

Syntheses, structural, photophysical and theoretical studies of heteroleptic cycloplatinated guanidinate(1-) complexes bearing acetylacetone and picolinate ancillary ligands

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General considerations K_2PtCl_4 (Alfa Aesar), $\text{Ag}(\text{OC(O)CF}_3)$ (Spectrochem) and NaOAc (Sigma Aldrich) were purchased from commercial vendors and used as received. The IR spectral data were obtained through ATR method from powdered samples on an IRAffinity-1 Shimadzu FTIR spectrometer in the frequency range 400–4000 cm^{-1} . Elemental analyses were performed on an Elementar Analysensysteme GmbH VarioEL V3.00 and VarioEL Cube. Time of flight mass (TOF-MS) spectra were recorded on Agilent Technologies 6530, Accurate-Mass Q-TOF LC/MS instrument using electrospray positive ion mode. ^1H , ^{13}C and ^{19}F NMR spectra were recorded on a JEOL ECX 400 NMR spectrometer operating at 400, 100.5, and 376.5 MHz (with CF_3COOH as an external standard), respectively. ^{195}Pt NMR spectra of **10–13** were recorded on a Bruker AV-400 NMR spectrometer operating at 85.8 MHz (with K_2PtCl_4 as an external standard). ^{195}Pt NMR spectra of **7–9** and **14–19** were recorded on a JEOL ECX 400 NMR spectrometer operating at 85.8 MHz (with K_2PtCl_4 as an external standard). The chemical shifts are reported in ppm relative to tetramethylsilane or residual solvent signal. Melting points were recorded on a Buchi melting point apparatus (Model: M-560) and the reported values are uncorrected.

Optical measurements

The microscopic optical images (Bright field), PL images and crystalline state visible emission spectra were recorded using a modified confocal high-resolution microscope (Olympus BX-51). The modified microscope is equipped with a fiber coupled 400nm ($\pm 5\text{nm}$) diode laser and -xenon lamp as sources. The emission spectra and images were collected, respectively by a fiber optic spectrometer (Ocean Optics, Maya 2000Pro) and a camera (Olympus, DP26) through a 425 nm long-pass filter in specular reflection mode.¹

Syntheses of some useful compounds

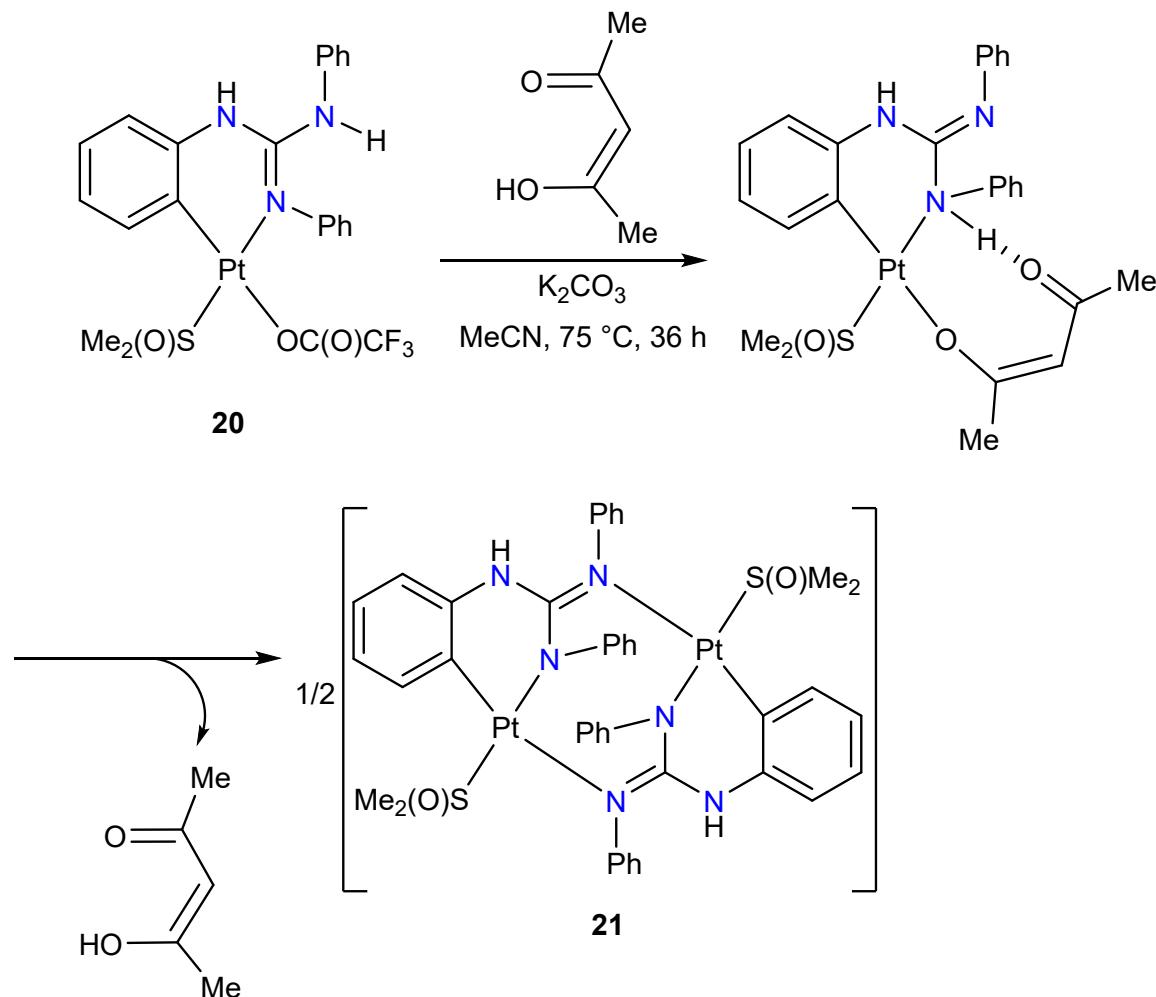
Symmetrical *N,N',N''*-triarylguanidines, [ArN=C(NHAr)₂] (Ar = 2-(MeO)C₆H₄, 2-MeC₆H₄, 4-MeC₆H₄, 2,4-Me₂C₆H₃,² 2,5-Me₂C₆H₃,³ 2-FC₆H₄⁴ and 2-ClC₆H₄⁵), *cis*-[PtCl₂(S(O)Me₂)₂], *cis*-[Pt(TFA)₂(S(O)Me₂)₂]⁶ and **1–5**^{3,5,6} were prepared following the literature procedures.

[ArN=C(N(H)Ar)₂] (Ar = 2-BrC₆H₄) *N,N'*-Bis(2-bromophenyl)thiourea (386 mg, 1.00 mmol), 2-bromoaniline (190 mg, 1.10 mmol), KOH (675 mg as 70% aq. solution) and nitrobenzene (100 mg) were charged into a 25 mL round bottom (RB) flask. The contents in the RB flask were gradually heated up to 110 °C and maintained at the same temperature, while being stirred for 8 h. The reaction mixture was cooled to RT and diluted with water (10 mL). The organic portion was extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (3 × 5 mL) and the extract dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄ for an hour and filtered. The volatiles from the extract were removed under vacuum to afford a dirty white solid. Subsequently, the solid was purified by column chromatography using 5% ethyl acetate:*n*-hexane (1/5, v/v) mixture as eluent to afford the guanidine as white flaky solid. Yield = 85% (445.3 mg, 0.849 mmol). Mp: 131.4 °C. Anal. Calcd. for C₁₉H₁₄N₃Br₃ (M_w = 524.05): C, 43.55; H, 2.69; N, 8.02. Found: C, 43.35; H, 2.54; N, 7.80. ATR–IR (cm^{−1}): ν (NH) 3368 (br, w); ν (C=N) 1632 (m). ESI Mass (HRMS) m/z [ion] Calcd.: 523.8796 [M+H]⁺. Found 523.8832. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 400 MHz): δ _H 6.93 (br, 3 H, ArH (1 H), NH (2 H)), 7.30 (t, J_{HH} = 7.8 Hz, 6 H, ArH), 7.55 (d, J_{HH} = 7.6 Hz, 5 H, ArH). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (CDCl₃, 100.5 MHz): δ _C 122.9, 124.0, 125.4, 126.7, 128.6, 129.7, 133.0, 144.1.

[ArN=C(N(H)Ar)₂] (Ar = 4-FC₆H₄) *N,N'*-Bis(4-fluorophenyl)thiourea (500 mg, 1.89 mmol), 4-fluoroaniline (210 mg, 1.89 mmol), KOH (260 mg as 35% aq. solution) and nitrobenzene (100 mg) were charged into a 25 mL RB flask. The contents in the RB flask were gradually heated up to 110 °C and maintained at the same temperature, while being stirred for 8 h. The reaction mixture was cooled to RT and diluted with water (10 mL). The organic portion was extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (3 × 5 mL) and the extract dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄ for an hour and filtered. The volatiles from the extract were removed under vacuum to afford a dirty white solid. Subsequently, the solid was purified by column chromatography using 10% ethyl acetate:*n*-hexane (1/10, v/v) mixture as eluent to afford the guanidine as white solid. Yield = 71% (458.5 mg, 1.343 mmol). Mp: 105.2 °C. ATR-IR (cm⁻¹): ν (NH) 3398 (w); ν (C=N) 1631 (s); 826 (s). ESI Mass (HRMS) m/z [ion] Calcd.: 341.1140 [M+H]⁺. Found: 341.1159. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 400 MHz): δ _H 5.72 (br, 2 H, NH), 6.98–7.02 (m, 6 H, ArH), 7.15 (br, 6 H, ArH). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (CDCl₃, 100.5 MHz): δ _C 116.0, 116.2, 122.9, 125.7, 129.5, 139.8, 145.8, 146.1, 158.0, 160.3. ¹⁹F{¹H} NMR (CDCl₃, 376.31 MHz): δ _F –116.3 and –120.8.

X-Ray crystallography Details of data collection, structure solution and refinement for structurally characterized compounds are presented in Tables S1 and S2. X-ray crystallographic diffraction data for **11** were collected on a Brukeraxs kappa apex2 Diffractometer with a CCD area detector (MoK α , 0.71073 Å, graphite monochromator).⁷ Frames were collected at 293 K by ω , φ , and 2 θ rotation at 10 s per frame with *APEX2*.⁸ The measured intensities were reduced to F^2 with *SAINT/XPREP* and corrected for absorption with *SADABS*.⁹ X-ray crystallographic diffraction data for **12–19** were collected at 298 K on an Oxford Xcalibur, Eos diffractometer (4-circle kappa goniometer, Eos CCD

detector, omega scans, graphite monochromator, and a single wavelength Enhance X-ray source with MoK α radiation).¹⁰ Pre-experiment, data collection, data reduction, and absorption corrections were performed with the CrysAlisPro software suite.¹¹ The structures were solved and refined using the SHELX-2017 program package and SHELXL-2017/1 (within the WinGX program package).¹² Non-hydrogen atoms were refined anisotropically. C–H/N–H hydrogen atoms were placed in geometrically calculated positions by using a riding model. The molecular structures were created with Olex2 program.¹³



Scheme S1. Reaction of **20** with acacH and K₂CO₃ under the optimized conditions.

Table S1 Crystallographic data for **11**, **12**, **13**·0.5 toluene, **14** and **15**.

	11	12	13 ·0.5 toluene	14	15
Formula	C ₂₇ H ₂₉ N ₃ O ₂ Pt	C ₂₇ H ₂₉ N ₃ O ₂ Pt	C _{63.25} H ₇₄ N ₆ O ₄ Pt ₂	C ₃₀ H ₃₅ N ₃ O ₂ Pt	C ₂₄ H ₂₀ N ₃ O ₂ F ₃ Pt
Fw	622.62	622.62	1368.43	664.70	634.52
Temperature (K)	296(2) K	298(2)	293(2)	298(2)	293(2)
Wavelength (Å)	0.71073	0.71073	0.71073	0.71073	0.71073
Crystal system	Triclinic	Triclinic	Triclinic	Triclinic	Orthorhombic
Space group	<i>P</i> -1	<i>P</i> -1	<i>P</i> -1	<i>P</i> -1	<i>Pca</i> 2 ₁
<i>a</i> (Å)	10.5977(5)	11.0129(7)	12.4667(5)	10.8336(5)	23.5630(5)
<i>b</i> (Å)	10.9118(5)	11.7585(8)	13.3851(7)	10.9407(6)	5.29830(10)
<i>c</i> (Å)	11.3038(5)	20.8975(11)	18.9089(6)	12.9074(5)	18.4229(3)
α (deg)	70.094(2)	105.026(5)	93.304(3)	75.575(4)	90
β (deg)	79.697(2)	96.671(5)	98.761(3)	88.599(4)	90
γ (deg)	80.099(2)	95.534(5)	104.327(4)	70.372(4)	90
Volume (Å ³)	1200.51(10)	2573.2(3)	3006.5(2)	1392.61(12)	2299.99(8)
<i>Z</i>	2	4	2	2	4
ρ_{calcd} (Mg/m ³)	1.722	1.607	1.516	1.585	1.832
μ (Mo K α) (mm ⁻¹)	5.873	5.480	4.698	5.068	6.151
<i>F</i> (000)	612	1224	1367	660	1224
θ range (deg)	2.969 – 26.370°	3.312–26.372	3.003–26.372	3.312–26.371	3.459–26.369
No. of reflns collected	20918	35935	40424	19670	29520
No. of reflns used	4900	10493	12285	5685	4706
Parameters	414	595	694	325	345
R ₁ [$I > 2\sigma(I)$] ^a	0.0126	0.0761	0.0672	0.0486	0.0360
wR ₂ (all reflns) ^b	0.0316	0.1056	0.1412	0.1093	0.0822
GooF on F^2 ^c	1.030	0.980	0.970	1.049	1.092
Largest diff. peak and hole, (e·Å ⁻³)	0.434/-0.492	0.985/-1.010	0.772/-0.708	1.683/-0.689	0.90/-0.81

^aR₁ = $\sum |F_o| - |F_c| / \sum |F_o|$; ^bwR₂ = { $\sum [w(F_o^2 - F_c^2)^2] / \sum [w(F_o^2)^2]$ }^{1/2}; ^cS = { $\sum [w(F_o^2 - F_c^2)^2] / (n-p)$ }^{1/2}

Table S2 Crystallographic data for **16**, **17**, **18** and **19**.

	16	17	18	19
Formula	C ₂₄ H ₂₀ Cl ₃ N ₃ O ₂ Pt	C ₂₄ H ₂₀ Br ₃ N ₃ O ₂ Pt	C ₂₄ H ₂₀ F ₃ N ₃ O ₂ Pt	C ₂₈ H ₂₆ N ₄ O ₅ Pt
Fw	683.87	817.25	634.52	693.62
Temperature (K)	298(2)	293(2)	298(2)	298(2)
Wavelength (Å)	0.71073	0.71073	0.71073	0.71073
Crystal system	Monoclinic	Monoclinic	Monoclinic	Monoclinic
Space group	P2 ₁ /n	P2 ₁ /n	P2 ₁ /c	P2 ₁ /n
<i>a</i> (Å)	9.6602(3)	9.8997(3)	10.2195(4)	9.9894(3)
<i>b</i> (Å)	13.4897(4)	13.5956(4)	10.2608(5)	22.7931(7)
<i>c</i> (Å)	18.9814(6)	18.9893(5)	21.3421(8)	11.6752(3)
α (deg)	90	90	90	90
β (deg)	99.169(3)	99.627(2)	90.459(3)	93.968(3)
γ (deg)	90	90	90	90
Volume (Å ³)	2441.92(13)	2519.82(13)	2237.87(16)	2651.95(13)
Z	4	4	4	4
ρ_{calcd} (Mg/m ³)	1.860	2.154	1.883	1.737
$\mu(\text{Mo K}\alpha)$ (mm ⁻¹)	6.101	10.352	6.322	5.336
<i>F</i> (000)	1320	1536	1224	1360
θ range (deg)	3.595–26.372	3.569–26.372	3.391–26.372	3.306–26.367
No. of reflns collected	33882	34866	29916	36627
No. of reflns used	4974	5136	4562	5400
Parameters	298	264	346	343
R ₁ [$I > 2\sigma(I)$] ^a	0.0460	0.0690	0.0387	0.0401
wR ₂ (all reflns) ^b	0.1141	0.2107	0.0899	0.0730
GooF on F^2 ^c	1.049	0.932	1.095	1.194
Largest diff. peak and hole, (e·Å ⁻³)	2.406/-1.348	2.031/-0.895	1.619/-1.545	0.836/-0.764

^a $R_1 = \sum |F_o| - |F_c| / \sum |F_o|$; ^bwR₂ = { $\sum [w(F_o^2 - F_c^2)^2] / \sum [w(F_o^2)^2]$ }^{1/2}; ^cS = { $\sum [w(F_o^2 - F_c^2)^2] / (n-p)$ }^{1/2}

Table S3 Selected bond distances (Å) of **11**, and **13**·0.5 toluene

	11	12 §	13 ·0.5 toluene §
Pt(1)-C(15)	1.9853(19)	1.973(11)/1.973(11)	1.992(8)/1.998(9)
Pt(1)-N(1)	2.0090(15)	2.012(8)/2.015(8)	1.996(8)/1.995(6)
Pt(1)-O(1)	2.0131(14)	2.015(6)/1.997(7)	2.015(7)/2.019(5)
Pt(1)-O(2)	2.0933(14)	2.077(8)/2.071(7)	2.086(6)/2.089(6)
N(1)-C(1)	1.308(2)	1.312(12)/1.303(12)	1.302(12)/1.304(9)
N(3)-C(1)	1.344(2)	1.351(13)/1.357(13)	1.340(10)/1.360(9)
N(2)-C(1)	1.370(2)	1.391(12)/1.380(12)	1.367(12)/1.369(9)

§Two molecules per asymmetric unit were found in the crystal lattice.

Table S4 Selected bond distances (Å) of **14–18**

	14	15	16	17	18
Pt(1)-C(15)	1.998(7)	1.986(10)	1.975(7)	2.010(8)	1.984(6)
Pt(1)-N(1)	2.001(5)	2.005(8)	2.005(5)	2.008(11)	2.012(5)
Pt(1)-O(1)	2.004(4)	2.007(8)	2.016(5)	2.027(9)	2.016(4)
Pt(1)-O(2)	2.098(4)	2.074(8)	2.083(5)	2.091(10)	2.075(4)
N(1)-C(1)	1.278(8)	1.310(12)	1.289(8)	1.346(17)	1.303(7)
N(3)-C(1)	1.373(8)	1.332(12)	1.356(9)	1.300(19)	1.339(8)
N(2)-C(1)	1.362(8)	1.357(14)	1.368(9)	1.396(19)	1.355(7)

Table S5 Selected bond distances (Å) of **19**.

Pt(1)-C(15)	1.993(5)
Pt(1)-N(1)	2.007(4)
Pt(1)-N(4)	2.009(4)
Pt(1)-O(4)	2.121(4)
N(1)-C(1)	1.315(6)
N(3)-C(1)	1.362(6)
N(2)-C(1)	1.362(6)

Table S6 Bond angles (deg) of **11–13**

	11	12 [§]	13 ·0.5 toluene [§]
C(15)-Pt(1)-N(1)	91.80(7)	92.9(4)/91.4(4)	92.1(4)/92.3(3)
C(15)-Pt(1)-O(1)	89.48(7)	88.3(4)/88.9(4)	90.3(3)/89.9(3)
N(1)-Pt(1)-O(1)	174.43(6)	178.2(4)/178.3(4)	177.5(3)/177.8(3)
C(15)-Pt(1)-O(2)	178.06(6)	179.8(4)/178.2(4)	177.0(3)/179.5(3)
N(1)-Pt(1)-O(2)	88.51(6)	87.3(4)/88.8(3)	87.9(3)/87.8(3)
O(1)-Pt(1)-O(2)	90.39(6)	91.6(3)/90.8(3)	89.7(3)/90.0(2)
N(1)-C(1)-N(3)	122.62(17)	124.0(11)/121.9(11)	122.1(10)/122.0(8)
N(1)-C(1)-N(2)	122.77(17)	119.6(11)/122.2(11)	122.9(9)/122.9(8)
N(3)-C(1)-N(2)	114.60(18)	116.4(11)/115.8(11)	115.0(10)/115.1(8)

[§]Two molecules per asymmetric unit were found in the crystal lattice.

Table S7 Bond angles (deg) of **14–18**

	14	15	16	17	18
C(15)-Pt(1)-N(1)	88.5(2)	92.0(3)	91.4(2)	92.5(4)	91.9(2)
C(15)-Pt(1)-O(1)	90.4(2)	88.5(4)	90.8(3)	89.2(4)	89.6(2)
N(1)-Pt(1)-O(1)	176.2(2)	179.2(3)	177.8(2)	178.3(4)	178.40(19)
C(15)-Pt(1)-O(2)	177.1(2)	179.1(4)	179.5(2)	178.2(4)	177.26(18)
N(1)-Pt(1)-O(2)	90.5(2)	88.9(3)	88.3(2)	87.9(4)	89.20(17)
O(1)-Pt(1)-O(2)	90.39(19)	90.6(4)	89.5(2)	90.5(4)	89.24(17)
N(1)-C(1)-N(3)	121.3(6)	122.3(9)	122.9(6)	123.5(15)	123.4(5)
N(1)-C(1)-N(2)	124.6(6)	121.9(8)	121.0(7)	118.6(16)	120.9(6)
N(3)-C(1)-N(2)	114.1(6)	115.8(9)	116.2(6)	117.9(13)	115.6(5)

Table S8 Bond Angles (deg) of **19.**

C(15)-Pt(1)-N(1)	88.23(19)
C(15)-Pt(1)-N(4)	99.1(2)
N(1)-Pt(1)-O(4)	93.07 (15)
N(4)-Pt(1)-O(4)	80.12(17)
C(15)-Pt(1)-O(4)	174.70(17)
N(1)-Pt(1)-N(4)	170.90(16)
N(1)-C(1)-N(3)	121.4(5)
N(1)-C(1)-N(2)	121.7(4)
N(3)-C(1)-N(2)	116.8(5)

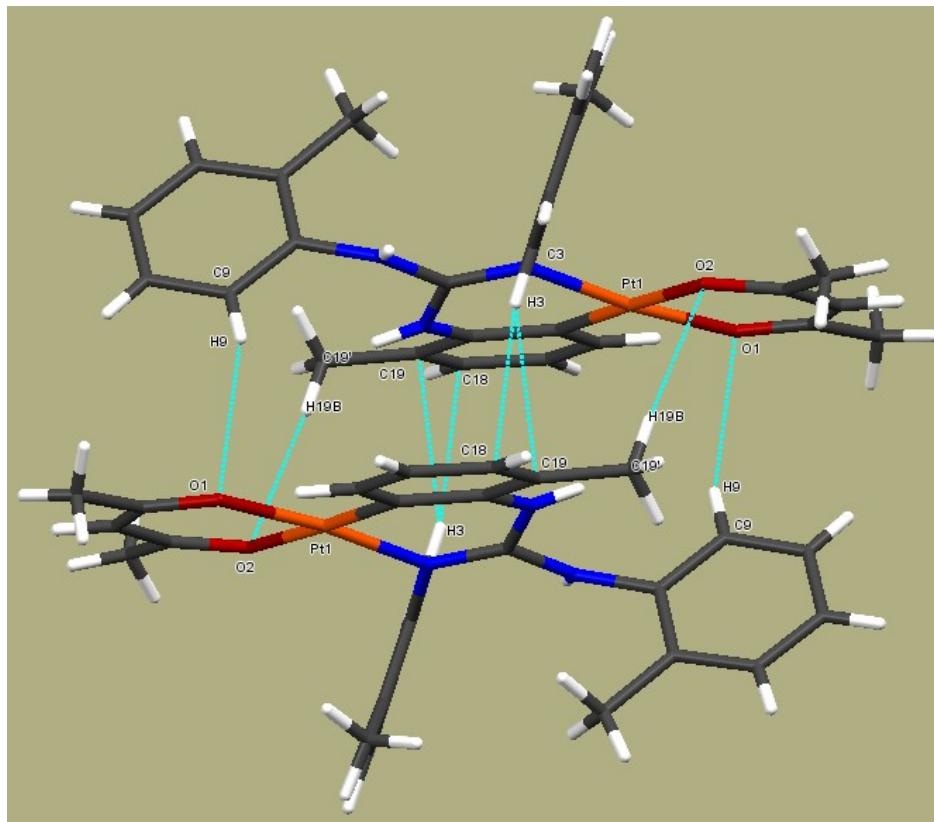


Fig. S1 Crystal packing diagram of **11**, illustrating intermolecular interactions. The intermolecular distances (\AA) and angles (deg.) are: (i) $\text{C9} \cdots \text{O1} = 3.247$, $\text{H9} \cdots \text{O1} = 2.545$ and $\text{C9}-\text{H9}-\text{O1} = 136.63$. (ii) $\text{C19}' \cdots \text{O2} = 3.553$, $\text{O2} \cdots \text{H19B} = 2.611$ and $\text{C19}'-\text{H19B}-\text{O2} = 174.27$. (iii) $\text{C3} \cdots \text{C18} = 3.713$, $\text{H3} \cdots \text{C18} = 2.814$, $\text{C3}-\text{H3}-\text{C18} = 160.88$. (iv) $\text{C3} \cdots \text{C19} = 3.616$, $\text{H3} \cdots \text{C19} = 2.751$, $\text{C3}-\text{H3}-\text{C19} = 153.71$. In **11**, the reference molecule and inversion related adjacent molecule are linked by $\text{C}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$ and $\text{C}-\text{H}\cdots\pi$ interactions.

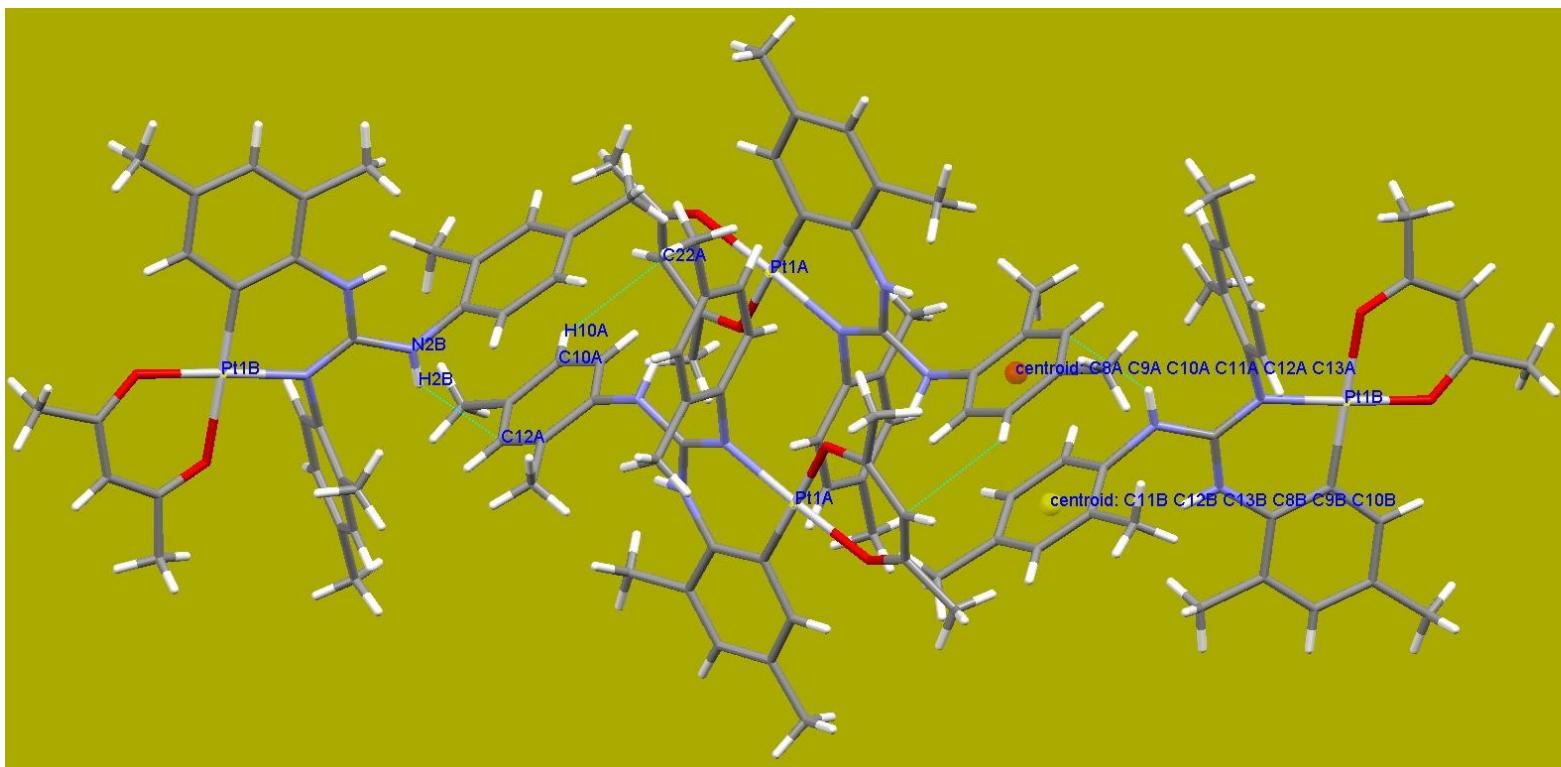


Fig. S2 Crystal packing diagram of 13·0.5 toluene, illustrating intermolecular interactions. Toluene is omitted for clarity. The intermolecular distances (\AA) and angles (deg.) are: (i) $\text{C12A}\cdots\text{N2B} = 3.414$, $\text{H2B}\cdots\text{C12A} = 2.691$ and $\text{C12A}-\text{H2B}-\text{N2B} = 142.68$. (ii) $\text{C10A}\cdots\text{C22A} = 3.650$, $\text{C22A}\cdots\text{H10A} = 2.897$ and $\text{C710A}-\text{H10A}-\text{C22A} = 138.84$. In 13·0.5 toluene, there are two molecules in an asymmetric unit ($Z' = 2$). These two molecules are linked by $\text{N}-\text{H}\cdots\pi$ and $\pi\cdots\pi$ interactions.

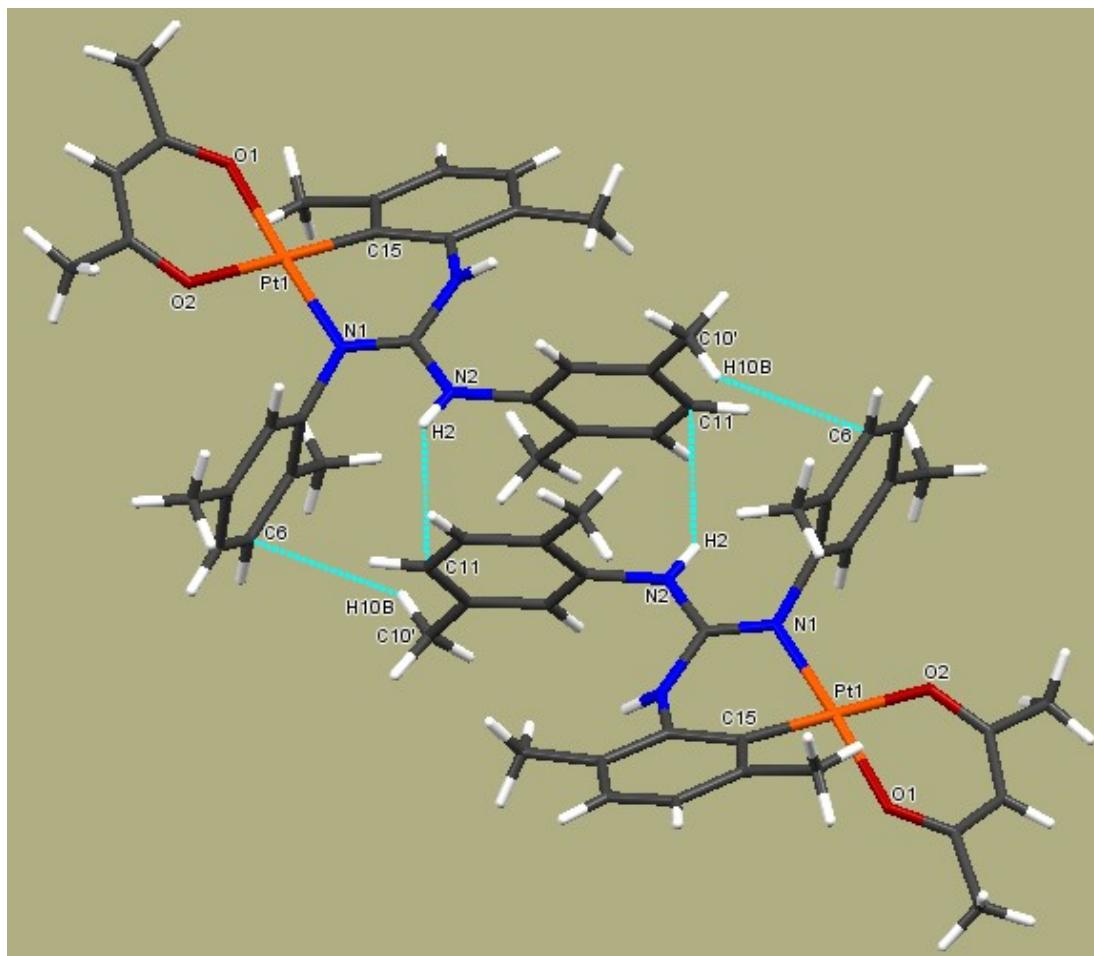


Fig. S3 Crystal packing diagram of **14**, illustrating intermolecular interactions. The intermolecular distances (\AA) and angles (deg.) are: (i) $\text{C}6\cdots\text{C}10' = 3.710$, $\text{H}10\text{B}\cdots\text{C}6 = 2.893$ and $\text{C}6-\text{H}10\text{B}-\text{C}10' = 143.64$. (ii) $\text{N}2\cdots\text{C}11 = 3.563$, $\text{C}11\cdots\text{H}2 = 2.837$ and $\text{N}2-\text{H}2-\text{C}11 = 143.34$. In **14**, the reference and inversion related adjacent molecules are linked by one pair of $\text{N}-\text{H}\cdots\pi$ and one pair of $\text{C}-\text{H}\cdots\pi$ interactions to form a dimer.

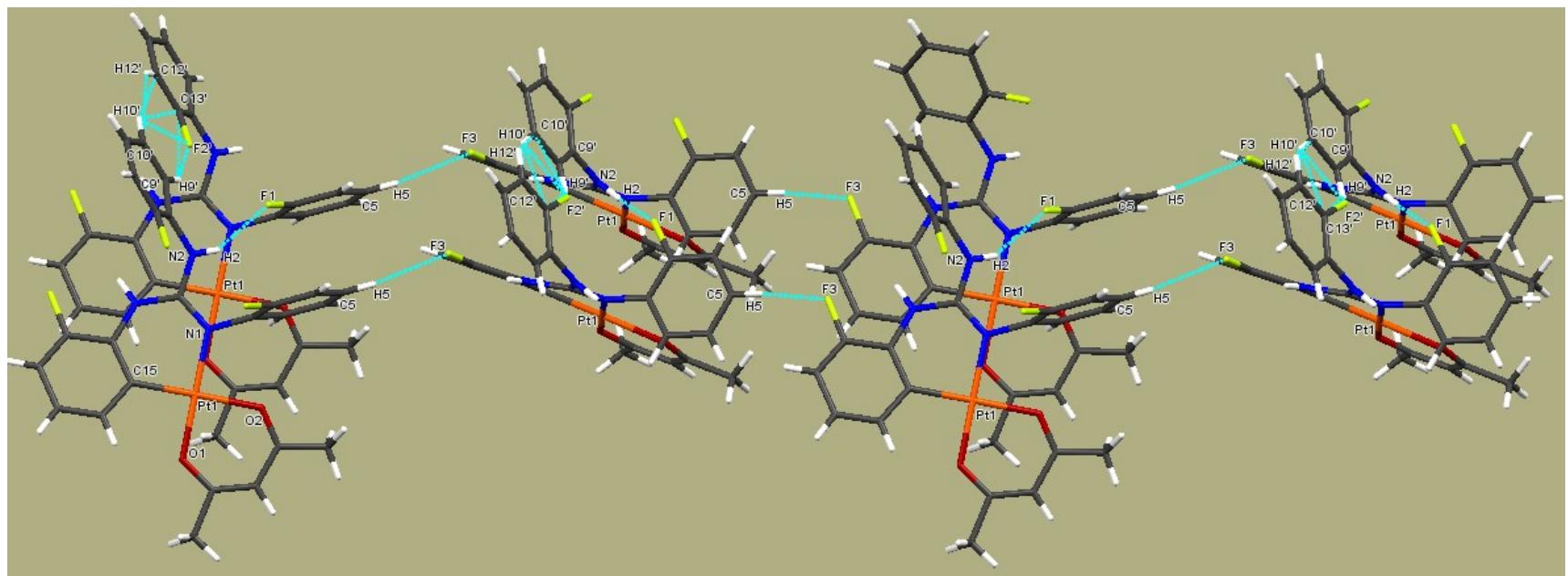


Fig. S4 Crystal packing diagram of **15**, illustrating intermolecular interactions. The intermolecular distances (\AA) and angles (deg.) are: (i) $\text{C}5\cdots\text{F}3 = 3.371$, $\text{H}5\cdots\text{F}3 = 2.454$ and $\text{C}5-\text{H}5-\text{F}3 = 168.59$. (ii) $\text{C}24\cdots\text{F}2 = 3.092$, $\text{F}2\cdots\text{H}24\text{B} = 2.338$ and $\text{F}2-\text{C}24\text{B}-\text{C}24 = 134.72$. (iii) $\text{N}2\cdots\text{F}1 = 3.086$, $\text{F}1\cdots\text{H}2 = 2.304$ and $\text{N}2-\text{H}2-\text{F}1 = 151.52$. (iv) $\text{C}9\cdots\text{C}14 = 3.545$, $\text{C}14\cdots\text{H}9 = 2.854$ and $\text{C}9-\text{H}9-\text{C}14 = 131.94$. (v) $\text{C}9\cdots\text{C}19 = 3.471$, $\text{C}19\cdots\text{H}9 = 2.652$ and $\text{C}9-\text{H}9-\text{C}19 = 147.26$. The rotational disorder of one of the aryl rings in **15** precluded our discussion about the intermolecular interactions in the crystal lattice.

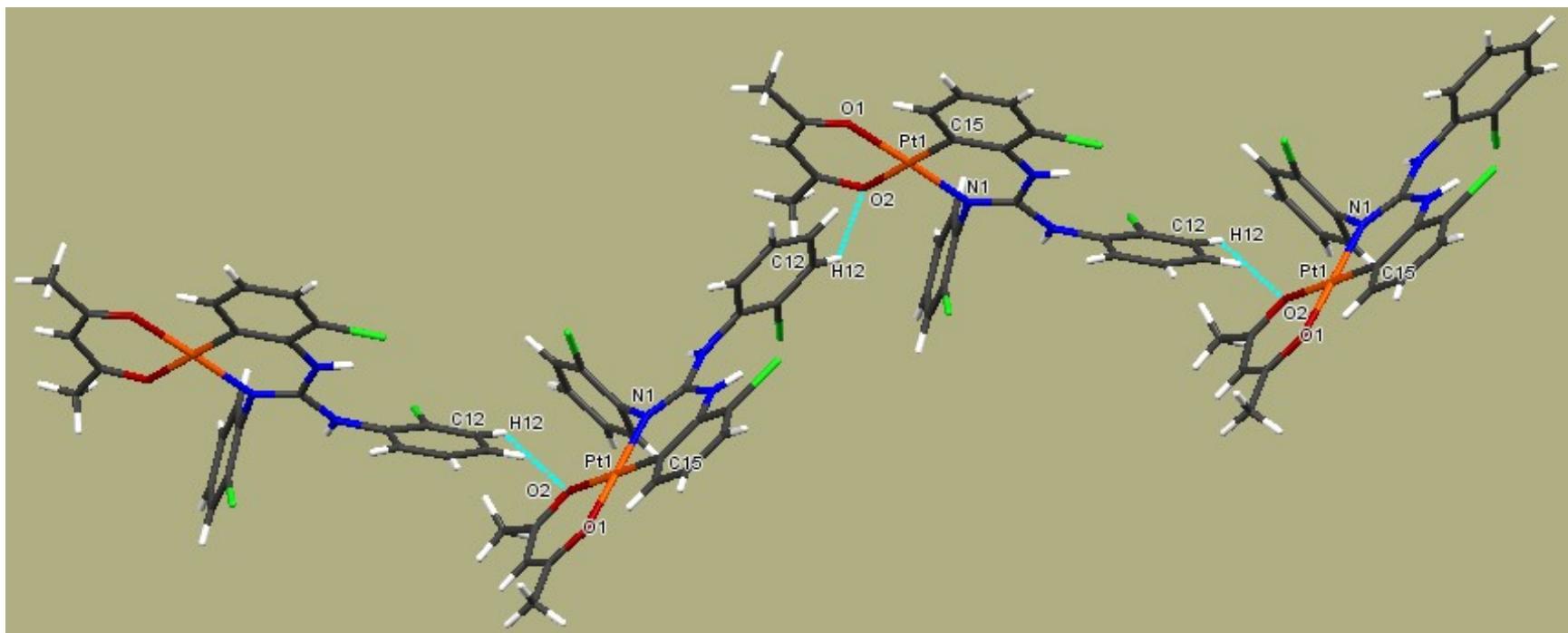


Fig. S5 Crystal packing diagram of **16**, illustrating intermolecular interactions. The intermolecular distances (\AA) and angles (deg.) are: (i) $\text{C}12 \cdots \text{O}2 = 3.490$, $\text{H}12 \cdots \text{O}2 = 2.718$ and $\text{C}12\text{--H}12\text{--O}2 = 140.98$. In the crystal lattice of **16**, the reference molecule is linked to the neighboring molecules only via intermolecular C–H…O hydrogen bond leading to the formation of a one-dimensional chain.

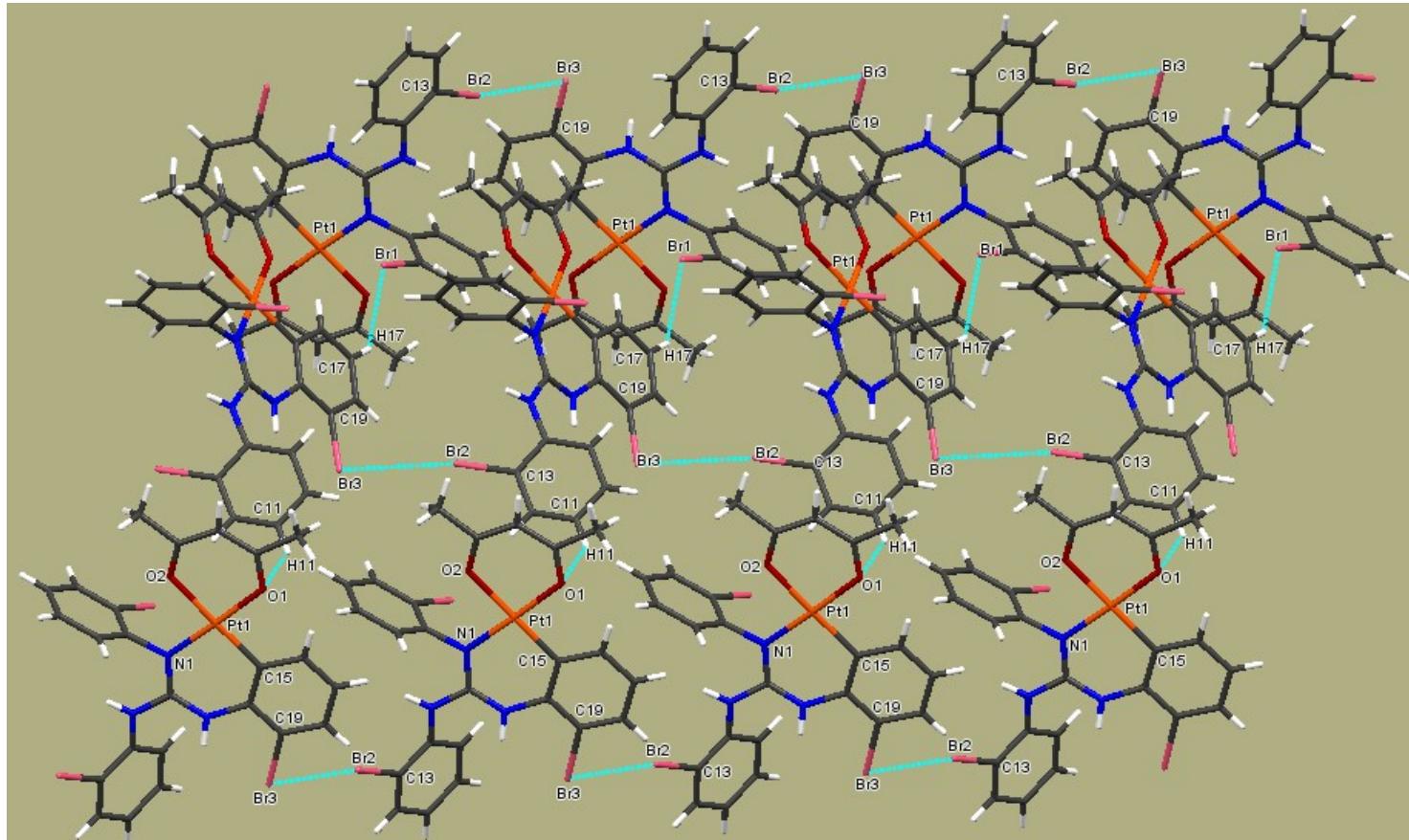


Fig. S6 Crystal packing diagram of **17**, illustrating intermolecular interactions. The intermolecular distances (\AA) and angles (deg.) are: (i) $\text{Br}2\cdots\text{Br}3 = 3.634$, $\text{C}13-\text{Br}2-\text{Br}3 = 168.15$, $\text{C}19-\text{Br}3-\text{Br}2 = 94.52$. (ii) $\text{O}1\cdots\text{C}11 = 3.311$, $\text{O}1\cdots\text{H}11 = 2.700$ and $\text{C}11-\text{H}11-\text{O}1 = 124.02$. (iii) $\text{Br}1\cdots\text{C}17 = 3.676$, $\text{Br}1\cdots\text{H}17 = 2.962$ and $\text{Br}1-\text{H}17-\text{C}17 = 134.68$. In **17**, the reference molecule is linked to two adjacent identical molecules via type II halogen bond¹⁴ to form a one-dimensional chain and this chain is linked to two adjacent chains related by screw axis and glide plane via $\text{C}-\text{H}\cdots\text{Br}$ and $\text{C}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$ hydrogen bonds respectively and thus forms a two-dimensional layer structure. Halogen bonding in weakly luminescent platinacycle, $[\text{Pt}(\text{ND}-\kappa\text{C},\kappa\text{N})(\text{Cl})(\text{PPh}_3)]$ derived from 2-(2-benzothienyl)pyridine and $\text{IC}_6\text{F}_5/\text{I}_2\text{C}_6\text{F}_4$ were shown to amplify photophysical performance of the resulting adducts formed from the aforementioned pair.¹⁵

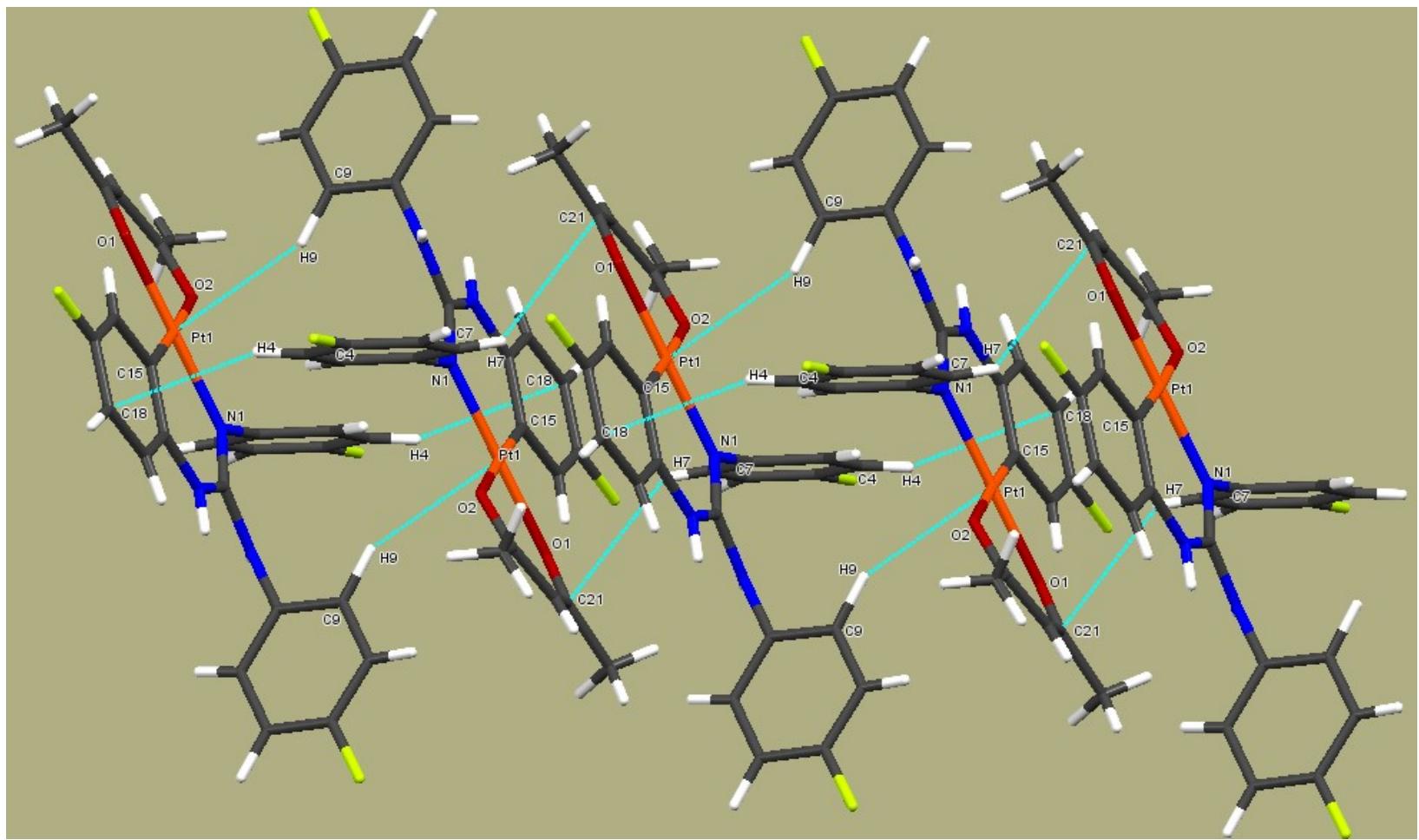


Fig. S7 Crystal packing diagram of **18**, illustrating intermolecular interactions. The intermolecular distances (\AA) and angles (deg.) are: (i) $\text{Pt1}\cdots\text{C9} = 3.863$, $\text{Pt1}\cdots\text{H9} = 2.876$, $\text{Pt1}-\text{H9}-\text{C9} = 152.47$. (ii) $\text{C7}\cdots\text{C21} = 3.551$, $\text{C21}\cdots\text{H7} = 2.896$ and $\text{C7}-\text{H7}-\text{C21} = 135.72$. (iii) $\text{C4}\cdots\text{C18} = 3.740$, $\text{C18}\cdots\text{H4} = 2.895$ and $\text{C18}-\text{H4}-\text{C4} = 156.81$. In **18**, the F atom in 4th position of the N(H)Ar unit simultaneously acts as a bifurcated acceptor, one involving type II halogen bond with the inversion related adjacent molecule and the other involving N–H…F hydrogen bond with the adjacent molecule related by screw axis. The reference molecule and inversion related adjacent molecule are linked by a pair of C–H…Pt interactions.

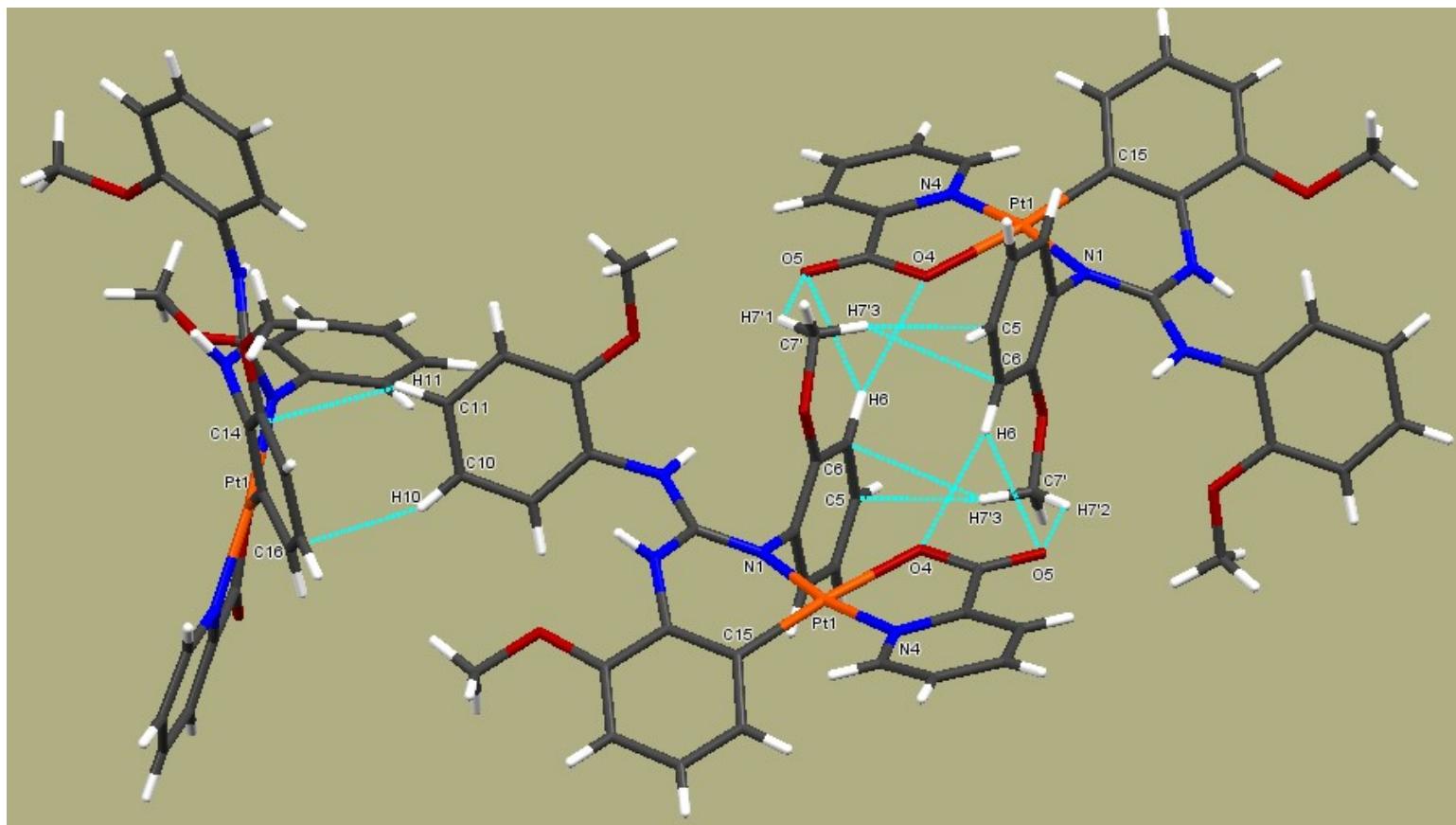


Fig. S8 Crystal packing diagram of **19**, illustrating intermolecular interactions. The intermolecular distances (\AA) and angles (deg.) are: (i) $\text{C}11 \cdots \text{H}11 = 0.931$, $\text{H}11 \cdots \text{C}14 = 2.858$ and $\text{C}14 \cdots \text{H}11 \cdots \text{C}11 = 145.70$. (ii) $\text{C}10 \cdots \text{H}10 = 0.929$, $\text{H}10 \cdots \text{C}16 = 2.712$ and $\text{C}16 \cdots \text{H}10 \cdots \text{C}10 = 143.17$. (iii) $\text{C}7' \cdots \text{H}7'1 = 0.960 \text{ \AA}$, $\text{H}7'1 \cdots \text{O}5 = 2.700$ and $\text{O}5 \cdots \text{H}7'1 \cdots \text{C}7' = 132.44$. (iv) $\text{C}6 \cdots \text{H}6 = 0.930$, $\text{H}6 \cdots \text{O}5 = 2.705$ and $\text{O}5 \cdots \text{H}6 \cdots \text{C}6 = 139.47$. (v) $\text{C}6 \cdots \text{H}6 = 0.930$, $\text{H}6 \cdots \text{O}4 = 2.611$ and $\text{O}4 \cdots \text{H}6 \cdots \text{C}6 = 167.19$. (vi) $\text{C}7' \cdots \text{H}7'3 = 0.960$, $\text{H}7'3 \cdots \text{C}5 = 2.882$ and $\text{C}5 \cdots \text{H}7'3 \cdots \text{C}7' = 126.67^\circ$. (vii) $\text{C}7' \cdots \text{H}7'3 = 0.960$, $\text{H}7'3 \cdots \text{C}6 = 2.805$ and $\text{C}6 \cdots \text{H}7'3 \cdots \text{C}7' = 134.94$. In **19**, the reference molecule is linked to the adjacent molecule related by an inversion symmetry through a pair of bifurcated $\text{C}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$, normal $\text{C}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$ hydrogen bonds and a pair of $\text{C}-\text{H}\cdots\pi$ interactions on one side and through a pair of $\text{C}-\text{H}\cdots\pi$ interactions with the glide related adjacent molecule on the other side.

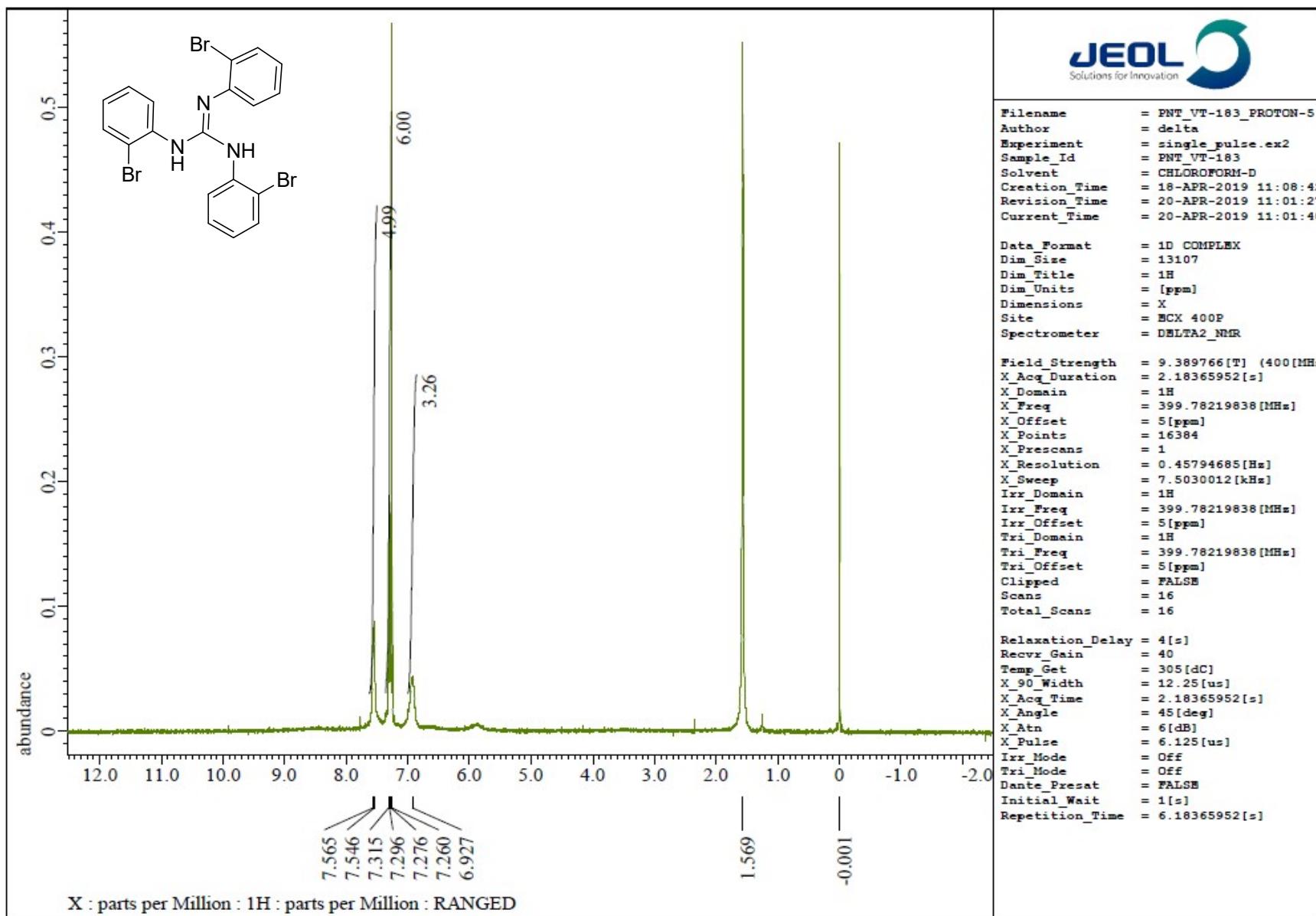


Fig. S9 ^1H NMR (CDCl_3 , 400 MHz) spectrum of $[\text{ArN}=\text{C}(\text{N}(\text{H})\text{Ar})_2]$ ($\text{Ar} = 2\text{-BrC}_6\text{H}_4$).

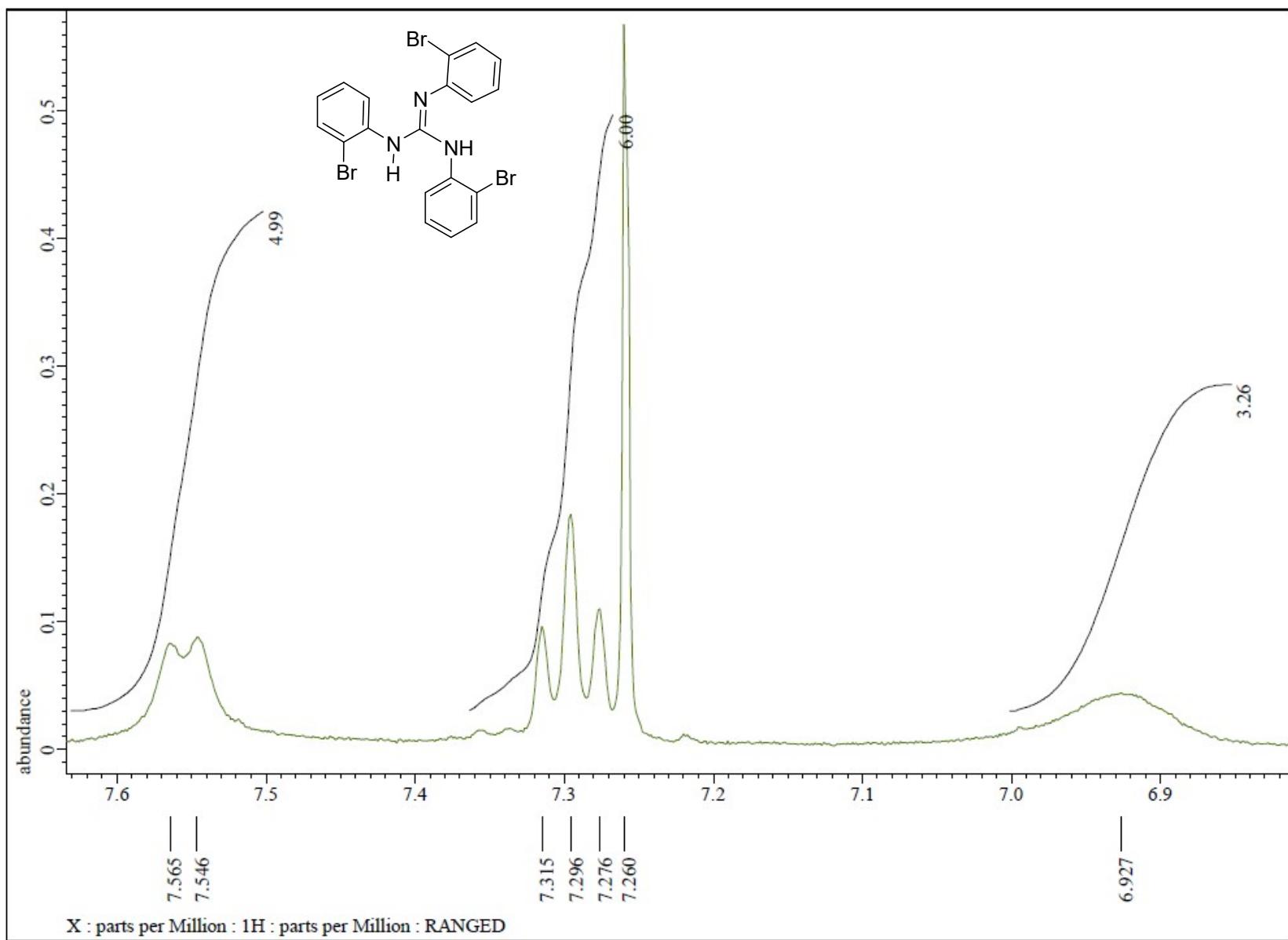


Fig. S10 ^1H NMR (CDCl₃, 400 MHz) spectrum of $[\text{ArN}=\text{C}(\text{N}(\text{H})\text{Ar})_2]$ (Ar = 2-BrC₆H₄) in the indicated region.

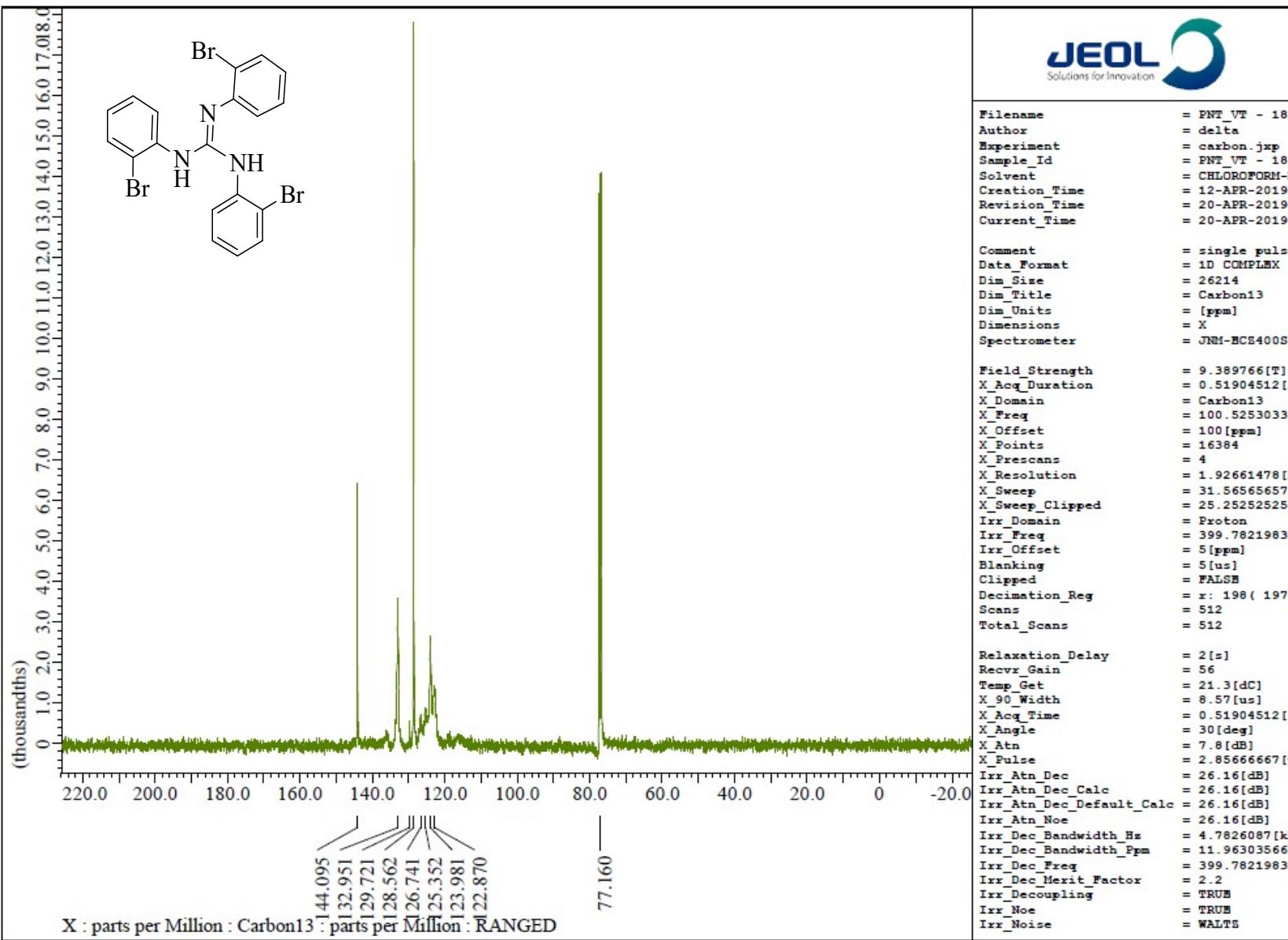


Fig. S11 $^{13}\text{C}\{\text{H}\}$ NMR (CDCl_3 , 100.5 MHz) spectrum of $[\text{ArN}=\text{C}(\text{N}(\text{H})\text{Ar})_2]$ ($\text{Ar} = 2\text{-BrC}_6\text{H}_4$).

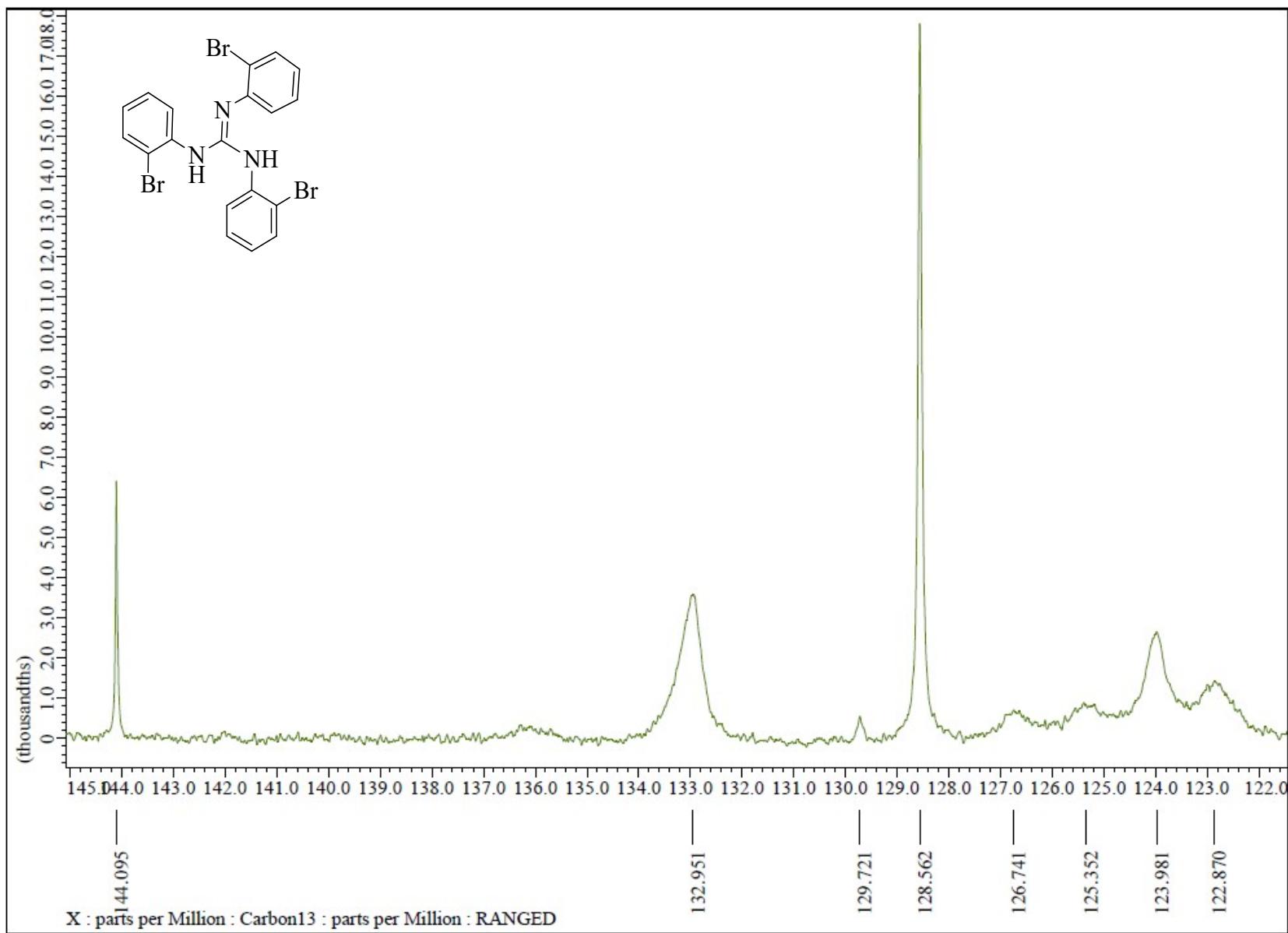


Fig. S12 $^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR (CDCl_3 , 100.5 MHz) spectrum of $[\text{ArN}=\text{C}(\text{N}(\text{H})\text{Ar})_2]$ ($\text{Ar} = 2\text{-BrC}_6\text{H}_4$) in the indicated region.

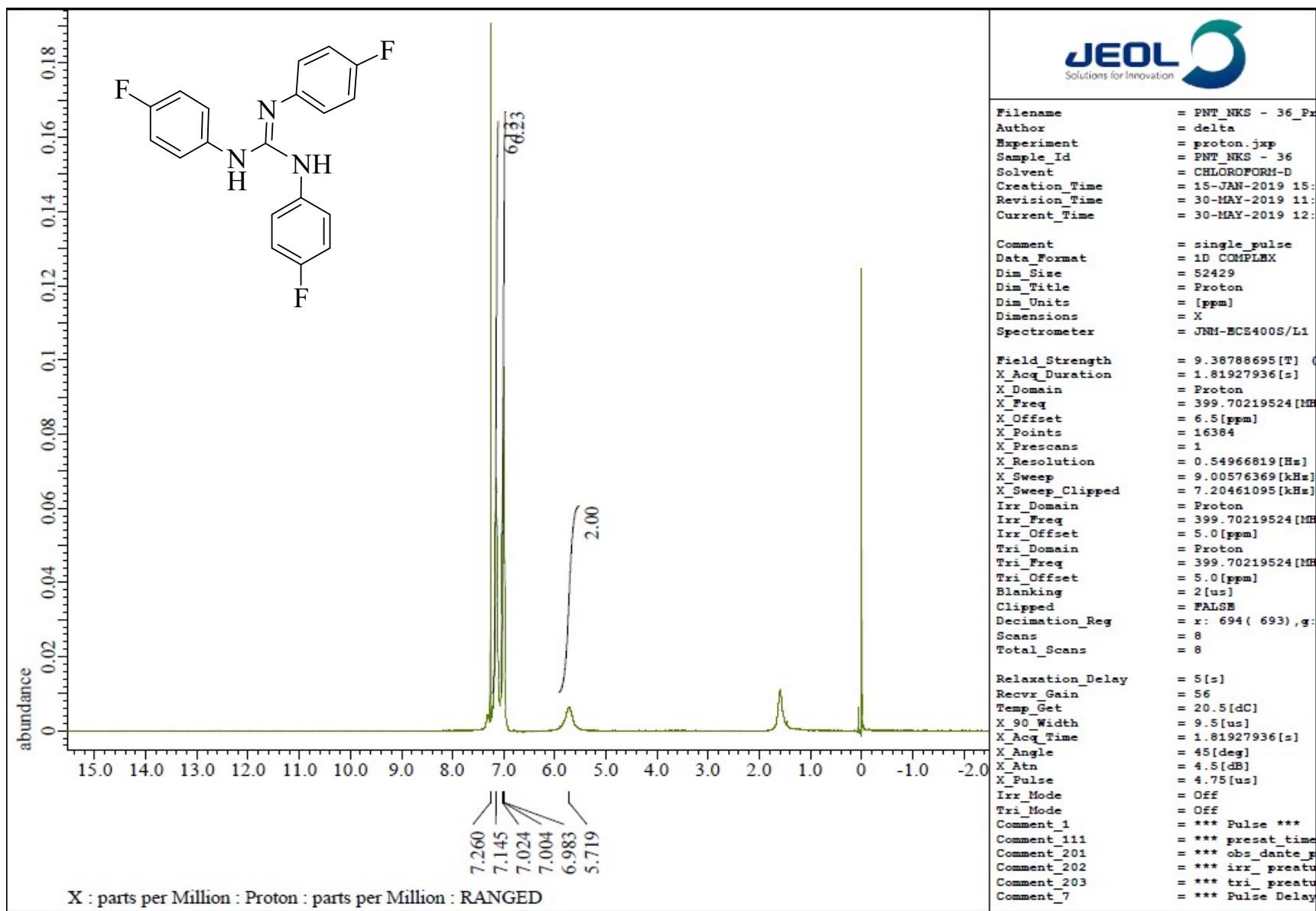


Fig. S13 ^1H NMR (CDCl_3 , 400 MHz) spectrum of $[\text{ArN}=\text{C}(\text{N}(\text{H})\text{Ar})_2]$ ($\text{Ar} = 4\text{-FC}_6\text{H}_4$).

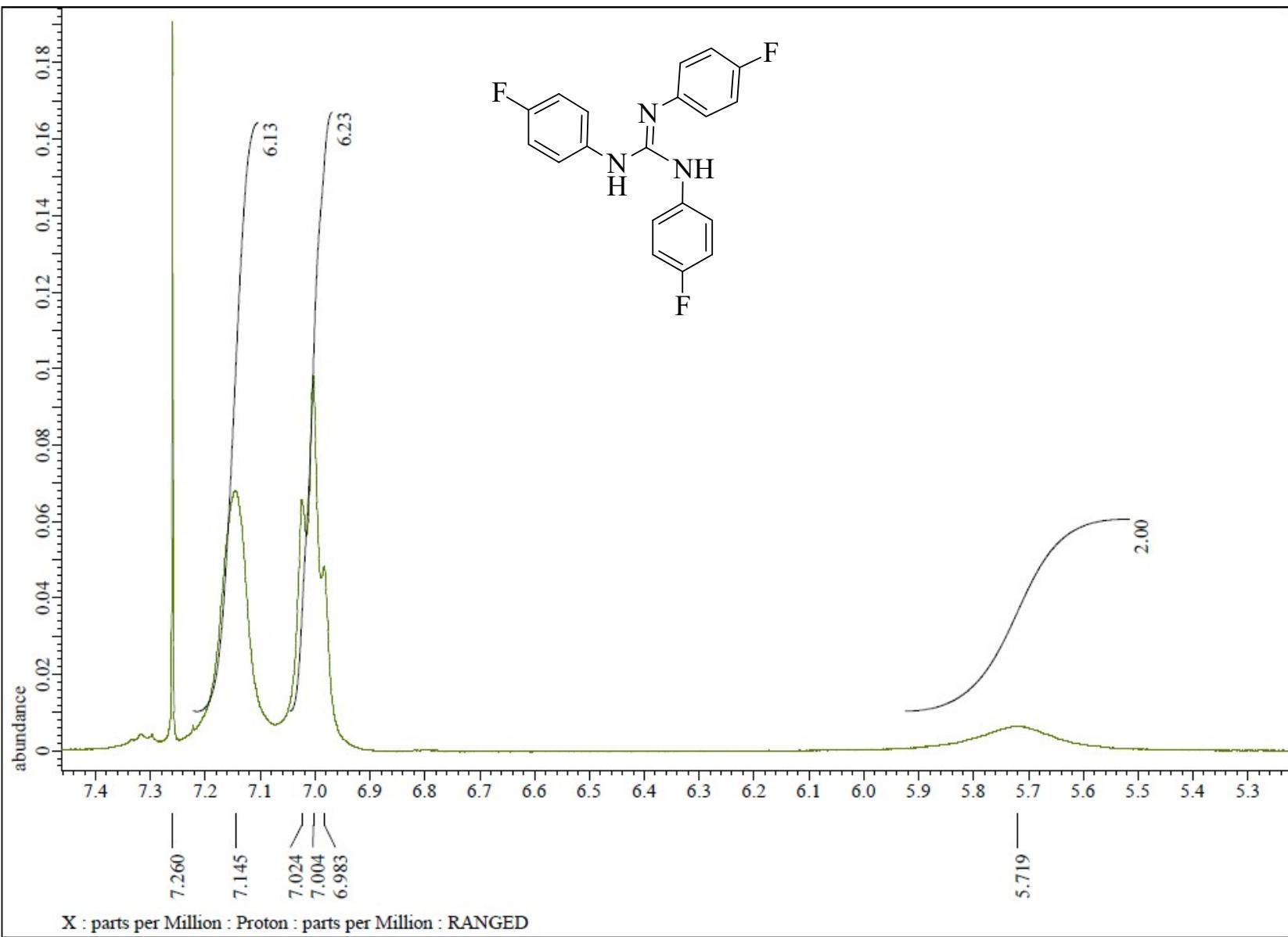


Fig. S14 ^1H NMR (CDCl_3 , 400 MHz) spectrum of $[\text{ArN}=\text{C}(\text{N}(\text{H})\text{Ar})_2]$ ($\text{Ar} = 4\text{-FC}_6\text{H}_4$) in the indicated region.

