

Gamma-Induced One-Step Synthesis of Reduced Graphene Oxide-Silver Nanoparticles with Enhanced Properties

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Supporting information

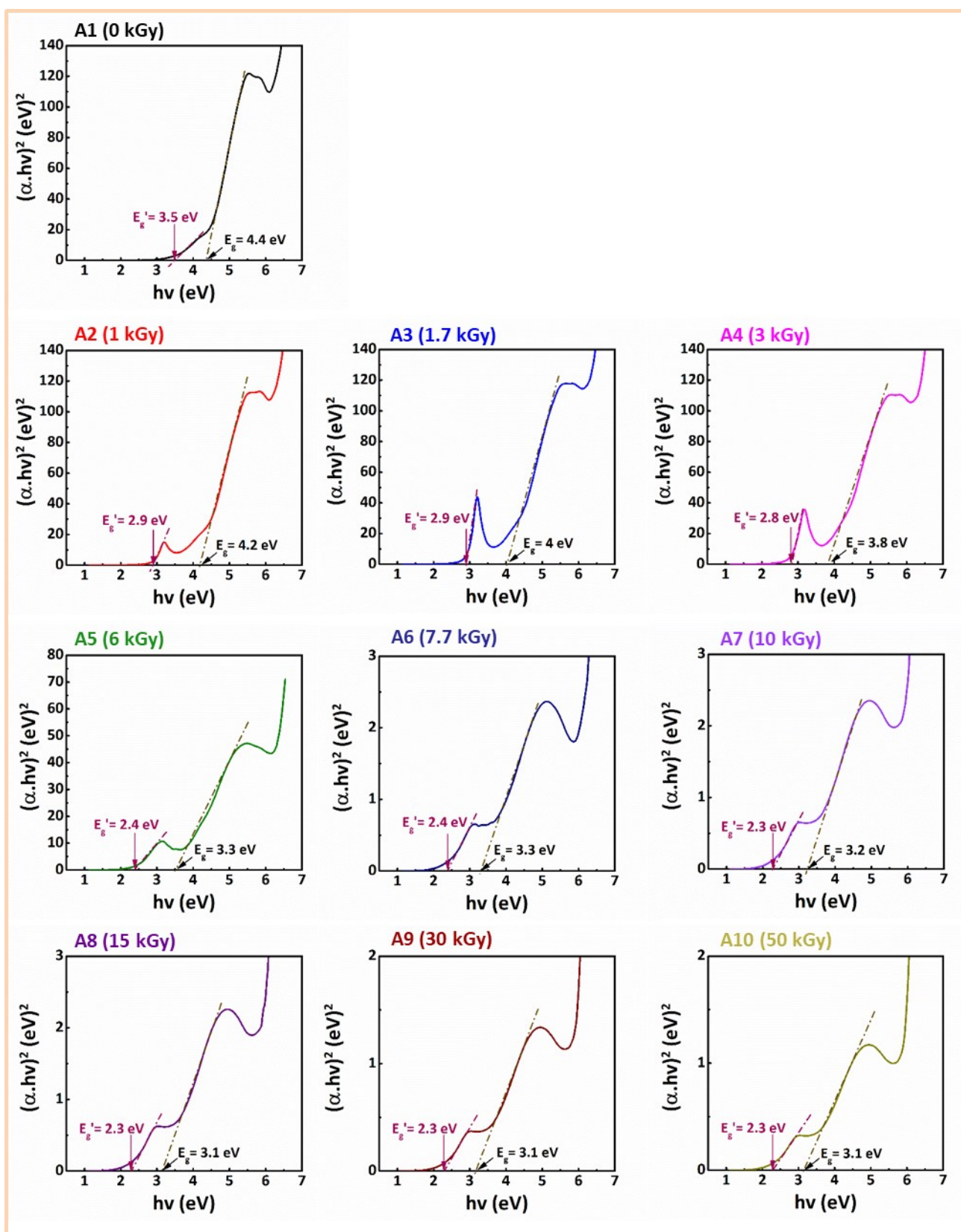


Fig. S1 Tauc plot for the determination of the energy gap from UV-Vis spectra of Series A samples ([OG] = 0.2 g L⁻¹, [IPA] = 0.2 mol L⁻¹, [Ag⁺] = 10⁻³ mol L⁻¹) irradiated at doses ranging from 0 kGy to 50 kGy. The intersection of the linear fit with the x-axis represents the energy gap for each sample. E_g corresponds to the bandgap GO and rGO, while E'_g refers to the bandgap of Ag NPs.

