Supporting Information

A high phase transition temperature organic-inorganic Sn(IV)-

based metal halide designed by applying amino positional

isomerism to the cation

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Experiment Section

Sample preparation. *n*-Butylamine, *sec*-butylamine, SnCl₄ and hydrochloric acid are commercially available and do not require further purification. To the mixed solution of *n*-butylamine (10 mmol, 0.73 g) and 10 mL of hydrochloric acid, SnCl₄ (5 mmol, 1.30 g) was added. The mixture was stirred until a clear solution was obtained. After slow evaporation for one week at 323 K, colorless [NBA]₂SnCl₆ crystals were collected with a yield of 90%. Following a similar synthesis procedure as for [NBA]₂SnCl₆, SnCl₄ (5 mmol, 1.30 g) was added to the mixed solution of *sec*-butylamine (10 mmol, 0.73 g) and 10 mL of hydrochloric acid. The mixture was stirred until the solution was completely clear. After slow evaporation for one week at 323 K, colorless [SBA]₂SnCl₆ crystals [SBA]₂SnCl₆ crystals were collected with a yield of 90%.

Single crystal X-ray diffraction and PXRD measurement. The single-crystal diffraction data of [NBA]₂SnCl₆ and [SBA]₂SnCl₆ were collected on Rigaku Oxford Diffraction XtaLAB Synergy X-ray diffractometer with *Cu*-K α radiation ($\lambda = 1.54184$ Å). We used the Crystal Clear software package to process the data. The crystal structures were solved by using the *SHELXLTL* software package. All the non-hydrogen atoms were refined anisotropically and the H atoms were placed at their geometrically calculated positions. PXRD measurement was performed on a Rigaku SmartLab X-ray diffractometer, with a step size of 0.02°.

Measurement methods. The IR spectra of [NBA]₂SnCl₆ and [SBA]₂SnCl₆ in KBr pellets were recorded on a Shimadzu IR Prestige-21 instrument at room temperature and DSC experiments were carried out on PerkinElmer DSC 6000. The measurements were performed at a heating and cooling rate of 20 K min⁻¹ under the protection of N₂. TGA measurement was performed on the PerkinElmer TGA 8000 in the temperature range of 300 K to 1000 K with a heating rate of 30 K min⁻¹ under N₂ atmosphere. The real part (*ε*') of complex permittivity was measured on a Tonghui TH2828A impedance analyzer under the frequency of 1 MHz. The measuring AC voltage was 1 V. Silver conduction paste deposited on pressed powder pellet surfaces was used as the electrodes. Ultraviolet-visible (UV-vis) absorption spectrum data was obtained by using Shimadzu (Tokyo, Japan) UV-3600 Plus spectrophotometer with an ISR-2600 Plus integrating sphere operating from 200 nm to 800 nm at room temperature.



Fig. S1. PXRD measurement and simulation patterns of $[NBA]_2SnCl_6$ (a) and $[SBA]_2SnCl_6$ (b) at 298 K.



Fig. S2. IR spectra of $[NBA]_2SnCl_6$ (a) and $[SBA]_2SnCl_6$ (b).



Fig. S3. Packing view of the crystal structure of $[NBA]_2SnCl_6$ (a) and $[SBA]_2SnCl_6$ (b) at 298 K along the *a*-axis. Hydrogen atoms are omitted for clarity. The chemical bonds highlighted in red represent the disordered part.



Fig. S4. DSC curves of [NBA]₂SnCl₆ (a) and [SBA]₂SnCl₆ (b).



Fig. S5. The TGA curves of [NBA]₂SnCl₆ (a) and [SBA]₂SnCl₆ (b).



Fig. S6. Temperature dependence of the dielectric real part (ε ') of [NBA]₂SnCl₆ (a) and [SBA]₂SnCl₆ (b) at 1 kHz, 10 kHz, 100 kHz upon cooling.



Fig. S7. Basic unit (a) and packing view (b) of the crystal structure of $[NBA]_2SnCl_6$ at 173 K. Some hydrogen atoms are omitted for clarity.



Fig. S8. Basic unit (a) and packing view (b) of the crystal structure of $[SBA]_2SnCl_6$ at 443 K. Some hydrogen atoms are omitted for clarity. The chemical bonds highlighted in orange represent the disordered part.



