MagneticFieldEnhancesInterfacialElectronRedistributiontoPromoteMagnetoelectrocatalyticHydrogenEvolution

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Supplementary Methods

Chemicals and materials

Ammonium molybdate tetrahydrate ($(NH_4)_6Mo_7O_{24}\cdot 4H_2O$), ferric chloride hexahydrate (FeCl₃·6H₂O), Cetyltrimethylammonium bromide (CTAB), melamine (C₃H₆N₆), potassium hydroxide (KOH), and ethanol (C₂H₅OH) were purchased from Aladdin company, (Shanghai, China). The above chemicals were used as received.



Fig. S1 Top and side views of the Mo $_2C$ (a), Fe $_3C$ (b), and Mo $_2C/Fe_3C$ (c).



Fig. S2 SEM images of Mo₂C.



Fig. S3 SEM images of Mo₂C/Fe₃C-1:1 and corresponding element mappings.



Fig. S4 SEM images of Mo₂C/Fe₃C-2:1 (a-b) and Mo₂C/Fe₃C-1:2 (c-d).



Fig. S5 Cyclic voltammetry curves of Mo_2C (a), Fe_3C (b), $Mo_2C/Fe_3C-2:1$ (c), $Mo_2C/Fe_3C-1:1$ (d), and $Mo_2C/Fe_3C-1:2$ (e) at different scanning rates.



Fig. S6 (a-b) SEM images of Mo₂C/Fe₃C-1:1 after the stability test.



Fig. S7 Electron transition of Fe from the low to high spin.

Table S1 Values of resistance (Rs), and charge transfer resistance (Rct) obtained after fitting the

Electrocatalysts	$R_s(\Omega)$	$R_{ct}(\Omega)$	
Mo ₂ C	1.16	11.92	
Fe ₃ C	1.27	76.12	
$Mo_2C/Fe_3C-1:2$	1.08	4.69	
$Mo_2C/Fe_3C-1:1$	1.56	1.25	
$Mo_2C/Fe_3C-2:1$	1.14	3.28	

Nyquist plots determined on different samples.