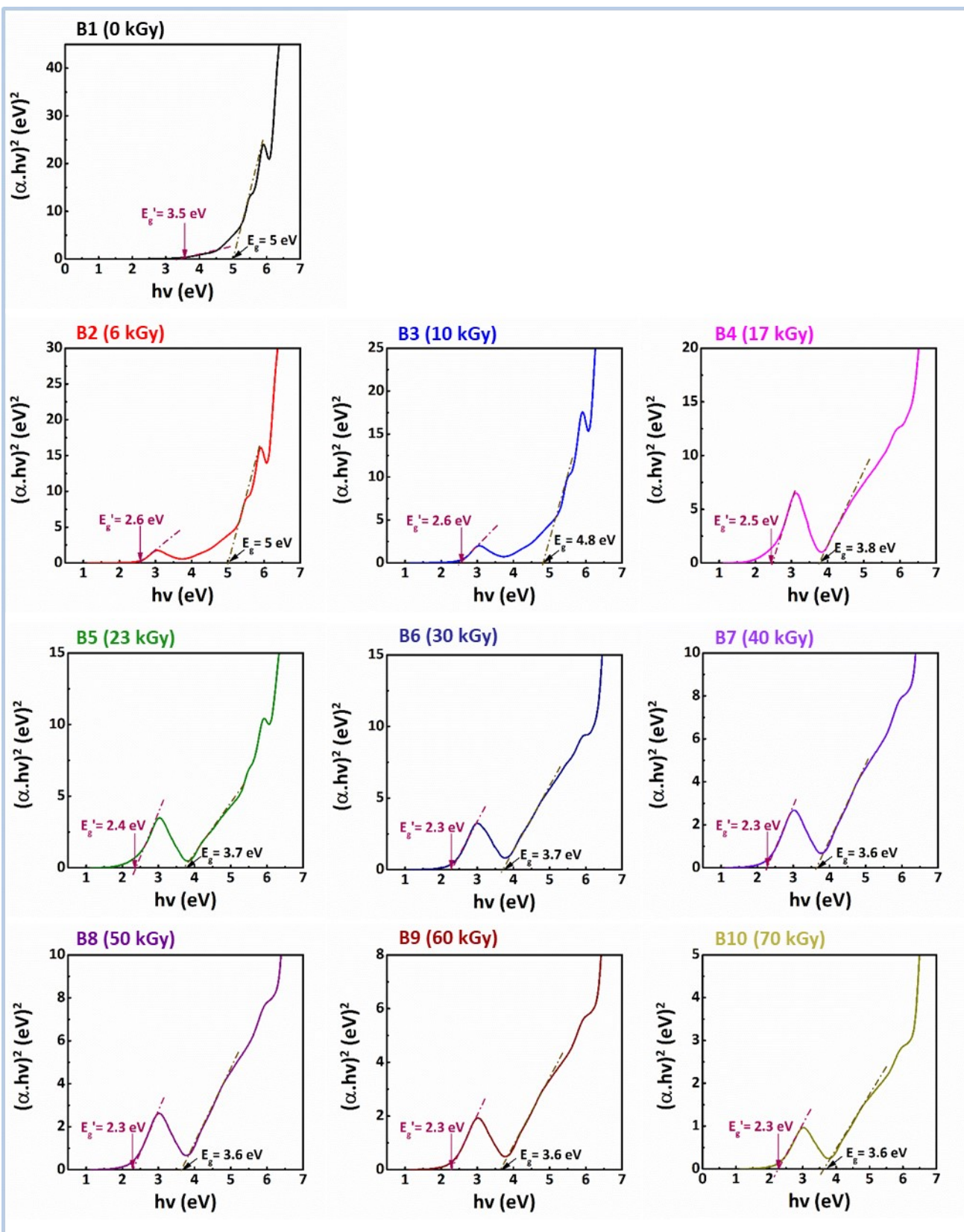


Fig. S2 Tauc plot for the determination of the energy gap (E_g) from UV-Vis spectra of Series B samples ($[OG] = 0.2 \text{ g L}^{-1}$, $[IPA] = 0.2 \text{ mol L}^{-1}$, $[Ag^+] = 10^{-2} \text{ mol L}^{-1}$) irradiated at doses ranging from 0 kGy to 70 kGy. The intersection of the linear fit with the x-axis represents the energy gap for each sample. E_g corresponds to the bandgap GO and rGO, while E'_g refers to the bandgap of Ag NPs.