Fig. S9. Packing view of the crystal structure of $[NBA]_2SnCl_6$ (a) at 173 K and $[SBA]_2SnCl_6$ (b) at 443 K along the *b*-axis. Some hydrogen atoms are omitted for clarity. The chemical bonds highlighted in orange represent the disordered part.



Fig. S10. Basic unit of [NBA]₂SnCl₆ at 443 K. Some hydrogen atoms are omitted for clarity.



Fig. S11. Basic unit of $[SBA]_2SnCl_6$ at 173 K. Some hydrogen atoms are omitted for clarity. The chemical bonds highlighted in red represent the disordered part.



Fig. S12. The quadrilateral void formed by four nearest-neighbor Sn atoms in $[NBA]_2SnCl_6$ (a) and $[SBA]_2SnCl_6$ (b) at 298 K. The numbers (Å) indicate the distances between adjacent Sn atoms. Some hydrogen atoms are omitted for clarity.



Fig. S13. Hydrogen bond interaction between anions and cations of [NBA]₂SnCl₆ (a) and [SBA]₂SnCl₆ (b) at 298 K. Some hydrogen atoms are omitted for clarity. The chemical bonds highlighted in red represent the disordered part.



Fig. S14. Plot of $(hv \cdot F(\mathbf{R}_{\infty}))^2$ vs. hv for determination of direct band gap of $[NBA]_2SnCl_6$ and $[SBA]_2SnCl_6$.

	[NBA] ₂ SnCl ₆			[SBA] ₂ SnCl ₆		
Temperature	173 K	298 K	443 K	173 K	298 K	443 K
Weight	479.68	479.68	479.68	479.68	479.68	479.68
Crystal system	Monoclinic	Orthorhombic	Orthorhombic	Orthorhombic	Orthorhombic	Orthorhombic
Space group	$P2_{1}/n$	Pnma	Pnma	Pnma	Pnma	Cmca
a/Å	7.1876(2)	12.2341(2)	12.3988(6)	12.5723(2)	12.6465(3)	7.4642(9)
<i>b</i> /Å	12.1044(3)	7.3350(1)	7.4445(4)	7.25440(10)	7.3518(1)	12.5882(16)
$c/\text{\AA}$	21.6094(5)	21.4976(4)	21.6749(13)	20.2943(3)	20.4097(5)	21.926(4)
$\alpha^{\prime \circ}$	90	90	90	90	90	90
$\beta/^{\circ}$	92.298(2)	90	90	90	90	90
γ/°	90	90	90	90	90	90
Volume/Å3	1878.54(8)	1929.13(5)	2000.66(19)	1850.93(5)	1897.58(7)	2060.2(5)
Ζ	4	4	4	4	4	4
$R_1 [I > 2\sigma(I)]$	0.0506	0.0718	0.0568	0.0452	0.0470	0.0738
$wR_2 [I \ge 2\sigma(I)]$	0.1733	0.2061	0.1662	0.1222	0.1309	0.2377
GOF	1.091	1.090	1.075	1.065	1.087	1.072

Table S1. The crystal data and structure refinements of $[NBA]_2SnCl_6$ and $[SBA]_2SnCl_6$ at 173 K, 298 K and 443 K.

Table S2. The T_c of some typical OIMH phase transition materials.