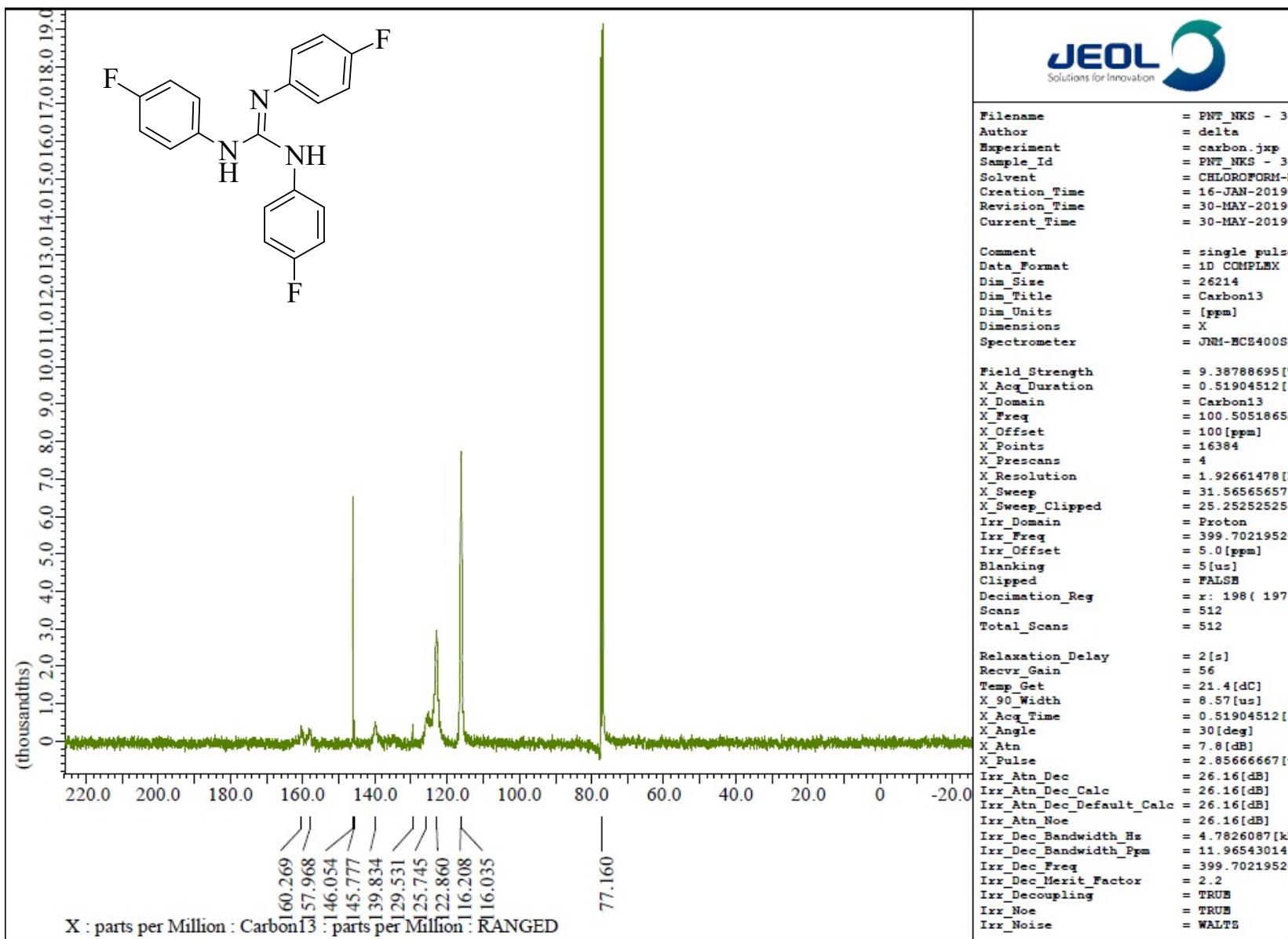


Fig. S15 $^{13}\text{C}\{\text{H}\}$ NMR (CDCl_3 , 100.5 MHz) spectrum of $[\text{ArN}=\text{C}(\text{N}(\text{H})\text{Ar})_2]$ ($\text{Ar} = 4\text{-FC}_6\text{H}_4$).

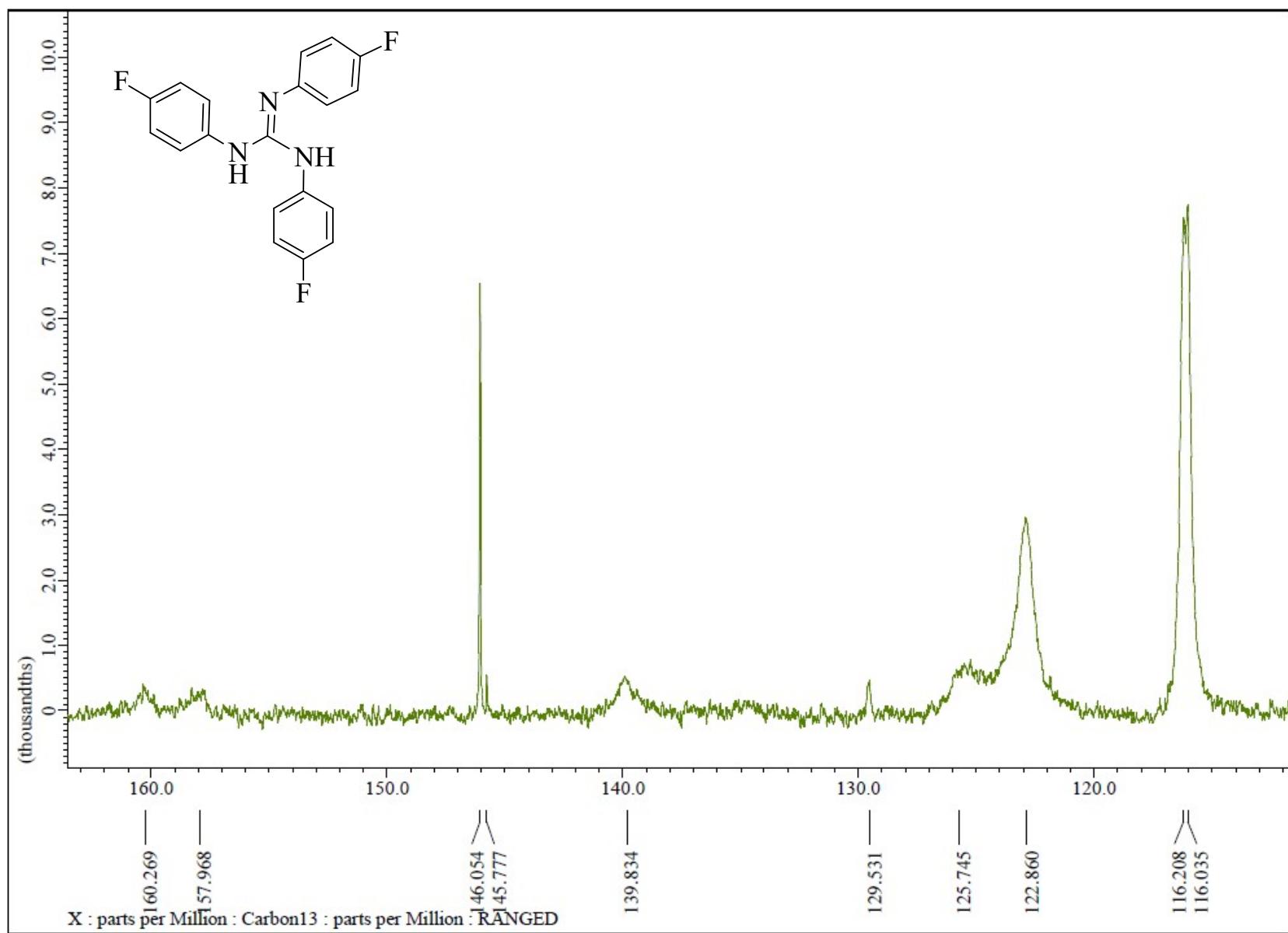


Fig. S16 $^{13}\text{C}\{\text{H}\}$ NMR (CDCl_3 , 100.5 MHz) spectrum of $[\text{ArN}=\text{C}(\text{N}(\text{H})\text{Ar})_2]$ ($\text{Ar} = 4\text{-FC}_6\text{H}_4$) in the indicated region.

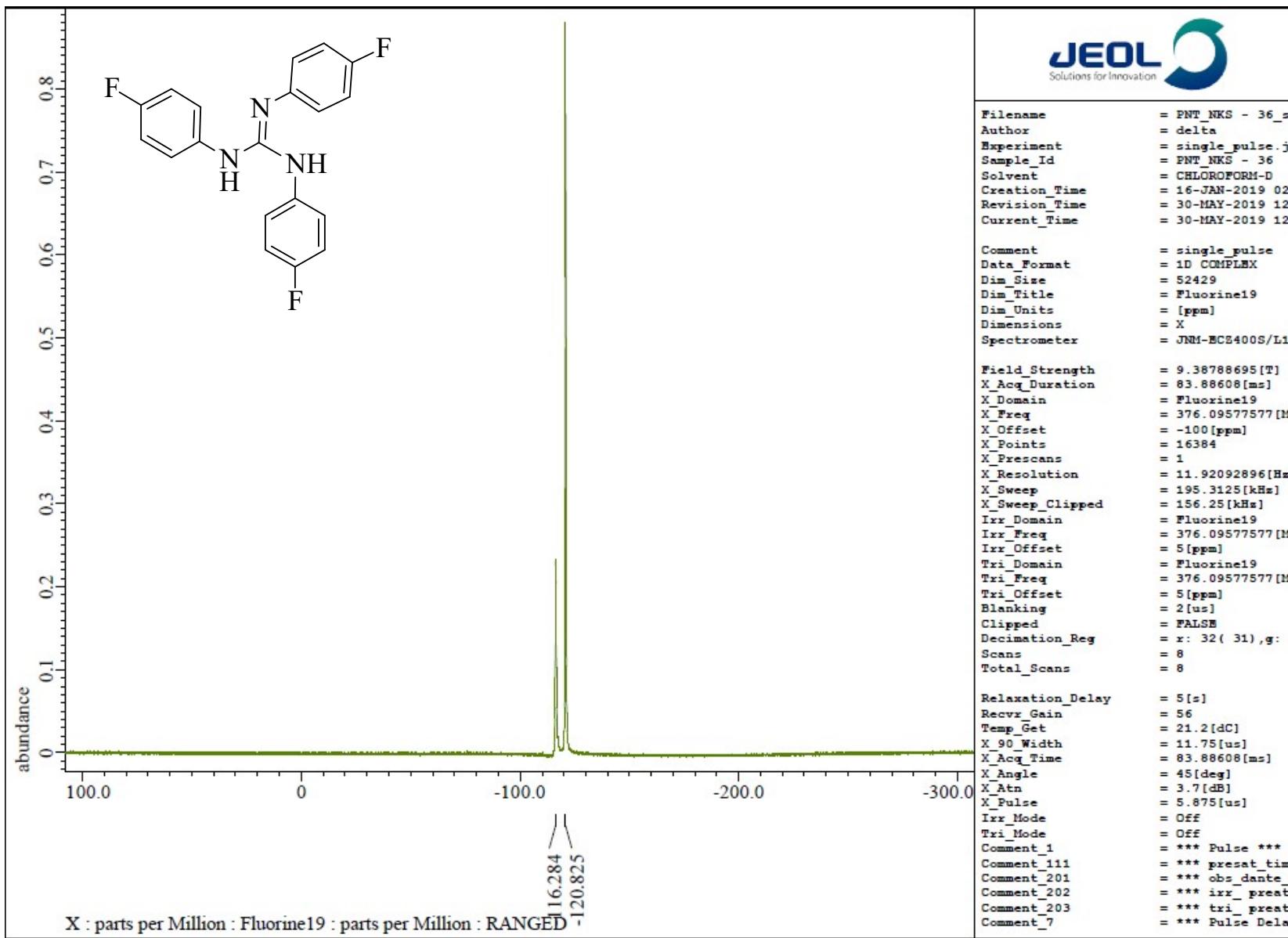


Fig. S17 ^{19}F { ^1H } NMR (CDCl_3 , 376.31 MHz) spectrum of $[\text{ArN}=\text{C}(\text{N}(\text{H})\text{Ar})_2]$ ($\text{Ar} = 4\text{-FC}_6\text{H}_4$).

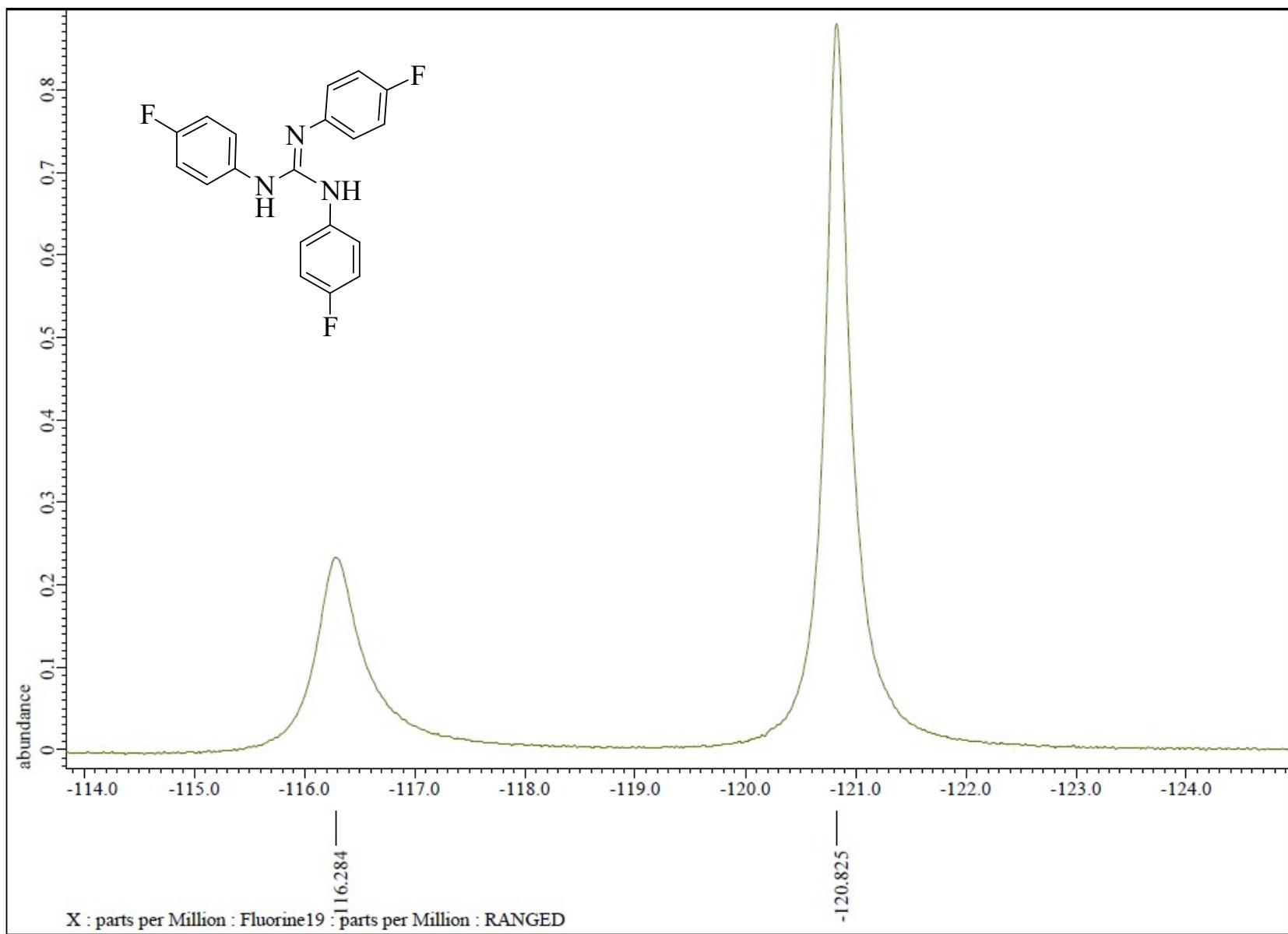


Fig. S18 $^{19}\text{F}\{\text{H}\}$ NMR (CDCl_3 , 376.31 MHz) spectrum of $[\text{ArN}=\text{C}(\text{N}(\text{H})\text{Ar})_2]$ ($\text{Ar} = 4\text{-FC}_6\text{H}_4$).

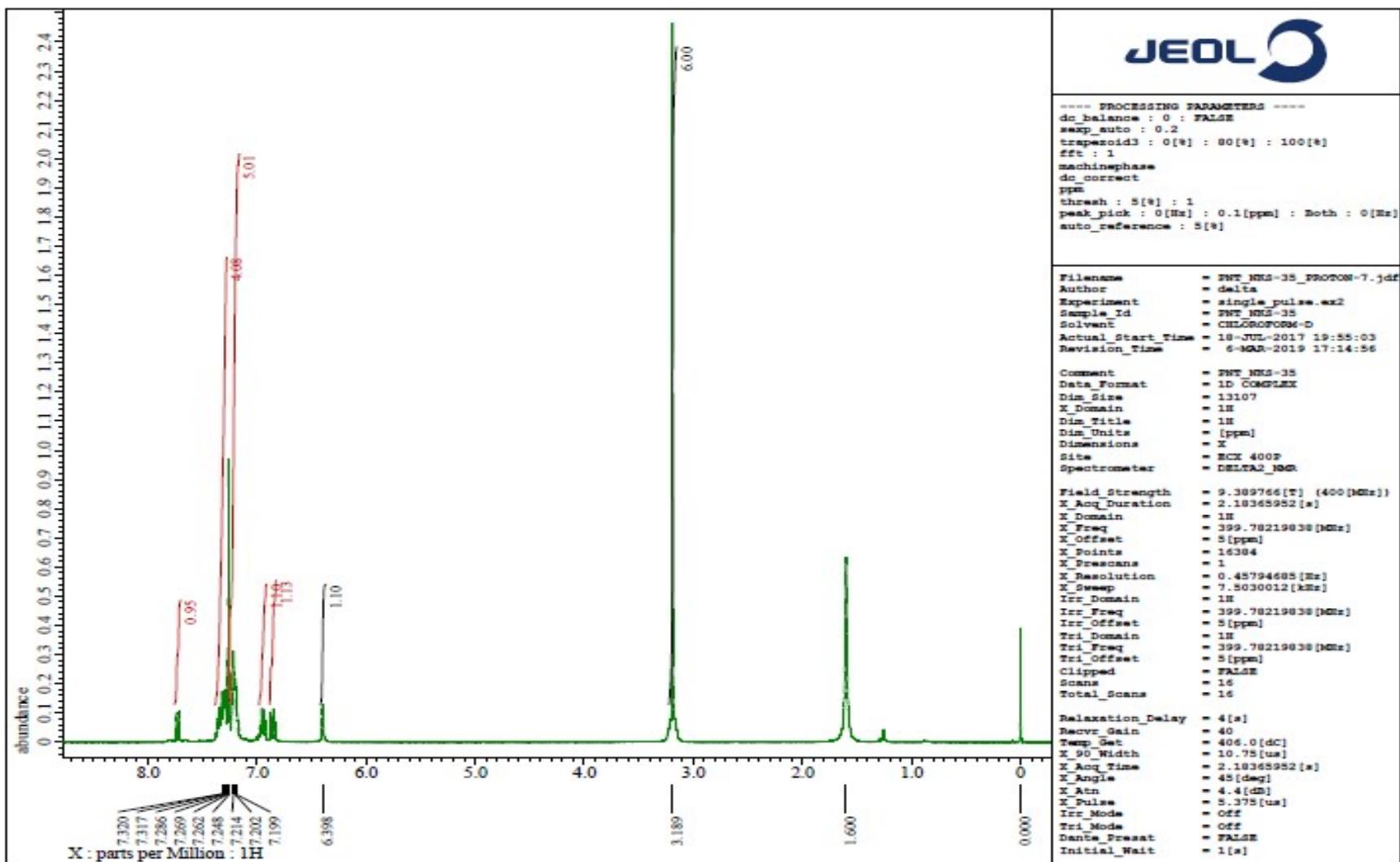


Fig. S19 ^1H NMR (CDCl_3 , 400MHz) spectrum of complex 6.

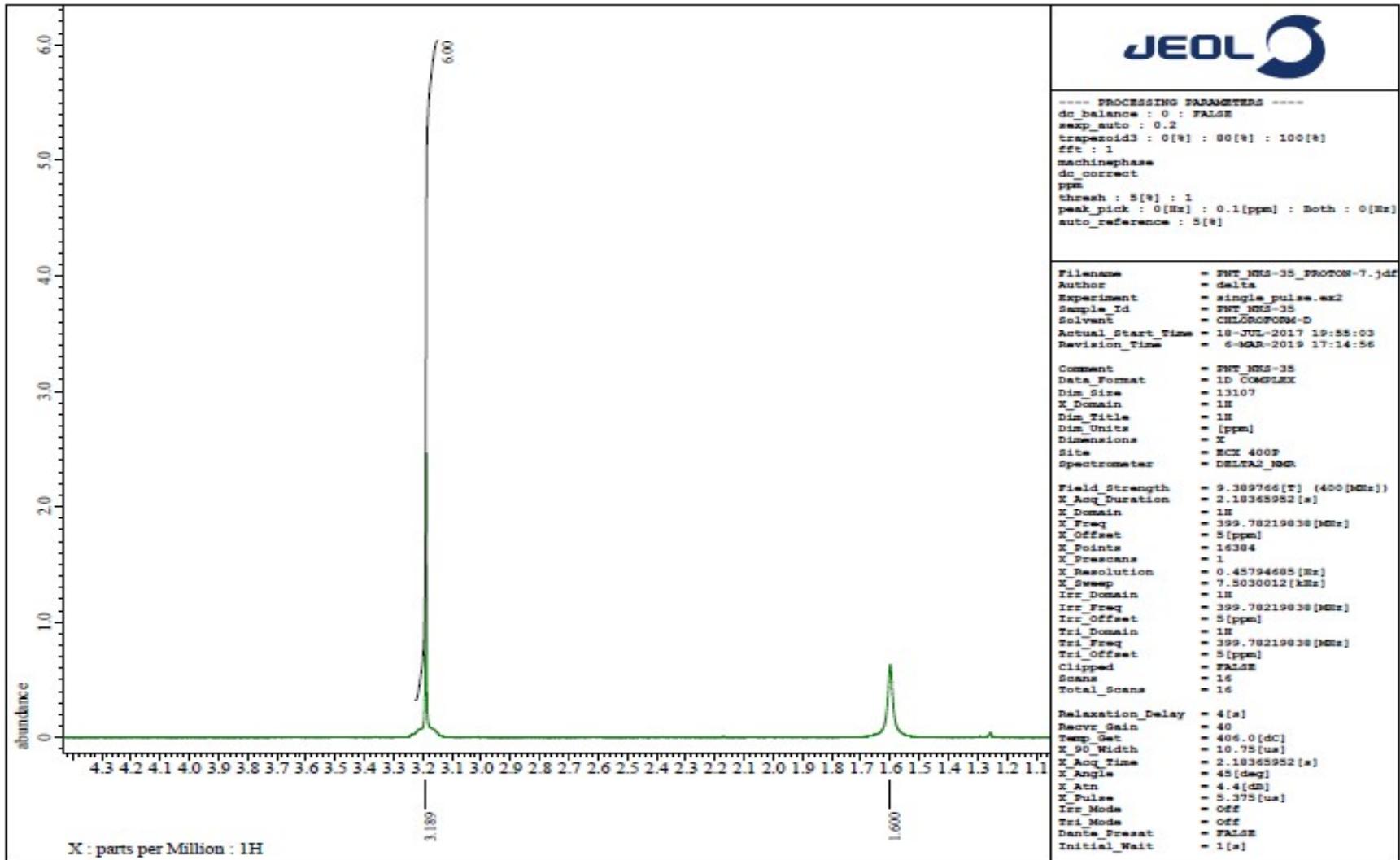


Fig. S20 ^1H NMR (CDCl_3 , 400MHz) spectrum of complex **6** in the indicated region.

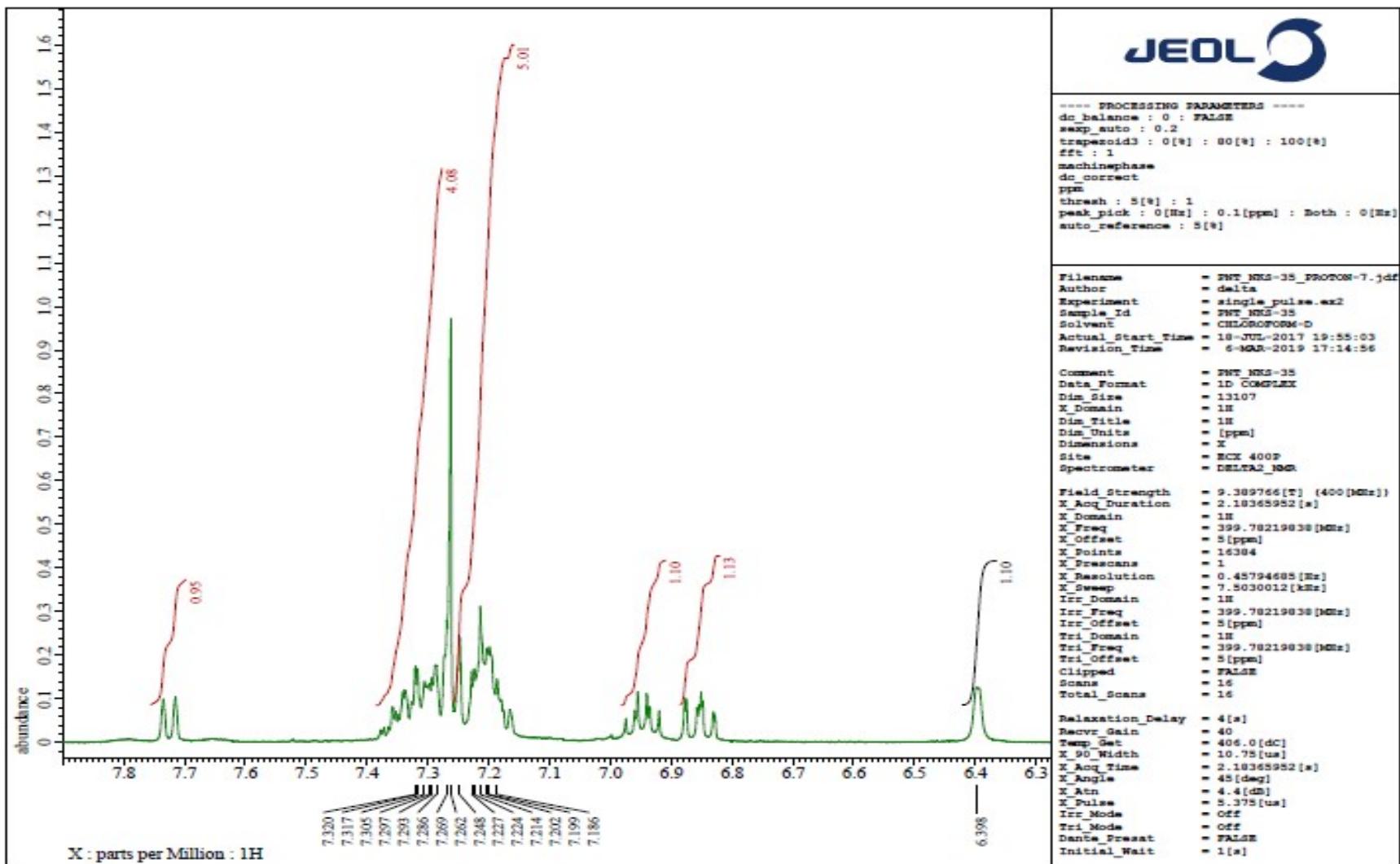


Fig. S21 ^1H NMR (CDCl_3 , 400MHz) spectrum of complex **6** in the indicated region.

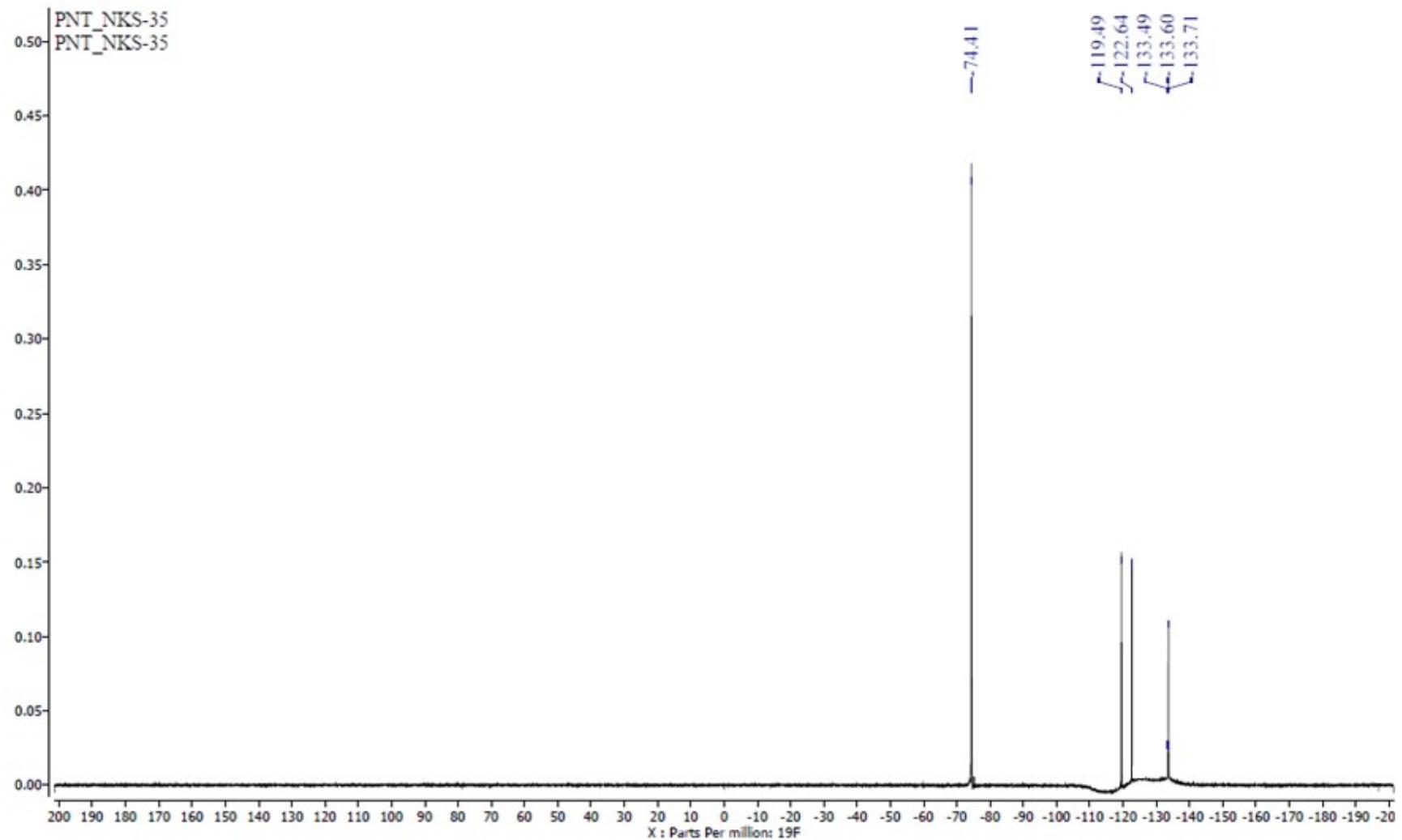


Fig. S22 $^{19}\text{F}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR (CDCl_3 , 376.31MHz) spectrum of complex **6**.

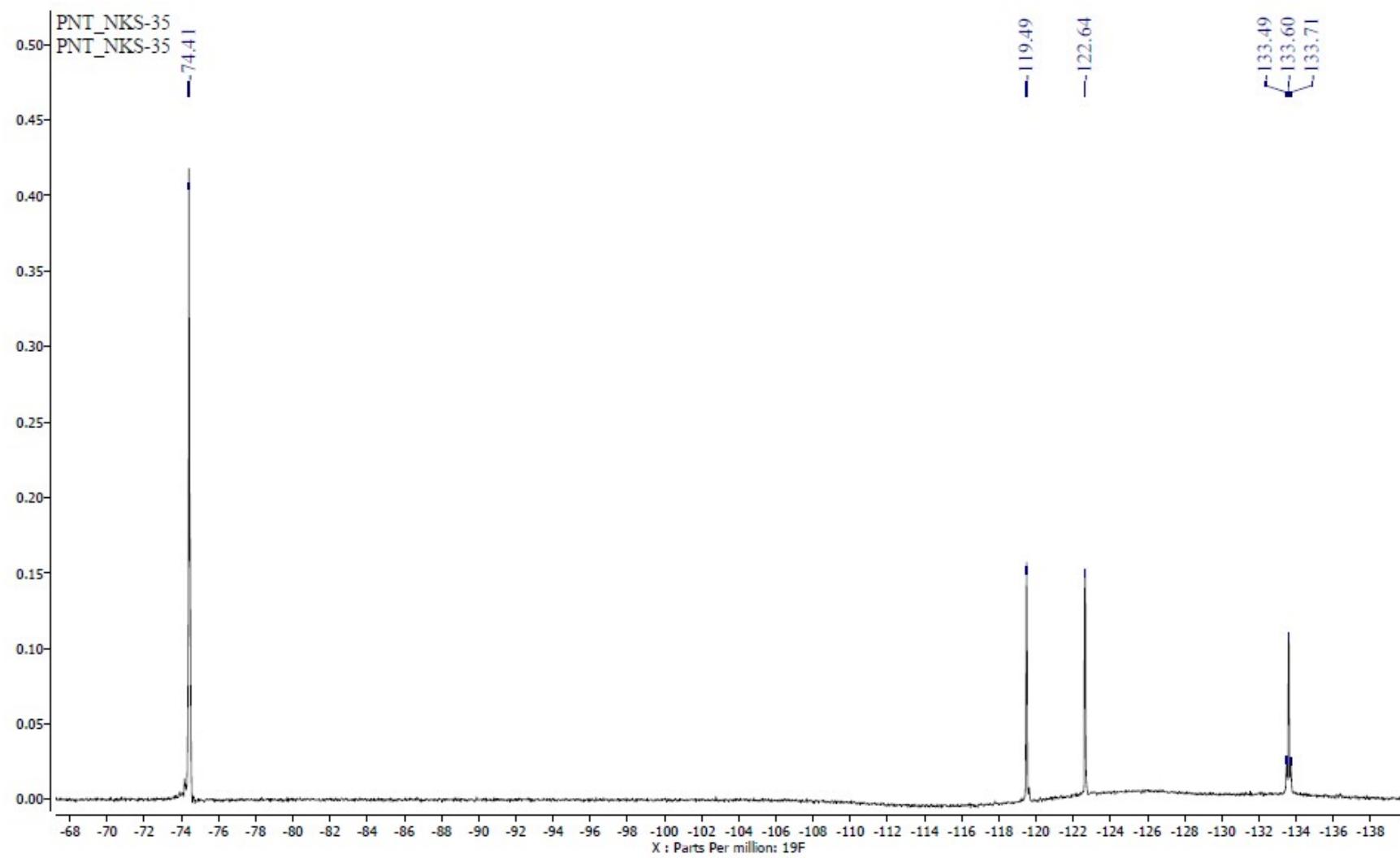


Fig. S23 ${}^{19}\text{F}\{{}^1\text{H}\}$ NMR (CDCl_3 , 376.31MHz) spectrum of complex **6** in the indicated region.

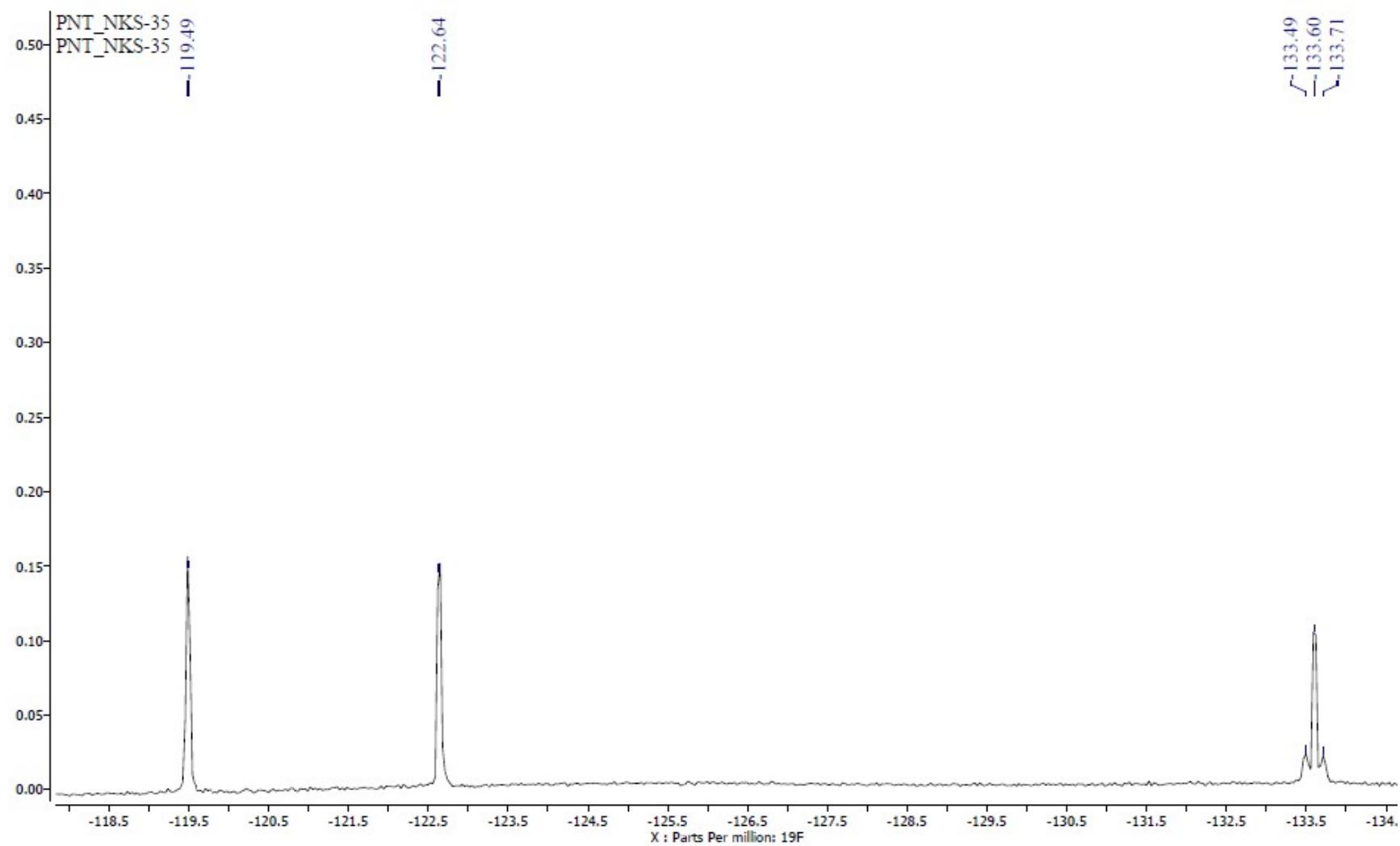


Fig. S24 ${}^{19}\text{F}\{{}^1\text{H}\}$ NMR (CDCl_3 , 376.31MHz) spectrum of complex **6** in the indicated region.

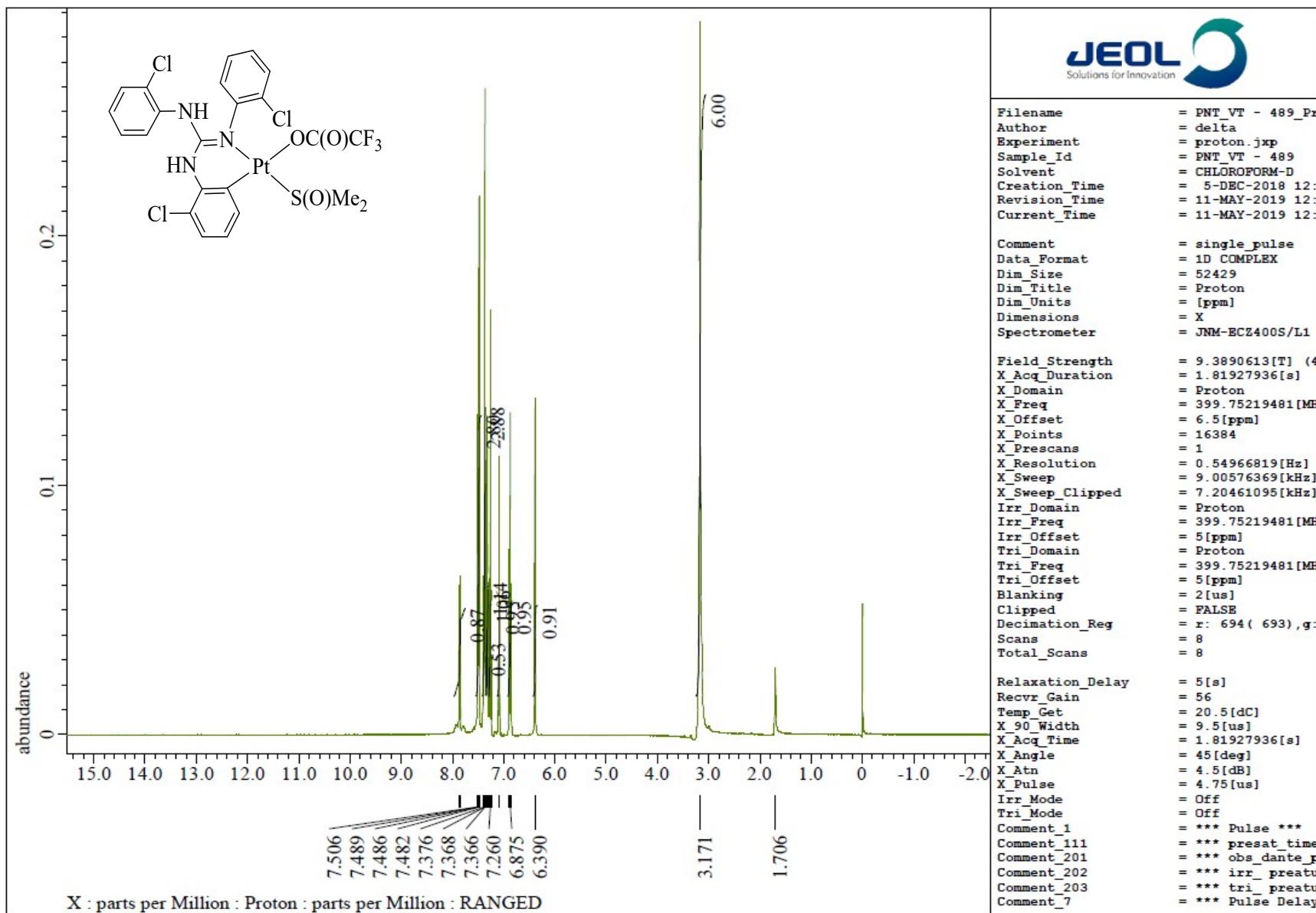


Fig. S25 ^1H NMR (CDCl_3 , 400 MHz) spectrum of 7.

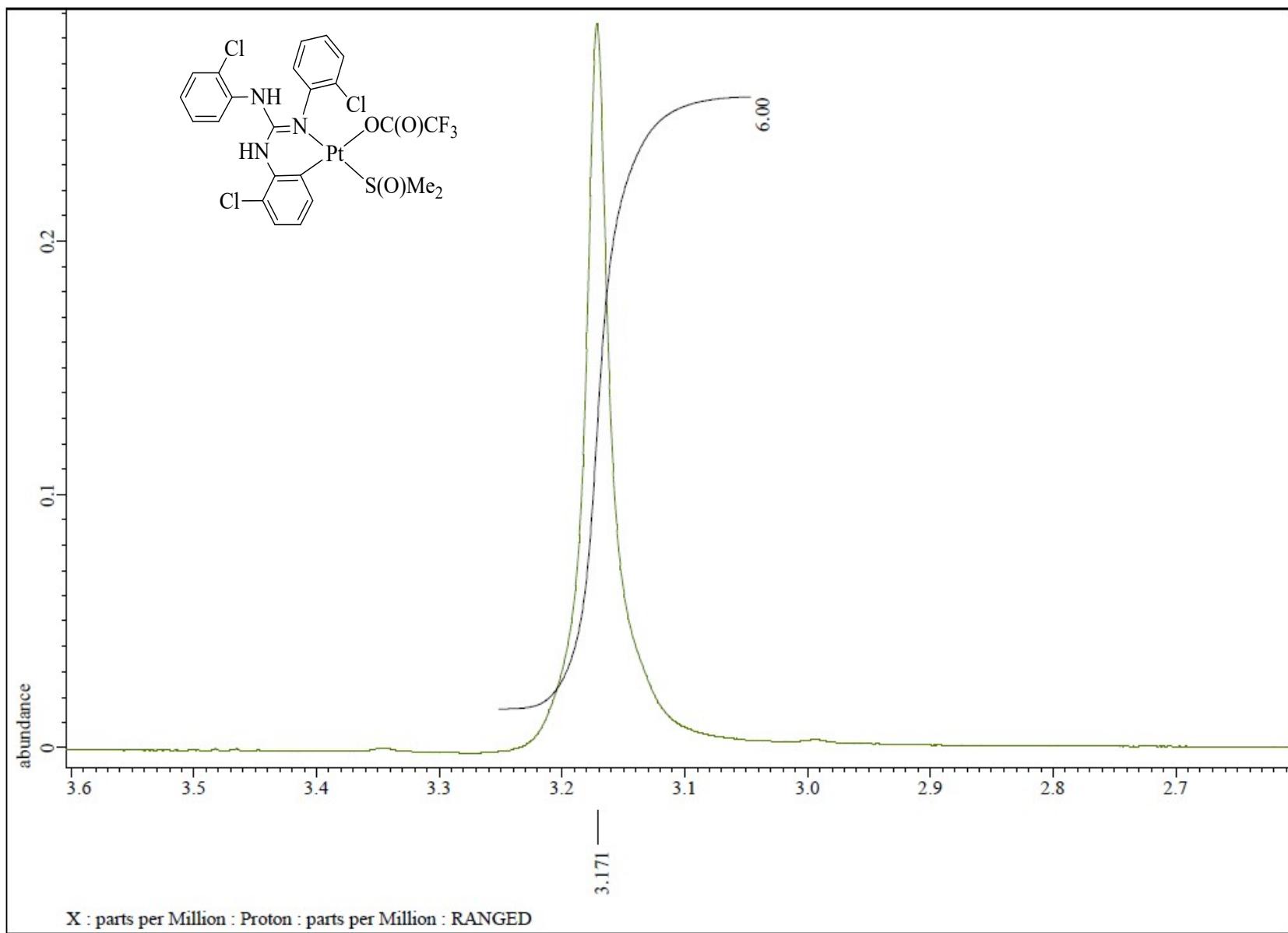


Fig. S26 ^1H NMR (CDCl_3 , 400 MHz) spectrum of 7 in the indicated region.

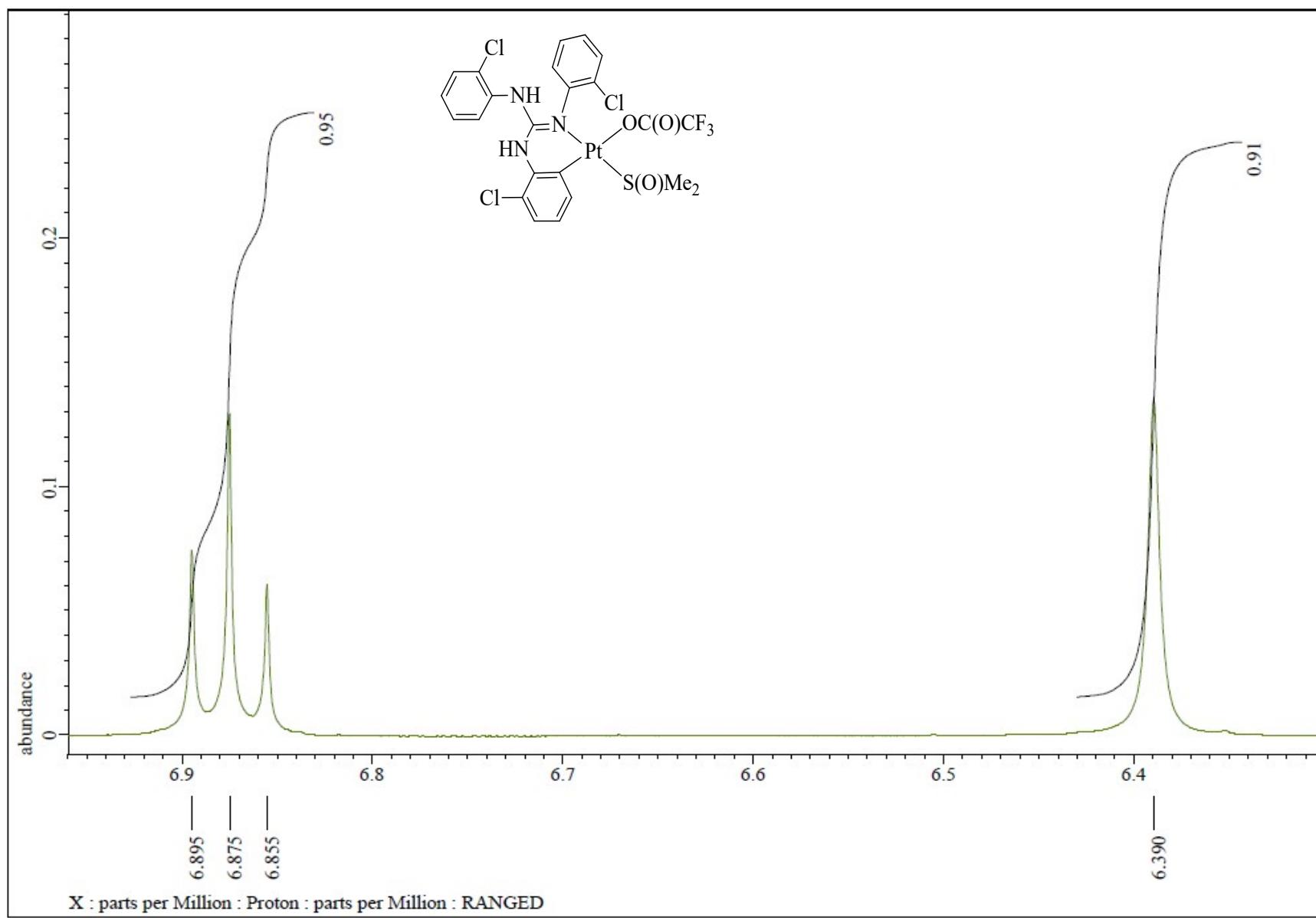


Fig. S27 ^1H NMR (CDCl_3 , 400 MHz) spectrum of 7 in the indicated region.

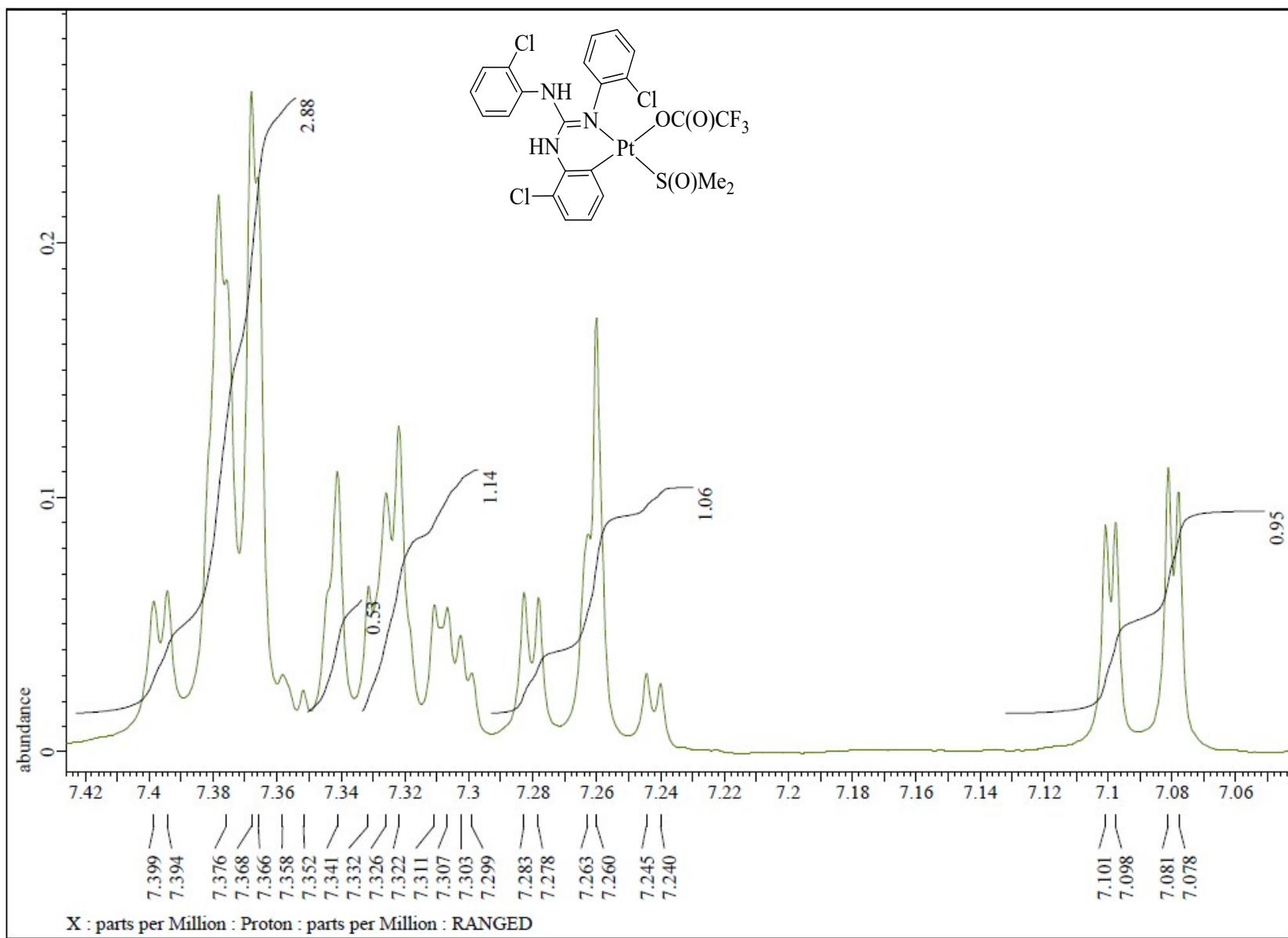


Fig. S28 ^1H NMR (CDCl_3 , 400 MHz) spectrum of 7 in the indicated region.

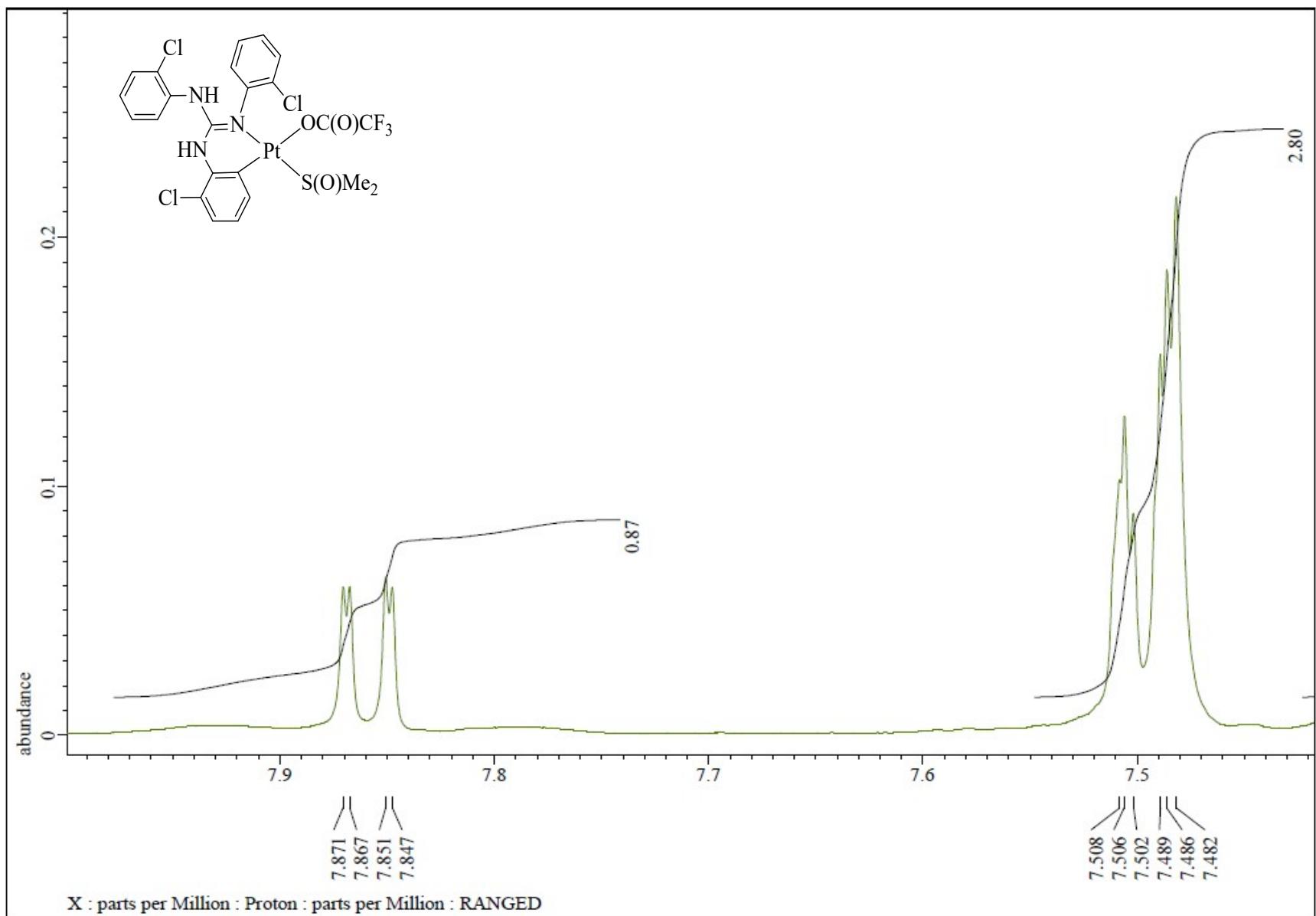


Fig. S29 ^1H NMR (CDCl_3 , 400 MHz) spectrum of 7 in the indicated region.

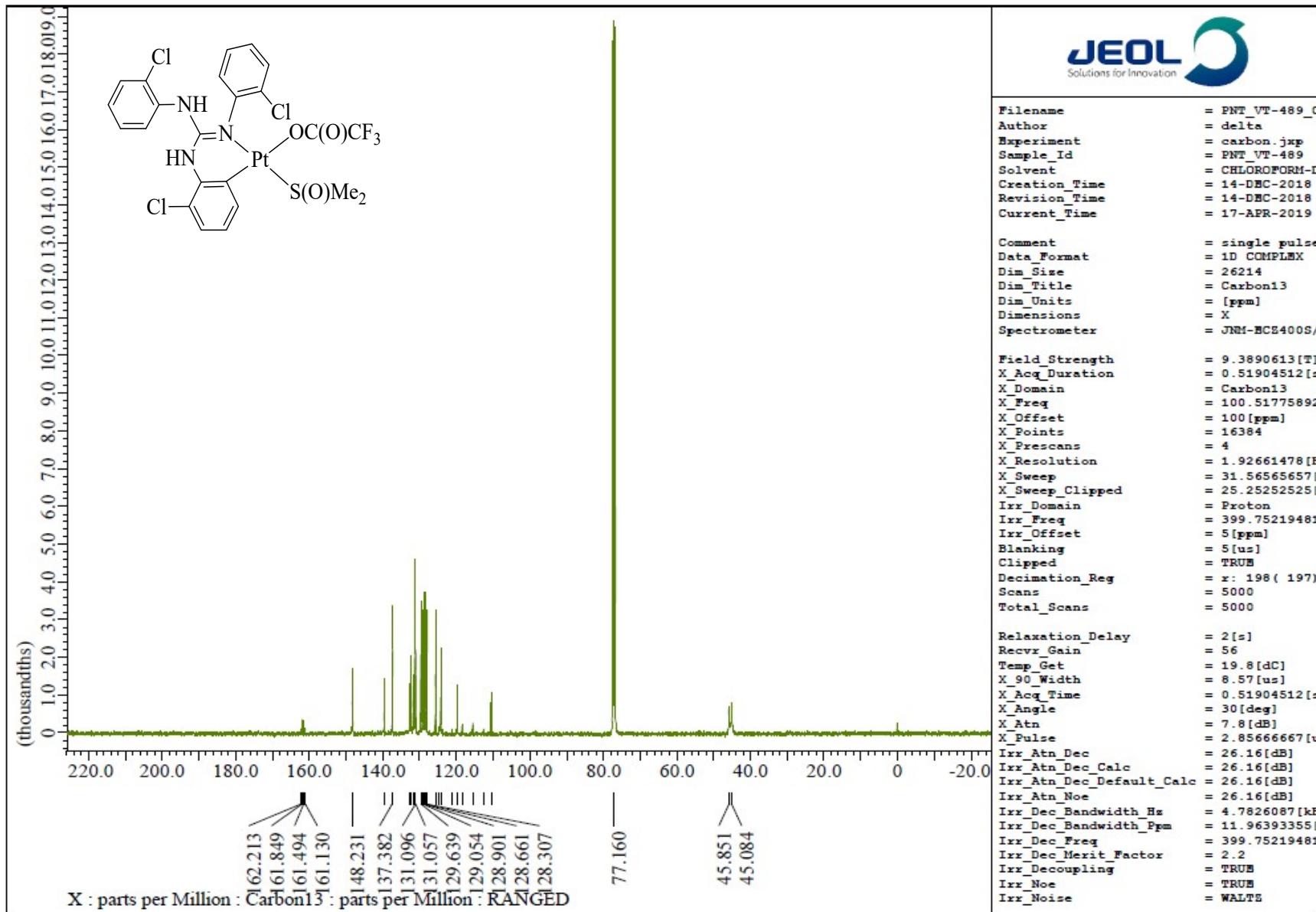


Fig. S30 $^{13}\text{C}\{\text{H}\}$ NMR (CDCl_3 , 100.5 MHz) spectrum of 7.

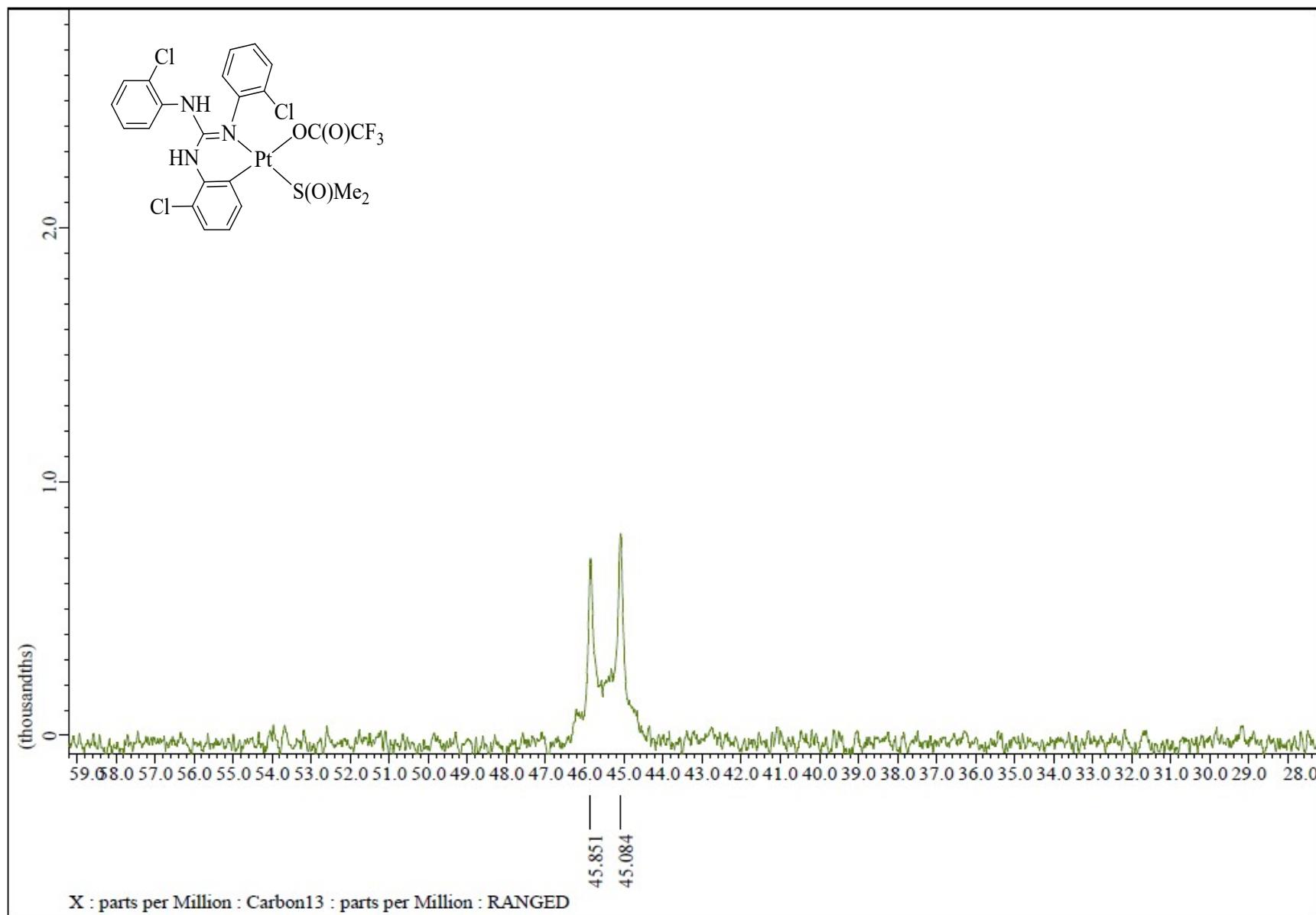


Fig. S31 $^{13}\text{C}\{\text{H}\}$ NMR (CDCl_3 , 100.5 MHz) spectrum of **7** in the indicated region.

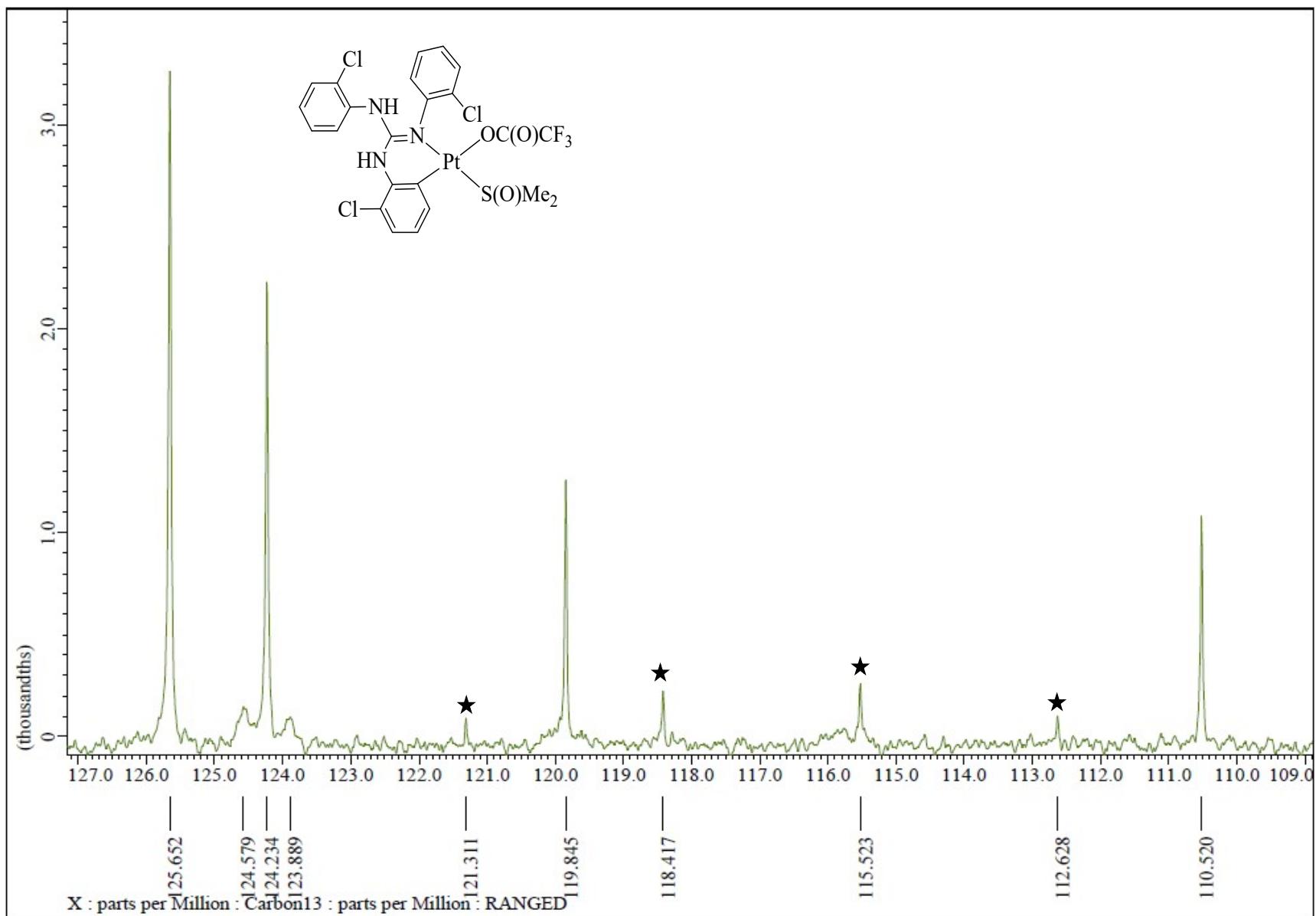


Fig. S32 $^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR (CDCl_3 , 100.5 MHz) spectrum of **7** in the indicated region.

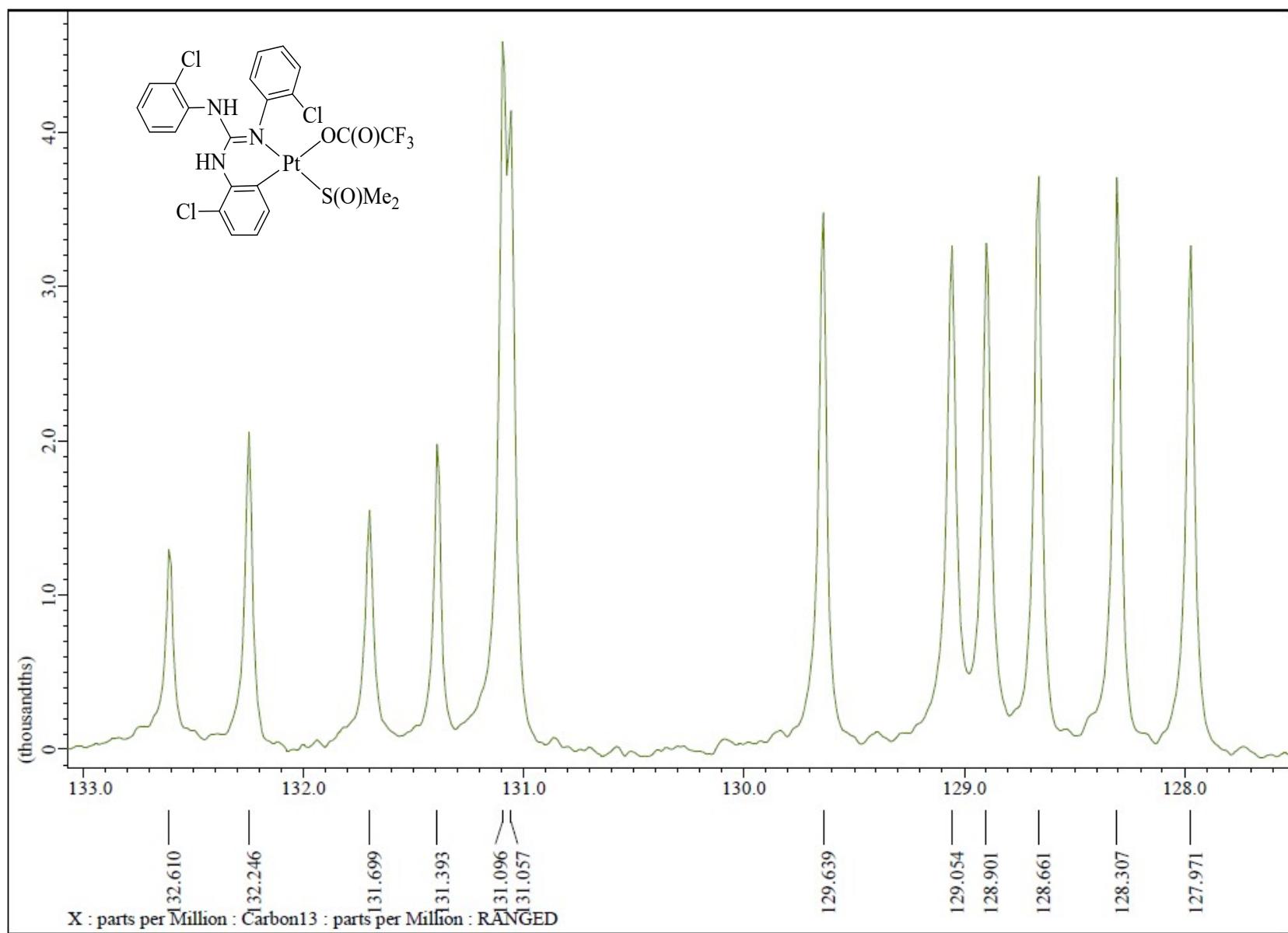


Fig. S33 $^{13}\text{C}\{\text{H}\}$ NMR (CDCl_3 , 100.5 MHz) spectrum of 7 in the indicated region.

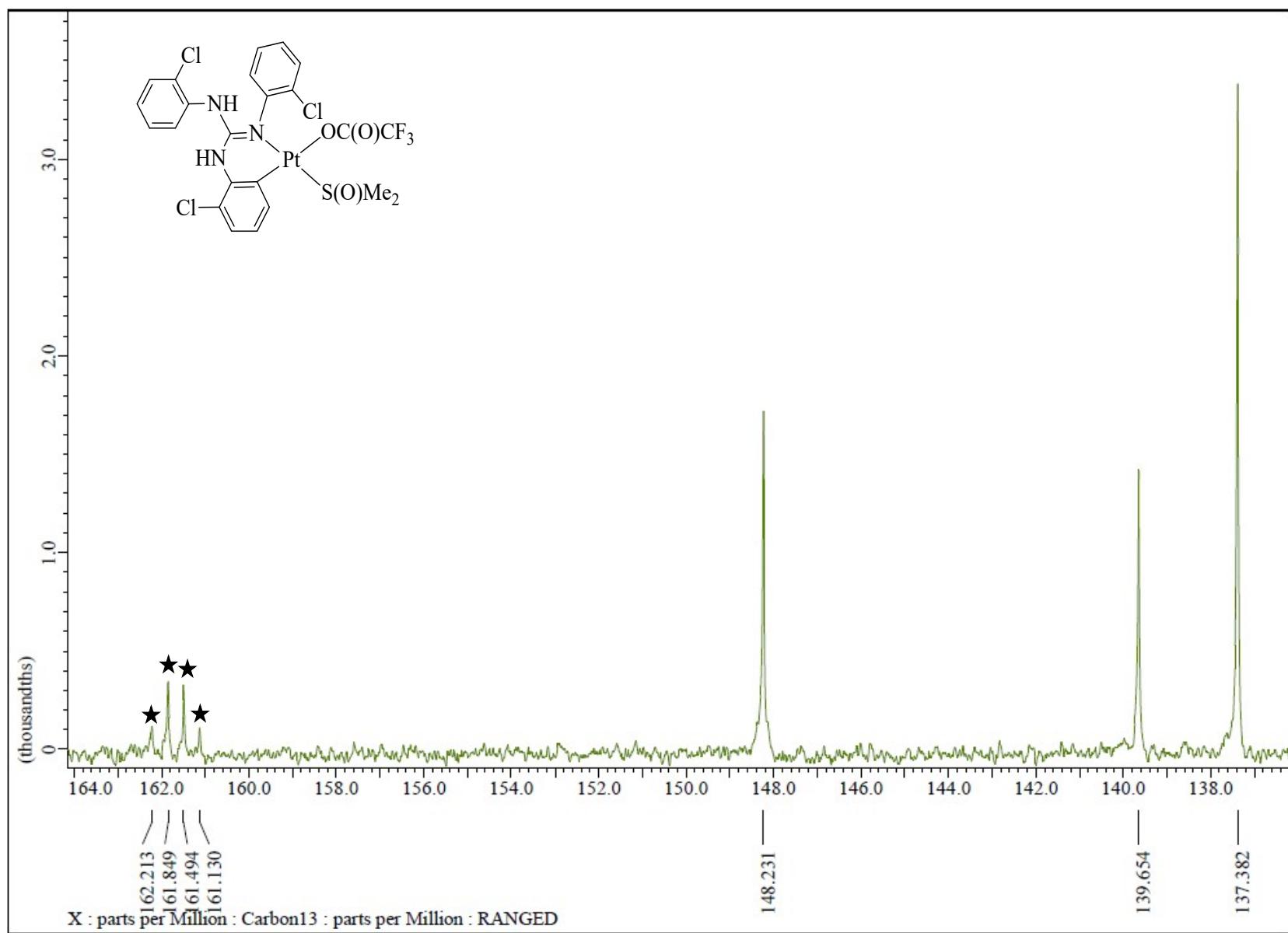


Fig. S34 $^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR (CDCl_3 , 100.5 MHz) spectrum of **7** in the indicated region.

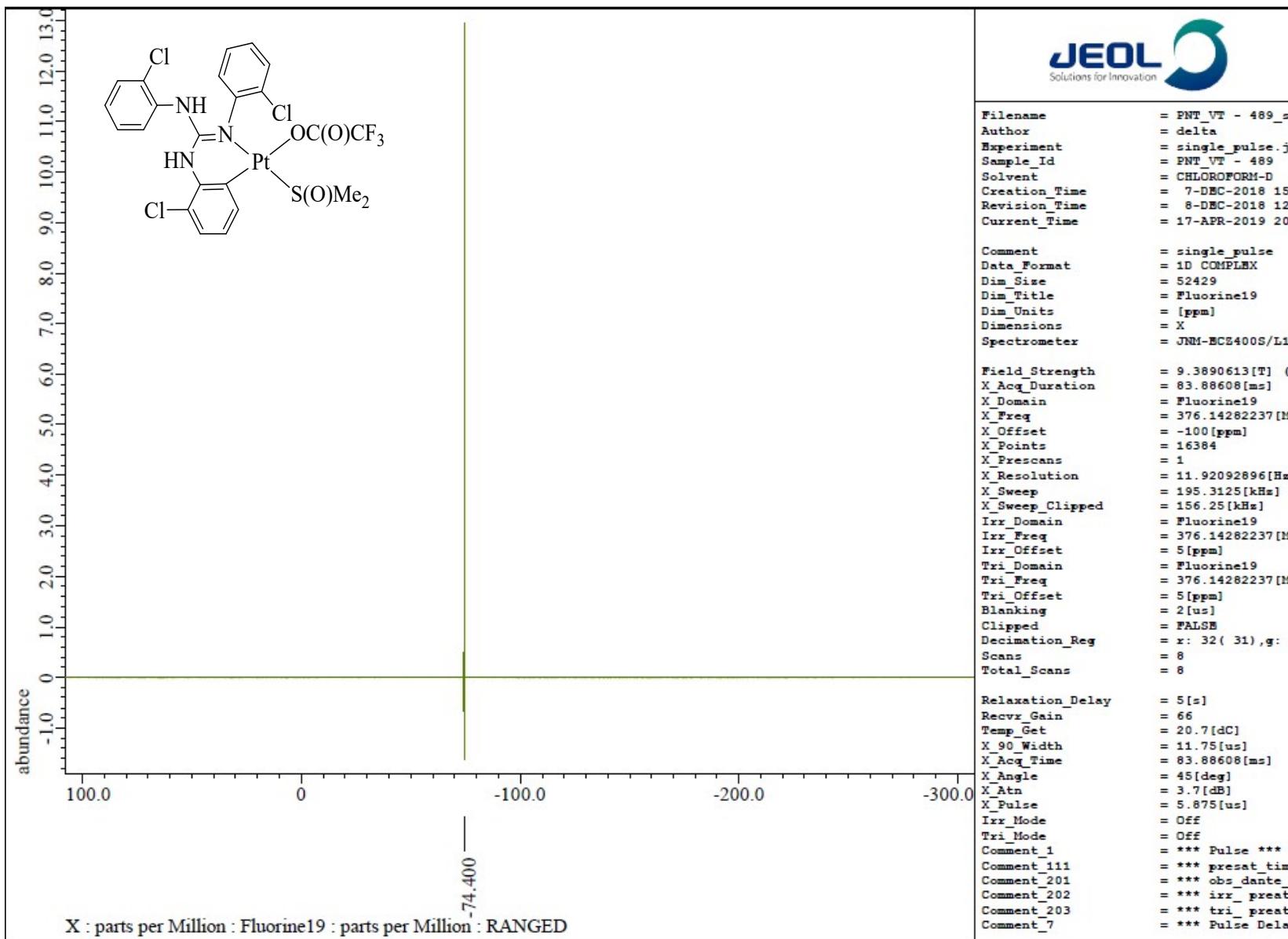


Fig. S35 ^{19}F { ^1H } NMR (CDCl_3 , 376.31 MHz) spectrum of 7.