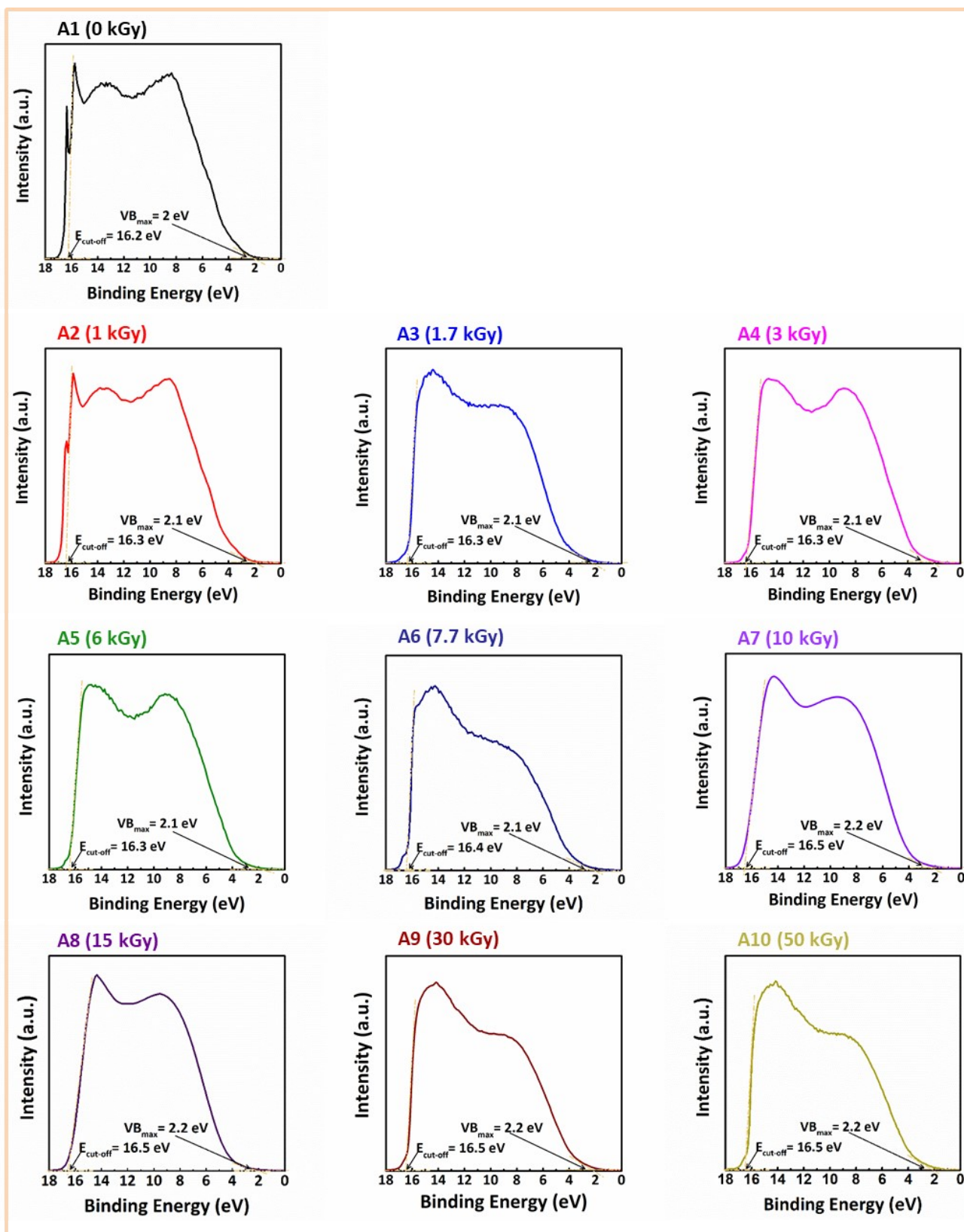


Fig. S3 Evolution of the UPS spectrum obtained using Hel for all samples in Series A containing GO (0.2 g L⁻¹), Ag⁺ (10⁻³ mol L⁻¹), and IPA (0.2 mol L⁻¹), both unirradiated and irradiated at various doses.

