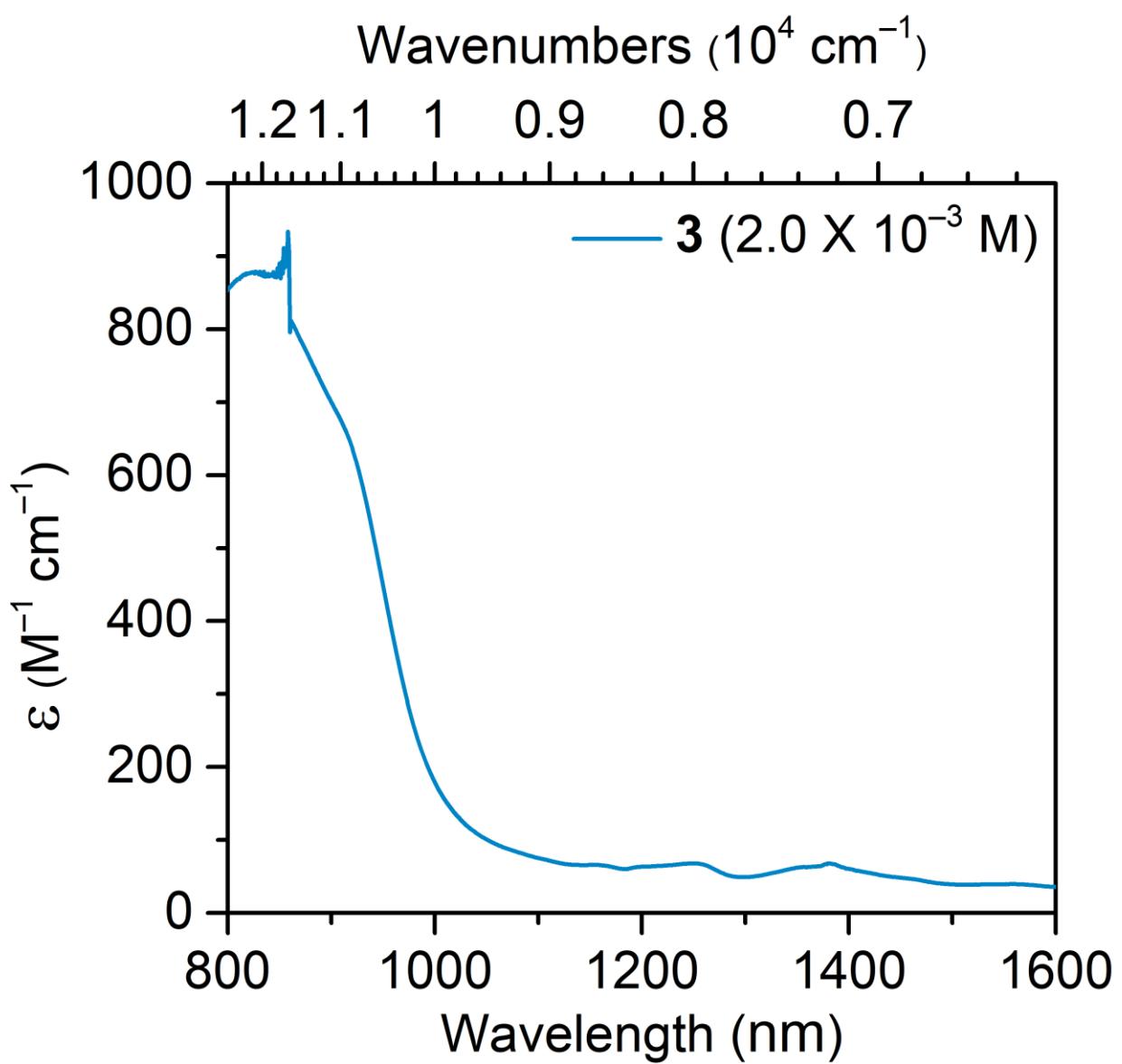
**Figure S49.** UV-Vis spectra of  $[\text{K}(\text{DME})_2][\text{U}(\text{dbCOT})_2]$ , **1** (green line),  $[\text{K}(\text{crypt}-222)][\text{U}(\text{dbCOT})_2]$ , **2** (purple line), and  $[\text{K}(\text{crypt}-222)][\text{U}(\text{dbCOT})_2(\text{THF})]$ , **3** (pink line), taken in 2-MeTHF at  $22.1 \times 10^{-6}$  mol/L,  $28.2 \times 10^{-6}$  mol/L, and  $25.0 \times 10^{-6}$  mol/L, respectively.