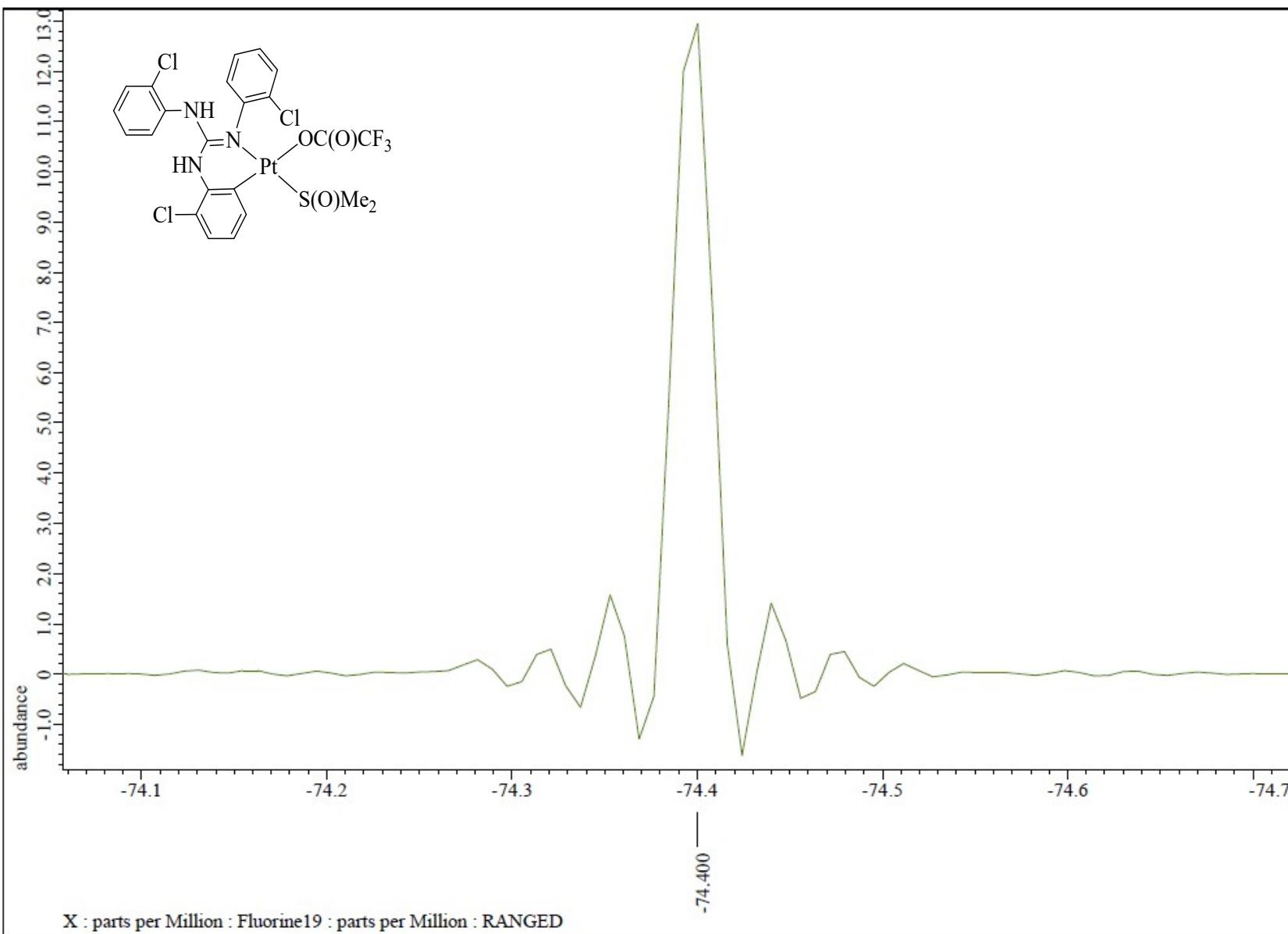


Fig. S36 ${}^{19}\text{F}\{{}^1\text{H}\}$ NMR (CDCl_3 , 376.31 MHz) spectrum of 7 in the indicated region.

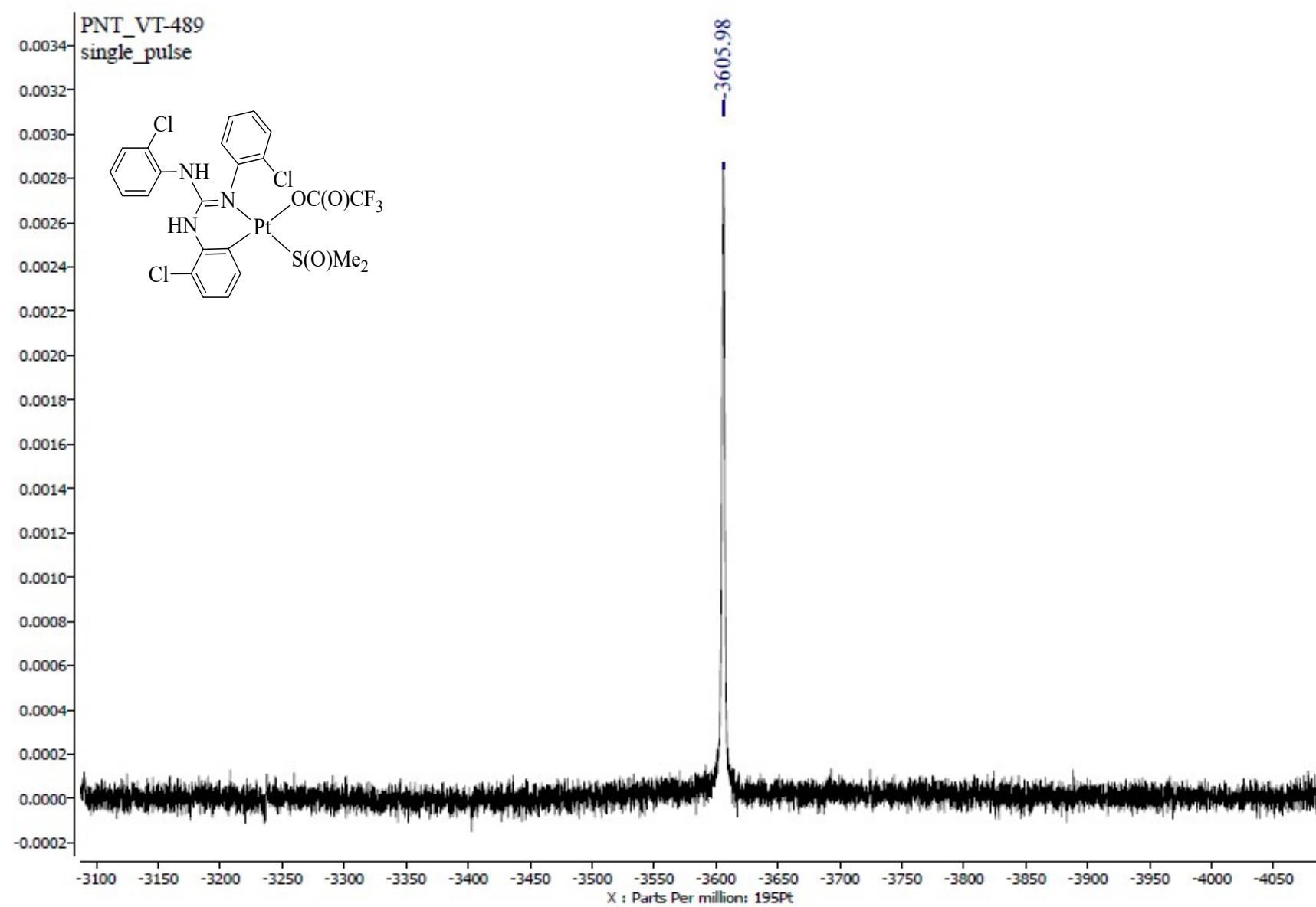


Fig. S37 $^{195}\text{Pt}\{\text{H}\}$ NMR (CDCl_3 , 85.8 MHz) spectrum of 7.

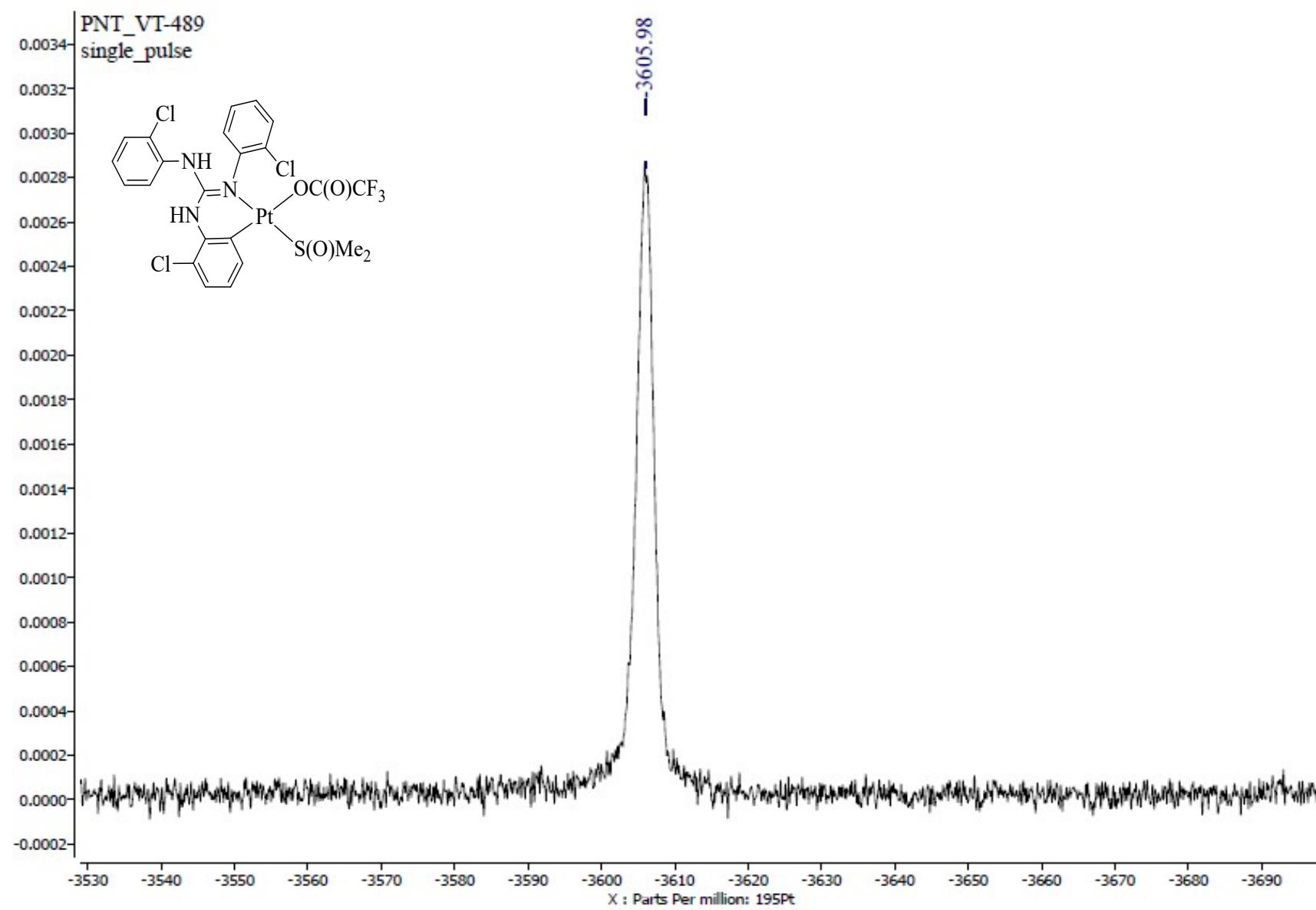


Fig. S38 $^{195}\text{Pt}\{\text{H}\}$ NMR (CDCl_3 , 85.8 MHz) spectrum of 27.

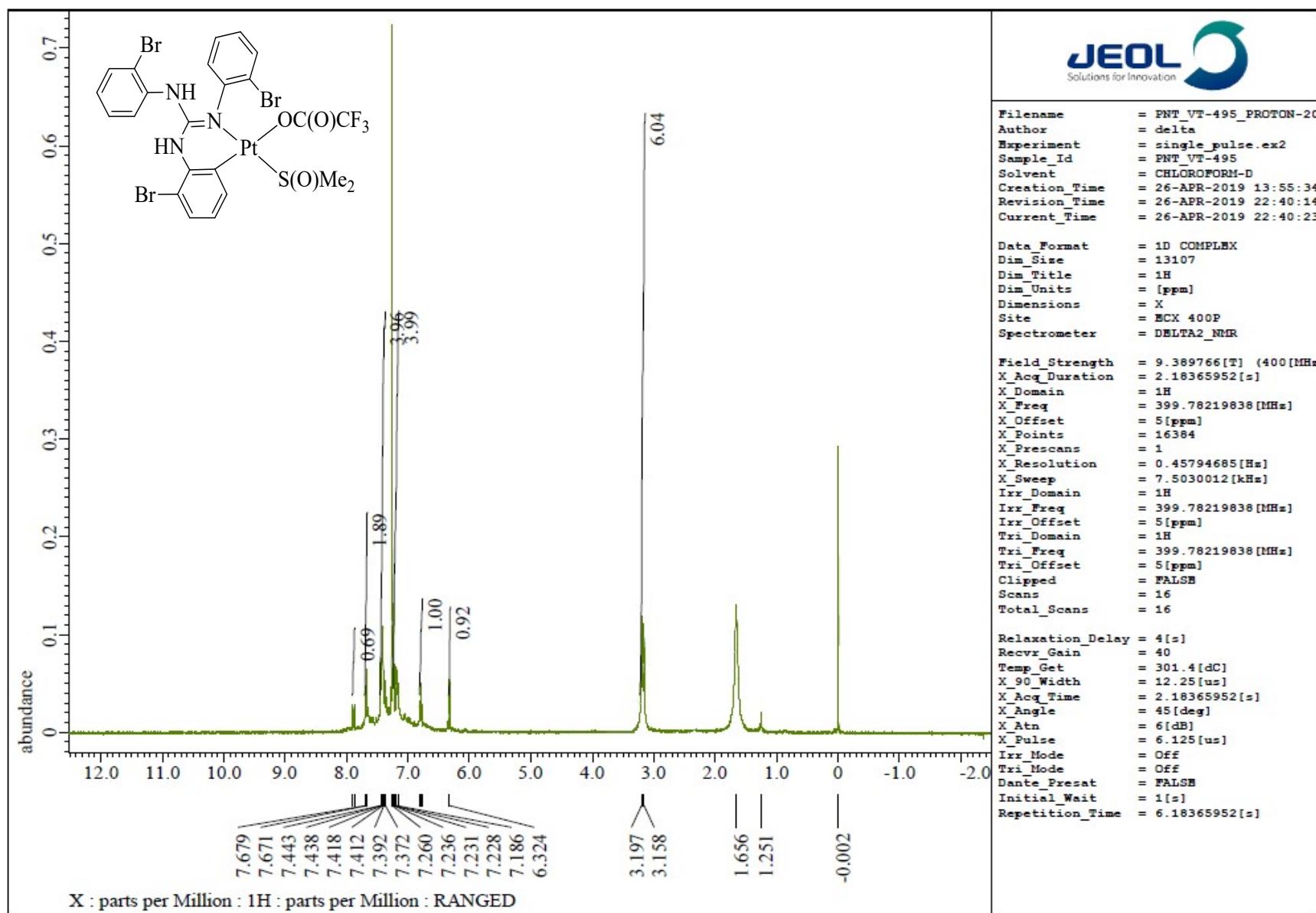


Fig. S39 ^1H NMR (CDCl_3 , 400 MHz) spectrum of 8.

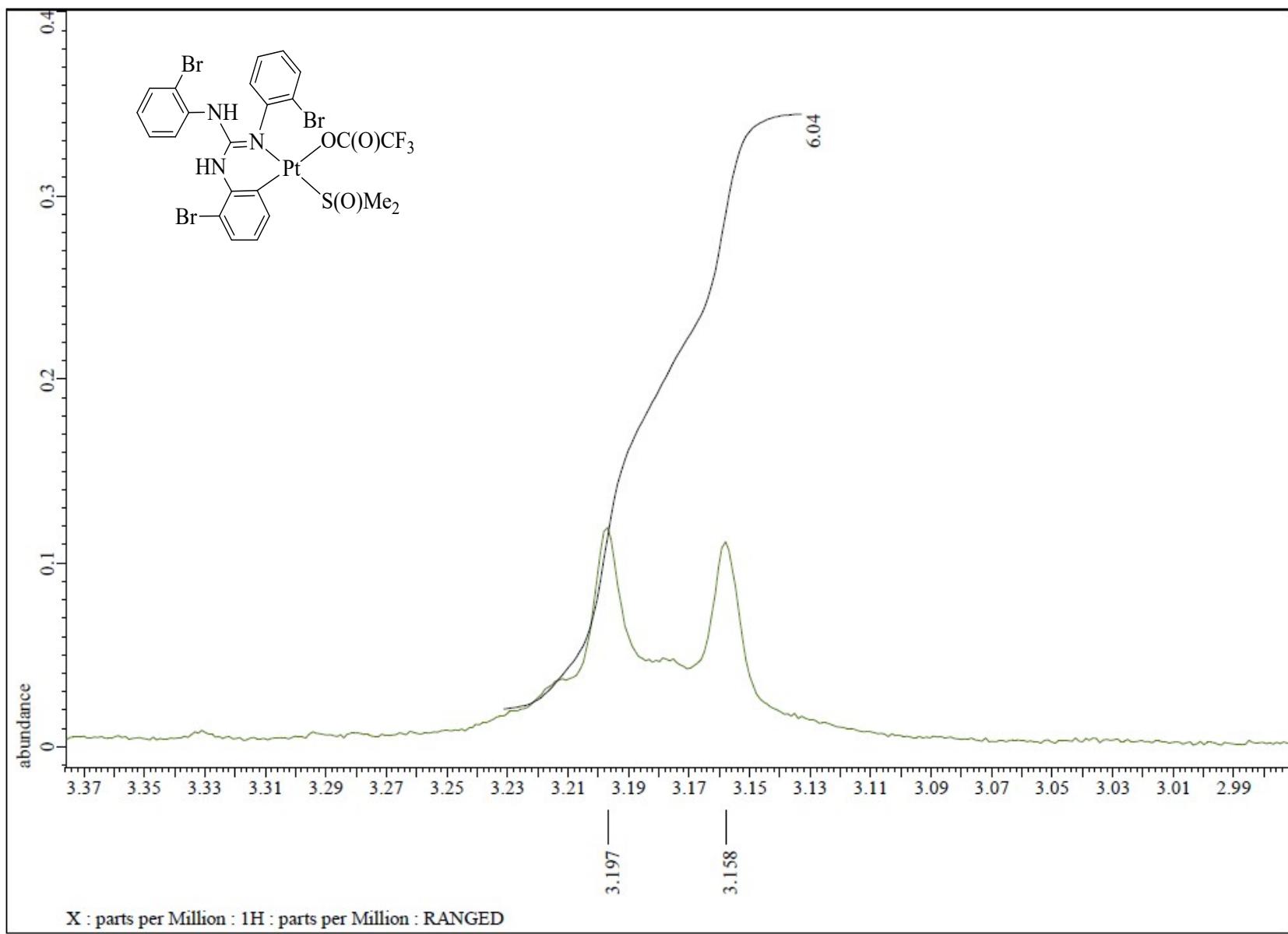


Fig. S40 ^1H NMR (CDCl_3 , 400 MHz) spectrum of **8** in the indicated region.

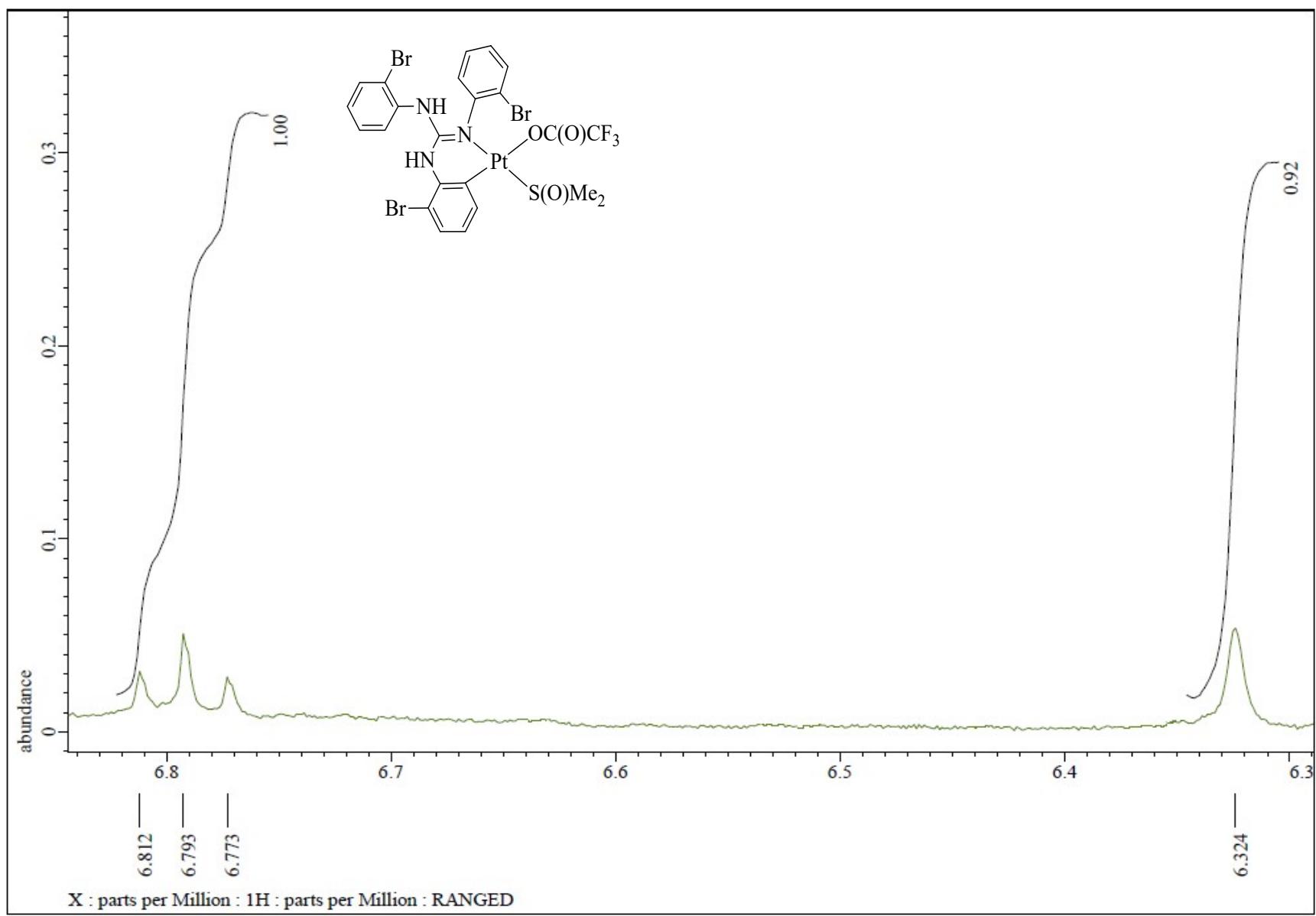


Fig. S41 ^1H NMR (CDCl_3 , 400 MHz) spectrum of **8** in the indicated region.

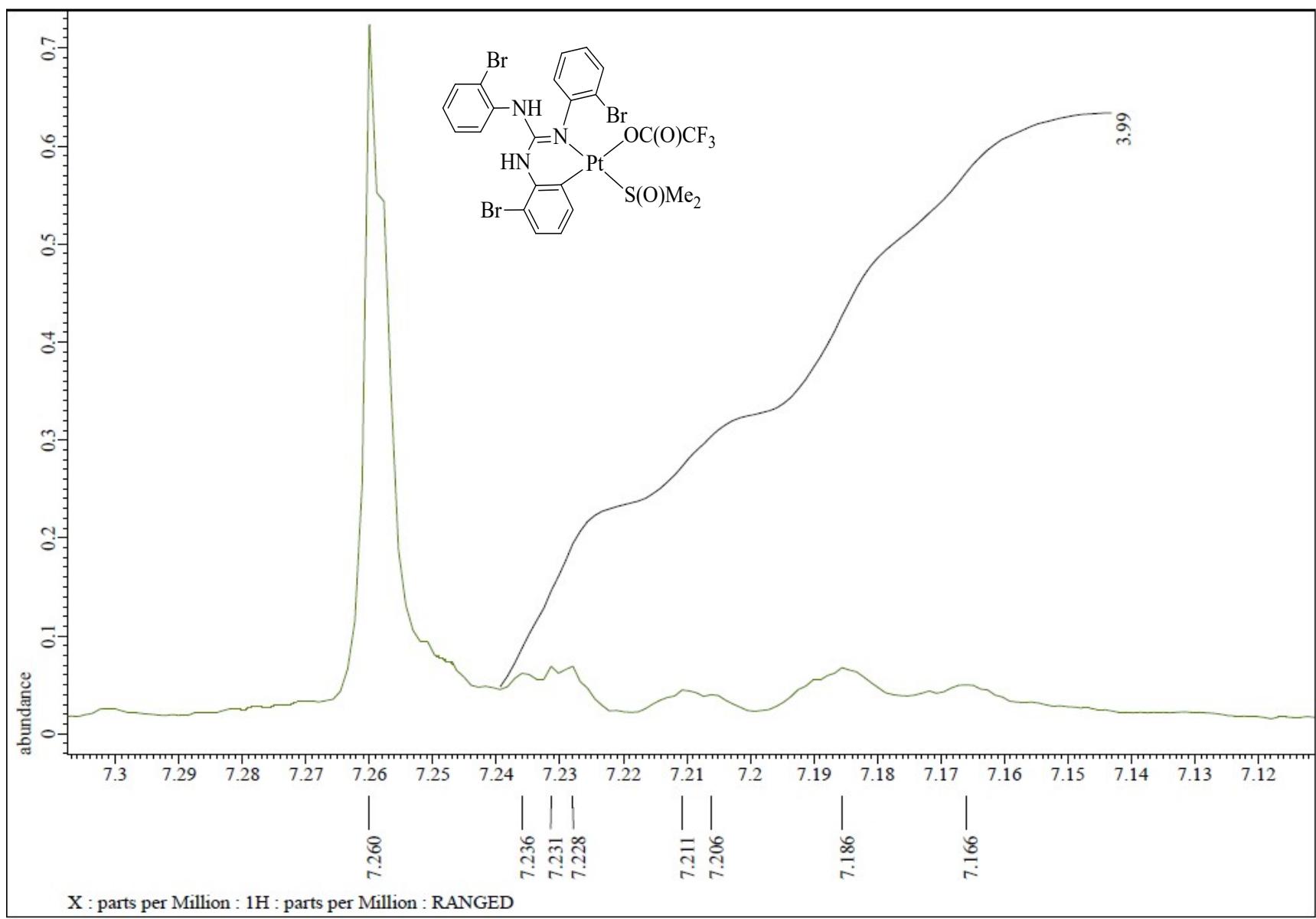


Fig. S42 ^1H NMR (CDCl_3 , 400 MHz) spectrum of **8** in the indicated region.

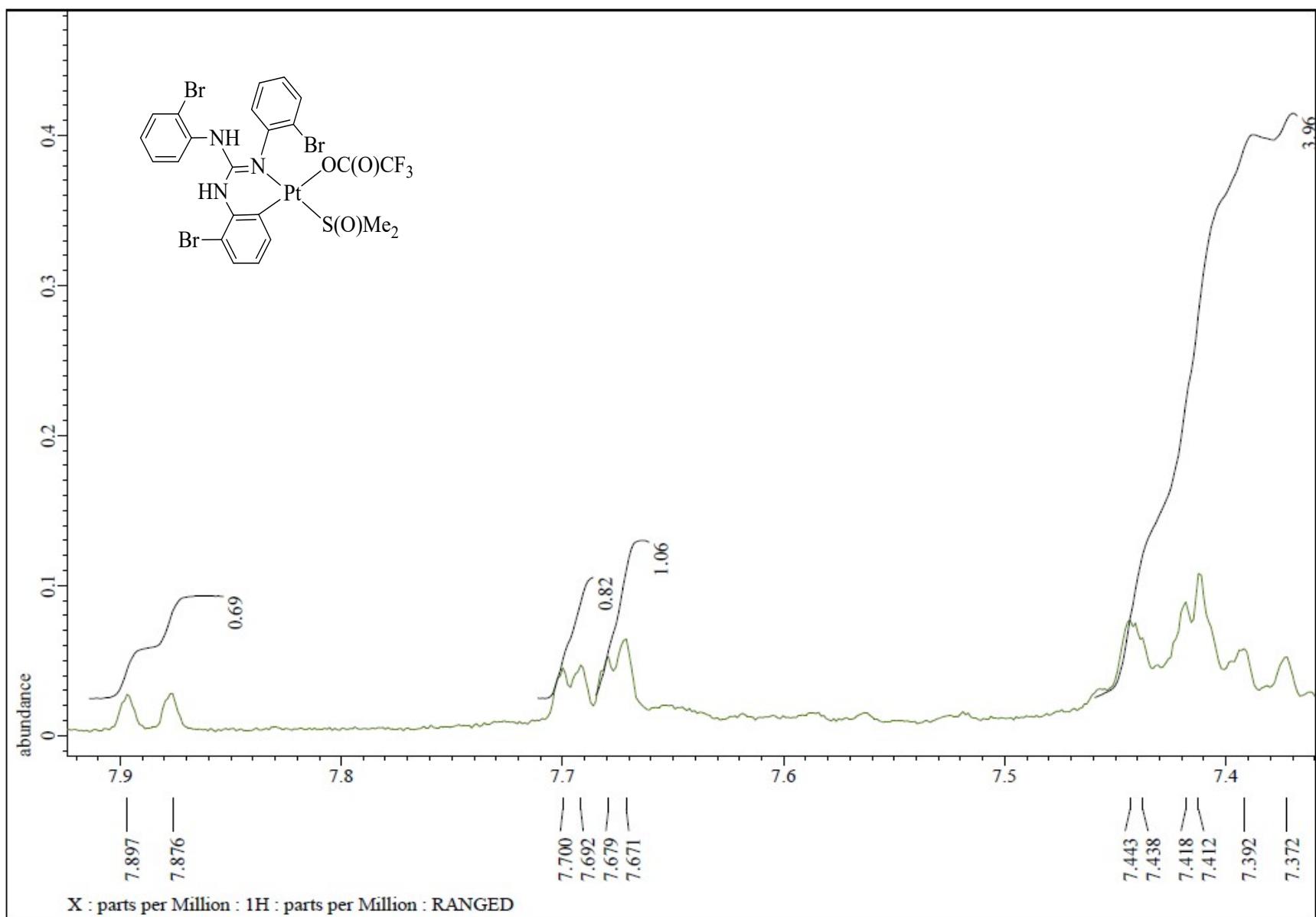


Fig. S43 ^1H NMR (CDCl_3 , 400 MHz) spectrum of **8** in the indicated region.

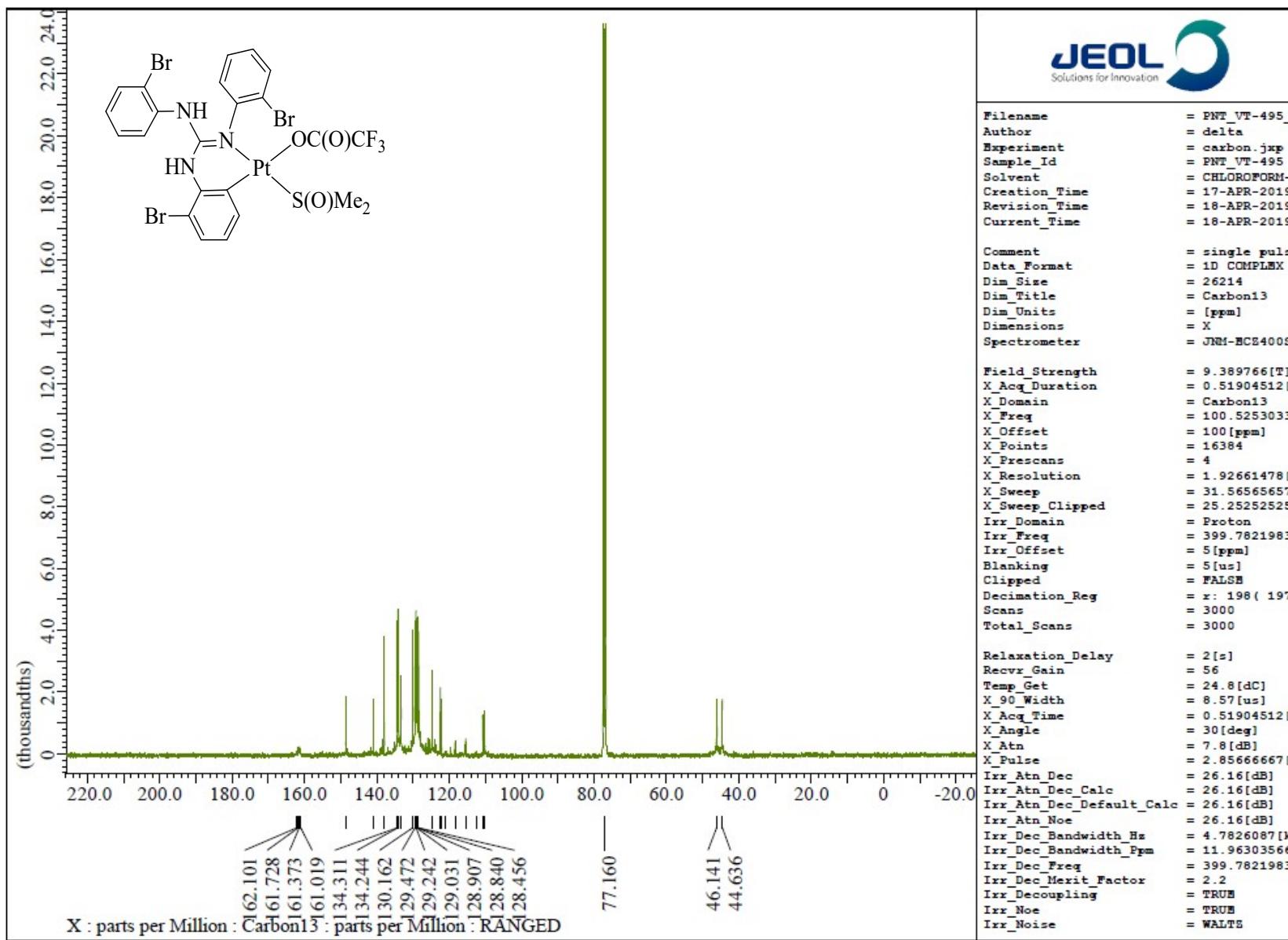


Fig. S44 ^{13}C NMR (CDCl_3 , 100.5 MHz) spectrum of 8.

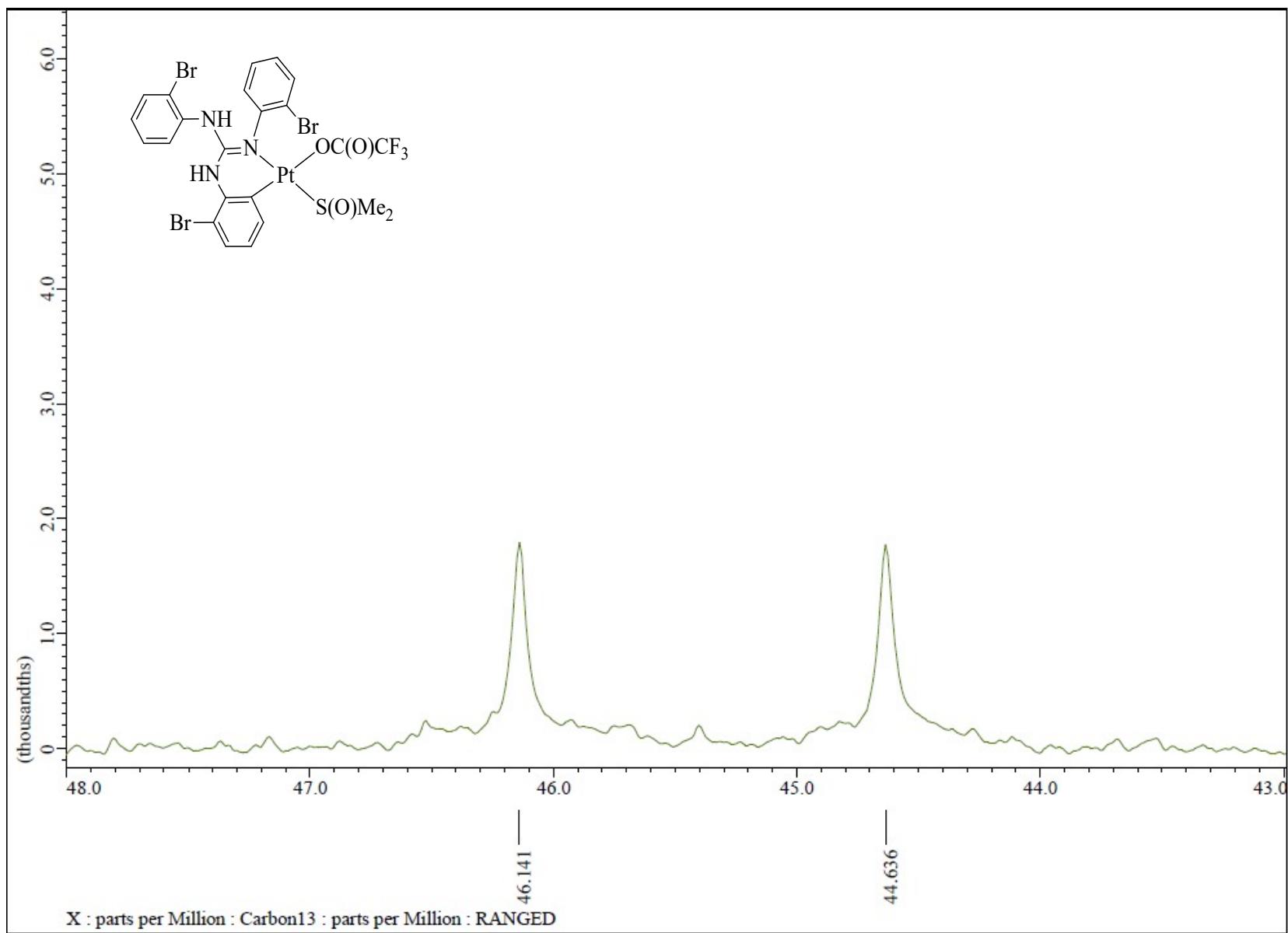


Fig. S45 ¹³C NMR (CDCl_3 , 100.5 MHz) spectrum of **8** in the indicated region.

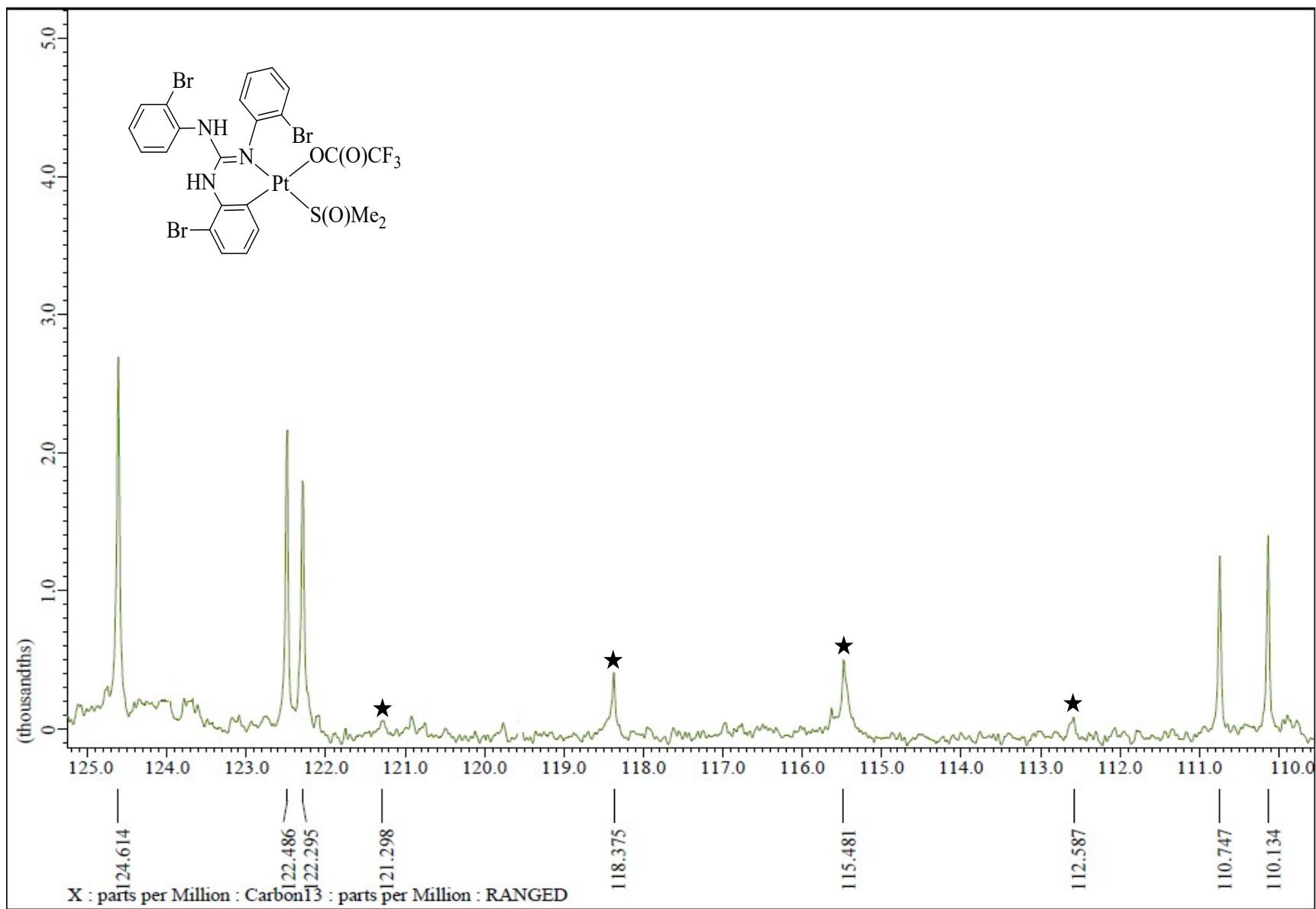


Fig. S46 ^{13}C NMR (CDCl_3 , 100.5 MHz) spectrum of **8** in the indicated region.

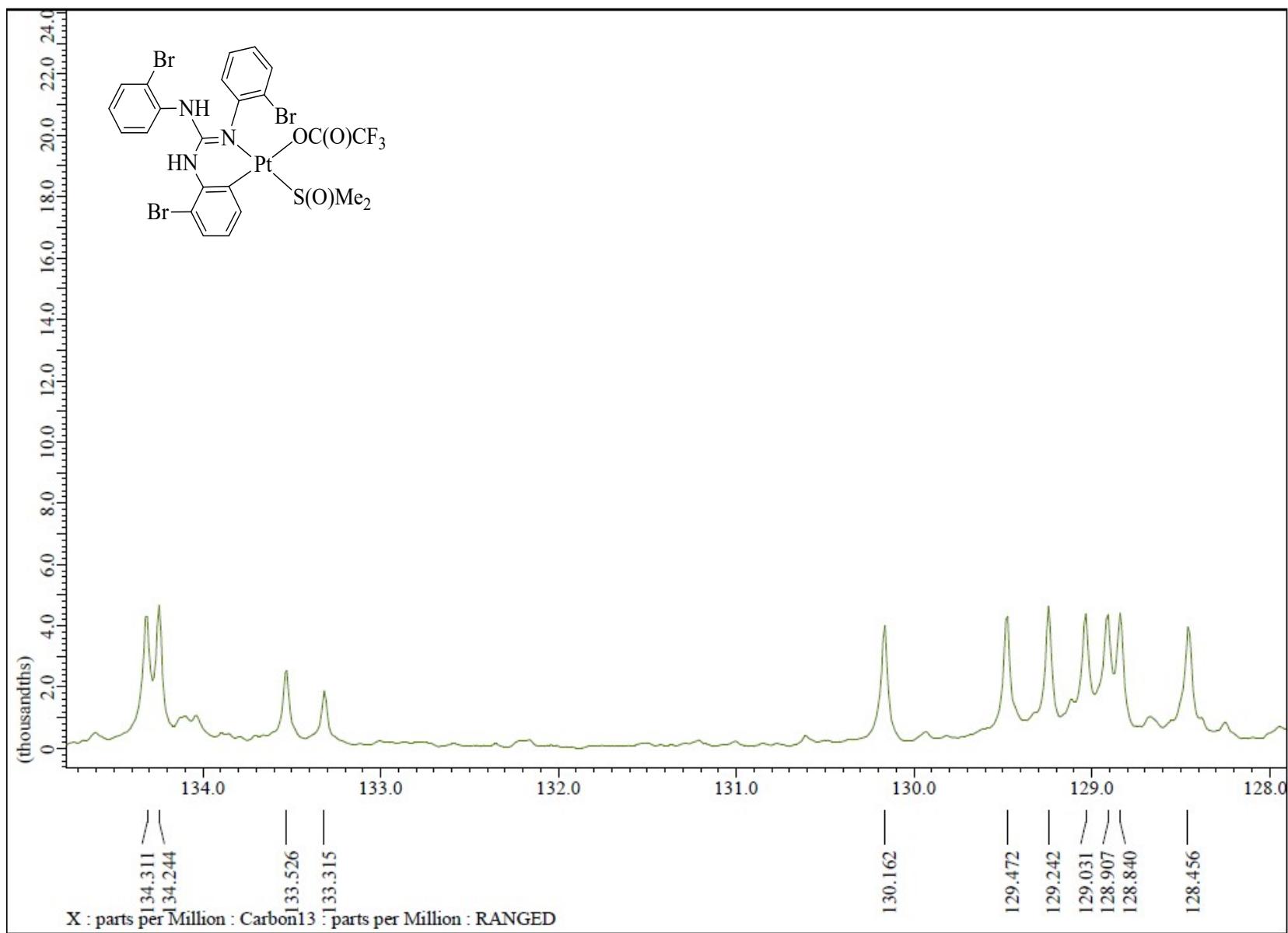


Fig. S47 ^{13}C NMR (CDCl_3 , 100.5 MHz) spectrum of **8** in the indicated region.

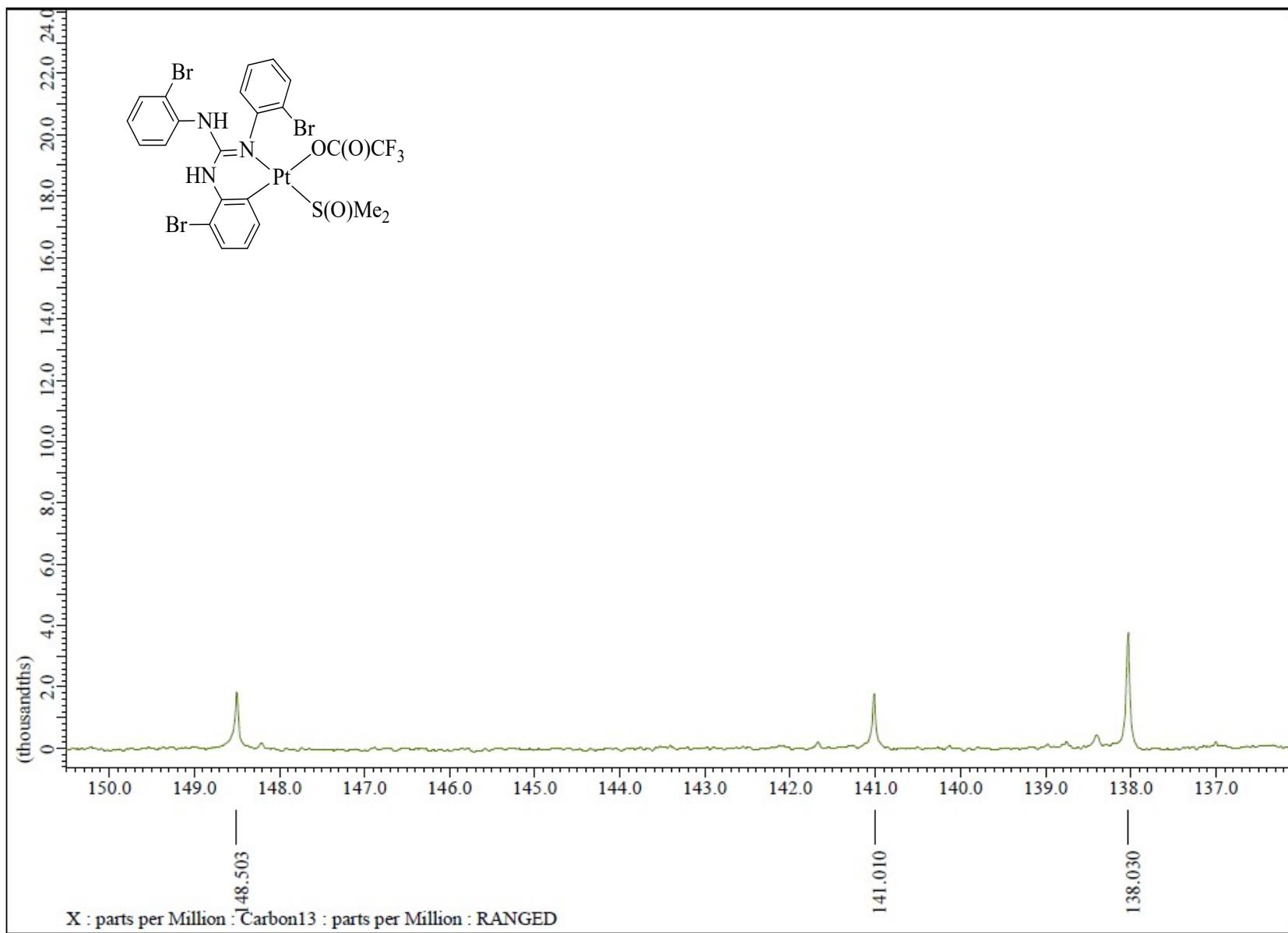


Fig. S48 ^{13}C NMR (CDCl_3 , 100.5 MHz) spectrum of **8** in the indicated region.

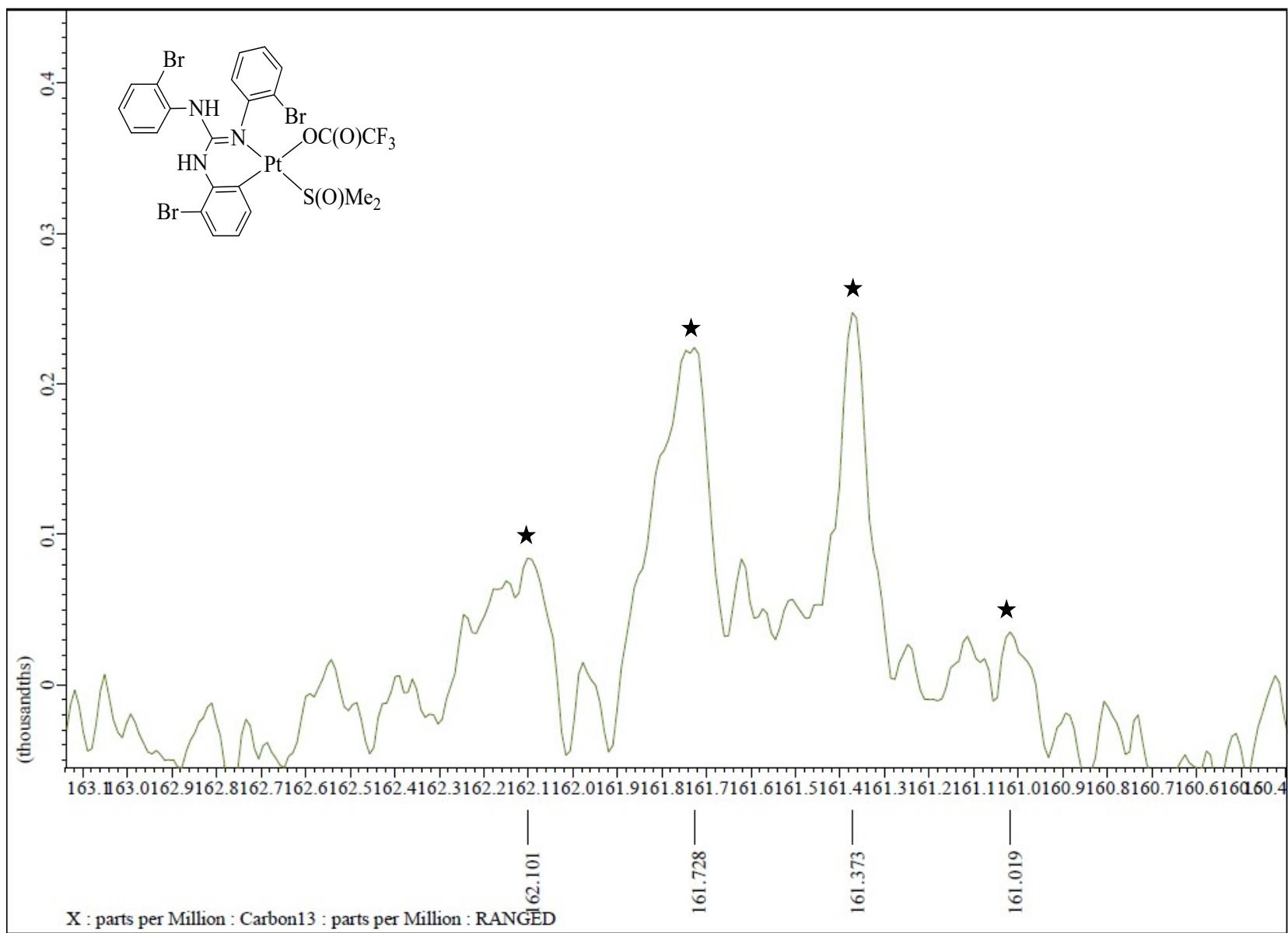


Fig. S49 ^{13}C NMR (CDCl_3 , 100.5 MHz) spectrum of **8** in the indicated region.

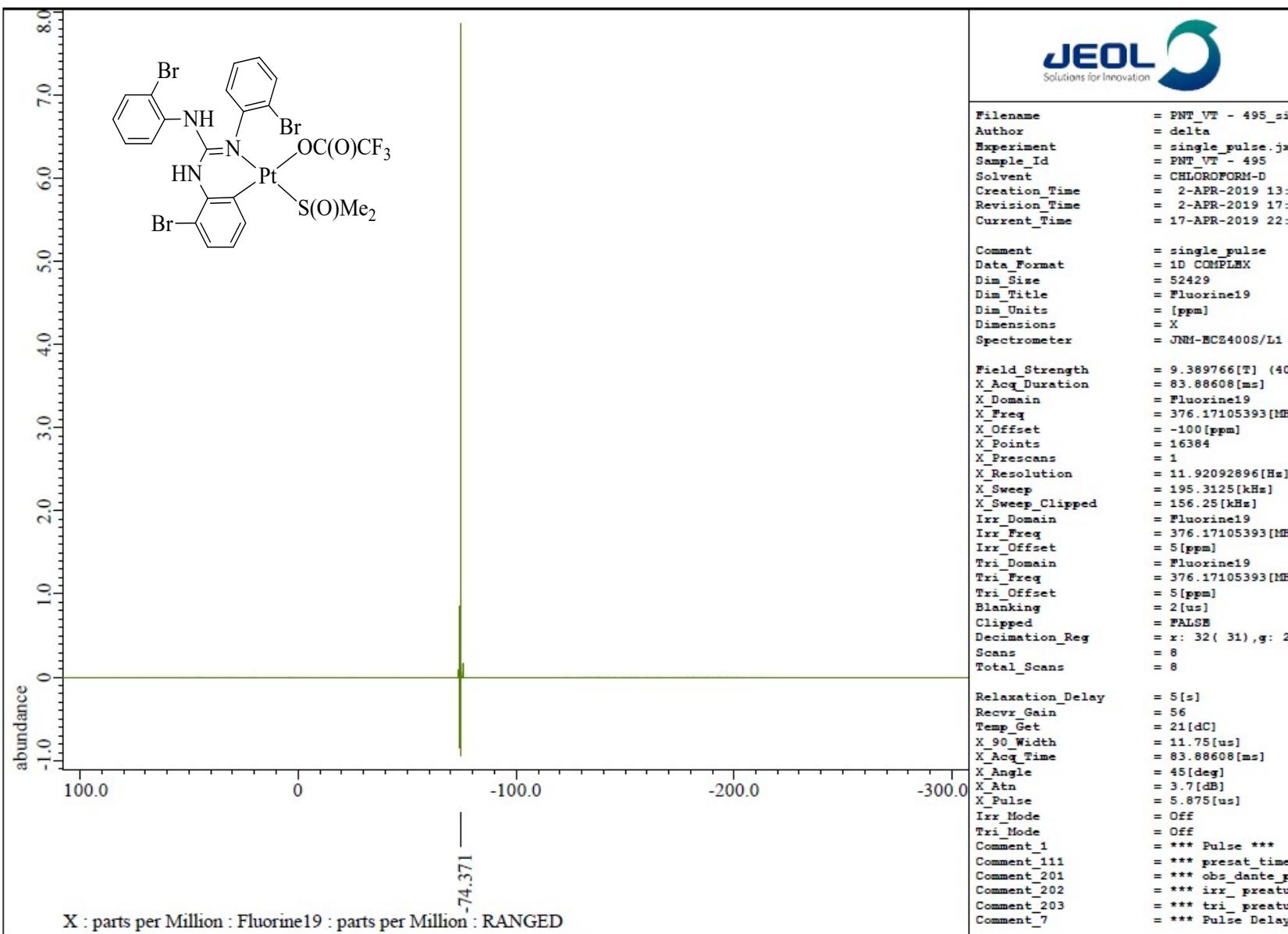


Fig. S50 ^{19}F { ^1H } NMR (CDCl_3 , 376.31 MHz) spectrum of 8.

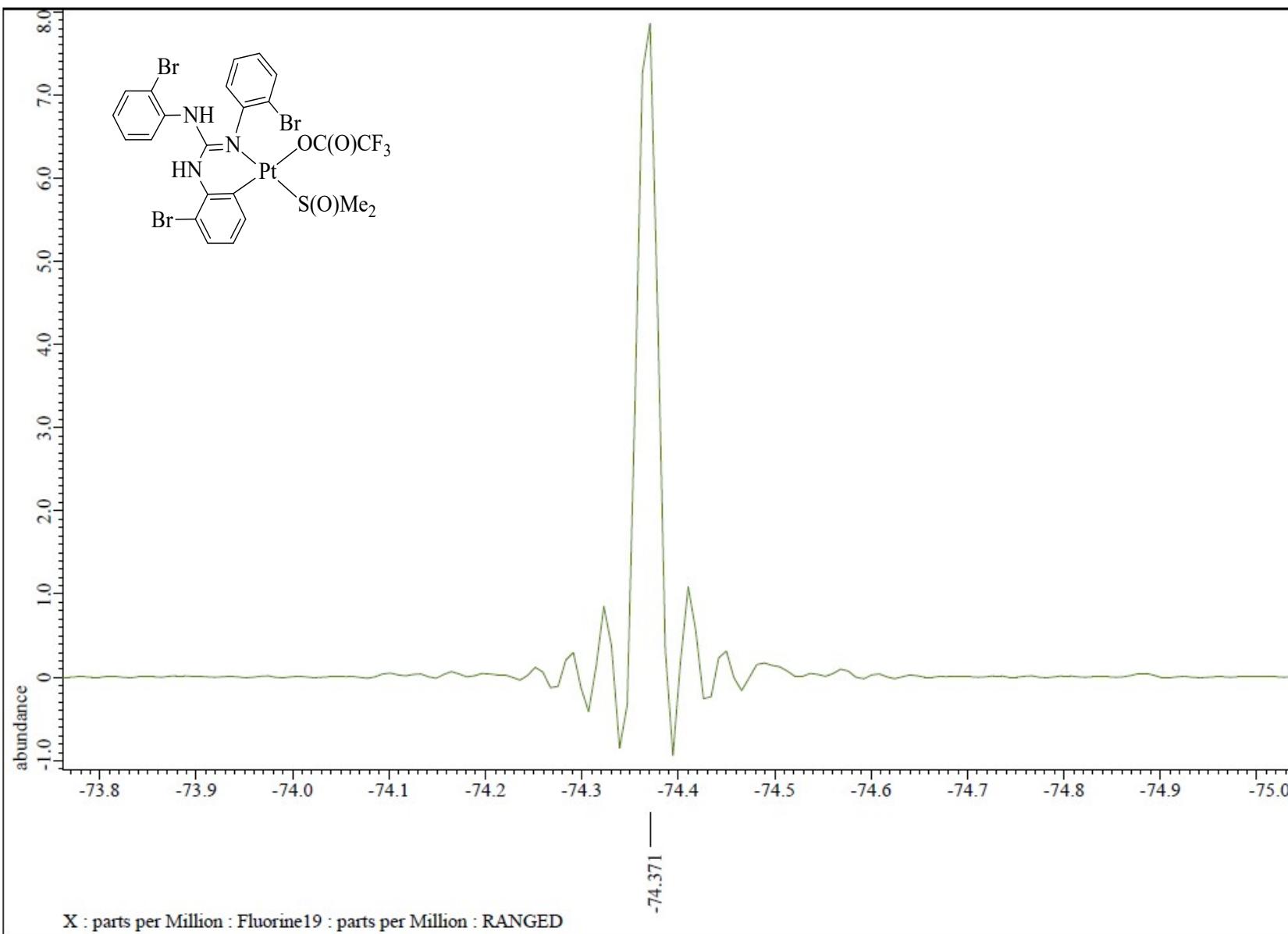


Fig. S51 ${}^{19}\text{F}\{{}^1\text{H}\}$ NMR (CDCl_3 , 376.31 MHz) spectrum of **8** in the indicated region.

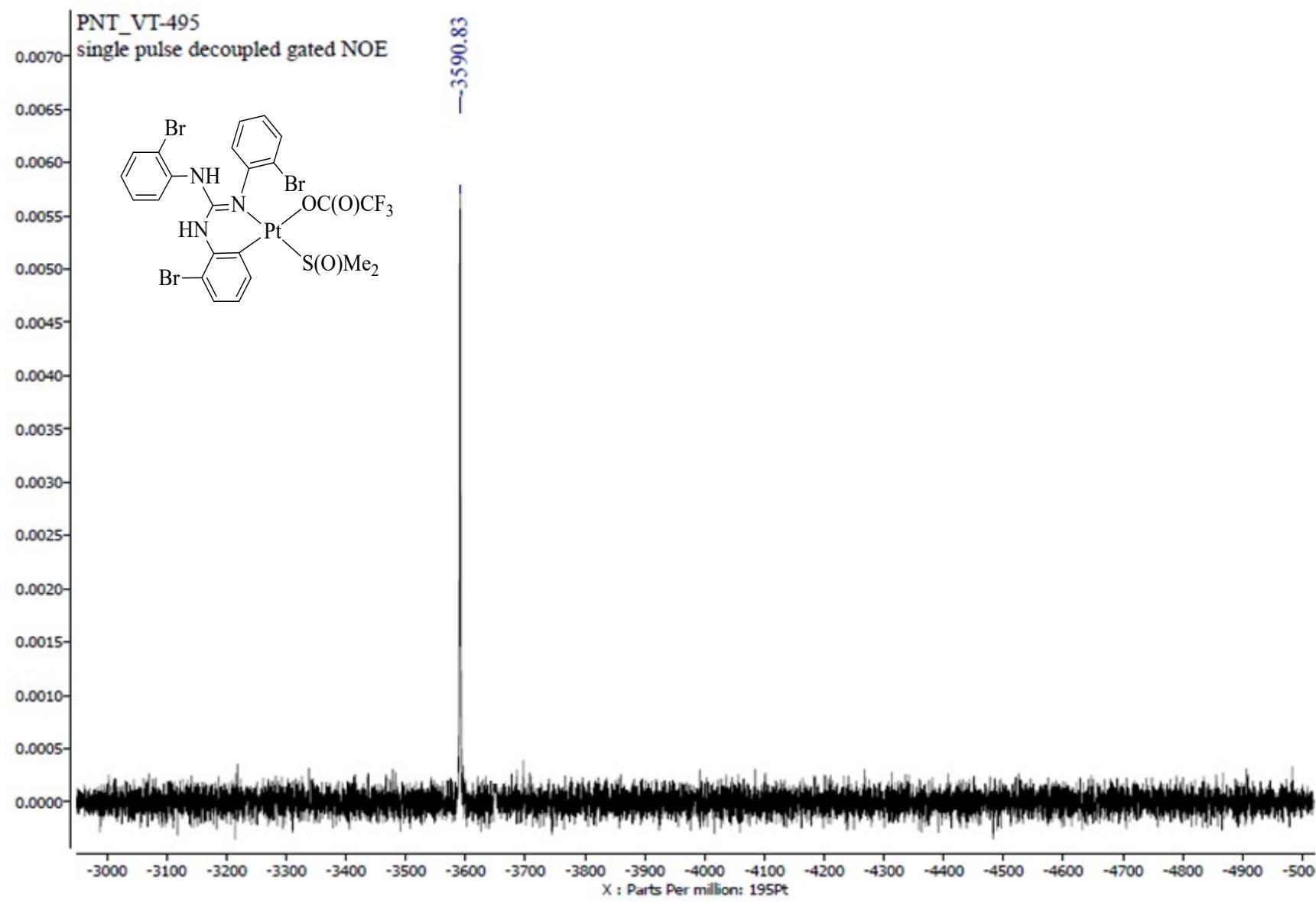


Fig. S52 $^{195}\text{Pt}\{\text{H}\}$ NMR (CDCl_3 , 85.8 MHz) spectrum of **8**.

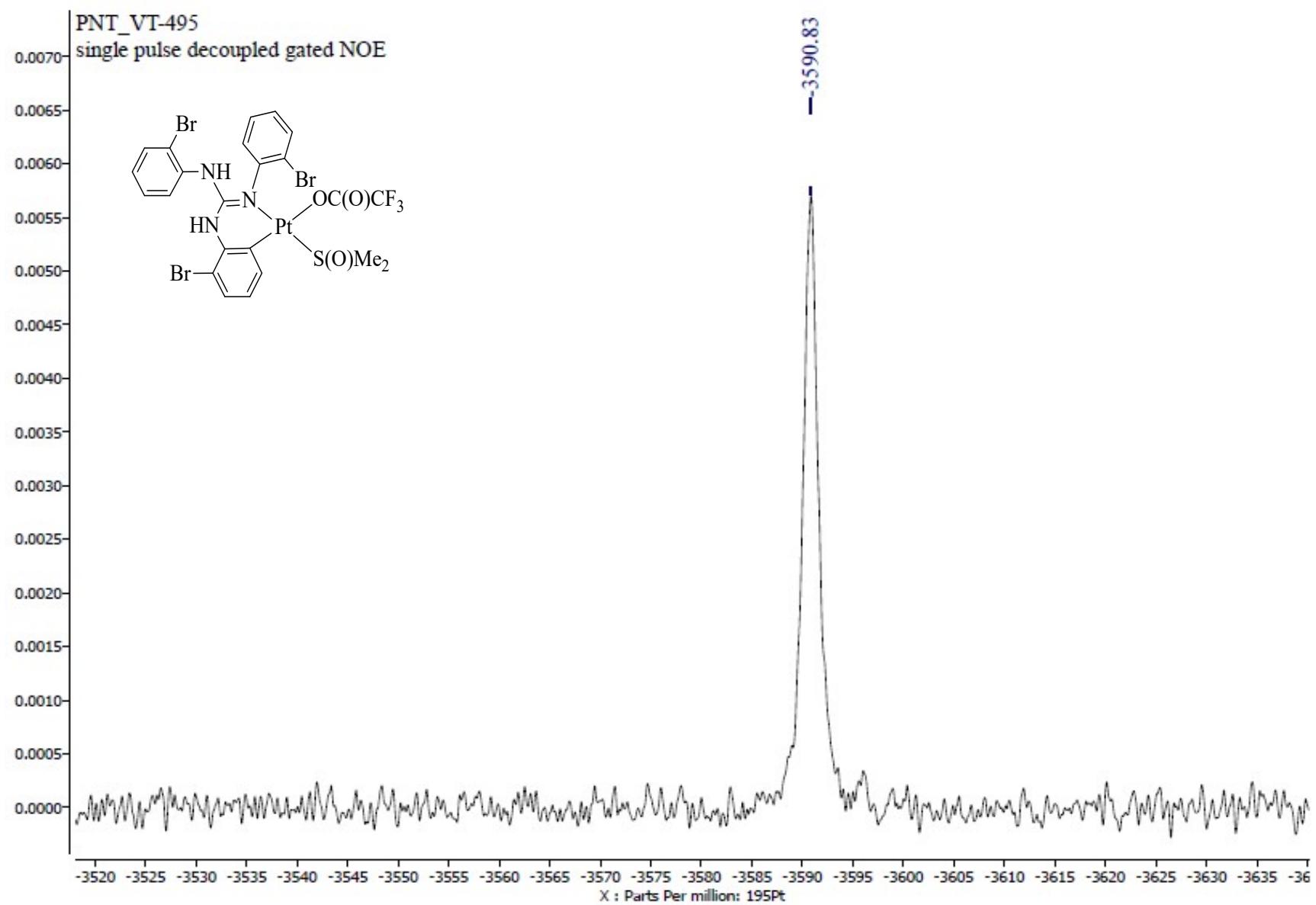


Fig. S53 $^{195}\text{Pt}\{\text{H}\}$ NMR (CDCl_3 , 85.8 MHz) spectrum of **8** in the indicated region.

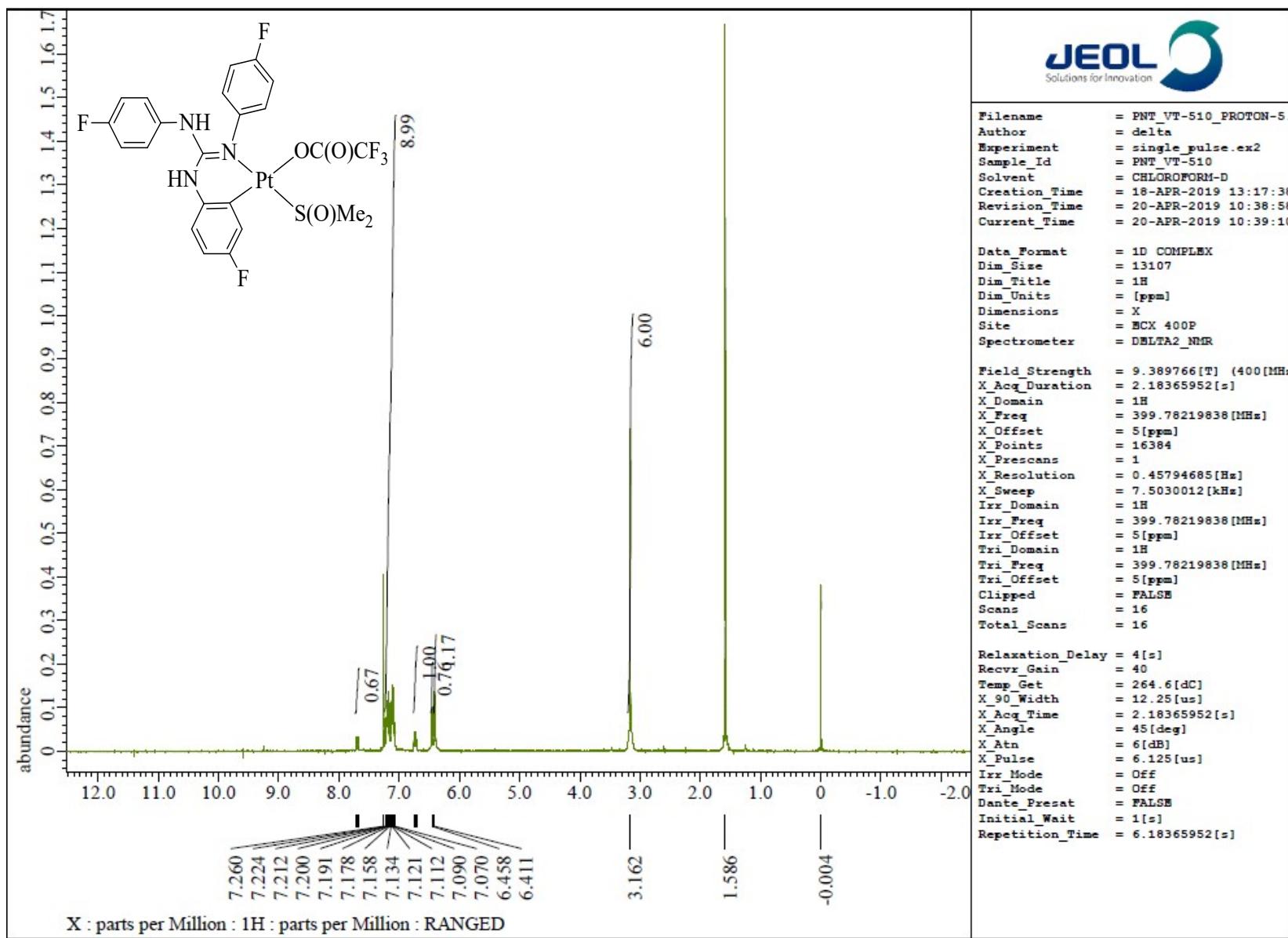


Fig. S54 ^1H NMR (CDCl_3 , 400 MHz) spectrum of 9.

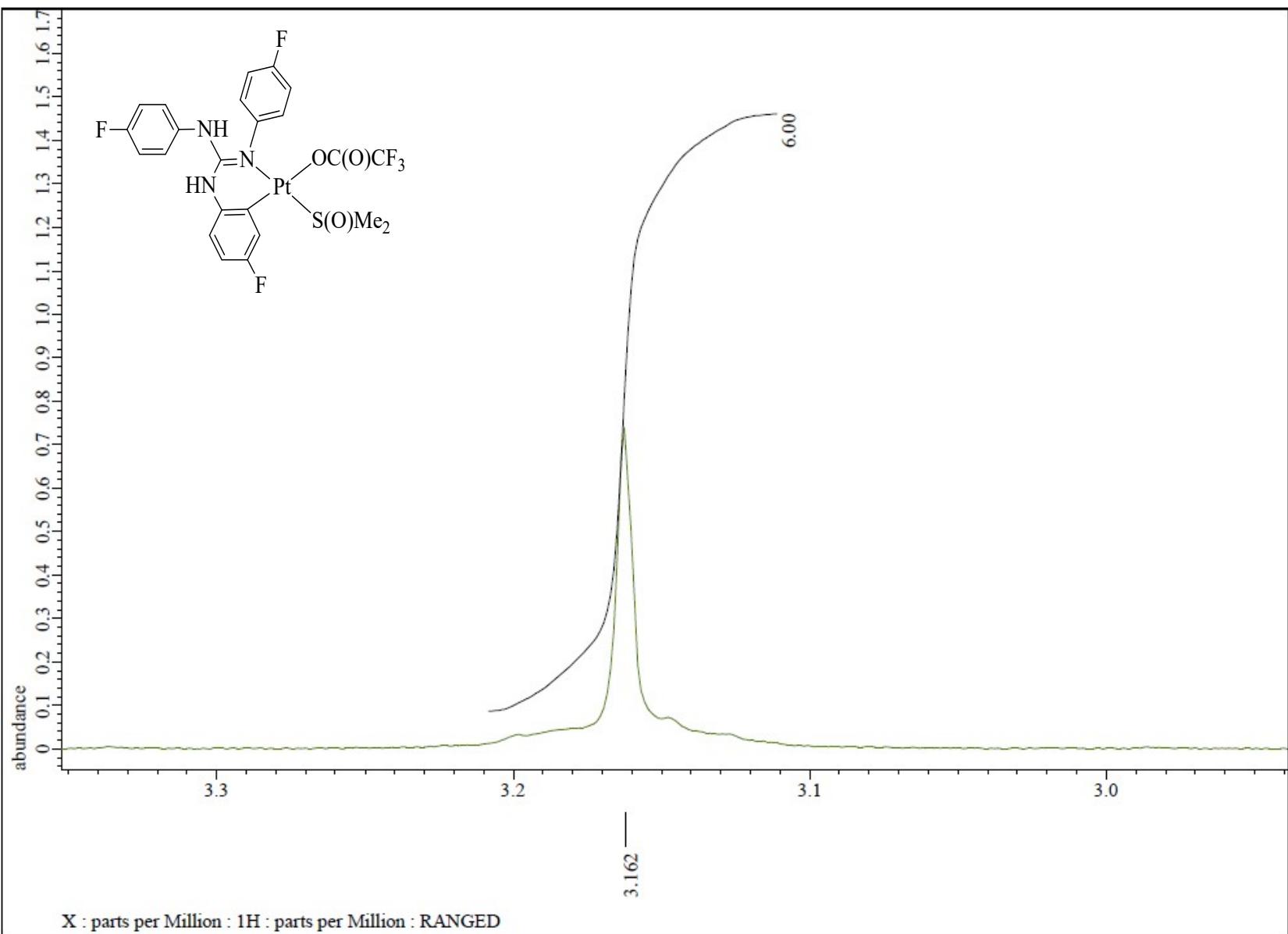


Fig. S55 ^1H NMR (CDCl_3 , 400 MHz) spectrum of **9** in the indicated region.

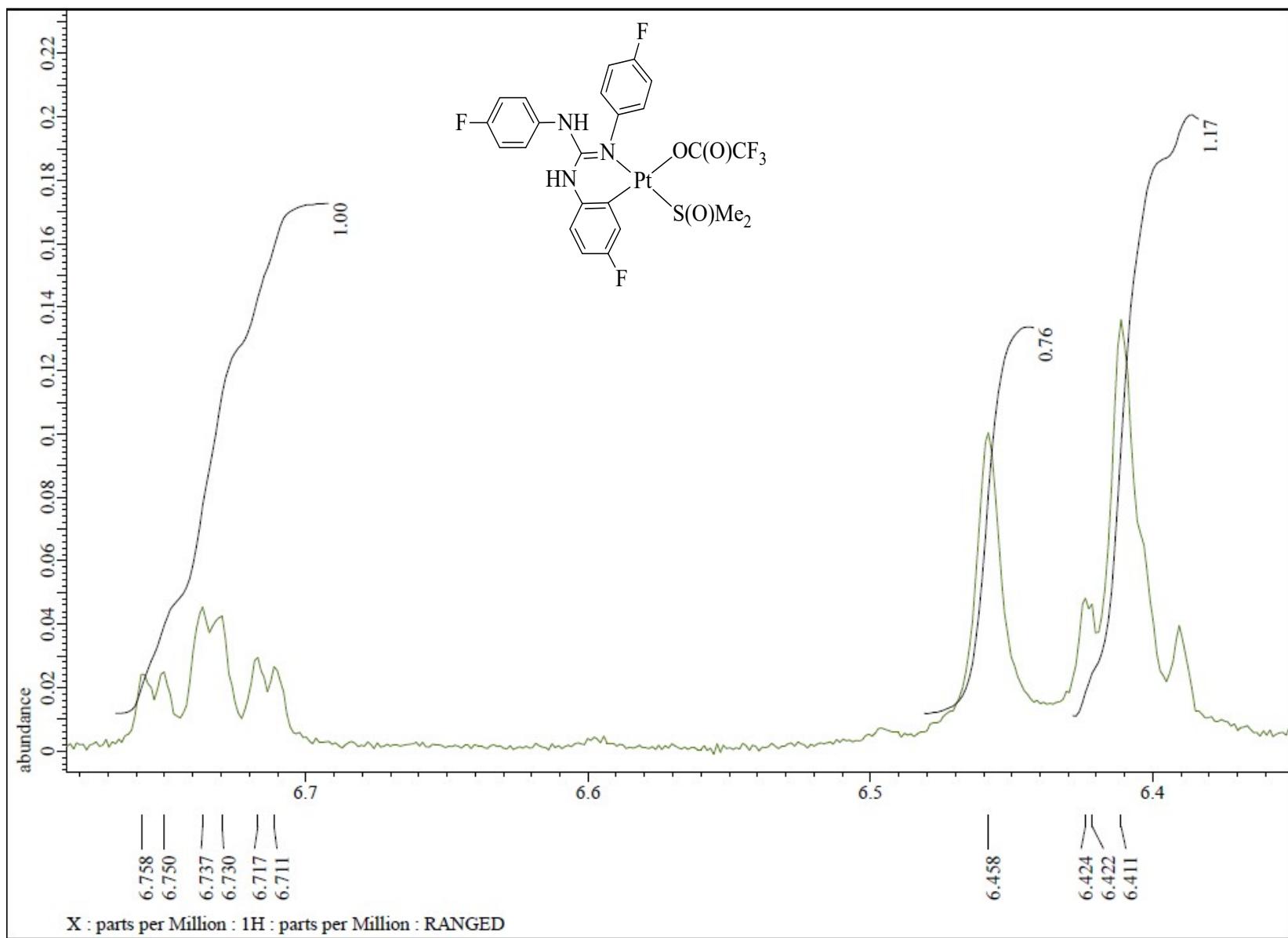


Fig. S56 ^1H NMR (CDCl_3 , 400 MHz) spectrum of **9** in the indicated region.