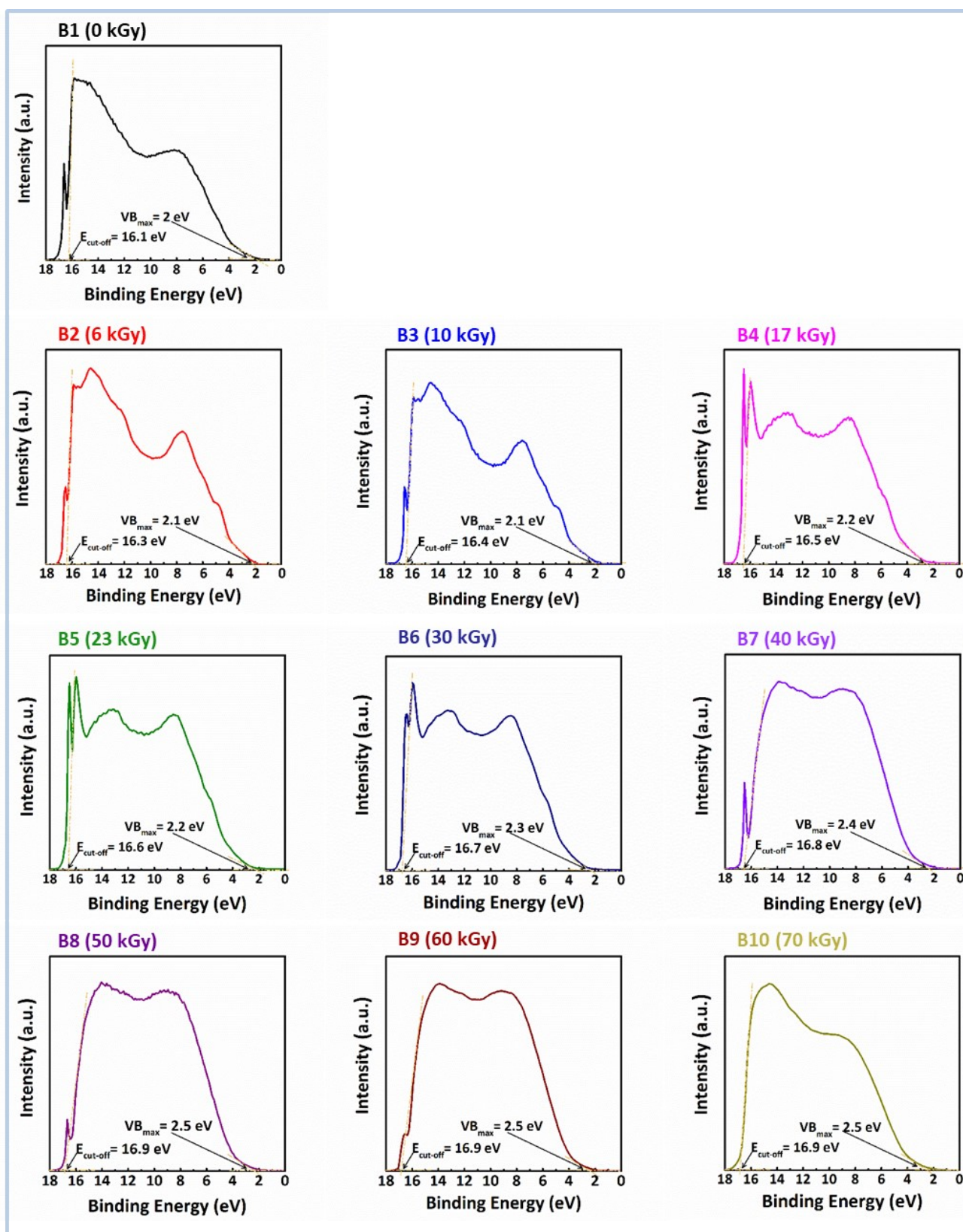


Fig. S4 Evolution of the UPS spectrum obtained using HeI for all samples in Series B containing GO (0.2 g L^{-1}), Ag^+ ($10^{-2} \text{ mol L}^{-1}$), and IPA (0.2 mol L^{-1}), both unirradiated and irradiated at various doses.

