## **Supporting Information**

## Visible-Light-Induced Palladium-Catalyzed formal [3+3] Cyclization of 2-Iodophenols and Cyclopropenes

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#### **General Information**

Unless otherwise noted, all reactions were carried out under nitrogen atmosphere, reagents and solvents were obtained from commercial suppliers and were used without further purification. Pd catalysts and ligands are commercially available and purchased from Adamas unless otherwise state. Analytical TLC: aluminum backed plates precoated (0.25 mm) with Merck Silica Gel GF-254. Column chromatography purifications were carried out using 200-300 mesh silica gel. Melting points were measured using open glass capillaries in a SGW® X-4A apparatus. <sup>1</sup>H and <sup>13</sup>C spectra were recorded on a 400 MHz JEOL (100 MHz for <sup>13</sup>C NMR) spectrometer at ambient temperature. Chemical shift are reported in ppm from TMS with the solvent resonance as internal standard (CDCl<sub>3</sub>: <sup>1</sup>H NMR:  $\delta$  7.26; <sup>13</sup>C NMR:  $\delta$  77.0). Coupling constants are reported in Hz with multiplicities denoted as s (singlet), d (doublet), t (triplet), q (quartet), dd (doublet of doublets), td (triplet of doublets), m (multiplet) and br (broad). Infrared spectra were recorded on a Bruker V 70 and only major peaks were reported in cm<sup>-1</sup>. HRMS were obtained on a WATERS I-Class VION IMS Q-Tof with an ESI source. Some compounds were visualized by exposure to UV-light or by dipping the plates in KMnO<sub>4</sub> stain followed by heating.

# The Light Source and the Material of the Irradiation Vessel

Light Source purchased from XuSheng Electronic Technology. Broadband source:  $\lambda = 455-460$  nm Spectral distribution and intensity:



Material of the irradiation vessel: borosilicate reaction tube Distance from the light source to the irradiation vessel: 3.0 cm Not use any filters



The setting-up reactions.

### **Starting Materials**

2-lodophenols 1 are commercially available unless otherwise state.

General procedures A for synthesis of cyclopropenes 2

$$\begin{array}{c|c} R^{1} COOMe & \underline{DIBAL-H} (2.0 equiv.) \\ \hline & -78 \ ^{\circ}C \ to \ rt, \ Et_{2}O \end{array} \xrightarrow[]{} R^{1} & OH & \underbrace{CI \ R^{2}}_{DMAP} (10 \ mol\%) \\ \hline & Et_{3}N (1.5 \ equiv.) \\ \hline & DCM, \ rt, \ overnight \end{array} \xrightarrow[]{} R_{1} & \underbrace{O}_{R^{2}} \\ \hline & R_{1} & \underbrace{O}_{R^{2}} \\ \hline & R_{2} & \underbrace{O}_{R^{2}} \\ \hline & R_{1} & \underbrace{O}_{R^{2}} \\ \hline & R_{1$$

Compounds **S1** were prepared according to literature procedures.<sup>[1].</sup> To a stirred at -78 °C solution of ester **S1** (25 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) in dry ether, DIBAL-H (1.0 M solution in hexane, 50 mmol, 2.0 equiv.) was added dropwise. The mixture was stirred for 1 hour at -78 °C, then additionally for 1 h at room temperature. Then, the mixture was quenched with saturated NH<sub>4</sub>Cl, diluted aqueous HCl, EtOAc and brine. Combined organic phases were washed with NaHCO<sub>3</sub>, brine, dried with MgSO<sub>4</sub> and concentrated in *vacuo*. The residue was purified by preparative column chromatography (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1:3) to give alcohol **S2**.

To a stirred solution of alcohol **S2** (2.0 mmol, 1.0 equiv.), 4-(dimethylamino)pyridine (DMAP, 0.2 mmol, 10 mol%), and triethylamine (Et<sub>3</sub>N, 3.0 mmol, 1.5 equiv.) in anhydrous  $CH_2Cl_2$  (10 mL) was added acyl chloride (3.0 mmol, 1.5 equiv.). The mixture was stirred at room temperature. After completion of the reaction (monitored by TLC), the solution was quenched with water and extracted  $CH_2Cl_2$ . Combined organic phases were washed with diluted aqueous HCl, saturated NaHCO<sub>3</sub> and brine, dried with MgSO<sub>4</sub> and concentrated in *vacuo*. The residue was purified by preparative column chromatography (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1:20) to give product **2**.

The compounds **2**y,<sup>[2]</sup> **2**z,<sup>[3]</sup> are known and were prepared according to corresponding literature.

General procedures for synthesis of cyclopropenes 2ag



This procedure was performed according to the known literature.<sup>[4]</sup> To a suspension of **S2a** (2 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) in dry THF (0.2 M) at 0°C was added NaH (1.5 equiv.) in one

portion. The reaction mixture was stirred at 0°C for 15 min before NaI (2.0 mol%) was added. Then carbamyl chloride (1.2 equiv.) was added dropwise. The mixture was allowed to stirred at room temperature, after a complete conversion (monitored by TLC), the mixture was diluted with sat. aq. NH<sub>4</sub>Cl and extracted with EA. The combined organic phases were washed with brine, dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> and then filtered. After removal of the solvent, the resulting residue was purified by flash chromatography to yield target product.

#### General Procedure for the Reaction of 1a with 2a



A 10 mL oven-dried reaction tube equipped with a magnetic stirrer was charged with 2-iodophenol **1a** (0.24 mmol, 1.2 equiv.), catalyst (5.0 mol%) and base (0.4 mmol, 2.0 equiv.) under N<sub>2</sub> atmosphere (glovebox). Subsequently, cyclopropene **2a** (0.2 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) and dry/degassed toluene were added via syringes. The tube was capped with a pressure screw cap. The reaction mixture was stirred under the irradiation of 2 \* 30 W Blue LEDs (distance app. 3.0 cm from the bulb) at room temperature for 24 h with cooling by fan (vial temperature reached 35 °C). After the reaction completed, the mixture was quenched with brine and extracted with EtOAc (3 × 10 mL). The combined organic phase was washed with brine (10 mL), dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> and concentrated in *vacuo*. Purification of the crude product by flash chromatography (silica gel; EtOAc/petroleum ether = 40:1) to afford the desired product **3a** as colorless oil.

## **Detailed Optimization of Reaction Conditions**

Table S1. Optimization of Reaction Conditions

## **Catalysts**<sup>a</sup>

| OH + Ph | O Ph Catalyst (5.0 mol%)<br>K2CO3 (2.0 equiv.)<br>toluene, N2, rt, 24 h<br>Blue LEDs (30 W) | ► CCC <sup>Ph</sup> C<br>Ph |
|---------|---|-----------------------------|
| 1a      | 2a  | 3а                          |
| Entry   | catalyst  | Yield (%)                   |
| 1       | $Pd_2(dba)_3$   | 8                           |
| 2       | Pd(PPh <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>4</sub>  | 30                          |
| 3       | $Pd(^{t}Bu_{3}P)_{2}$   | 0                           |
| 4       | PdCl <sub>2</sub>   | 0                           |
| 5       | $Pd(OAc)_2$   | 15                          |
| 6       | $Pd(acac)_2$  | 0                           |
| 7       | Pd(PhCN) <sub>2</sub> Cl <sub>2</sub>   | 28                          |
| 8       | Pd(MeCN) <sub>2</sub> Cl <sub>2</sub>   | 16                          |
| 9       | Pd(PPh <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> (OAc) <sub>2</sub>                                       | 25                          |
| 10      | Pd(PPh <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> Cl <sub>2</sub>  | 27                          |
| 11      | Fe(OAc) <sub>2</sub>  | 0                           |
| 12      | $Co(acac)_2$  | 0                           |
| 13      | Ni(cod) <sub>2</sub>  | 0                           |
| 14      | Cu(OAc) <sub>2</sub>  | 0                           |
|         |   |                             |

<sup>*a*</sup>Reaction conditions: **1a** (0.24 mmol, 1.2 equiv.), **2a** (0.2 mmol, 1.0 equiv.), **catalyst** (5.0 mol%) and  $K_2CO_3$  (0.4 mmol, 2.0 equiv.) in toluene (2.0 mL, dry) were irradiated with Blue LEDs (30 W) at room temperature for 24 h under N<sub>2</sub>. Isolated yield.

## **Ratio of catalyst**<sup>a</sup>

| CH +  | $\begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} Pd(PPh_3)_4 \text{ (x m} \\ K_2CO_3 \text{ (2.0 eq} \\ toluene, N_2, rt, \\ Blue LEDs (30) \end{array}$ | uiv.)<br>24 h<br>0 W) Ph |
|-------|--|--------------------------|
| 1a    | 2a   | 3a                       |
| Entry | <b>Pd(PPh3)</b> 4 (x mol%)   | Yield (%)                |
| 1     | 0.5  | 22                       |
| 2     | 1  | 46                       |
| 3     | 2  | 40                       |
| 4     | 5  | 30                       |
| 5     | 10   | 18                       |

<sup>*a*</sup>Reaction conditions: **1a** (0.24 mmol, 1.2 equiv.), **2a** (0.2 mmol, 1.0 equiv.), **Pd(PPh<sub>3</sub>)**<sub>4</sub> (x mol%) and K<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> (0.4 mmol, 2.0 equiv.) in toluene (2.0 mL, dry) were irradiated with 30 W Blue LEDs at room temperature for 24 h under N<sub>2</sub>. Isolated yield.

## **Solvent**<sup>a</sup>

| OH + OH | Ph Pd(PPh <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>4</sub> (1.0 mol%)<br>K <sub>2</sub> CO <sub>3</sub> (2.0 equiv.)<br>Solvent, N <sub>2</sub> , rt, 24 h<br>Blue LEDs (30 W) | Ph<br>Ph  |
|---------|---|-----------|
| 1a      | 2a  | 3a        |
| Entry   | Solvent (1.0 mL)  | Yield (%) |
| 1       | MeCN  | 0         |
| 2       | DCM   | 15        |
| 3       | DCE   | 22        |
| 4       | CHCl <sub>3</sub>   | 43        |
| 5       | THF   | 0         |
| 6       | 1, 4-Dioxane  | < 5       |
| 7       | DMF   | 0         |
| 8       | DMSO  | 0         |
| 9       | PhCF <sub>3</sub>   | 20        |
| 10      | toluene   | 46        |
| 11      | Xylene  | < 5       |
| 12      | Ethylbenzene  | 18        |
| 13      | PhCl  | 11        |
| 14      | PhH   | 44        |
| 15      | CH <sub>3</sub> OH  | 0         |
| 16      | EtOAc   | 0         |
| 17      | CH <sub>3</sub> NO <sub>2</sub>   | 0         |
| 18      | Acetone   | 0         |

<sup>*a*</sup>Reaction conditions: **1a** (0.24 mmol, 1.2 equiv.), **2a** (0.2 mmol, 1.0 equiv.), Pd(PPh<sub>3</sub>)<sub>4</sub> (1.0 mol%) and K<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> (0.4 mmol, 2.0 equiv.) in **solvent** (2.0 mL) were irradiated with 30 W Blue LEDs at room temperature for 24 h under N<sub>2</sub>. Isolated yield.

| OH +  | $\begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} Pd(PPh_3)_4 \ (1.0 \ mol\%) \\ \\ \hline \\ Base \ (2.0 \ equiv.) \\ \hline \\ toluene, \ N_2, \ rt, \ 24 \ h \\ \\ \\ \\ Blue \ LEDs \ (30 \ W) \end{array} \end{array} $ | C Ph O Ph |
|-------|---|-----------|
| 1a    | 2a  | 3a        |
| Entry | <b>Base</b> (2.0 equiv.)  | Yield (%) |
| 1     | Cs <sub>2</sub> CO <sub>3</sub>   | 0         |
| 2     | Na <sub>2</sub> CO <sub>3</sub>   | 0         |
| 3     | KOAc  | 14        |
| 4     | Li <sub>2</sub> CO <sub>3</sub>   | 0         |
| 5     | NaHCO <sub>3</sub>  | < 5       |
| 6     | KHCO <sub>3</sub>   | 10        |
| 7     | K <sub>3</sub> PO <sub>4</sub>  | 8         |
| 8     | <sup>t</sup> BuOK   | 0         |
| 9     | КОН   | 18        |
| 10    | NaOH  | 0         |
| 11    | $K_2CO_3$   | 46        |
| 12    | $K_3PO_4 \cdot 3H_2O$   | 13        |
| 13    | KH <sub>2</sub> PO <sub>4</sub>   | 0         |
| 14    | KF  | 10        |
| 15    | CsOPiv  | 0         |
| 16    | PhCOONa   | < 5       |
| 17    | Et <sub>3</sub> N   | 0         |
| 18    | DIPEA   | 0         |
| 19    | DABCO   | 25        |
| 20    | 2,4,6-Collidine   | < 5       |
| 21    | DBU   | 0         |

<sup>*a*</sup>Reaction conditions: **1a** (0.24 mmol, 1.2 equiv.), **2a** (0.2 mmol, 1.0 equiv.), Pd(PPh<sub>3</sub>)<sub>4</sub> (1.0 mol%) and **Base** (0.4 mmol, 2.0 equiv.) in toluene (2.0 mL, dry) were irradiated with 30 W Blue LEDs at room temperature for 24 h under N<sub>2</sub>. Isolated yield.

## Ratio of base<sup>a</sup>

| OH + OH | OCC Ph Ph Pd(PPh <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>4</sub> (1.0 mol%<br>K <sub>2</sub> CO <sub>3</sub> (x equiv.)<br>toluene, N <sub>2</sub> , rt, 24 h<br>Blue LEDs (30 W) |           |
|---------|---|-----------|
| 1a      | 2a  | 3a        |
| Entry   | K2CO3 (x equiv.)  | Yield (%) |
| 1       | 1.0   | 31        |
| 2       | 1.5   | 37        |
| 3       | 2.0   | 46        |
| 4       | 2.5   | 14        |
| 5       | 3.0   | 35        |
| 6       | 5.0   | 23        |

<sup>*a*</sup>Reaction conditions: **1a** (0.24 mmol, 1.2 equiv.), **2a** (0.2 mmol, 1.0 equiv.), Pd(PPh<sub>3</sub>)<sub>4</sub> (1.0 mol%) and **K<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub>** (x equiv.) in toluene (2.0 mL, dry) were irradiated with 30 W Blue LEDs at room temperature for 24 h under N<sub>2</sub>. Isolated yield.

### Ratio of 1a:2a<sup>a</sup>

| OH +  | $\begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} & \\ Pd(PPh_{3})_{4} (1) \\ \\ K_{2}CO_{3} (2.0) \\ \hline \\ toluene, N_{2}, \\ \\ Blue \ LEDs (1) \end{array}$ | .0 mol%)<br>equiv.)<br>rt, 24 h<br>(30 W) |
|-------|---|---|
| 1a    | 2a  | 3a  |
| Entry | <b>1a:2a</b>  | Yield (%)                                 |
| 1     | 1:1.2   | 37  |
| 2     | 1:1.5   | 33  |
| 3     | 1:2.0   | 27  |
| 4     | 1:3.0   | 25  |
| 5     | 1.2:1   | 46  |
| 6     | 1.5:1   | 66  |
| 7     | 1.7:1   | 52  |
| 8     | 2.0:1   | 49  |

<sup>*a*</sup>Reaction conditions: 1a:2a = x:y (0.2 mmol reaction scale), Pd(PPh<sub>3</sub>)<sub>4</sub> (1.0 mol%) and K<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> (0.4 mmol, 2.0 equiv.) in toluene (2.0 mL, dry) were irradiated with 30 W Blue LEDs at room temperature for 24 h under N<sub>2</sub>. Isolated yield.