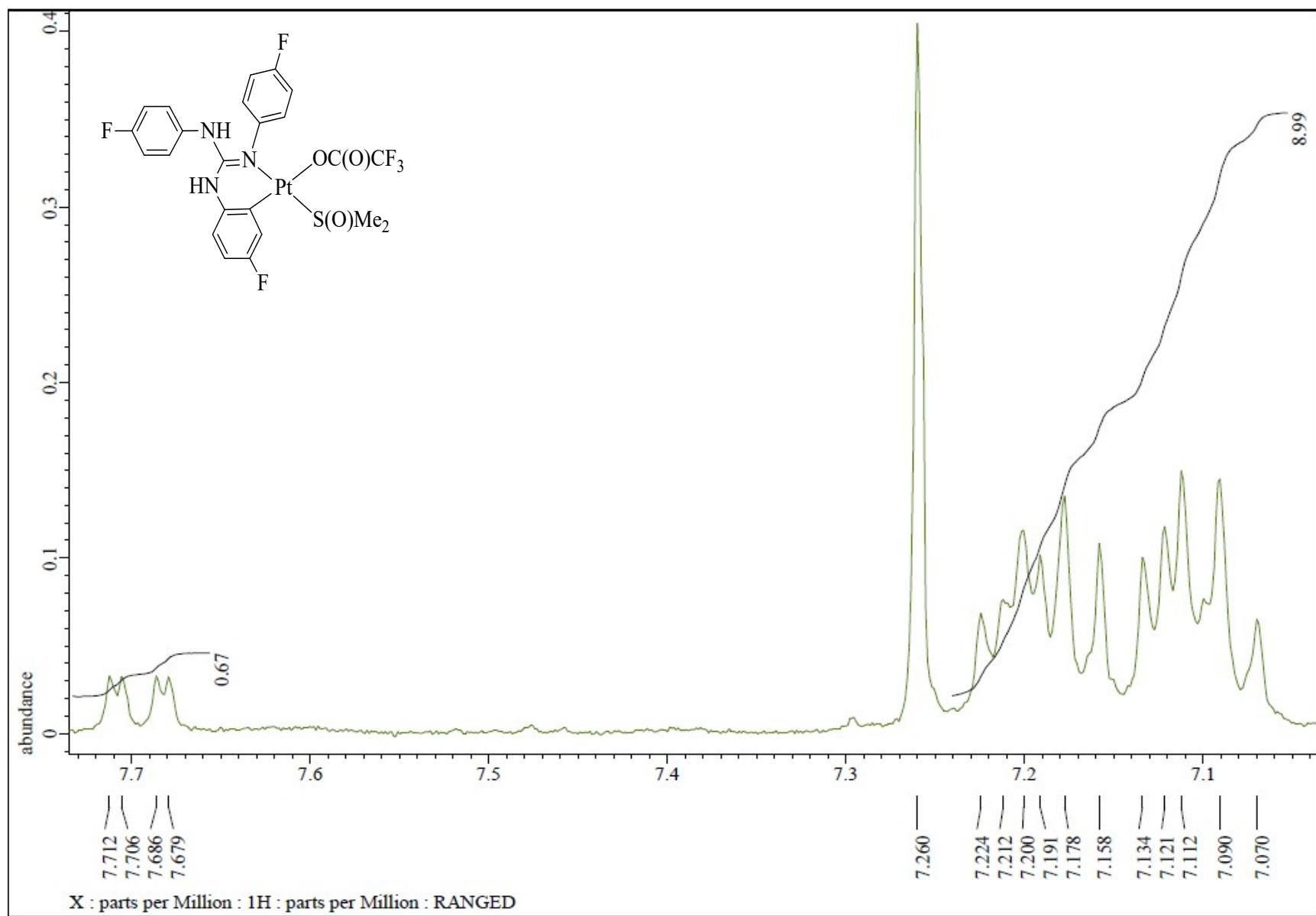


Fig. S57 ^1H NMR (CDCl_3 , 400 MHz) spectrum of **9** in the indicated region.

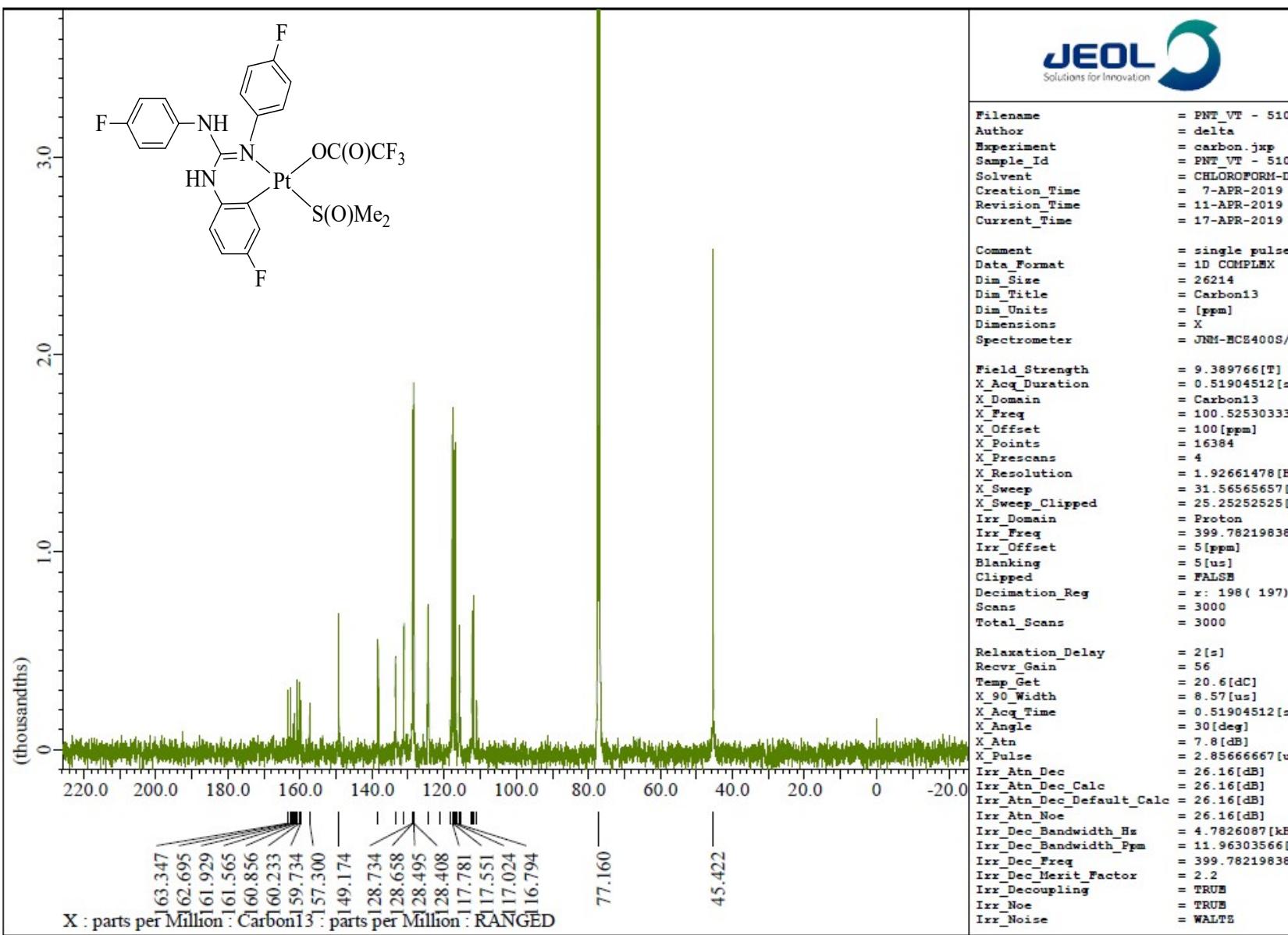


Fig. S58 $^{13}\text{C}\{\text{H}\}$ NMR (CDCl_3 , 100.5 MHz) spectrum of 9.

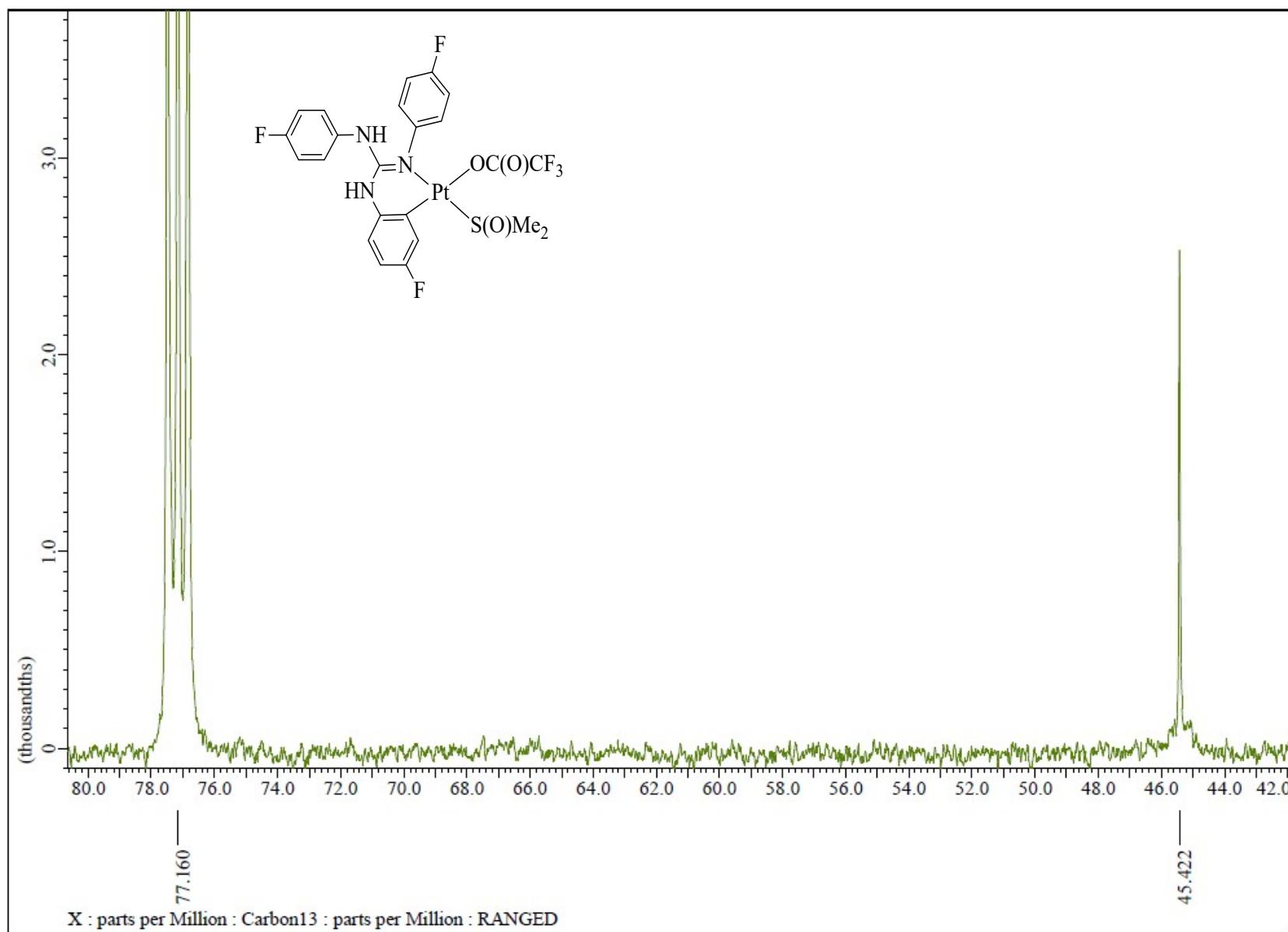


Fig. S59 $^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR (CDCl_3 , 100.5 MHz) spectrum of **9** in the indicated region.

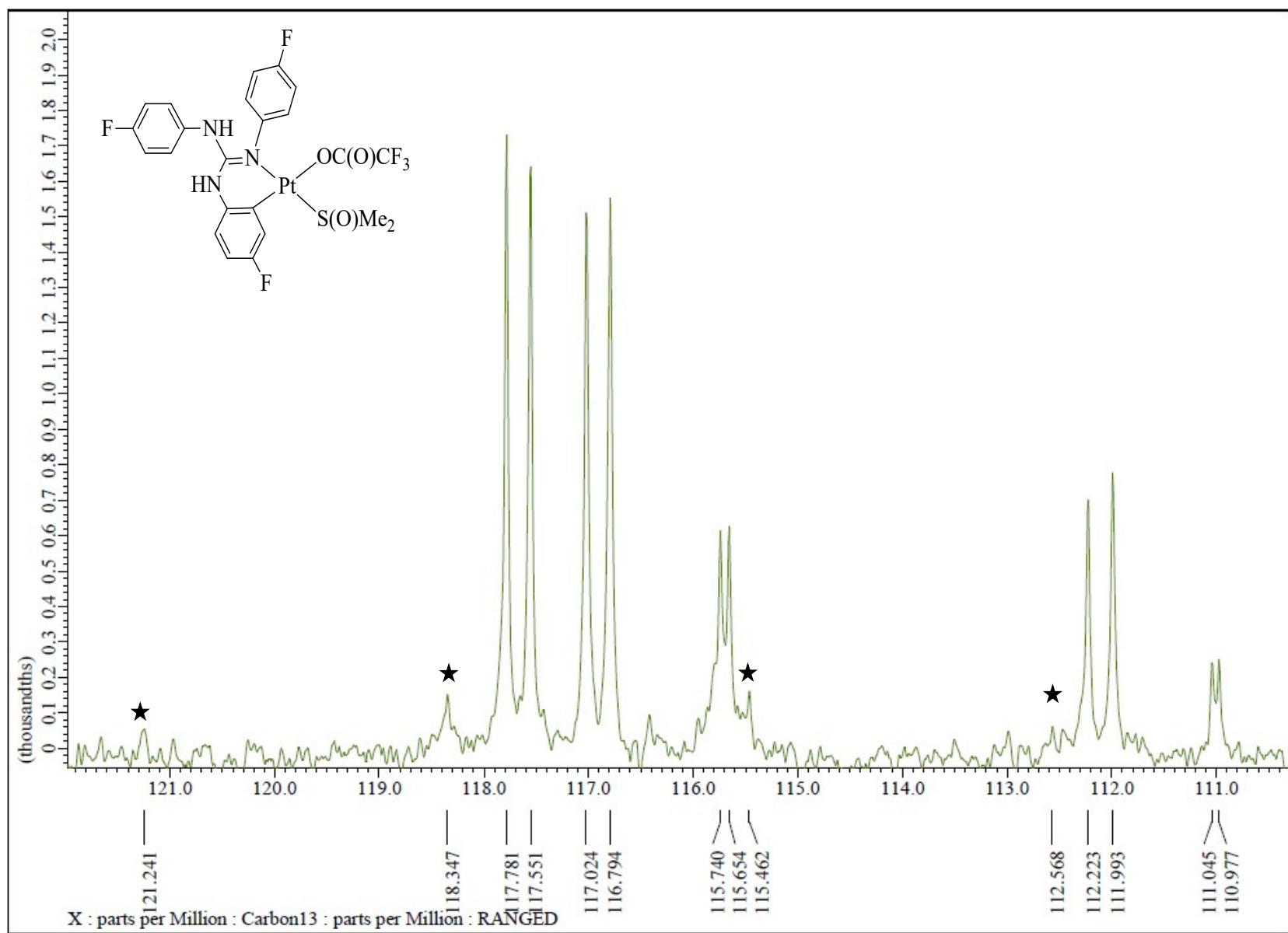


Fig. S60 $^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR (CDCl_3 , 100.5 MHz) spectrum of **9** in the indicated region.

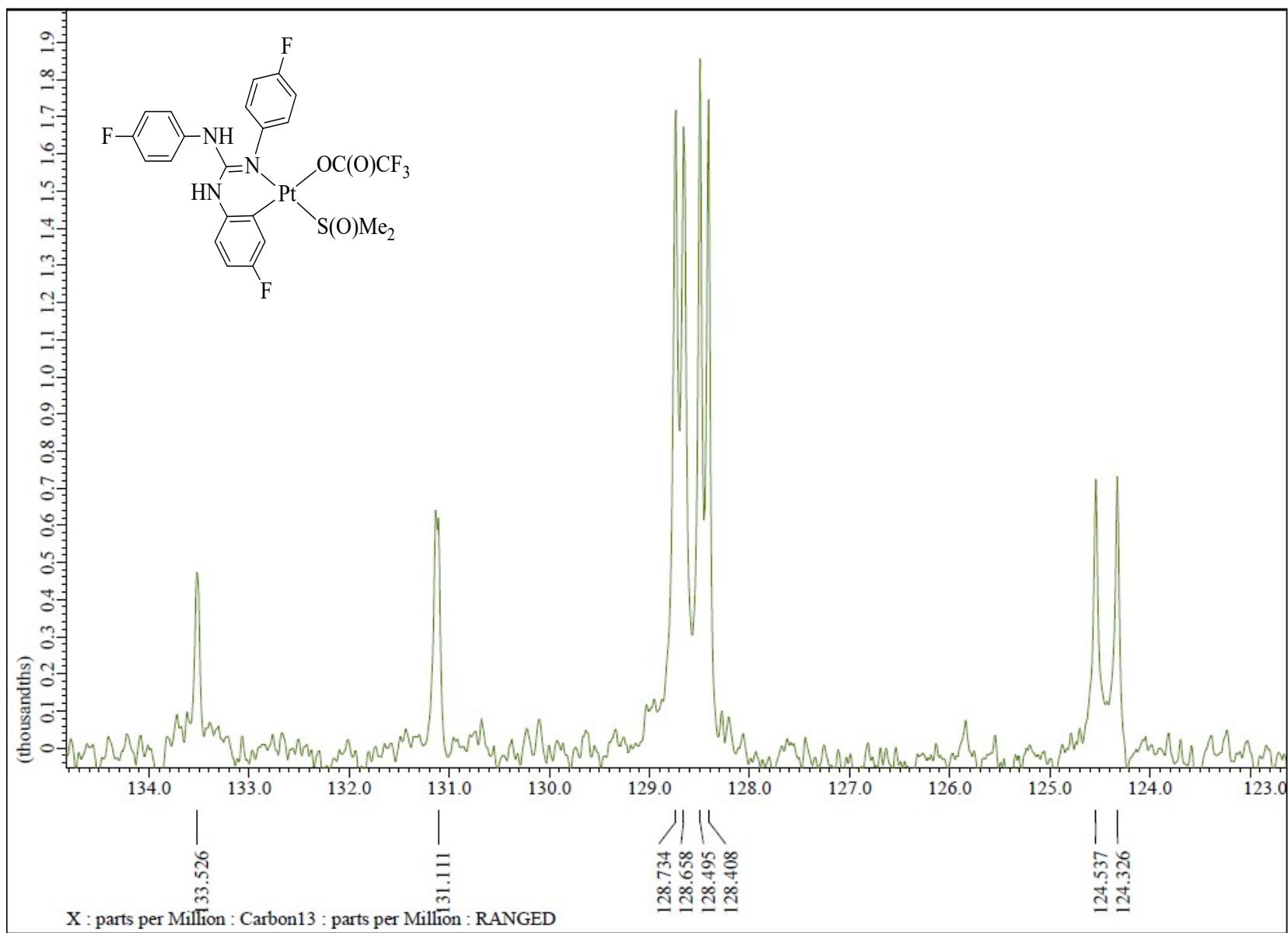


Fig. S61 $^{13}\text{C}\{\text{H}\}$ NMR (CDCl₃, 100.5 MHz) spectrum of **9** in the indicated region.

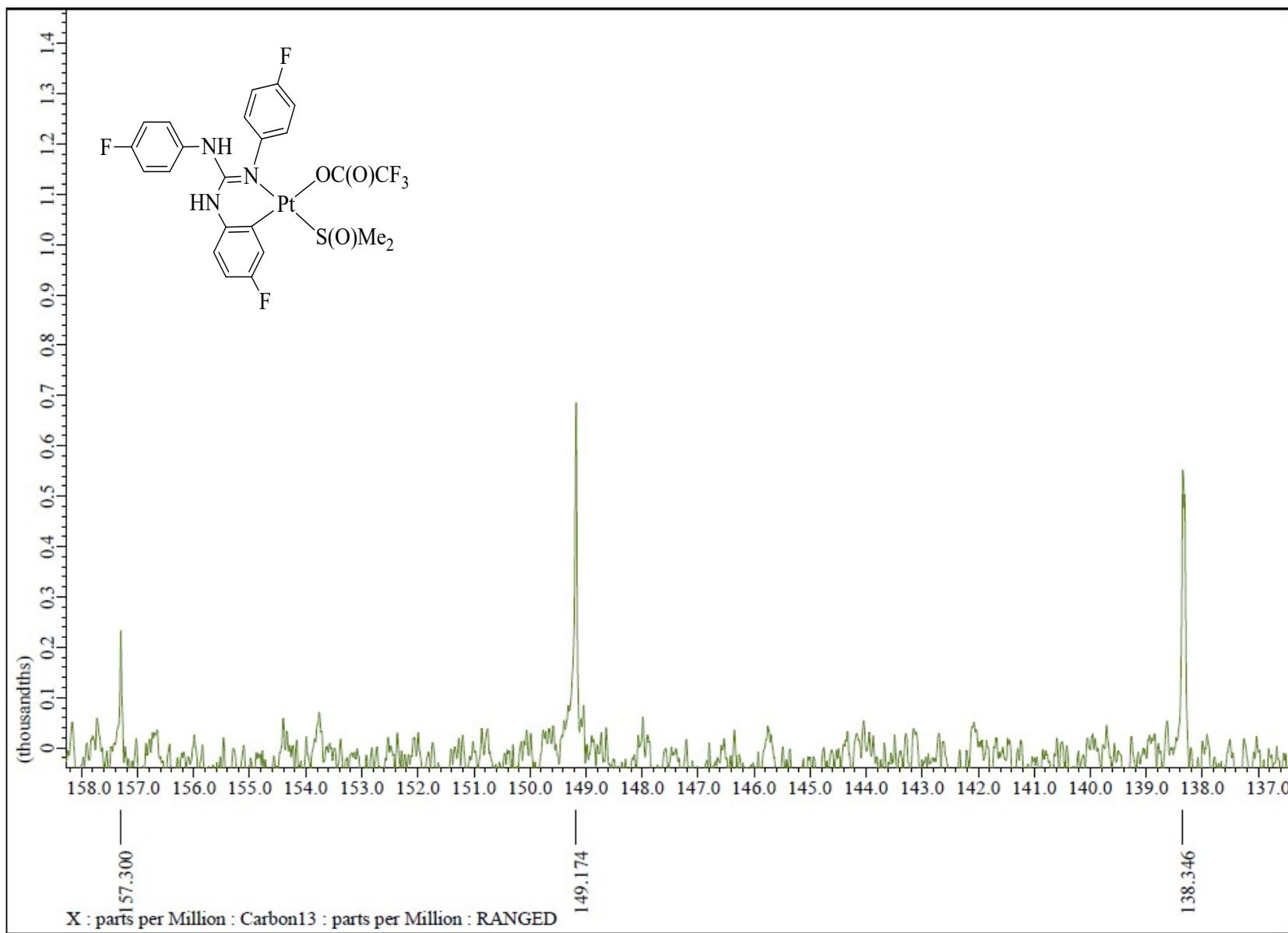


Fig. S62 $^{13}\text{C}\{\text{H}\}$ NMR (CDCl_3 , 100.5 MHz) spectrum of **9** in the indicated region.

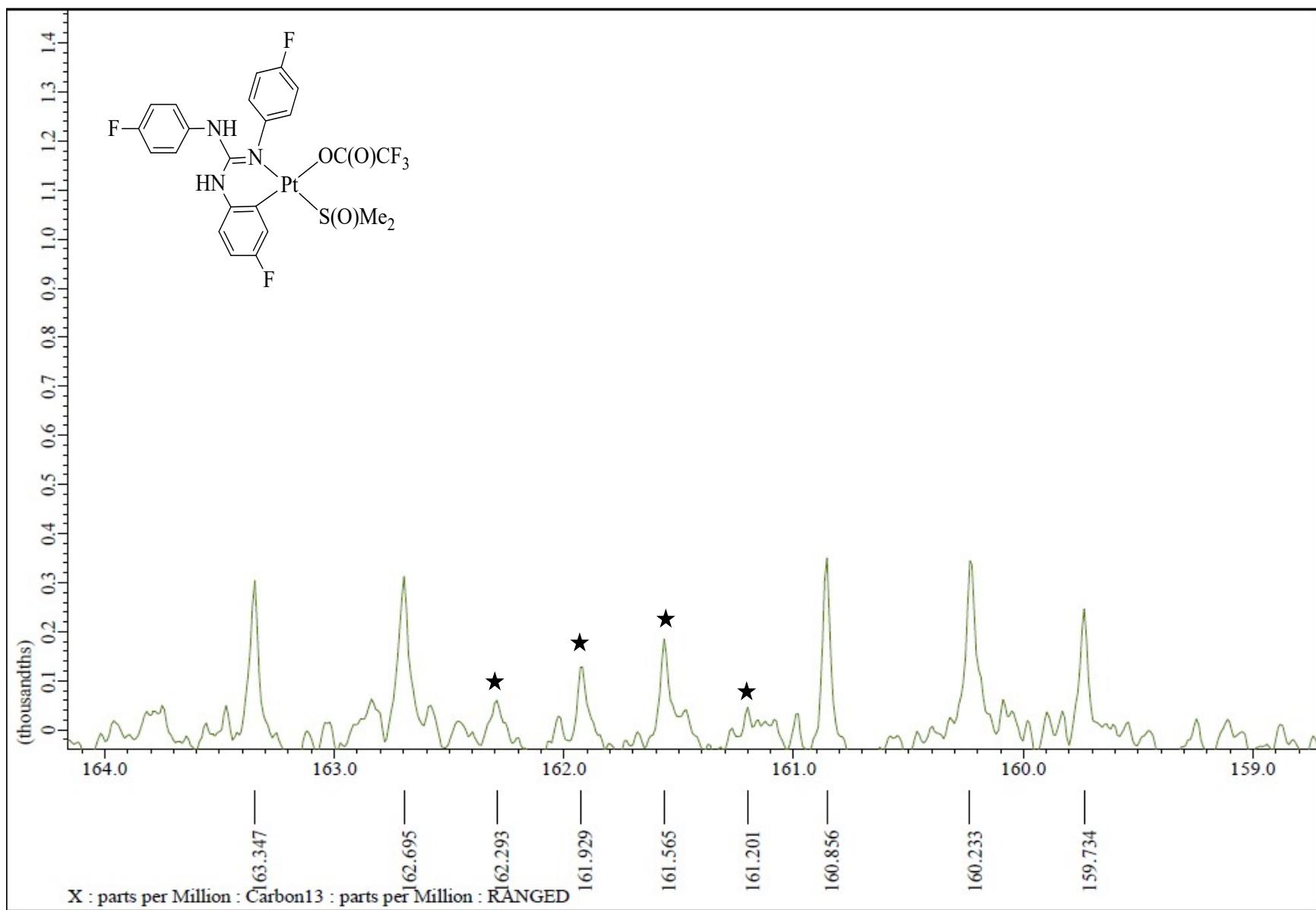


Fig. S63 $^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR (CDCl_3 , 100.5 MHz) spectrum of **9** in the indicated region.

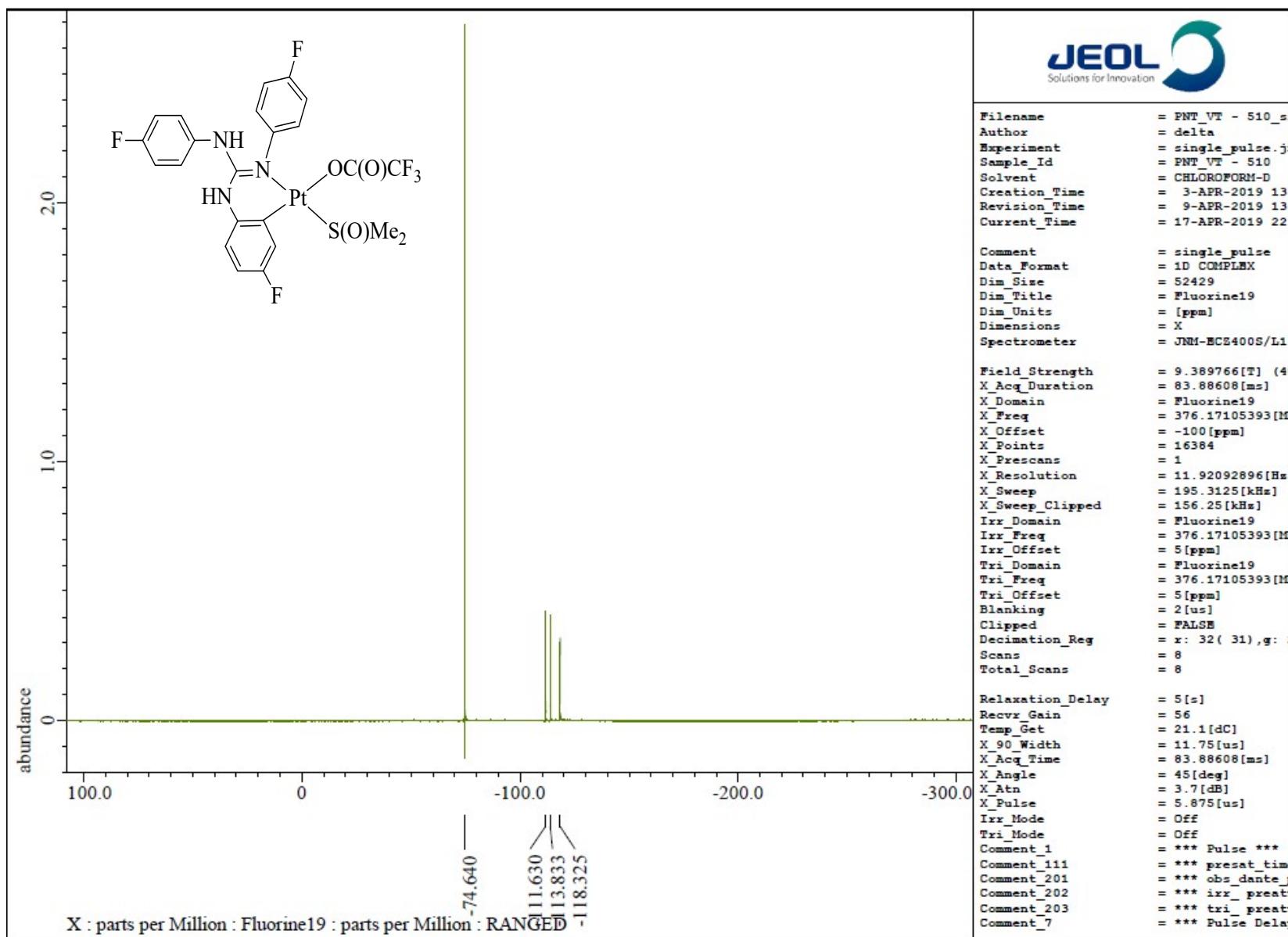


Fig. S64 ^{19}F { ^1H } NMR (CDCl_3 , 376.31 MHz) spectrum of 9.

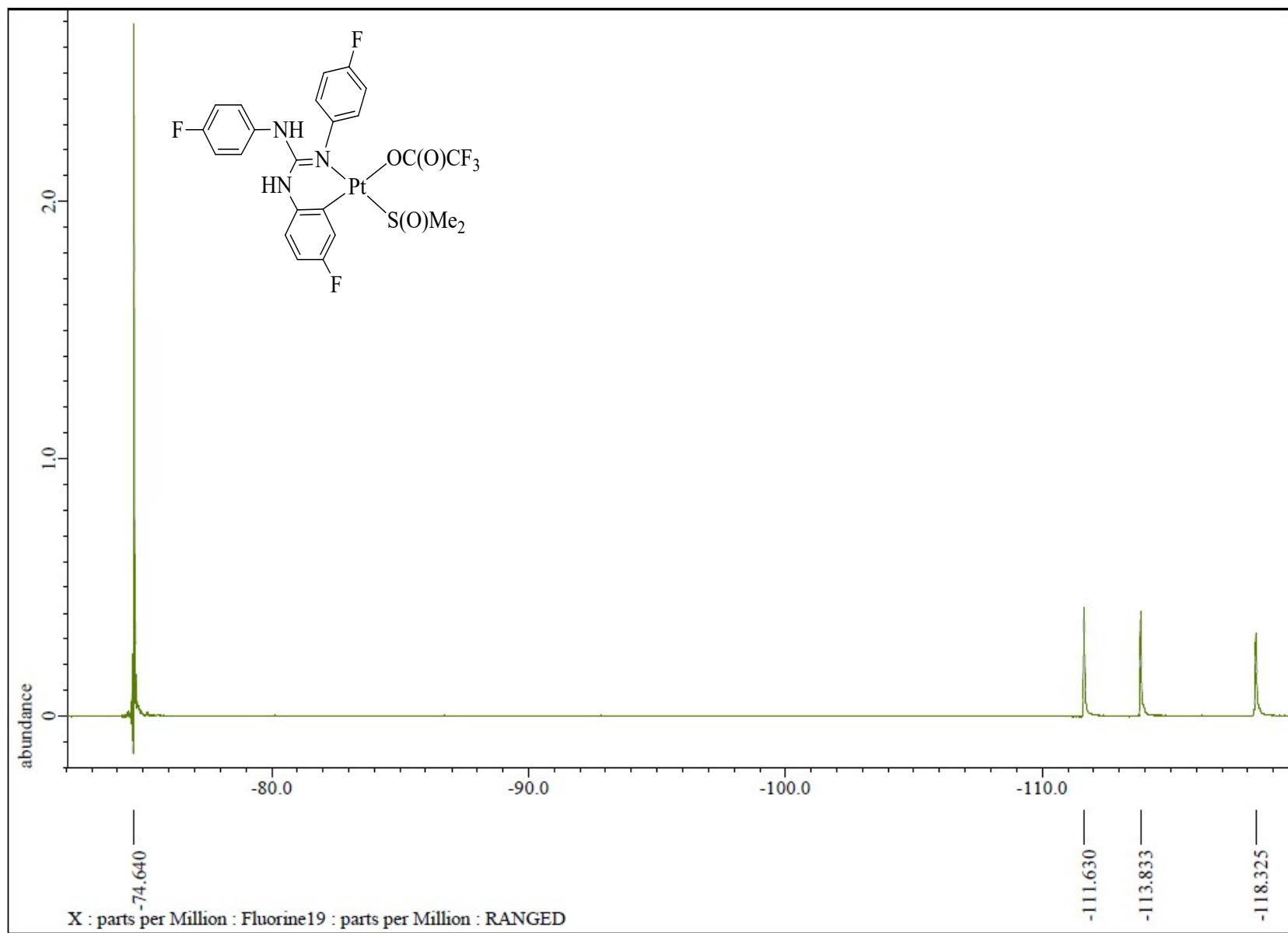


Fig. S65 $^{19}\text{F}\{\text{H}\}$ NMR (CDCl_3 , 376.31 MHz) spectrum of 9 in the indicated region.

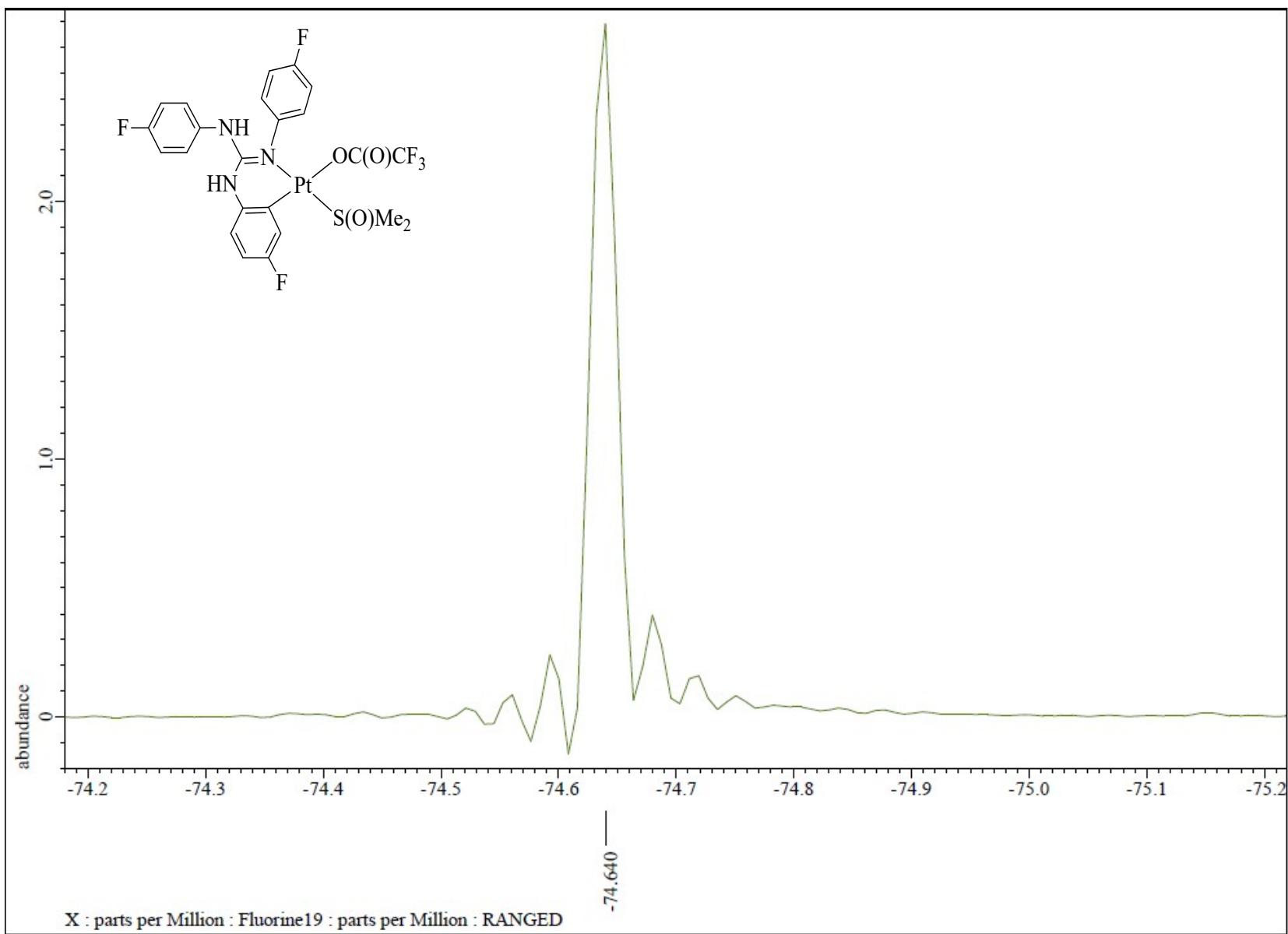


Fig. S66 $^{19}\text{F}\{\text{H}\}$ NMR (CDCl_3 , 376.31 MHz) spectrum of **9** in the indicated region.

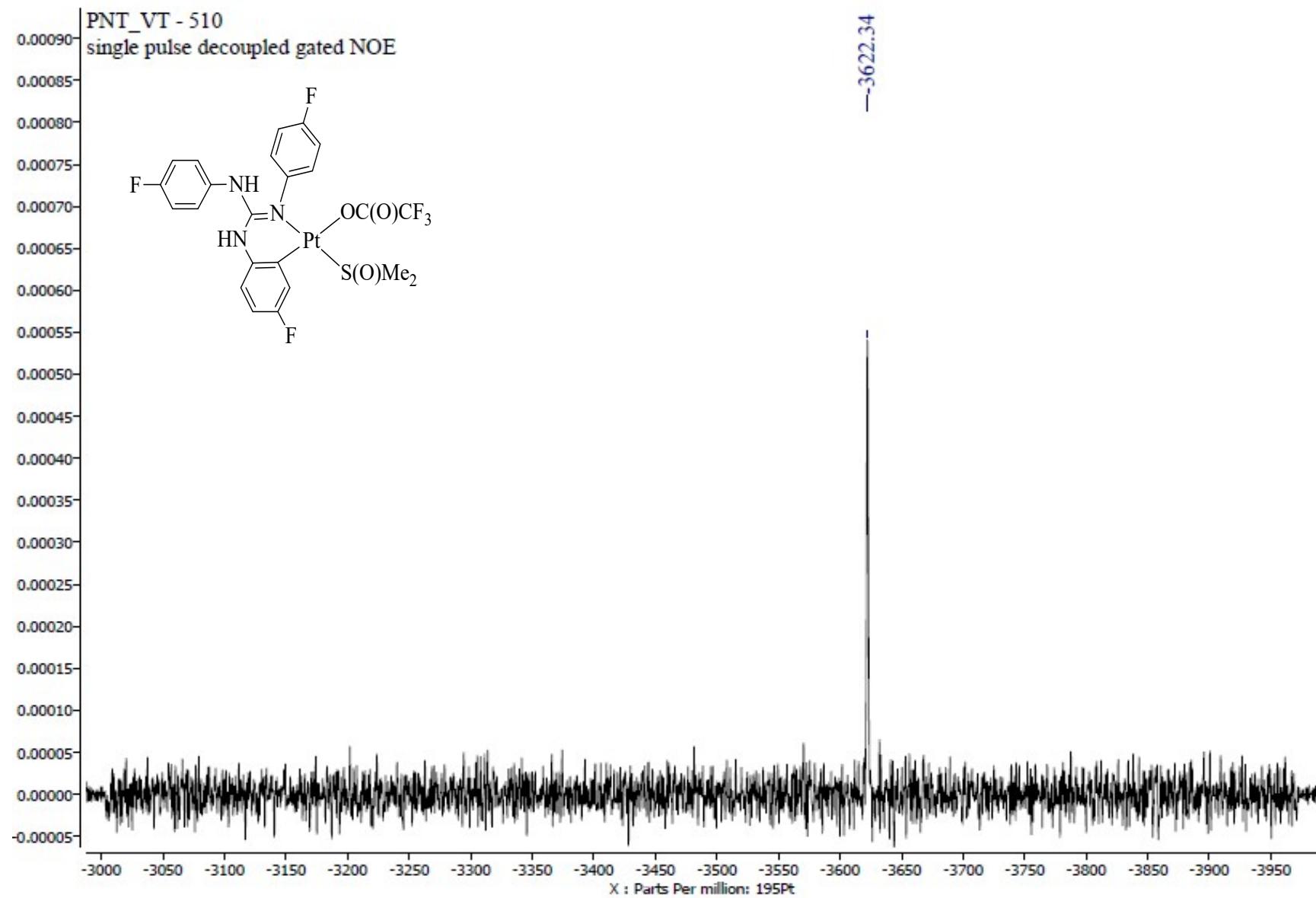


Fig. S67 $^{195}\text{Pt}\{\text{H}\}$ NMR (CDCl_3 , 85.8 MHz) spectrum of **9**.

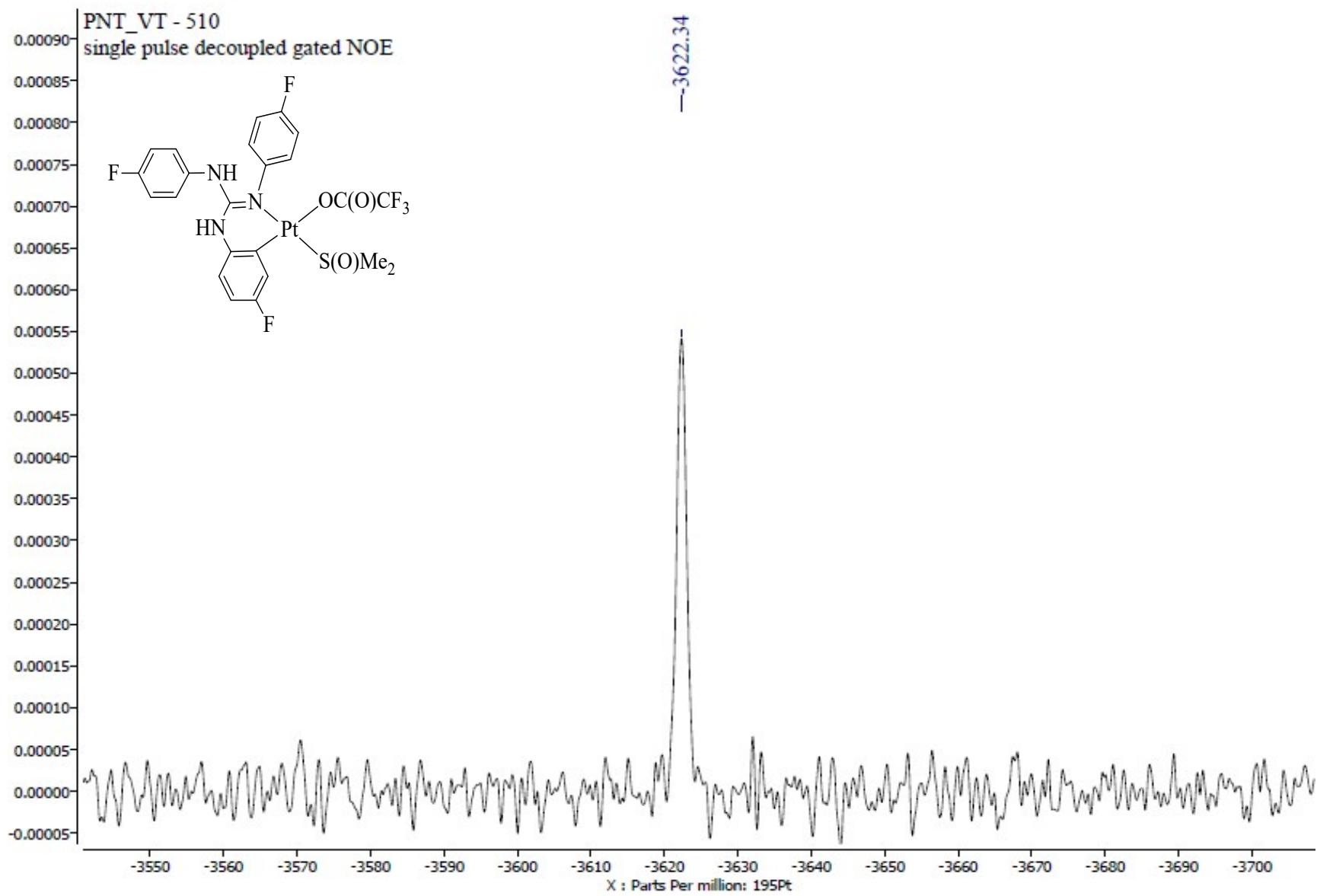


Fig. S68 $^{195}\text{Pt}\{{}^1\text{H}\}$ NMR (CDCl_3 , 85.8 MHz) spectrum of **9** in the indicated region.

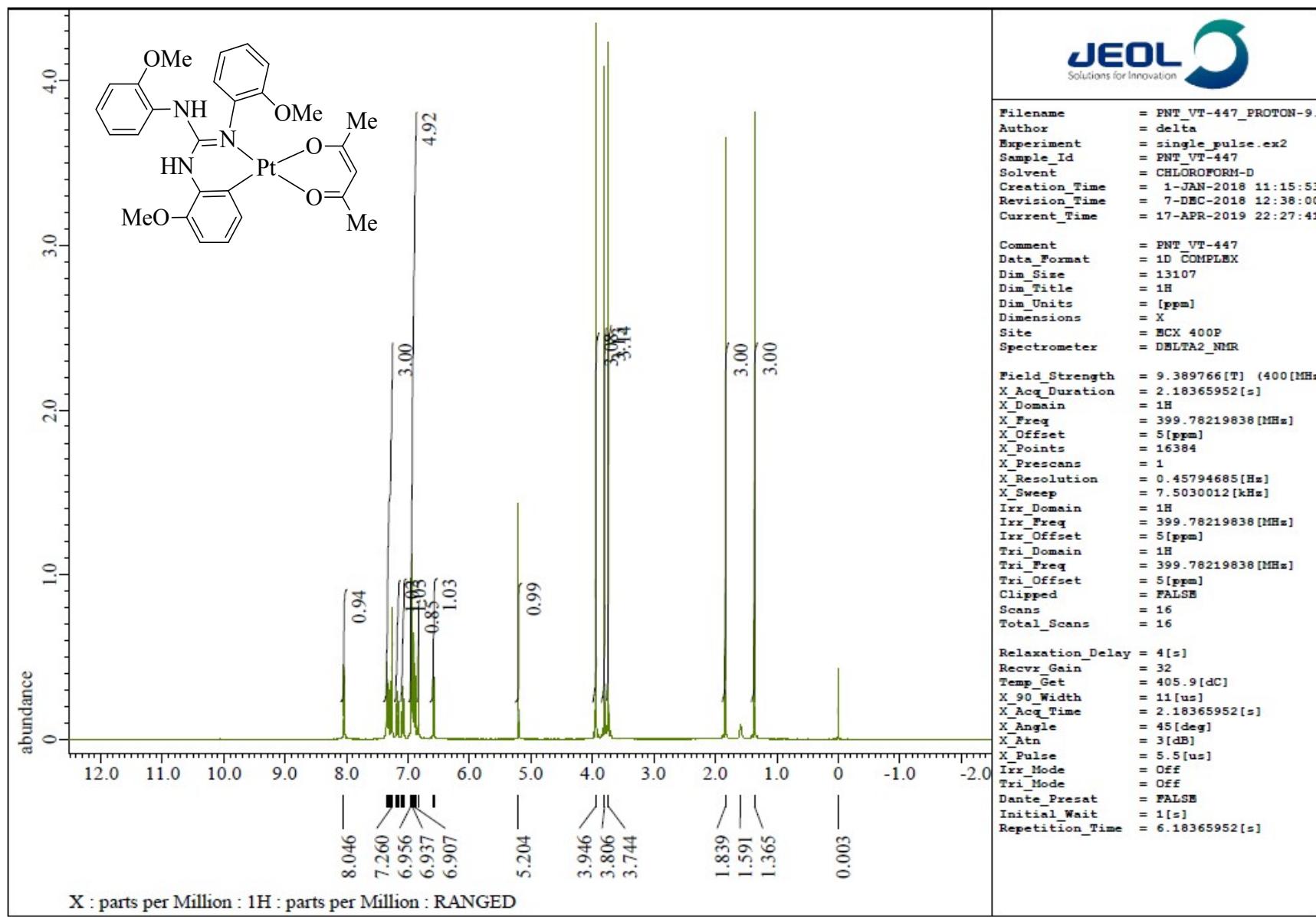


Fig. S69 ^1H NMR (CDCl_3 , 400 MHz) spectrum of **10**.

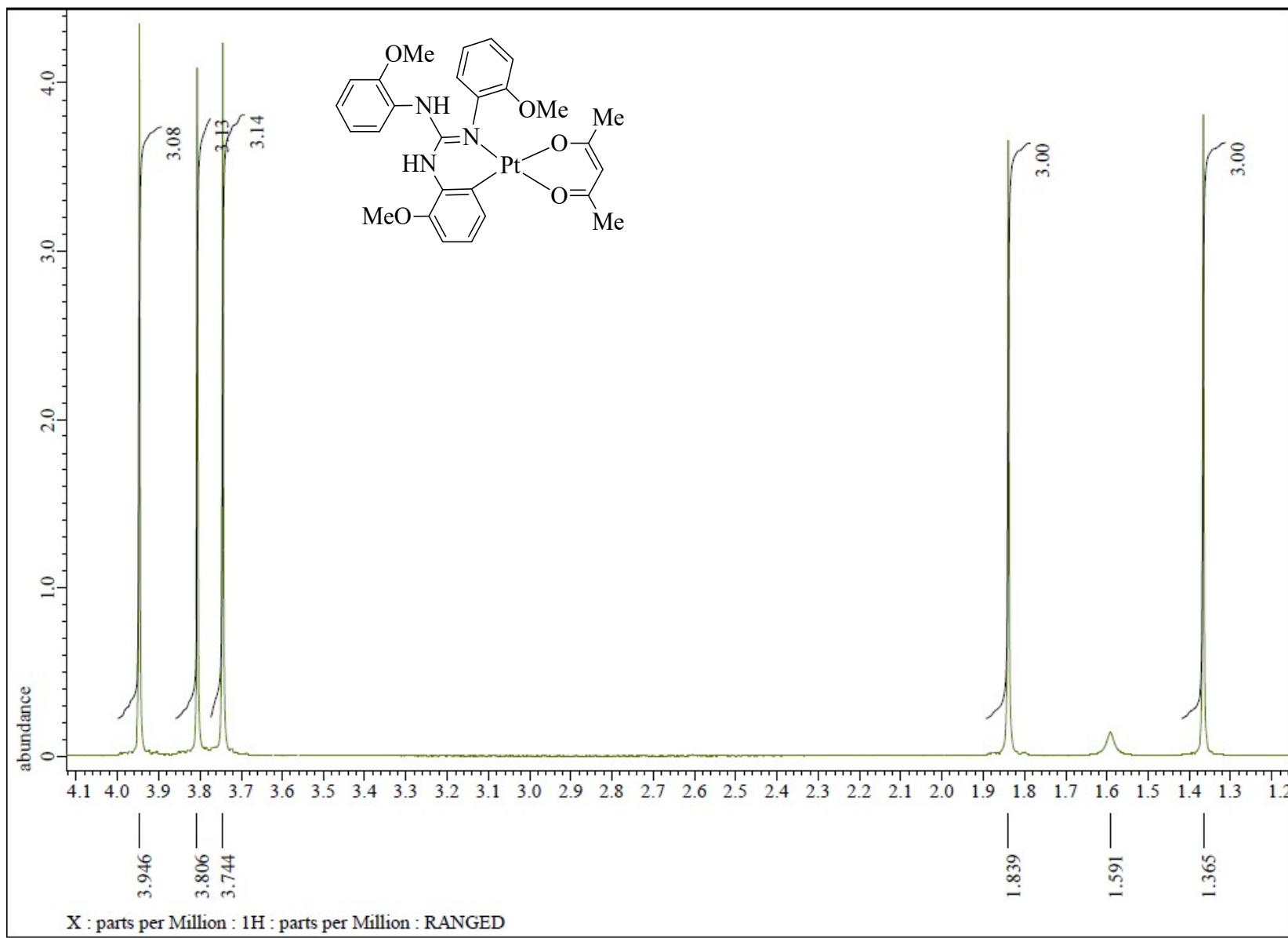


Fig. S70 ^1H NMR (CDCl_3 , 400 MHz) spectrum of **10** in the indicated region.

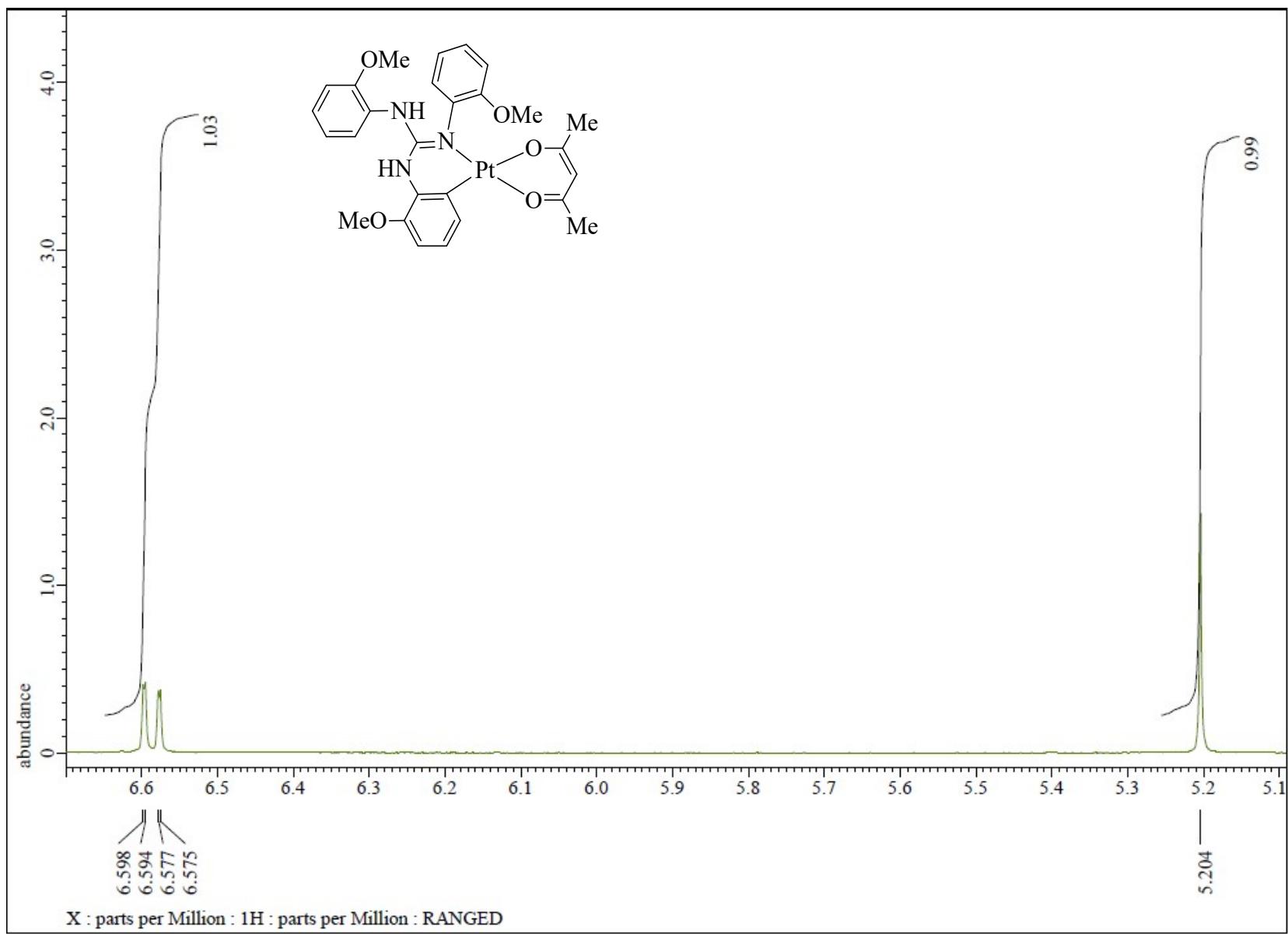


Fig. S71 ^1H NMR (CDCl_3 , 400 MHz) spectrum of **10** in the indicated region.

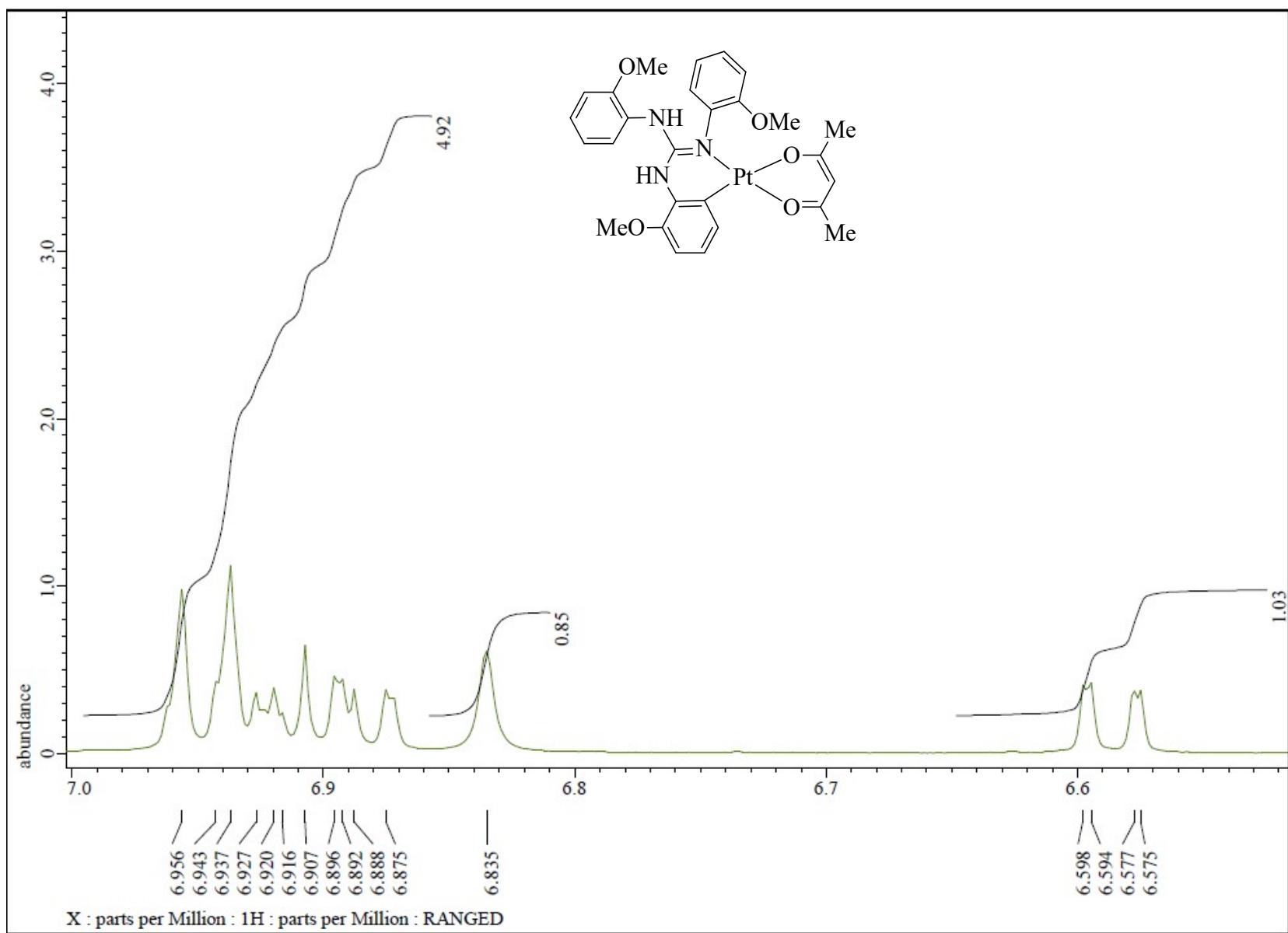


Fig. S72 ^1H NMR (CDCl_3 , 400 MHz) spectrum of **10** in the indicated region.

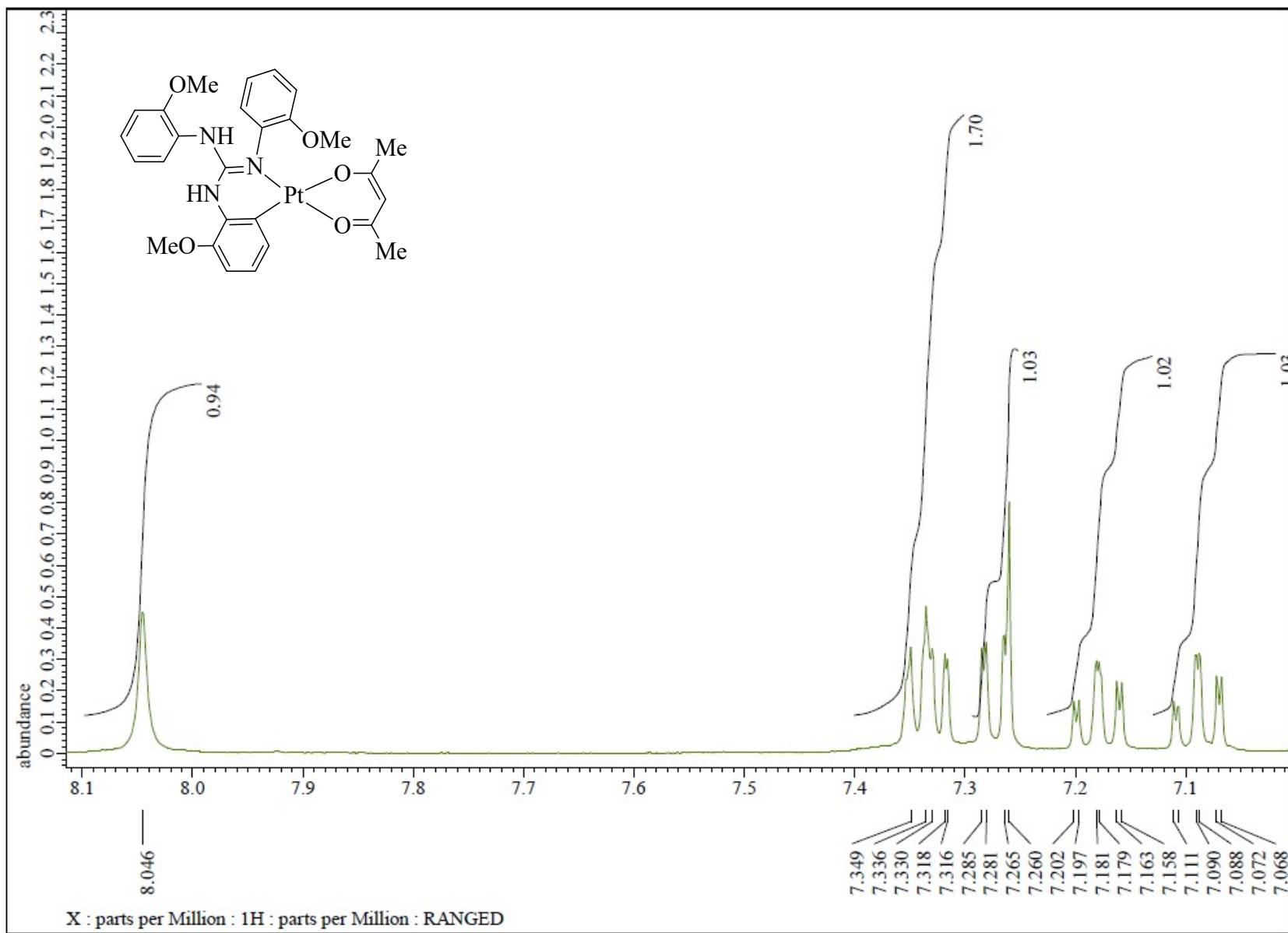


Fig. S73 ^1H NMR (CDCl_3 , 400 MHz) spectrum of **10** in the indicated region.

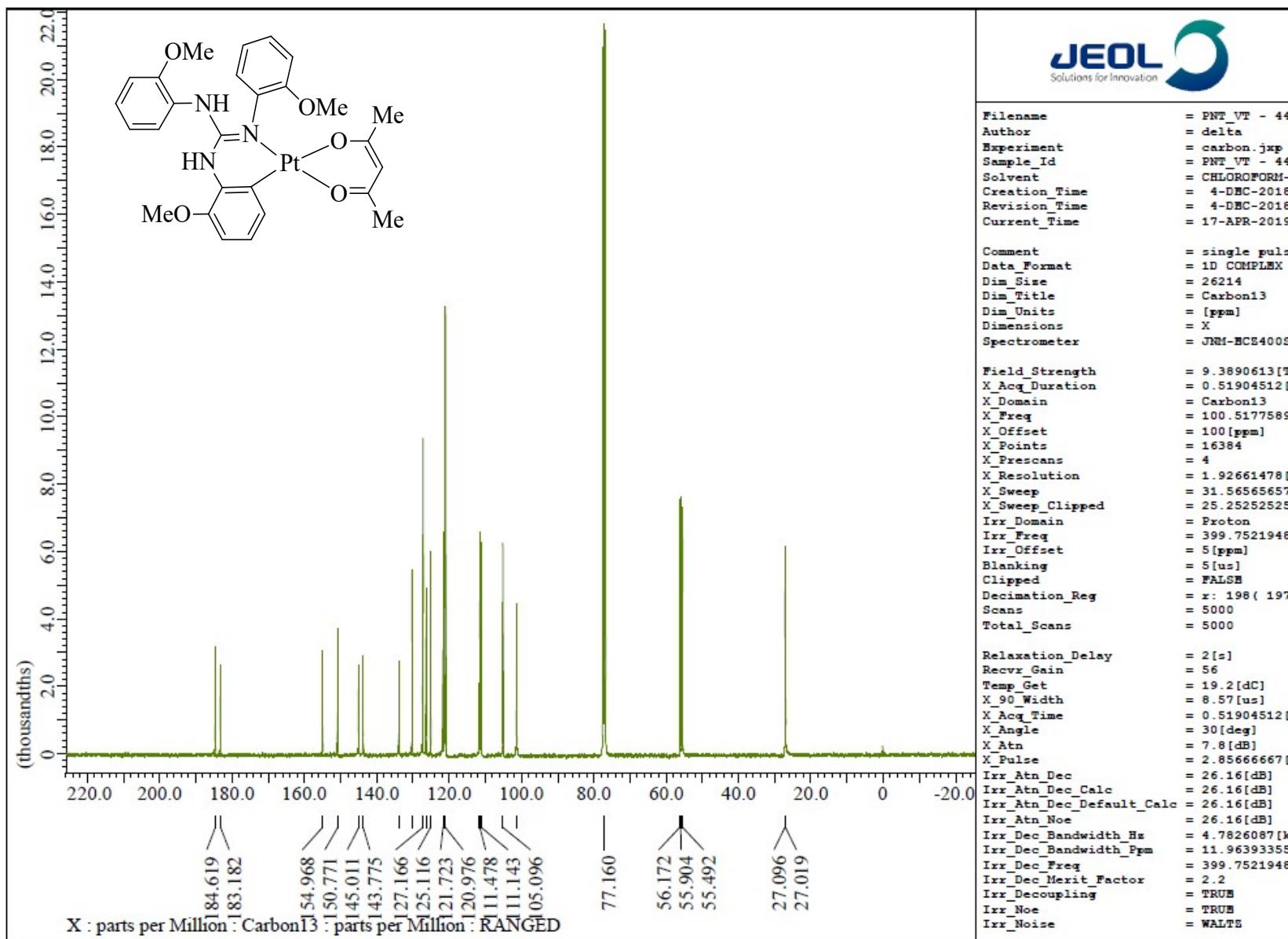


Fig. S74 ^{13}C NMR (CDCl_3 , 100.5 MHz) spectrum of **10**.

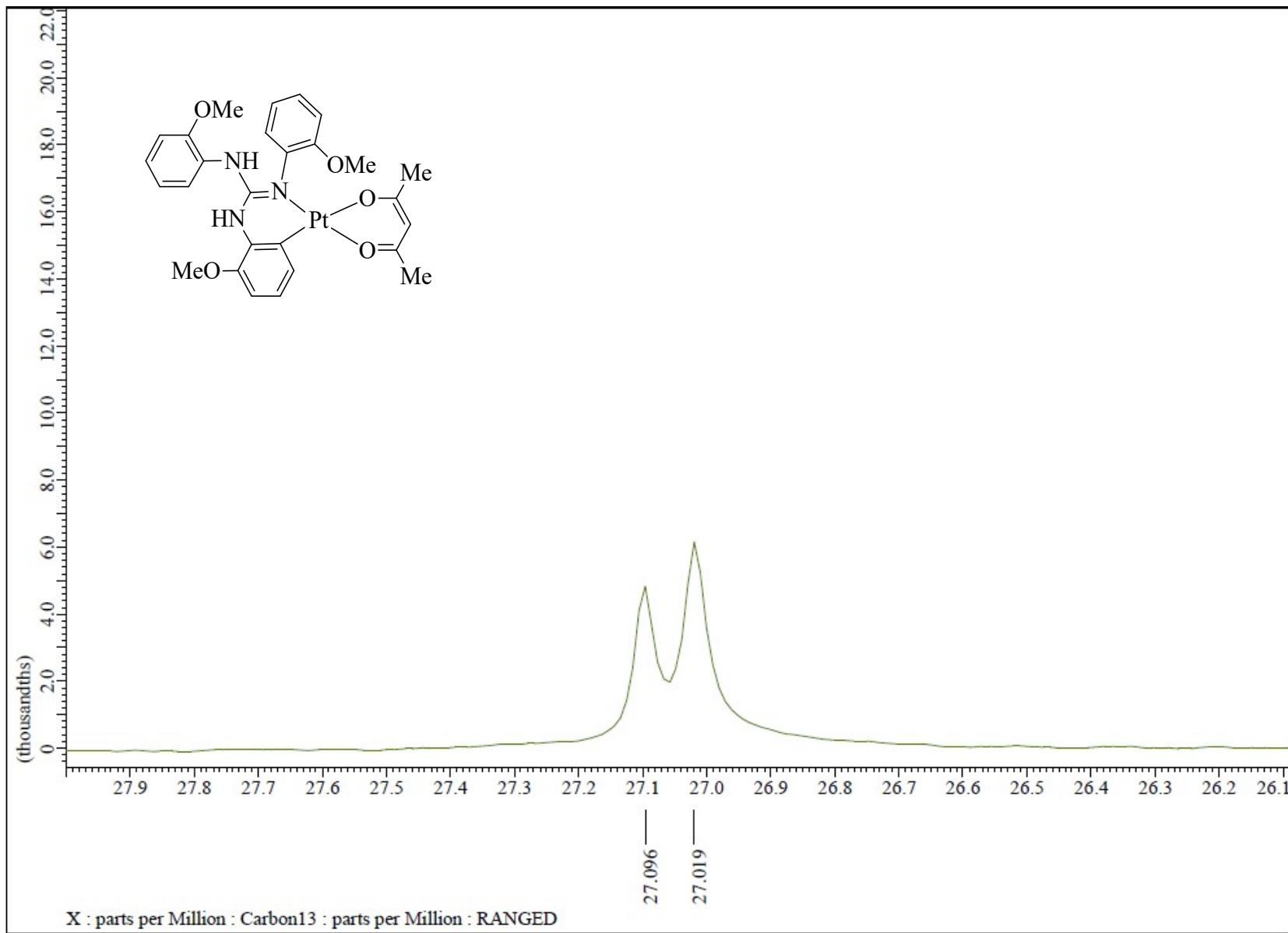


Fig. S75 ^{13}C NMR (CDCl_3 , 100.5 MHz) spectrum of **10** in the indicated region.

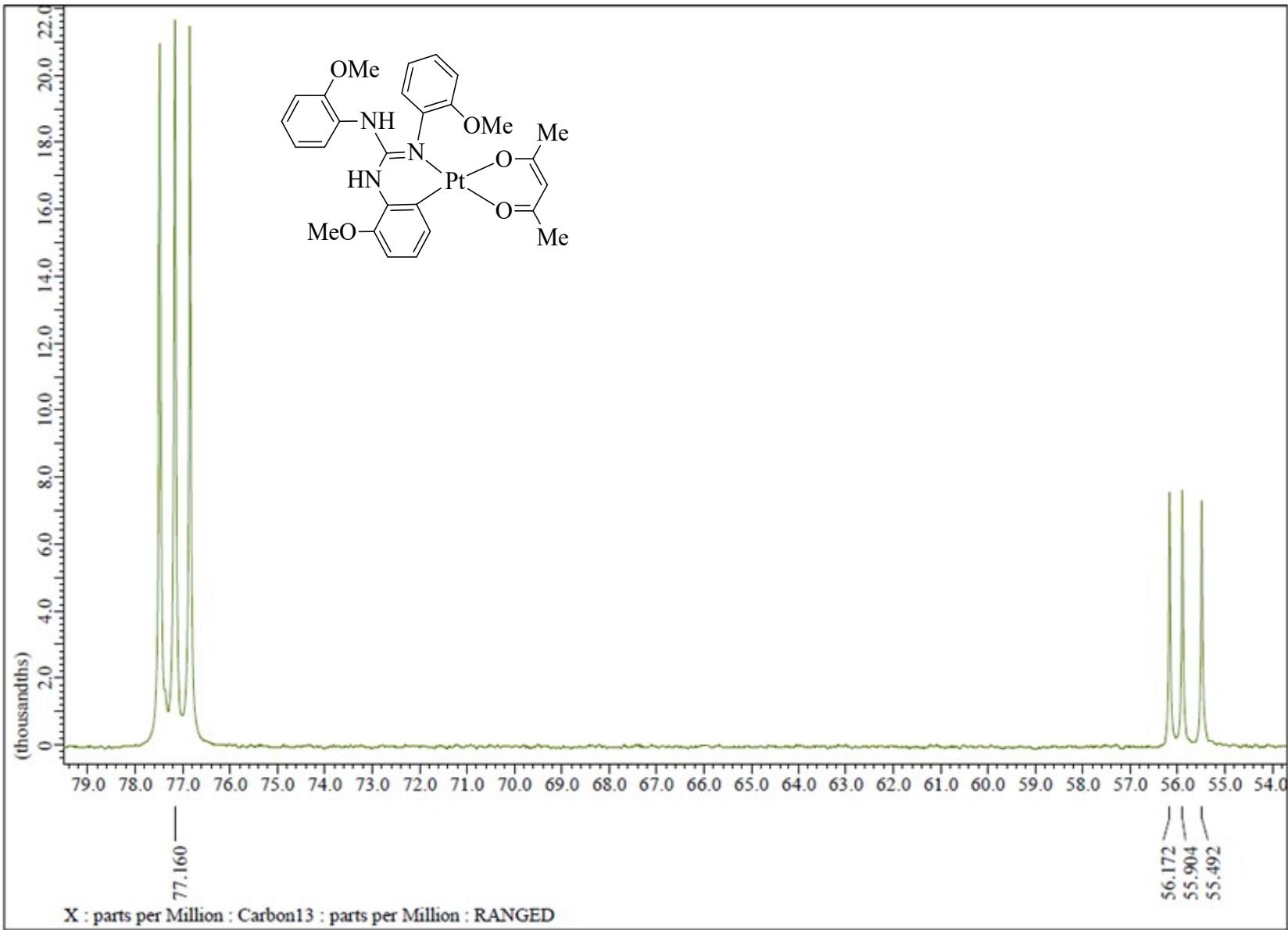


Fig. S76 ^{13}C NMR (CDCl_3 , 100.5 MHz) spectrum of **10** in the indicated region.

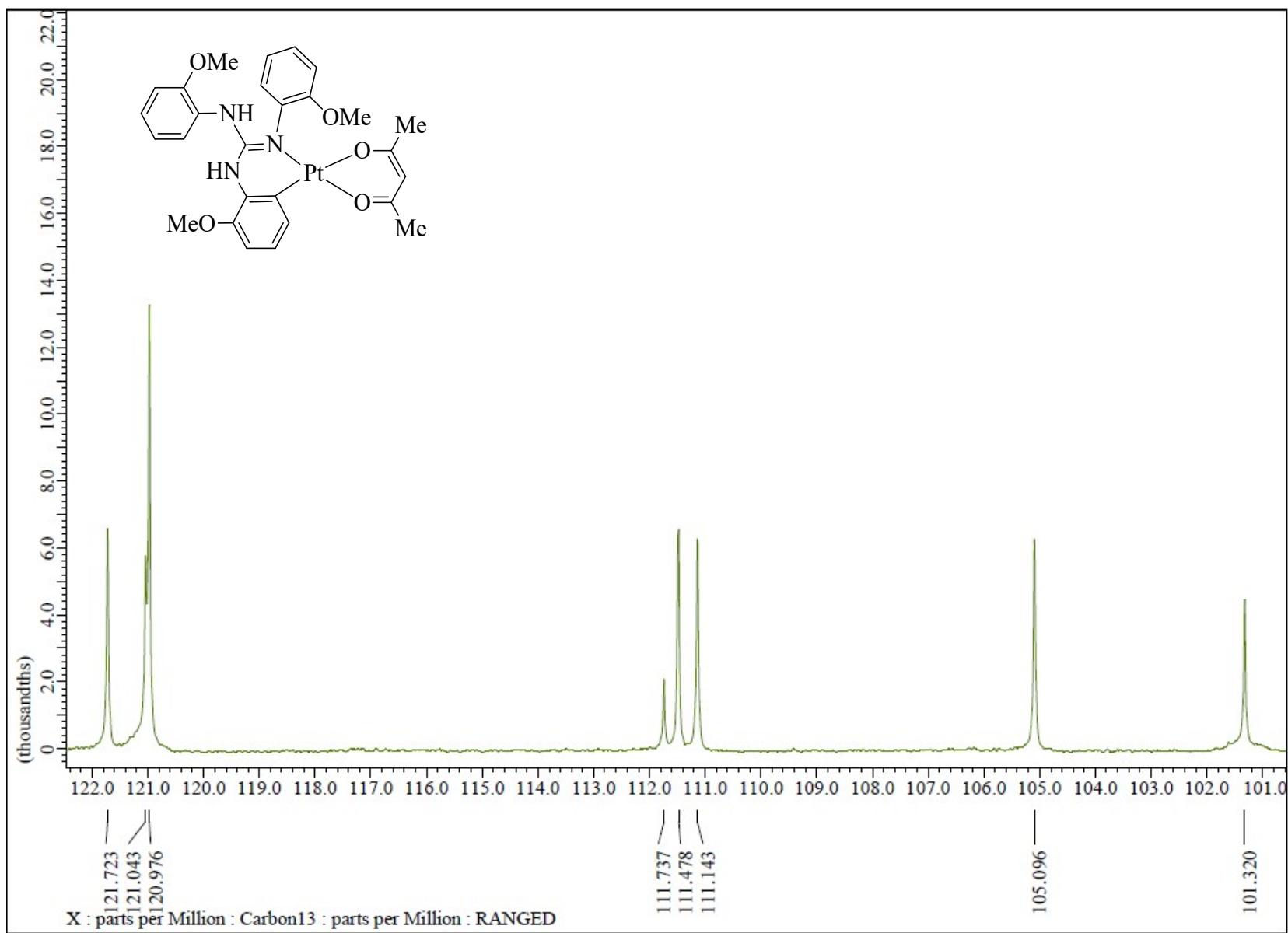


Fig. S77 ^{13}C NMR (CDCl_3 , 100.5 MHz) spectrum of **10** in the indicated region.