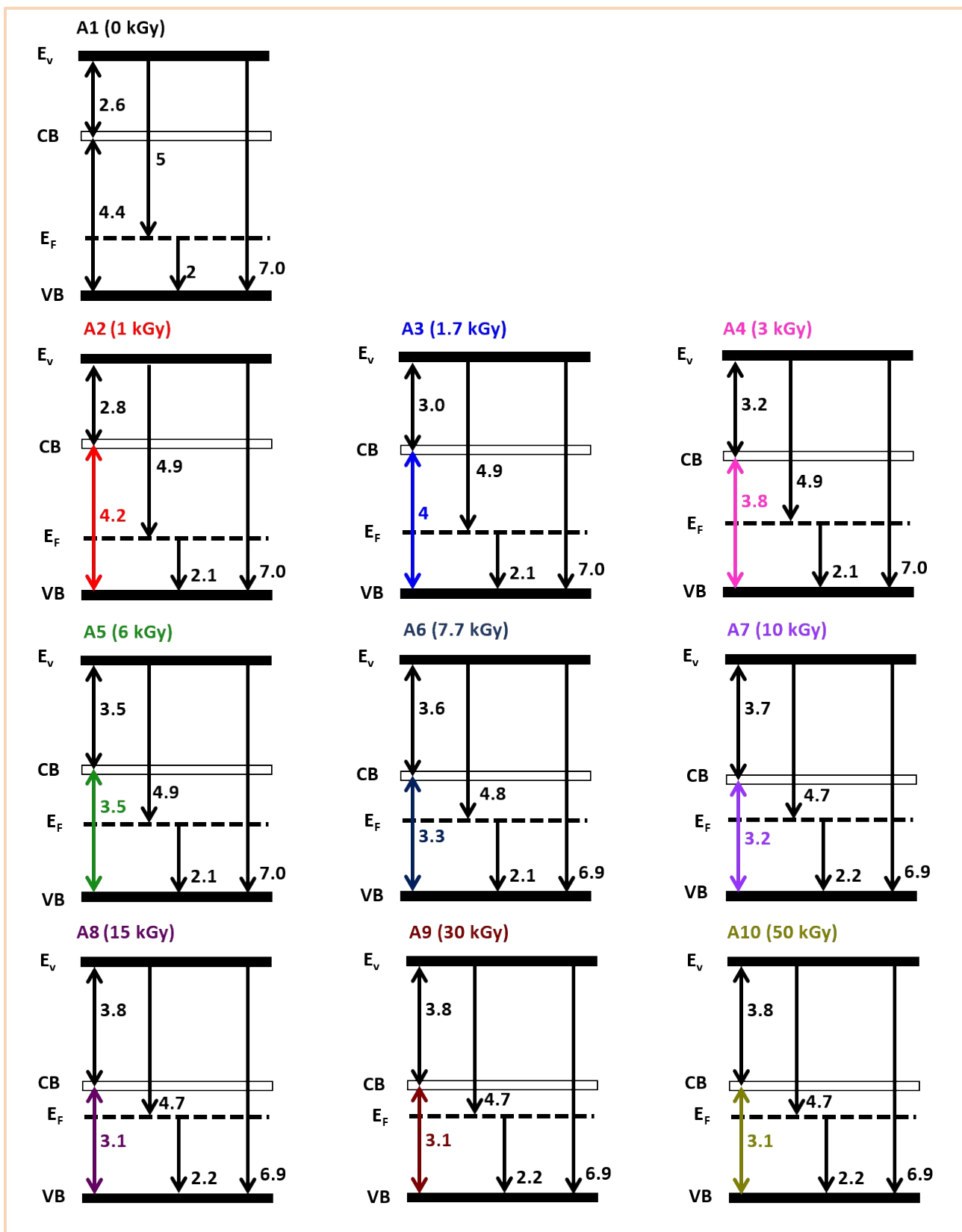


Fig. S5 Band diagrams illustrating the evolution of the band structure of GO (0.2 g L⁻¹)-Ag⁺ (10⁻³ mol L⁻¹) in the presence of isopropanol (0.2 mol L⁻¹) as a function of absorbed dose (Series A).