## Ligand<sup>a</sup>

| ССС   | Ph Ph       | Pd(PPh <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>4</sub> (1.0 mol%)<br>Ligand (2.0 mol%)<br>toluene, N <sub>2</sub> , rt, 24 h<br>Blue LEDs (30 W) | Ph O Ph   |
|-------|-------------|--|-----------|
| 1a    | 2a          |  | 3a        |
| Entry | Ligand (2.0 | mo1%)  | Yield (%) |
| 1     | L1          |  | < 5       |
| 2     | L2          |  | 35        |
| 3     | L3          |  | 25        |
| 4     | L4          |  | 0         |
| 5     | L5          |  | 0         |
| 6     | L6          |  | 18        |
| 7     | L7          |  | 0         |
| 8     | L8          |  | 25        |
| 9     | L9          |  | 44        |

<sup>*a*</sup>Reaction conditions: **1a** (0.3 mmol, 1.5 equiv.), **2a** (0.2 mmol, 1.0 equiv.), Pd(PPh<sub>3</sub>)<sub>4</sub> (1.0 mol%), **Ligand** (2.0 mol%) and K<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> (0.4 mmol, 2.0 equiv.) in toluene (2.0 mL, dry) were irradiated with 30 W Blue LEDs at room temperature for 24 h under N<sub>2</sub>. Isolated yield.

Ligand:



## Asymmetric experiments<sup>b</sup>

| OH +  | Ph<br>Ph<br>O<br>Ph<br>O<br>Ph<br>Ph<br>Ph<br>O<br>Ph<br>Ph<br>O<br>C<br>Ligand<br>toluene<br>Blue LE | (10.0 mol%)<br>(10.0 mol%)<br>N <sub>2</sub> , rt, 24 h<br>EDs (30 W) |
|-------|---|---|
| 1a    | 2a  | 3a  |
| Entry | Ligand (10.0 mol%)  | Yield (%)   |
| 1     | none  | 15  |
| 2     | L1  | 50  |
| 3     | L2  | 15, 0% ee   |
| 4     | L3  | 29, 0% ee   |
| 5     | L4  | 19, 0% ee   |
| 6     | L5  | 18, 0% ee   |
| 7     | L6  | trace   |
| 8     | L7  | trace   |
| 9     | L8  | trace   |
| 10    | L9  | trace   |
| 11    | L10   | trace   |
| 12    | L11   | trace   |

<sup>b</sup>Reaction conditions: **1a** (0.3 mmol, 1.5 equiv.), **2a** (0.2 mmol, 1.0 equiv.), Pd(OAc)<sub>2</sub> (5.0 mol%), **Ligand** (10.0 mol%) and K<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> (0.4 mmol, 2.0 equiv.) in toluene (2.0 mL, dry) were irradiated with 30 W Blue LEDs at room temperature for 24 h under N<sub>2</sub>. Isolated yield.

Ligand:



*Time*<sup>a</sup>

| OH +  | O<br>I a Ph | Pd(PPh <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>4</sub> (1.0 mol%)<br>K <sub>2</sub> CO <sub>3</sub> (2.0 equiv.) | o Ph o    |
|-------|-------------|--|-----------|
|       | Ph O A      | toluene, N <sub>2</sub> , rt, <b>time</b> (x h)<br>Blue LEDs (30 W)                          | Ph        |
| 1a    | 2a          |  | 3a        |
| Entry | Tin         | ne (x h)   | Yield (%) |
| 1     |             | 6  | trace     |
| 2     |             | 12   | 32        |
| 3     |             | 24   | 66        |
| 4     |             | 36   | 59        |

<sup>*a*</sup>Reaction conditions: **1a** (0.3 mmol, 1.5 equiv.), **2a** (0.2 mmol, 1.0 equiv.), Pd(PPh<sub>3</sub>)<sub>4</sub> (1.0 mol%) and K<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> (0.4 mmol, 2.0 equiv.) in toluene (2.0 mL, dry) were irradiated with 30 W Blue LEDs at room temperature for **x** h under N<sub>2</sub>. Isolated yield.

## **Controlled** experiments<sup>a</sup>

| CH +  | $\begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} & Pd(PPh_3)_4 \ (1.0 \ mol\%) \\ K_2CO_3 \ (2.0 \ equiv.) \\ \hline toluene, \ N_2, \ rt, \ 24 \ h \\ Blue \ LEDs \ (30 \ W) \end{array}$ |                |
|-------|--|----------------|
| 1a    | 2a   | 3a             |
| Entry | <b>Reaction conditions</b>   | Yield $(\%)^b$ |
| 1     | none   | 66             |
| 2     | without Pd(PPh <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>4</sub>   | 0              |
| 3     | without K <sub>2</sub> CO <sub>3</sub>   | 14             |
| 4     | in the dark  | 0              |
| 5     | in the air   | 0              |
| 6     | in the dark, 80 °C instead of rt   | < 5            |

<sup>*a*</sup>Reaction conditions: **1a** (0.3 mmol, 1.5 equiv.), **2a** (0.2 mmol, 1.0 equiv.),  $Pd(PPh_3)_4$  (1.0 mol%) and  $K_2CO_3$  (0.4 mmol, 2.0 equiv.) in toluene (2.0 mL, dry) were irradiated with 30 W Blue LEDs at room temperature for 24 h under N<sub>2</sub>. Isolated yield.

#### **Representative Procedure for the Reaction of 1 with 2**



A 10 mL oven-dried reaction tube equipped with a magnetic stirrer was charged with 2-iodophenols **1** (0.3 mmol, 1.5 equiv.), Pd(PPh<sub>3</sub>)<sub>4</sub> (1.0 mol%) and K<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> (0.4 mmol, 2.0 equiv.) under N<sub>2</sub> atmosphere (glovebox). Subsequently, cyclopropenes (CPEs) **2** (0.2 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) and dry/degassed toluene were added via syringes. The tube was capped with a pressure screw cap. The reaction mixture was stirred under the irradiation of 2 \* 30 W blue LEDs (distance app. 3.0 cm from the bulb) at room temperature for 24 h with cooling by fan (vial temperature reached 35 °C). After the reaction completed, the mixture was quenched with brine and extracted with EtOAc (3 × 10 mL). The combined organic phase was washed with brine (10 mL), dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> and concentrated in *vacuo*. Purification of the crude product by flash chromatography to the desired product **3** or **4**.

#### **Unsuccessful substrates:**









2ag

#### Large Scale Reaction and Synthetic Application

Large scale reaction



A 100 mL oven-dried reaction tube equipped with a magnetic stirrer was charged with 2-iodophenol **1a** (3.0 mmol, 1.5 equiv.), catalyst (1.0 mol%) and K<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> (6.0 mmol, 2.0 equiv.) under N<sub>2</sub> atmosphere (glovebox). Subsequently, cyclopropene **2a** (2.0 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) and dry/degassed toluene were added via syringes. The tube was capped with a pressure screw cap. The reaction mixture was stirred under the irradiation of 2 \* 30 W Blue LEDs (distance app. 3.0 cm from the bulb) at room temperature for 30 h with cooling by fan (vial temperature reached 35 °C). After the reaction completed, the mixture was quenched with brine and extracted with EtOAc (3 × 30 mL). The combined organic phase was washed with brine (30 mL), dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> and concentrated in *vacuo*. Purification of the crude product by flash chromatography (silica gel; EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1:40) for 61% yields to afford the desired product **3a** (397.2 mg) as colorless oil.

Synthetic application



A 10 mL oven-dried reaction tube equipped with a magnetic stirrer was charged with **3a** (0.2 mmol, 1.0 equiv.),  $K_2CO_3$  (0.4 mmol, 2.0 equiv.), MeOH (2.0 mL) under air atmosphere. The tube was capped with a pressure screw cap. The reaction mixture was stirred 2 h at room temperature. After the reaction completed, the mixture was concentrated in *vacuo*. Purification of the crude product by flash chromatography (silica gel; EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1:8) for 88% yields to afford **5a** as colorless oil.



A 10 mL oven-dried reaction tube equipped with a magnetic stirrer was charged with **5a** (0.2 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) and DCM (2.0 mL) at 0 °C was added Dess-Martin reagent (0.4 mmol, 2.0 equiv.) in one portion. The tube was capped with a pressure screw cap. The reaction mixture was stirred 2 h at room temperature. After the reaction completed, the mixture was quenched with saturated sodium thiosulfate, brine and extracted with EtOAc ( $3 \times 10$  mL). The combined organic phase was washed with brine (10 mL), dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> and concentrated in *vacuo*. Purification of the crude product by flash chromatography (silica gel; EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1:5) for 92% yields to afford the desired product **6a** as colorless oil.



A 10 mL oven-dried reaction tube equipped with a magnetic stirrer was charged with **5a** (0.2 mmol, 1.0 equiv.), THF (2.0 mL, dry) at N<sub>2</sub> atmosphere was added NaH (0.3 mmol, 1.5 equiv.) in one portion. The reaction was stirred at room temperature for 1h. Then, added CH<sub>3</sub>I (0.3 mmol, 1.5 equiv.) in one portion and then warmed to 45 °C and stirred 2 h. After the reaction completed, the mixture was quenched with brine and extracted with EtOAc ( $3 \times 10$  mL). The combined organic phase was washed with brine (10 mL), dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> and concentrated in *vacuo*. Purification of the crude product by flash chromatography (silica gel; EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1:20) for 88% yields to afford the desired product **7a** as yellow oil.



A 10 mL oven-dried reaction tube equipped with a magnetic stirrer was charged with **5a** (0.2 mmol, 1.0 equiv.), RCO<sub>2</sub>H **8** (0.24 mmol, 1.2 equiv.) and DMAP (20 mol%) in DCM (2.0 mL, dry) at 0 °C was added EDCI (0.3 mmol, 1.5 equiv.) in one portion. The tube was capped with a pressure screw cap. A precipitate began to form almost immediately. The reaction was stirred at 0 °C for 10 min and then warmed to room temperature for overnight. After the reaction completed, the mixture was concentrated in *vacuo*. Purification of the crude product by flash chromatography (silica gel; EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1:10-1:5) to afford the desired products **9**.

#### **Mechanistic Investigation**

### (1) Radical trapping experiments

(a) 2-Iodophenol **1a** (0.3 mmol, 1.5 equiv.), cyclopropene **2a** (0.2 mmol, 1.0 equiv.),  $Pd(PPh_3)_4$  (1 mol%),  $K_2CO_3$  (0.4 mmol, 2.0 equiv.), TEMPO (0.4 mmol, 2.0 equiv.), dry/degassed toluene (2.0 mL) under N<sub>2</sub> for 12 h, with the irradiation of 30 W Blue LEDs.



When TEMPO (2.0 equiv.) was subjected into the reaction of **1a** with **2a** under the standard conditions, only a trace amount of **3a** was observed, along with the TEMPO adducts **10**, **11** or **12** were detected by HRMS (**10**: Calcd for  $C_{15}H_{24}NO_2$  [M+H]<sup>+</sup>: 250.1801, found: 250.1791; **11**, **12**: Calcd for  $C_{32}H_{37}KNO_4$  [M+K]<sup>+</sup>: 500.2795, found: 500.2774). In this case, 51% of **2a** was recovered. This results indicates that a radical intermediate might be involved in this transformation (**Figure S1** (a) and (b)).



Figure S1. HRMS of TEMPO trapping experiments

(b) 2-Iodophenol **1a** (0.3 mmol, 1.5 equiv.), cyclopropene **2a** (0.2 mmol, 1.0 equiv.),  $Pd(PPh_3)_4$  (1 mol%),  $K_2CO_3$  (0.4 mmol, 2.0 equiv.), BHT (0.4 mmol, 2.0 equiv.), dry/degassed toluene (2.0 mL) under N<sub>2</sub> for 12 h, with the irradiation of 30 W Blue LEDs.



When BHT (2.0 equiv.) was subjected into the reaction of **1a** with **2a** under the standard conditions, only a trace amount of **3a** was observed, along with the TEMPO adducts **13** were detected by HRMS (Calcd for  $C_{21}H_{28}KO_2$  [M+K]<sup>+</sup>: 351.1720, found: 351.1714. In this case, 43% of **2a** was recovered. These results support a radical pathway (**Figure S2**).



Figure S2. HRMS of BHT trapping experiments

### (2) Control experiments

2-Iodophenol **1a** (0.3 mmol, 1.5 equiv.), cyclopropene **2a** (0.2 mmol, 1.0 equiv.),  $Pd(PPh_3)_4$  (1 mol%),  $K_2CO_3$  (0.4 mmol, 2.0 equiv.), dry/degassed toluene (2.0 mL) under N<sub>2</sub> for 24 h, in the dark, air atmosphere and 80 °C instead of rt in the dark, conditions.



When the reaction of **1a** with **2a** under the dark and air conditions, **3a** was not observed, 82% of **2a** was recovered. When 80 °C instead of rt and in the dark, **3a** was not observed. The results indicate that blue light and nitrogen atmosphere are necessary.

## (3) Mass spectrometry experiments

2-Iodophenol **1a** (0.3 mmol, 1.5 equiv.), cyclopropene **2a** (0.2 mmol, 1.0 equiv.),  $Pd(PPh_3)_4$  (1.0 mol%),  $K_2CO_3$  (0.4 mmol, 2.0 equiv.), dry/degassed toluene (2.0 mL) under N<sub>2</sub> for 4 h, with the irradiation of 30 W Blue LEDs. After 4 h, 5.0 µL reaction mixture was picked up and dissolvent into 1.0 mL MeCN. The mixture was injected into the HRMS, then collected MS data.





Figure S3. HRMS of intermediates

We successfully detected the intermediate **A** singnal (Calcd for  $C_{42}H_{35}OILiP_2Pd^{(II)}$ [M+Li]<sup>+</sup>:857.0397, found: 857.0386) and **B** or **C** singnal (Calcd for  $C_{59}H_{49}O_3KP_2Pd^{(II)}$ [M+K]<sup>+</sup>:1012.1823, found: 1012.1845). This result suggests that intermediate **A**, **B**, **C** was generated in the reaction (**Figure S3**).

## (4) Stern-volmer fluorescence quenching experiments

To a solution of Pd(PPh<sub>3</sub>)<sub>4</sub> in dry/degassed toluene ( $2 \times 10^{-3}$  mol/L) in a quartz cuvette, different amounts of 2-iodophenol **1a** and cyclopropene **2a** were added, respectively, and the resulting changes in fluorescence intensity (concentration of **1a** and **2a**: 0.5 ×  $10^{-3}$  mol/L,  $1.0 \times 10^{-3}$  mol/L,  $1.5 \times 10^{-3}$  mol/L,  $2.0 \times 10^{-3}$  mol/L,  $2.5 \times 10^{-3}$  mol/L were collected. The emission intensity at 600 nm was collected with excited wavelength of 446 nm. The results are shown in **Figure S4**, **S5**.



(b)



Figure S4 (a) The fluorescence emission spectra of  $Pd(PPh_3)_4$  with different concentration of 1a added. (b) The Stern–Volmer emission quenching studies of 1a. I<sub>0</sub>

is the inherent fluorescence intensity of  $Pd(PPh_3)_4$ . I is the fluorescence intensity of  $Pd(PPh_3)_4$  in the presence of **1a**.



Figure S5 (a) The fluorescence emission spectra of  $Pd(PPh_3)_4$  with different concentration of **2a** added. (b) The Stern–Volmer emission quenching studies of **2a**. I<sub>0</sub> is the inherent fluorescence intensity of  $Pd(PPh_3)_4$ . I is the fluorescence intensity of  $Pd(PPh_3)_4$  in the presence of **2a**.

According to the results as well as the corresponding Stern-Volmer plots (**Figure S4**, **S5**), the substrate **1a** showed an obvious quenching effect to the fluorescence intensity of Pd(PPh<sub>3</sub>)<sub>4</sub>, where it presumably engages in SET event with the photoexcited Pd(0) complex. While the substrate **2a** did not show an obvious quenching effect to the fluorescence intensity of Pd(PPh<sub>3</sub>)<sub>4</sub>.