Compounds	T _c	References
$(C_8H_{10}ClN)_2SnCl_6$	377 K	1
(S-3-OH-piperidinium) ₂ SnCl ₆	401 K	2
[Br(CH ₂) ₃ NH ₃] ₂ SnCl ₆	284.24 K	3
$[Br(CH_2)_3NH_3]_2SnBr_6$	301.89 K	3
[(CH ₂) ₄ NHCH ₃] ₂ SnBr ₆	352 K	4
[CH ₃ PH ₃]SnI ₃	298 K	5
[2-(H ₃ NCH ₂)(C ₅ H ₄ NH)]SbI ₅	360 K and 390 K	6
(piperidinium) ₂ SbCl ₅	338 K	7
[NH ₃ CH ₂ CH ₂ F] ₃ BiCl ₆	361.5 K	8
[CH ₃ CH ₂ NH ₃] ₂ BiBr ₅	120 K and 160 K	9
CH ₃ NH ₃ PbI ₃	330 K	10
$(4,4-difluorocyclohexylammonium)_2PbI_4$	377 K	11
$[R(S)-N-(1-phenylethyl)ethane-1,2-diaminium]_2PbI_4$	389 K	12
(3-fluorobenzyltrimethylammonium)PbBr ₃	420 K	13
$(C_5NH_{13}Br)_2PbBr_4$	392 K	14
(Trimethyliodomethylammonium)PbCl ₃	345 K and 358 K	15
$[CH_3CH_2NH_3]_4Pb_3Cl_{10}$	415 K	16
[ICH ₂ N(CH ₃) ₃]PbI ₃	312 K	17
$[I(CH_2)_3NH_2CH_3]_2PbI_4$	390 K	18
[((CH ₂) ₂ CF ₂ (CH ₂) ₂)NH ₂] ₂ PbI ₄	428.5 K	19
(N-fluoroethyl-N-methylmorpholine)PbBr ₃	343 K	20

(4,4-difluorocyclohexylammonium) ₂ PbBr ₄	409 K	21
[4,4-difluoropiperidinium] ₂ PbI ₄	428.5 K	22
(2-fluorobenzylammonium) ₂ PbCl ₄	448 K	23
[SBA] ₂ SnCl ₆	430 K	this work

Table S3. Selected bond lengths/Å and bond angles/° for compound $[NBA]_2SnCl_6$ at 298 K.

	Bo	nd lengths	Bond an	gles
298 K	Sn1—Cl1	2.416(1)	Cl1—Sn1—Cl1 ¹	92.39(8)
	Sn1—Cl1 ^I	2.416(1)	Cl1—Sn1—Cl2	88.81(5)
	Sn1—Cl2	2.423(2)	Cl1—Sn1—Cl3 ^I	88.55(6)
	Sn1—Cl3	2.428(1)	Cl1—Sn1—Cl4	91.32(6)
	Sn1—Cl3 ^I	2.428(1)	Cl1 ^I —Sn1—Cl2	88.81(5)
	Sn1—Cl4	2.407(2)	Cl1 ^I —Sn1—Cl3	88.55(6)
			Cl1 ^I —Sn1—Cl4	91.32(6)
			Cl2—Sn1—Cl3	90.17(6)
			Cl2—Sn1—Cl3 ^I	90.17(6)
			Cl3—Sn1—Cl3 ^I	90.49(7)
			Cl3—Sn1—Cl4	89.70(5)
			Cl3 ^I —Sn1—Cl4	89.70(5)

Symmetry code(s): (I) [+x, -1/2-y, +z]

Table S4. The selected hydrogen bond lengths [Å] and bond angles [°] of $[NBA]_2SnCl_6$ at 298 K.

D—H····A	D—H /Å	H····A /Å	D…A /Å	D—H····A /°
N1-H1A····Cl2 ^I	0.890	2.771	3.538	145.11
N1-H1BCl1 ^Ⅱ	0.890	2.874	3.549	133.87
N1-H1CCl1	0.890	2.930	3.549	128.20
N1-H2ACl3 ^{III}	0.890	2.839	3.377	120.30
N2-H2BCl3 ^{IV}	0.890	2.552	3.430	169.14
N2-H2CCl3 ^V	0.890	2.727	3.377	130.80

Symmetry code(s): (I) [-x, -1/2+y, 1-z], (II) [+x, -3/2-y, +z], (III) [+x, -1+y, +z], (IV) [1-x, -1/2+y, 1-z], (V) [+x, -1/2-y, +z]

	Bond lengths		Bond ar	ıgles
298 K	Sn1—Cl1	2.405(1)	Cl1—Sn1—Cl1 ^I	92.05(7)
	Sn1—Cl1 ^I	2.405(1)	Cl1—Sn1—Cl2	89.59(4)
	Sn1—Cl2	2.428(2)	Cl1—Sn1—Cl3 ^I	89.37(5)
	Sn1—Cl3	2.427(1)	Cl1—Sn1—Cl4	91.81(5)
	Sn1—Cl3 ^I	2.427(1)	Cl1 ^I —Sn1—Cl2	89.59(4)
	Sn1—Cl4	2.428(1)	Cl1 ^I —Sn1—Cl3	89.37(5)
			Cl1 ^I —Sn1—Cl4	91.81(5)
			Cl2—Sn1—Cl3	89.95(5)
			Cl2—Sn1—Cl3 ^I	89.95(5)
			Cl3—Sn1—Cl3 ^I	89.19(8)
			Cl3—Sn1—Cl4	88.62(5)
			Cl3 ^I —Sn1—Cl4	88.62(5)

Table S5. Selected bond lengths/Å and bond angles/° for compound $[SBA]_2SnCl_6$ at 298 K.