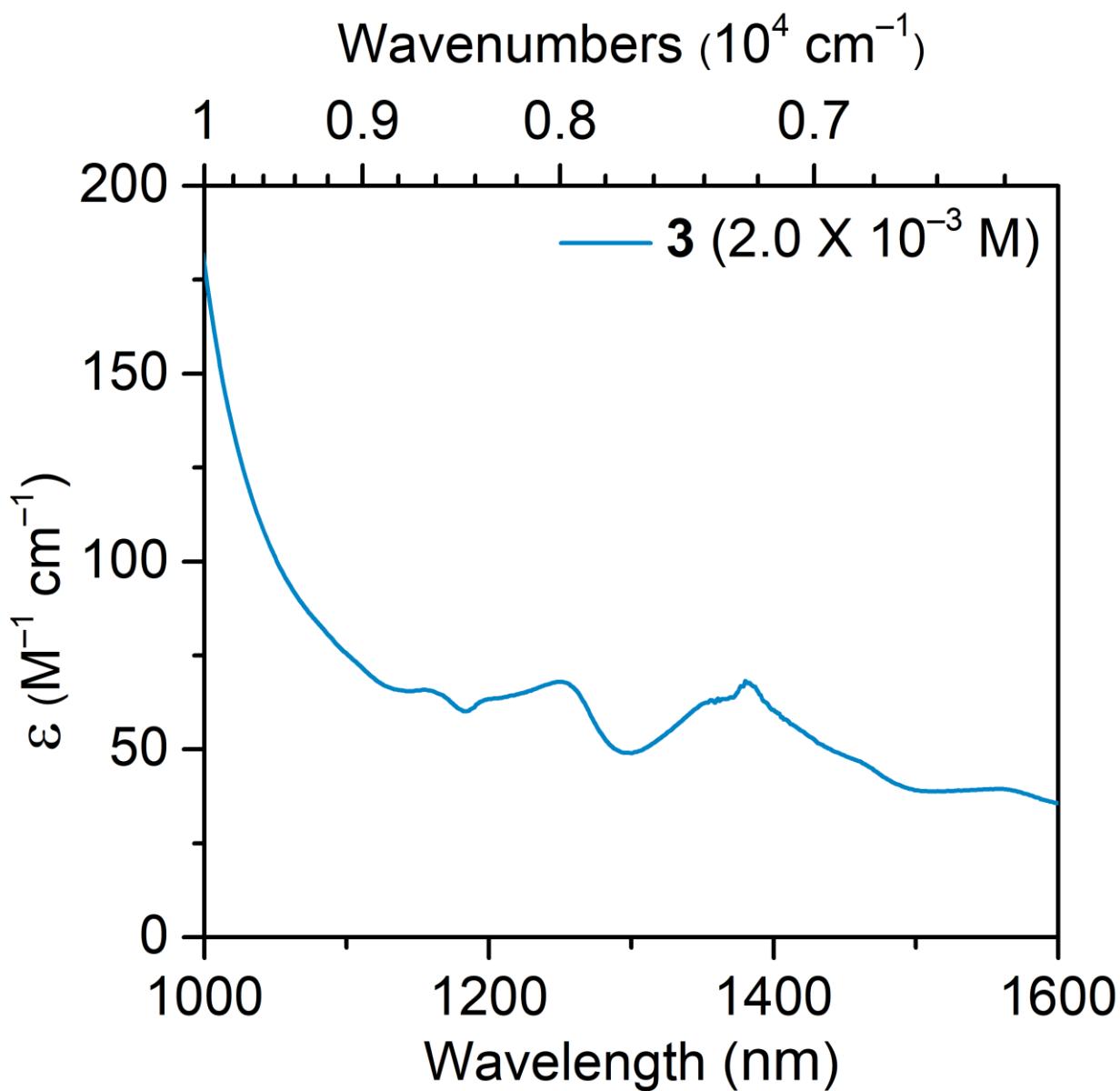
**Figure S50.** NIR spectrum of  $[\text{K}(\text{DME})_2][\text{U}(\text{dbCOT})_2]$ , **1**, taken in 2-MeTHF at  $5.1 \times 10^{-3}$  mol/L.