#### (5) UV-vis absorption experiments

UV-vis absorption experiments were performed using a spectrophotometer. The samples were measured in a 1.5 mL quartz cuvette fitted with a PTFE stopper. 2-iodophenol 1a, cyclopropene 2a, 2-iodophenol 1a + cyclopropene 2a and Pd(PPh<sub>3</sub>)<sub>4</sub> were prepared as a 5 mM, 5 mM, 5 mM + 5 mM and 0.05 mM solution respectively in toluene for measurement (Figure S6).



Figure S6. UV-vis absorption experiments

The measurement results show that only  $Pd(PPh_3)_4$  absorbs light in the wavelength range of the light source, and the mixture of **1a** and **2a** showed no obvious change compared with **1a** and **2a** alone. These results indicate that EDA complex is unlikely to be formed between **1a** and **2a**.

### (6) Cyclic voltammetry measurements

The cyclic voltammetry experiments were performed, and the redox potentials of **1a** and **2a** were determined separately. The data indicated that **1a** ( $E_{red, 1/2} = -1.80$  V vs SCE in MeCN), **2a** ( $E_{red, 1/2} = -2.12$  V vs SCE in MeCN) (**Figure S7**). The results indicates that **1a** is more easily reduced by the excited Pd(PPh<sub>3</sub>)4\* ( $E_{red, 1/2} = -2.51$  V vs SCE in MeCN)<sup>[5]</sup>. Cyclic voltammetry was performed in a three-electrode cell (volume 10 mL; acetonitrile as solvent, tetrabutylammonium hexafluorophosphate (Bu<sub>4</sub>NPF<sub>6</sub>, 0.1 M) as the supporting electrolyte, **1a** (2.0 mM) and **2a** (2.0 mM) respectively as the tested compound) with glassy carbon (diameter 3.0 mm) as the working electrode, Pt wire as the auxiliary electrode, and SCE (saturated calomel electrode) as the reference electrode. The scan speed was 100 mV·s<sup>-1</sup> under room temperature (25 °C). Unless otherwise noted, the initial potential was 0 V. The potential range investigated for **1a** is 0 to -2.8 V vs SCE, and for **2a** is -2.7 to 0 V vs SCE.



Figure S7. Cyclic voltammetry measurements

The polishing material and method:

Working electrode: The working electrode is a 3.0 mm diameter glassy carbon working electrode. Polished with 0.05  $\mu$ m aluminum oxide and then sonicated in distilled water and ethanol before measurements.

**Reference electrode:** The reference electrode is SCE (saturated calomel electrode) that was washed with water and ethanol before measurements.

**Counter electrode:** The counter electrode is a platinum wire that was polished with  $0.05 \ \mu m$  aluminum oxide and then sonicated in distilled water and ethanol before measurements.

The solvent deoxygenation method, if applicable:

When measuring the reduction potential of a substance, the measured solution undergoes deoxygenation operation. Deoxygenation method: The solution of interest was sparged with argon for 10 minutes before data collection.

#### (7) Light on-off experiments

To further examine the impact of light, we conducted experiments under alternating periods of irradiation and darkness. The yield of **3a** was determined by crude <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectra using 1,3,5-trimethoxybenzene as an internal standard (**Figure S8**).





Figure S8. Light on-off experiments

The results of light on-off experiments indicated that the reaction proceeded only under the irradiation of light, and the reaction maybe proceed by a catalytic process rather than by a radical chain process.

### (8) EPR experiments

A 10 mL Shlenck tube containing a PTFE-coated stirring bar was charged with 2iodophenol **1a** (0.3 mmol, 1.5 equiv.), cyclopropene **2a** (0.2 mmol, 1.0 equiv.),  $Pd(PPh_3)_4$  (1.0 mol%),  $K_2CO_3$  (0.4 mmol, 2.0 equiv.), dry/degassed toluene (2.0 mL) and PBN (0.4 mmol, 2.0 equiv.) under N<sub>2</sub> for 12 h, with the irradiation of 30 W Blue LEDs. After 12 hours, Then, the resulting mixture was analyzed by EPR at room temperature. The experimental parameters are shown on the right in (**Figure S9-**(a)). The reaction mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure and directly used for HRMS analysis. HRMS: C<sub>17</sub>H<sub>21</sub>NO<sub>2</sub> [M+H]<sup>+</sup> calcd. for 271.1566, found 271.1572 (**Figure S9-**(b)).



(a) EPR









Figure S9. EPR experiments

#### X-ray crystallographic analysis of 3a

Preparation of the single crystals of 3a: 30.0 mg of pure 3a was dissolved in the combined solvents of EtOAc/petroleum ether (5.0 mL, v/v = 1:4) at room temperature. The bottle was sealed by a piece of plastic film with several tiny holes, thus allowing the slow solvent evaporation at room temperature. After about two days, several small crystals were observed at the bottom of the bottle. The crystals were collected and subjected to the single crystal X-ray diffraction analysis for the determination of the structure of **3a** (CCDC: 2306968).



Ζ

| $2\Theta$ range for data collection/°       | 4.124 to 57.79   |
|---|--|
| Index ranges                                | $-10 \le h \le 11, -16 \le k \le 13, -24 \le l \le 24$ |
| Reflections collected                       | 28856  |
| Independent reflections                     | $4638 \; [R_{int} = 0.1108,  R_{sigma} = 0.0732]$      |
| Data/restraints/parameters                  | 4638/12/235  |
| Goodness-of-fit on F <sup>2</sup>           | 1.032  |
| Final R indexes [I>=2 $\sigma$ (I)]         | $R_1 = 0.0563, wR_2 = 0.1381$                          |
| Final R indexes [all data]                  | $R_1=0.1254,wR_2=0.1765$                               |
| Largest diff. peak/hole / e Å <sup>-3</sup> | 0.22/-0.17   |
|   |  |

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Characterization of substrates 2 and Products 3, 4, 5a, 6a, 7a and 9a-g Characterization of Substrates 2



(1-phenylcycloprop-2-en-1-yl)methyl benzoate (2a) <sup>[3]</sup> pale yellow oil (72%, 360.4 mg);  $R_f = 0.5$  (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1:20); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta = 8.05$  (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 7.58-7.53 (m, 1H), 7.45-7.41 (m, 2H), 7.34-7.29 (m, 6H), 7.24-7.20 (m, 1H) 4.79 (s, 2H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta = 166.6$ , 145.6, 132.8, 130.3, 129.6, 128.3, 128.1, 126.3, 125.8, 111.9, 71.6, 26.1 ppm.



(1-phenylcycloprop-2-en-1-yl)methyl 4-fluorobenzoate (2b) colorless oil (80%, 429.2 mg);  $R_f = 0.5$  (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1:15); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta = 8.06-8.01$  (m, 2H), 7.34-7.27 (m, 6H), 7.23-7.19 (m, 1H), 7.12-7.06 (m, 2H), 4.77 (s, 2H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): 165.7 (d, J = 252.0 Hz), 165.6, 145.5, 132.1 (d, J = 23.0 Hz), 128.2, 126.6 (d, J = 3.0 Hz), 126.2, 125.9, 115.4 (d, J = 22.0 Hz), 111.9, 71.8, 26.1 ppm; <sup>19</sup>F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta = -105.8$  (s) ppm; HRMS (ESI) calcd for C<sub>17</sub>H<sub>13</sub>LiFO<sub>2</sub> [M+Li]<sup>+</sup> 275.1054, found 275.1037.



(1-phenylcycloprop-2-en-1-yl)methyl 4-chlorobenzoate (2c) colorless oil (83%, 472.6 mg);  $R_f = 0.5$  (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1:15); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta = 7.97-7.94$  (m, 2H), 7.41-7.38 (m, 2H), 7.34-7.26 (m, 6H), 7.21-7.19 (m, 1H), 4.77 (s, 2H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): 165.7, 145.4, 139.2, 131.0, 128.8, 128.6, 128.2, 126.2, 125.9, 111.9, 71.9, 26.0 ppm; HRMS (ESI) calcd for  $C_{17}H_{13}LiClO_2$  [M+Li]<sup>+</sup> 291.0758, found 291.0763.



(1-phenylcycloprop-2-en-1-yl)methyl 4-bromobenzoate (2d) colorless oil (75%, 493.8 mg);  $R_f = 0.5$  (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1:15); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta = 7.89-7.86$  (m, 2H), 7.57-7.54 (m, 2H), 7.34-7.25 (m, 6H), 7.23-7.18 (m, 1H), 4.76 (s, 2H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): 165.9, 145.4, 131.6, 131.1, 129.3, 128.2, 128.0, 126.2, 125.9, 111.9, 71.9, 26.1 ppm; HRMS (ESI) calcd for  $C_{17}H_{13}KBrO_2$  [M+K]<sup>+</sup> 336.9730, found 366.9730.



(1-phenylcycloprop-2-en-1-yl)methyl 4-(trifluoromethyl)benzoate (2e) colorless oil (70%, 445.6 mg);  $R_f = 0.5$  (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1:15); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta = 8.13$  (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.69 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.35-7.27 (m, 6H), 7.24-7.20 (m, 1H), 4.82 (s, 2H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): 165.4, 145.3, 134.3 (q, J = 32.0 Hz), 133.6, 130.0, 128.2, 126.2, 125.9, 125.4 (q, J = 3.0 Hz), 123.6 (q, J = 271.0 Hz), 112.0, 72.2, 26.1 ppm; <sup>19</sup>F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta = -62.3$  (s) ppm; HRMS (ESI) calcd for C<sub>18</sub>H<sub>14</sub>F<sub>3</sub>O<sub>2</sub> [M+H]<sup>+</sup> 319.0940, found 319.0928.



(1-phenylcycloprop-2-en-1-yl)methyl 4-(trifluoromethoxy)benzoate (2f) colorless oil (72%, 481.4 mg);  $R_f = 0.5$  (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1:15); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta = 8.08-8.06$  (m, 2H), 7.35-7.19 (m, 9H), 4.79 (s, 2H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): 165.3, 152.5, 145.4, 131.5, 128.8, 128.2, 126.1, 125.9, 120.24 (q, *J* = 257.0 Hz), 120.19, 111.9, 72.0, 26.0 ppm; <sup>19</sup>F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta = -57.5$  (s) ppm; HRMS (ESI) calcd for C<sub>18</sub>H<sub>17</sub>NF<sub>3</sub>O<sub>3</sub> [M+NH<sub>4</sub>]<sup>+</sup>352.1155, found 352.1138.



(1-phenylcycloprop-2-en-1-yl)methyl 4-cyanobenzoate (2g) colorless oil (67%, 368.9 mg);  $R_f = 0.5$  (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1:15); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta =$ 8.12-8.10 (m, 2H), 7.74-7.71 (m, 2H), 7.34-7.20 (m, 7H), 4.81 (s, 2H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): 164.9, 145.1, 134.2, 132.2, 130.1, 128.2, 126.1, 126.0, 118.0, 116.3, 111.9, 72.5, 26.0 ppm; HRMS (ESI) calcd for C<sub>18</sub>H<sub>17</sub>N<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub> [M+NH<sub>4</sub>]<sup>+</sup> 293.1284, found 293.1291.



(1-phenylcycloprop-2-en-1-yl)methyl 4-methylbenzoate (2h) colorless oil (84%, 444.0 mg);  $R_f = 0.5$  (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1:15); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta =$ 7.93-7.91 (m, 2H), 7.34-7.27 (m, 6H), 7.23-7.18 (m, 3H), 4.76 (s, 2H), 2.40 (s, 3H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): 166.7, 145.7, 143.5, 129.6, 129.0, 128.1, 127.7, 126.2, 125.8, 111.9, 71.4, 26.1, 21.6 ppm; HRMS (ESI) calcd for  $C_{18}H_{16}KO_2$  [M+K]<sup>+</sup> 303.0781, found 303.0782.



(1-phenylcycloprop-2-en-1-yl)methyl 4-butylbenzoate (2i) colorless oil (82%, 501.8 mg);  $R_f = 0.5$  (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1:15); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta = 7.96$ -7.94 (m, 2H), 7.35-7.28 (m, 6H), 7.24-7.19 (m, 3H), 4.77 (s, 2H), 2.66 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 1.65-1.57 (m, 2H), 1.40-1.31 (m, 2H), 0.93 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): 166.7, 148.4, 145.7, 129.6, 128.4, 128.1, 127.8, 126.2, 125.7, 111.9, 71.4, 35.7, 33.3, 26.1, 22.3, 13.9 ppm; HRMS (ESI) calcd for C<sub>21</sub>H<sub>23</sub>O<sub>2</sub> [M+H]<sup>+</sup> 307.1692, found 307.1681.



(1-phenylcycloprop-2-en-1-yl)methyl 4-methoxybenzoate (2j) colorless oil (86%, 482.1 mg);  $R_f = 0.5$  (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1:15); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta =$ 8.01-7.97 (m, 2H), 7.35-7.28 (m, 6H), 7.23-7.19 (m, 1H), 6.93-6.89 (m, 2H), 4.75 (s, 2H), 3.85 (s, 3H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): 166.3, 163.2, 145.7, 131.6, 128.1, 126.2, 125.7, 122.8, 113.5, 112.0, 71.3, 55.3, 26.1 ppm; HRMS (ESI) calcd for C<sub>18</sub>H<sub>16</sub>NaO<sub>3</sub> [M+Na]<sup>+</sup> 303.0991, found 303.0974.



(1-phenylcycloprop-2-en-1-yl)methyl 4-(dimethylamino)benzoate (2k) pale yellow oil (72%, 442.5 mg);  $R_f = 0.5$  (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1:15); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta = 7.92$ -7.90 (m, 2H), 7.34-7.28 (m, 6H), 7.22-7.17 (m, 1H), 6.65-6.62 (m, 2H), 4.72 (s, 2H), 3.03 (s, 6H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): 166.9, 153.2, 146.0, 131.3, 128.1, 126.3, 125.6, 117.2, 112.0, 110.6, 70.7, 40.02, 26.2 ppm; HRMS (ESI) calcd for  $C_{19}H_{19}LiNO_2 [M+Li]^+ 316.1519$ , found 316.1509.



(1-phenylcycloprop-2-en-1-yl)methyl 2-methylbenzoate (2l) colorless oil (82%, 433.4 mg);  $R_f = 0.5$  (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1:15); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta = 7.88$  (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 7.41-7.28 (m, 7H), 7.24-7.20 (m, 3H), 4.77 (s, 2H), 2.57 (s, 3H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): 166.7, 145.6, 140.0, 131.8, 131.6, 130.6, 129.8, 128.1, 126.2, 125.8, 125.6, 112.1, 71.5, 26.1, 21.8 ppm; HRMS (ESI) calcd for  $C_{18}H_{16}KO_2$  [M+K]<sup>+</sup> 303.0781, found 303.0783.



(1-phenylcycloprop-2-en-1-yl)methyl 3-methoxybenzoate (2m) colorless oil (74%, 414.8 mg);  $R_f = 0.5$  (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1:15); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta = 7.64-7.61$  (m, 1H), 7.56-7.54 (m, 1H), 7.35-7.28 (m, 7H), 7.23-7.19 (m, 1H), 7.11-7.08 (m, 1H), 4.78 (s, 2H), 3.84 (s, 3H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): 166.4, 159.5, 145.6, 131.7, 129.3, 128.1, 126.2, 125.8, 122.0, 119.3, 114.1, 112.0, 71.7, 55.4, 26.1 ppm; HRMS (ESI) calcd for C<sub>18</sub>H<sub>20</sub>NO<sub>3</sub> [M+NH<sub>4</sub>]<sup>+</sup>298.1437, found 298.1430.