Symmetry code(s): (I) [+x, 3/2-y, +z]

Table S6. The selected hydrogen bond lengths [Å] and bond angles [°] of $[SBA]_2SnCl_6$ at 298 K.

D—H····A	D—H /Å	H····A /Å	D…A /Å	D—H····A /°
N1-H1A····Cl1 ^I	0.890	2.926	3.533	126.98
N1-H1BCl1	0.890	2.910	3.533	152.03
N1-H1CCl1 ^Ⅱ	0.890	2.710	3.587	128.47
N1-H2ACl3 ^{III}	0.890	2.614	3.322	137.17
N2-H2BCl3 ^{IV}	0.890	2.541	3.405	163.90
N2-H2CCl3 ^V	0.890	2.681	3.322	129.75

Symmetry code(s): (I) [+x, 5/2-y, +z], (II) [2-x, -1/2+y, 1-z], (III) [+x, 7/2-y, +z], (IV) [1-x, -1/2+y, 1-z], (V) [+x, -1+y, +z]

Table S7. Selected bond lengths/Å and bond angles/° for compound $[NBA]_2SnCl_6$ at 173 K.

	Bond lengths		Bond ar	ıgles
173 K	Sn1—Cl1	2.434(2)	Cl1—Sn1—Cl2	88.95(6)
	Sn1—Cl2	2.420 (2)	Cl1—Sn1—Cl4	90.43(6)
	Sn1—Cl3	2.422(2)	Cl1—Sn1—Cl5	89.77(6)
	Sn1—Cl4	2.429(2)	Cl1—Sn1—Cl6	90.20(6)
	Sn1—Cl5	2.418(2)	Cl2—Sn1—Cl3	91.87(6)
	Sn1—Cl6	2.433(2)	Cl2—Sn1—Cl5	90.88(6)
			Cl2—Sn1—Cl6	88.72(6)
			Cl3—Sn1—Cl4	88.74(6)
			Cl3—Sn1—Cl5	90.79(6)
			Cl3—Sn1—Cl6	89.24(6)
			Cl4—Sn1—Cl5	90.20(6)
			Cl4—Sn1—Cl6	90.20(6)

Table S8. Selected bond lengths/Å and bond angles/° for compound $[SBA]_2SnCl_6$ at 443 K.

	Bond lengths		Bond an	gles
443 K	Sn1—Cl1	2.408(3)	Cl1—Sn1—Cl2	91.23(1)
	Sn1—Cl1 ^I	2.408(3)	Cl1—Sn1—Cl2 ^I	88.77(2)
	Sn1—Cl1 ^Ⅱ	2.408(3)	Cl1—Sn1—Cl1 ^I	92.39(2)
	Sn1—Cl1 ^{III}	2.408(3)	Cl1—Sn1—Cl1 ^{II}	92.39(2)
	Sn1—Cl2	2.411(4)	Cl1 ^I —Sn1—Cl2	88.77(2)
	Sn1—Cl2 ^I	2.411(4)	Cl1 ^I —Sn1—Cl2 ^I	91.23(1)
			Cll ^I —Sn1—Cll ^{II}	87.61(2)
			Cll ^I —Sn1—Cll ^{III}	92.39(2)
			Cl1 ^{II} —Sn1—Cl2	91.23(1)
			Cl1 ^{II} —Sn1—Cl2 ^I	88.77(1)
			Cl1 ^{III} —Sn1—Cl2	87.61(2)
			Cl1 ^{III} —Sn1—Cl2 ^I	91.23(1)

Symmetry code(s): (I) [-x, 1-y, -z]; (II) [-x, +y, +z]; (III) [+x, 1-y, 1-z]

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