**Figure S51.** NIR spectrum of  $[\text{K(crypt-222)}][\text{U(dbCOT)}_2]$ , **2**, taken in 2-MeTHF at  $1.4 \times 10^{-3} \text{ mol/L}$ .

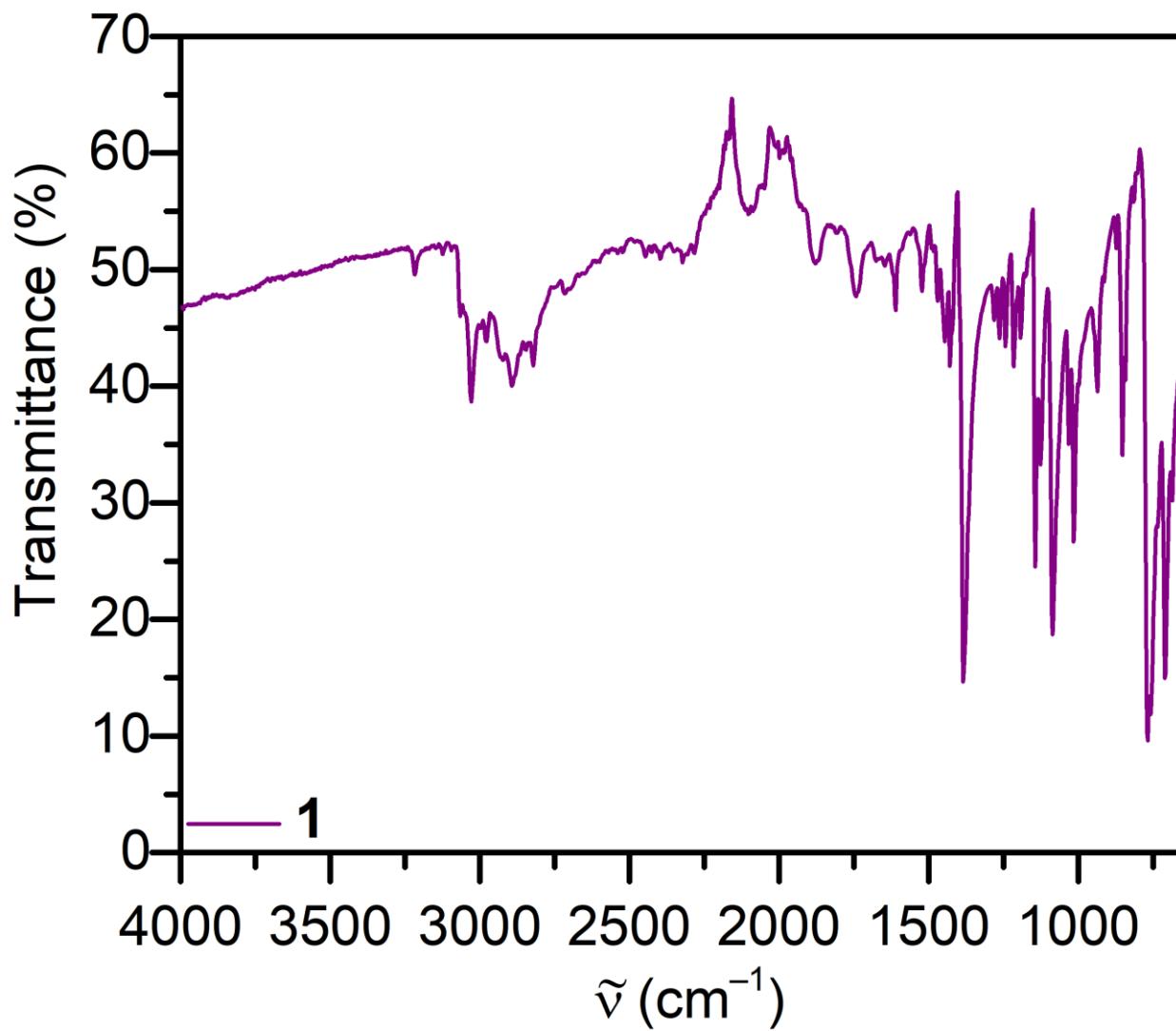


**Figure S52.** NIR spectrum of  $[\text{K(crypt-222)}][\text{U(dbCOT)}_2(\text{THF})]$ , **3**, taken in 2-MeTHF at  $2.0 \times 10^{-3} \text{ mol/L}$ .