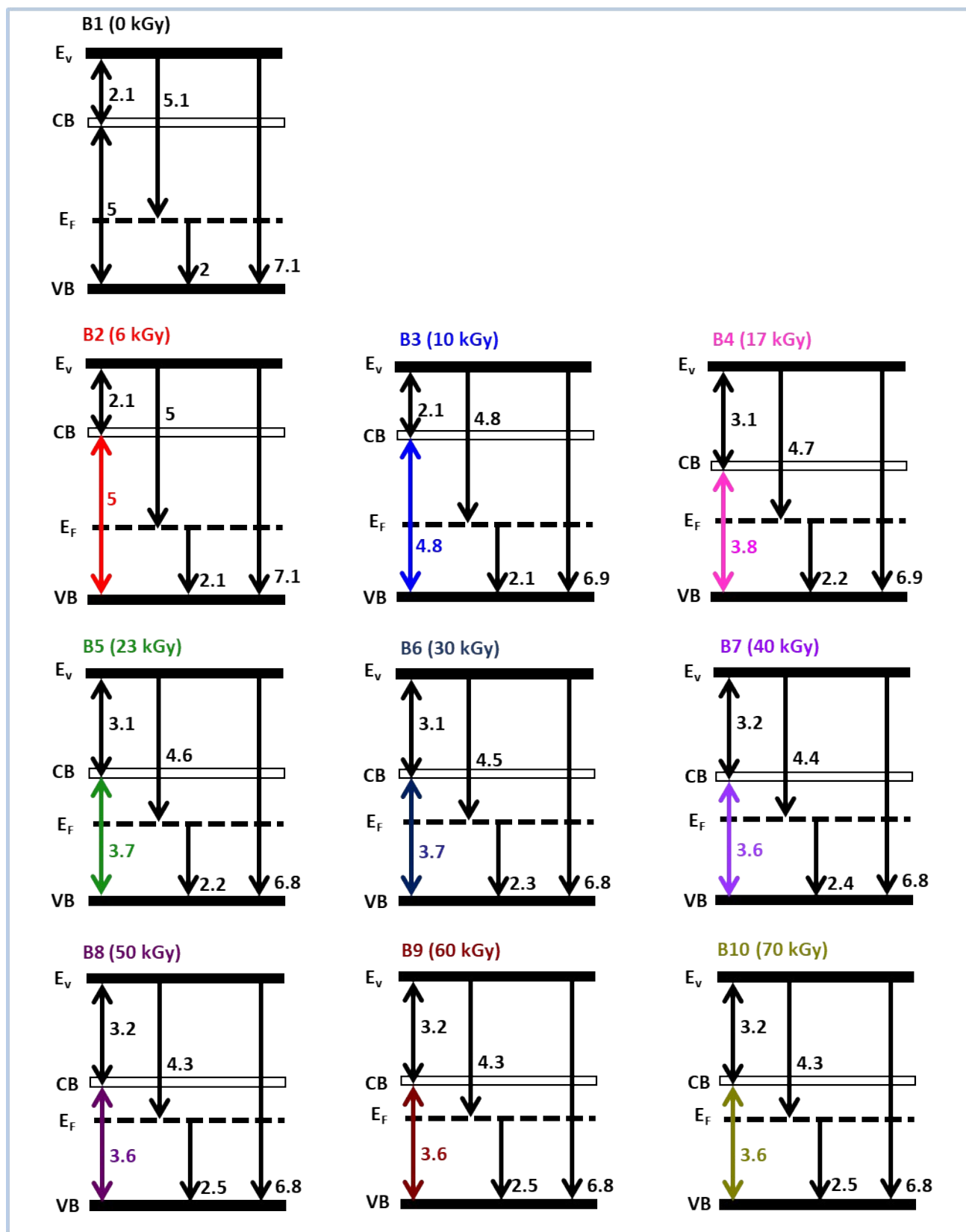


Fig. S6 Band diagrams illustrating the evolution of the band structure of GO (0.2 g L⁻¹)-Ag⁺ (10⁻² mol L⁻¹) in the presence of isopropanol (0.2 mol L⁻¹) as a function of absorbed dose (Series B).