(1-phenylcycloprop-2-en-1-yl)methyl 3,5-dichlorobenzoate (2n) colorless oil (78%, 497.9 mg);  $R_f = 0.5$  (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1:15); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta = 7.88$  (d, J = 2.0 Hz, 2H), 7.53-7.52 (m, 1H), 7.35-7.30 (m, 4H), 7.27-7.20 (m, 3H), 4.79 (s, 2H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): 164.3, 145.1, 135.2, 133.2, 132.7, 128.2, 128.0, 126.1, 126.0, 112.0, 72.4, 26.0 ppm; HRMS (ESI) calcd for  $C_{17}H_{13}Cl_2O_2$  [M+H]<sup>+</sup> 319.0287, found 319.0292.



(1-phenylcycloprop-2-en-1-yl)methyl 2,3-dimethoxybenzoate (20) colorless oil (70%, 434.4 mg);  $R_f = 0.5$  (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1:15); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta = 7.66$  (dd, J = 8.4, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.52 (d, J = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.33-7.28 (m, 6H), 7.22-7.17 (m, 1H), 6.86 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 4.74 (s, 2H), 3.93 (s, 3H), 3.90 (s, 3H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): 166.4, 152.9, 148.5, 145.7, 128.1, 126.3, 125.8, 123.6, 123.0, 112.1, 112.0, 110.2, 71.4, 55.99, 55.93, 26.2 ppm; HRMS (ESI) calcd for C<sub>19</sub>H<sub>19</sub>O<sub>4</sub> [M+H]<sup>+</sup> 311.1277, found 311.1288.



(1-phenylcycloprop-2-en-1-yl)methyl 1-naphthoate (2p) colorless oil (68%, 408.5 mg);  $R_f = 0.5$  (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1:15); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta = 8.96$  (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 8.21-8.19 (m, 1H), 8.03 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.92-7.90 (m, 1H), 7.64-7.48 (m, 3H), 7.41-7.39 (m, 6H), 7.31-7.27 (m, 1H), 4.94 (s, 2H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): 167.5, 145.5, 133.7, 133.1, 131.2, 130.1, 128.4, 128.1, 127.6, 127.3, 126.3, 126.1, 125.81, 125.76, 124.4, 112.1, 71.7, 26.2 ppm; HRMS (ESI) calcd for  $C_{21}H_{16}O_2$  [M]<sup>+</sup> 300.1144, found 300.1151.



(1-phenylcycloprop-2-en-1-yl)methyl furan-2-carboxylate (2q) colorless oil (88%, 422.9 mg);  $R_f$ = 0.5 (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1:15); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  = 7.57-7.56 (m, 1H), 7.34-7.26 (m, 6H), 7.23-7.18 (m, 1H), 7.16-7.14 (m, 1H), 6.49-6.48 (m, 1H), 4.76 (s, 2H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): 158.7, 146.2, 145.3, 144.6, 128.1, 126.1, 125.7, 117.8, 111.73, 111.66, 71.4, 25.9 ppm; HRMS (ESI) calcd for C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>12</sub>NaO<sub>3</sub> [M+Na]<sup>+</sup> 263.0678, found 263.0667.



(1-phenylcycloprop-2-en-1-yl)methyl thiophene-2-carboxylate (2r) colorless oil (83%, 425.5 mg);  $R_f = 0.5$  (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1:15); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta = 7.79$  (dd, J = 2.4, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.54 (dd, J = 4.0, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.34-7.27 (m, 6H), 7.23-7.18 (m, 1H), 7.10-7.08 (m, 1H), 4.74 (s, 2H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): 162.2, 145.5, 134.0, 133.3, 132.3, 128.1, 127.7, 126.2, 125.8, 112.0, 71.8, 26.1 ppm; HRMS (ESI) calcd for C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>12</sub>NaO<sub>2</sub>S [M+Na]<sup>+</sup>279.0450, found 279.0473.



(1-phenylcycloprop-2-en-1-yl)methyl acetate (2s) colorless oil (75%, 282.3 mg);  $R_f = 0.5$  (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1:15); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta = 7.33-7.28$  (m, 2H), 7.24-7.18 (m, 5H), 4.53 (s, 2H), 2.06 (s, 3H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): 171.2, 145.5, 128.1, 126.2, 125.8, 112.0, 71.1, 25.9, 21.0 ppm; HRMS (ESI) calcd for  $C_{12}H_{13}O_2$  [M+H]<sup>+</sup>189.0910, found 189.0921.



(1-phenylcycloprop-2-en-1-yl)methyl butyrate (2t) colorless oil (80%, 346.0 mg);  $R_f$ = 0.5 (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1:15); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  =7.33-7.28 (m, 2H), 7.24-7.19 (m, 5H), 4.54 (s, 2H), 2.29 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 1.68-1.59 (m, 3H), 0.92 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 3H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): 173.7, 145.5, 128.1, 126.2, 125.7, 112.0, 70.8, 36.2, 25.9, 18.5, 13.6 ppm; HRMS (ESI) calcd for C<sub>14</sub>H<sub>20</sub>NO<sub>2</sub> [M+NH4]<sup>+</sup> 234.1488, found 234.1484.



(1-phenylcycloprop-2-en-1-yl)methyl cyclohexanecarboxylate (2u) colorless oil (84%, 430.5 mg);  $R_f = 0.5$  (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1:15); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  =7.32-7.28 (m, 2H), 7.23-7.17 (m, 5H), 4.52 (s, 2H), 2.34-2.27 (m, 1H), 1.89-1.85 (m, 2H), 1.77-1.68 (m, 2H), 1.65-1.59 (m, 1H), 1.47-1.38 (m, 2H), 1.32-1.19 (m, 3H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): 176.4, 145.6, 128.0, 126.2, 125.7, 112.0, 70.5, 43.2, 29.0, 26.0, 25.7, 25.4 ppm; HRMS (ESI) calcd for C<sub>17</sub>H<sub>20</sub>KO<sub>2</sub> [M+K]<sup>+</sup>295.1094, found 295.1093.



(1-phenylcycloprop-2-en-1-yl)methyl cyclopropanecarboxylate (2v) colorless oil (76%, 325.7 mg);  $R_f = 0.5$  (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1:15); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  =7.33-7.29 (m, 2H), 7.24-7.18 (m, 5H), 4.53 (s, 2H), 1.65-1.59 (m, 1H), 1.00-0.96 (m, 2H), 0.86-0.81 (m, 2H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): 174.8, 145.5, 128.0, 126.1, 125.7, 111.8, 71.1, 25.9, 12.9, 8.34 ppm; HRMS (ESI) calcd for C<sub>14</sub>H<sub>14</sub>NaO<sub>2</sub> [M+Na]<sup>+</sup> 237.0886, found 237.0892.



(1-phenylcycloprop-2-en-1-yl)methyl pivalate (2w) colorless oil (82%, 377.6 mg);  $R_f = 0.5$  (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1:15); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta = 7.31-7.27$  (m, 2H), 7.23-7.16 (m, 5H), 4.50 (s, 2H), 1.16 (s, 9H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): 178.5, 145.6, 128.0, 126.2, 125.7, 112.0, 70.5, 38.8, 27.2, 26.1ppm; HRMS (ESI) calcd for  $C_{15}H_{18}LiO_2 [M+Li]^+ 237.1461$ , found 237.1468.



(1-phenylcycloprop-2-en-1-yl)methyl (3r,5r,7r)-adamantane-1-carboxylate (2x) colorless oil (85%, 524.2 mg);  $R_f = 0.5$  (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1:15); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta = 7.33-7.28$  (m, 2H), 7.23-7.17 (m, 5H), 4.51 (s, 2H), 2.01-1.99 (m, 3H), 1.87 (d, J = 2.8 Hz, 6H), 1.75-1.67 (m, 6H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): 177.6, 145.7, 128.0, 126.2, 125.7, 112.0, 70.2, 40.8, 38.8, 36.5, 27.9, 26.0 ppm; HRMS (ESI) calcd for C<sub>21</sub>H<sub>24</sub>NaO<sub>2</sub> [M+Na]<sup>+</sup> 331.1668, found 331.1668.



(1-(4-fluorophenyl)cycloprop-2-en-1-yl)methyl benzoate (2aa) colorless oil (74%, 397.0 mg);  $R_f = 0.5$  (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1:15); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta = 8.04-8.02$  (m, 2H), 7.58-7.53 (m, 1H), 7.45-7.41 (m, 2H), 7.31-7.21 (m, 2H), 7.02-6.97 (m, 2H) 4.74 (s, 2H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): 166.5, 162.2 (d, J = 242.0 Hz), 141.27 (d, J = 3.0 Hz), 132.9, 130.3, 129.6, 128.3, 127.4 (d, J = 7.0 Hz), 114.9 (d, J = 21.0 Hz), 112.4, 71.6, 25.7 ppm; <sup>19</sup>F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta = -117.4$  (s) ppm; HRMS (ESI) calcd for C<sub>17</sub>H<sub>13</sub>KFO<sub>2</sub> [M+K]<sup>+</sup> 307.0531, found 307.0519.



(1-(4-chlorophenyl)cycloprop-2-en-1-yl)methyl benzoate (2ab) colorless oil (78%, 444.1 mg);  $R_f = 0.5$  (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1:15); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta = 8.02$  (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 7.58-7.53 (m, 1H), 7.45-7.41 (m, 2H), 7.31-7.21 (m, 4H), 7.02-6.97 (m, 2H) 4.74 (s, 2H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): 166.5, 144.2, 132.9, 131.6, 130.2, 129.6, 128.3, 128.2, 127.6, 111.9, 71.4, 25.8 ppm; HRMS (ESI) calcd for  $C_{17}H_{13}KClO_2$  [M+K]<sup>+</sup> 323.0235, found 323.0242.



(1-(4-(tert-butyl)phenyl)cycloprop-2-en-1-yl)methyl benzoate (2ac) colorless oil (80%, 490.2 mg);  $R_f = 0.5$  (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1:15); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta = 8.05$  (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 2H), 7.57-7.53 (m, 1H), 7.45-7.41 (m, 2H), 7.37-7.34 (m, 2H), 7.27 (s, 2H), 7.24-7.22 (m, 2H), 4.78 (s, 2H), 1.32 (s, 9H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): 166.6, 148.6, 142.8, 132.8, 130.4, 129.6, 128.3, 125.8, 125.1, 111.8, 71.8, 34.3, 31.4, 25.7 ppm; HRMS (ESI) calcd for C<sub>21</sub>H<sub>22</sub>NaO<sub>2</sub> [M+Na]<sup>+</sup> 329.1512, found 329.1493.



(1-(p-tolyl)cycloprop-2-en-1-yl)methyl benzoate (2ad) colorless oil (84%, 444.0 mg);  $R_f = 0.5$  (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1:15); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta = 8.05-8.02$ (m, 2H), 7.57-7.53 (m, 1H), 7.45-7.40 (m, 2H), 7.29 (s, 2H), 7.20-7.12 (m, 4H), 4.76 (s, 2H), 2.33 (s, 3H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): 166.7, 142.8, 135.5, 132.9, 130.5, 129.7, 129.0, 128.4, 126.3, 112.3, 71.9, 26.0, 21.0 ppm; HRMS (ESI) calcd for  $C_{18}H_{16}O_2$  [M]<sup>+</sup>264.1144, found 264.1146



(1-(naphthalen-1-yl)cycloprop-2-en-1-yl)methyl benzoate (2ae) pale yellow oil (72%, 432.6 mg);  $R_f = 0.5$  (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1:15); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta = 8.51$  (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 8.03-8.01 (m, 2H), 7.91 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.80-7.77 (m, 3H), 7.64-7.60 (m, 1H), 7.59-7.50 (m, 3H), 7.47-7.42 (m, 3H), 4.71 (s, 2H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): 166.4, 141.4, 134.0, 132.8, 131.4, 130.3, 129.5, 128.8, 128.3, 127.4, 126.03, 126.00, 125.8, 125.7, 124.5, 116.5, 71.3, 26.5 ppm; HRMS (ESI) calcd for C<sub>21</sub>H<sub>16</sub>O<sub>2</sub> [M+K]<sup>+</sup> 339.0781, found 339.0797.



(1,2-diphenylcycloprop-2-en-1-yl)methyl benzoate (2af) coloress oil (78%, 509.2 mg);  $R_f = 0.4$  (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1:25); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta = 8.03$  (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.63 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.57-7.53 (m, 1H),, 7.44-7.36 (m, 7H), 7.33-7.29 (m, 3H), 7.22-7.18 (m, 1H), 5.08 (dd, J = 11.6, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 4.86 (dd, J = 11.6, 1.2 Hz, 1H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): 166.7, 144.6, 132.8, 130.4, 129.74, 129.56, 129.48, 129.0, 128.3, 128.2, 126.7, 126.2, 125.7, 121.1, 104.6, 71.8, 29.0 ppm; HRMS (ESI) calcd for C<sub>23</sub>H<sub>18</sub>O<sub>2</sub>Na [M+Na]<sup>+</sup> 349.1199, found 349.1188.



(1-phenylcycloprop-2-en-1-yl)methyl dimethylcarbamate (2ag) coloress oil (30%, 130.4 mg);  $R_f = 0.5$  (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1:10); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta = 7.32-7.28$  (m, 2H), 7.25-7.16 (m, 5H), 4.51 (s, 2H), 2.91 (s, 3H), 2.85 (s, 3H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): 156.7, 145.9, 128.0, 126.2, 125.6, 111.9, 71.8, 36.4, 35.9, 26.2 ppm; HRMS (ESI) calcd for C<sub>13</sub>H<sub>15</sub>NO<sub>2</sub>K [M+K]<sup>+</sup> 256.0734, found 256.0738.

**Characterization of Products 3, 4** 



(2-phenyl-2*H*-chromen-2-yl)methyl benzoate (3a) colorless solid (66%, 45.2 mg); m.p.: 75.5-76.2 °C;  $R_f = 0.4$  (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1:15); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta = 7.87$ -7.84 (m, 2H), 7.62-7.59 (m, 2H), 7.55-7.50 (m, 1H), 7.41-7.28 (m, 5H), 7.19-7.14 (m, 1H), 7.00-6.97 (m, 2H), 6.89-6.85 (m, 1H), 6.60 (d, J = 10.0 Hz, 1H), 6.06 (d, J = 10.0 Hz, 1H), 4.79 (d, J = 12.0 Hz, 1H), 4.59 (d, J = 12.0 Hz, 1H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): 166.4, 152.9, 141.5, 133.0, 129.69, 129.57, 129.6, 128.4, 128.2, 128.0, 126.7, 125.7, 125.4, 124.8, 121.2, 120.8, 116.3, 80.2, 70.2 ppm; HRMS (ESI) calcd for C<sub>23</sub>H<sub>22</sub>NO<sub>3</sub> [M+NH<sub>4</sub>]<sup>+</sup> 360.1594, found 360.1591.



(2-phenyl-2*H*-chromen-2-yl)methyl 4-fluorobenzoate (3b) colorless oil (55%, 39.6 mg);  $R_f = 0.5$  (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1:15); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta = 7.84$ -7.80 (m, 2H), 7.59-7.56 (m, 2H), 7.39-7.35 (m, 2H), 7.31-7.27 (m, 1H), 7.15 (td, J = 8.0, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.03-6.95 (m, 4H), 6.85 (td, J = 7.6, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 6.59 (d, J = 10.0 Hz, 1H), 6.02 (d, J = 10.0 Hz, 1H), 4.77 (d, J = 11.6 Hz, 1H), 4.55 (d, J = 11.6 Hz, 1H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): 166.1 (d, J = 253.0 Hz), 165.3, 152.9, 141.4, 132.2 (d, J = 9.5 Hz), 129.6, 128.5, 128.0, 126.7, 126.0 (d, J = 2.8 Hz), 125.6, 125.4, 124.7, 121.2, 120.8, 116.2, 115.4, (d, J = 21.7 Hz), 80.2, 70.2 ppm; <sup>19</sup>F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta = -114.0$  (s) ppm; HRMS (ESI) calcd for C<sub>23</sub>H<sub>17</sub>NaFO<sub>3</sub> [M+Na]<sup>+</sup> 383.1053, found 383.1046.