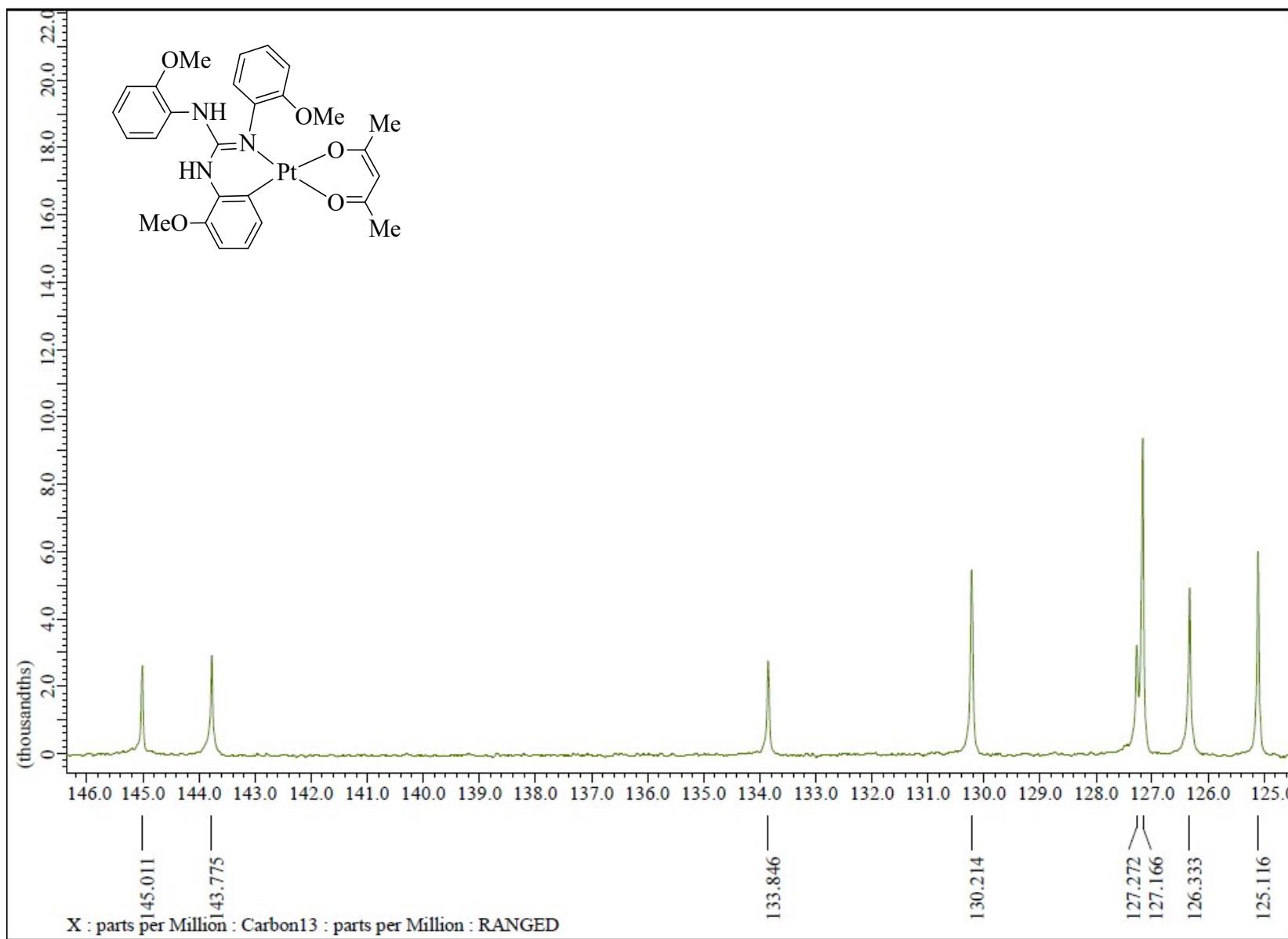


Fig. S78 ^{13}C NMR (CDCl₃, 100.5 MHz) spectrum of **10** in the indicated region.

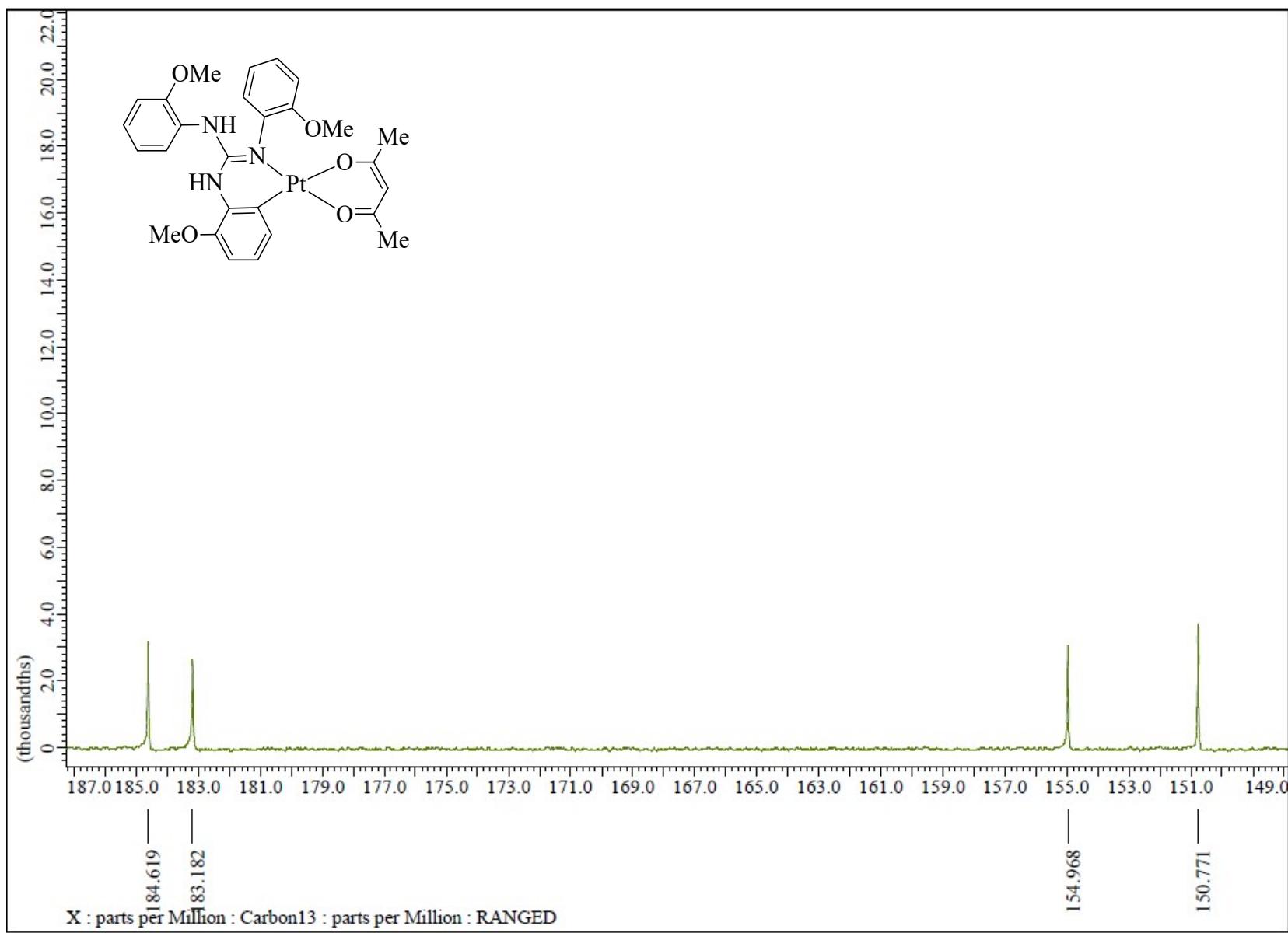


Fig. S79 ^{13}C NMR (CDCl_3 , 100.5 MHz) spectrum of **10** in the indicated region.

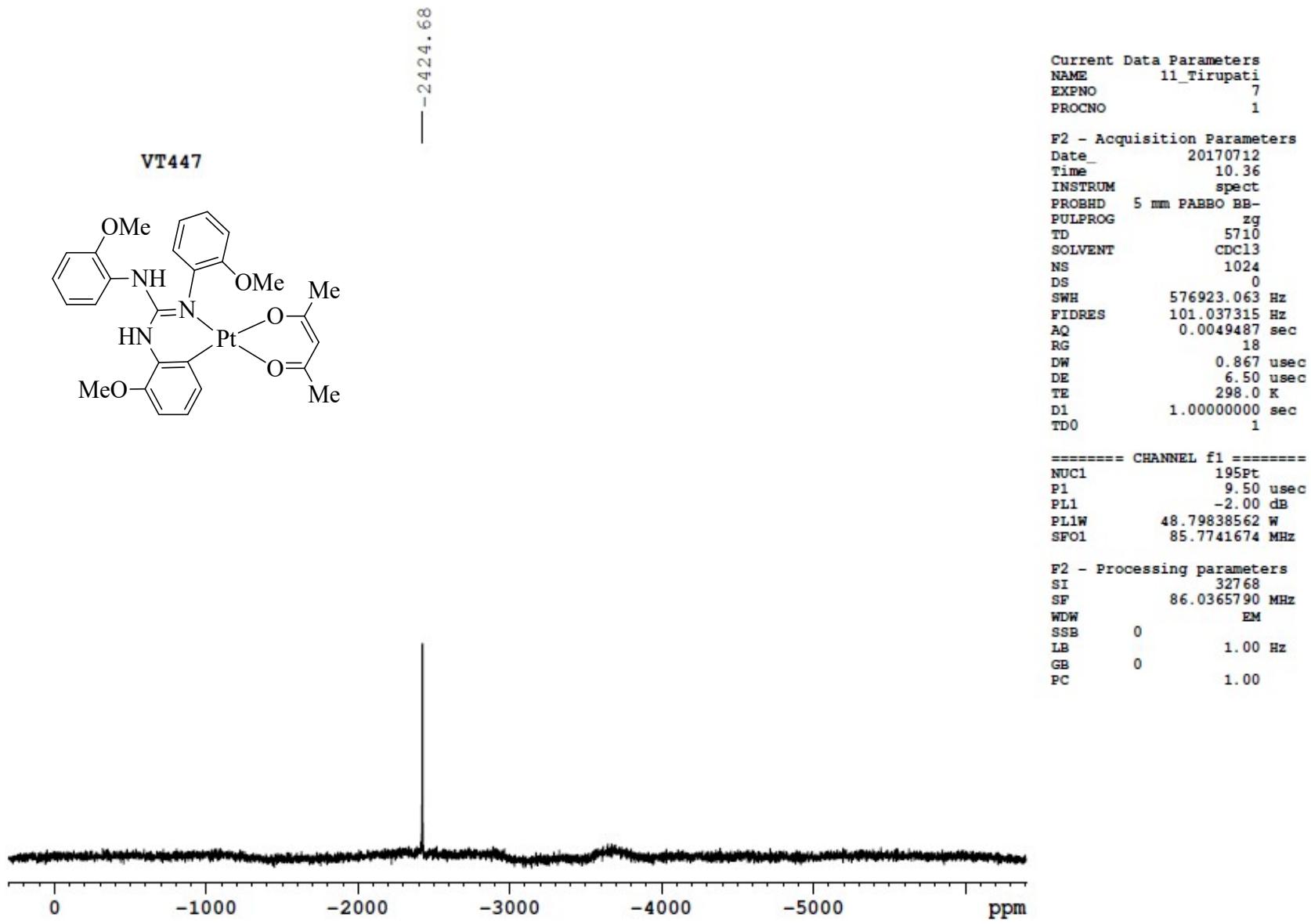


Fig. S80 $^{195}\text{Pt}\{{}^1\text{H}\}$ NMR (CDCl_3 , 85.8 MHz) spectrum of **10**.

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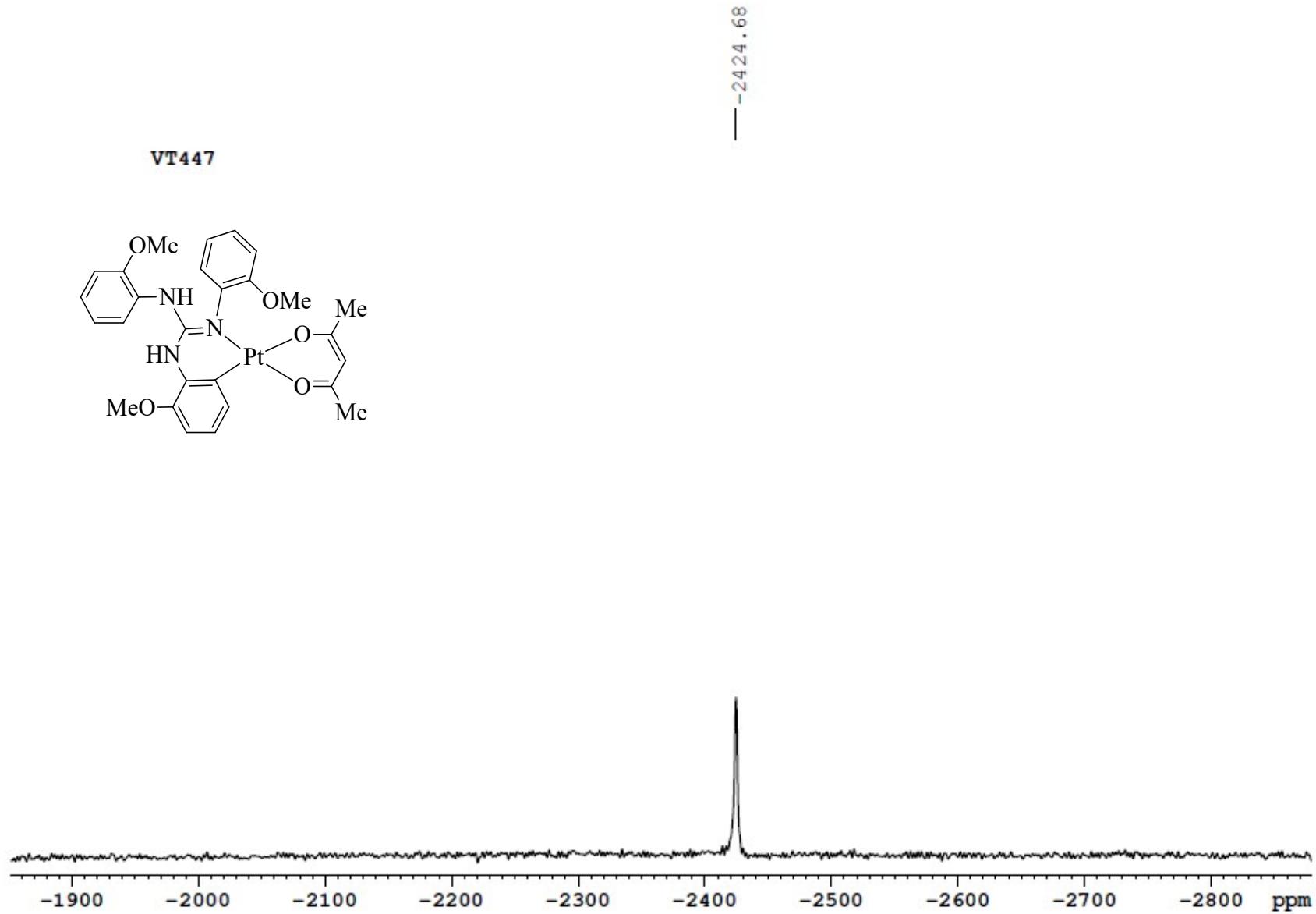
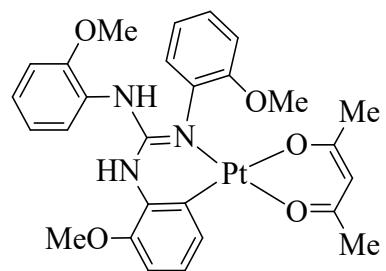


Fig. S81 $^{195}\text{Pt}\{{}^1\text{H}\}$ NMR (CDCl_3 , 85.8 MHz) spectrum of **10** in the indicated region.

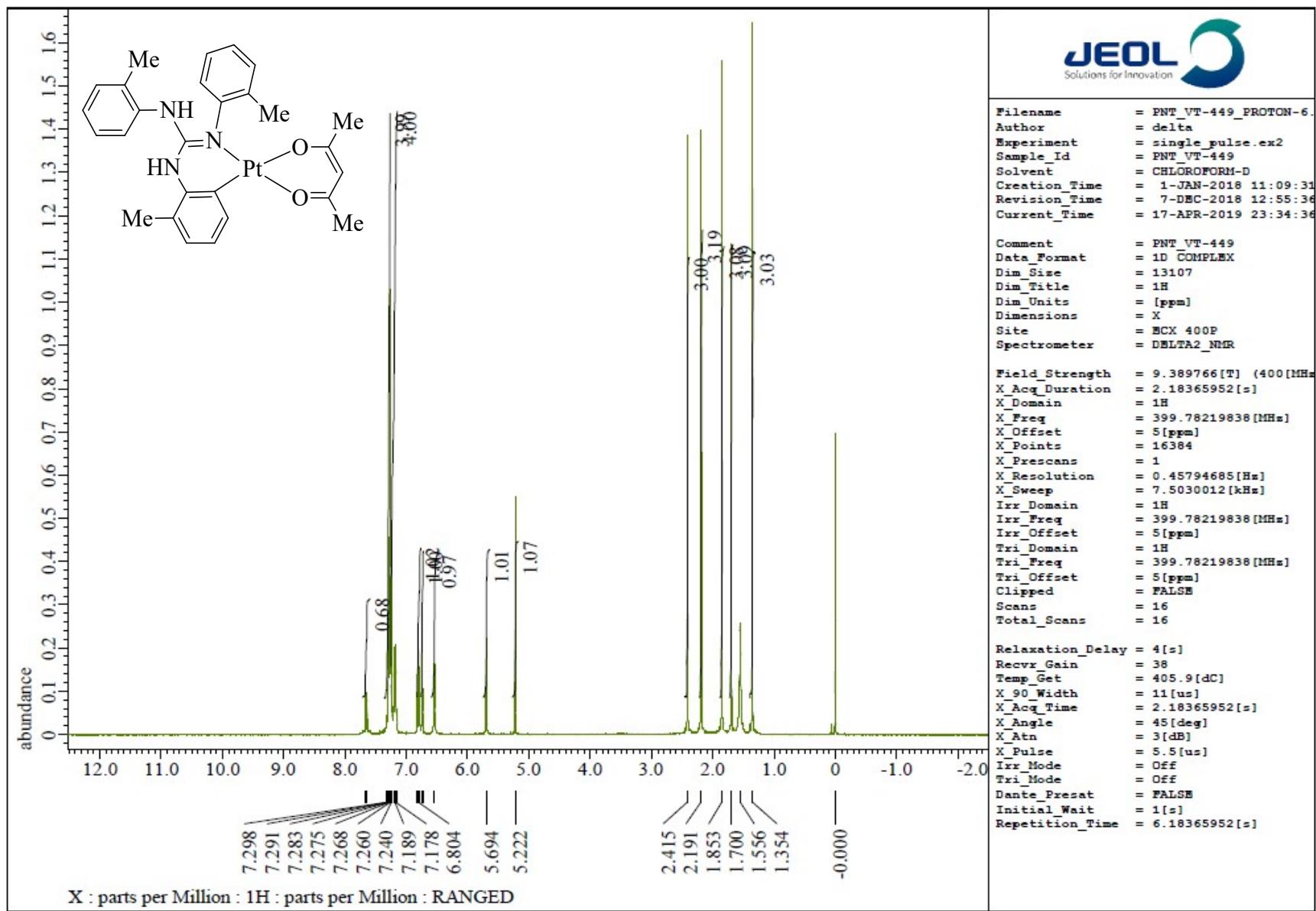


Fig. S82 ^1H NMR (CDCl_3 , 400 MHz) spectrum of 11.

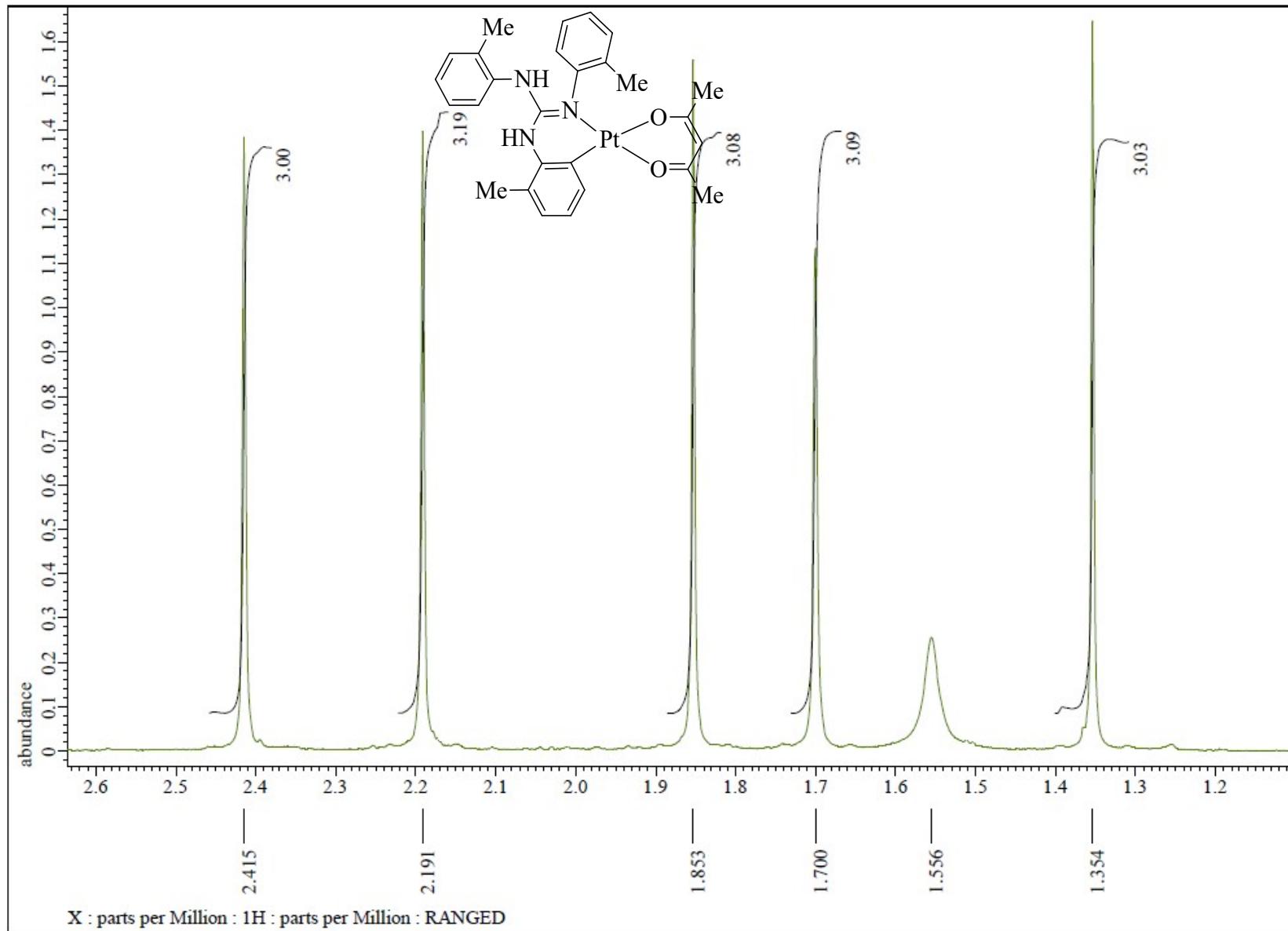


Fig. S83 ^1H NMR (CDCl_3 , 400 MHz) spectrum of **11** in the indicated region.

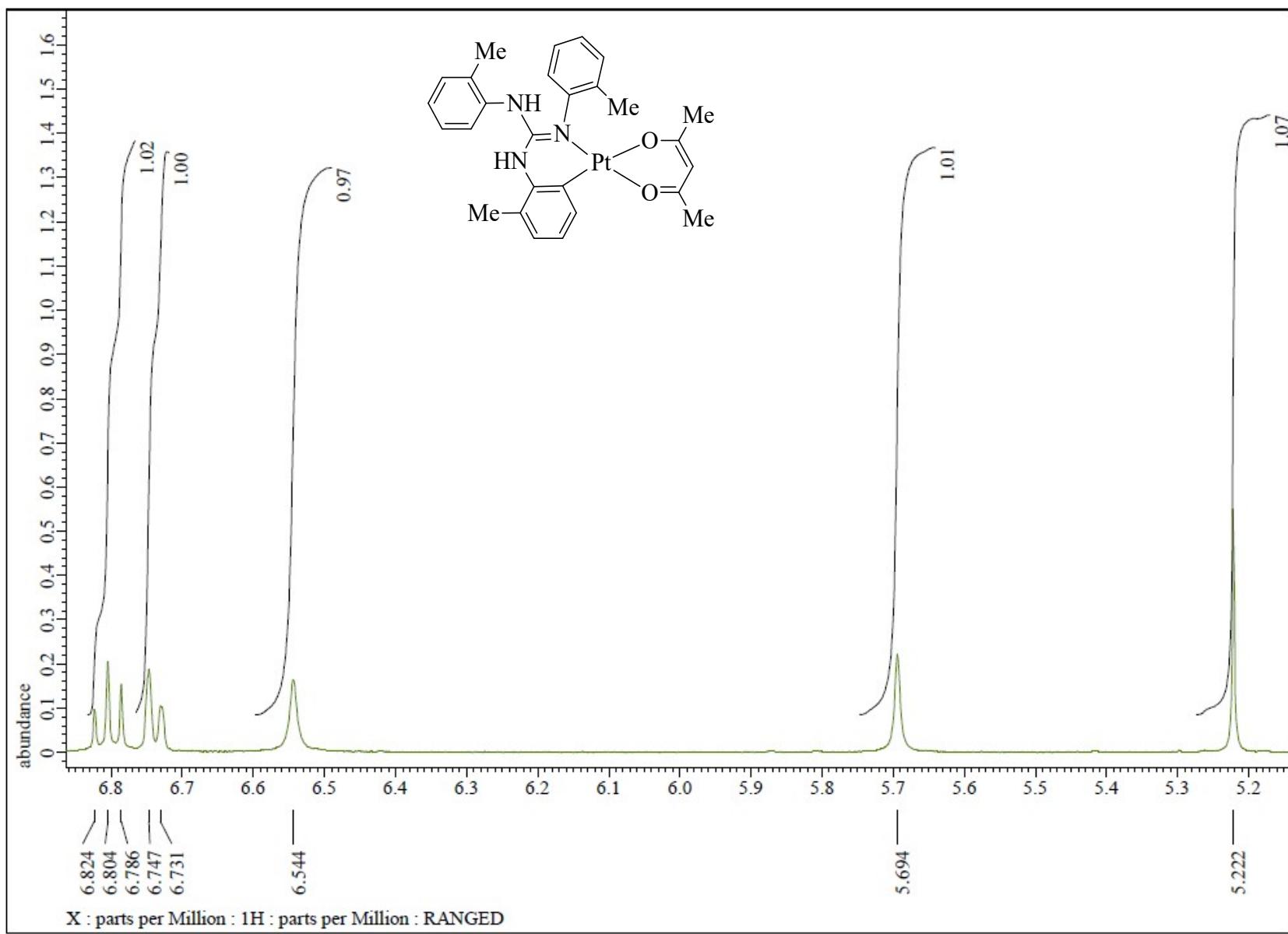


Fig. S84 ^1H NMR (CDCl_3 , 400 MHz) spectrum of 11 in the indicated region.

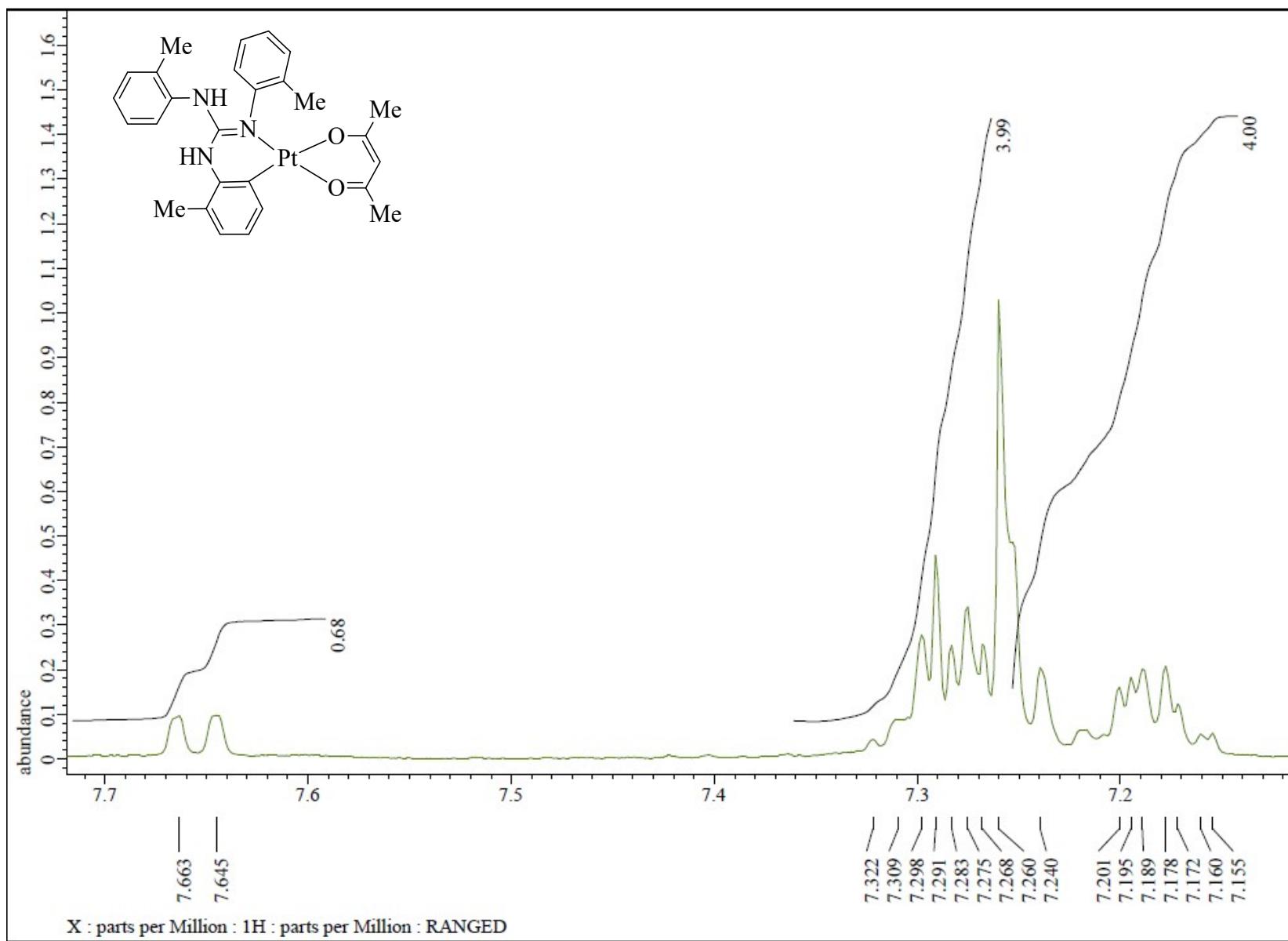


Fig. S85 ^1H NMR (CDCl_3 , 400 MHz) spectrum of **11** in the indicated region.

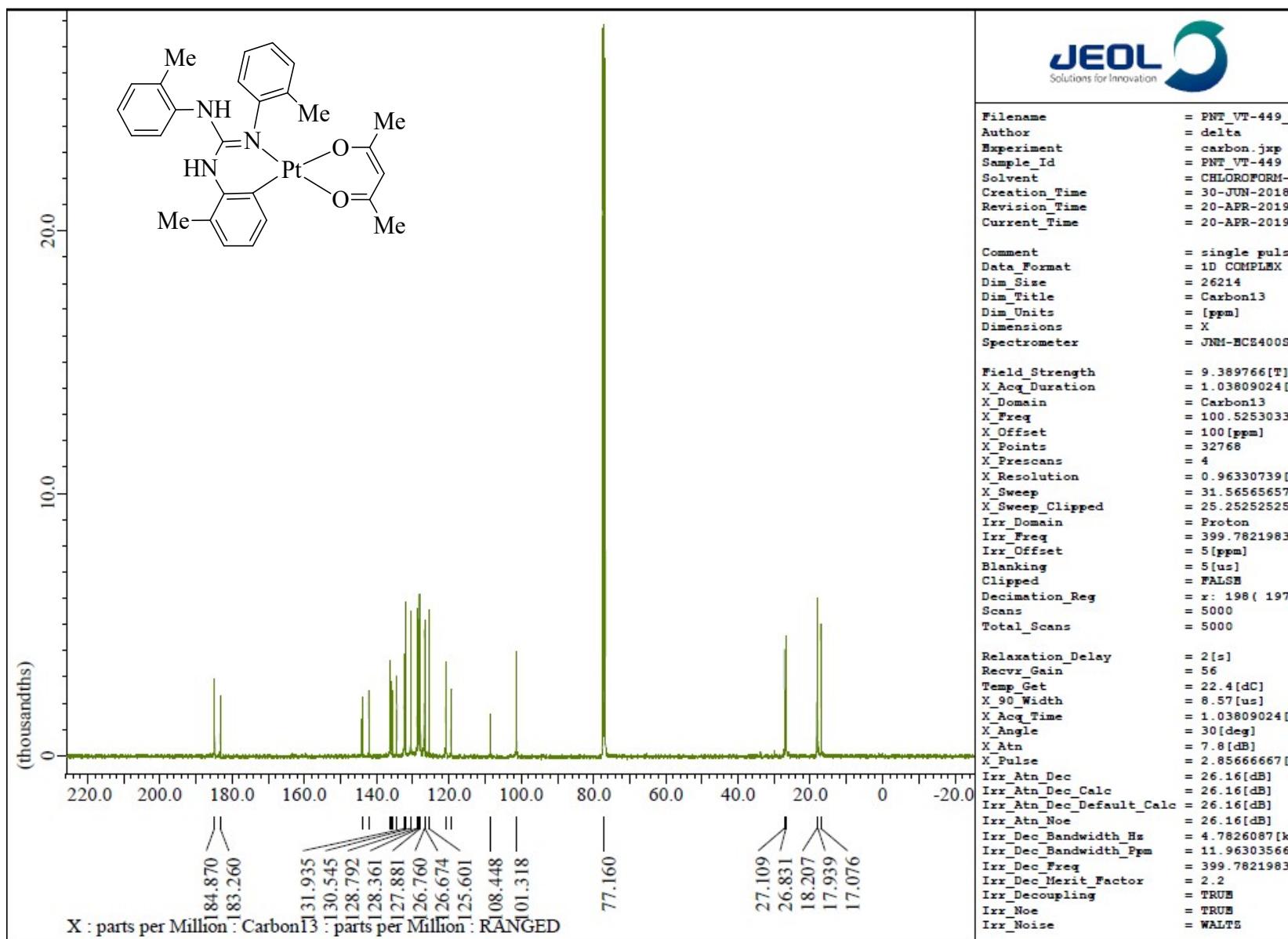


Fig. S86 $^{13}\text{C}\{\text{H}\}$ NMR (CDCl_3 , 100.5 MHz) spectrum of 11.

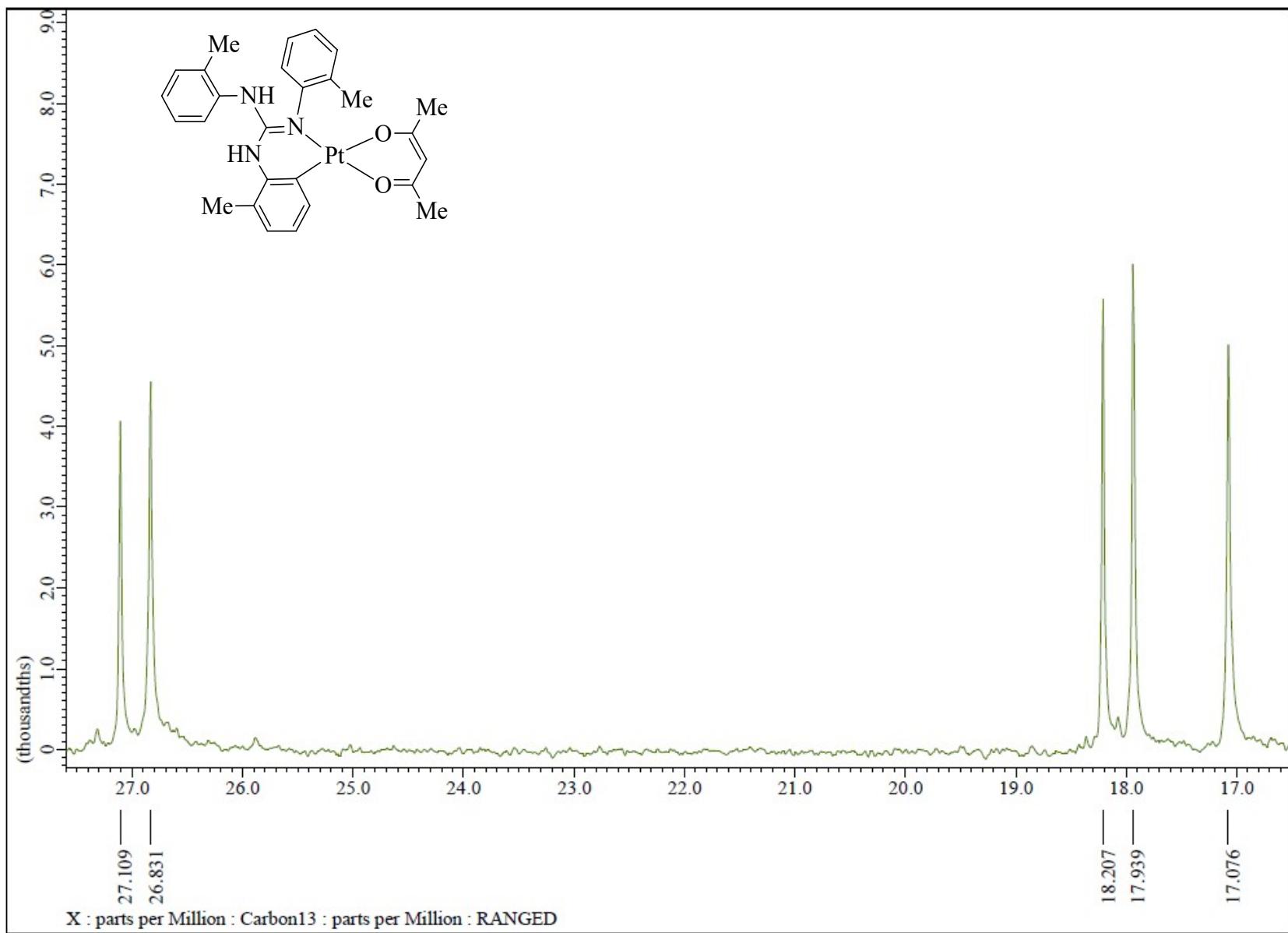


Fig. S87 $^{13}\text{C}\{\text{H}\}$ NMR (CDCl_3 , 100.5 MHz) spectrum of **11** in the indicated region.

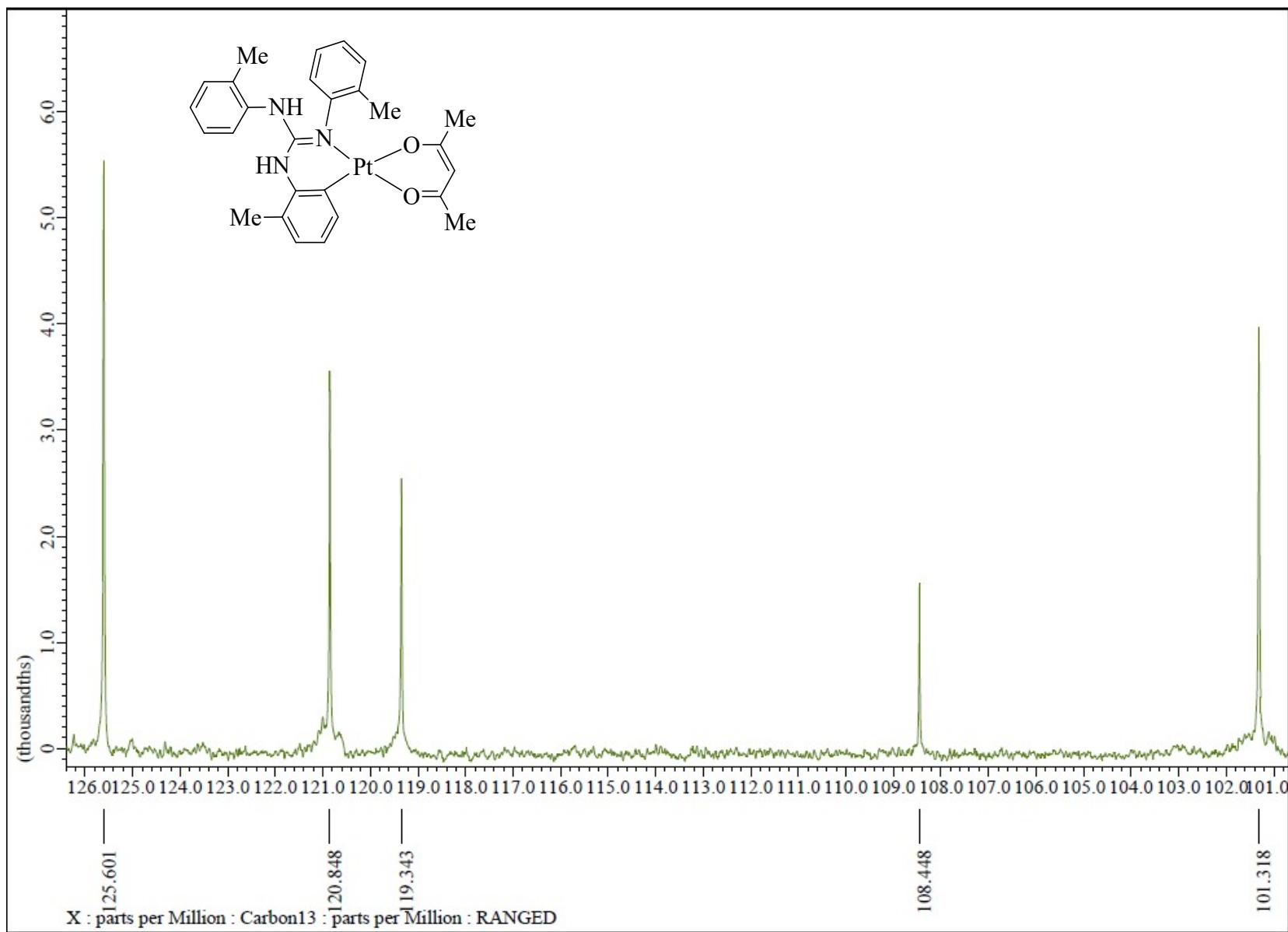


Fig. S88 $^{13}\text{C}\{\text{H}\}$ NMR (CDCl_3 , 100.5 MHz) spectrum of **11** in the indicated region.

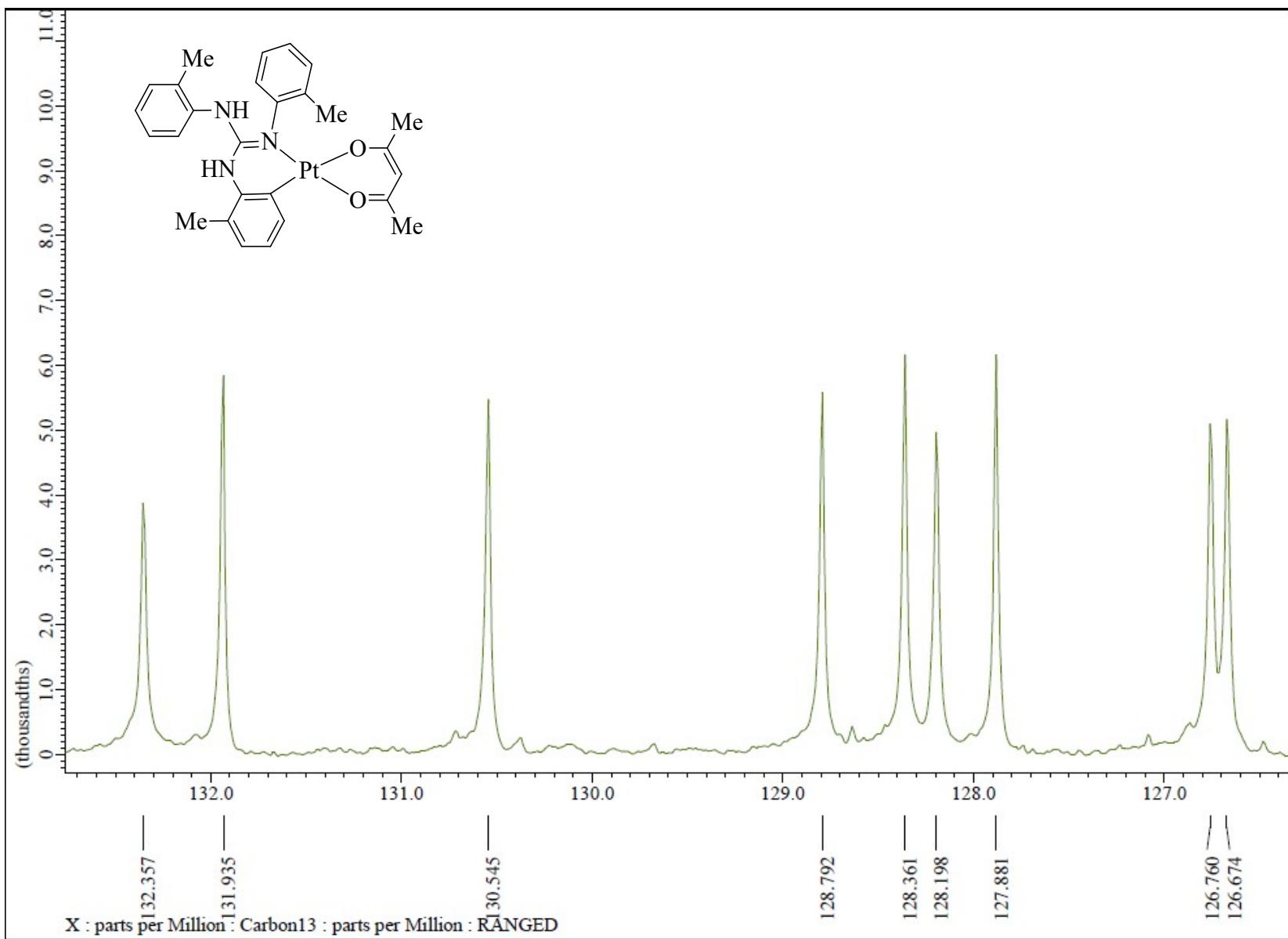


Fig. S89 $^{13}\text{C}\{\text{H}\}$ NMR (CDCl_3 , 100.5 MHz) spectrum of **11** in the indicated region.

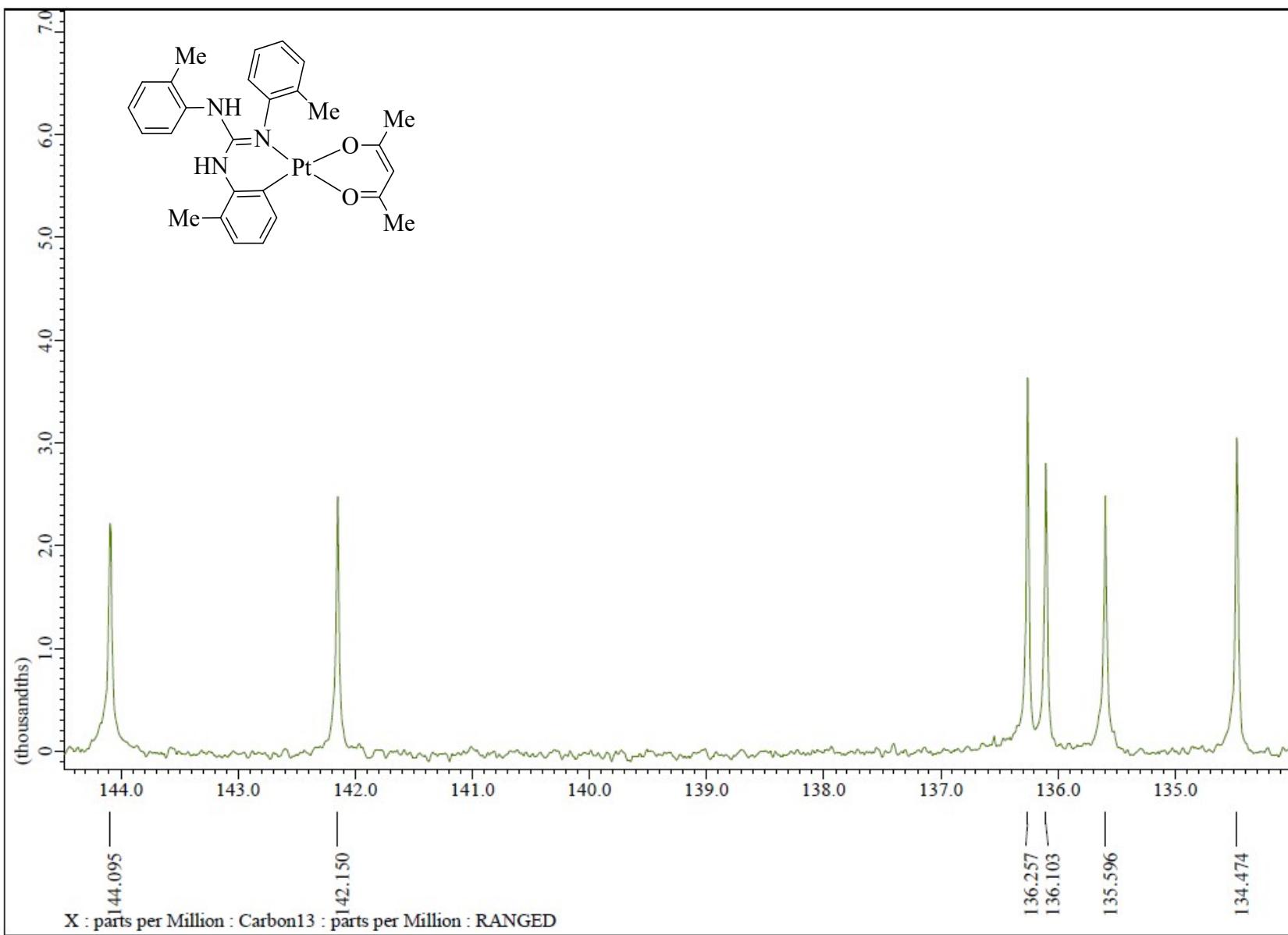


Fig. S90 $^{13}\text{C}\{\text{H}\}$ NMR (CDCl_3 , 100.5 MHz) spectrum of **11** in the indicated region.

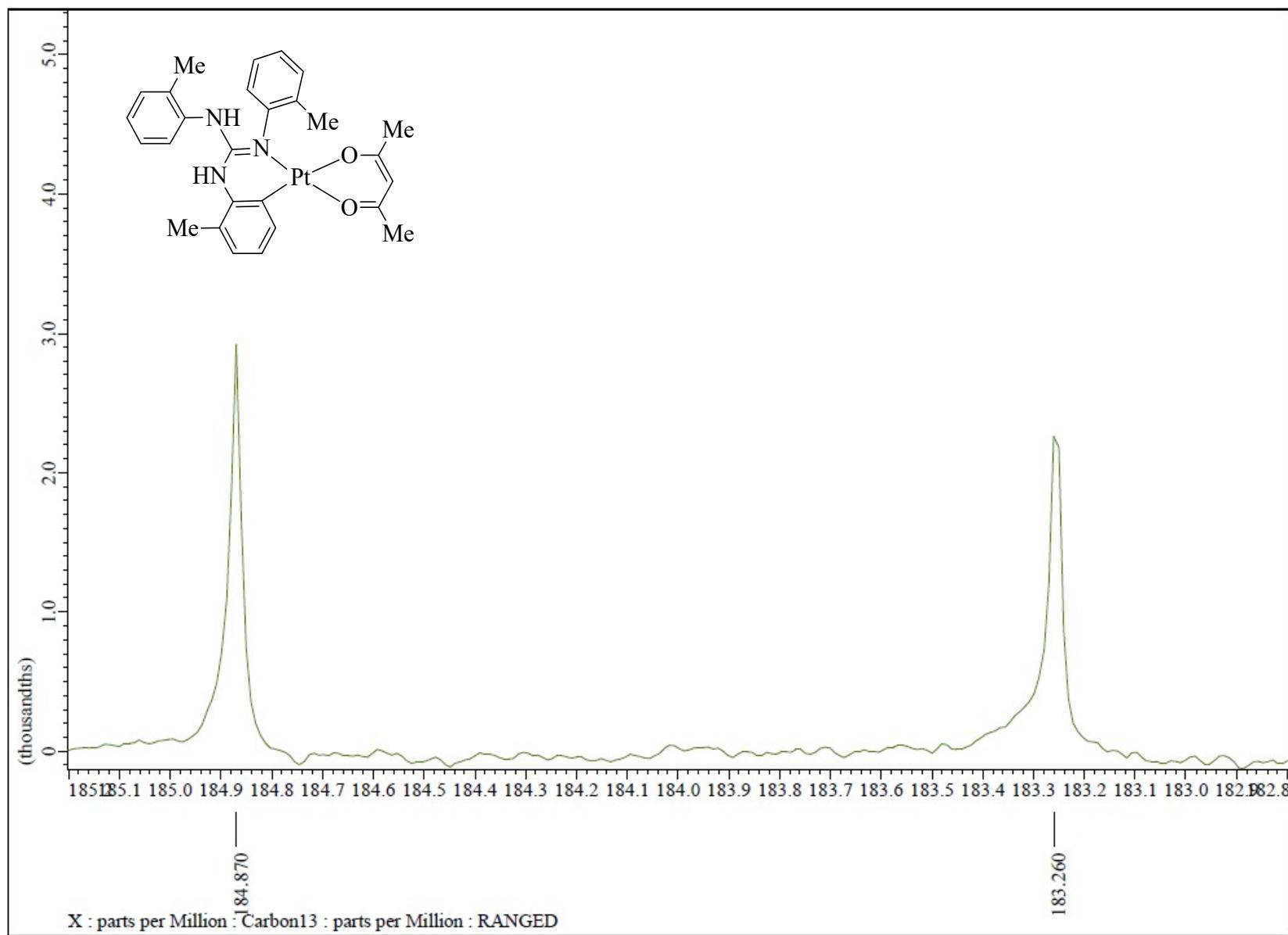


Fig. S91 $^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR (CDCl_3 , 100.5 MHz) spectrum of **11** in the indicated region.

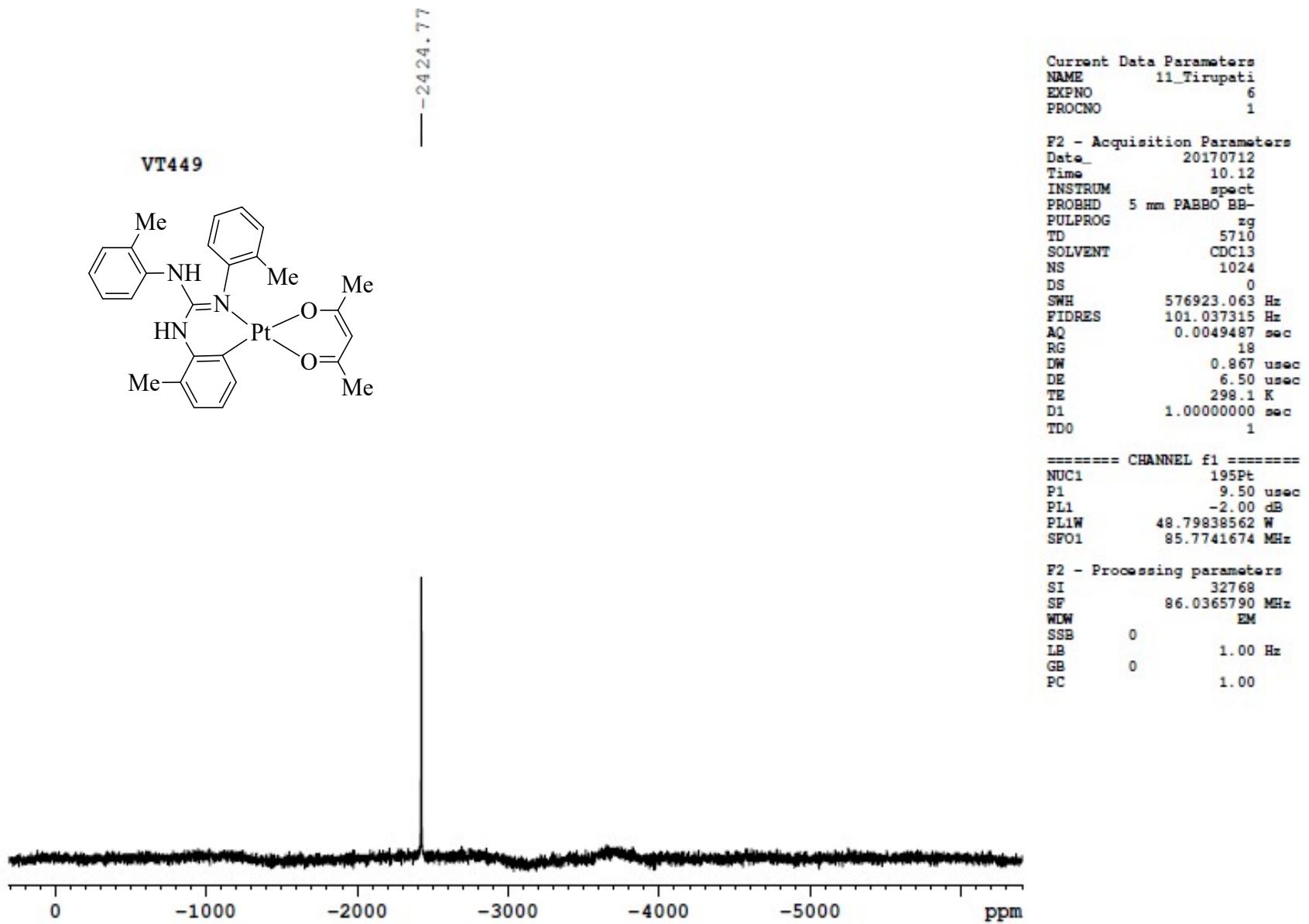


Fig. S92 $^{195}\text{Pt}\{{}^1\text{H}\}$ NMR (CDCl_3 , 85.8 MHz) spectrum of **11**.

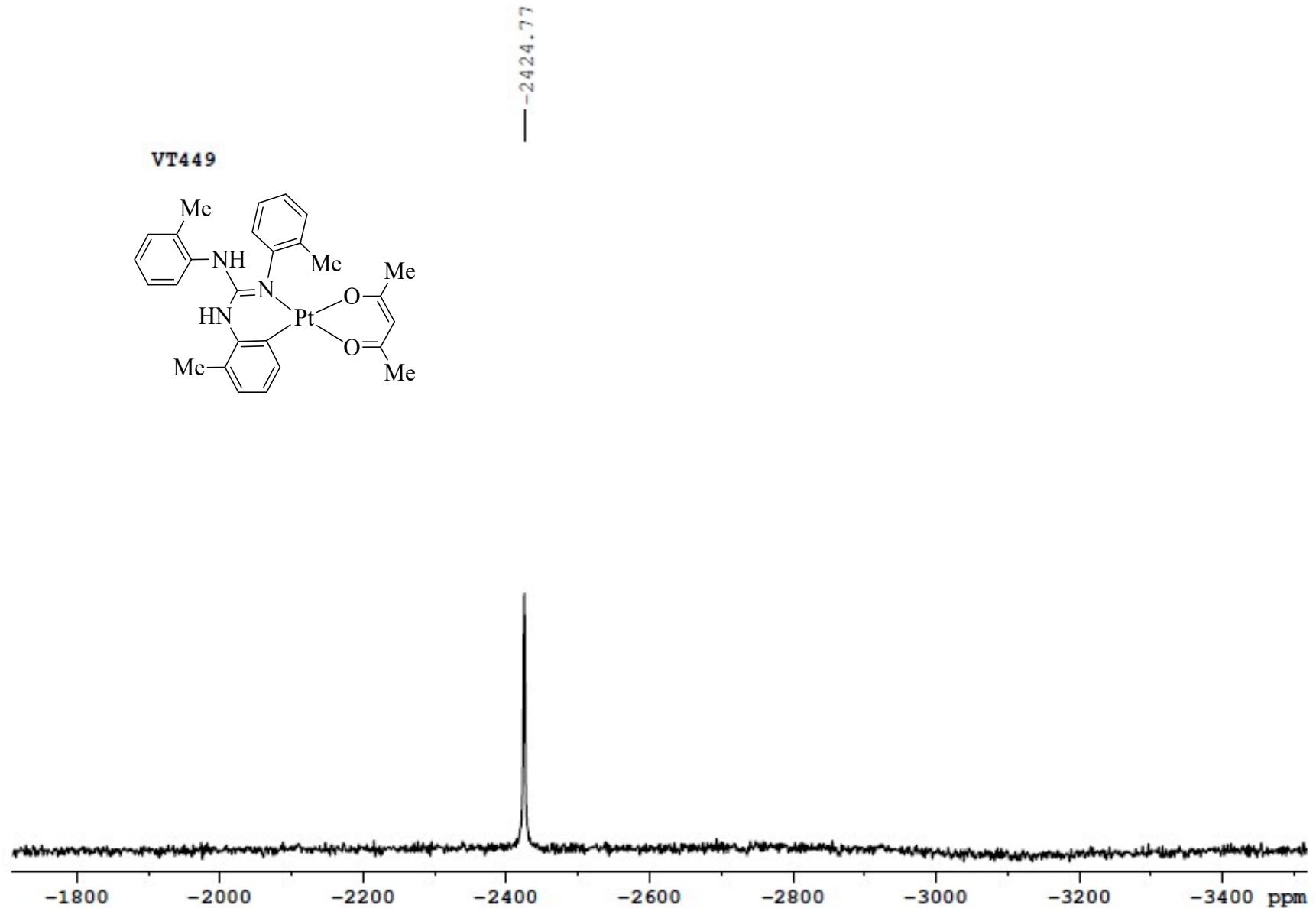
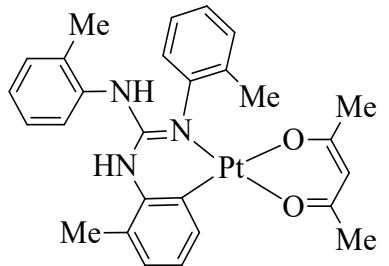
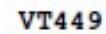


Fig. S93 $^{195}\text{Pt}\{\text{H}\}$ NMR (CDCl_3 , 85.8 MHz) spectrum of **11** in the indicated region.

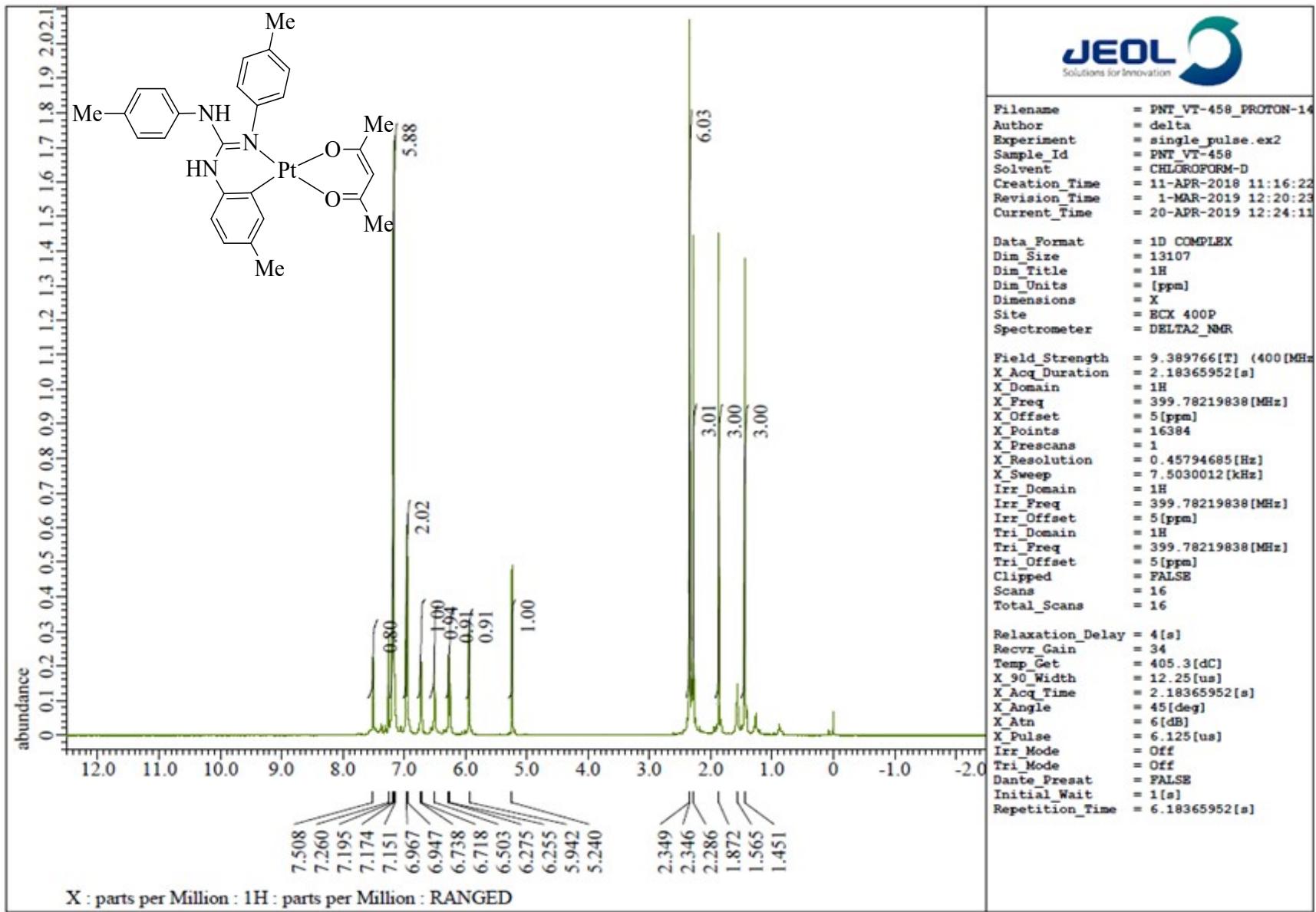


Fig. S94 ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 400 MHz) spectrum of 12.

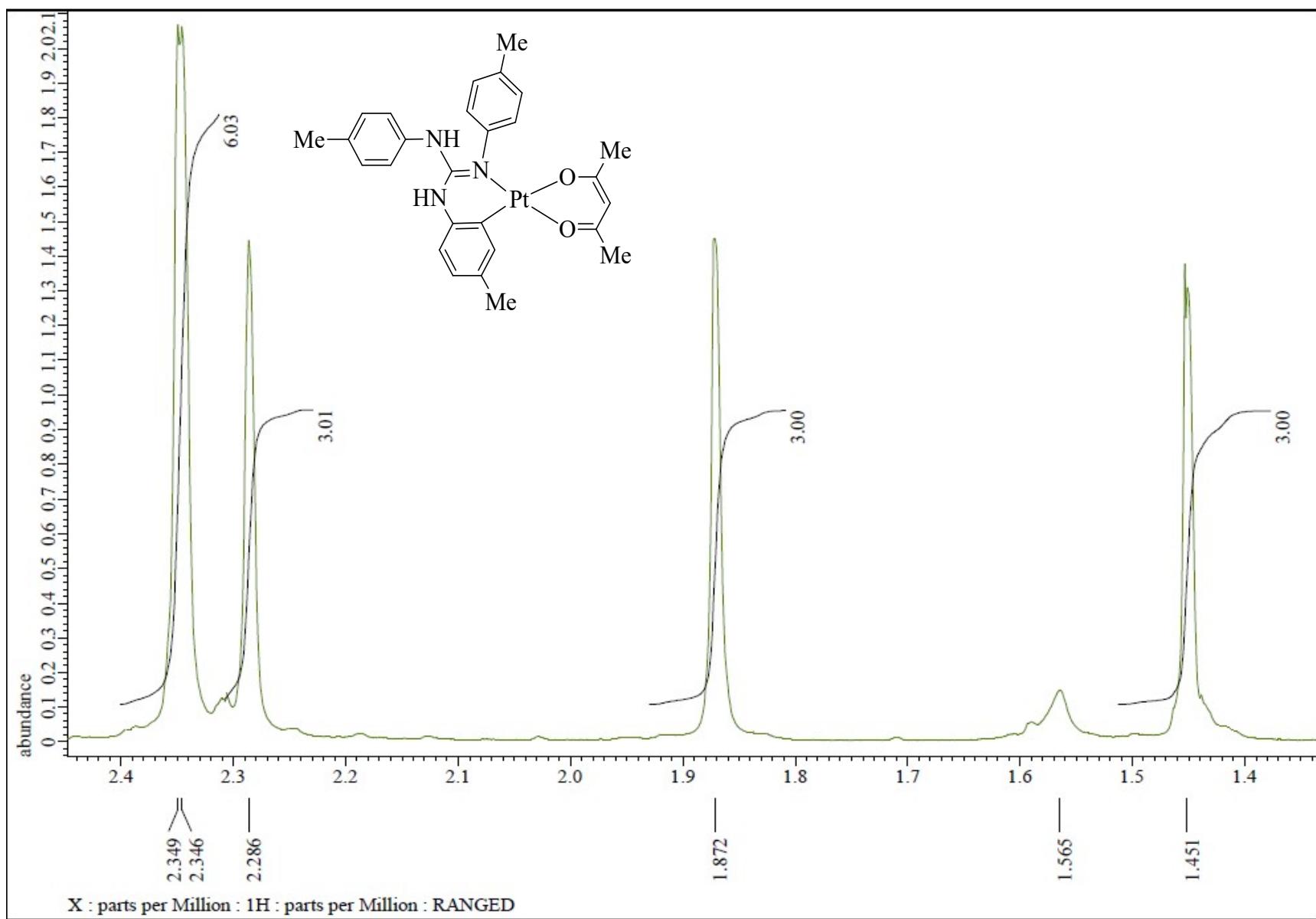


Fig. S95 ^1H NMR (CDCl_3 , 400 MHz) spectrum of **12** in the indicated region.

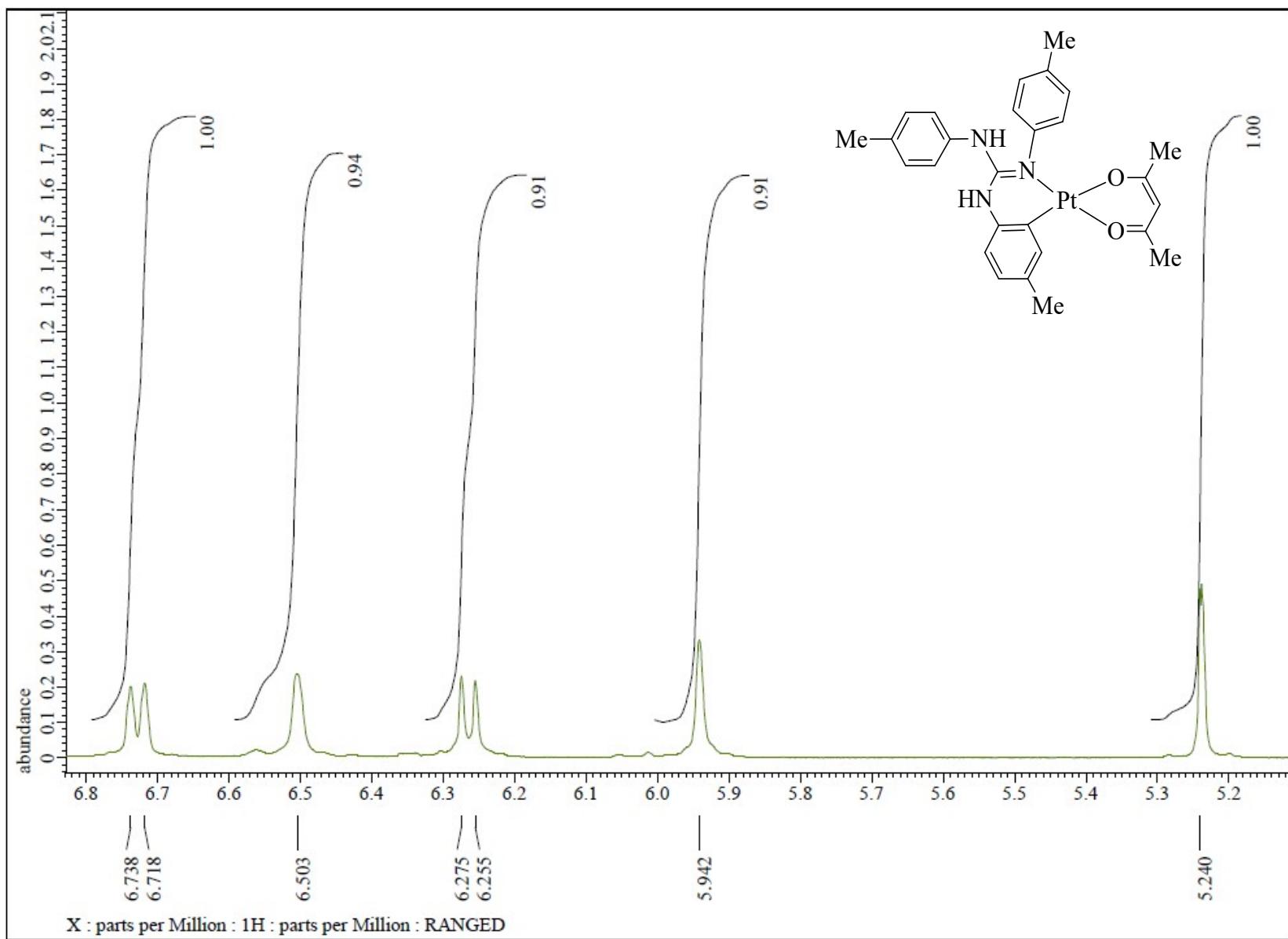


Fig. S96 ^1H NMR (CDCl_3 , 400 MHz) spectrum of **12** in the indicated region.

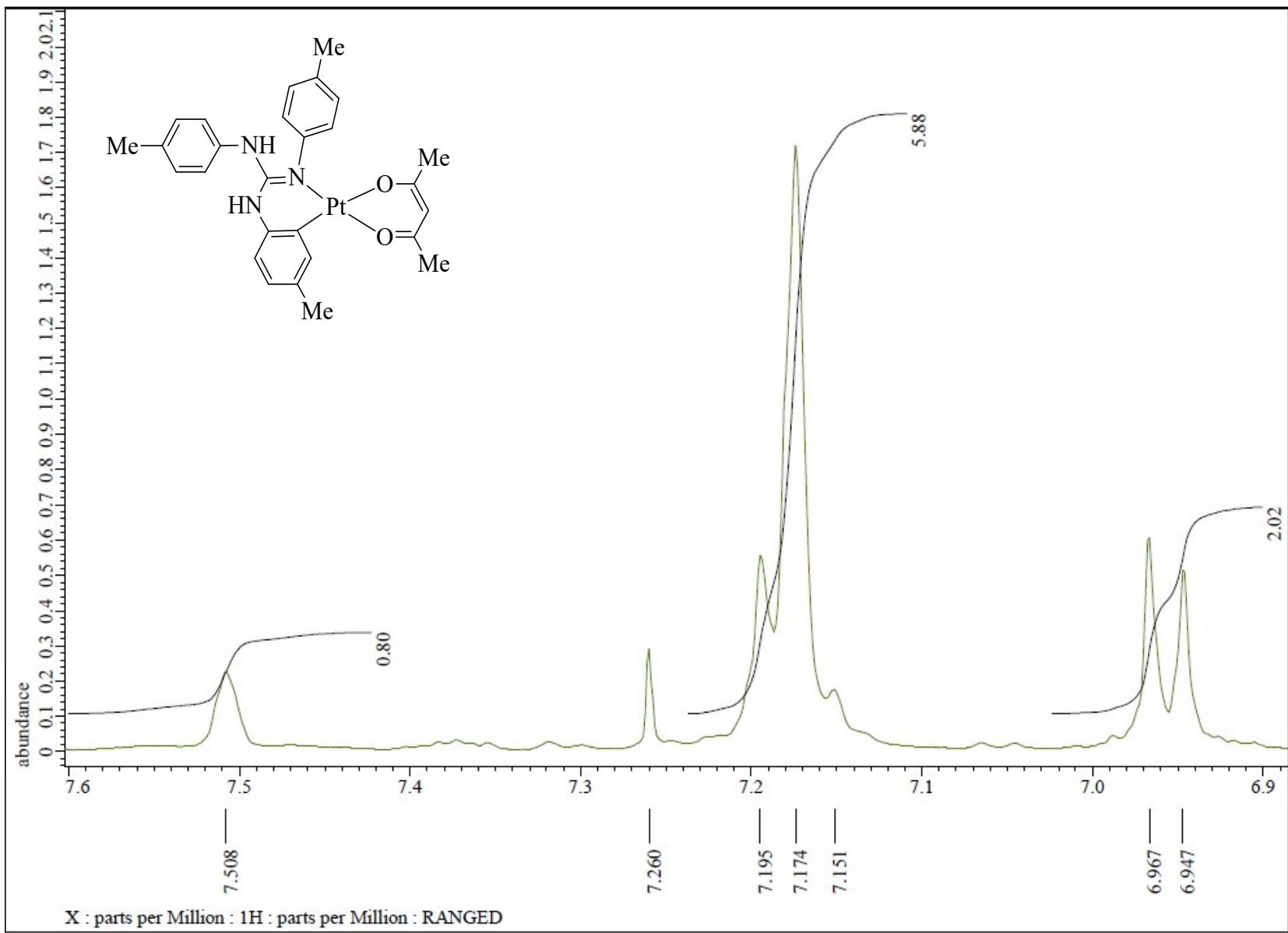


Fig. S97 ^1H NMR (CDCl_3 , 400 MHz) spectrum of **12** in the indicated region.

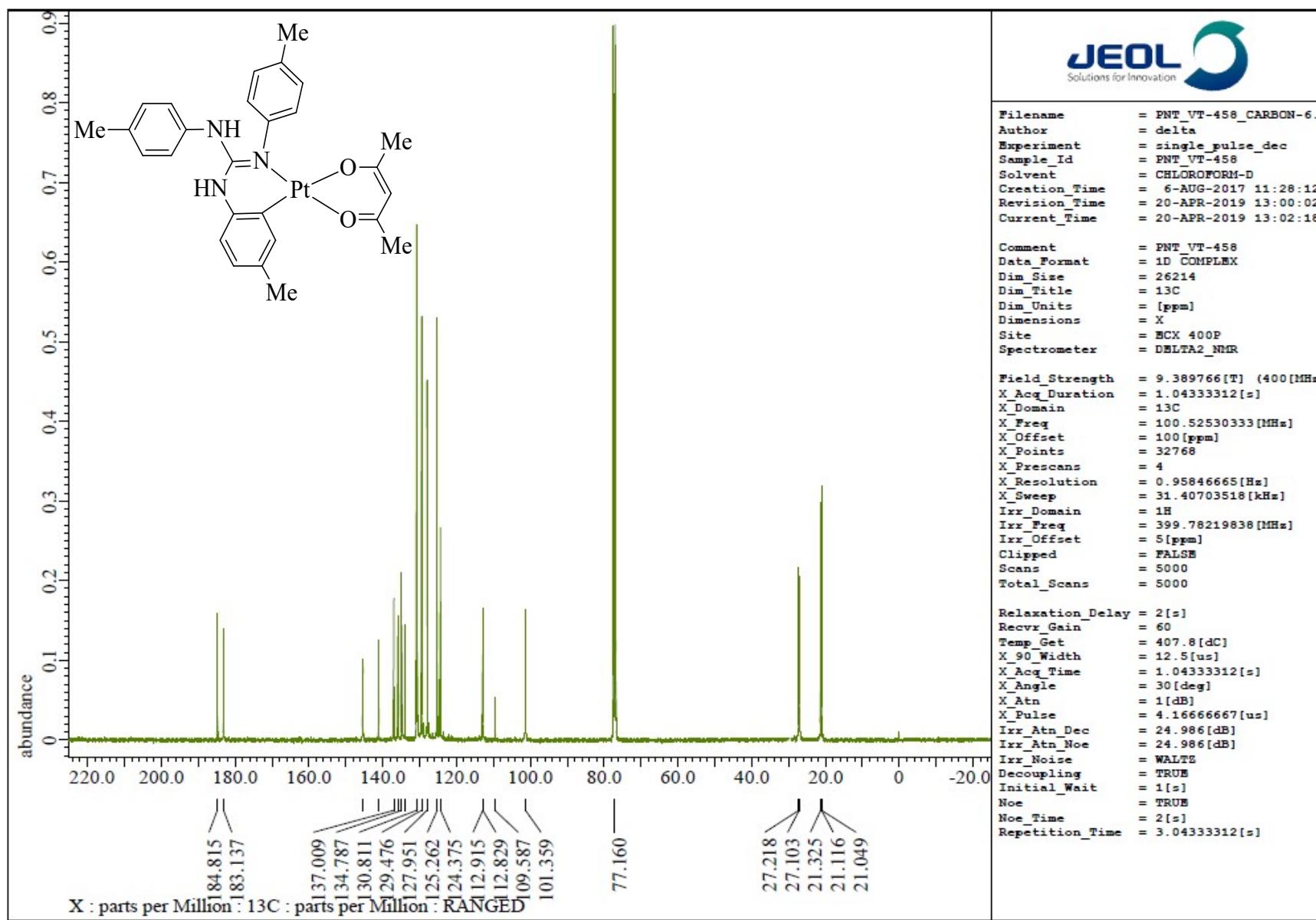


Fig. S98 $^{13}\text{C}\{\text{H}\}$ NMR (CDCl_3 , 100.5 MHz) spectrum of **12**.