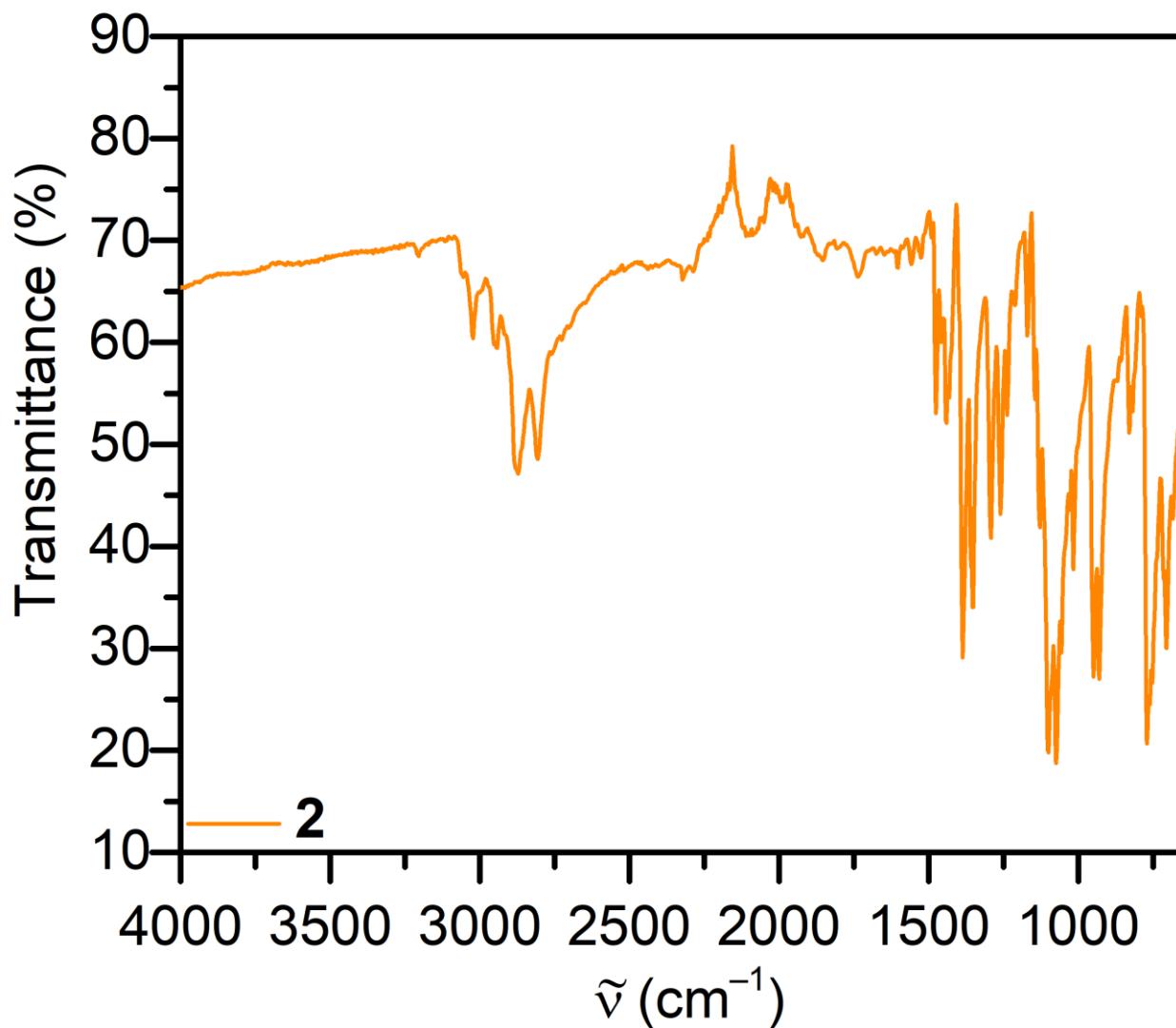


**Figure S53.** Magnification of the NIR spectrum of  $[\text{K(crypt-222)}][\text{U(dbCOT)}_2(\text{THF})]$ , **3**, taken in 2-MeTHF at  $2.0 \times 10^{-3} \text{ mol/L}$ .