(2-phenyl-2*H*-chromen-2-yl)methyl 4-chlorobenzoate (3c) colorless oil (63%, 47.5 mg);  $R_f = 0.5$  (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1:15); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta = 7.75$ -7.71 (m, 2H), 7.59-7.56 (m, 2H), 7.40-7.36 (m, 2H), 7.33-7.30 (m, 3H), 7.16 (td, J = 8.0, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 6.99-6.95 (m, 2H), 6.86 (td, J = 7.2, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 6.59 (d, J = 10.0 Hz, 1H), 6.02 (d, J = 10.0 Hz, 1H), 4.77 (d, J = 11.6 Hz, 1H), 4.55 (d, J = 11.6 Hz, 1H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): 165.5, 153.1, 141.5, 140.0, 131.2, 130.0, 128.7, 128.6, 128.3, 128.1, 126.9, 125.7, 125.6, 124.8, 121.4, 120.9, 116.3, 80.3, 70.4 ppm; HRMS (ESI) calcd for C<sub>23</sub>H<sub>17</sub>NaClO<sub>3</sub> [M+Na]<sup>+</sup> 399.0758, found 399.0741.



(2-phenyl-2*H*-chromen-2-yl)methyl 4-bromobenzoate (3d) pale yellow oil (57%, 48.0 mg);  $R_f = 0.6$  (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1:15); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta = 7.67$  (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.58 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 7.50-7.47 (m, 2H), 7.40-7.37 (m, 2H), 7.32-7.28 (m, 1H), 7.16 (td, J = 8.0, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 6.99-6.96 (m, 1H), 6.87 (td, J = 7.2, 0.8 Hz, 1H), 6.60 (d, J = 10.0 Hz, 1H), 6.02 (d, J = 10.0 Hz, 1H), 4.78 (d, J = 11.6 Hz, 1H), 4.56 (d, J = 11.6 Hz, 1H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): 165.5, 152.9, 141.3, 131.6, 131.2, 130.0, 128.6, 128.5, 128.1, 128.0, 126.7, 125.6, 125.5, 124.7, 121.2, 120.7, 116.2, 80.2, 70.3 ppm; HRMS (ESI) calcd for C<sub>23</sub>H<sub>18</sub>BrO<sub>3</sub> [M+H]<sup>+</sup>421.0433, found 421.0429.



(2-phenyl-2*H*-chromen-2-yl)methyl 4-(trifluoromethyl)benzoate (3e) colorless oil (40%, 32.8 mg);  $R_f = 0.4$  (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1:15); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta = 7.90$  (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.62-7.57 (m, 4H), 7.41-7.37 (m, 2H), 7.33-7.29 (m, 1H), 7.16 (td, J = 7.6, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 6.99-6.96 (m, 2H), 6.87 (td, J = 7.2, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 6.60 (d, J = 10.0 Hz, 1H), 6.02 (d, J = 10.0 Hz, 1H), 4.80 (d, J = 11.6 Hz, 1H), 4.59 (d, J = 11.6 Hz, 1H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): 165.1, 152.9, 141.2, 134.4 (q, J = 32.0 Hz), 133.0, 130.1, 129.7, 128.5, 128.1, 126.8, 125.6, 125.3 (q, J = 2.8 Hz), 124.6, 123.6 (q, J = 271.0 Hz), 122.2, 121.3, 120.7, 116.2, 80.2, 70.6 ppm; <sup>19</sup>F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta = -63.0$  (s) ppm; HRMS (ESI) calcd for C<sub>24</sub>H<sub>17</sub>NaF<sub>3</sub>O<sub>3</sub> [M+Na]<sup>+</sup> 433.1022, found 433.1018.



(2-phenyl-2*H*-chromen-2-yl)methyl 4-(trifluoromethoxy)benzoate (3f) colorless oil (42%, 35.8 mg);  $R_f$ = 0.5 (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1:20); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  = 7.87-7.83 (m, 2H), 7.59-7.57 (m, 2H), 7.40-7.36 (m, 2H), 7.32-7.28 (m, 1H), 7.18-7.14 (m, 3H), 6.99-6.95 (m, 2H), 6.86 (td, *J* = 7.6, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 6.60 (d, *J* = 10.0 Hz, 1H), 6.02 (d, *J* = 10.0 Hz, 1H), 4.78 (d, *J* = 11.6 Hz, 1H), 4.57 (d, *J* = 11.6 Hz, 1H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): 165.1, 152.9, 152.6, 141.3, 131.7, 129.7, 128.5, 128.14, 128.06, 126.7, 125.6, 125.5, 124.7, 121.3, 120.7, 120.2 (q, *J* = 257.0 Hz), 120.1, 116.2, 80.2, 70.4 ppm; <sup>19</sup>F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  = -57.5 (s) ppm; HRMS (ESI) calcd for C<sub>24</sub>H<sub>21</sub>NF<sub>3</sub>O<sub>4</sub> [M+NH<sub>4</sub>]<sup>+</sup> 444.1417, found 444.1426.



(2-phenyl-2*H*-chromen-2-yl)methyl 4-cyanobenzoate (3g) yellow oil (35%, 25.7 mg);  $R_f = 0.4$  (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1:10); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta = 7.89$ -7.86 (m, 2H), 7.65-7.62 (m, 2H), 7.59-7.56 (m, 2H), 7.41-7.37 (m, 2H), 7.33-7.29 (m, 1H), 7.16 (td, J = 7.6, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 6.99-6.95 (m, 2H), 6.87 (td, J = 7.2, 0.8 Hz, 1H), 6.60 (d, J = 10.0 Hz, 1H), 6.01 (d, J = 10.0 Hz, 1H), 4.80 (d, J = 11.6 Hz, 1H), 4.56 (d, J = 11.6 Hz, 1H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): 164.6, 152.9, 141.1, 133.5, 132.1, 130.2, 129.7, 128.5, 128.1, 126.8, 125.6, 125.5, 124.5, 121.3, 120.6, 117.9, 116.3, 116.2, 80.1, 70.7 ppm; HRMS (ESI) calcd for C<sub>24</sub>H<sub>18</sub>NO<sub>3</sub> [M+H]<sup>+</sup> 368.1281, found 368.1256.



(2-phenyl-2*H*-chromen-2-yl)methyl 4-methylbenzoate (3h) colorless oil (44%, 31.4 mg);  $R_f = 0.5$  (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1:15); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta = 7.73$  (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.59 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 7.39-7.36 (m, 2H), 7.31-7.27 (m, 1H), 7.18-7.14 (m, 3H), 6.98-6.96 (m, 2H), 6.88-6.84 (m, 1H), 6.59 (d, J = 10.0 Hz, 1H), 4.77 (d, J = 11.6 Hz, 1H), 4.55 (d, J = 11.6 Hz, 1H), 2.38 (s, 3H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): 166.3, 152.9, 143.7, 141.6, 129.7, 129.6, 129.0, 128.4, 128.0, 127.0, 126.7, 125.7, 125.3, 124.9, 121.2, 120.9, 116.3, 80.2, 69.9, 21,6 ppm; HRMS (ESI) calcd for C<sub>24</sub>H<sub>21</sub>O<sub>3</sub> [M+H]<sup>+</sup> 357.1485, found 357.1479.



(2-phenyl-2*H*-chromen-2-yl)methyl 4-methylbenzoate (3i) colorless oil (43%, 34.3 mg);  $R_f = 0.5$  (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1:15); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta = 7.78$ -7.52 (m, 2H), 7.61-7.58 (m, 2H), 7.41-7.36 (m, 2H), 7.32-7.28 (m, 1H), 7.19-7.14 (m, 3H), 7.00-6.97 (m, 2H), 6.86 (td, J = 7.6, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 6.60 (d, J = 10.0 Hz, 1H), 6.07 (d, J = 10.0 Hz, 1H), 4.78 (d, J = 12.0 Hz, 1H), 4.57 (d, J = 12.0 Hz, 1H), 2.64 (t, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 1.63-1.56 (m, 2H), 1.39-1.30 (m, 2H), 0.93 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): 166.3, 152.9, 148.6, 141.6, 129.8, 129.5, 128.4, 128.3, 127.9, 127.2, 126.7, 125.7, 125.3, 124.9, 121.2, 120.9, 116.2, 80.2, 69.9, 35.7, 33.2, 11.3, 13.9 ppm; HRMS (ESI) calcd for C<sub>27</sub>H<sub>26</sub>NaO<sub>3</sub> [M+Na]<sup>+</sup> 421.1774, found 421.1784.



(2-phenyl-2*H*-chromen-2-yl)methyl 4-methoxybenzoate (3j) colorless oil (47%, 35.0 mg);  $R_f = 0.5$  (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1:15); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta = 7.81-7.79$  (m, 2H), 7.60-7.58 (m, 2H), 7.39-7.35 (m, 2H), 7.30-7.28 (m, 1H), 7.17-7.13 (m, 1H), 6.98-6.95 (m, 2H), 6.87-6.80 (m, 3H), 6.58 (d, J = 10.0 Hz, 1H), 6.04 (d, J = 10.0 Hz, 1H), 4.76 (dd, J = 11.6, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 4.53 (dd, J = 11.6, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 3.82 (s, 3H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): 166.0, 163.3, 152.9, 141.6, 131.7, 129.5, 128.4, 127.9, 126.7, 125.6, 125.3, 124.9, 122.1, 121.1, 120.8, 116.2, 113.5, 80.3, 70.0, 55.3 ppm; HRMS (ESI) calcd for C<sub>24</sub>H<sub>20</sub>NaO<sub>4</sub> [M+Na]<sup>+</sup> 395.1253, found 395.1270.



(2-phenyl-2*H*-chromen-2-yl)methyl 4-(dimethylamino)benzoate (3k) yellow oil (46%, 35.5 mg);  $R_f = 0.5$  (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1:10); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta = 7.76-7.72$  (m, 2H), 7.61-7.58 (m, 2H), 7.39-7.35 (m, 2H), 7.31-7.27 (m, 1H), 7.16 (td, J = 8.0, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 6.99-6.97 (m, 2H), 6.86 (td, J = 7.2, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 6.60-6.55 (m, 3H), 6.08 (d, J = 10.0 Hz, 1H), 4.64 (d, J = 11.6 Hz, 1H), 4.52 (d, J = 11.6 Hz, 1H), 3.00 (s, 6H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): 166.6, 153.3, 153.0, 141.8, 131.4, 129.4, 128.3, 127.8, 126.6, 125.7, 125.2, 125.1, 121.1, 121.0, 116.4, 116.2, 110.6, 80.4, 69.4, 40.0 ppm; HRMS (ESI) calcd for C<sub>25</sub>H<sub>24</sub>NO<sub>3</sub> [M+H]<sup>+</sup> 386.1750, found 386.1761.



(2-phenyl-2*H*-chromen-2-yl)methyl 2-methylbenzoate (3l) colorless oil (48%, 34.2 mg);  $R_f = 0.5$  (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1:15); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta = 7.69$  (dd, J = 6.4, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.60-7.58 (m, 2H), 7.40-7.34 (m, 3H), 7.32-7.27 (m, 1H), 7.21-7.13 (m, 3H), 7.00-6.97 (m, 2H), 6.86 (td, J = 7.2, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 6.61 (d, J = 10.0 Hz, 1H), 6.08 (d, J = 10.0 Hz, 1H), 4.75 (d, J = 12.0 Hz, 1H), 4.60 (d, J = 12.0 Hz, 1H), 2.52 (s, 3H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): 167.2, 152.7, 141.6, 140.4, 132.0, 131.5, 130.8, 129.6, 129.1, 127.9, 126.7, 125.7, 125.6, 125.3, 125.0, 121.2, 120.8, 116.3, 80.3, 69.7, 21.8 ppm; HRMS (ESI) calcd for C<sub>24</sub>H<sub>21</sub>O<sub>3</sub> [M+H]<sup>+</sup> 357.1485 found 357.1467.



(2-phenyl-2*H*-chromen-2-yl)methyl 3-methoxybenzoate (3m) colorless oil (44%, 32.8 mg);  $R_f = 0.5$  (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1:15); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta = 7.60-7.58$  (m, 2H), 7.45-7.35 (m, 4H), 7.32-7.27 (m, 2H), 7.15 (td, *J*=7.6, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.07-7.04 (m, 1H), 6.98-6.95 (m, 2H), 6.85 (td, *J*= 7.6, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 6.60 (d, *J*= 10.0 Hz, 1H), 6.05 (d, *J*= 10.0 Hz, 1H), 4.78 (d, *J*= 11.6 Hz, 1H), 4.57 (d, *J*= 11.6 Hz, 1H), 3.76 (s, 3H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): 166.1, 159.4, 152.8, 141.5, 131.0, 129.6, 129.3, 128.4, 128.0, 126.7, 124.6, 125.3, 124.7, 122.2, 121.2, 120.7, 119.8, 116.2, 113.8, 80.2, 70.1, 55.3 ppm; HRMS (ESI) calcd for C<sub>24</sub>H<sub>20</sub>NaO<sub>4</sub> [M+Na]<sup>+</sup> 395.1253, found 395.1260.



(2-phenyl-2*H*-chromen-2-yl)methyl 3,5-dichlorobenzoate (3n) colorless oil (48%, 39.5 mg);  $R_f = 0.5$  (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1:15); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta = 7.62$  (d, J = 2.0 Hz, 2H), 7.60-7.56 (m, 2H), 7.49-7.48 (m, 1H), 7.42-7.37 (m, 2H), 7.34-7.30 (m, 1H), 7.17 (td, J = 8.0, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.00-6.96 (m, 2H), 6.87 (td, J = 7.6, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 6.61 (d, J = 10.0 Hz, 1H), 6.00 (d, J = 10.0 Hz, 1H), 4.79 (d, J = 12.0 Hz, 1H), 4.57 (d, J = 12.0 Hz, 1H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): 164.0, 152.9, 141.1, 135.1, 132.9, 132.5, 129.8, 128.5, 128.12, 128.05, 126.7, 125.7, 125.5, 124.4, 121.5, 120.6, 116.1, 80.1, 70.9 ppm; HRMS (ESI) calcd for C<sub>23</sub>H<sub>20</sub>NCl<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> [M+NH<sub>4</sub>]<sup>+</sup> 428.0814, found 428.0825.



(2-phenyl-2*H*-chromen-2-yl)methyl 3,4-dimethoxybenzoate (30) colorless oil (48%, 38.6 mg);  $R_f = 0.5$  (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1:15); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta = 7.60-7.57$  (m, 2H), 7.48 (td, J = 8.4, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.41-7.35 (m, 3H), 7.31-7.27 (m, 1H), 7.15 (td, J = 7.6, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 6.96 (dd, J = 7.6, 1.6 Hz, 2H), 6.84 (td, J = 7.6, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 6.79 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 6.60 (d, J = 10.0 Hz, 1H), 6.03 (d, J = 10.0 Hz, 1H), 4.80 (d, J = 11.6 Hz, 1H), 4.53 (d, J = 11.6 Hz, 1H), 3.90 (s, 3H), 3.80 (s, 3H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): 166.0, 153.0, 152.9, 148.4, 141.6, 129.6, 128.4, 127.9, 126.7, 125.6, 125.2, 124.8, 123.8, 122.2, 121.1, 120.6, 116.1, 111.9, 110.1, 80.4, 70.0, 55.9, 55.8 ppm; HRMS (ESI) calcd for C<sub>25</sub>H<sub>22</sub>NaO<sub>5</sub> [M+Na]<sup>+</sup> 425.1359, found 425.1348.