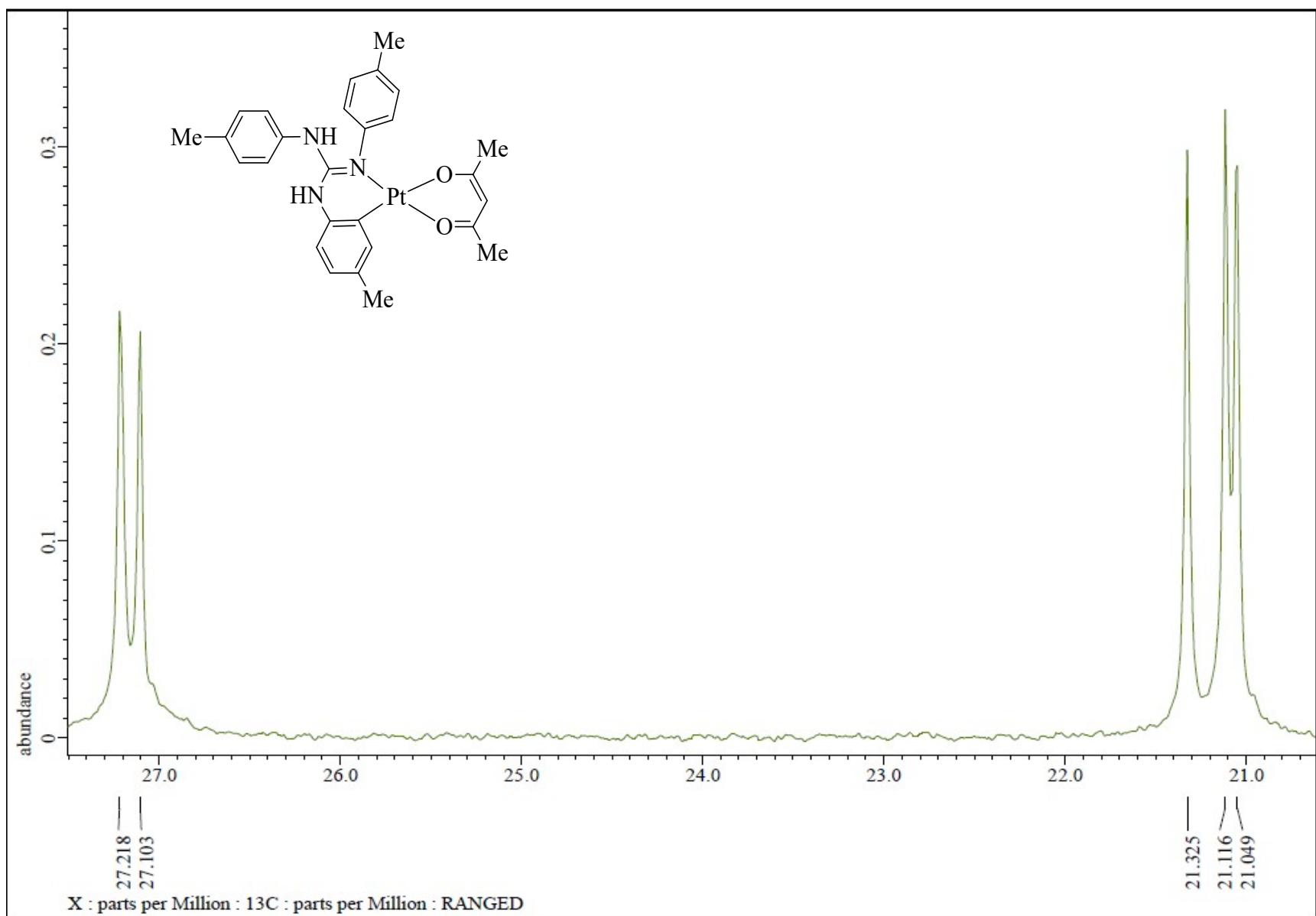


Fig. S99 $^{13}\text{C}\{\text{H}\}$ NMR (CDCl_3 , 100.5 MHz) spectrum of **12** in the indicated region.

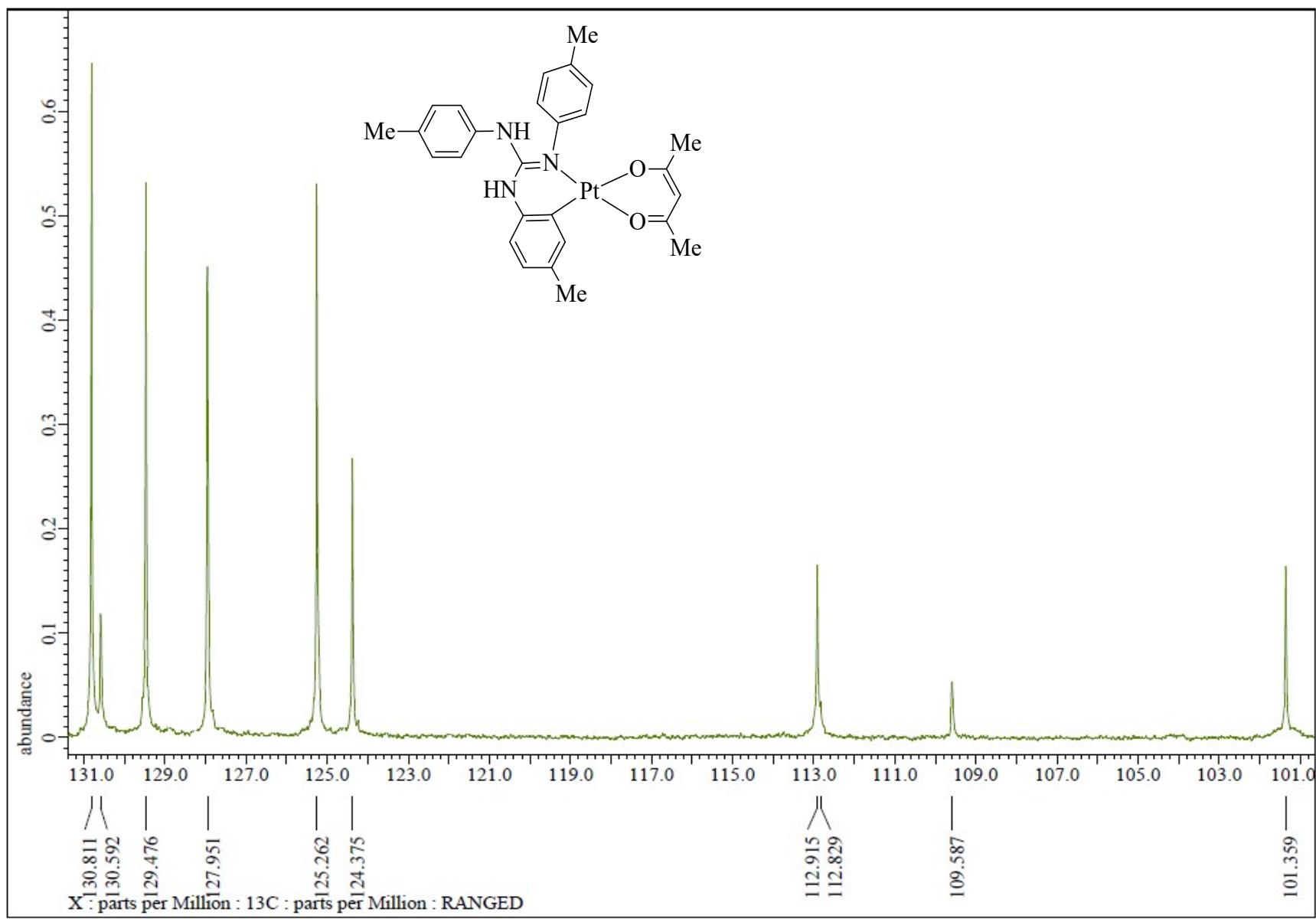


Fig. S100 $^{13}\text{C}\{\text{H}\}$ NMR (CDCl_3 , 100.5 MHz) spectrum of **12** in the indicated region.

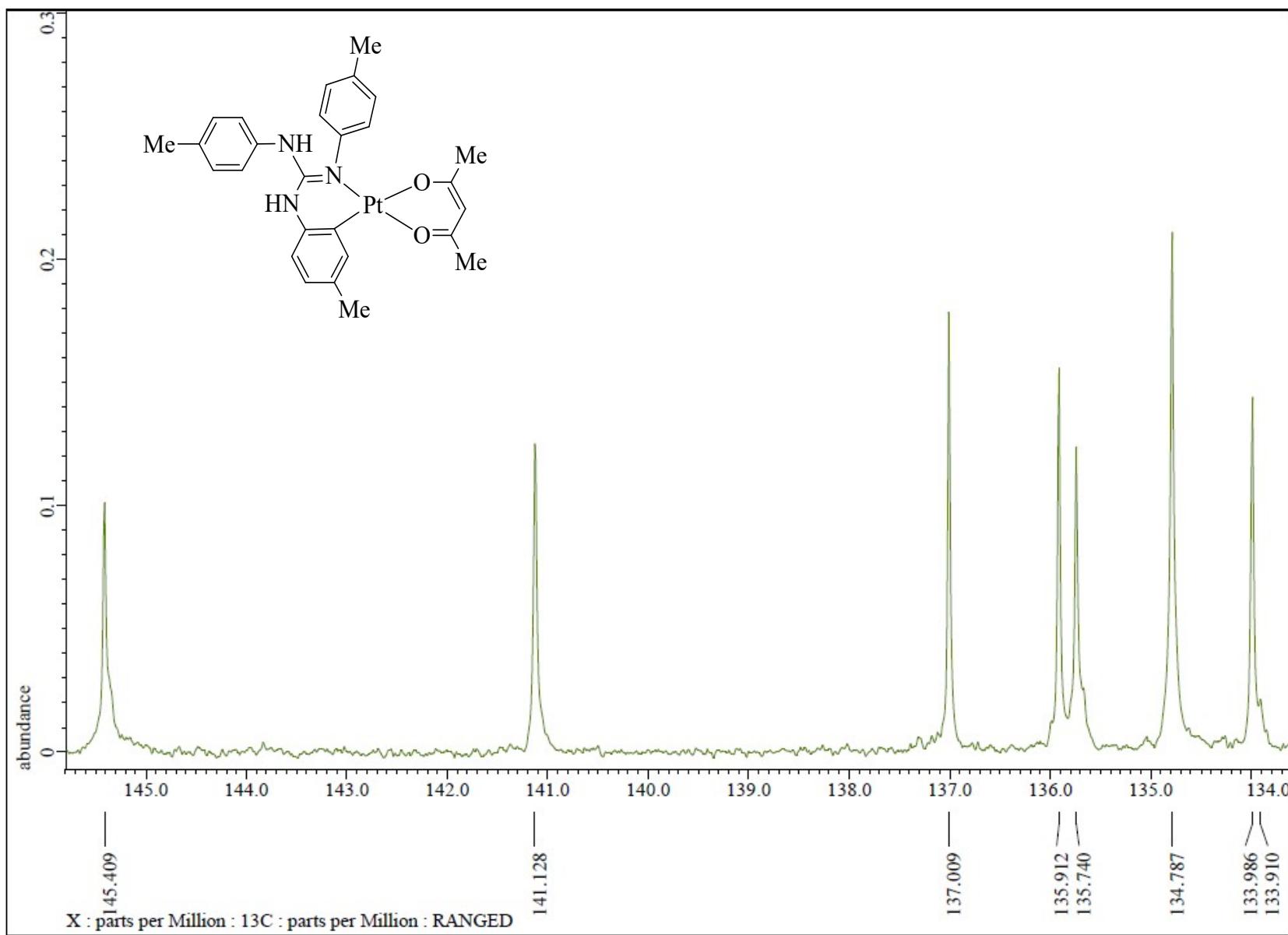


Fig. S101 $^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR (CDCl_3 , 100.5 MHz) spectrum of **12** in the indicated region.

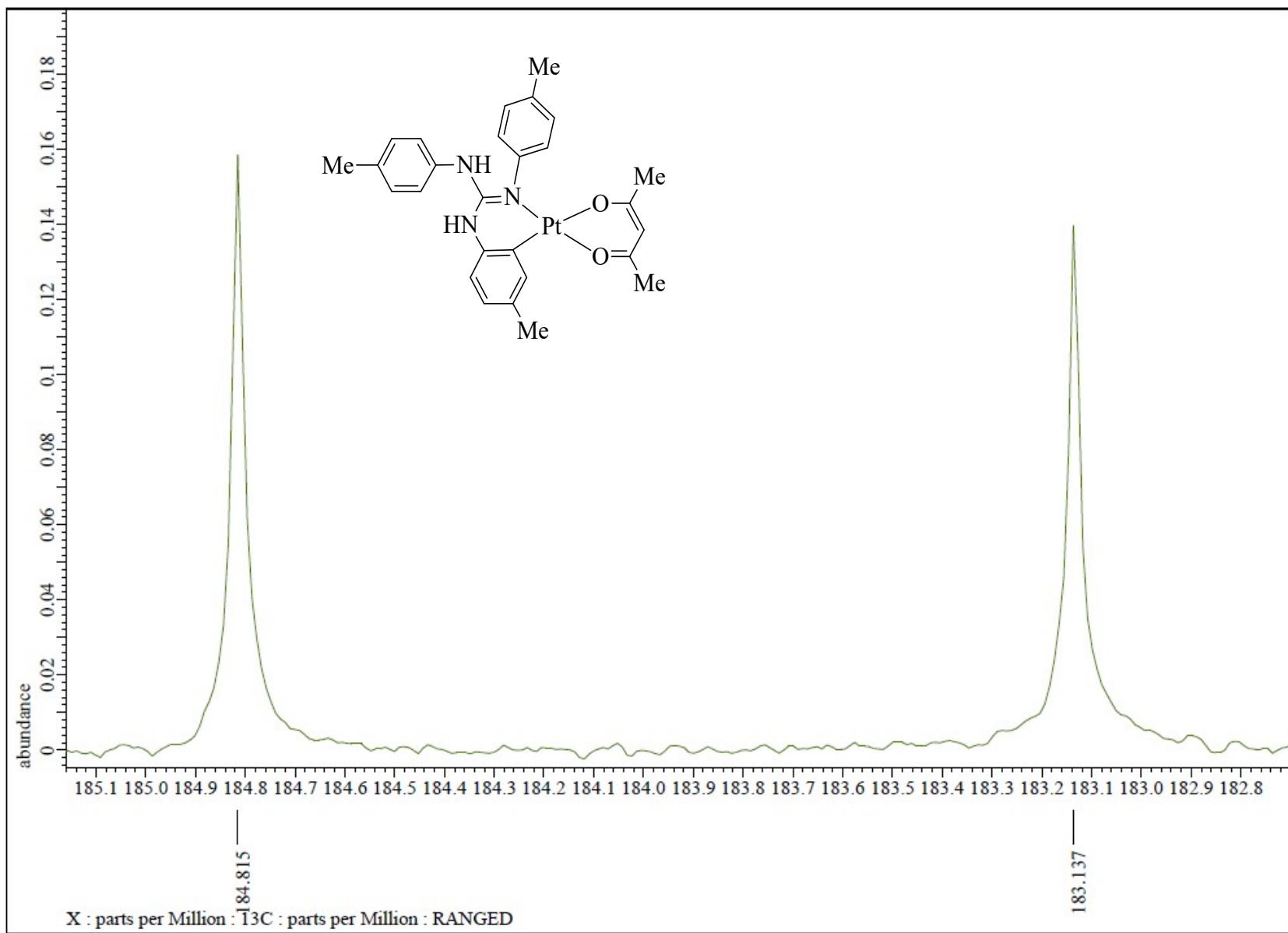


Fig. S102 $^{13}\text{C}\{\text{H}\}$ NMR (CDCl_3 , 100.5 MHz) spectrum of **12** in the indicated region.

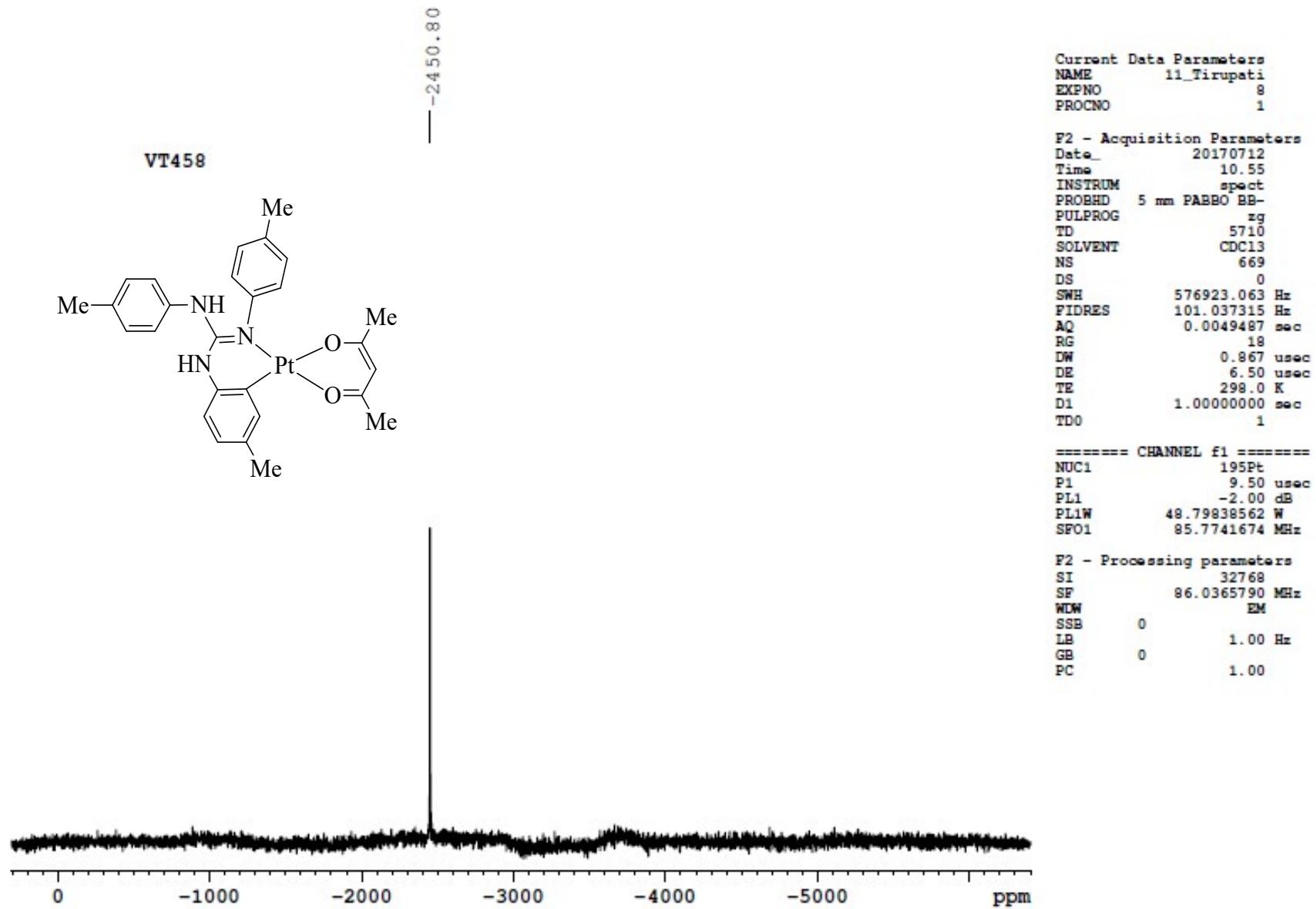


Fig. S103 $^{195}\text{Pt}\{\text{H}\}$ NMR (CDCl_3 , 85.8 MHz) spectrum of **12**.

VT458

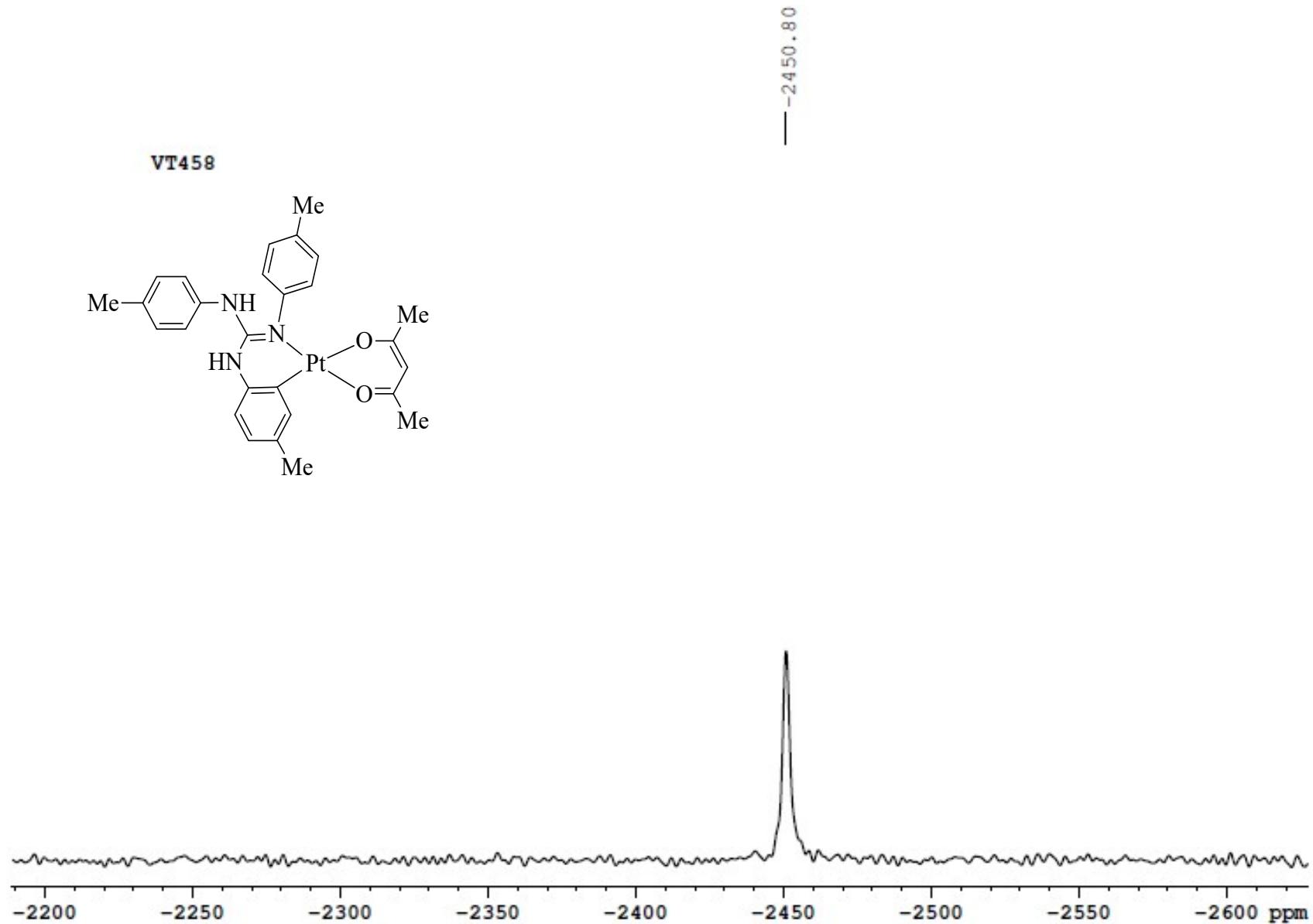
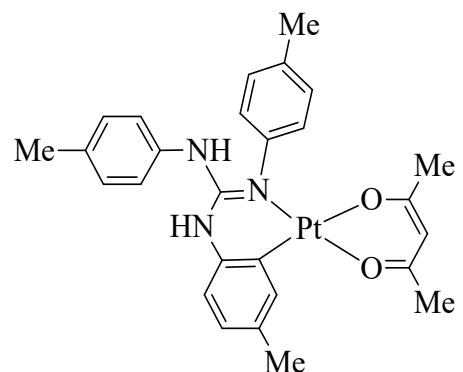


Fig. S104 $^{195}\text{Pt}\{\text{H}\}$ NMR (CDCl_3 , 85.8 MHz) spectrum of **12** in the indicated region.

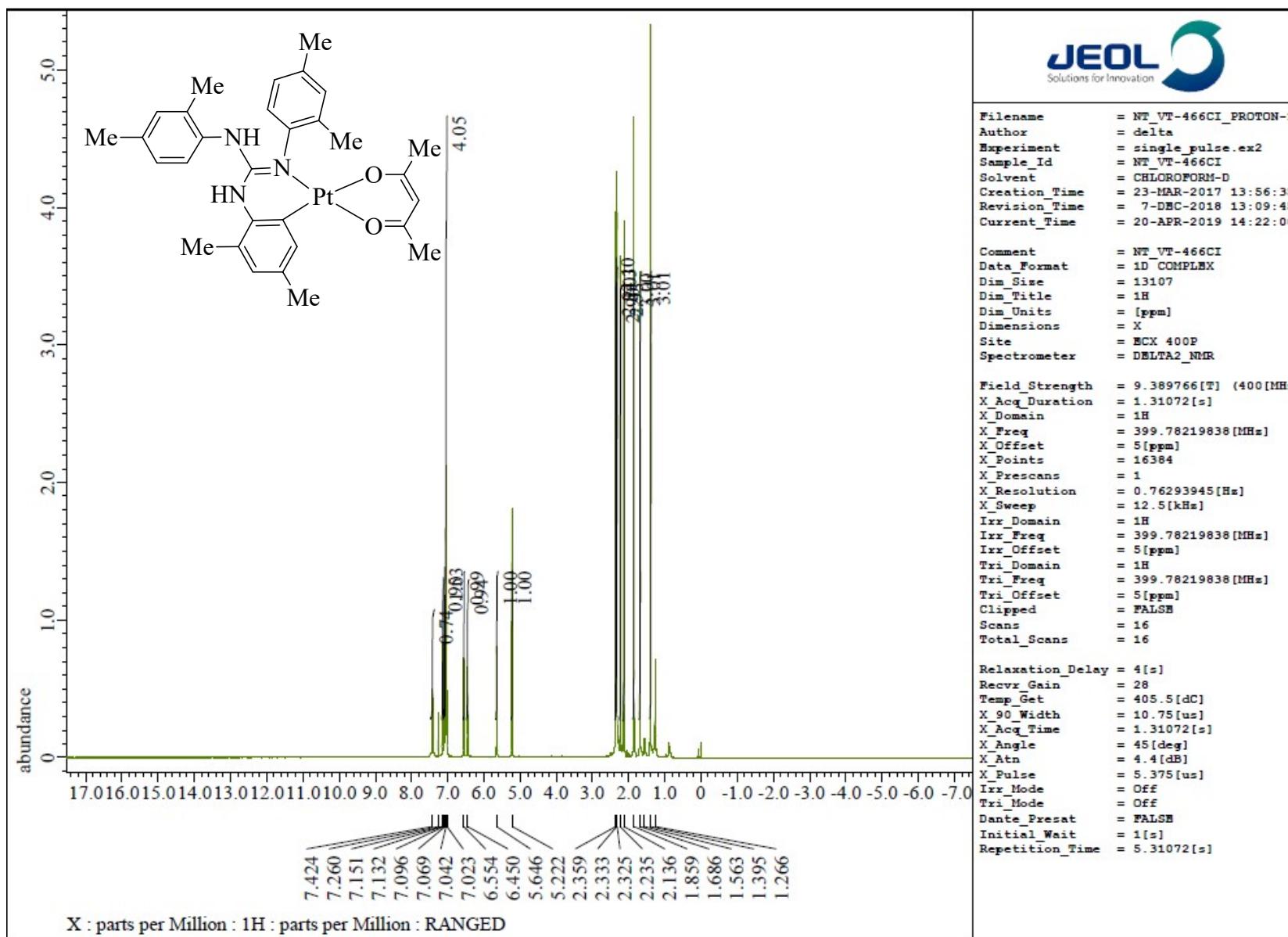


Fig. S105 ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 400 MHz) spectrum of 13.

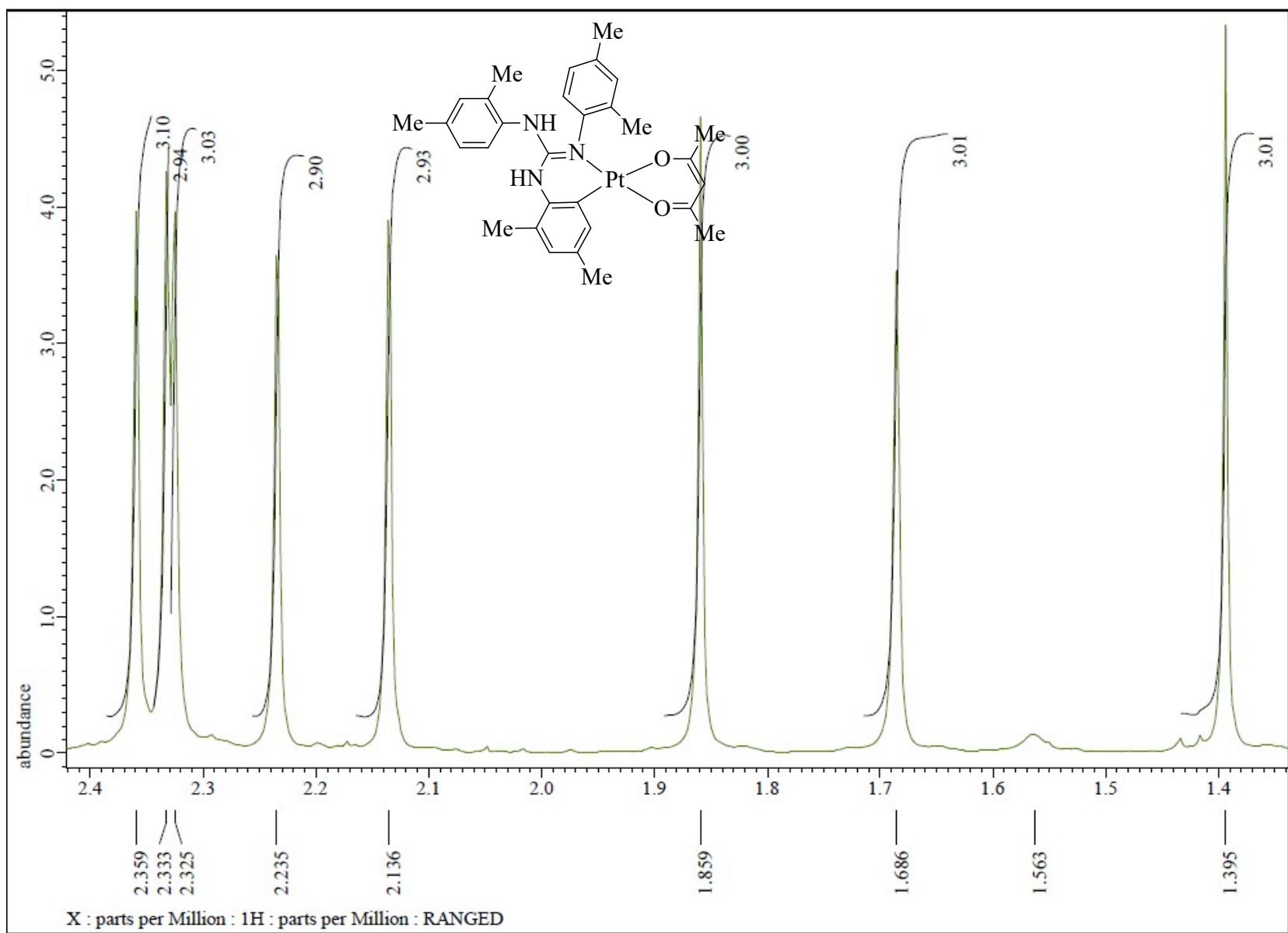


Fig. S106 ^1H NMR (CDCl_3 , 400 MHz) spectrum of **13** in the indicated region.

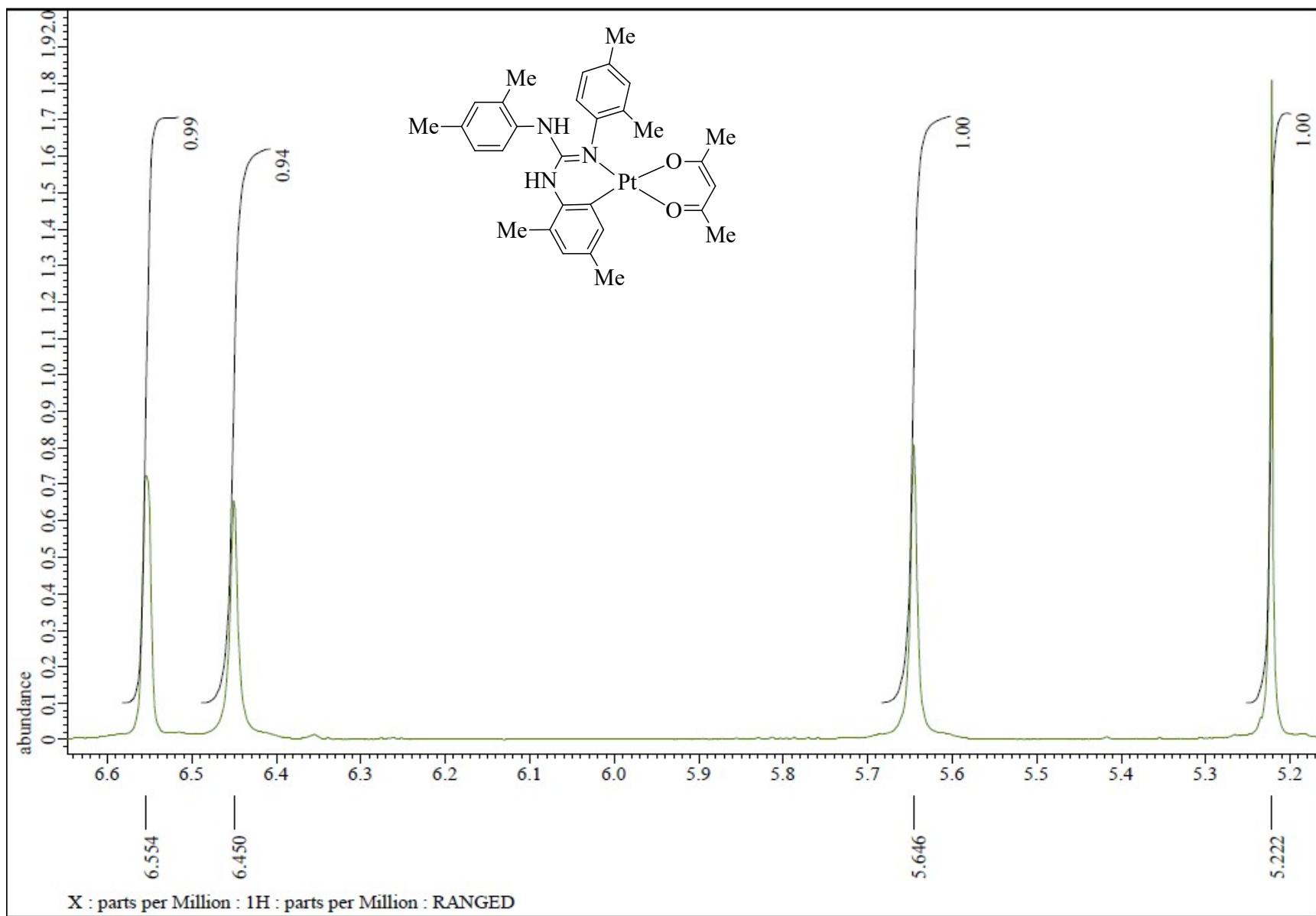


Fig. S107 ^1H NMR (CDCl_3 , 400 MHz) spectrum of **13** in the indicated region.

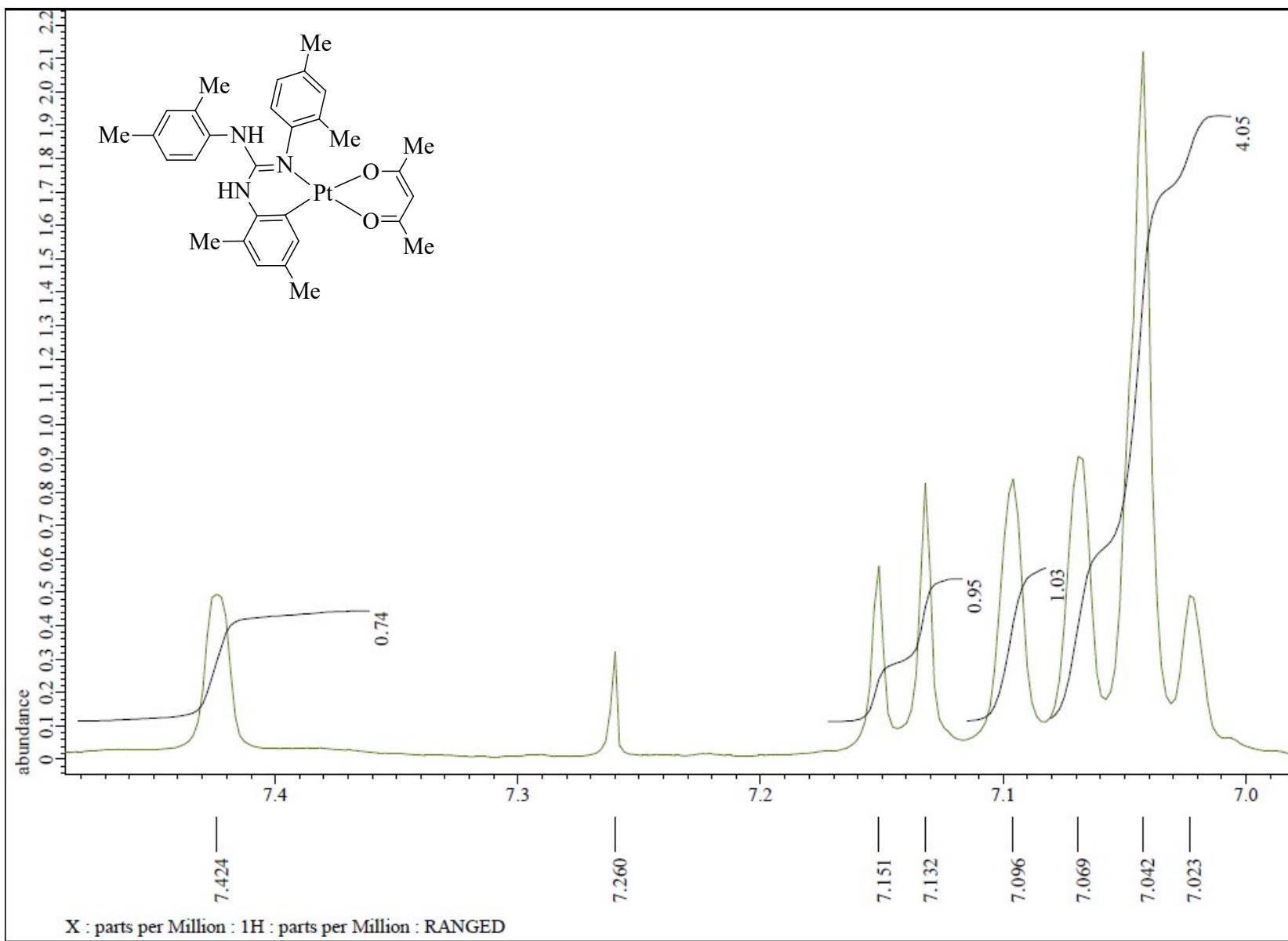


Fig. S108 ^1H NMR (CDCl_3 , 400 MHz) spectrum of **13** in the indicated region.

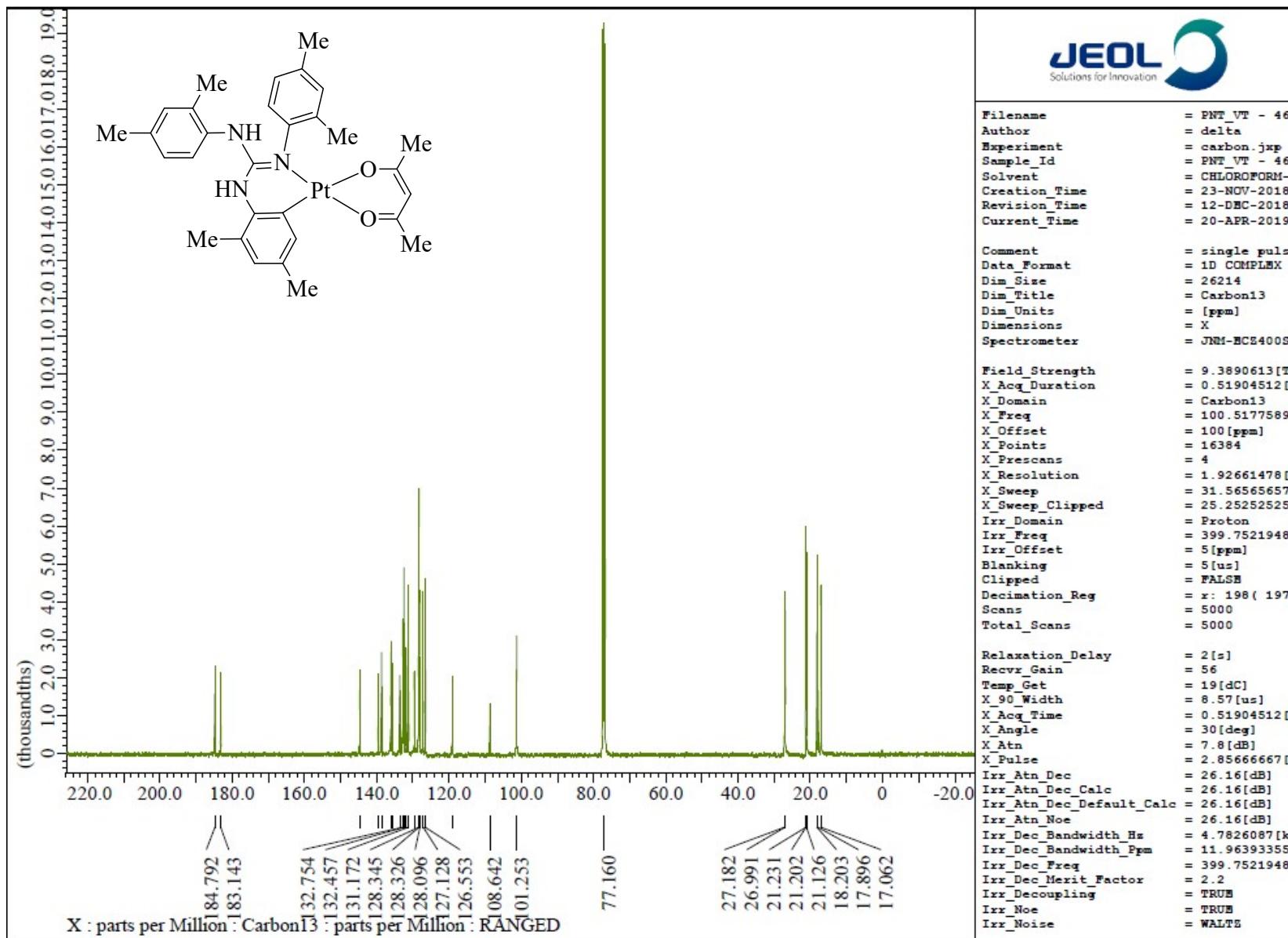


Fig. S109 $^{13}\text{C}\{\text{H}\}$ NMR (CDCl_3 , 100.5 MHz) spectrum of 13.

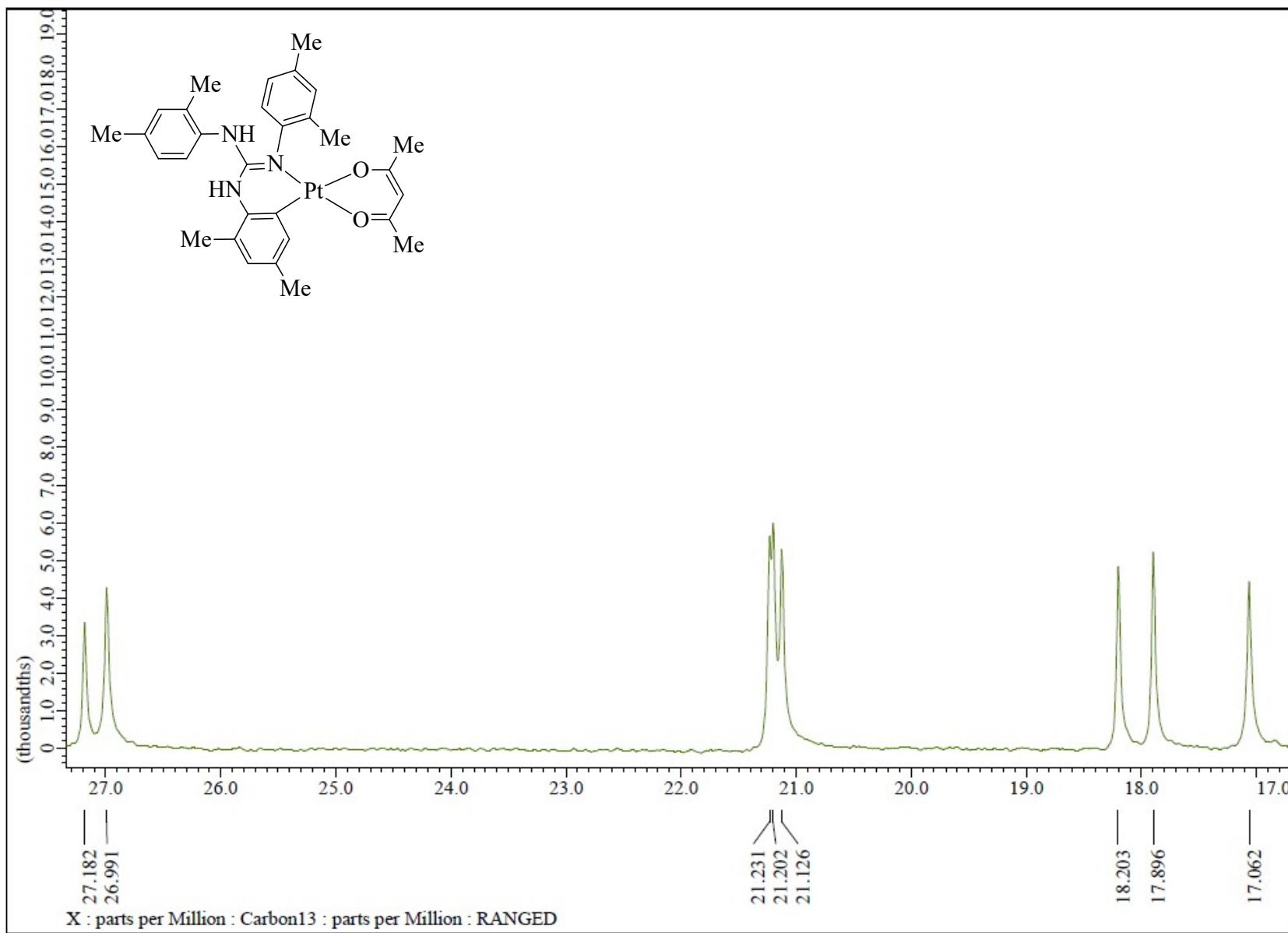


Fig. S110 $^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR (CDCl_3 , 100.5 MHz) spectrum of **13** in the indicated region.

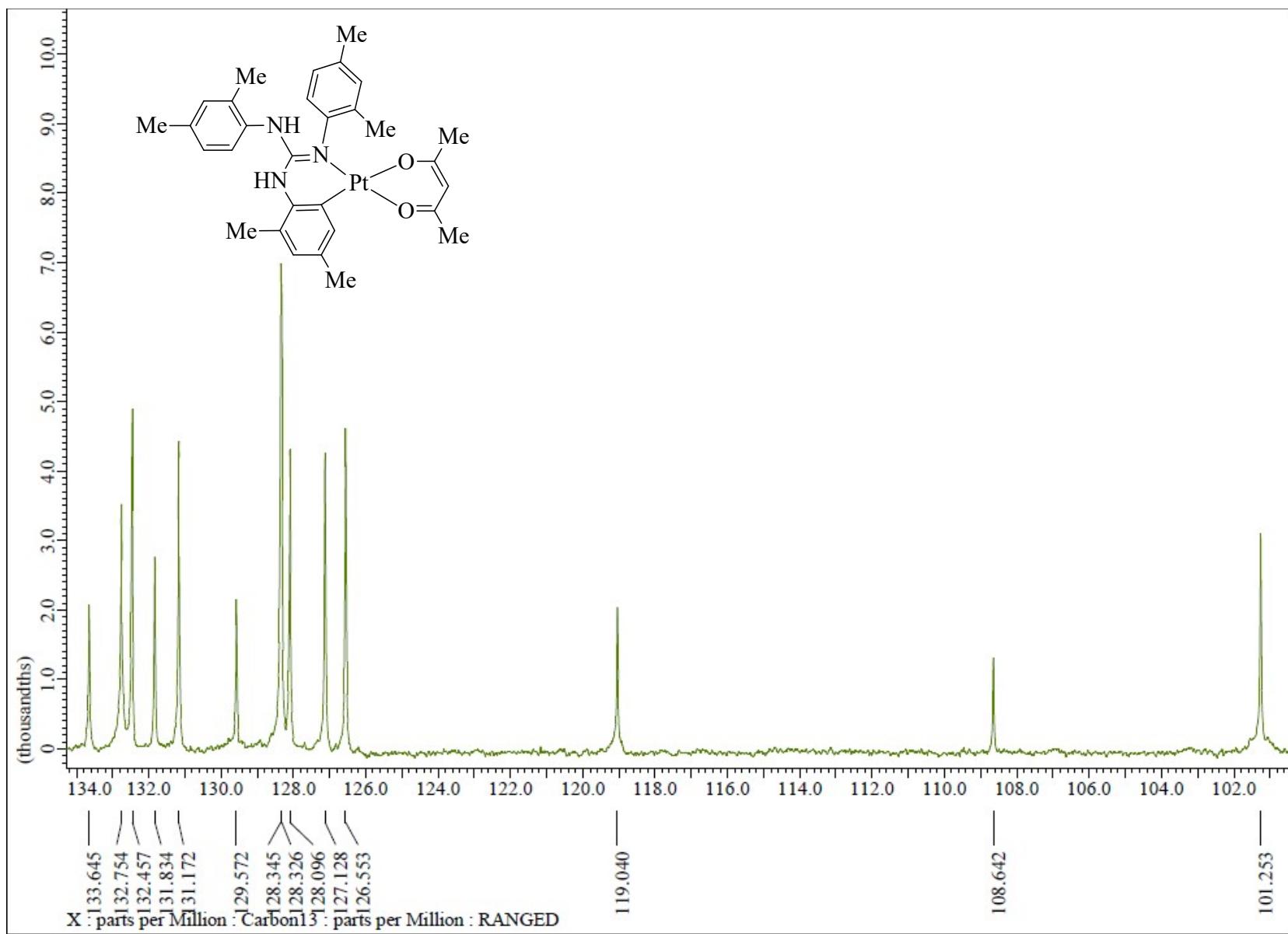


Fig. S111 $^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR (CDCl_3 , 100.5 MHz) spectrum of **13** in the indicated region.

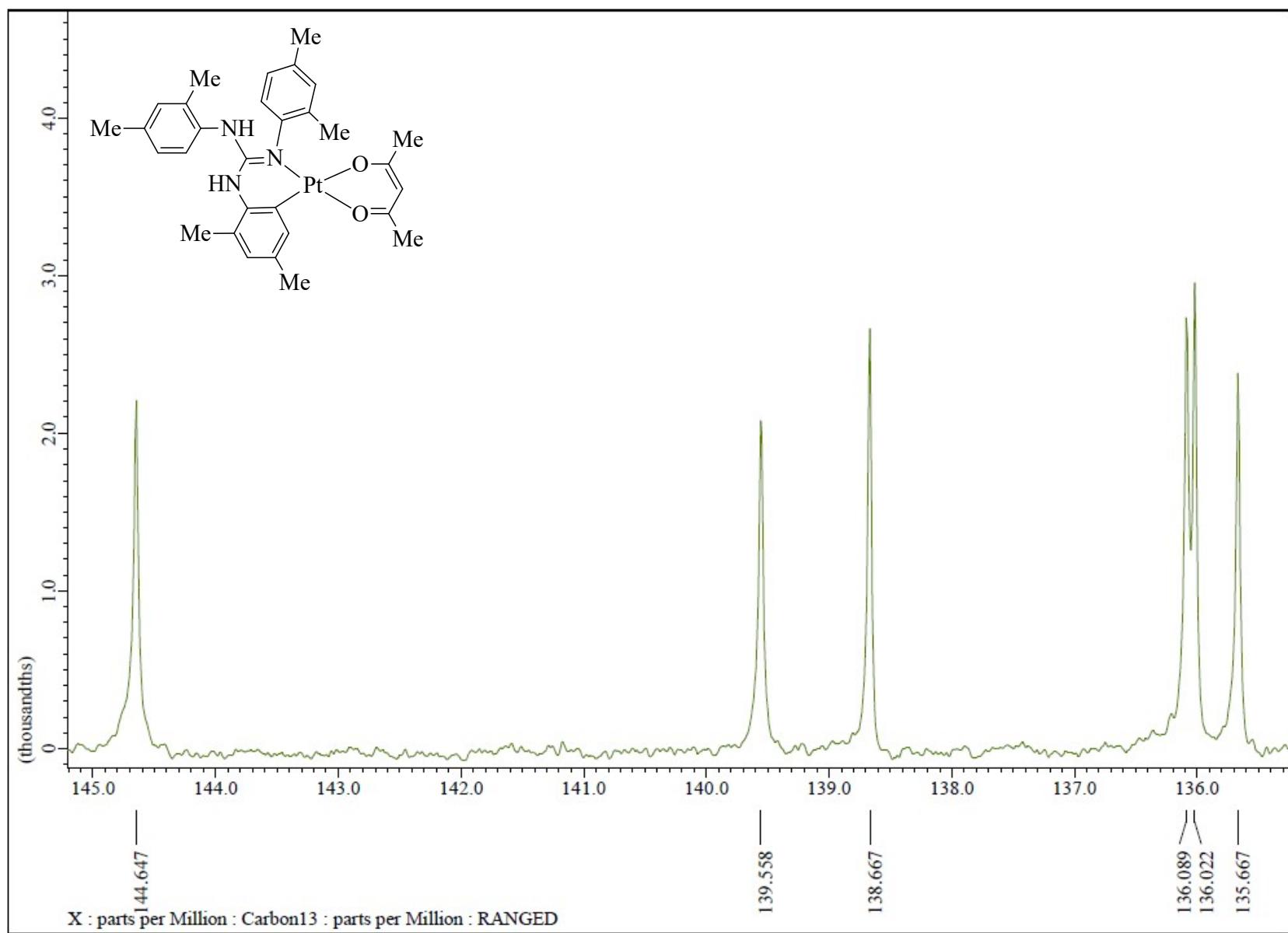


Fig. S112 $^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR (CDCl_3 , 100.5 MHz) spectrum of **13** in the indicated region.

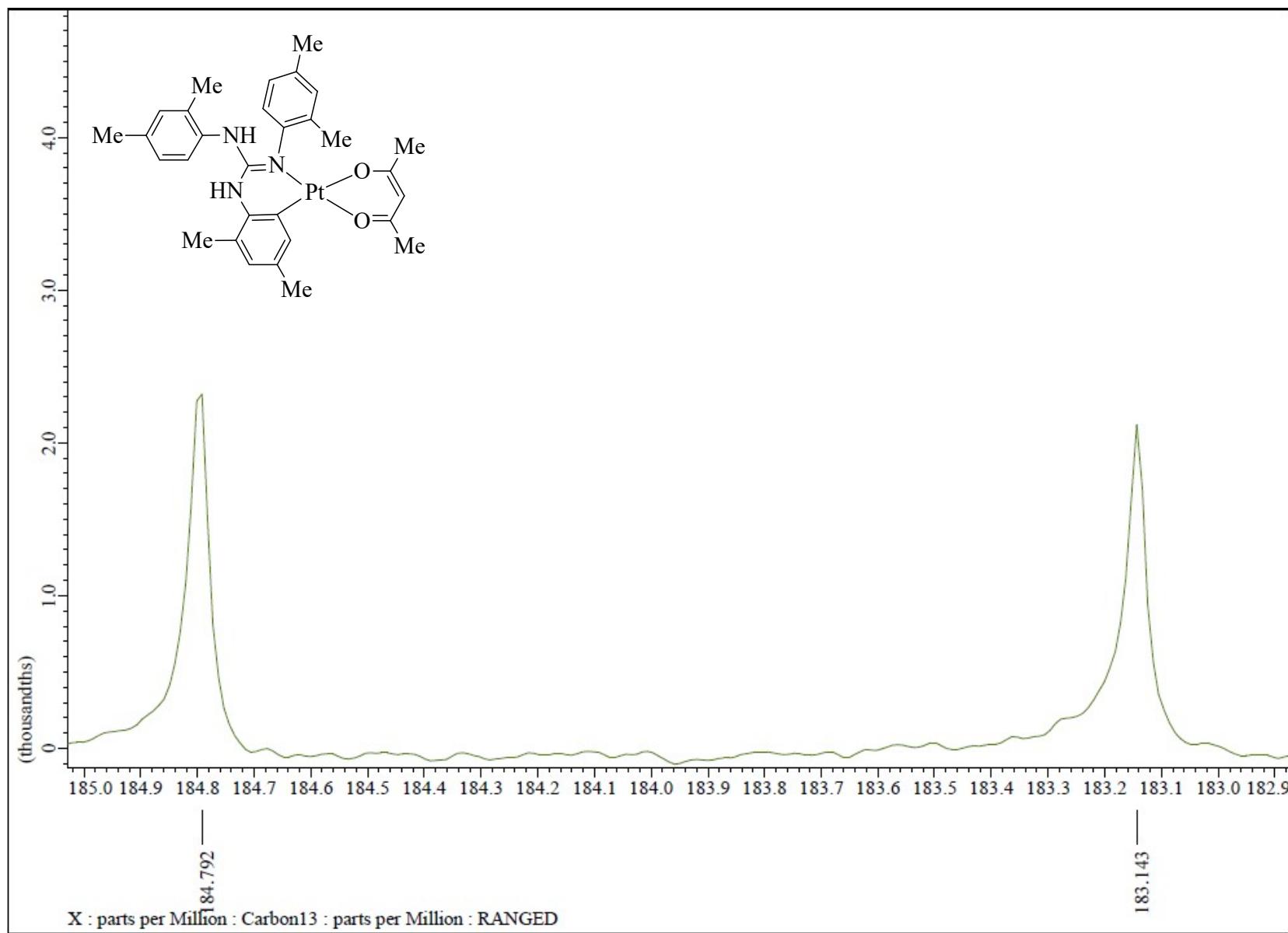


Fig. S113 $^{13}\text{C}\{\text{H}\}$ NMR (CDCl_3 , 100.5 MHz) spectrum of 13 in the indicated region.

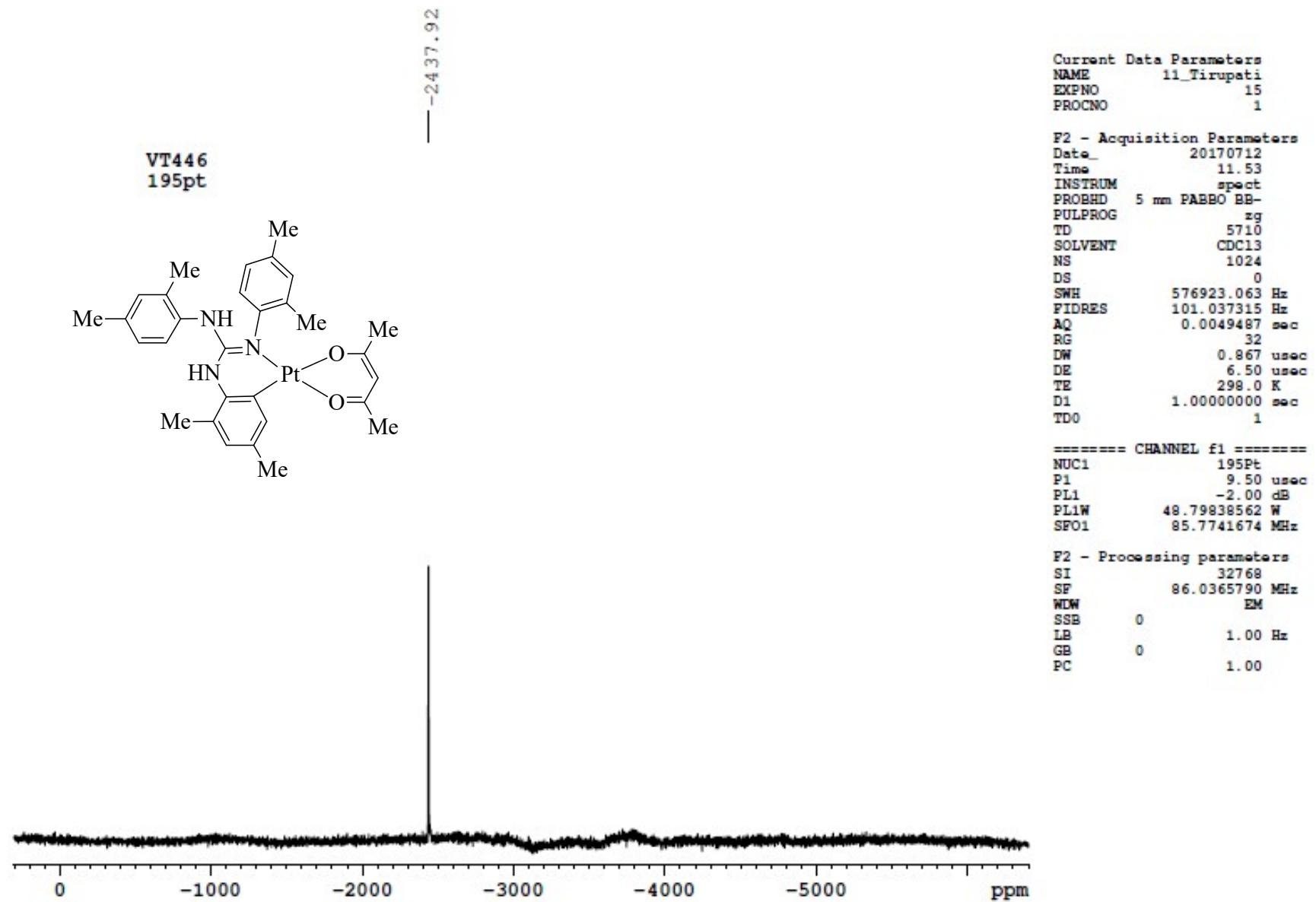


Fig. S114 $^{195}\text{Pt}\{\text{H}\}$ NMR (CDCl_3 , 85.8 MHz) spectrum of 13.

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195pt

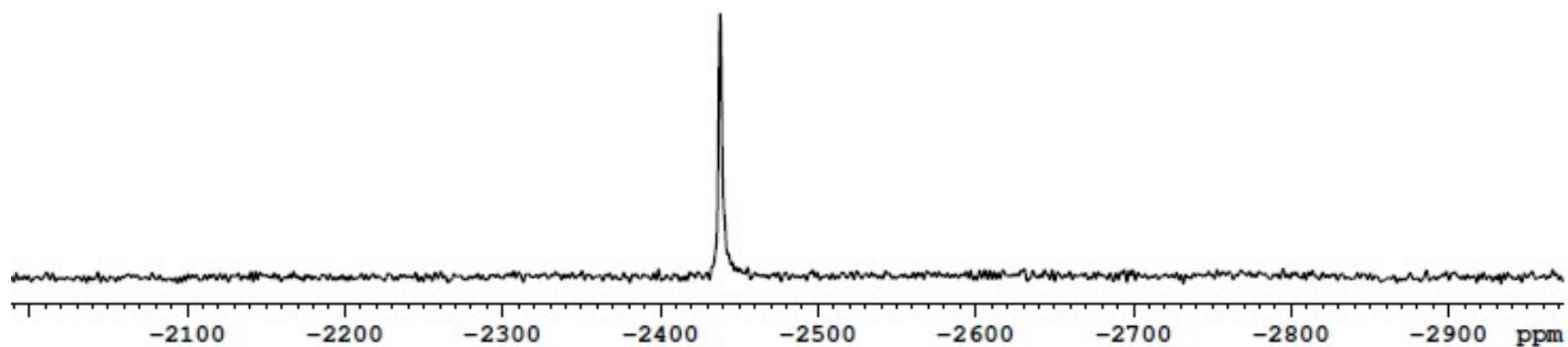
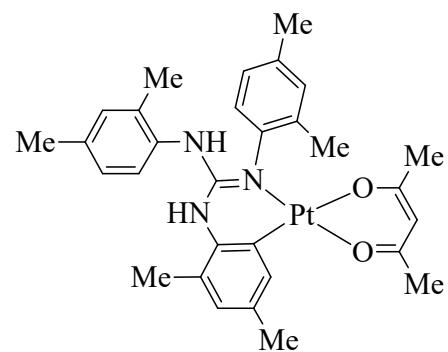


Fig. S115 $^{195}\text{Pt}\{\text{H}\}$ NMR (CDCl_3 , 85.8 MHz) spectrum of **13** in the indicated region.

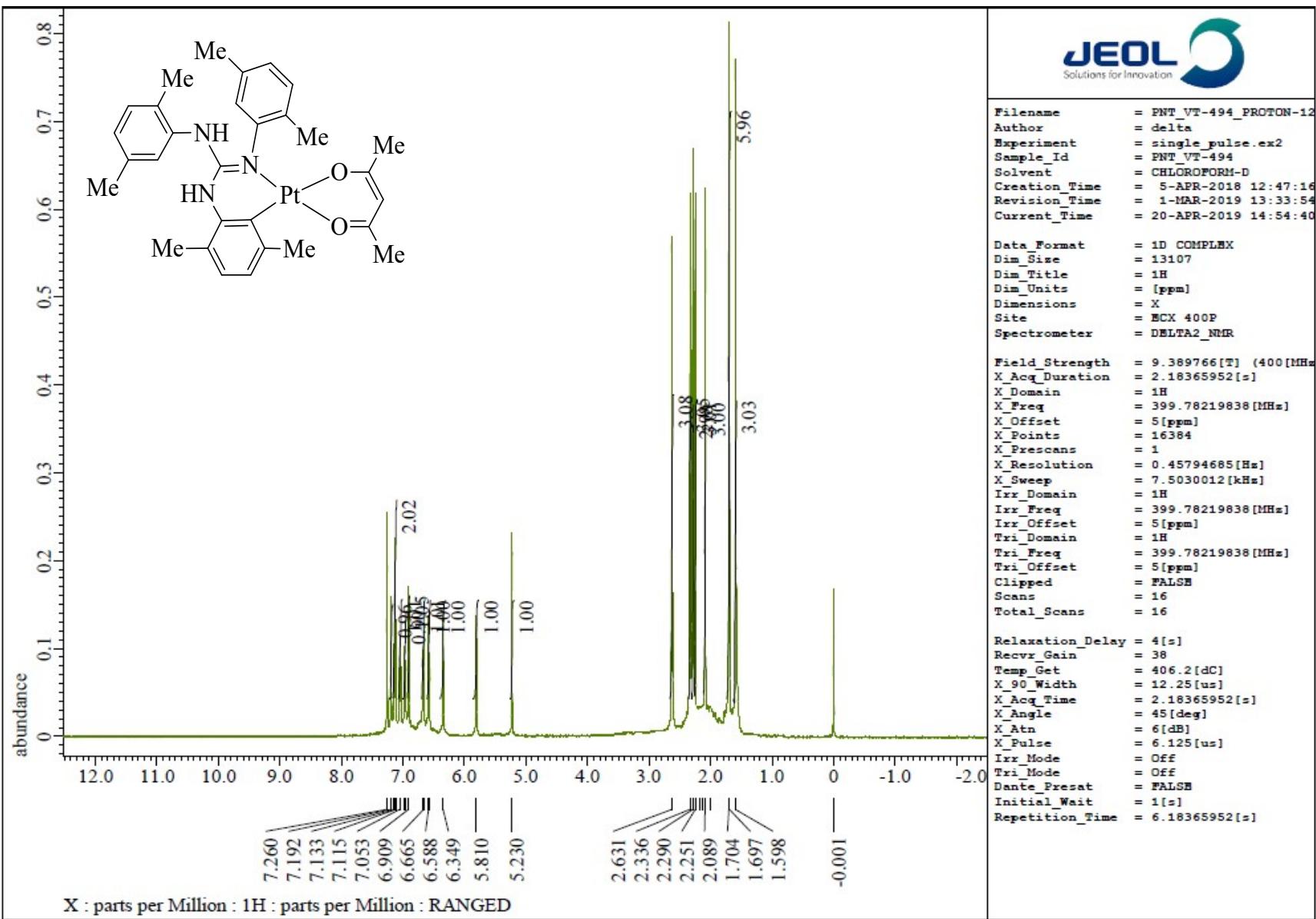


Fig. S116 ^1H NMR (CDCl_3 , 400 MHz) spectrum of 14.

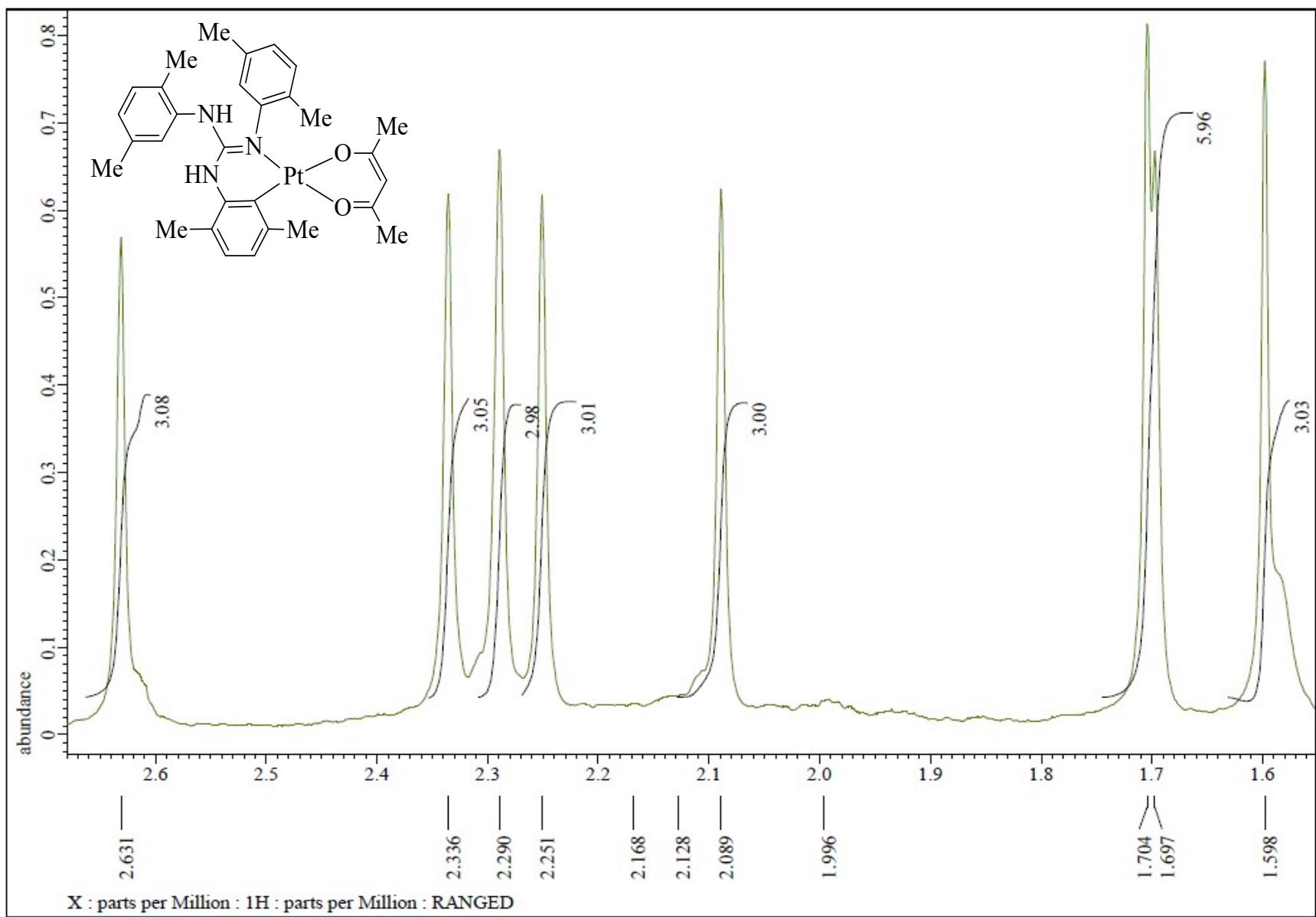


Fig. S117 ^1H NMR (CDCl_3 , 400 MHz) spectrum of **14** in the indicated region.

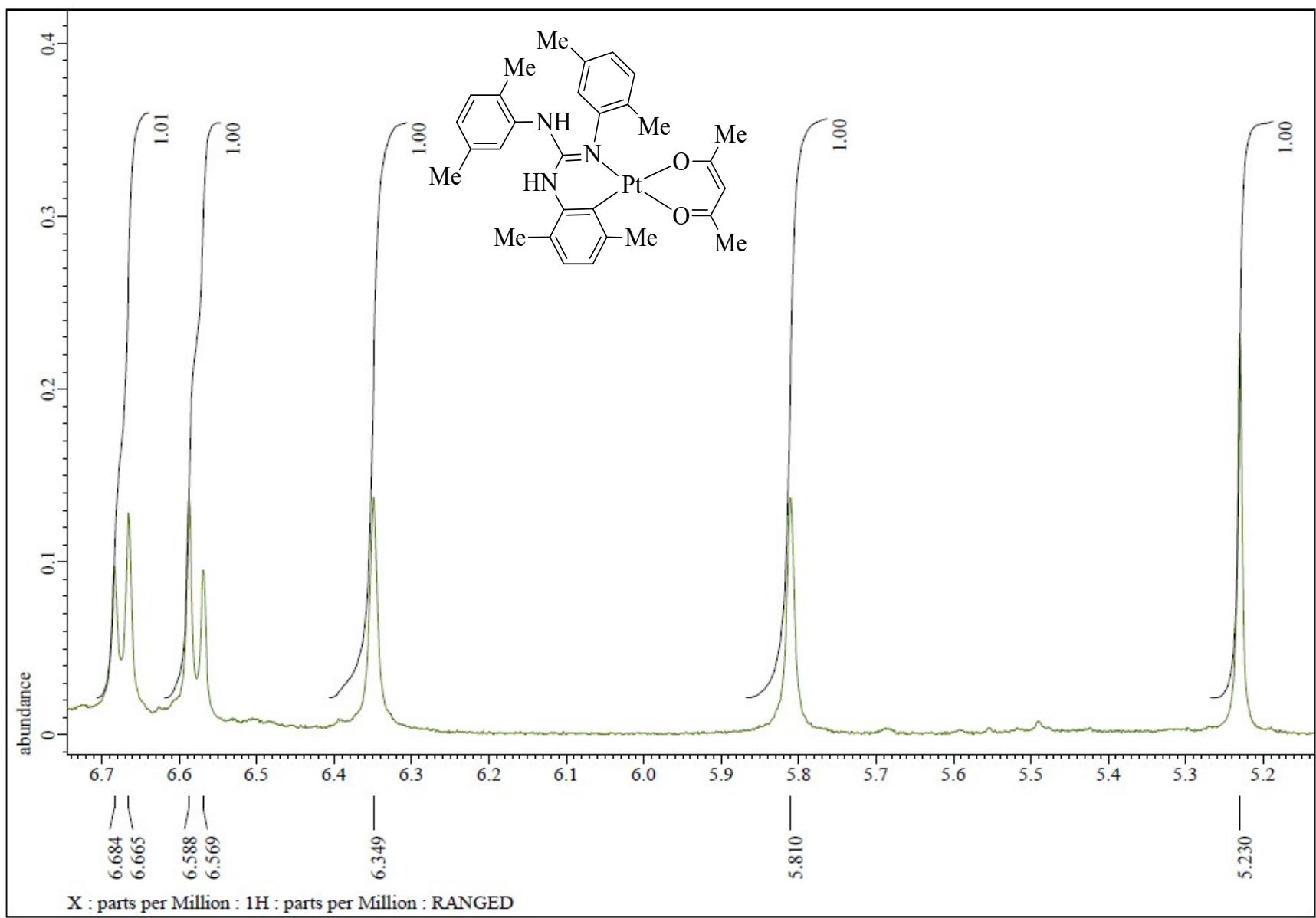


Fig. S118 ^1H NMR (CDCl_3 , 400 MHz) spectrum of **14** in the indicated region.

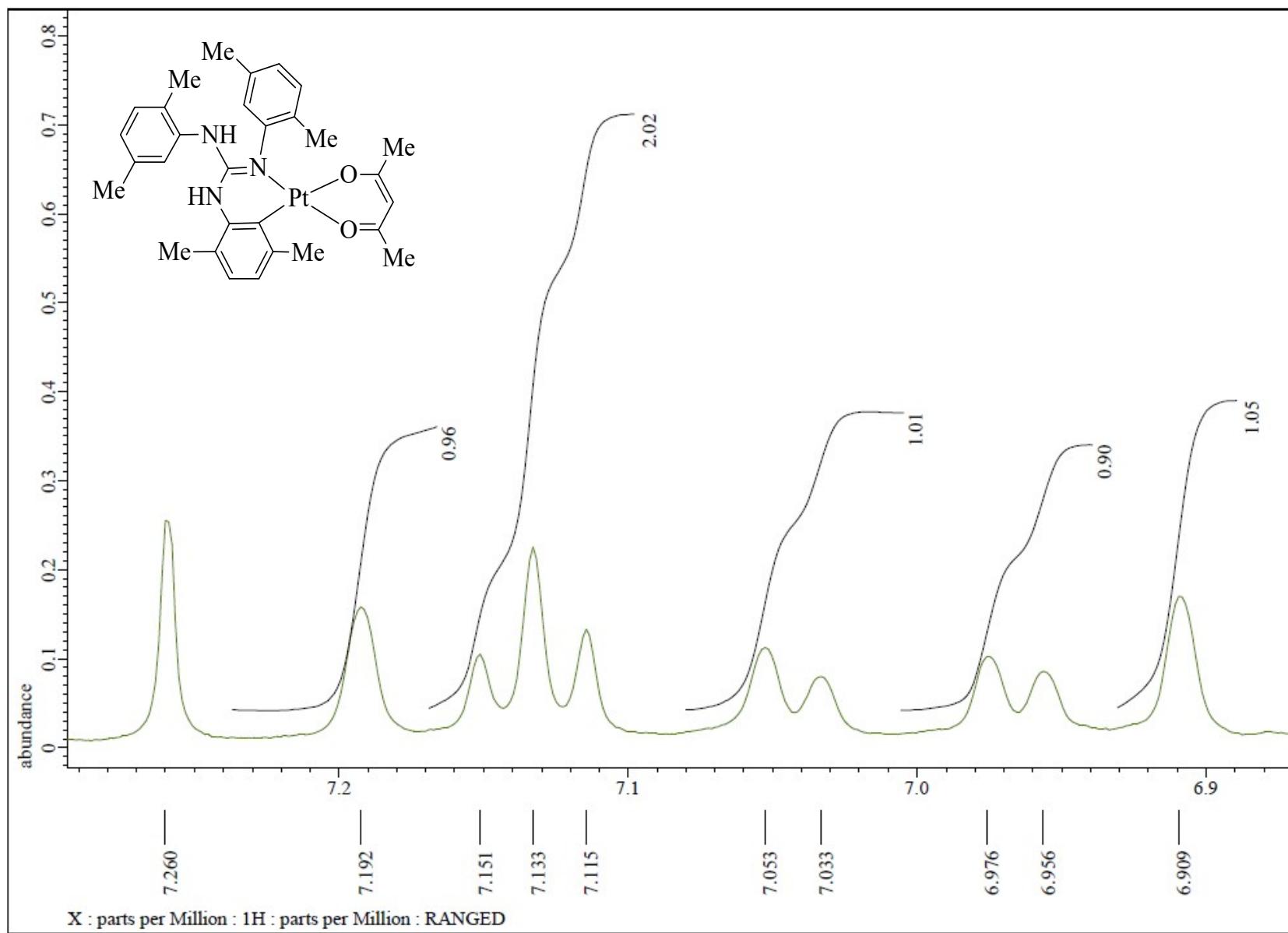


Fig. S119 ^1H NMR (CDCl_3 , 400 MHz) spectrum of **14** in the indicated region.