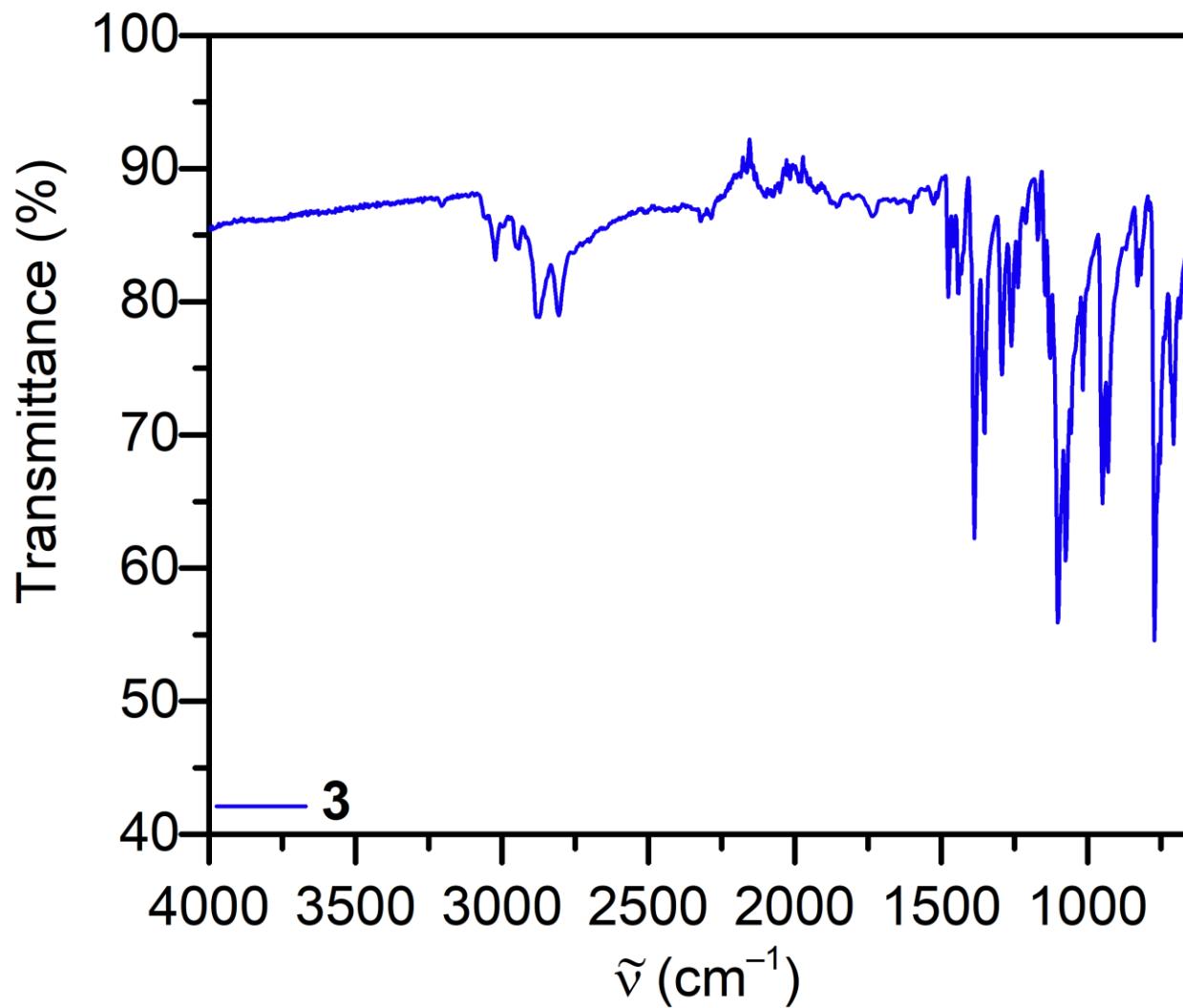
#### 4 IR Spectroscopy



**Figure S54.** FTIR spectrum of  $[\text{K}(\text{DME})_2][\text{U}(\text{dbCOT})_2]$ , **1**, collected on crushed crystalline solids under a nitrogen atmosphere.