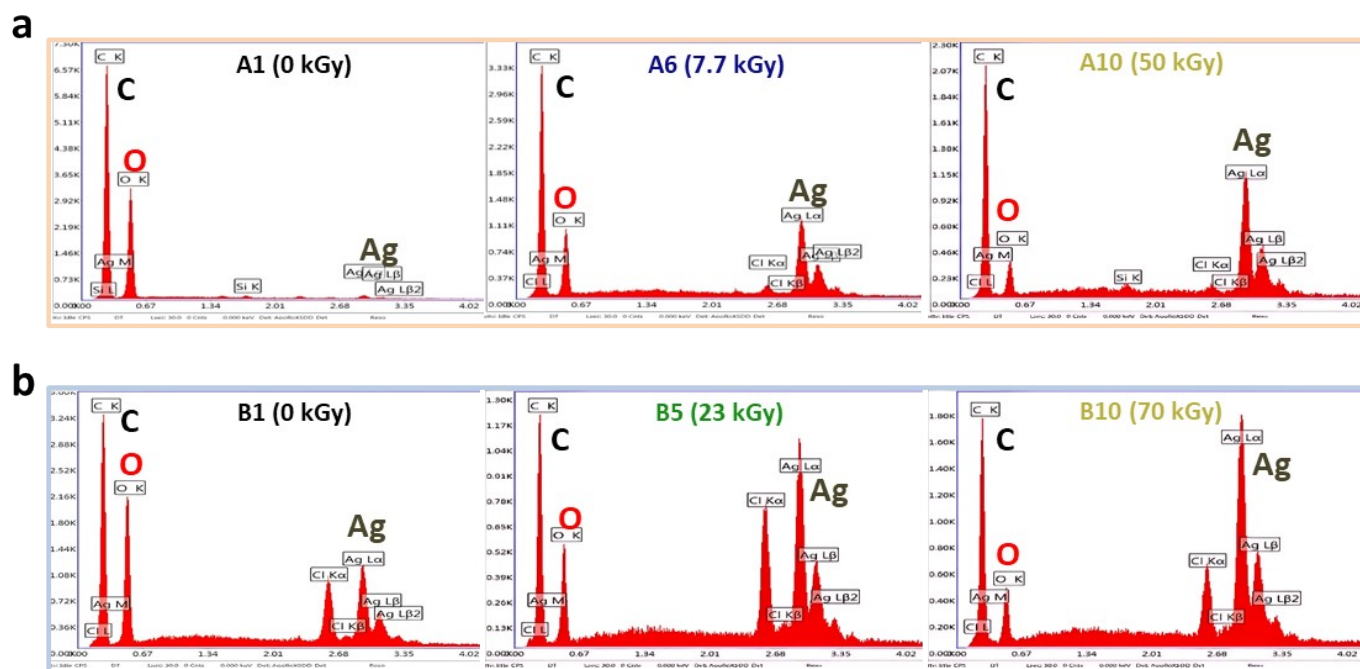


Fig. S7 EDX diagrams of samples containing GO and Ag⁺ before and after irradiation at increasing absorbed doses: a) Series A ([OG] = 0.2 g L⁻¹, [IPA] = 0.2 mol L⁻¹, [Ag⁺] = 10⁻² mol L⁻¹); (b) Series B ([OG] = 0.2 g L⁻¹, [IPA] = 0.2 mol L⁻¹, [Ag⁺] = 10⁻² mol L⁻¹).

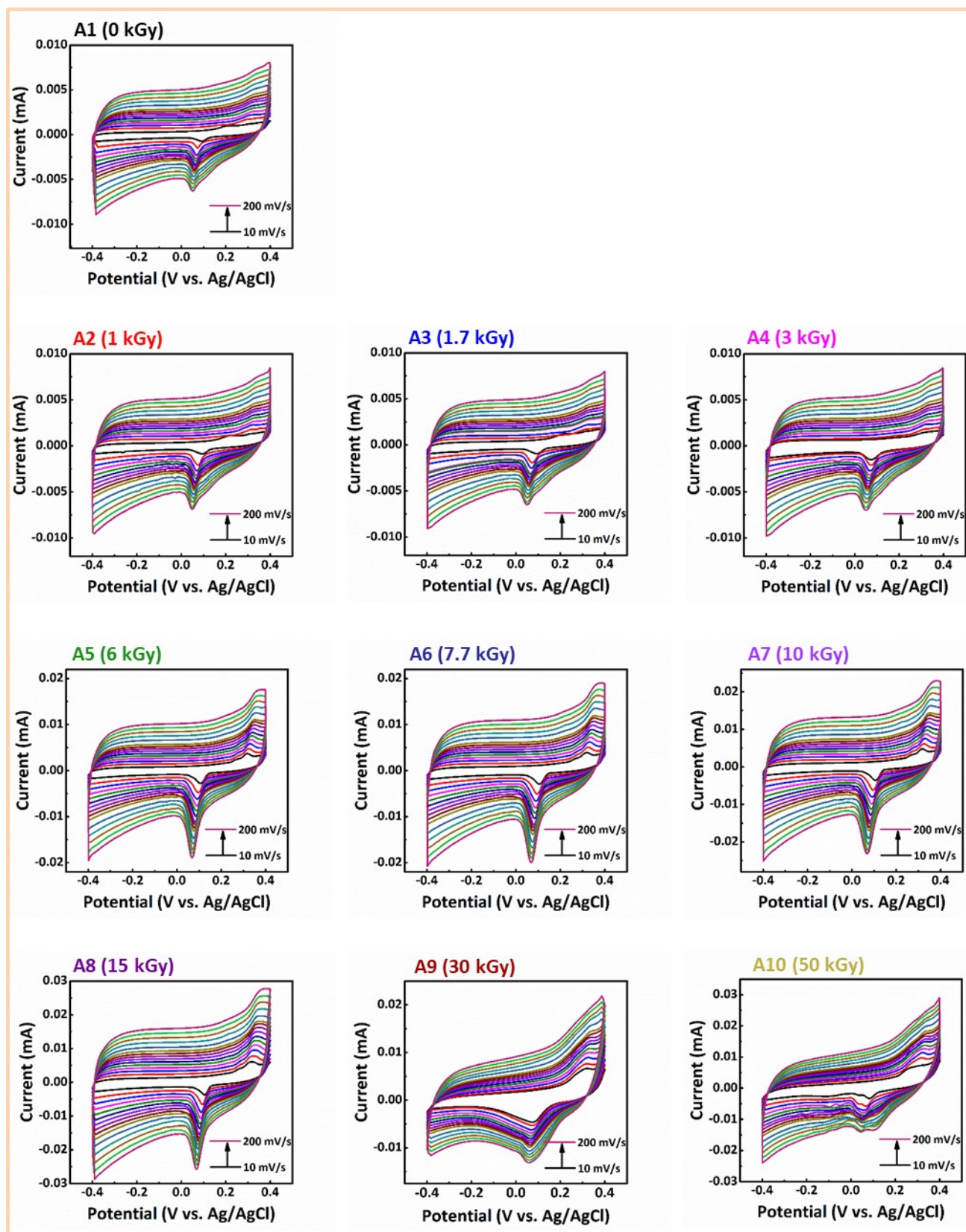


Fig. S8 Cyclic voltammograms at different scan rates (10–200 mV s^{-1}) in 0.1 M KOH electrolyte for non-irradiated and irradiated GO-Ag⁺ at different doses (Series A, [OG] = 0.2 g L^{-1} , [IPA] = 0.2 mol L^{-1} , [Ag⁺] = 10^{-3} mol L^{-1}).