(2-phenyl-2*H*-chromen-2-yl)methyl 1-naphthoate (3p) colorless oil (47%, 36.9 mg);  $R_f = 0.5$  (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1:15); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta = 8.86-8.83$ (m, 1H), 7.99-7.92 (m, 2H), 7.87-7.83 (m, 1H), 7.64-7.62 (m, 2H), 7.52-7.46 (m, 2H), 7.42-7.37 (m, 3H), 7.34-7.30 (m, 1H), 7.18 (td, J = 7.6, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.02-6.98 (m, 2H), 6.88 (td, J = 7.6, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 6.62 (d, J = 10.0 Hz, 1H), 6.12 (d, J = 10.0 Hz, 1H), 4.88 (d, J = 12.0 Hz, 1H), 4.70 (d, J = 12.0 Hz, 1H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): 167.2, 152.8, 141.6, 133.7, 133.5, 131.3, 130.6, 130.0, 128.5, 128.4, 128.0, 127.7, 126.8, 126.6, 126.1, 125.8, 125.7, 125.4, 124.9, 124.5, 121.3, 120.8, 116.3, 80.4, 70.0 ppm; HRMS (ESI) calcd for C<sub>27</sub>H<sub>20</sub>LiO<sub>3</sub> [M+Li]<sup>+</sup> 399.1567, found 399.1577.



(2-phenyl-2*H*-chromen-2-yl)methyl furan-2-carboxylate (3q) colorless oil (51%, 33.9 mg);  $R_f = 0.5$  (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1:15); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta = 7.58-7.54$  (m, 3H), 7.40-7.33 (m, 2H), 7.31-7.27 (m, 1H), 7.15 (td, J = 7.6, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 6.97(dd, J = 7.2, 1.2 Hz, 2H), 6.90-6.89 (m, 1H), 6.84 (td, J = 7.2, 0.8 Hz, 1H), 6.60 (d, J = 9.6 Hz, 1H), 6.42 (dd, J = 3.6, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 6.05 (d, J = 10.0 Hz, 1H), 4.76 (d, J = 11.6 Hz, 1H), 4.54 (d, J = 11.6 Hz, 1H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): 158.3, 152.8, 146.6, 144.1, 141.3, 129.6, 128.4, 128.0, 126.7, 125.7, 125.5, 124.6, 121.2, 120.8, 118.3, 116.3, 111.7, 80.2, 69.7 ppm; HRMS (ESI) calcd for C<sub>21</sub>H<sub>16</sub>NaO<sub>4</sub> [M+Na]<sup>+</sup> 355.0940, found 355.0938.



(2-phenyl-2*H*-chromen-2-yl)methyl thiophene-2-carboxylate (3r) colorless oil (53%, 36.9 mg);  $R_f$ = 0.5 (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1:15); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  = 7.61-7.57 (m, 3H), 7.52-7.50 (m, 1H), 7.39-7.36 (m, 2H), 7.31-7.27 (m, 1H), 7.15 (td, *J* = 7.6, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.04-7.02 (m, 1H), 6.98-6.96 (m, 2H), 6.85 (td, *J* = 7.2, 0.8 Hz, 1H), 6.60 (d, *J* = 10.0 Hz, 1H), 6.06 (d, *J* = 10.0 Hz, 1H), 4.75 (d, *J* = 11.6 Hz, 1H), 4.56 (d, *J* = 11.6 Hz, 1H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): 161.8, 152.8, 141.4, 133.7, 133.3, 132.7, 129.6, 128.4, 128.0, 127.7, 126.7, 125.7, 125.4, 124.6, 121.2, 120.8, 116.2, 80.1, 70.0 ppm; HRMS (ESI) calcd for C<sub>21</sub>H<sub>16</sub>NaO<sub>3</sub>S [M+Na]<sup>+</sup> 371.0712, found 371.0724.



(2-phenyl-2*H*-chromen-2-yl)methyl acetate (3s) colorless oil (42%, 23.5 mg);  $R_f = 0.6$  (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1:15); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta = 7.52$ -7.50 (m, 2H), 7.36-7.32 (m, 2H), 7.29-7.25 (m, 1H), 7.14 (td, J = 7.6, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 6.99-6.94 (m, 2H), 6.85 (td, J = 7.2, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 6.59 (d, J = 10.0 Hz, 1H), 6.01 (d, J = 10.0 Hz, 1H), 4.52 (d, J = 12.0 Hz, 1H), 4.42 (d, J = 12.0 Hz, 1H), 2.00 (s, 3H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): 170.8, 152.6, 141.4, 129.6, 128.3, 127.9, 126.7, 125.7, 125.4, 124.9, 121.3, 120.9, 116.4, 80.2, 69.2, 20.8 ppm; HRMS (ESI) calcd for C<sub>18</sub>H<sub>16</sub>LiO<sub>3</sub> [M+Li]<sup>+</sup> 287.1254, found 287.1269.



(2-phenyl-2*H*-chromen-2-yl)methyl butyrate (3t) colorless oil (45%, 27.8 mg);  $R_f = 0.5$  (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1:15); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta = 7.53-7.50$  (m, 2H), 7.37-7.32 (m, 2H), 7.29-7.25 (m, 1H), 7.15 (td, J = 8.0, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 6.99-6.95 (m, 2H), 6.87-6.83 (m, 1H), 6.59 (d, J = 9.6 Hz, 1H), 6.00 (d, J = 9.6 Hz, 1H), 4.54 (d, J = 12.0 Hz, 1H), 4.40 (d, J = 12.0 Hz, 1H), 2.24 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 1.61-1.51 (m, 2H), 0.87 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): 173.8, 152.6, 141.5, 129.5, 128.3, 127.9, 126.6, 125.6, 125.2, 124.9, 121.2, 120.8, 116.3, 80.2, 68.9, 36.0, 18.3, 13.5 ppm; HRMS (ESI) calcd for C<sub>20</sub>H<sub>20</sub>NaO<sub>3</sub> [M+Na]<sup>+</sup> 331.1304, found 331.1311.



(2-phenyl-2*H*-chromen-2-yl)methyl cyclohexanecarboxylate (3u) colorless oil (54%, 37.6 mg);  $R_f = 0.5$  (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1:15); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta = 7.53-7.50$  (m, 2H), 7.37-7.32 (m, 2H), 7.29-7.25 (m, 1H), 7.14 (td, J = 7.6, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 6.99-6.94 (m, 2H), 6.84 (td, J = 7.6, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 6.57 (d, J = 10.0 Hz, 1H), 5.98 (d, J = 10.0 Hz, 1H), 4.53 (d, J = 12.0 Hz, 1H), 4.38 (d, J = 12.0 Hz, 1H), 2.29-2.21 (m, 1H), 1.82-1.57 (m, 5H), 1.38-1.14 (m, 5H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): 175.7, 152.7,

141.6, 129.5, 128.3, 127.8, 126.6, 125.6, 125.2, 124.9, 121.2, 120.8, 116.3, 80.3, 68.8, 43.0, 28.8 (d, *J* = 15.0Hz), 25.6, 25.2 (d, *J* = 15.0 Hz) ppm; HRMS (ESI) calcd for C<sub>23</sub>H<sub>24</sub>KO<sub>3</sub> [M+K]<sup>+</sup> 387.1357, found 387.1365.



(2-phenyl-2*H*-chromen-2-yl)methyl cyclopropanecarboxylate (3v) colorless oil (54%, 33.1 mg);  $R_f = 0.5$  (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1:15); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta = 7.53-7.50$  (m, 2H), 7.37-7.32 (m, 2H), 7.29-7.25 (m, 1H), 7.15 (td, J = 8.0, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 6.99-6.95 (m, 2H), 6.85 (td, J = 7.2, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 6.59 (d, J = 10.0 Hz, 1H), 6.00 (d, J = 10.0 Hz, 1H), 4.52 (d, J = 12.0 Hz, 1H), 4.38 (d, J = 12.0 Hz, 1H), 1.60-1.53 (m, 1H), 0.93-0.89 (m, 2H), 0.82-0.77 (m, 2H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): 174.6, 152.7, 141.5, 129.5, 128.3, 127.9, 126.7, 125.7, 125.2, 124.9, 121.2, 120.9, 116.3, 80.2, 69.2, 12.9, 8.6 ppm; HRMS (ESI) calcd for C<sub>20</sub>H<sub>18</sub>NaO<sub>3</sub> [M+Na]<sup>+</sup> 329.1148, found 329.1157.



(2-phenyl-2*H*-chromen-2-yl)methyl pivalate (3w) colorless oil (40%, 25.8 mg);  $R_f = 0.5$  (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1:15); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta = 7.54-7.51$  (m, 2H), 7.37-7.33 (m, 2H), 7.29-7.25 (m, 1H), 7.14 (td, J = 7.6, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 6.98-6.93 (m, 2H), 6.84 (td, J = 7.6, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 6.57 (d, J = 9.6 Hz, 1H), 5.97 (d, J = 9.6 Hz, 1H), 4.51 (d, J = 11.6 Hz, 1H), 4.38 (d, J = 11.6 Hz, 1H), 1.08 (s, 9H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): 178.1, 152.8, 141.6, 129.5, 128.3, 127.8, 126.6, 125.6, 125.0, 124.8, 121.1, 120.7, 116.1, 80.3, 69.1, 38.8, 27.0 ppm; HRMS (ESI) calcd for C<sub>21</sub>H<sub>22</sub>NaO<sub>3</sub> [M+Na]<sup>+</sup> 345.1461, found 345.1479.



(2-phenyl-2*H*-chromen-2-yl)methyl pivalate (3x) colorless oil (47%, 37.6 mg);  $R_f = 0.5$  (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1:15); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta = 7.53-7.50$  (m, 2H), 7.37-7.33 (m, 2H), 7.29-7.25 (m, 1H), 7.14 (td, J = 8.0, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 6.99-6.92 (m, 2H), 6.84 (td, J = 7.6, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 6.57 (d, J = 10.0 Hz, 1H), 5.95 (d, J = 10.0 Hz, 1H), 4.50 (d, J = 11.6 Hz, 1H), 4.34 (d, J = 11.6 Hz, 1H), 1.94-1.91 (m, 3H), 1.73-1.72 (m, 5H), 1.69-1.59 (m, 7H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): 177.3, 152.9, 141.6, 129.5, 128.3, 127.8, 126.6, 125.6, 125.0, 124.9, 121.1, 120.8, 116.1, 80.3, 69.0, 40.7, 38.5, 36.7, 27.8 ppm; HRMS (ESI) calcd for C<sub>27</sub>H<sub>29</sub>O<sub>3</sub> [M+H]<sup>+</sup> 401.2111, found 401.2114.



(2-(4-fluorophenyl)-2*H*-chromen-2-yl)methyl benzoate (3aa) colorless oil (51%, 36.8 mg);  $R_f = 0.5$  (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1:15); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta = 7.87-7.85$  (m, 2H), 7.59-7.50 (m, 3H), 7.39-7.35 (m, 2H), 7.16 (td, J = 7.6, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.08-7.00 (m, 2H), 6.99-6.95 (m, 2H), 6.87 (td, J = 7.2, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 6.62 (d, J = 7.2, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 6.04 (d, J = 10.0 Hz, 1H), 4.74 (d, J = 11.6 Hz, 1H), 4.57 (d, J = 11.6 Hz, 1H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): 166.2, 162.3 (d, J = 245.0 Hz), 152.6, 137.2 (d, J = 3.0 Hz), 133.1, 129.7, 128.3, 127.64, 127.56, 126.8, 125.6, 124.5, 121.4, 120.8, 116.3, 115.4, 115.2, 79.8, 69.8 ppm; <sup>19</sup>F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta = -114.0$  (s) ppm; HRMS (ESI) calcd for C<sub>23</sub>H<sub>18</sub>FO<sub>3</sub> [M+H]<sup>+</sup> 361.1234, found 361.1220.



(2-(4-chlorophenyl)-2*H*-chromen-2-yl)methyl benzoate (3ab) colorless oil (48%, 36.2 mg);  $R_f = 0.5$  (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1:15); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta = 7.86-7.84$  (m, 2H), 7.54-7.51 (m, 3H), 7.39-7.33 (m, 4H), 7.16 (td, J = 7.6, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.00-6.95 (m, 2H), 6.87 (td, J = 7.2, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 6.62 (d, J = 10.0 Hz, 1H), 6.03 (d, J = 10.0 Hz, 1H), 4.74 (d, J = 12.0 Hz, 1H), 4.56 (d, J = 12.0 Hz, 1H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): 166.2, 152.6, 140.0, 133.9, 133.1, 129.8, 129.7, 129.6, 128.58, 128.3, 127.2, 126.8, 125.8, 124.3, 121.5, 120.8, 116.3, 79.7, 69.6 ppm; HRMS (ESI) calcd for  $C_{23}H_{17}LiClO_3$  [M+Li]<sup>+</sup> 383.1020, found 383.1010.



(2-(4-(tert-butyl)phenyl)-2*H*-chromen-2-yl)methyl benzoate (3ac) colorless oil (44%, 35.1 mg);  $R_f = 0.5$  (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1:15); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta = 7.86-7.85$  (m, 2H), 7.53-7.50 (m, 3H), 7.42-7.34 (m, 4H), 7.16 (td, *J* = 7.6, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.00-6.97 (m, 2H), 6.88-6.84 (m, 1H), 6.60 (d, *J* = 10.0 Hz, 1H), 6.06 (d, *J* = 10.0 Hz, 1H), 4.79 (d, *J* = 12.0 Hz, 1H), 4.59 (d, *J* = 12.0 Hz, 1H), 1.32 (s, 9H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): 166.3, 153.1, 150.9, 138.5, 132.9, 129.8, 129.7, 129.5, 128.2, 126.7, 125.4, 125.3, 125.1, 125.0, 121.6, 120.8, 116.2, 80.2, 70.3, 34.5, 31.3 ppm; HRMS (ESI) calcd for C<sub>27</sub>H<sub>26</sub>NaO<sub>3</sub> [M+Na]<sup>+</sup> 421.1774, found 421.1772.



(2-(p-tolyl)-2*H*-chromen-2-yl)methyl benzoate (3ad) colorless oil (42%, 29.9 mg);  $R_f = 0.5$  (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1:15); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  = 7.85-7.82 (m, 2H), 7.52-7.44 (m, 3H), 7.36-7.32 (m, 2H), 7.18-7.11 (m, 3H), 7.00-6.93 (m, 2H), 6.83 (td, *J* = 7.6, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 6.57 (d, *J* = 10.0 Hz, 1H), 6.03 (d, *J* = 10.0 Hz, 1H), 4.74 (d, *J* = 11.6 Hz, 1H), 4.55 (d, *J* = 11.6 Hz, 1H), 2.32 (s, 3H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): 166.3, 153.0, 138.5, 137.8, 133.0, 129.8, 129.7, 129.5, 129.1, 128.2, 126.7, 125.6, 125.2, 125.0, 121.1, 120.9, 116.2, 80.1, 70.1, 21.1 ppm; HRMS (ESI) calcd for C<sub>24</sub>H<sub>20</sub>NaO [M+Na]<sup>+</sup> 395.1253, found 395.1243. HRMS (ESI) calcd for C<sub>24</sub>H<sub>20</sub>NaO<sub>3</sub> [M+H]<sup>+</sup> 395.1044, found 395.1048.