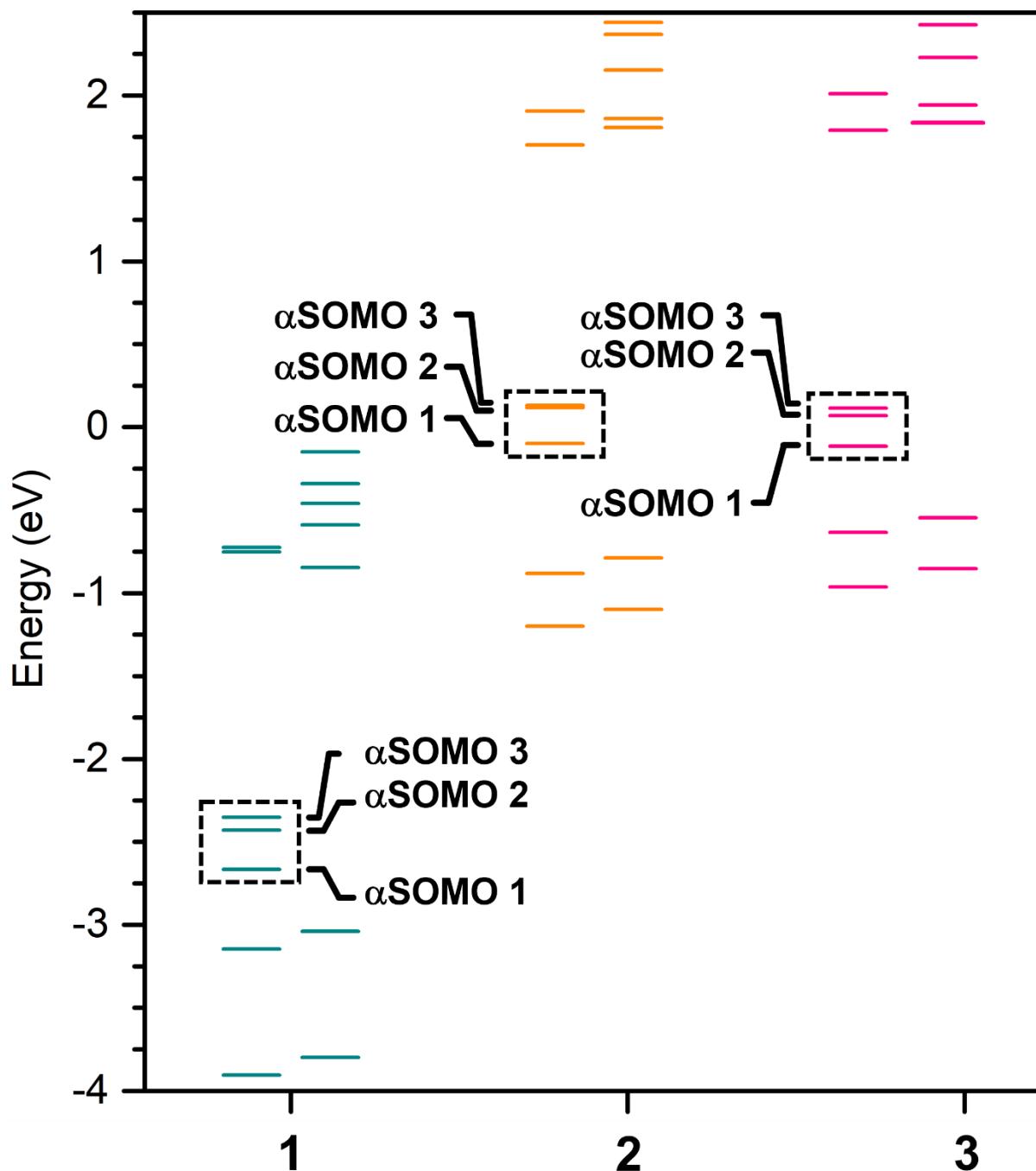


**Figure S55.** FTIR spectrum of  $[\text{K}(\text{crypt-222})]\text{[U(dbCOT)}_2]$ , **2**, collected on crushed crystalline solids under a nitrogen atmosphere.