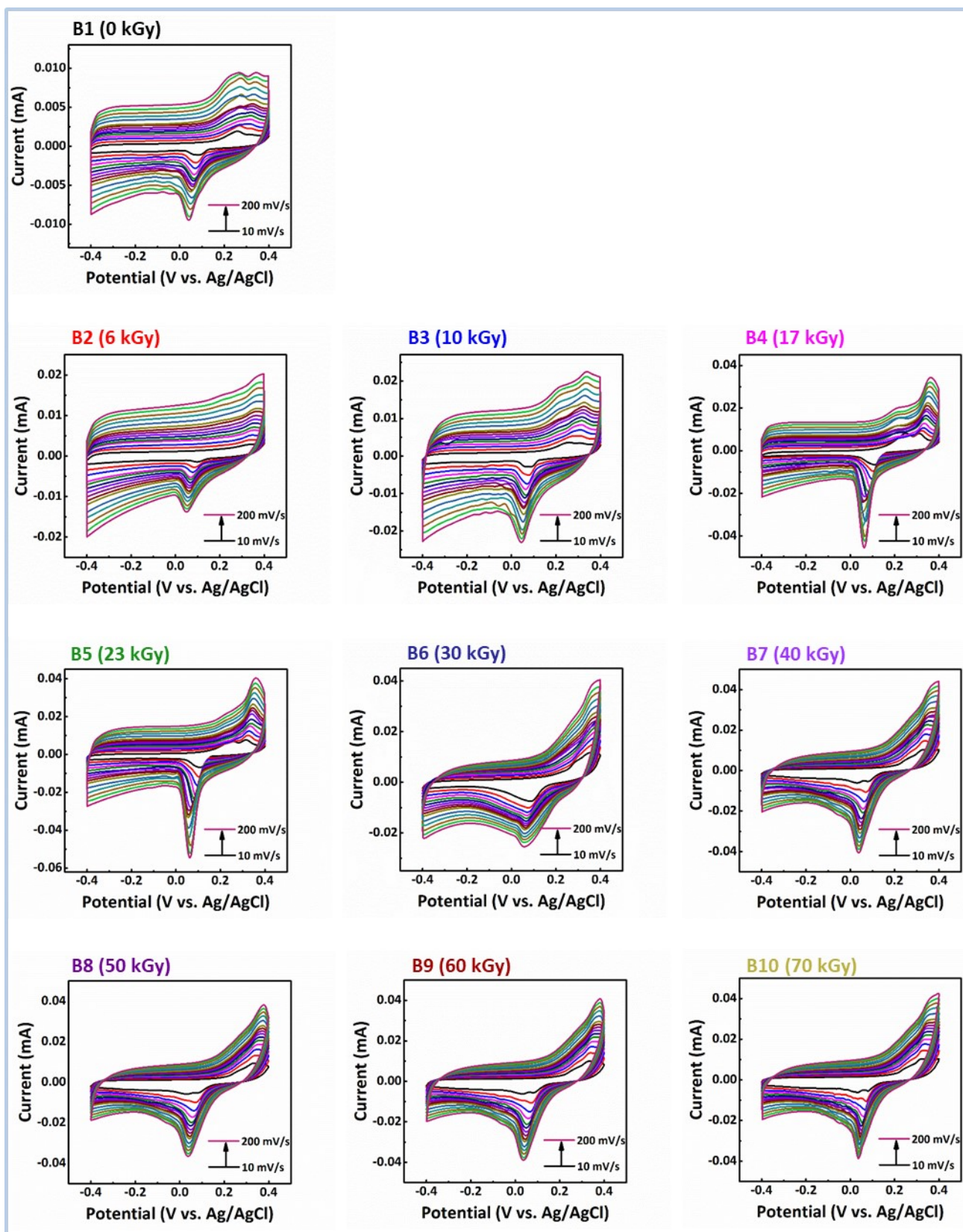


Fig. S9 Cyclic voltammograms at different scan rates (10-200 mV s^{-1}) in 0.1 M KOH electrolyte for non-irradiated and irradiated GO- Ag^+ at different doses (SeriesB, $[\text{OG}] = 0.2 \text{ g L}^{-1}$, $[\text{IPA}] = 0.2 \text{ mol L}^{-1}$, $[\text{Ag}^+] = 10^{-2} \text{ mol L}^{-1}$).