(6-methyl-2-phenyl-2*H*-chromen-2-yl)methyl benzoate (4a) colorless oil (62%, 44.2 mg);  $R_f = 0.5$  (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1:15); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta = 7.88$ -7.85 (m, 2H), 7.60-7.57 (m, 2H), 7.54-7.50 (m, 1H), 7.39-7.34 (m, 4H), 7.31-7.28 (m, 1H), 6.98-6.95 (m, 1H), 6.89-6.87 (m, 1H), 6.80-6.79 (m, 1H), 6.57 (d, *J* = 10.0 Hz, 1H), 6.07 (d, *J* = 10.0 Hz, 1H), 4.77 (d, *J* = 12.0 Hz, 1H), 4.57 (d, *J* = 12.0 Hz, 1H), 2.24 (s, 3H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): 166.2, 150.7, 141.6, 133.0, 130.4, 129.99, 129.77, 129.72, 128.4, 128.2, 127.9, 127.1, 125.7, 125.5, 125.0, 120.7, 116.0, 80.0, 70.0, 20.5 ppm; HRMS (ESI) calcd for C<sub>24</sub>H<sub>20</sub>NaO<sub>3</sub> [M+Na]<sup>+</sup> 379.1304, found 379.1312.



(6-(tert-butyl)-2-phenyl-2*H*-chromen-2-yl)methyl benzoate (4b) colorless oil (60%, 47.8 mg);  $R_f = 0.5$  (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1:15); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta =$ 7.86-7.84 (m, 2H), 7.61-7.58 (m, 2H), 7.53-7.49 (m, 1H), 7.40-7.27 (m, 5H), 7.18 (dd, J = 8.8, 2.4 Hz, 1H), 6.98 (d, J = 2.4 Hz, 1H), 6.90 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 6.60 (d, J = 10.0Hz, 1H), 6.04 (d, J = 10.0 Hz, 1H), 4.77 (d, J = 11.6 Hz, 1H), 4.56 (d, J = 11.6 Hz, 1H), 1.27 (s, 9H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): 166.3, 150.6, 144.0, 141.8, 132.9, 129.8, 129.7, 128.4, 128.2, 127.9, 126.5, 125.8, 125.7, 124.6, 123.7, 120.1, 115.6, 80.1, 70.2, 34.0, 31.5 ppm; HRMS (ESI) calcd for C<sub>27</sub>H<sub>26</sub>LiO<sub>3</sub> [M+Li]<sup>+</sup>405.2036, found 405.2051.



(7-methoxy-2-phenyl-2*H*-chromen-2-yl)methyl benzoate (4c) colorless oil (48%, 35.8 mg);  $R_f = 0.5$  (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1:15); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta = 7.89-7.86$  (m, 2H), 7.60-7.57 (m, 2H), 7.54-7.50 (m, 1H), 7.40-7.35 (m, 4H), 7.32-7.27 (m, 1H), 6.88 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 6.57-6.54 (m, 2H), 6.42 (dd, J = 8.4, 2.4 Hz, 1H), 5.92 (d, J = 9.6 Hz, 1H), 4.76 (d, J = 11.6 Hz, 1H), 4.58 (d, J = 11.6 Hz, 1H), 3.78 (s, 3H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): 166.3, 161.0, 154.1, 141.6, 133.0, 129.8, 129.7, 128.4, 128.2, 128.0, 127.4, 125.7, 125.0, 121.9, 114.2, 107.1, 102.1, 80.4, 70.0, 55.3 ppm; HRMS (ESI) calcd for C<sub>24</sub>H<sub>20</sub>KO<sub>4</sub> [M+K]<sup>+</sup> 411.0993, found 411.0973.



(6-bromo-2-phenyl-2*H*-chromen-2-yl)methyl benzoate (4d) colorless oil (52%, 43.8 mg);  $R_f = 0.5$  (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1:15); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta = 7.83$ -7.81 (m, 2H), 7.56-7.51 (m, 3H), 7.41-7.36 (m, 4H), 7.34-7.29 (m, 1H), 7.24 (dd, J = 8.8, 2.4 Hz, 1H), 7.09 (d, J = 2.4 Hz, 1H), 6.85 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 6.53 (d, J = 10.0 Hz, 1H), 6.10 (d, J = 10.0 Hz, 1H), 4.78 (d, J = 11.6 Hz, 1H), 4.56 (d, J = 11.6 Hz, 1H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): 166.2, 152.1, 140.9, 133.1, 132.1, 129.7, 129.6, 129.2,

128.5, 128.3, 128.2, 126.2, 125.6, 124.4, 122.7, 118.0, 113.2, 80.6, 70.0 ppm; HRMS (ESI) calcd for C<sub>23</sub>H<sub>17</sub>KBrO<sub>3</sub> [M+K]<sup>+</sup> 458.9992, found 458.9973.

### Characterization of 5a, 6a, 7a and 8a-g



(2-phenyl-2*H*-chromen-2-yl)methanol (5a) colorless oil (88%, 41.9 mg);  $R_f = 0.45$  (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1:20); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta = 7.48-7.45$  (m, 2H), 7.35-7.30 (m, 2H), 7.27-7.23 (m, 1H), 7.14 (td, J = 7.6, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 6.99-6.96 (m, 2H), 6.85 (td, J = 7.6, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 6.63 (d, J = 10.0 Hz, 1H), 6.11 (d, J = 10.0 Hz, 1H), 3.95 (d, J = 12.0 Hz, 1H), 3.84 (d, J = 12.0 Hz, 1H), 2.11 (br, 1H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): 152.5, 141.8, 129.4, 128.3, 127.8, 126.8, 125.9, 125.6, 125.5, 121.5, 121.3, 116.4, 82.1, 70.0 ppm; HRMS (ESI) calcd for C<sub>16</sub>H<sub>14</sub>O<sub>2</sub> [M]<sup>+</sup>238.0988, found 238.0979.



**2-(2-phenyl-2***H***-chromen-2-yl)acetaldehyde (6a)** colorless oil (92%, 43.5 mg);  $R_f = 0.35$  (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1:30); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta = 9.78$  (s, 1H), 7.54-7.52 (m, 2H), 7.41-7.37 (m, 2H), 7.35-7.30 (m, 1H), 7.24-7.19 (m, 1H), 7.09 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.03 (td, *J* = 8.4, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 6.94-6.90 (m, 1H), 6.68 (d, *J* = 9.6 Hz, 1H), 6.23 (d, *J* = 9.6 Hz, 1H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): 196.6, 152.0, 138.0, 130.0, 128.8, 128.6, 127.1, 126.1, 125.9, 122.1, 122.0, 121.0, 116.4, 84.7 ppm; HRMS (ESI) calcd for C<sub>16</sub>H<sub>13</sub>O<sub>2</sub> [M+H]<sup>+</sup> 237.0910, found 237.0916.



2-(methoxymethyl)-2-phenyl-2H-chromene (7a) yellow oil (88%, 44.4 mg);  $R_f =$ 

0.45 (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1:20); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  = 7.54-7.51 (m, 2H), 7.35-7.31 (m, 2H), 7.27-7.23 (m, 1H), 7.13 (td, *J* = 7.6, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 6.98-6.96 (m, 2H), 6.83 (td, *J* = 7.6, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 6.61 (d, *J* = 10.0 Hz, 1H), 6.12 (d, *J* = 10.0 Hz, 1H), 3.82 (d, *J* = 10.4 Hz, 1H), 3.71 (d, *J* = 10.4 Hz, 1H), 3.44 (s, 3H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): 152.6, 142.4, 129.3, 128.1, 127.6, 126.6, 126.0, 125.8, 124.7, 121.3, 121.2, 116.5, 81.0, 79.1, 60.0 ppm; HRMS (ESI) calcd for C<sub>17</sub>H<sub>17</sub>O<sub>2</sub> [M+H]<sup>+</sup>253.1223, found 253.1233.



(2-phenyl-2*H*-chromen-2-yl)methyl 2-(4-isobutylphenyl)propanoate (9a) colorless oil (80%, 68.3 mg);  $R_f = 0.3$  (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1:20, d.r. = 4:1); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta = 7.48-7.44$  (m, 2H), 7.34-7.25 (m, 3H), 7.17-7.10 (m, 3H), 7.05-6.84 (m, 5H), 6.50 (d, *J* = 10.0 Hz, 0.8H), 6.45 (d, *J* = 10.0 Hz, 0.19H), 5.91-5.85 (m, 1H), 4.55-4.37 (m, 2H), 3.69-3.63 (m, 1H), 2.47-2.44 (m, 2H), 1.90-1.82 (m, 1H), 1.45-1.41 (m, 3H), 0.94-0.91 (m, 6H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): 174.3 (overlap, two isomers), 152.6 (overlap, two isomers), 140.5 (overlap, two isomers), 140.3 (overlap, two isomers), 137.2 (overlap, two isomers), 129.50, 129.45, 129.1 (overlap, two isomers), 128.2 (overlap, two isomers), 127.8 (overlap, two isomers), 127.28, 127.22, 126.6 (overlap, two isomers), 125.60, 125.57, 125.06, 125.01, 124.70, 124.57, 121.17 (overlap, two isomers), 120.72 (overlap, two isomers), 116.2 (overlap, two isomers), 80.1 (overlap, two isomers), 69.1 (overlap, two isomers), 45.03, 44.98, 30.1 (overlap, two isomers), 22.4 (overlap, two isomers), 18.1 (overlap, two isomers) ppm; HRMS (ESI) calcd for C<sub>29</sub>H<sub>30</sub>KO<sub>3</sub> [M+K]<sup>+</sup> 465.1826, found 465.1820.



(2-phenyl-2*H*-chromen-2-yl)methyl

(2R)-2-(6-methoxynaphthalen-2-

**yl)propanoate (9b)** colorless oil (82%, 73.9 mg, d.r. = 1:1);  $R_f$ = 0.5 (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1:25); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  = 7.64-7.57 (m, 3H), 7.43-7.39 (m, 2H), 7.33-7.21 (m, 4H), 7.16-7.08 (m, 3H), 6.92-6.79 (m, 3H), 6.43 (d, *J* = 10.0 Hz, 0.5 H), 6.31 (d, *J* = 10.0 Hz, 0.5 H), 5.83 (dd, *J* = 26.8, 9.6 Hz, 1H), 4.56-4.35 (m, 2H), 3.93 (d, *J* = 2.8 Hz, 3H), 3.81 (q, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 1.53-1.50 (m, 3H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): 174.3 (overlap, two isomers), 157.67, 157.63, 152.69, 152.64, 141.6 (overlap, two isomers), 135.38, 135.30, 133.78, 133.74, 129.64, 129.58, 129.43, 129.41, 128.98, 128.94, 128.39, 128.37, 127.93, 127.92, 127.1 (overlap, two isomers), 126.77, 126.75, 125.67, 125.18, 125.17, 124.8 (overlap, two isomers), 124.6 (overlap, two isomers), 121.31, 121.26, 128.82, 128.75, 118.93, 118.90, 116.34, 116.25, 105.6 (overlap, two isomers), 80.39, 80.36, 69.45, 69.37, 55.41, 55.40, 45.54, 45.44, 18.24, 18.07 ppm; HRMS (ESI) calcd for C<sub>30</sub>H<sub>30</sub>NO4 [M+NH4]<sup>+</sup> 468.2169, found 468.2163.



(2-phenyl-2*H*-chromen-2-yl)methyl 2-(11-oxo-6,11-dihydrodibenzo[b,e]oxepin-2yl)acetate (9c) colorless oil (92%, 89.9 mg);  $R_f = 0.4$  (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1:20); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta = 8.06$  (d, J = 2.4 Hz, 1H), 7.90 (dd, J = 7.6, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.56 (td, J = 7.6, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.50-7.46 (m, 3H), 7.37-7.22 (m, 5H), 7.13 (td, J =8.0, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 6.95-6.90 (m, 3H), 6.82 (td, J = 7.2, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 6.54 (d, J = 10.0 Hz, 1H), 5.95 (d, J = 10.0 Hz, 1H), 5.16 (s, 2H), 4.53 (d, J = 12.0 Hz, 1H), 4.45 (d, J = 12.0Hz, 1H), 3.573-3.568 (m, 2H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): 190.7, 171.0, 160.3, 152.5, 141.3, 140.4, 136.4, 135.5, 132.7, 132.4, 129.5, 129.4, 129.2, 128.3, 127.9, 127.7, 127.5, 126.7, 125.5, 125.3, 125.0, 124.6, 121.2, 120.9, 120.6, 116.2, 80.2, 73.5, 69.5, 40.0 ppm; HRMS (ESI) calcd for C<sub>32</sub>H<sub>24</sub>KO<sub>5</sub> [M+K]<sup>+</sup> 527.1255, found 527.1255.



(2-phenyl-2*H*-chromen-2-yl)methyl 2-(1-(4-chlorobenzoyl)-5-methoxy-2-methyl-1H-indol-3-yl)acetate (9d) colorless oil (88%, 101.7 mg);  $R_f = 0.4$  (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1:25); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta = 7.62-7.59$  (m, 2H), 7.47-7.44 (m, 2H), 7.42-7.39 (m, 2H), 7.29-7.20 (m, 3H), 7.11 (td, *J*=7.6, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 6.93-6.91 (m, 3H), 6.85-6.81 (m, 2H), 6.68 (dd, *J*=9.2, 2.4 Hz, 1H), 6.42 (d, *J*= 7.6 Hz, 1H), 5.84 (d, *J*= 10.0 Hz, 1H), 4.53 (d, *J*= 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.42 (d, *J*= 8.0 Hz, 1H), 3.80 (s, 3H), 3.609-3.605 (m, 2H), 2.22 (s, 3H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): 170.4, 168.1, 156.0, 152.4, 141.2, 139.1, 135.8, 133.9, 131.0, 130.7, 130.5, 129.6, 129.0, 128.2, 127.8, 126.7, 125.5, 125.2, 124.5, 121.3, 120.6, 116.1, 114.9, 112.3, 111.6, 101.3, 80.2, 69.3, 55.6, 30.2, 13.2 ppm; HRMS (ESI) calcd for C<sub>35</sub>H<sub>29</sub>ClNO<sub>5</sub> [M+H]<sup>+</sup> 578.1728, found 578.1728.



(2-phenyl-2*H*-chromen-2-yl)methyl 4-(N,N-dipropylsulfamoyl)benzoate (9e) colorless oil (86%, 86.9 mg);  $R_f = 0.3$  (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1:30); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta = 7.92$ -7.89 (m, 2H), 7.78-7.76 (m, 2H), 7.59-7.56 (m, 2H), 7.41-7.37 (m, 2H), 7.33-7.29 (m, 1H), 7.16 (td, J = 8.0, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 6.99-6.95 (m, 2H), 6.86 (td, J = 8.0, 0.8 Hz, 1H), 6.61 (d, J = 10.0 Hz, 1H), 6.03 (d, J = 10.0 Hz, 1H), 4.80 (d, J = 11.6 Hz, 1H), 3.09-3.05 (m, 4H), 1.58-1.49 (m, 4H), 0.86 (t,

*J*=7.2 Hz, 6H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): 164.8, 152.9, 144.2, 141.2, 133.0, 130.3, 129.7, 128.5, 128.1, 126.9, 126.7, 125.6, 124.6, 121.3, 120.7, 116.2, 80.2, 70.6, 49.9, 21.9, 11.1 ppm; HRMS (ESI) calcd for C<sub>29</sub>H<sub>32</sub>NO<sub>5</sub>S [M+H]<sup>+</sup> 506.1995, found 506.2001.



(2-phenyl-4a,5-dihydro-2H-chromen-2-yl)methyl 3-(4,5-diphenyloxazol-2-yl)propanoate (9f) colorless oil (95%, 97.6 mg);  $R_f = 0.4$  (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1:15); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta = 7.64-7.61$  (m, 2H), 7.58-7.55 (m, 2H), 7.51-7.48 (m, 2H), 7.39-7.30 (m, 8H), 7.28-7.24 (m, 1H), 7.12 (td, *J*=7.6, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 6.95-6.92 (m, 2H), 6.83 (td, *J* = 7.2, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 6.51 (d, *J* = 9.6 Hz, 1H), 5.97 (d, *J* = 9.6 Hz, 1H), 4.56 (d, *J* = 12.0 Hz, 1H), 4.46 (d, *J* = 12.0 Hz, 1H), 3.11-3.07 (m, 2H), 2.93-2.80 (m, 2H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): 171.6, 161.6, 152.5, 145.3, 141.4, 135.0, 132.4, 129.6, 129.0, 128.6, 128.5, 128.4, 128.3, 128.03, 127.94, 127.9, 126.7, 126.4, 125.6, 125.3, 124.7, 121.3, 120.8, 116.3, 60.1, 69.5, 31.0, 23.4 ppm; HRMS (ESI) calcd for C<sub>34</sub>H<sub>28</sub>NO4 [M+H]<sup>+</sup> 514.2012, found 514.2013.