**Figure S56.** FTIR spectrum of  $[\text{K}(\text{crypt-222})][\text{U}(\text{dbCOT})_2(\text{THF})]$ , **3**, collected on crushed crystalline solids under a nitrogen atmosphere.

## 5 DFT Calculations



**Figure S57.** The calculated frontier alpha ( $\alpha$ ) and beta ( $\beta$ ) spin orbital energies of the optimized structures of  $[K(DME)_2][U(dbCOT)_2]$ , **1** (teal lines), as well as the  $[U(dbCOT)_2]^-$  anions in  $[K(\text{crypt-222})][U(dbCOT)_2]$ , **2** (orange lines), and  $[K(\text{crypt-222})][U(dbCOT)_2(\text{THF})]$ , **3** (pink lines), respectively. The three  $\alpha$ -spin singly occupied molecular orbitals ( $\alpha$ SOMO) are highlighted for each complex. Energy levels are shown to scale.

**Table S5.** Spin polarization difference in the calculated frontier alpha ( $\alpha$ ) and beta ( $\beta$ ) spin orbital energies of the optimized structures of  $[\text{K}(\text{DME})_2][\text{U}(\text{dbCOT})_2]$ , **1**, as well as the  $[\text{U}(\text{dbCOT})_2]^-$  anions in  $[\text{K}(\text{crypt-222})][\text{U}(\text{dbCOT})_2]$ , **2**, and  $[\text{K}(\text{crypt-222})][\text{U}(\text{dbCOT})_2](\text{THF})$ , **3**, respectively.

	Orbital	$\alpha$ SOMO E (eV)	$\beta$ SOMO E (eV)	$\Delta E$
<b>1</b>	$\alpha$ SOMO 1	-2.6649	-0.8452	1.8197
	$\alpha$ SOMO 2	-2.4290	-0.5892	1.8398
	$\alpha$ SOMO 3	-2.3509	-0.4598	1.8911
<b>2</b>	$\alpha$ SOMO 1	-0.0992	1.8068	1.906
	$\alpha$ SOMO 2	0.1171	1.8592	1.7421
	$\alpha$ SOMO 3	0.1295	2.1528	2.0233
<b>3</b>	$\alpha$ SOMO 1	-0.1161	1.8363	1.9524
	$\alpha$ SOMO 2	0.0704	1.9407	1.8703
	$\alpha$ SOMO 3	0.1118	2.2279	2.1161

**Table S6.** Calculated percent contributions of natural bonding orbitals (NBOs) to the parent canonical molecular orbitals in the optimized structure of  $[K(DME)_2][U(dbCOT)_2]$ , 1.

Orbital Number	Orbital Label	NBO Composition	% Contribution
207	$\alpha$ HOMO-4	U (LV)	9.5
		C (LP)	12.7
		C–C (BD*)	38.2
209	$\alpha$ HOMO-2	U (LV)	9.9
		C (LP)	6.3
210	$\alpha$ HOMO-1	C–C (BD)	35.5
		U (LV)	7.4
		C–C (BD)	57.0
211	$\alpha$ HOMO	U (LV)	14.9
		C–C (BD)	27.2
212	$\alpha$ SOMO 1	C–C (BD*)	32.0
		U (LP)	89.7
213	$\alpha$ SOMO 2	U (LP)	85.1
		U (LP)	93.1
215	$\alpha$ LUMO	U (LV)	18.8
		C–C (BD*)	33.0
216	$\alpha$ LUMO+1	C–C (BD*)	51.8
217	$\alpha$ LUMO+1	K (LV)	24.1

BD = bonding orbital; BD\* = antibonding orbital; HOMO = highest occupied molecular orbital; LUMO = lowest unoccupied molecular orbital; LP = lone particle, LV = lone valence; NBO = natural bond orbital; SOMO = singly occupied molecular orbital.

**Table S7.** Calculated percent contributions of natural bonding orbitals (NBOs) to the parent canonical molecular orbitals in the optimized structure of the  $[U(\text{dbCOT})_2]^-$  anion in  $[\text{K}(\text{crypt-222})][\text{U}(\text{dbCOT})_2]$ , **2**.