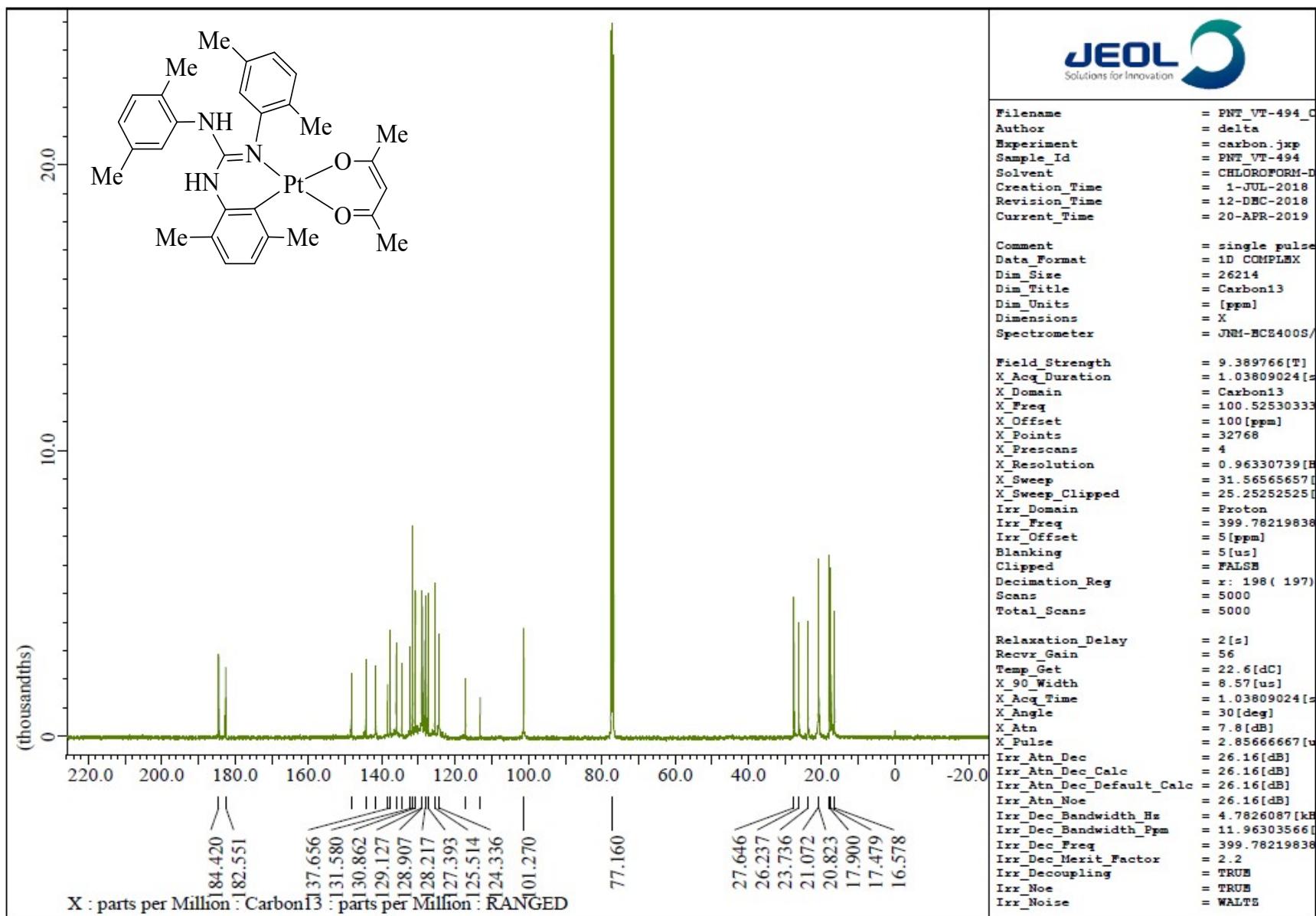


Fig. S120 $^{13}\text{C}\{\text{H}\}$ NMR (CDCl₃, 100.5 MHz) spectrum of 14.

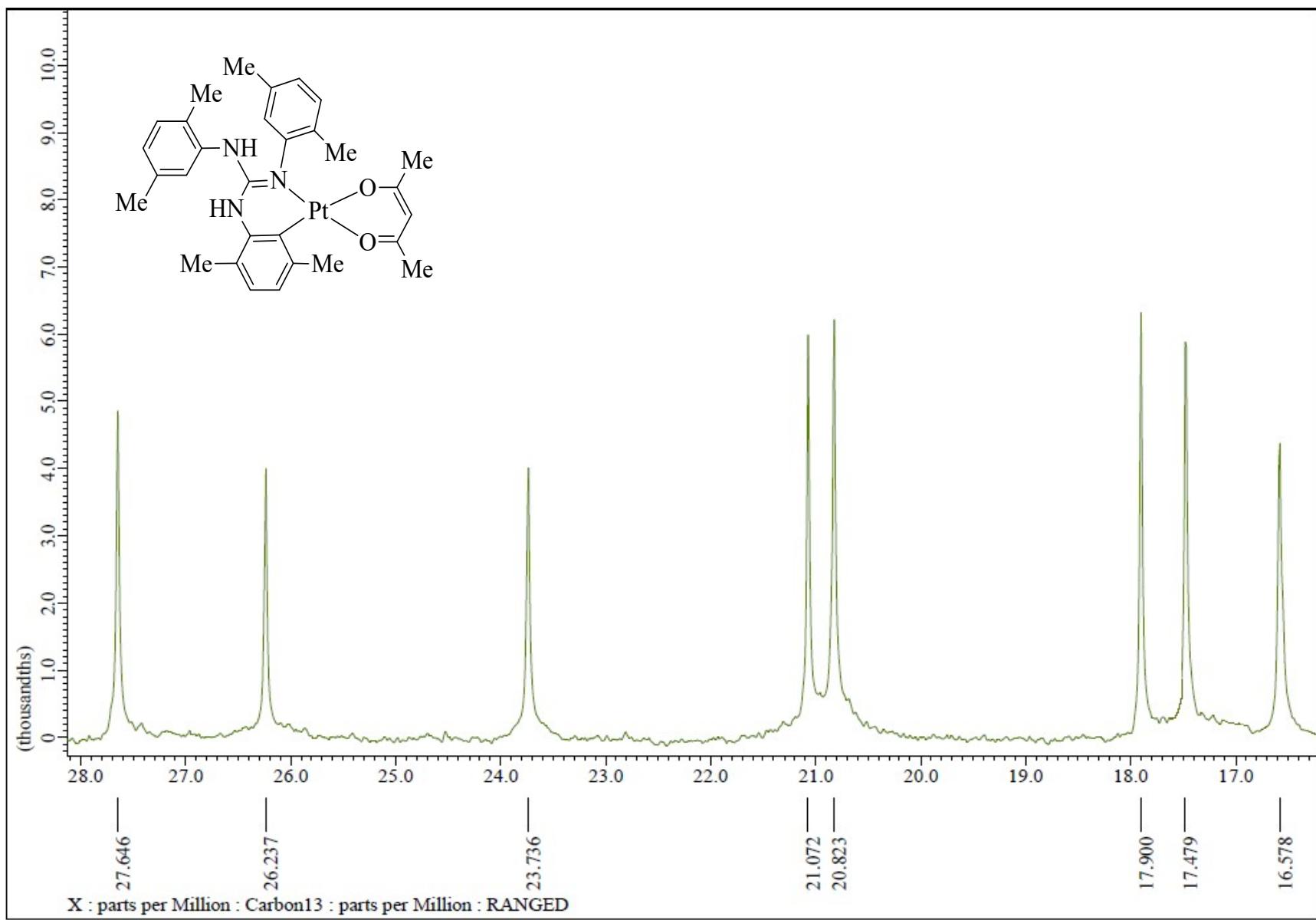


Fig. S121 $^{13}\text{C}\{\text{H}\}$ NMR (CDCl_3 , 100.5 MHz) spectrum of 14 in the indicated region.

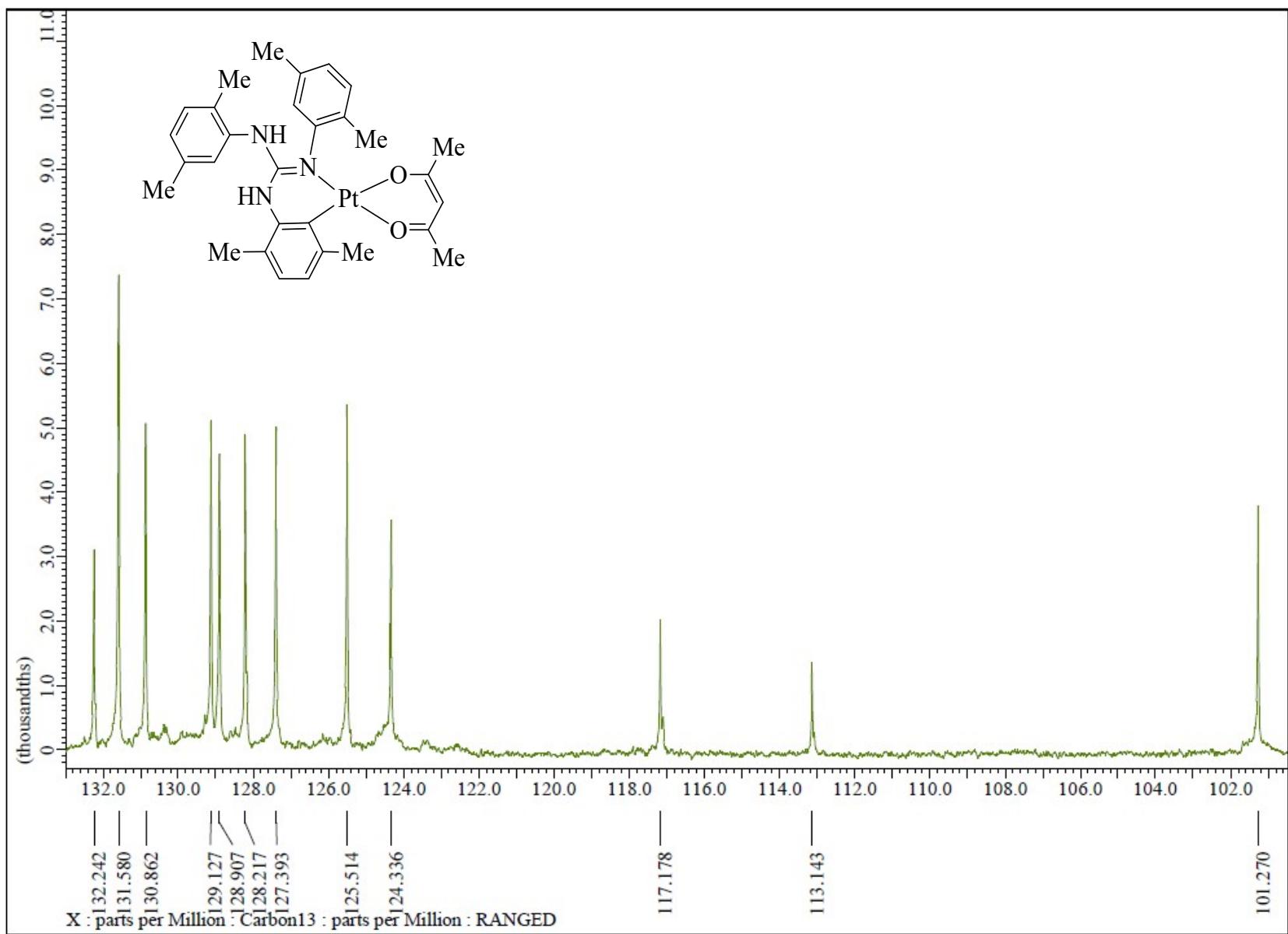


Fig. S122 $^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR (CDCl_3 , 100.5 MHz) spectrum of **14** in the indicated region.

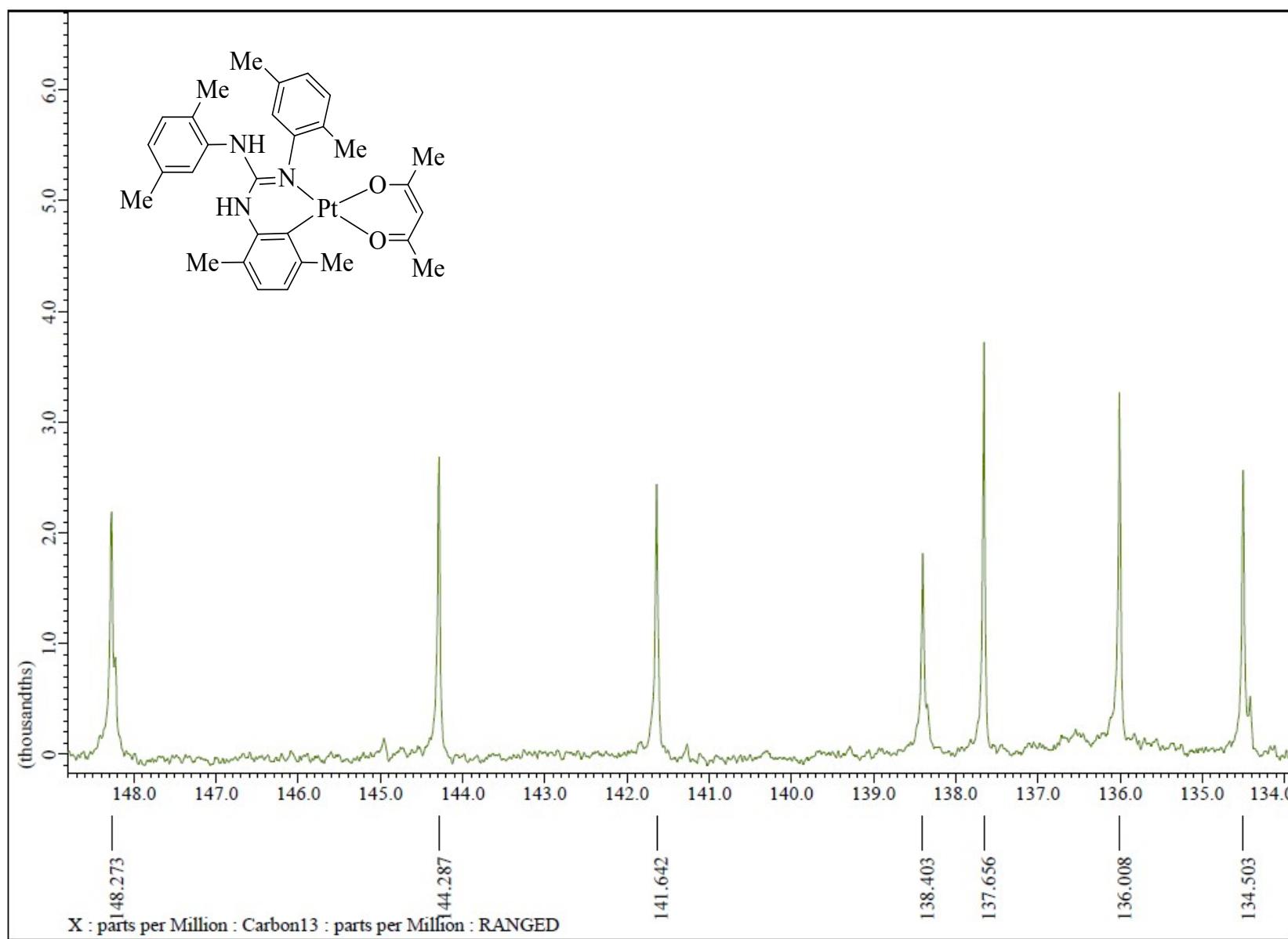


Fig. S123 $^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR (CDCl_3 , 100.5 MHz) spectrum of **14** in the indicated region.

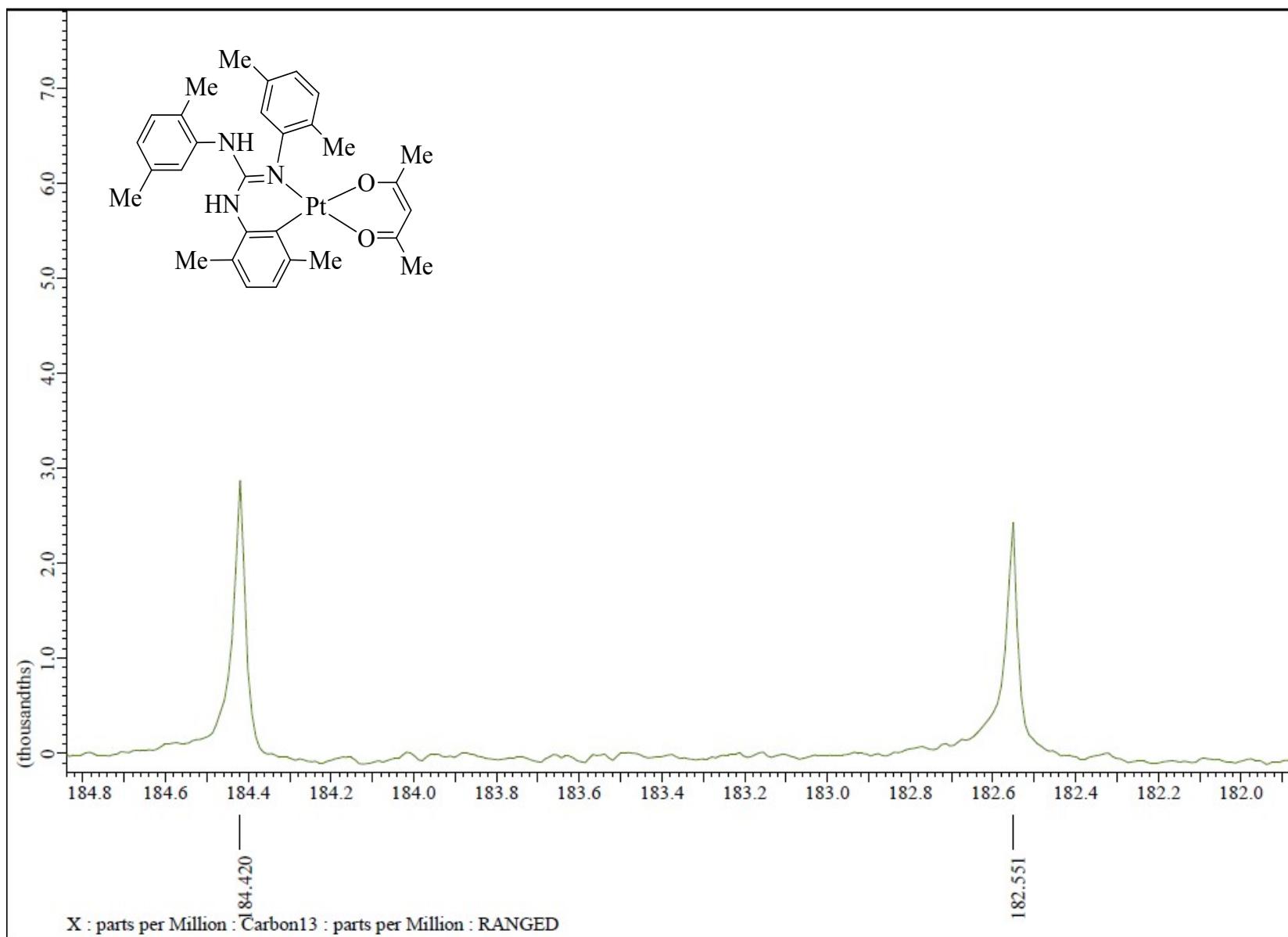


Fig. S124 $^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR (CDCl_3 , 100.5 MHz) spectrum of 14 in the indicated region.

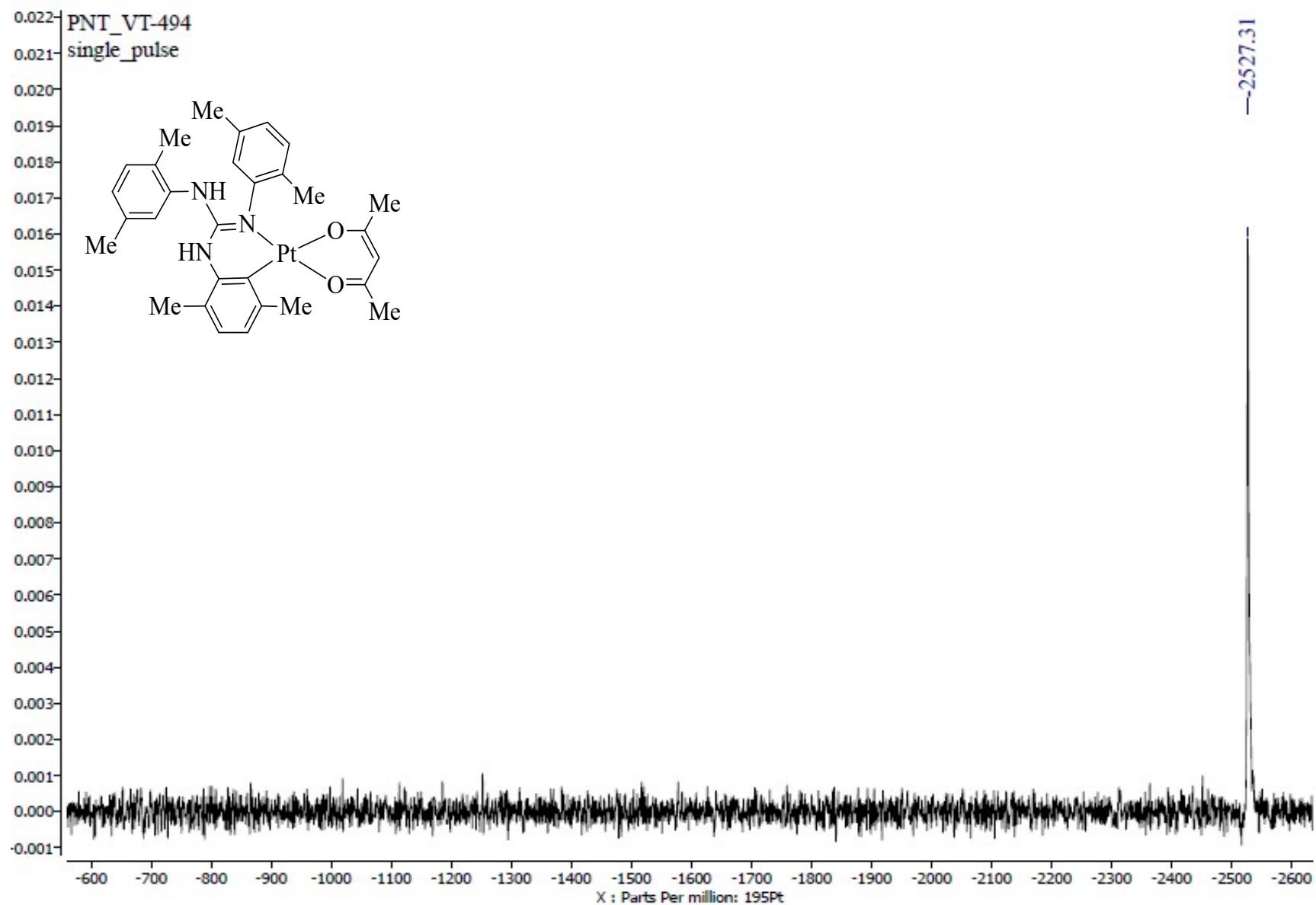


Fig. S125 $^{195}\text{Pt}\{\text{H}\}$ NMR (CDCl_3 , 85.8 MHz) spectrum of 14.

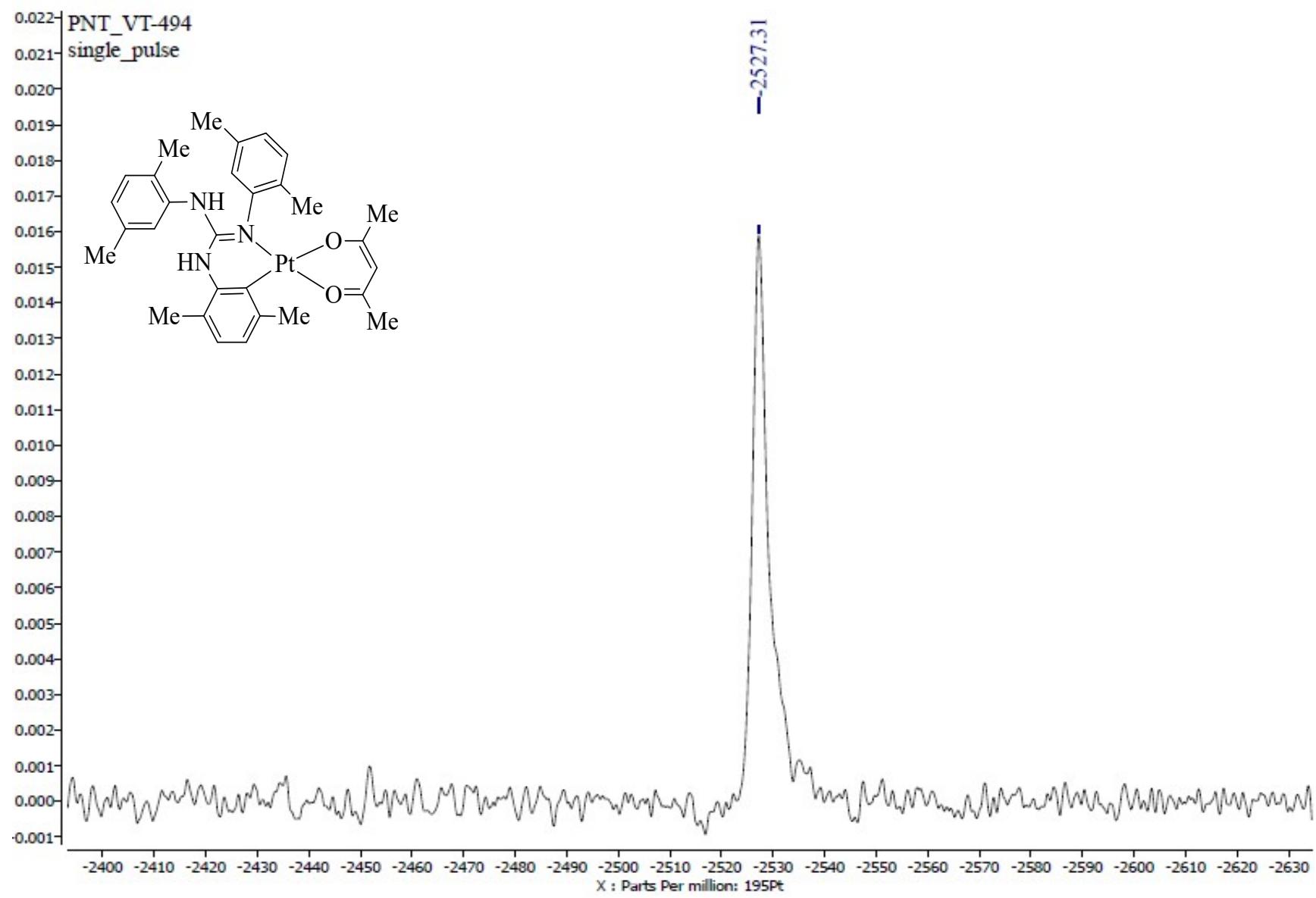


Fig. S126 $^{195}\text{Pt}\{\text{H}\}$ NMR (CDCl_3 , 85.8 MHz) spectrum of 14 in the indicated region.

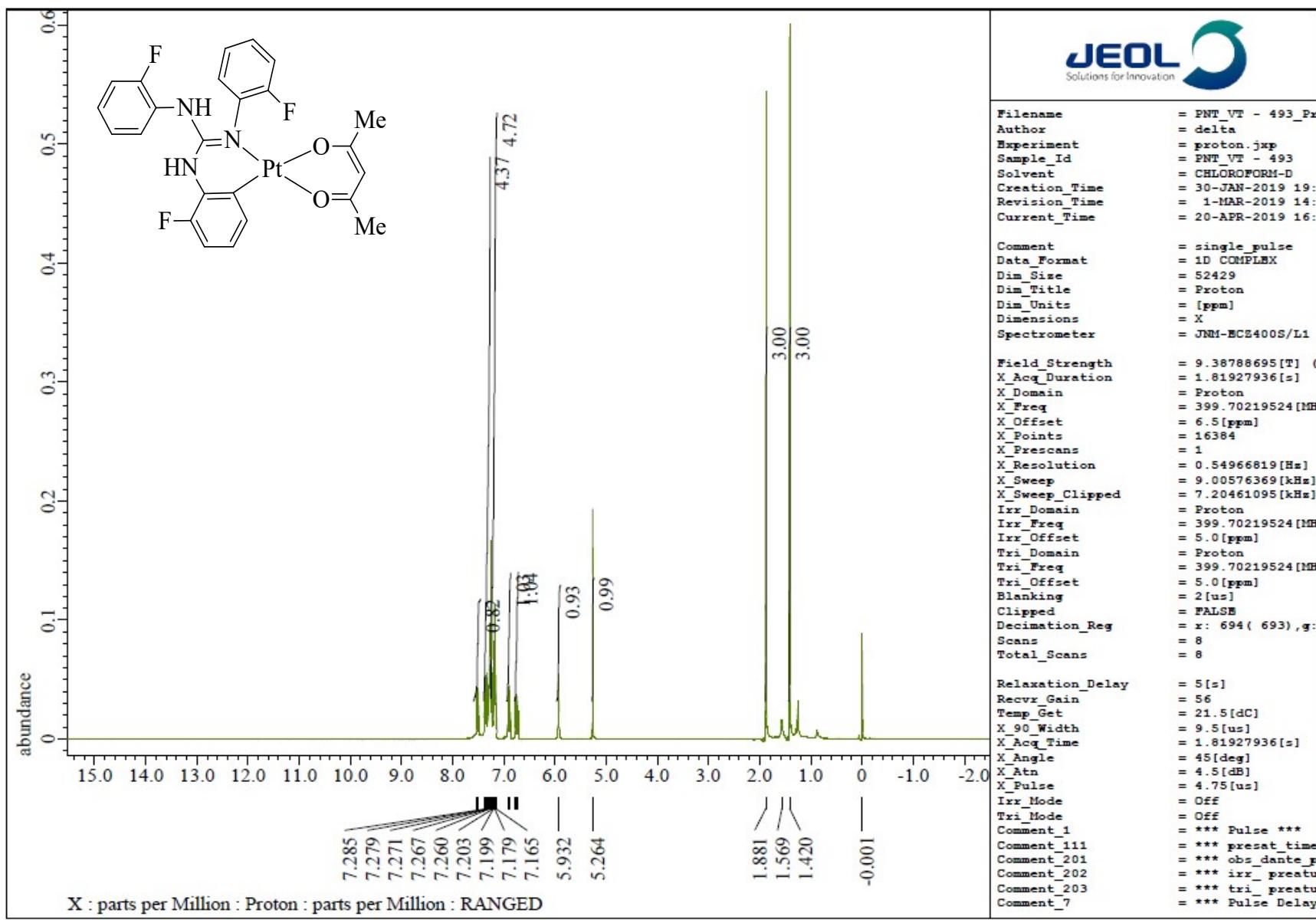


Fig. S127 ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 400 MHz) spectrum of 15.

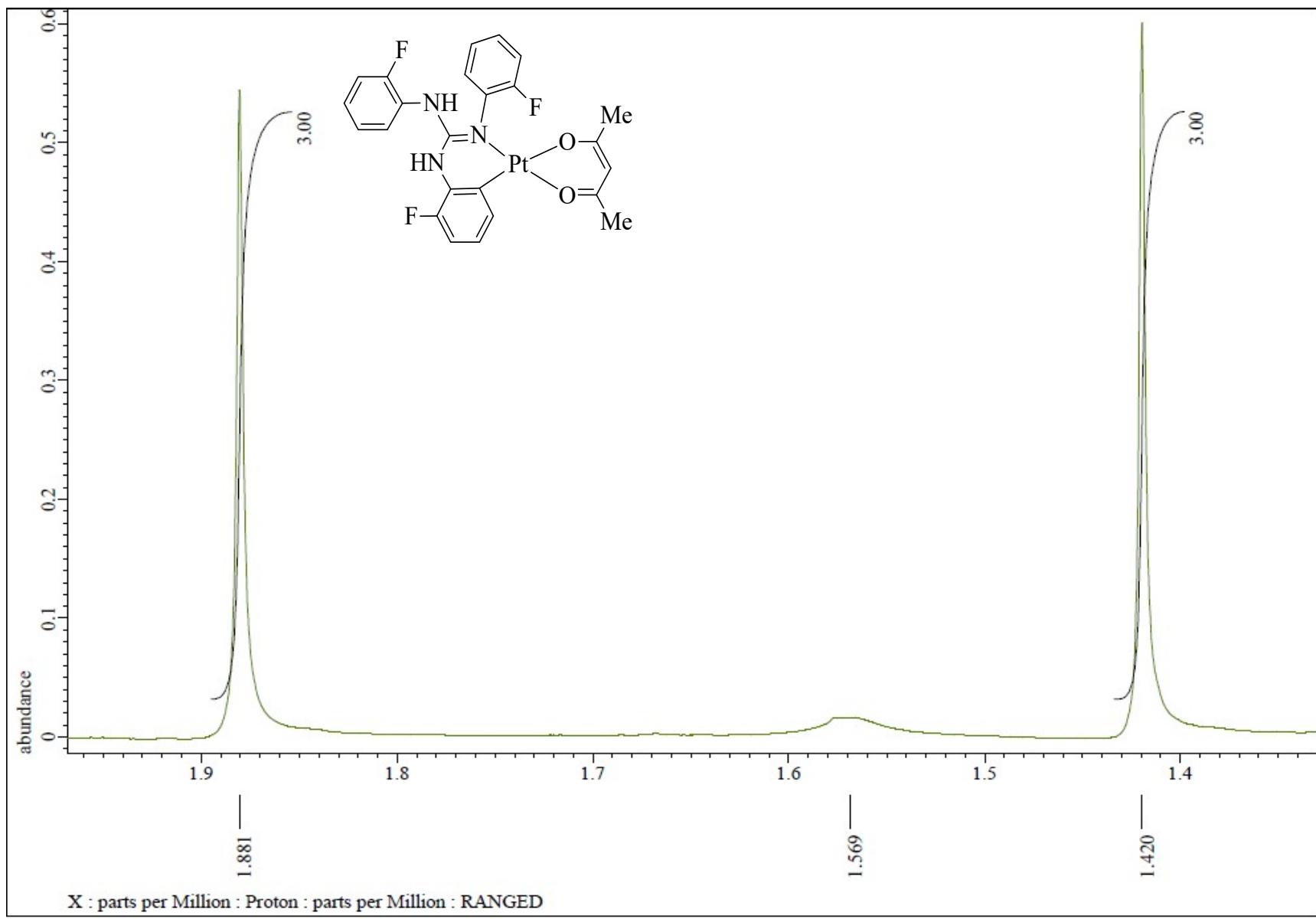


Fig. S128 ^1H NMR (CDCl_3 , 400 MHz) spectrum of **15** in the indicated region.

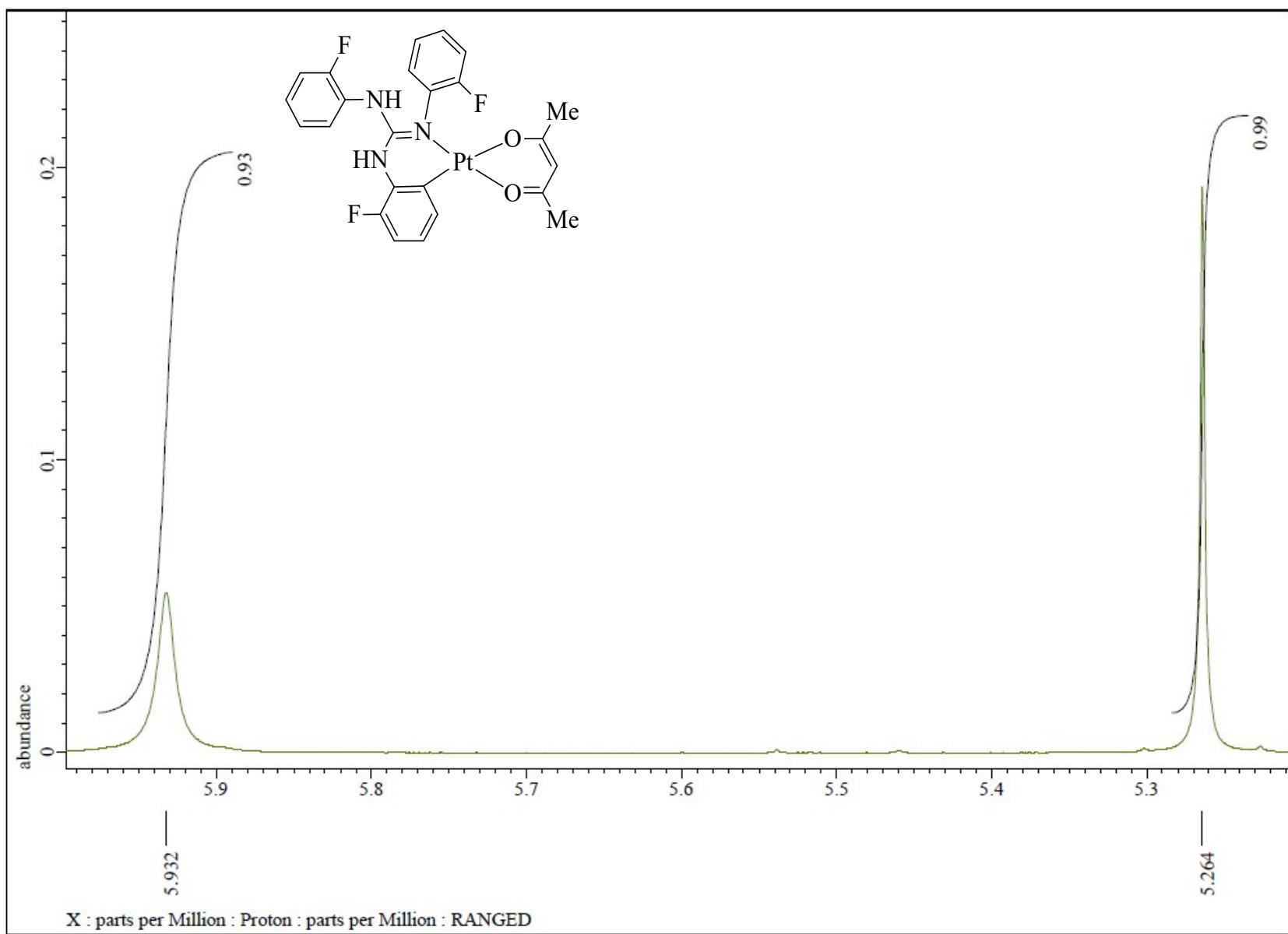


Fig. S129 ^1H NMR (CDCl_3 , 400 MHz) spectrum of **15** in the indicated region.

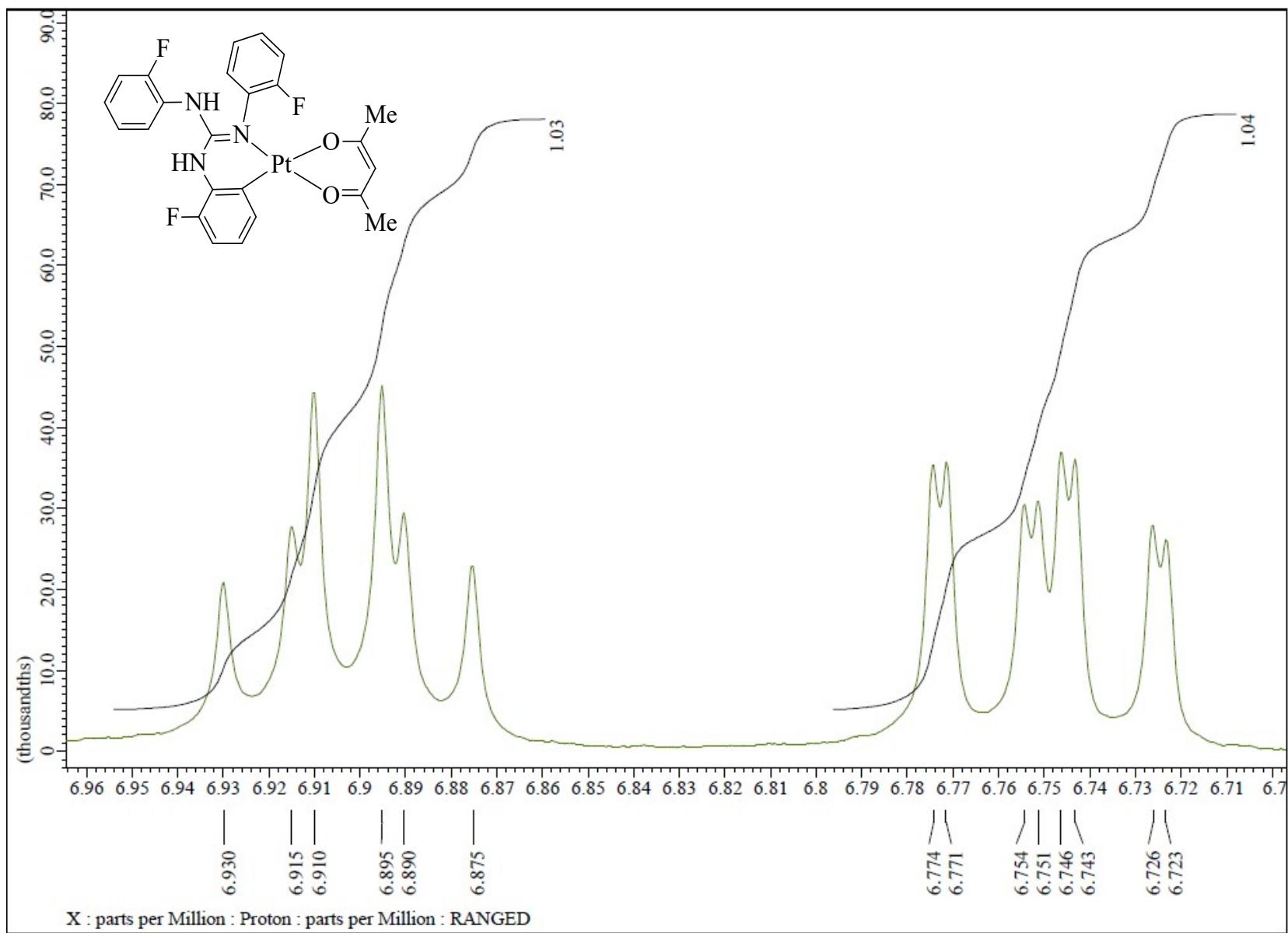


Fig. S130 ^1H NMR (CDCl_3 , 400 MHz) spectrum of **15** in the indicated region.

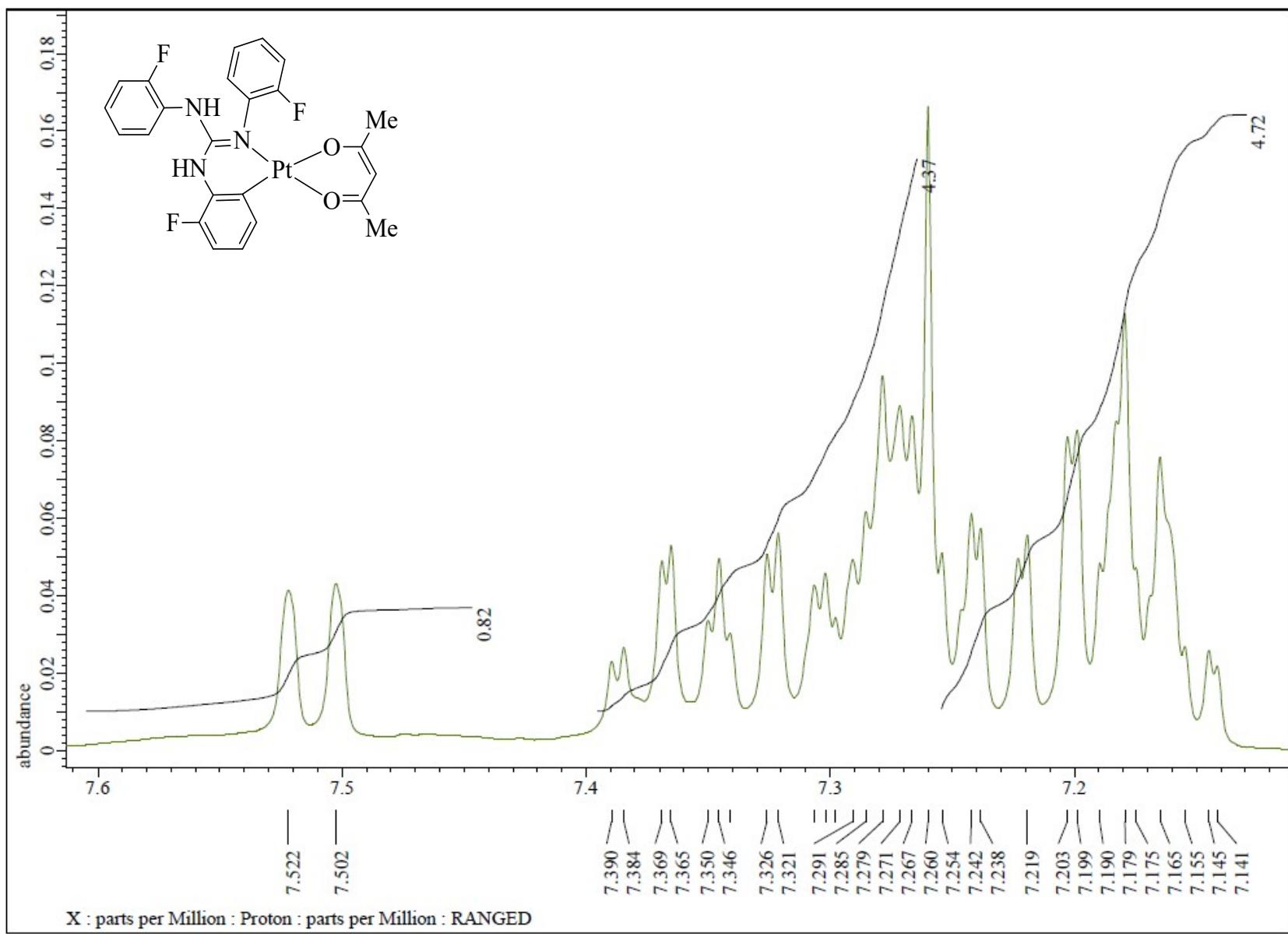


Fig. S131 ^1H NMR (CDCl_3 , 400 MHz) spectrum of **15** in the indicated region.

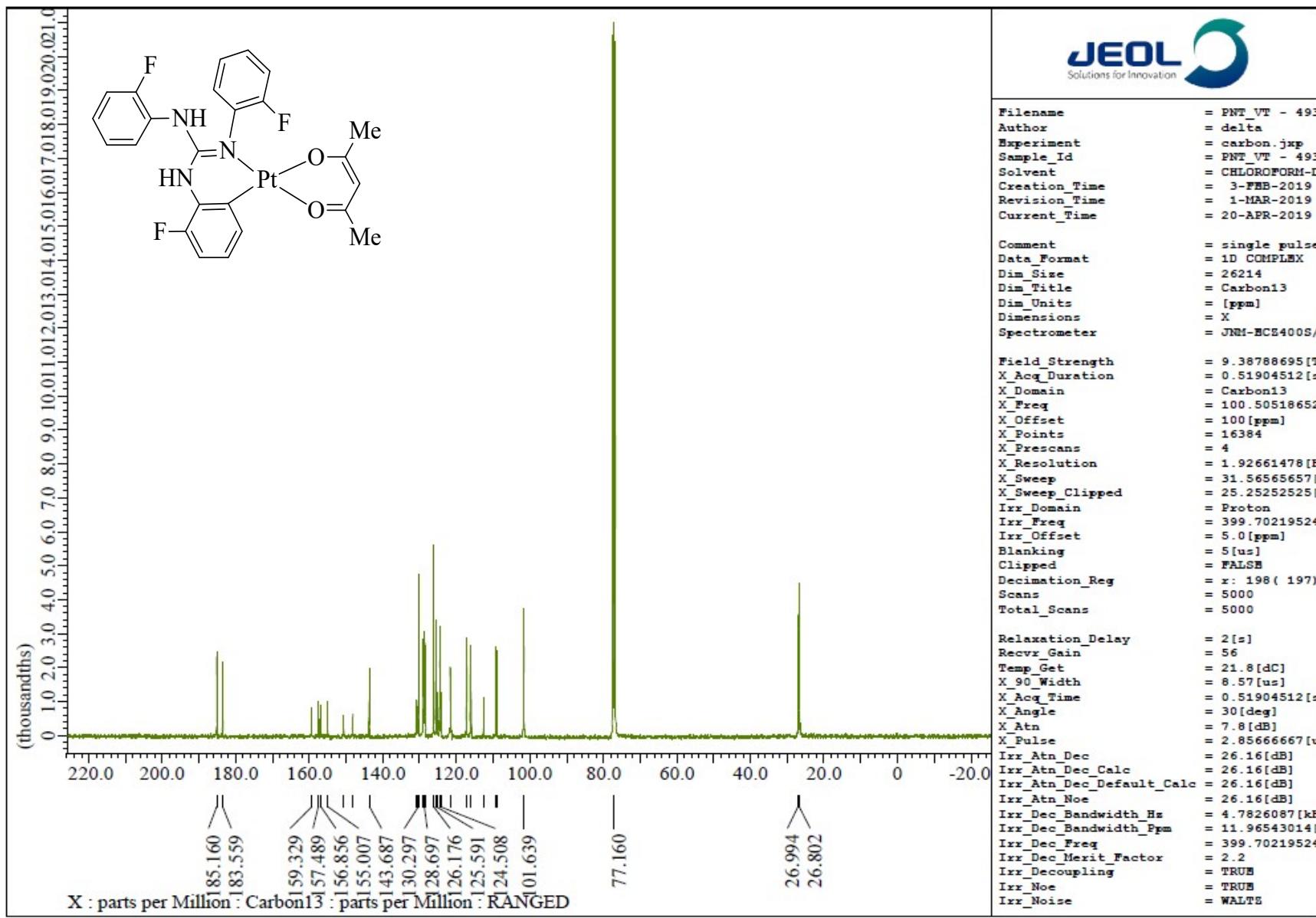


Fig. S132 $^{13}\text{C}\{\text{H}\}$ NMR (CDCl_3 , 100.5 MHz) spectrum of 15.

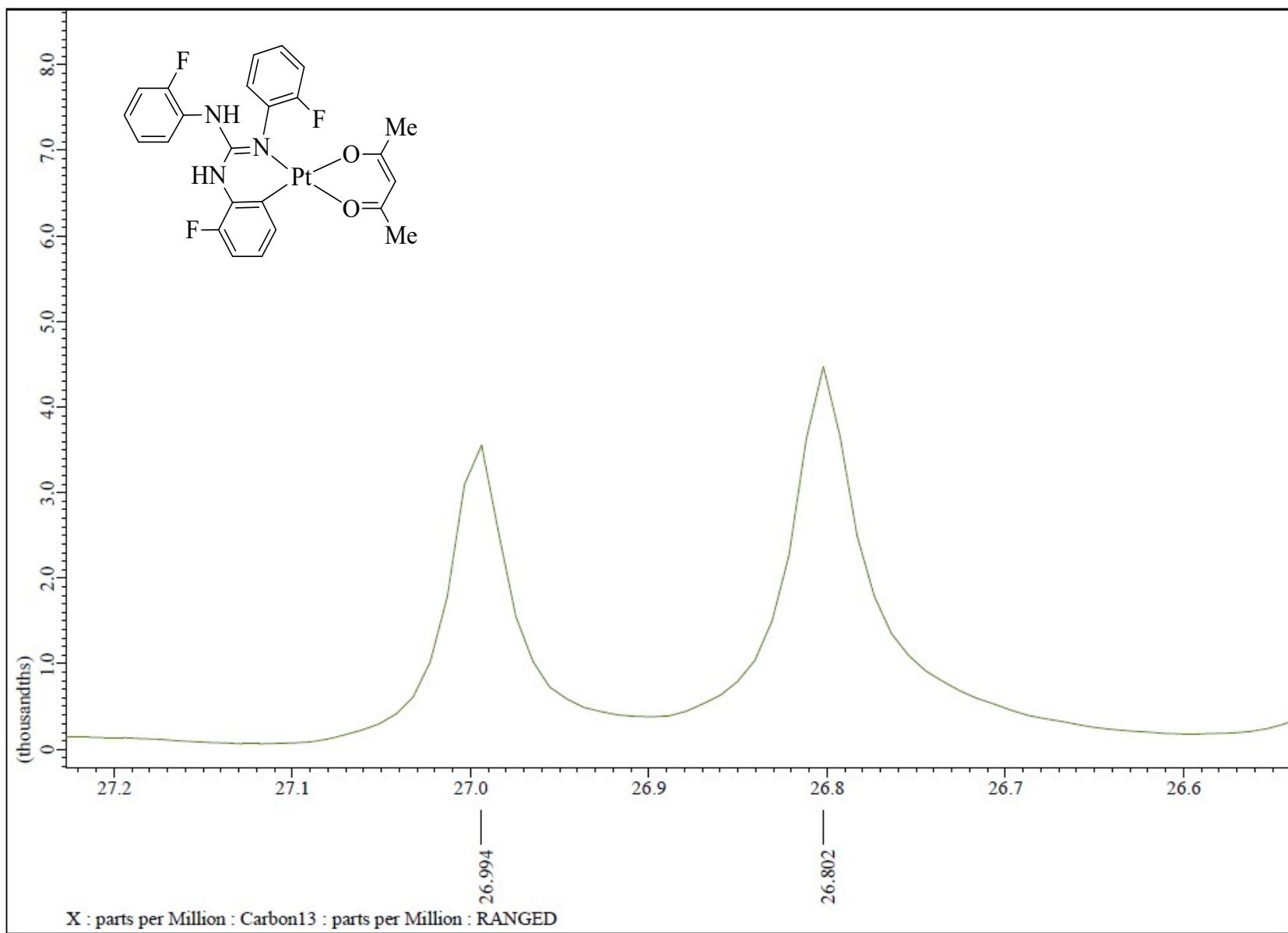


Fig. S133 $^{13}\text{C}\{\text{H}\}$ NMR (CDCl_3 , 100.5 MHz) spectrum of **15** in the indicated region.

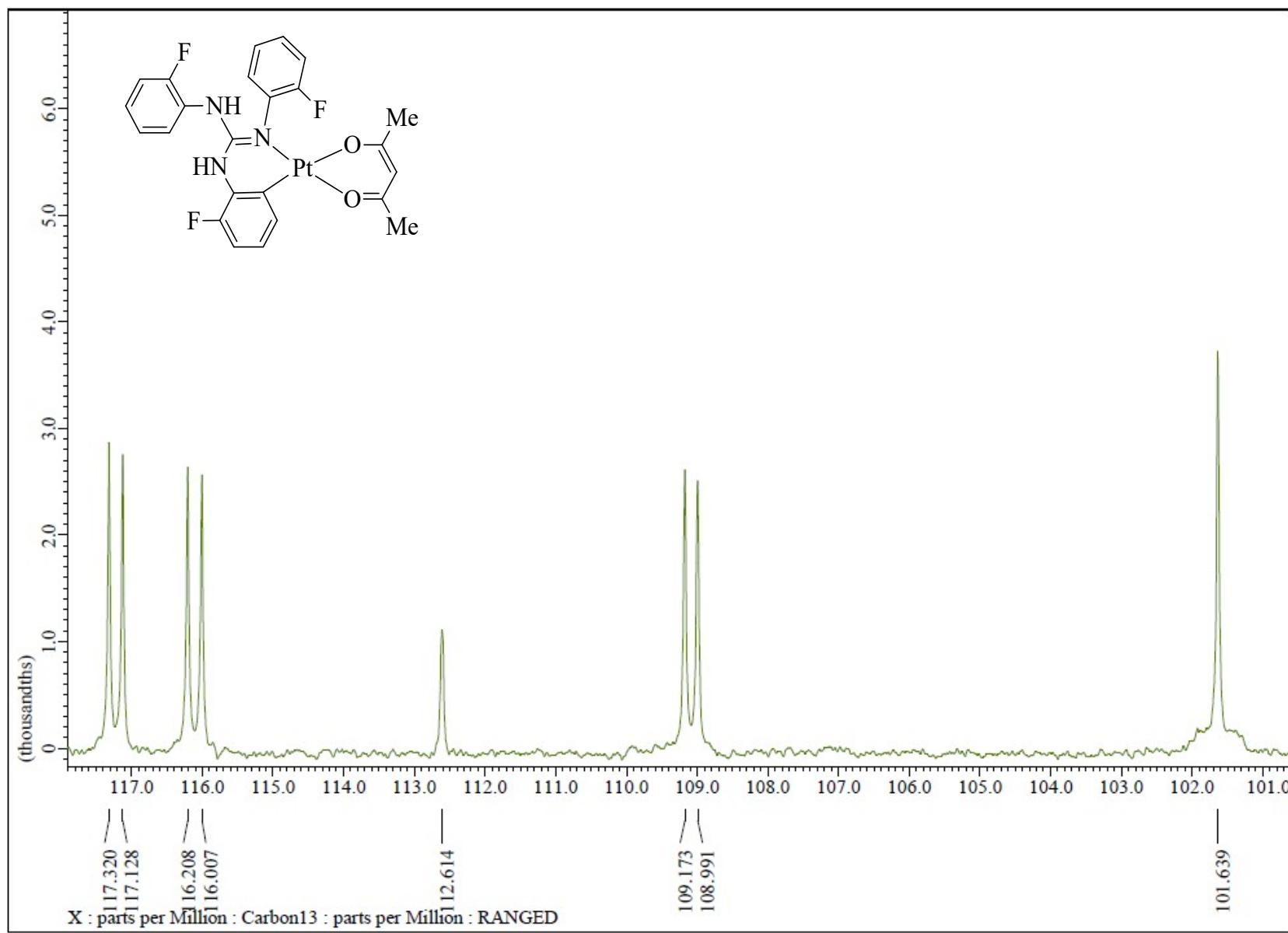


Fig. S134 $^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR (CDCl_3 , 100.5 MHz) spectrum of **15** in the indicated region.

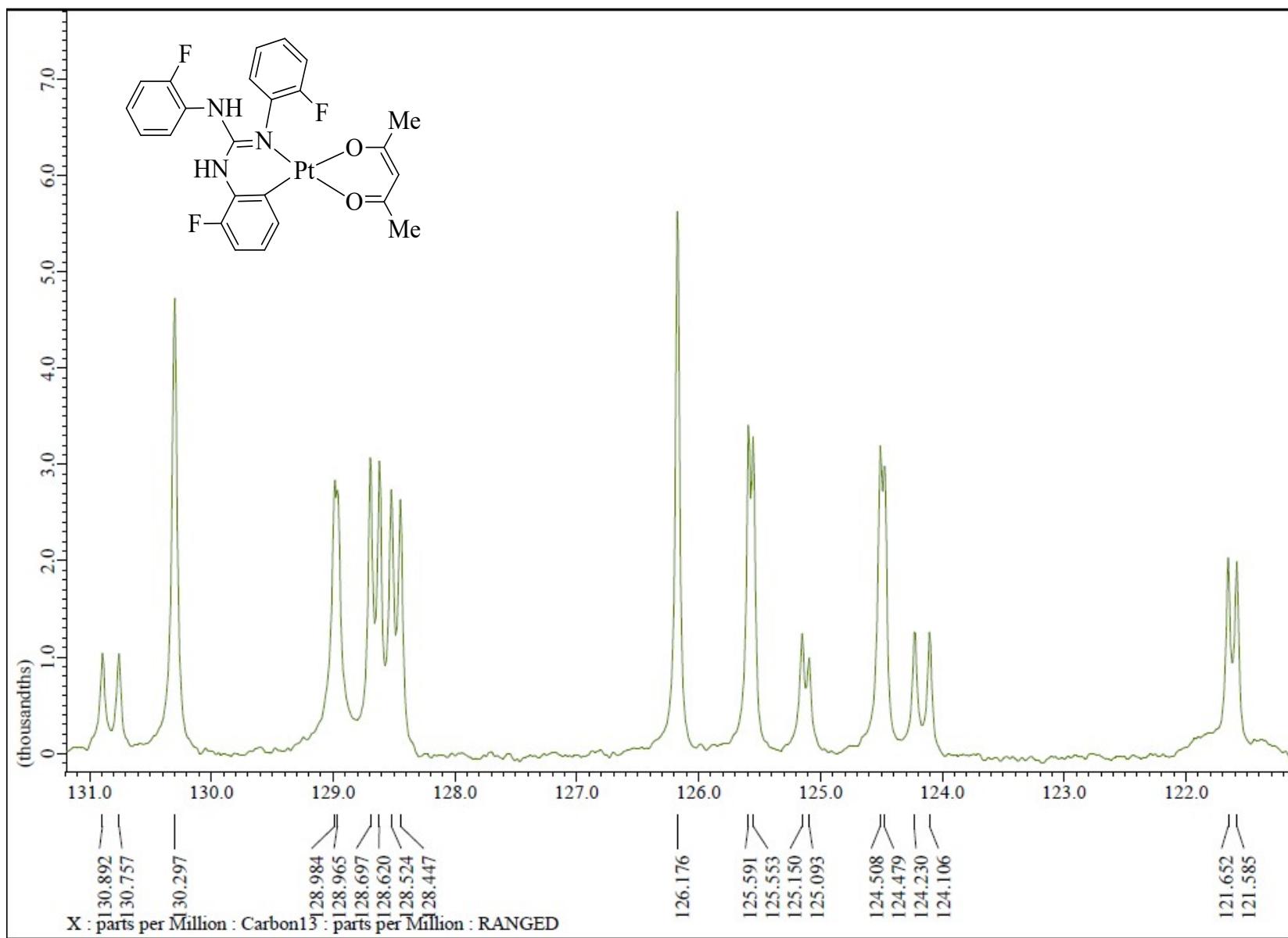


Fig. S135 $^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR (CDCl_3 , 100.5 MHz) spectrum of **15** in the indicated region.

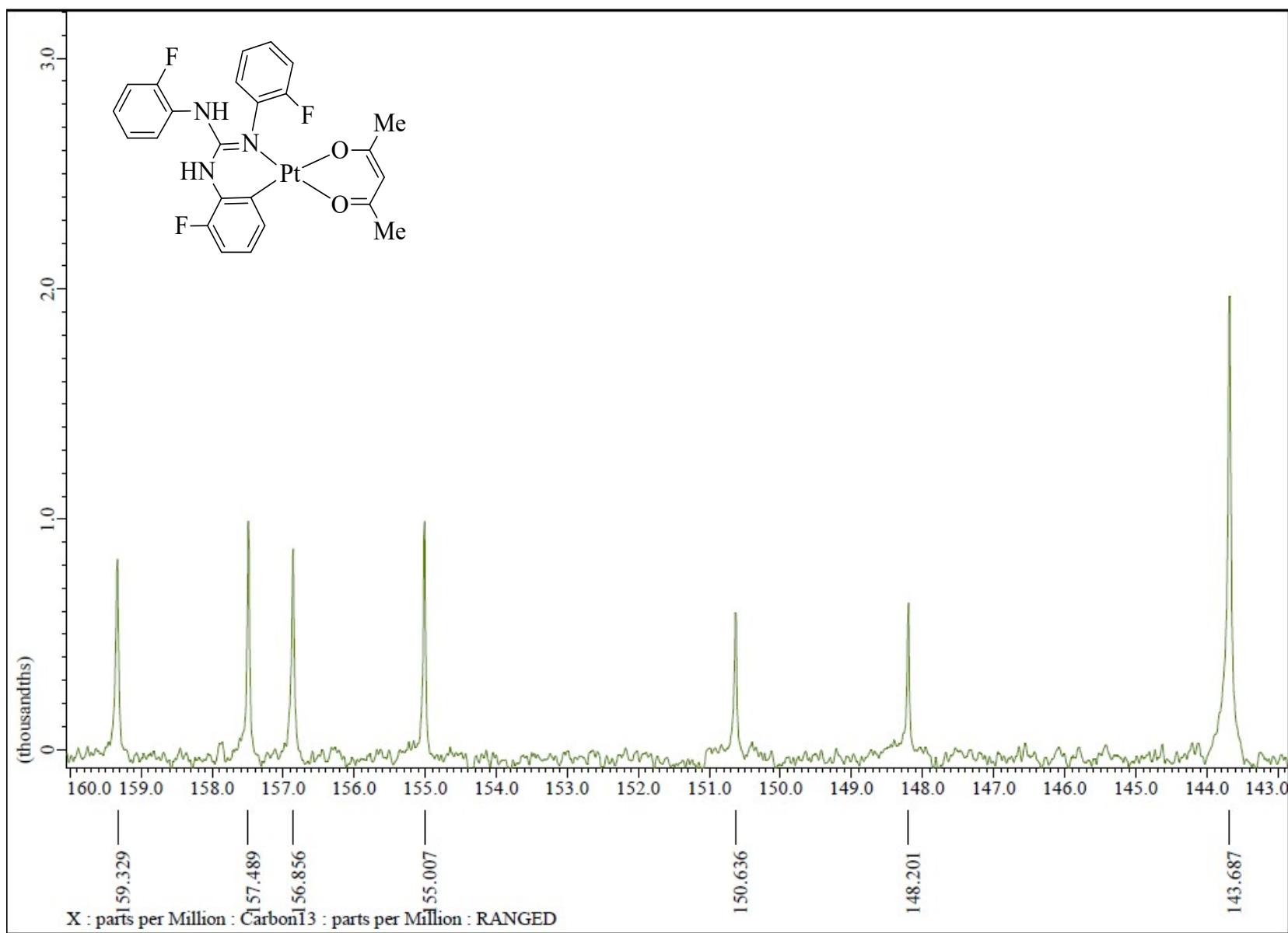


Fig. S136 $^{13}\text{C}\{\text{H}\}$ NMR (CDCl_3 , 100.5 MHz) spectrum of **15** in the indicated region.

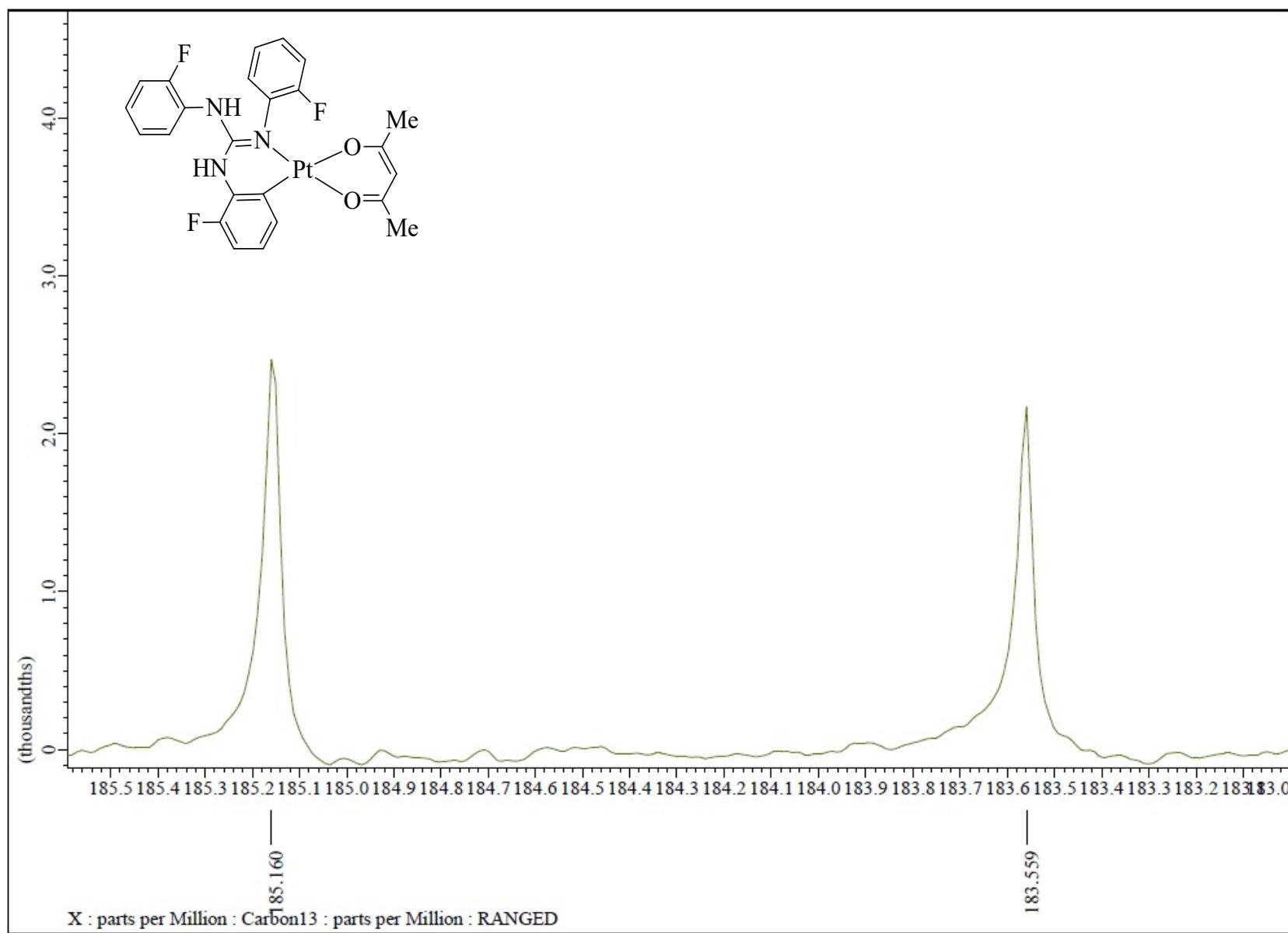


Fig. S137 $^{13}\text{C}\{\text{H}\}$ NMR (CDCl_3 , 100.5 MHz) spectrum of **15** in the indicated region.

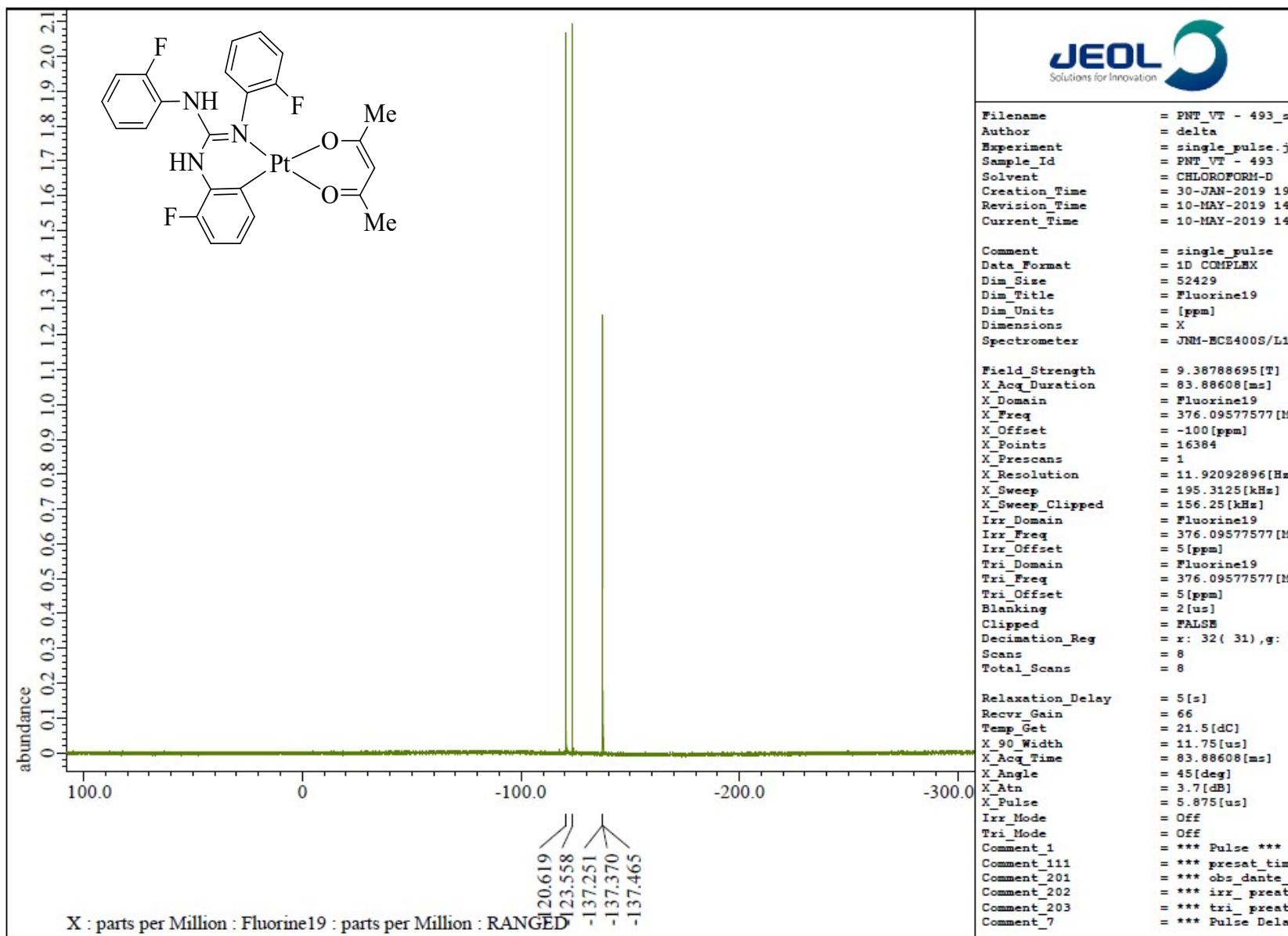


Fig. S138 $^{19}\text{F}\{\text{H}\}$ NMR (CDCl_3 , 376.31 MHz) spectrum of **15**.

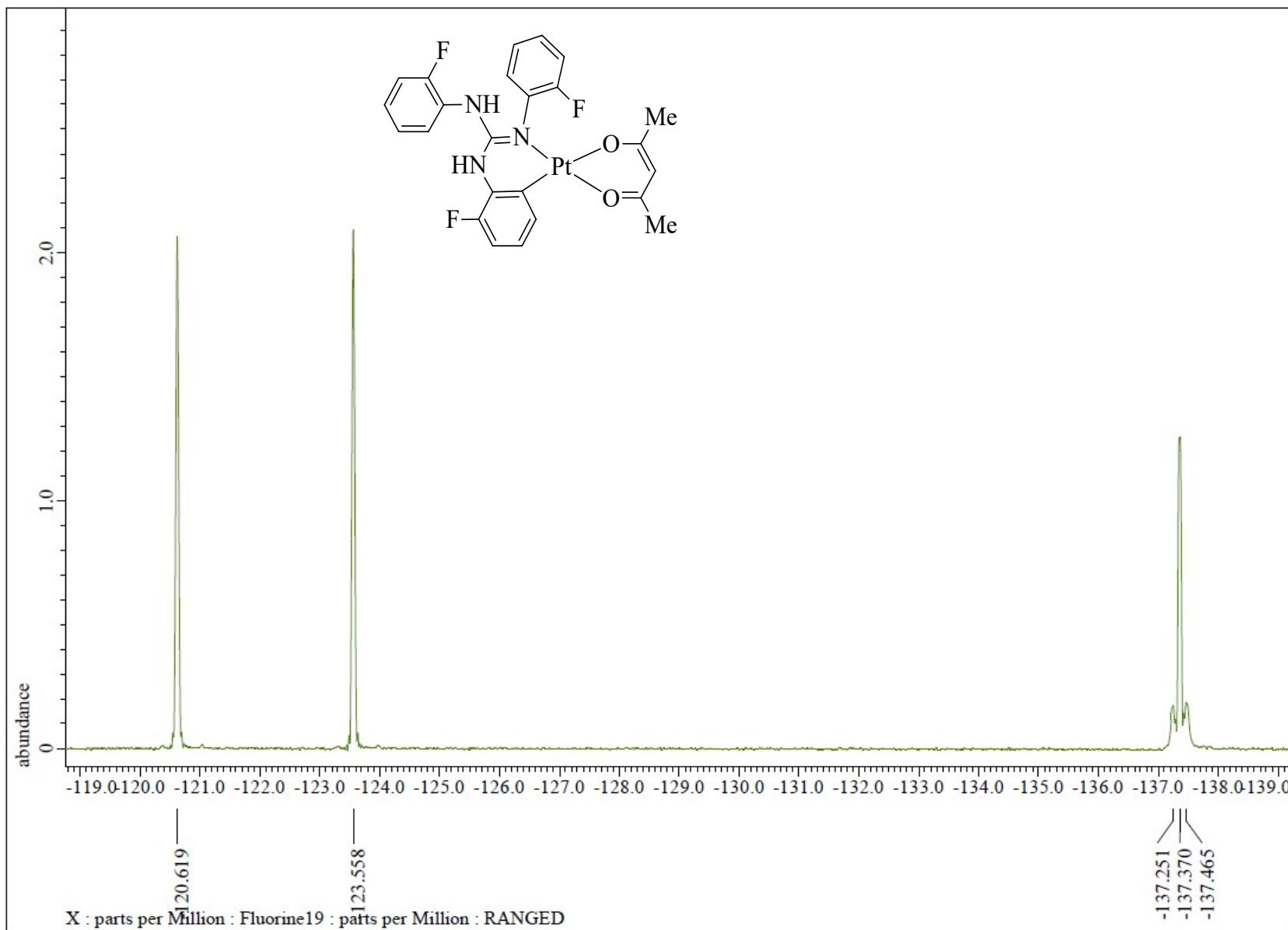


Fig. S139 $^{19}\text{F}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR (CDCl_3 , 376.31 MHz) spectrum of **15** in the indicated region.

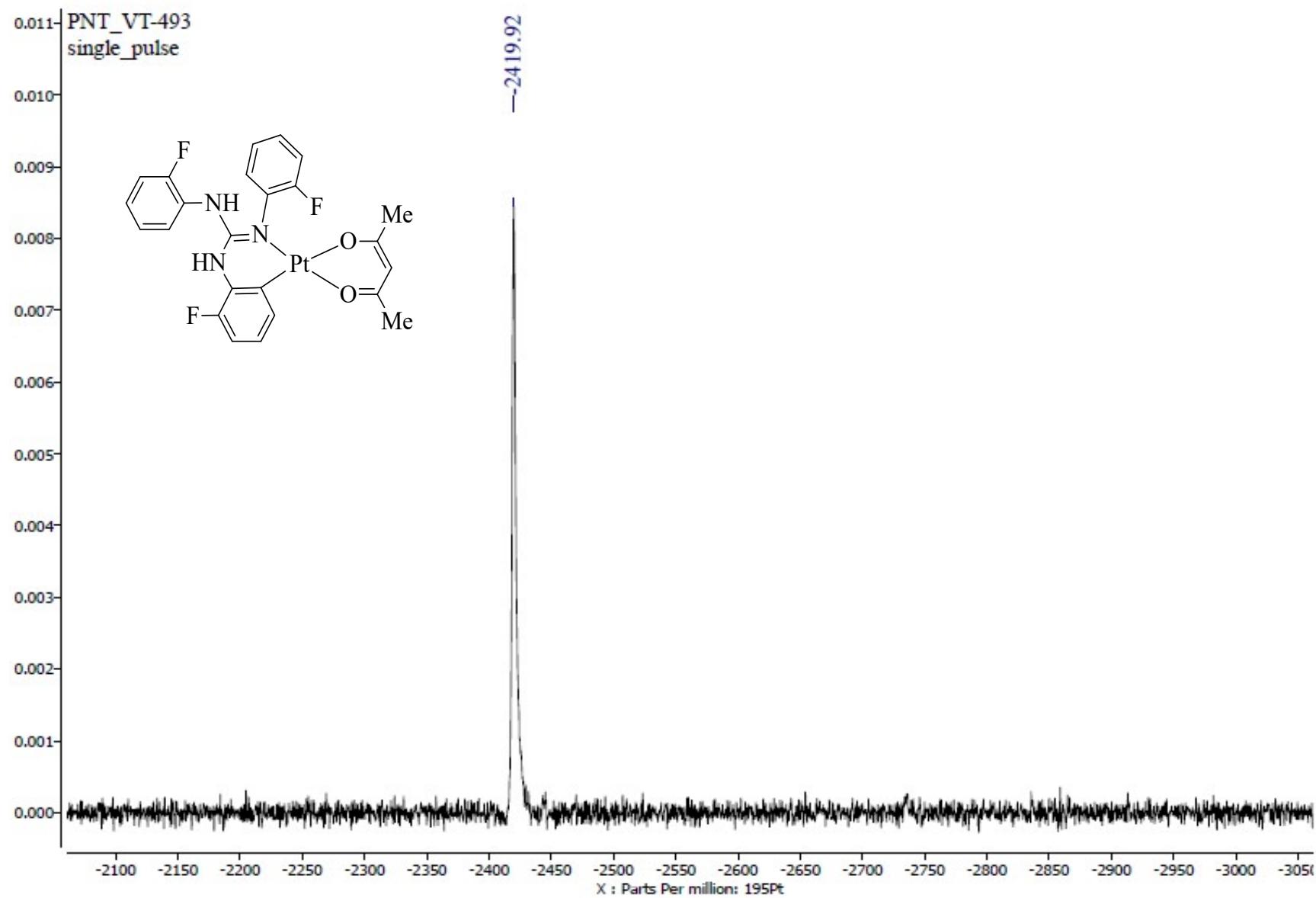


Fig. S140 $^{195}\text{Pt}\{\text{H}\}$ NMR (CDCl_3 , 85.8 MHz) spectrum of 15.