(2-phenyl-4a,5-dihydro-2H-chromen-2-yl)methyl 2-(3-cyano-4-isobutoxyphenyl)-4-methylthiazole-5-carboxylate (9g) pale yellow oil (85%, 91.2 mg);  $R_f = 0.6$  (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1:20); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta = 8.11$  (d, J = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 8.04 (dd, J = 8.8, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.58-7.55 (m, 2H), 7.40-7.36 (m, 2H), 7.32-7.28 (m, 1H), 7.17 (td, J = 7.6, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.00-6.96 (m, 3H), 6.87 (td, J = 7.2, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 6.61 (d, J = 10.0 Hz, 1H), 6.01 (d, J = 10.0 Hz, 1H), 4.72 (d, J = 11.6 Hz, 1H), 4.55 (d, J = 11.6 Hz, 1H), 3.88 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 2H), 2.66 (s, 3H), 2.25-2.15 (m, 1H), 1.09 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 6H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): 167.7, 162.4, 161.6, 161.5, 152.9, 141.2, 132.5, 132.0, 129.7, 128.5, 128.1, 126.9, 125.9, 125.6, 125.5, 124.5, 121.5, 121.2, 120.6, 116.3, 115.4, 112.5, 102.9, 80.1, 75.6, 70.2, 28.1, 19.0, 17.4 ppm; HRMS (ESI) calcd for C<sub>32</sub>H<sub>29</sub>N<sub>2</sub>O<sub>4</sub>S [M+H]<sup>+</sup> 537.1842, found 537.1841.

# <sup>1</sup>H NMR and <sup>13</sup>C NMR Spectra of Substrates 2, Products 3, 4, 5a, 6a, 7a and 9a-g

 $^1\text{H}$  NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) and  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) spectra of 2a



 $^1\text{H}$  NMR (400 MHz, CDCl\_3) and  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (100 MHz, CDCl\_3) spectra of 2b





 $^1\text{H}$  NMR (400 MHz, CDCl\_3) and  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (100 MHz, CDCl\_3) spectra of 2c





### 7.2863 7.2893 7.5756 7.2863 7.556 7.556 7.556 7.556 7.556 7.556 7.556 7.556 7.533 7.5756 7.533 7.5756 7.533 7.5756 7.533 7.5756 7.533 7.5756 7.533 7.5756 7.533 7.5756 7.533 7.5566 7.5326 7.7333 7.5226 7.7326 7.7





## $^1\text{H}$ NMR (400 MHz, CDCl\_3) and $^{13}\text{C}$ NMR (100 MHz, CDCl\_3) spectra of 2e



 $^1\text{H}$  NMR (400 MHz, CDCl\_3) and  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (100 MHz, CDCl\_3) spectra of 2f





50 40 30 20 10 0 -10 -20 -30 -40 -50 -60 -70 -80 -90 -100 -110 -120 -130 -140 -150 -160 -170 -180 -190 -200 -210 -220 -230 -240 -2: fl (ppm)



 $^1\text{H}$  NMR (400 MHz, CDCl\_3) and  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (100 MHz, CDCl\_3) spectra of 2g





CN


 $^1\text{H}$  NMR (400 MHz, CDCl\_3) and  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (100 MHz, CDCl\_3) spectra of 2h





 $^1\text{H}$  NMR (400 MHz, CDCl\_3) and  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (100 MHz, CDCl\_3) spectra of 2i



 $^1\text{H}$  NMR (400 MHz, CDCl\_3) and  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (100 MHz, CDCl\_3) spectra of 2j





 $^1\text{H}$  NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) and  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) spectra of 2k



 $^1\text{H}$  NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) and  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) spectra of **21** 



 $^1\text{H}$  NMR (400 MHz, CDCl\_3) and  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (100 MHz, CDCl\_3) spectra of  $2\,\text{m}$ 



 $<sup>^1\</sup>text{H}$  NMR (400 MHz, CDCl\_3) and  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (100 MHz, CDCl\_3) spectra of 2n









 $^1\text{H}$  NMR (400 MHz, CDCl3) and  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (100 MHz, CDCl3) spectra of 2p





<sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) and <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) spectra of **2q** 





 $^1\text{H}$  NMR (400 MHz, CDCl\_3) and  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (100 MHz, CDCl\_3) spectra of 2r



 $^1\text{H}$  NMR (400 MHz, CDCl\_3) and  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (100 MHz, CDCl\_3) spectra of 2s



 $^1\text{H}$  NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) and  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) spectra of 2t





 $^1\text{H}$  NMR (400 MHz, CDCl\_3) and  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (100 MHz, CDCl\_3) spectra of 2u















 $^1\text{H}$  NMR (400 MHz, CDCl\_3) and  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (100 MHz, CDCl\_3) spectra of 2x





 $^1\text{H}$  NMR (400 MHz, CDCl\_3) and  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (100 MHz, CDCl\_3) spectra of 2aa





 $^1\text{H}$  NMR (400 MHz, CDCl\_3) and  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (100 MHz, CDCl\_3) spectra of 2ab





 $^1\text{H}$  NMR (400 MHz, CDCl\_3) and  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (100 MHz, CDCl\_3) spectra of 2ac



 $^1\text{H}$  NMR (400 MHz, CDCl\_3) and  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (100 MHz, CDCl\_3) spectra of 2ad



 $^1\text{H}$  NMR (400 MHz, CDCl\_3) and  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (100 MHz, CDCl\_3) spectra of 2ae

NYJ-1-180D-CF1 single\_pulse



<sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) and <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) spectra of **2af** 

nyj-3-144b-cf3 single\_pulse



 $^1\text{H}$  NMR (400 MHz, CDCl\_3) and  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (100 MHz, CDCl\_3) spectra of 2ag



### <sup>1</sup>H NMR and <sup>13</sup>C NMR Spectra of Products **3** and **4**

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) and <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) spectra of **3a** 











 $^1\text{H}$  NMR (400 MHz, CDCl\_3) and  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (100 MHz, CDCl\_3) spectra of 3c





 $^1\text{H}$  NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) and  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) spectra of 3d

#### 7,0657 7,7475 7,7473 7,7473 7,7473 7,7473 7,7473 7,7473 7,7473 7,7473 7,7473 7,7473 7,7473 7,7473 7,7473 7,7473 7,7335 7,7335 7,7355 7,7355 7,7355 7,7355 7,73557,





 $^1\text{H}$  NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) and  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) spectra of 3e

#### 7,2014 7,590 7,7,590 7,7,590 7,7,590 7,7,590 7,7,590 7,7,590 7,7,590 7,7,590 7,7,590 7,7,385 7,7,325 7,7,145 7,145 7





50 40 30 20 10 0 -10 -20 -30 -40 -50 -60 -70 -80 -90 -100 -110 -120 -130 -140 -150 -160 -170 -180 -190 -200 -210 -220 -230 -240 -2: f1 (ppm)



#### $^1\text{H}$ NMR (400 MHz, CDCl\_3) and $^{13}\text{C}$ NMR (100 MHz, CDCl\_3) spectra of 3f

#### 



50 40 30 20 10 0 -10 -20 -30 -40 -50 -60 -70 -80 -90 -100 -110 -120 -130 -140 -150 -160 -170 -180 -190 -200 -210 -220 -230 -240 -2. f1 (ppm)



 $^1\text{H}$  NMR (400 MHz, CDCl\_3) and  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (100 MHz, CDCl\_3) spectra of 3g






 $^1\text{H}$  NMR (400 MHz, CDCl3) and  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (100 MHz, CDCl3) spectra of 3h





 $^1\text{H}$  NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) and  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) spectra of 3i







 $^1\text{H}$  NMR (400 MHz, CDCl\_3) and  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (100 MHz, CDCl\_3) spectra of 3j

# 7.369.5 7.7.80.5 7.7.73 7.7.73 7.7.73 7.7.73 7.7.73 7.7.73 7.7.73 7.7.73 7.7.73 7.7.73 7.7.73 7.7.73 7.7.73 7.557 7.557 7.5573 7.5573 7.5573 7.5573 7.5563 7.5573 7.5573 7.5573 7.5573 7.5573 7.5573 7.5563 7.5573 7.5563 7.5563 7.5365 7.5365 7.5365 7.5365 7.5365 7.5365 7.5365 7.5365 7.5365 7.5365 7.5365 7.5365 7.5365 7.5365 8.7365 7.5365





 $^1\text{H}$  NMR (400 MHz, CDCl\_3) and  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (100 MHz, CDCl\_3) spectra of 3k







 $^1\text{H}$  NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) and  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) spectra of 3l







 $^1\text{H}$  NMR (400 MHz, CDCl\_3) and  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (100 MHz, CDCl\_3) spectra of 3m





 $^1\text{H}$  NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) and  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) spectra of 3n

#### 7, 625 7, 626 7, 590 7, 590 7, 590 7, 590 7, 590 7, 590 7, 560 7, 560 7, 560 7, 560 7, 560 7, 560 7, 560 7, 487 7, 487 7, 487 7, 487 7, 487 7, 487 7, 487 7, 487 7, 500 7, 487 7, 500 7, 487 7, 500 7, 487 7, 500 7, 487 7, 500 7, 7, 487 7, 487 7, 500 7, 7, 487 7, 500 7, 7, 487 7, 500 7, 7, 487 7, 7, 487 7, 7, 487 7, 7, 487 7, 7, 487 7, 7, 487 7, 7, 309 7, 7, 487 7, 7, 309 7, 7, 309 7, 7, 309 7, 7, 309 7, 7, 487 7, 7, 309 7, 7, 487 7, 7, 309 7, 7, 309 7, 7, 309 7, 7, 309 7, 7, 309 7, 7, 487 7, 7, 309 7, 7, 487 7, 7, 309 7, 7, 487 7, 7, 487 7, 7, 309 7, 7, 487 7, 7, 309 7, 7, 100 7, 7, 100 7, 7, 100 7, 7, 1000





 $^1\text{H}$  NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) and  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) spectra of 3o

#### 7,599 7,597 7,568 7,568 7,568 7,568 7,568 7,568 7,568 7,480 7,440 7,446 7,446 7,446 7,446 7,446 7,446 7,440 7,440 7,339 6,7339 7,401 7,401 7,401 7,401 7,401 7,401 7,401 7,401 7,401 7,401 7,401 7,401 7,401 7,401 7,401 7,401 7,401 7,7339 7,7349 7,7449 7,7449 7,7449 7,7449 7,7449 7,7449 7,7449 7,7449 7,7449 7,74





 $^1\text{H}$  NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) and  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) spectra of 3p







 $^1\text{H}$  NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) and  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) spectra of 3q







 $^1\text{H}$  NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) and  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) spectra of 3r

## 





 $^1\text{H}$  NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) and  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) spectra of **3s** 





 $^1\text{H}$  NMR (400 MHz, CDCl\_3) and  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (100 MHz, CDCl\_3) spectra of 3t

# 7.533 7.553 7.563 7.563 7.563 7.563 7.563 7.563 7.563 7.563 7.563 7.563 7.563 7.563 7.563 7.5353 7.5363 7.340 7.340 7.353 7.355 7.355 7.355 7.355 7.355 7.128





 $^1\text{H}$  NMR (400 MHz, CDCl3) and  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (100 MHz, CDCl3) spectra of  $\boldsymbol{3u}$ 

#### 7.5524 7.551 7.551 7.551 7.551 7.551 7.551 7.5504 7.5504 7.5504 7.5504 7.55146 7.5345 7.5345 7.5345 7.5345 7.5345 7.5345 7.5345 7.5345 7.5345 7.5345 7.5325 6.540 6.540 6.540 6.540 6.540 6.540 6.540 6.540 6.540 6.540 6.540 6.540 6.540 6.540 6.541 6.545 6.540 6.541 6.545 6.540 6.541 6.545 6.540 6.541 6.545 6.540 6.541 6.545 6.540 6.541 6.545 6.540 6.541 6.545 6.540 6.541 6.545 6.540 6.541 6.545 6.541 6.545 6.541 6.545 6.541 6.545 6.541 6.545 6.541 6.545 6.541 6.545 6.541 6.545 6.541 6.545 6.541 6.545 6.5594 6.5597 6.5594 6.





 $^1\text{H}$  NMR (400 MHz, CDCl\_3) and  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (100 MHz, CDCl\_3) spectra of  $3\mathbf{v}$ 







 $^1\text{H}$  NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) and  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) spectra of 3w





 $^1\text{H}$  NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) and  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) spectra of 3x

# 7.35.28 7.5.503 7.5.504 7.5.504 7.5.504 7.5.504 7.5.504 7.5.504 7.5.504 7.5.504 7.5.504 7.5.504 7.5.504 7.5.504 7.5.504 7.5.504 7.5.504 7.5.505 7.5.335 7.5.335 7.5.335 7.5.335 7.5.335 7.5.335 7.5.335 7.5.335 7.5.335 7.5.335 7.5.335 7.7.289 8.6.990 8.6.990 6.6.983 6.7.140 6.7.140 6.7.140 6.835 6.8365 6.837 6.837 6.837 6.837 6.837 6.837 6.837 6.837 6.837 </t





 $^1\text{H}$  NMR (400 MHz, CDCl\_3) and  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (100 MHz, CDCl\_3) spectra of **3aa** 





S127



<sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) and <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) spectra of **3ab** 

f1 (ppm) 



<sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) and <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) spectra of **3ac** 



 $^1\text{H}$  NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) and  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) spectra of **3ad** 



<sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) and <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) spectra of **4a** 





### $^1\text{H}$ NMR (400 MHz, CDCl\_3) and $^{13}\text{C}$ NMR (100 MHz, CDCl\_3) spectra of 4b



#### $^{1}$ H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) and $^{13}$ C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) spectra of **4c**

7, 288 7, 288 7, 286 8, 288 8, 288 7, 289 7, 259 7,





#### <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) and <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) spectra of **4d**

f1 (ppm) 

<sup>1</sup>H NMR and <sup>13</sup>C NMR Spectra of Derivatizations **5a**, **6a**, **7a**, **8a-8g** <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) and <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) spectra of **5a** 







#### $^1\text{H}$ NMR (400 MHz, CDCl\_3) and $^{13}\text{C}$ NMR (100 MHz, CDCl\_3) spectra of 6a





### $^1\text{H}$ NMR (400 MHz, CDCl\_3) and $^{13}\text{C}$ NMR (100 MHz, CDCl\_3) spectra of 7a

f1 (ppm) 









#### $^{1}$ H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) and $^{13}$ C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) spectra of **9b**





### $^1\text{H}$ NMR (400 MHz, CDCl\_3) and $^{13}\text{C}$ NMR (100 MHz, CDCl\_3) spectra of 9c





#### $^{1}$ H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) and $^{13}$ C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) spectra of **9d**



 $^1\text{H}$  NMR (400 MHz, CDCl\_3) and  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (100 MHz, CDCl\_3) spectra of 9e

## 



f1 (ppm) 

 $^1\text{H}$  NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) and  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) spectra of 9f

## $\begin{array}{c} 7, \gamma_{2}, \gamma_{2},$



f1 (ppm) 

 $^1\text{H}$  NMR (400 MHz, CDCl\_3) and  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (100 MHz, CDCl\_3) spectra of 9g