Orbital Number	Orbital Label	NBO Composition	% Contribution
149	$\alpha\text{HOMO-3}$	U (LV)	10.5
		C–C (BD)	15.5
		C–C (BD*)	32.8
150	$\alpha\text{HOMO-2}$	U (LV)	8.0
		C–C (BD)	16.7
		C–C (BD*)	30.2
151	$\alpha\text{HOMO-1}$	U (LV)	8.8
		C–C (BD)	43.5
		C–C (BD*)	12.7
152	$\alpha\text{HOMO}$	U (LV)	14.6
		C–C (BD)	16.1
		C–C (BD*)	15.4
153	$\alpha\text{SOMO 1}$	U (LP)	91.6
154	$\alpha\text{SOMO 2}$	U (LP)	85.5
155	$\alpha\text{SOMO 3}$	U (LP)	90.2
156	$\alpha\text{LUMO}$	U (LV)	19.4
		C–C (BD*)	36.9
157	$\alpha\text{LUMO+1}$	U (LV)	24.3
		C–C (BD*)	23.7

BD = bonding orbital; BD\* = antibonding orbital; HOMO = highest occupied molecular orbital; LUMO = lowest unoccupied molecular orbital; LP = lone particle, LV = lone valence; NBO = natural bond orbital; SOMO = singly occupied molecular orbital.

**Table S8.** Calculated percent contributions of natural bonding orbitals (NBOs) to the parent canonical molecular orbitals in the optimized structure of the  $[U(\text{dbCOT})_2(\text{THF})]^-$  anion in  $[\text{K}(\text{crypt-222})][U(\text{dbCOT})_2(\text{THF})]$ , 3.

Orbital Number	Orbital Label	NBO Composition	% Contribution
169	$\alpha\text{HOMO-3}$	U (LV)	6.4
		C (LP)	6.4
		C–C (BD*)	46.7
171	$\alpha\text{HOMO-1}$	U (LV)	6.9
		C–C (BD)	40.9
172	$\alpha\text{HOMO}$	U (LV)	13.2
		C–C (BD)	32.3
173	$\alpha\text{SOMO 1}$	U (LP)	89.3
174	$\alpha\text{SOMO 2}$	U (LP)	88.5
175	$\alpha\text{SOMO 3}$	U (LP)	87.8
176	$\alpha\text{LUMO}$	U (LV)	10.6
		C–C (BD*)	47.0
177	$\alpha\text{LUMO+1}$	C–C (BD*)	60.0

BD = bonding orbital; BD\* = antibonding orbital; HOMO = highest occupied molecular orbital; LUMO = lowest unoccupied molecular orbital; LP = lone particle, LV = lone valence; NBO = natural bond orbital; SOMO = singly occupied molecular orbital.

**Table S9.** Calculated percent contributions of atomic orbitals to the natural bonding orbitals (NBOs) in the optimized structures of  $[\text{K}(\text{DME})_2][U(\text{dbCOT})_2]$ , 1, as well as the  $[U(\text{dbCOT})_2]^-$  and  $[U(\text{dbCOT})_2(\text{THF})]^-$  anions in  $[\text{K}(\text{crypt-222})][U(\text{dbCOT})_2]$ , 2, and  $[\text{K}(\text{crypt-222})][U(\text{dbCOT})_2(\text{THF})]$ , 3, respectively.

	NBO	Occupancy	% Composition
1	U (LP 1)	0.98029	s (0.04%), p (1.02%), d (0.35%), f (98.59%)
	U (LP 2)	0.96538	s (0.00%), p (0.49%), d (0.08%), f (99.43%)
	U (LP 3)	0.89198	s (0.06%), p (0.34%), d (0.04%), f (99.62%)
2	U (LP 1)	0.95471	s (0.09%), p (0.53%), d (0.58%), f (98.80%)
	U (LP 2)	0.94653	s (0.01%), p (0.34%), d (0.13%), f (99.52%)
	U (LP 3)	0.93561	s (0.00%), p (0.21%), d (0.20%), f (99.59%)
3	U (LP 1)	0.97384	s (0.60%), p (0.12%), d (2.32%), f (96.96%)
	U (LP 2)	0.94997	s (0.00%), p (0.14%), d (0.28%), f (99.58%)
	U (LP 3)	0.94454	s (0.06%), p (0.00%), d (0.51%), f (99.43%)

LP = lone particle.