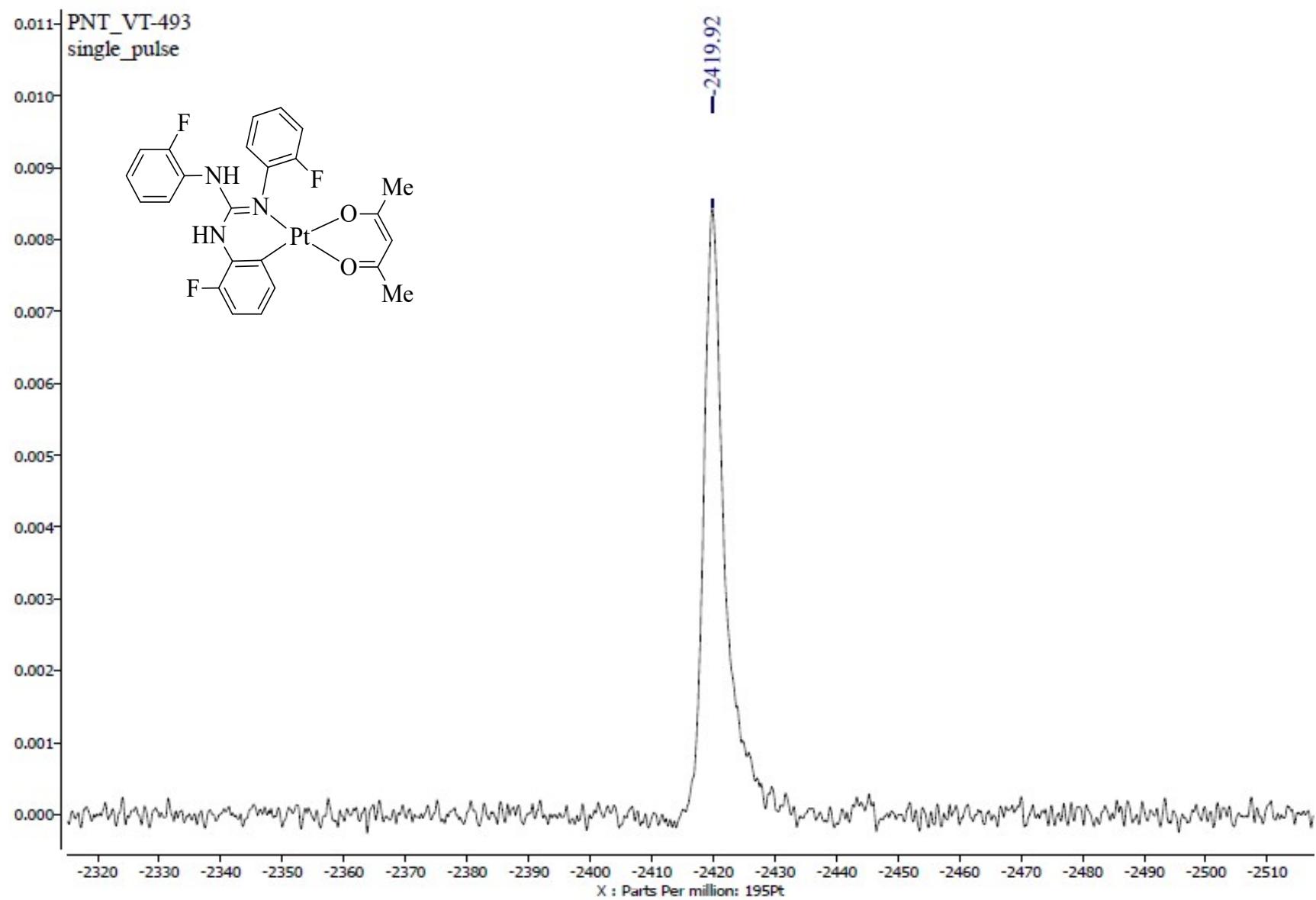


Fig. S141 $^{195}\text{Pt}\{\text{H}\}$ NMR (CDCl_3 , 85.8 MHz) spectrum of 15.

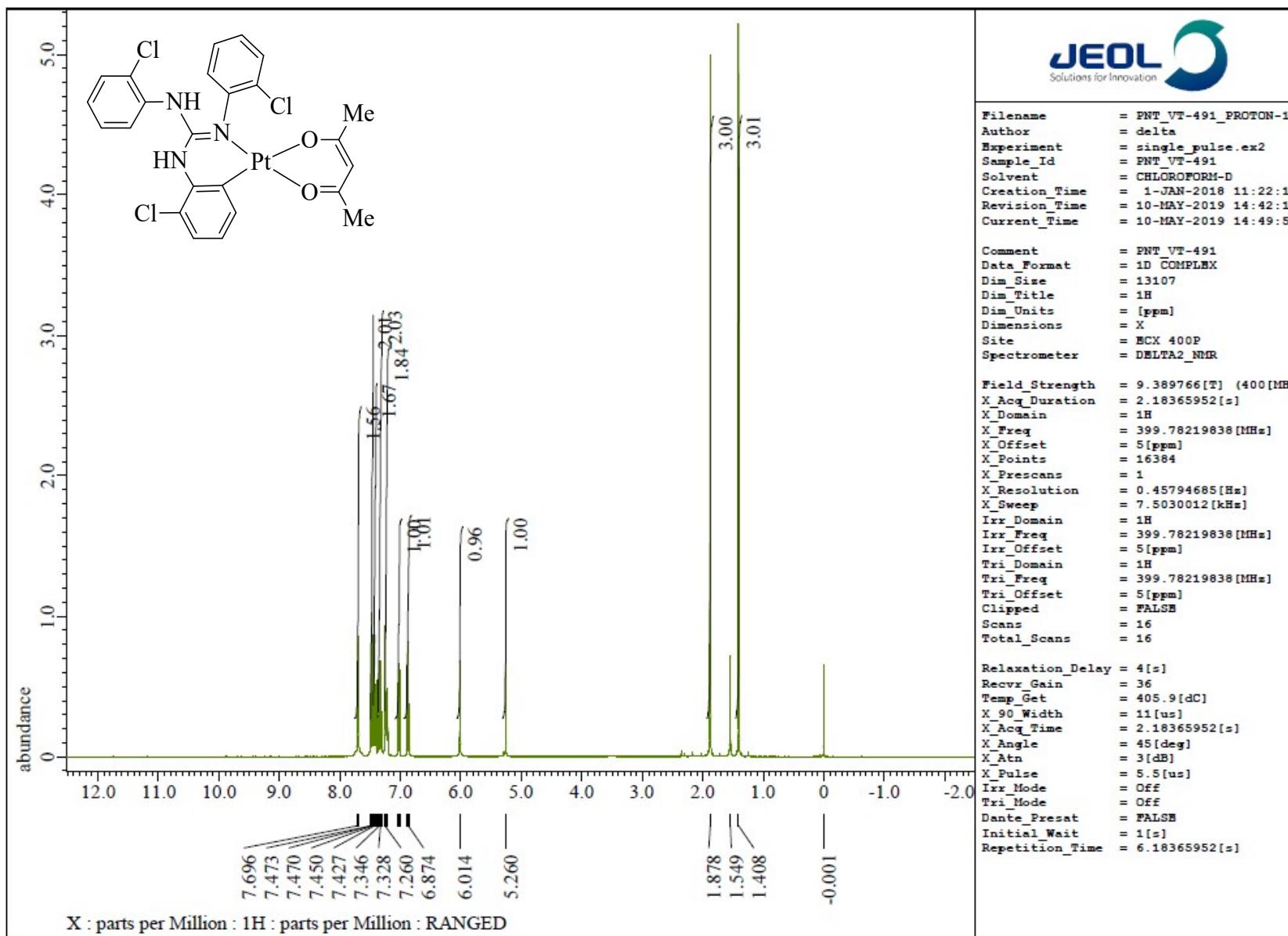


Fig. S142 ^1H NMR (CDCl_3 , 400 MHz) spectrum of 16.

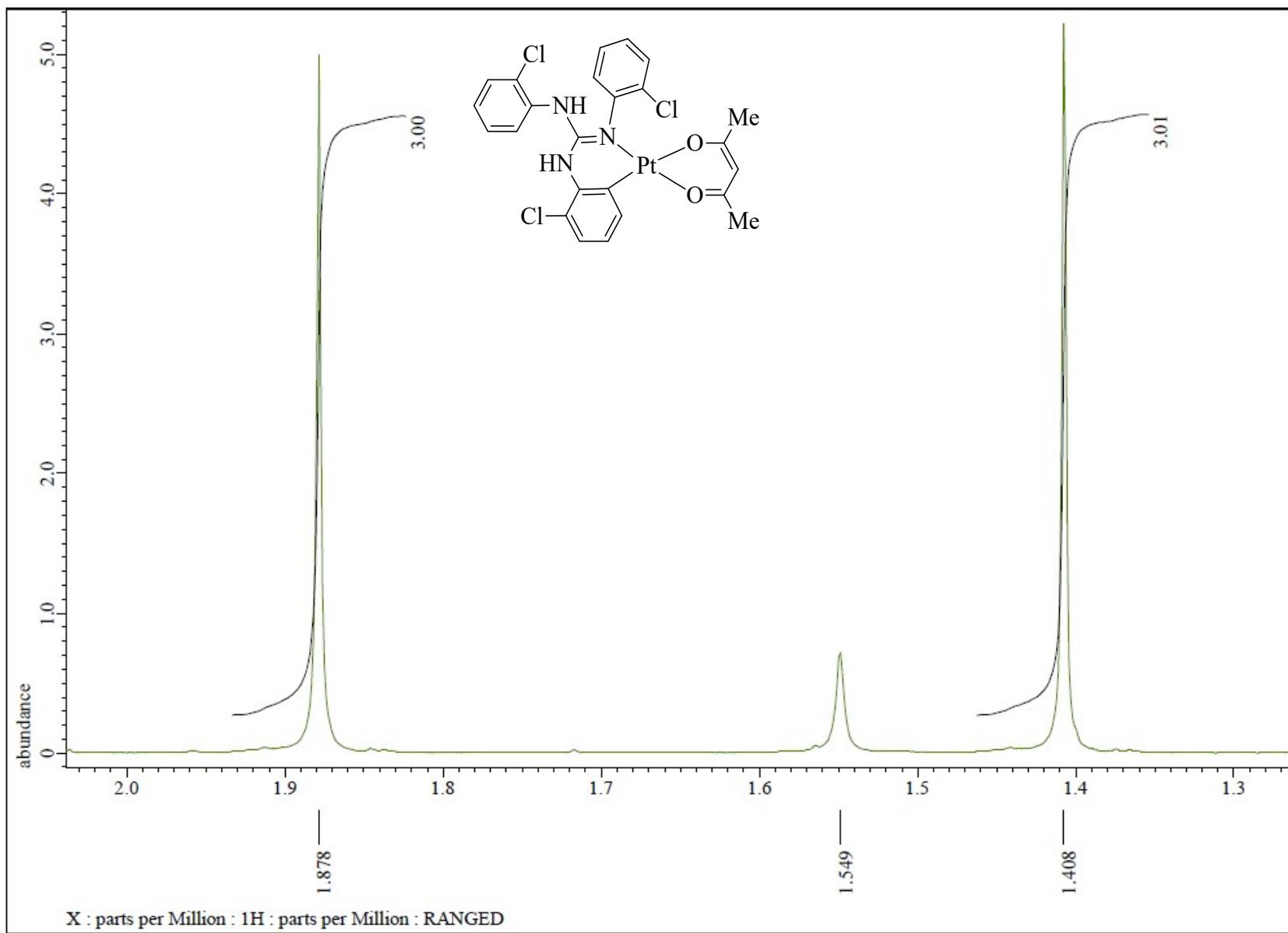


Fig. S143 ^1H NMR (CDCl_3 , 400 MHz) spectrum of **16** in the indicated region.

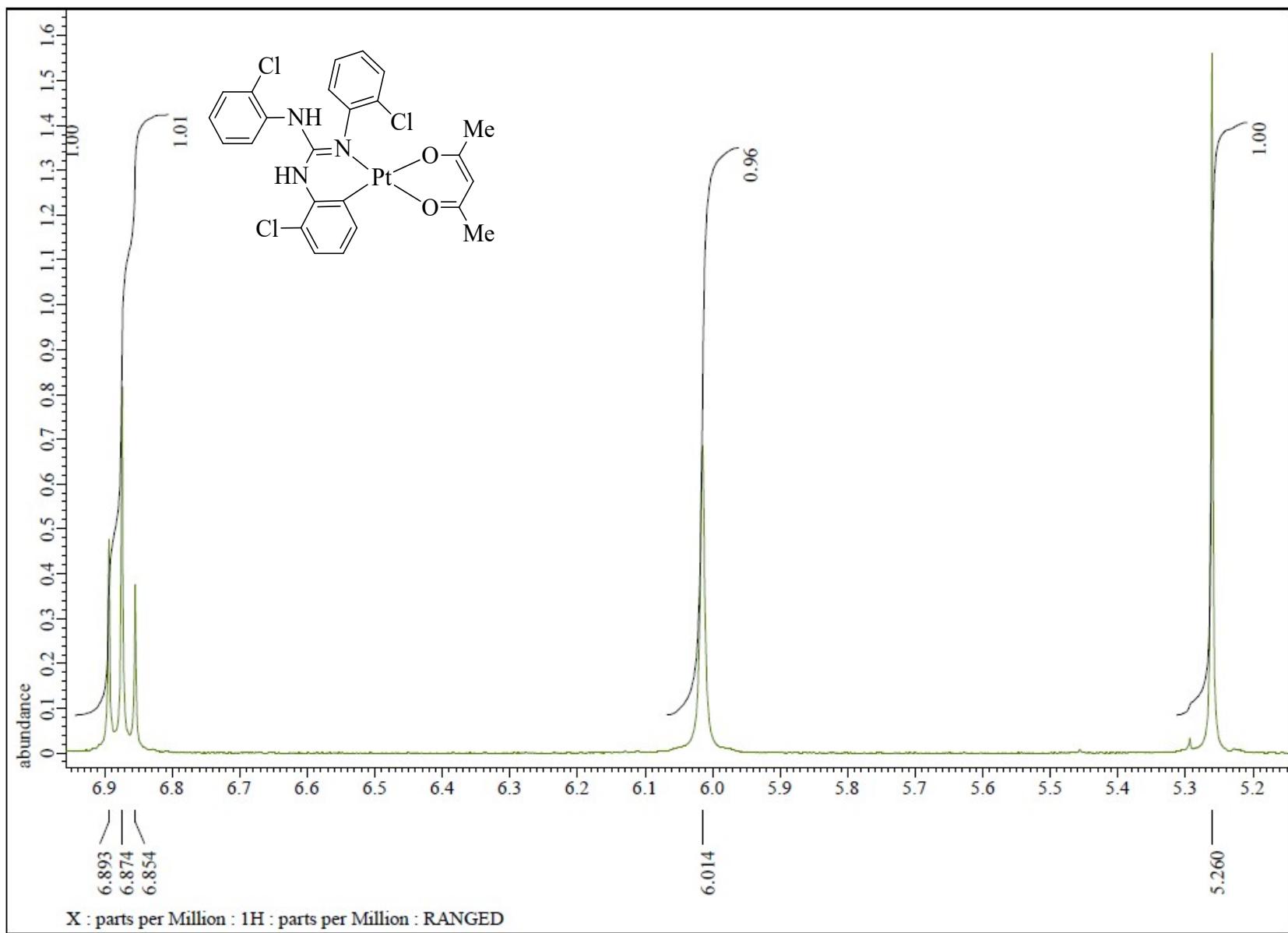


Fig. S144 ^1H NMR (CDCl_3 , 400 MHz) spectrum of **16** in the indicated region.

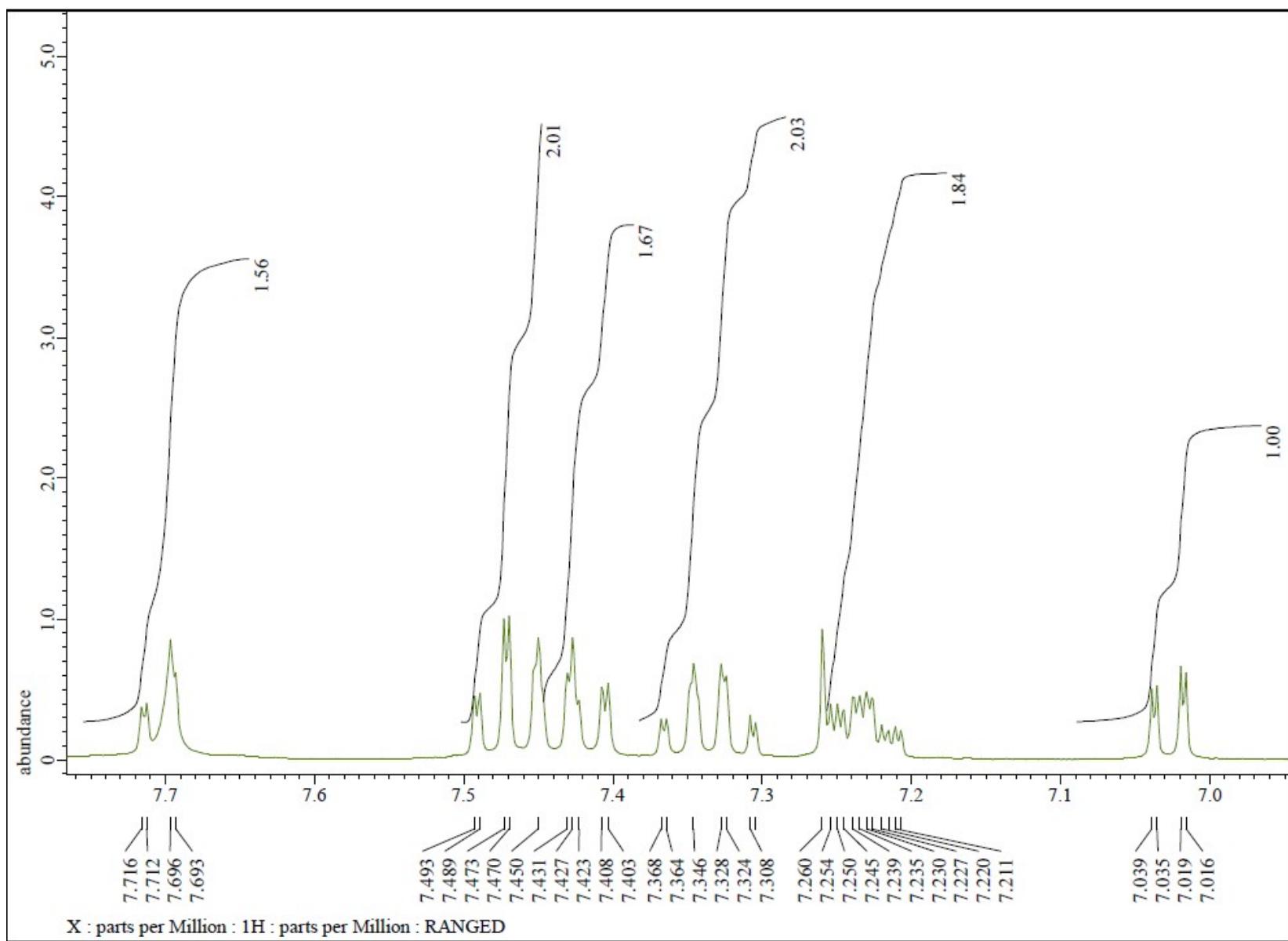


Fig. S145 ^1H NMR (CDCl_3 , 400 MHz) spectrum of **16** in the indicated region.

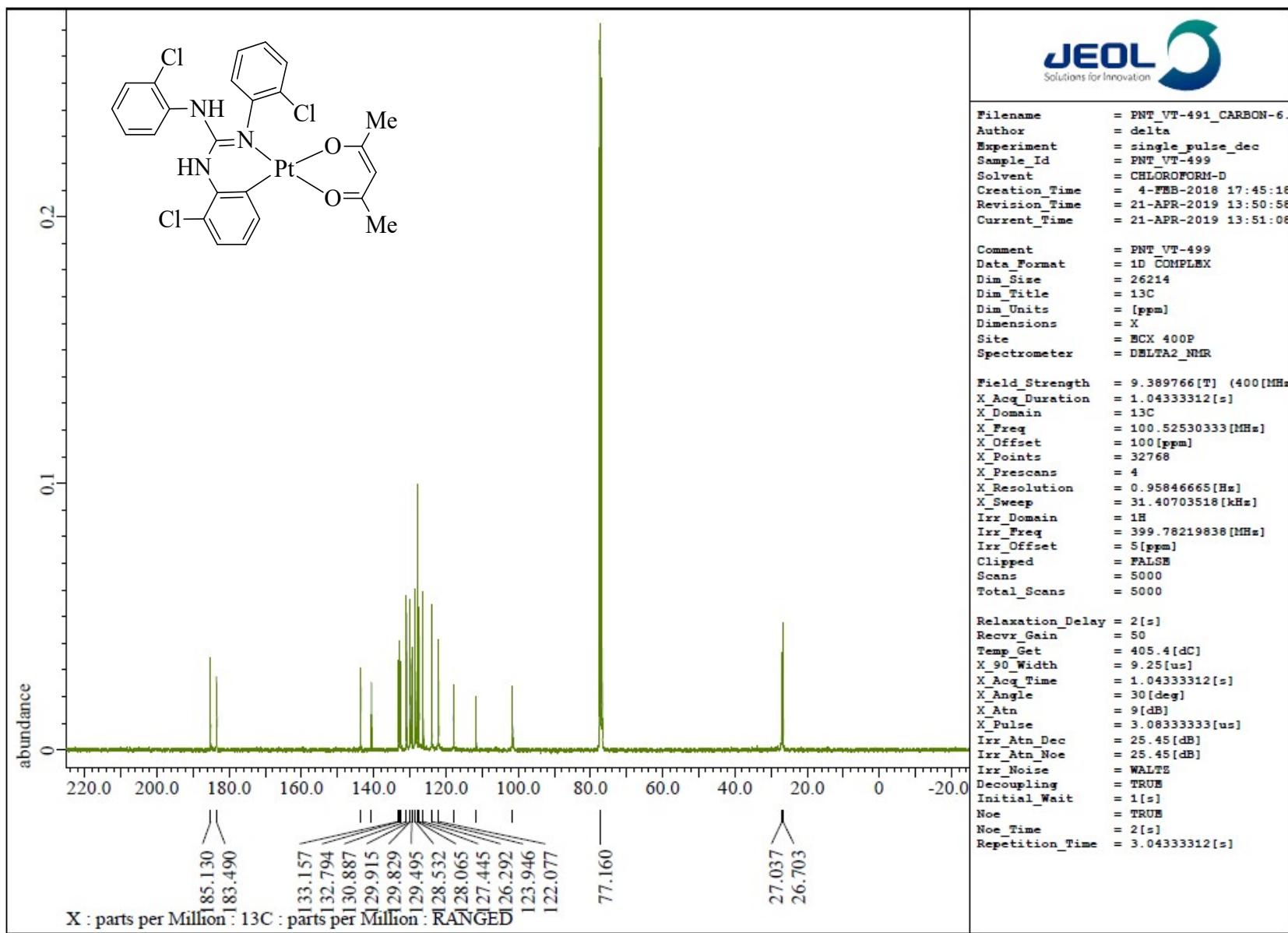


Fig. S146 $^{13}\text{C}\{\text{H}\}$ NMR (CDCl_3 , 100.5 MHz) spectrum of 16.

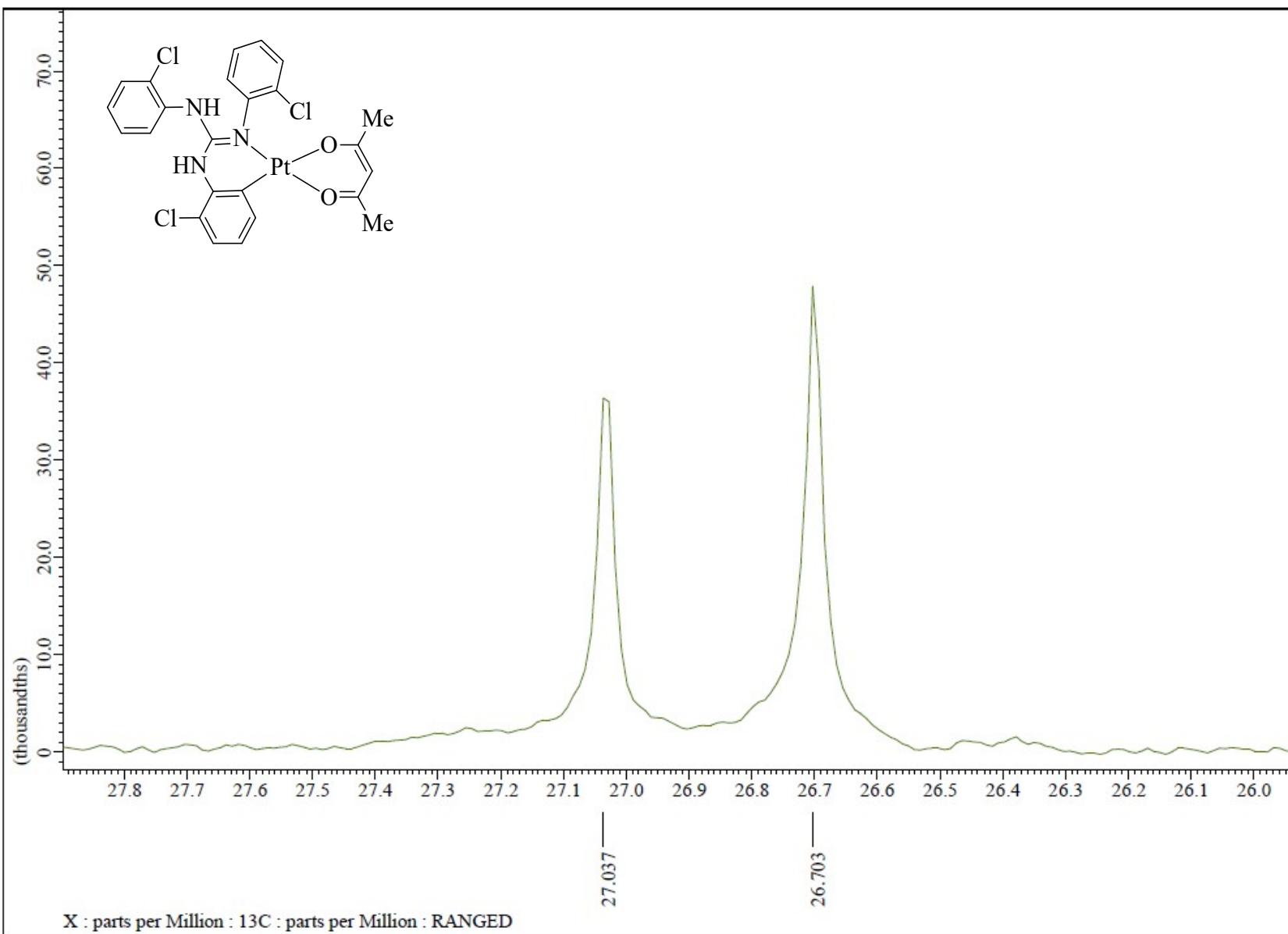


Fig. S147 $^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR (CDCl_3 , 100.5 MHz) spectrum of **16** in the indicated region.

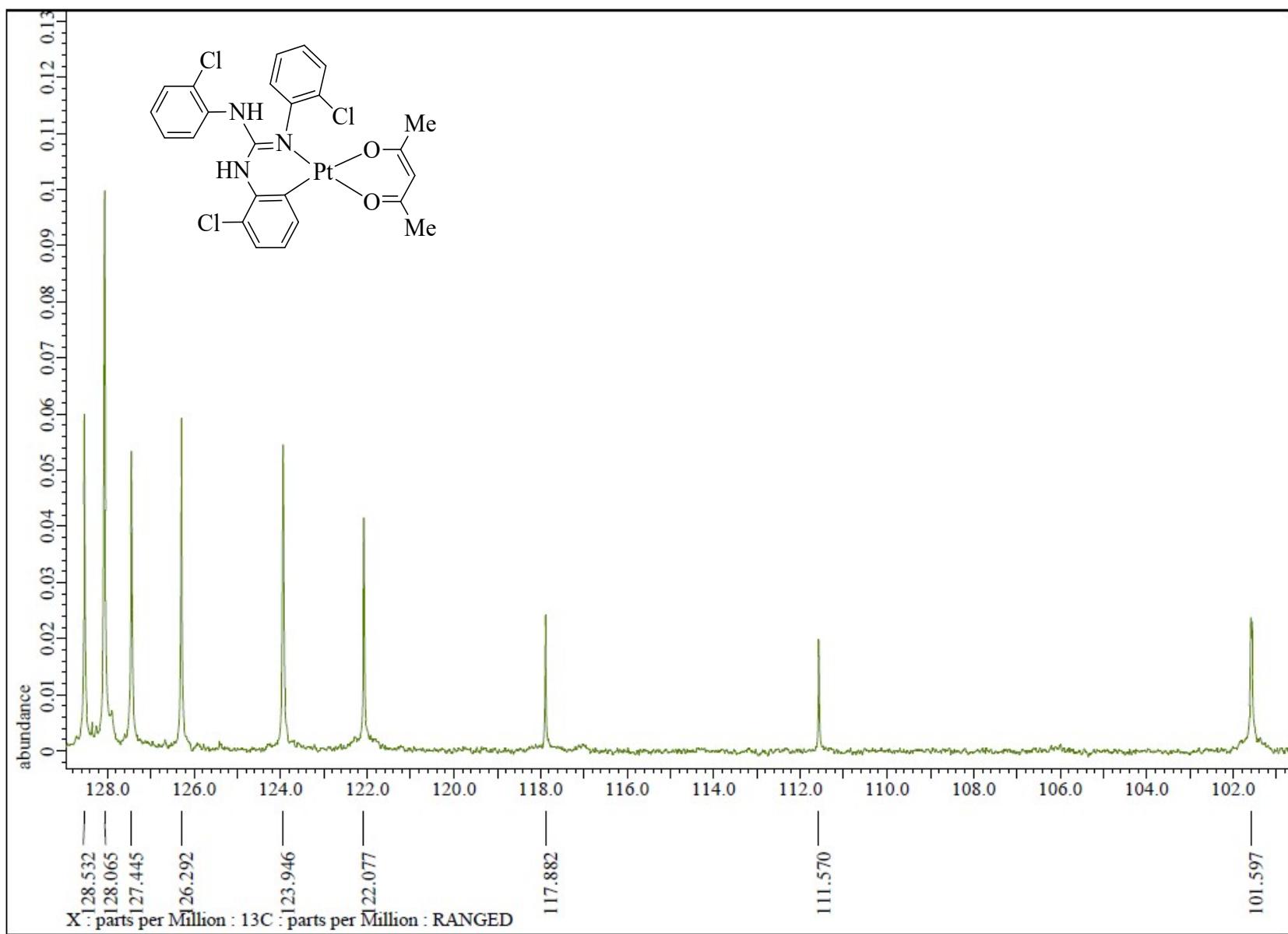


Fig. S148 $^{13}\text{C}\{\text{H}\}$ NMR (CDCl_3 , 100.5 MHz) spectrum of **16** in the indicated region.

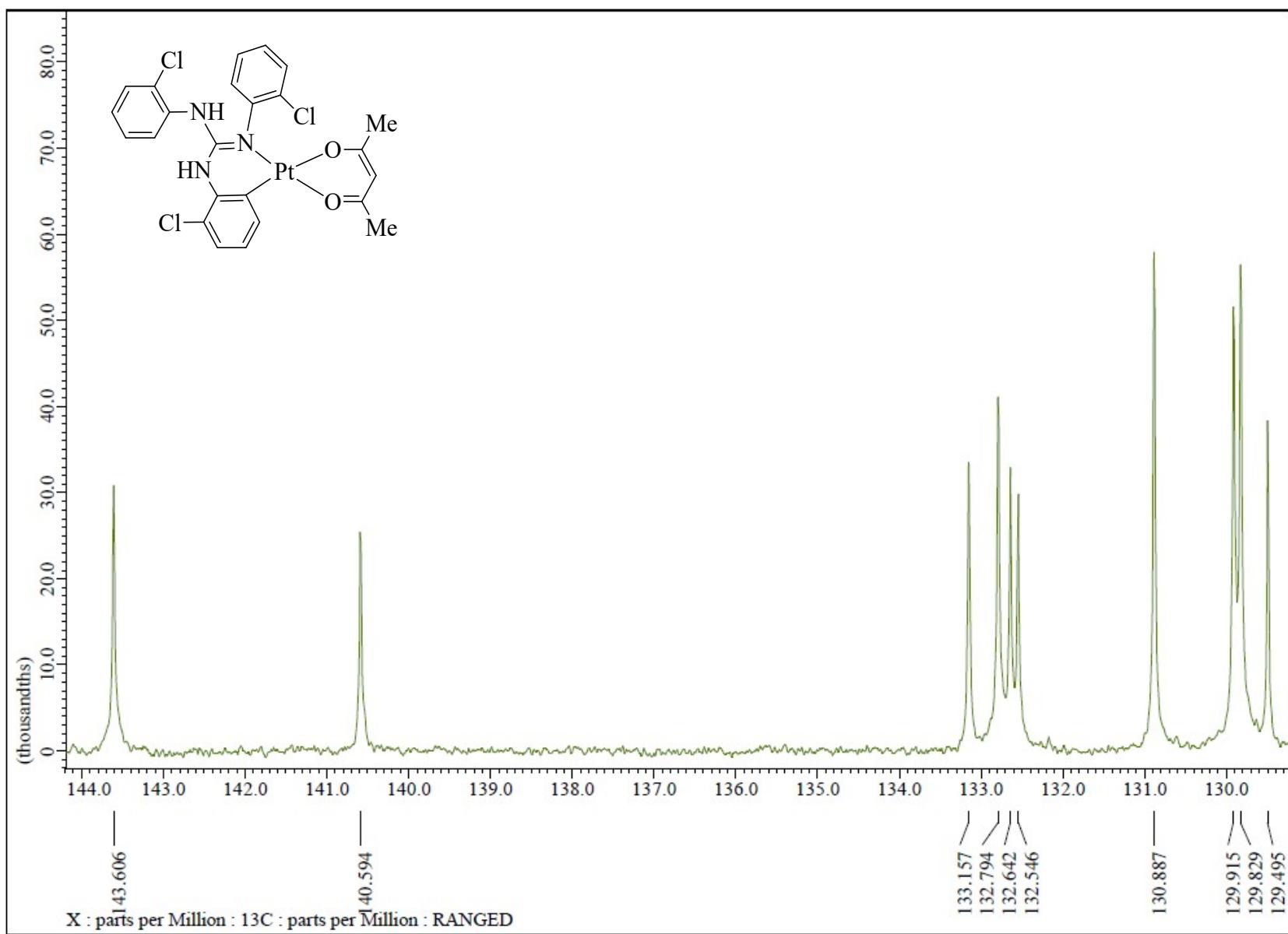


Fig. S149 $^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR (CDCl_3 , 100.5 MHz) spectrum of **16** in the indicated region.

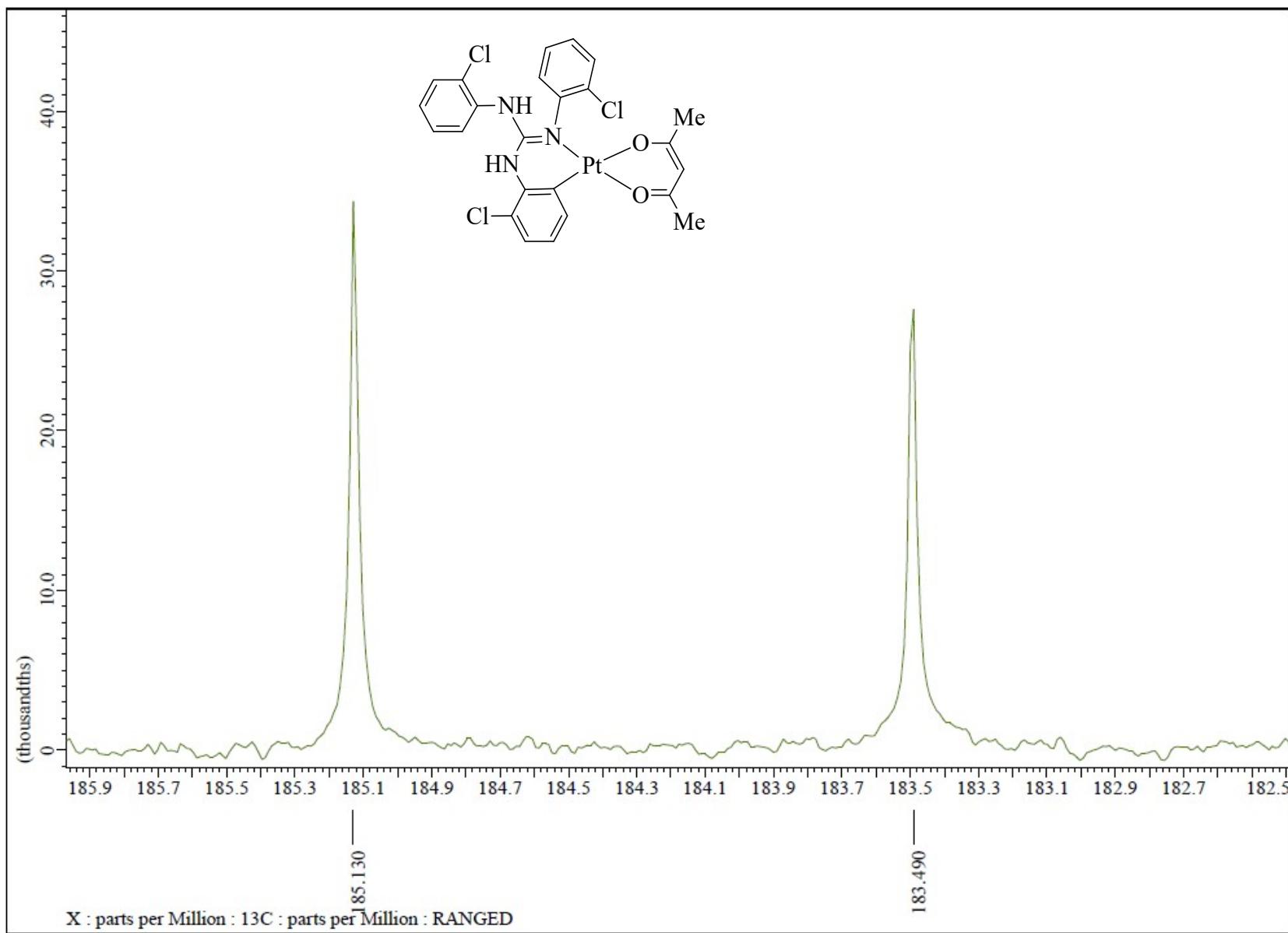


Fig. S150 $^{13}\text{C}\{\text{H}\}$ NMR (CDCl_3 , 100.5 MHz) spectrum of **16** in the indicated region.

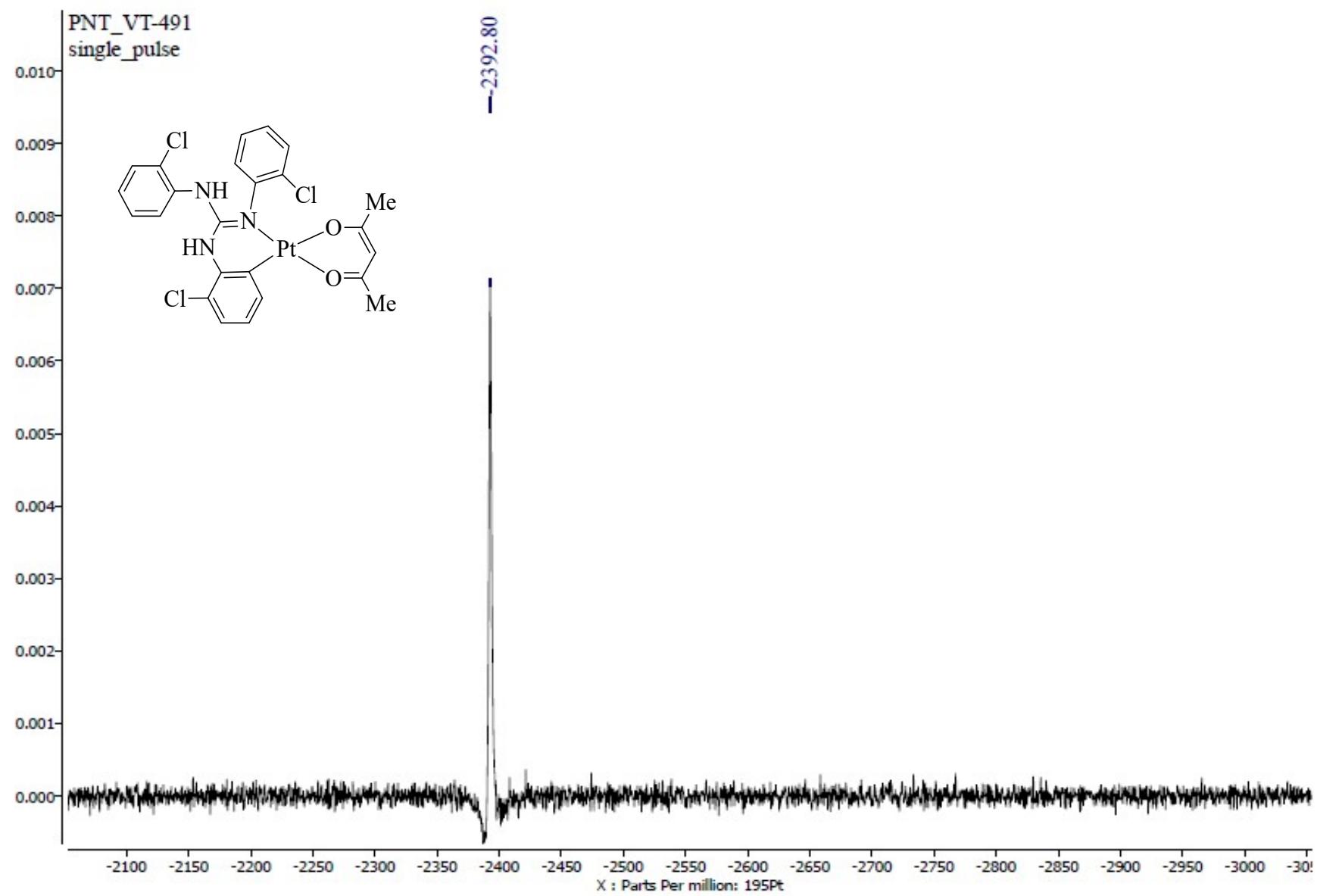


Fig. S151 $^{195}\text{Pt}\{\text{H}\}$ NMR (CDCl_3 , 85.8 MHz) spectrum of 16.

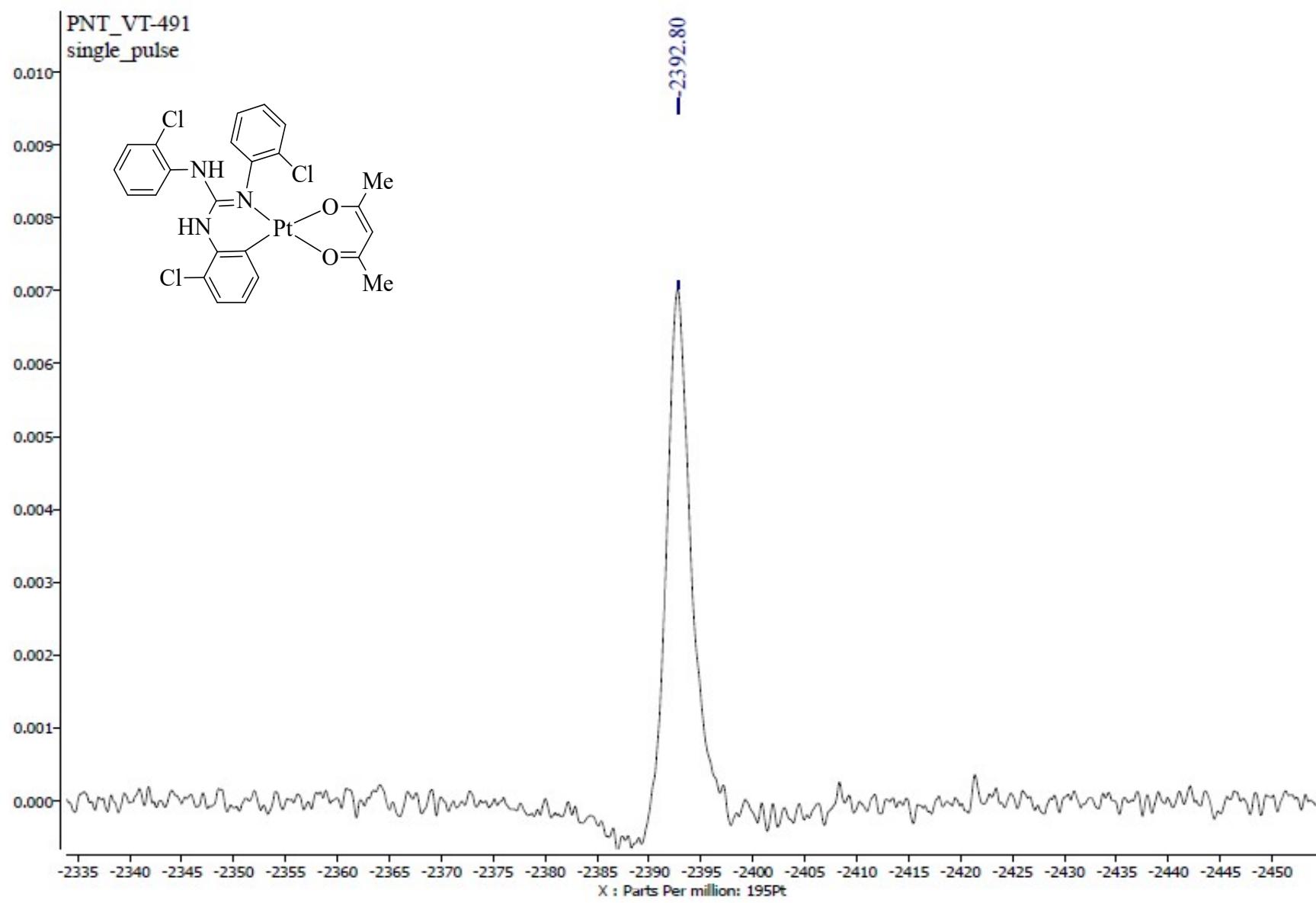


Fig. S152 $^{195}\text{Pt}\{\text{H}\}$ NMR (CDCl_3 , 85.8 MHz) spectrum of **16** in the indicated region.

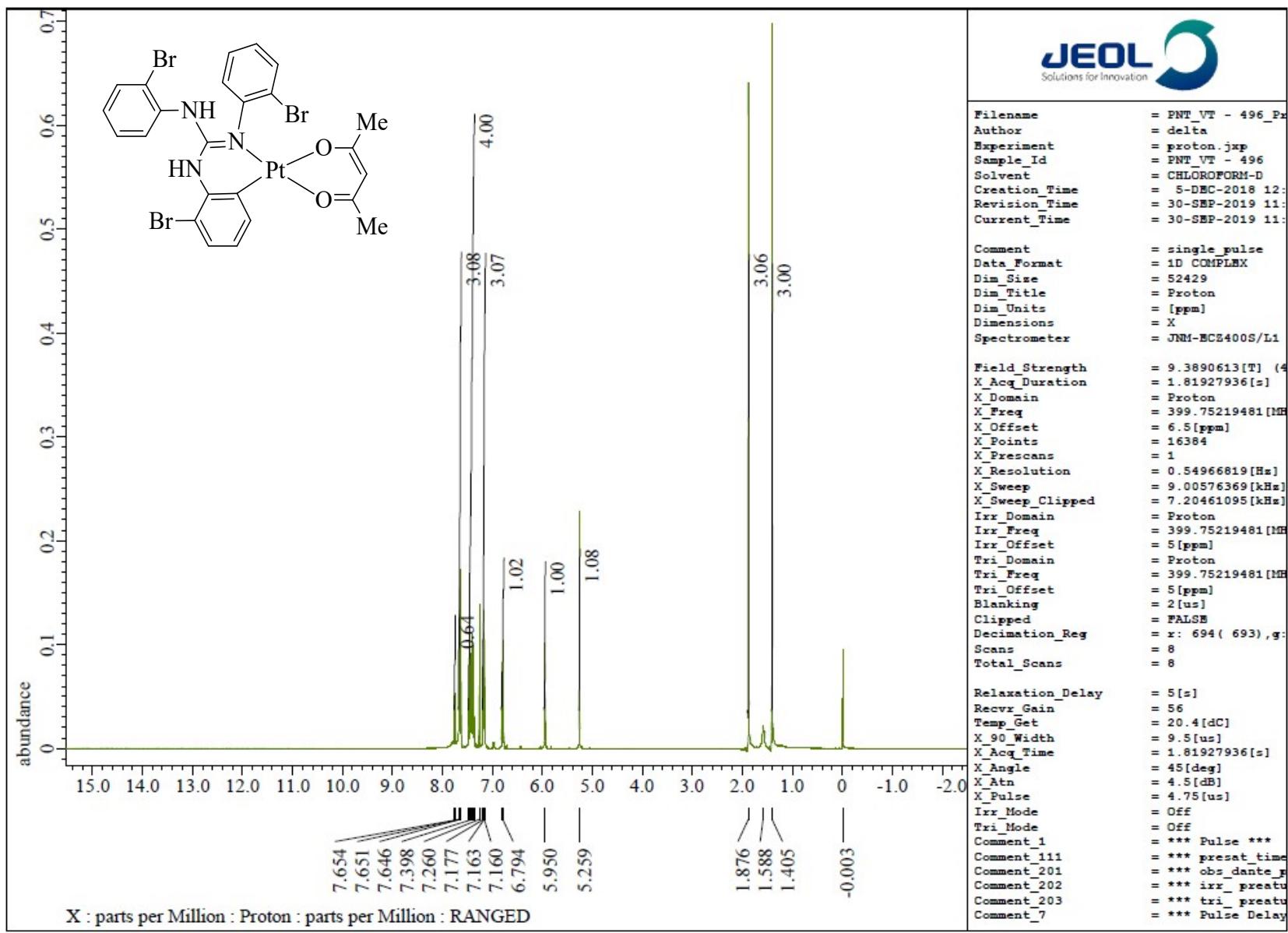


Fig. S153 ^1H NMR (CDCl_3 , 400 MHz) spectrum of 17.

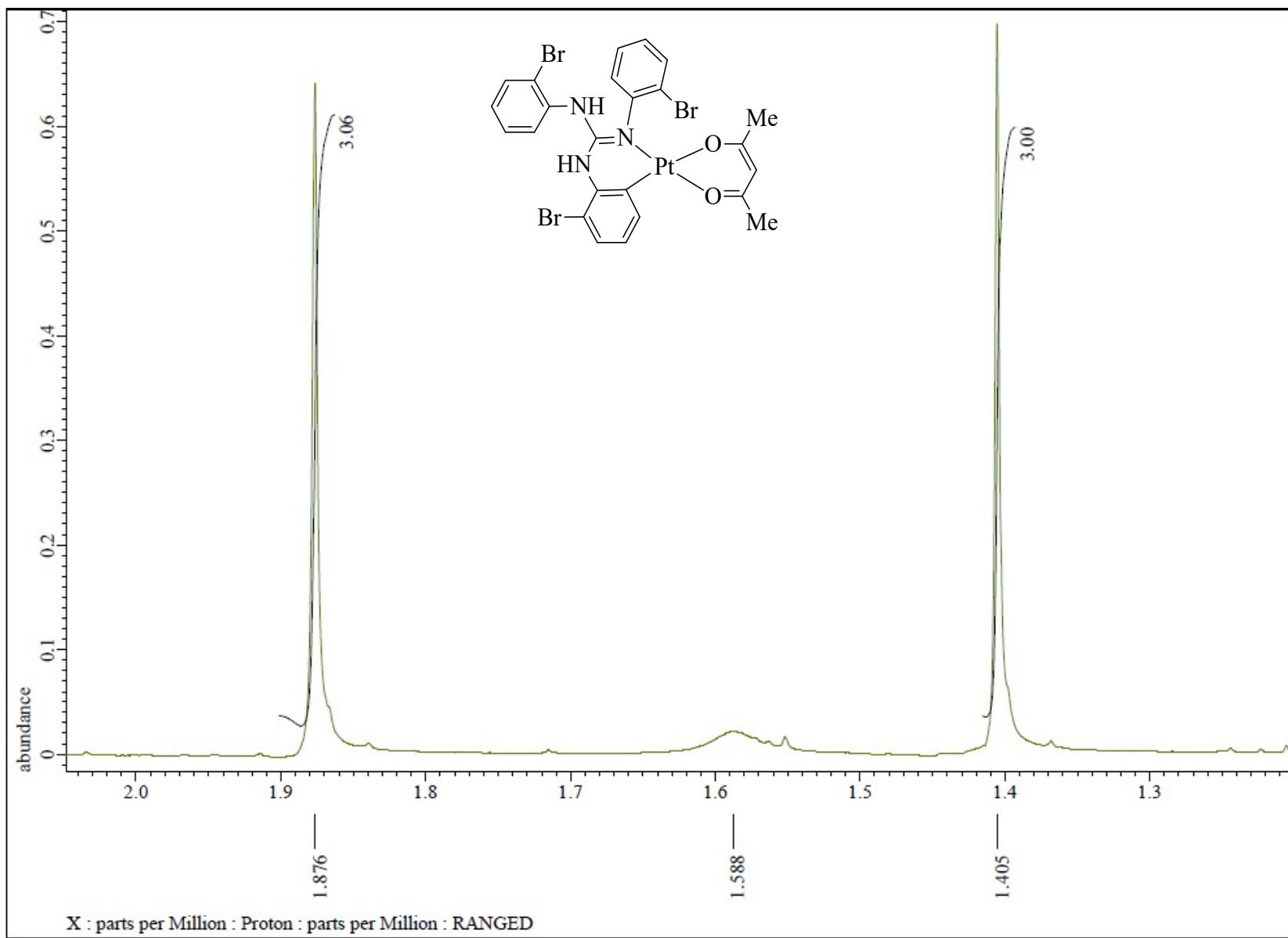


Fig. S154 ^1H NMR (CDCl_3 , 400 MHz) spectrum of **17** in the indicated region.

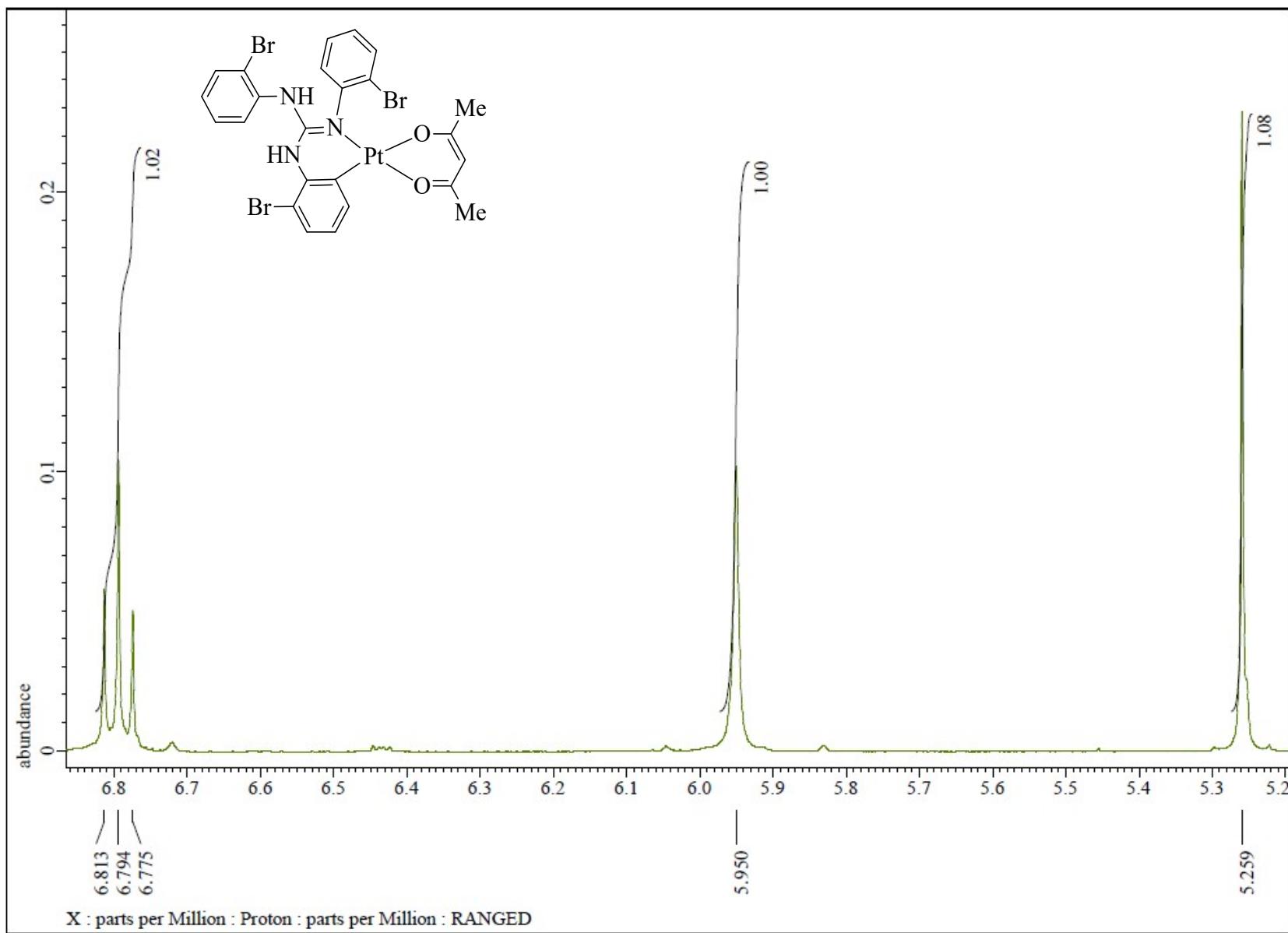


Fig. S155 ^1H NMR (CDCl_3 , 400 MHz) spectrum of **17** in the indicated region.

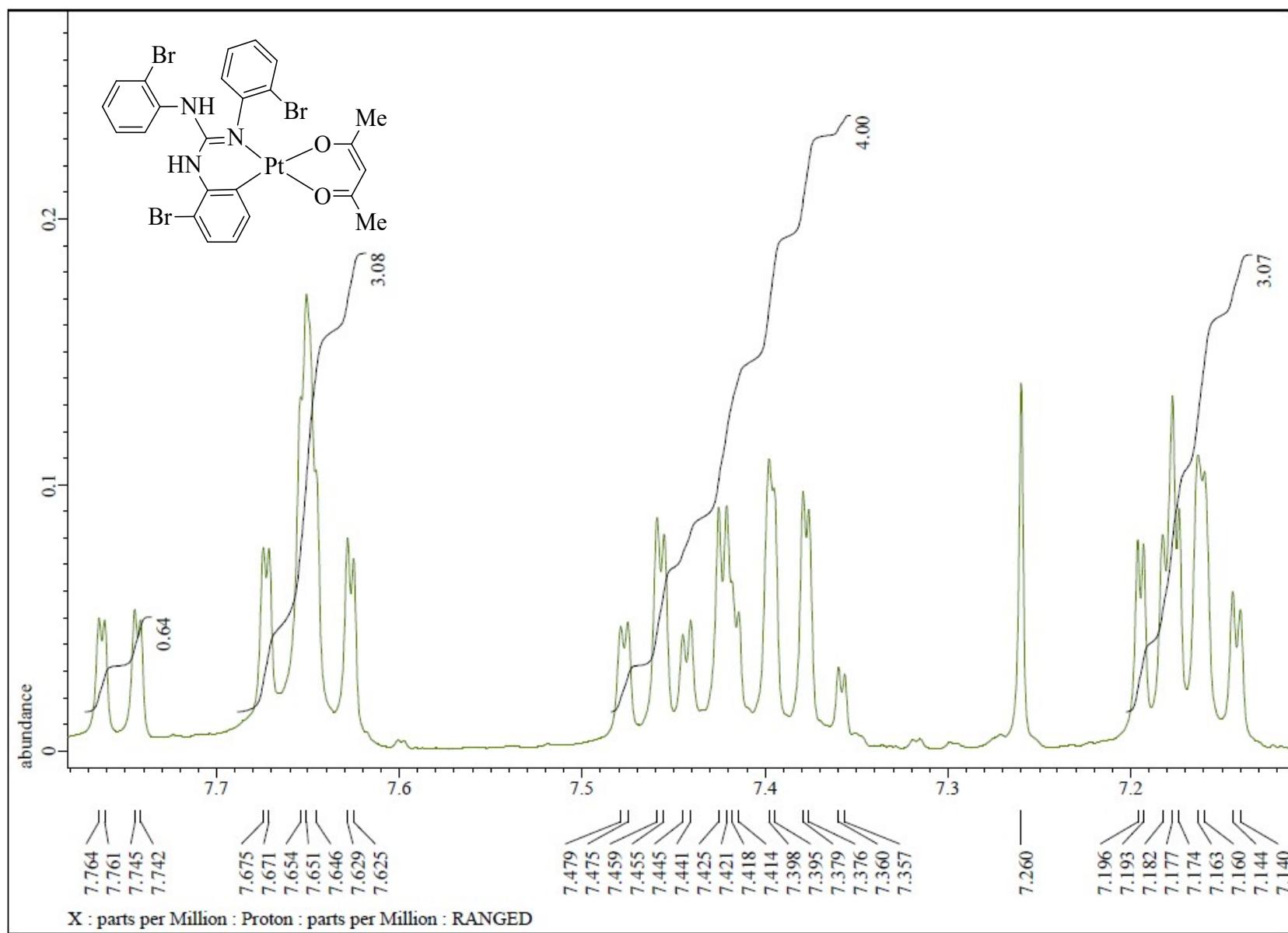


Fig. S156 ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 400 MHz) spectrum of **17** in the indicated region.

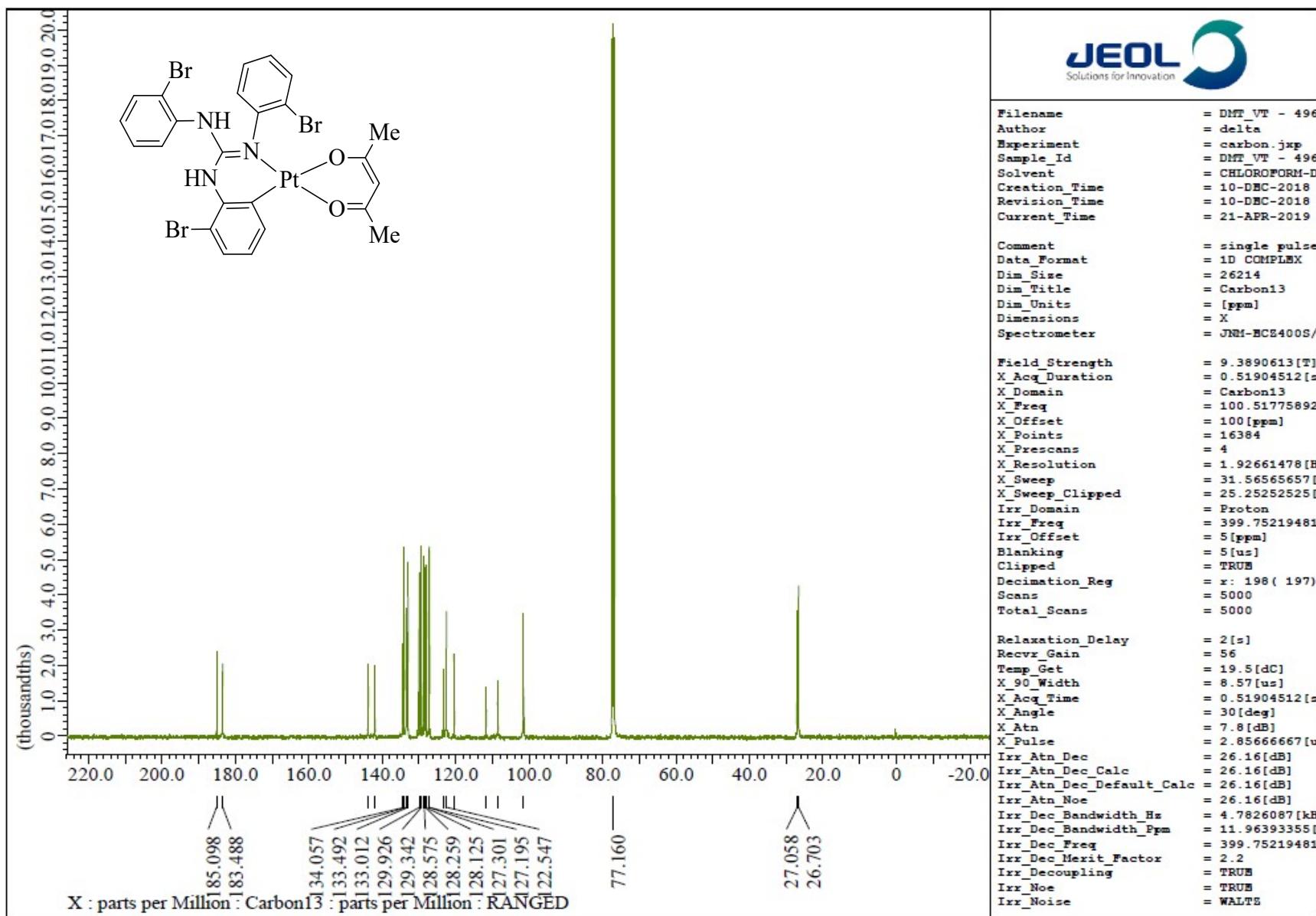


Fig. S157 $^{13}\text{C}\{\text{H}\}$ NMR (CDCl_3 , 100.5 MHz) spectrum of 17.

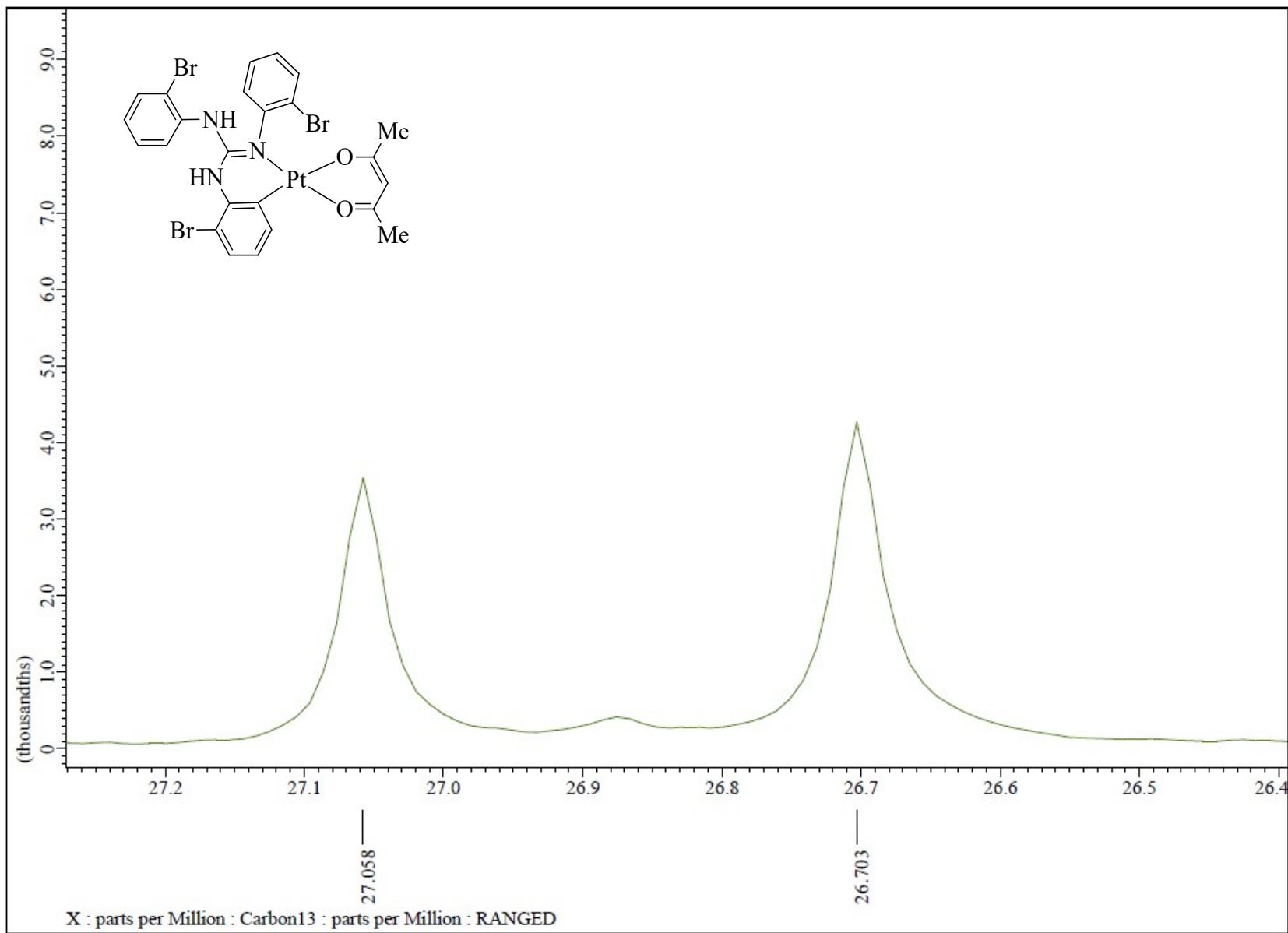


Fig. S158 $^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR (CDCl_3 , 100.5 MHz) spectrum of 17 in the indicated region.

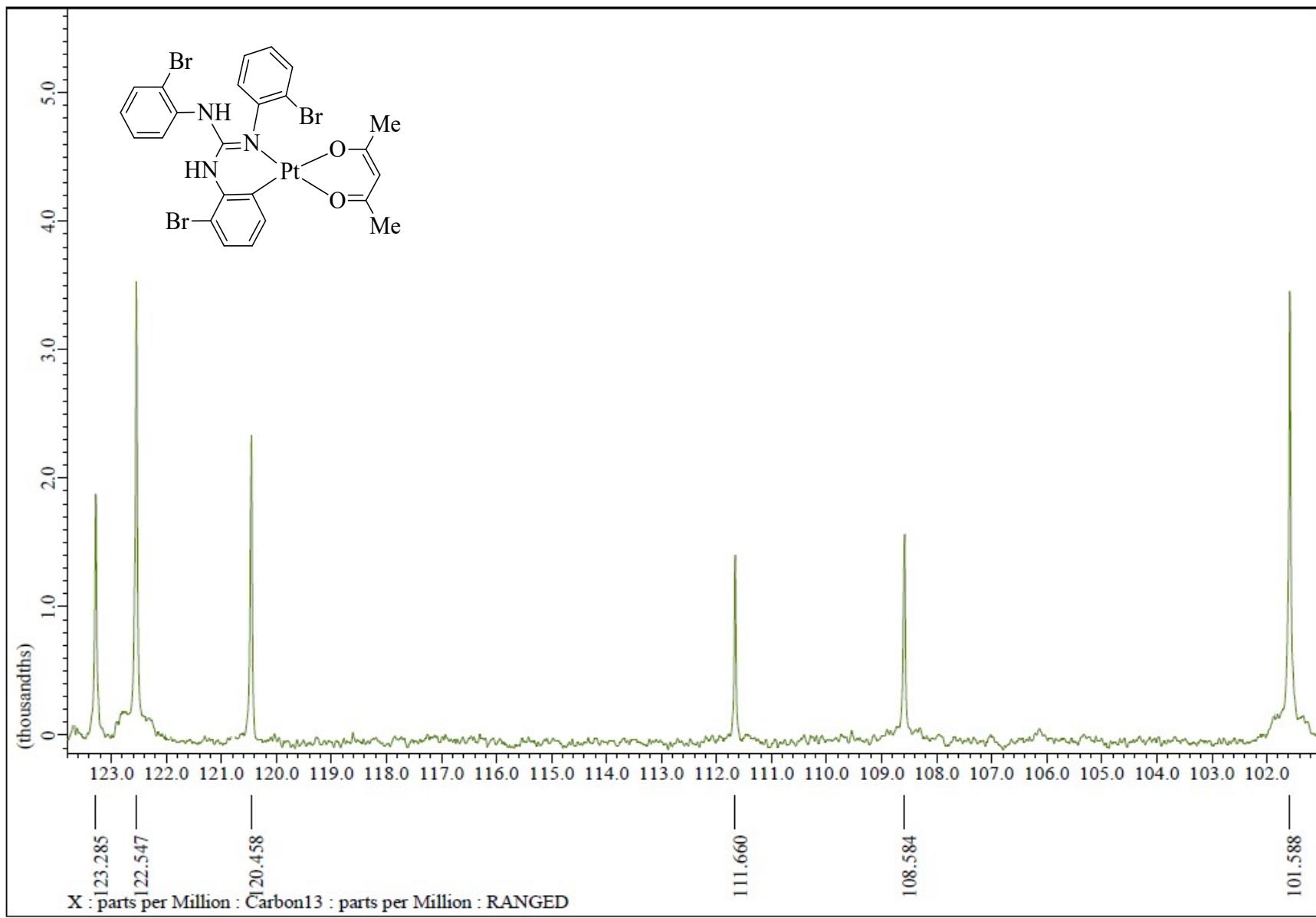


Fig. S159 $^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR (CDCl_3 , 100.5 MHz) spectrum of **17** in the indicated region.

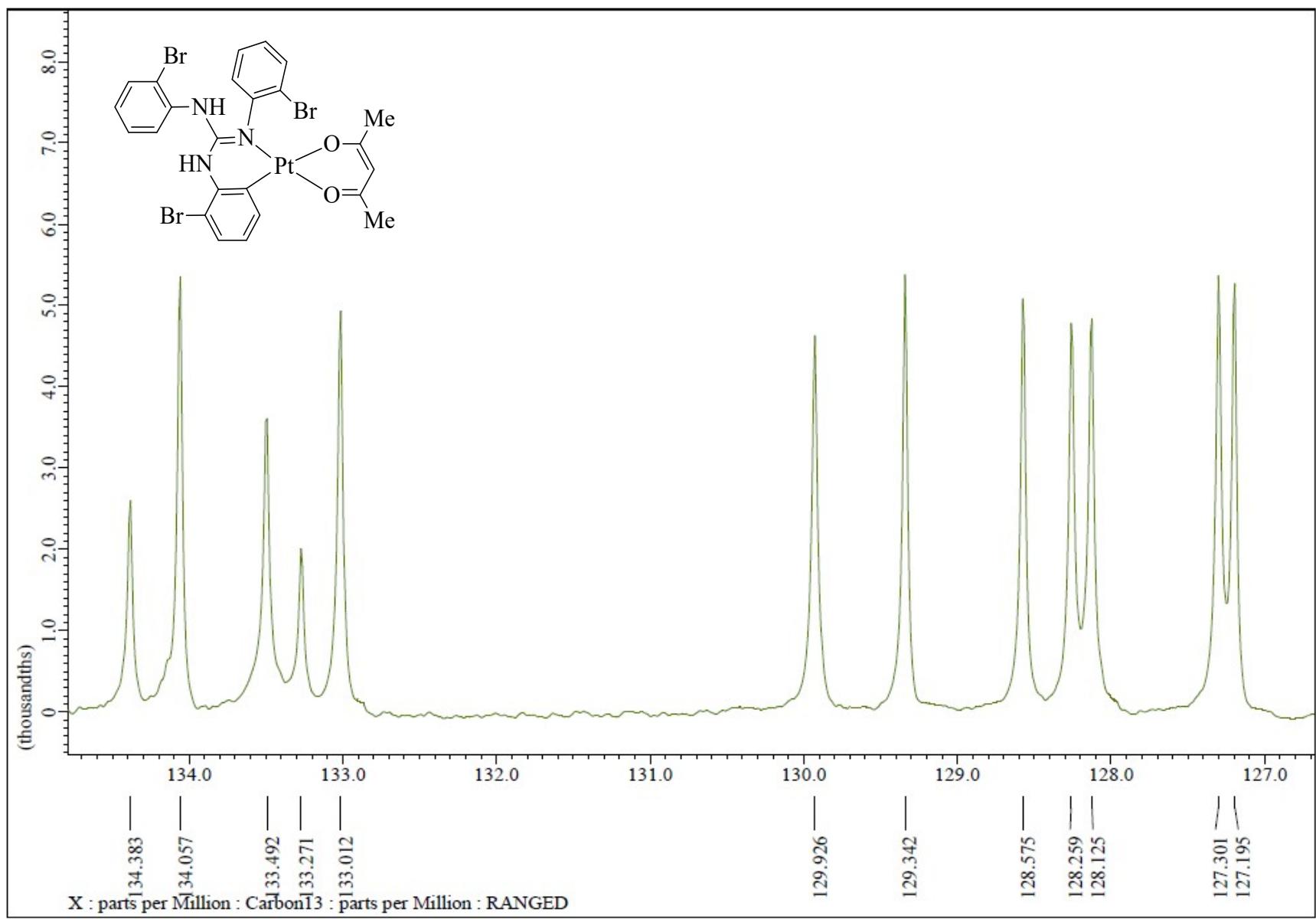


Fig. S160 $^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR (CDCl_3 , 100.5 MHz) spectrum of **17** in the indicated region.

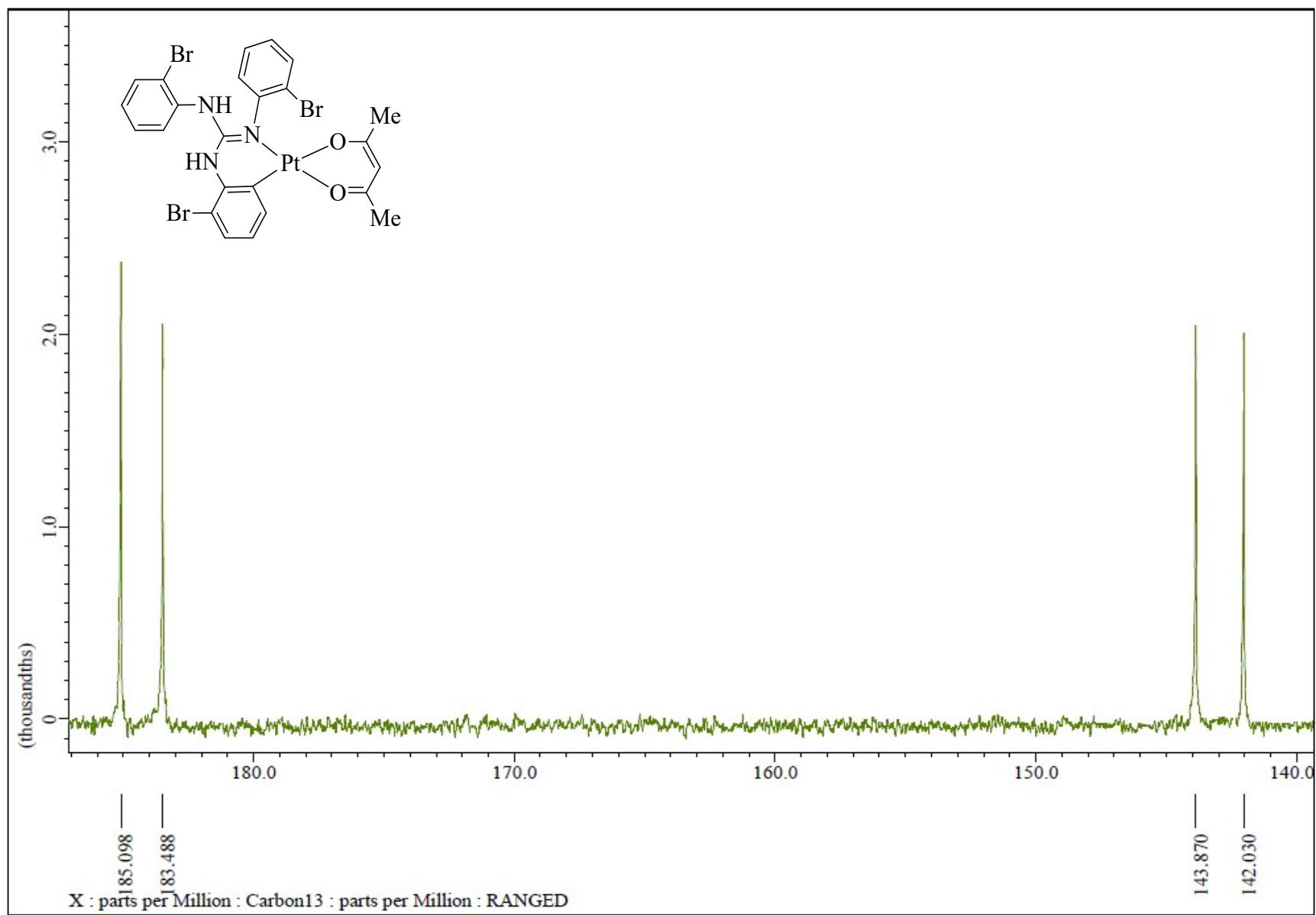


Fig. S161 $^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR (CDCl_3 , 100.5 MHz) spectrum of **17** in the indicated region.

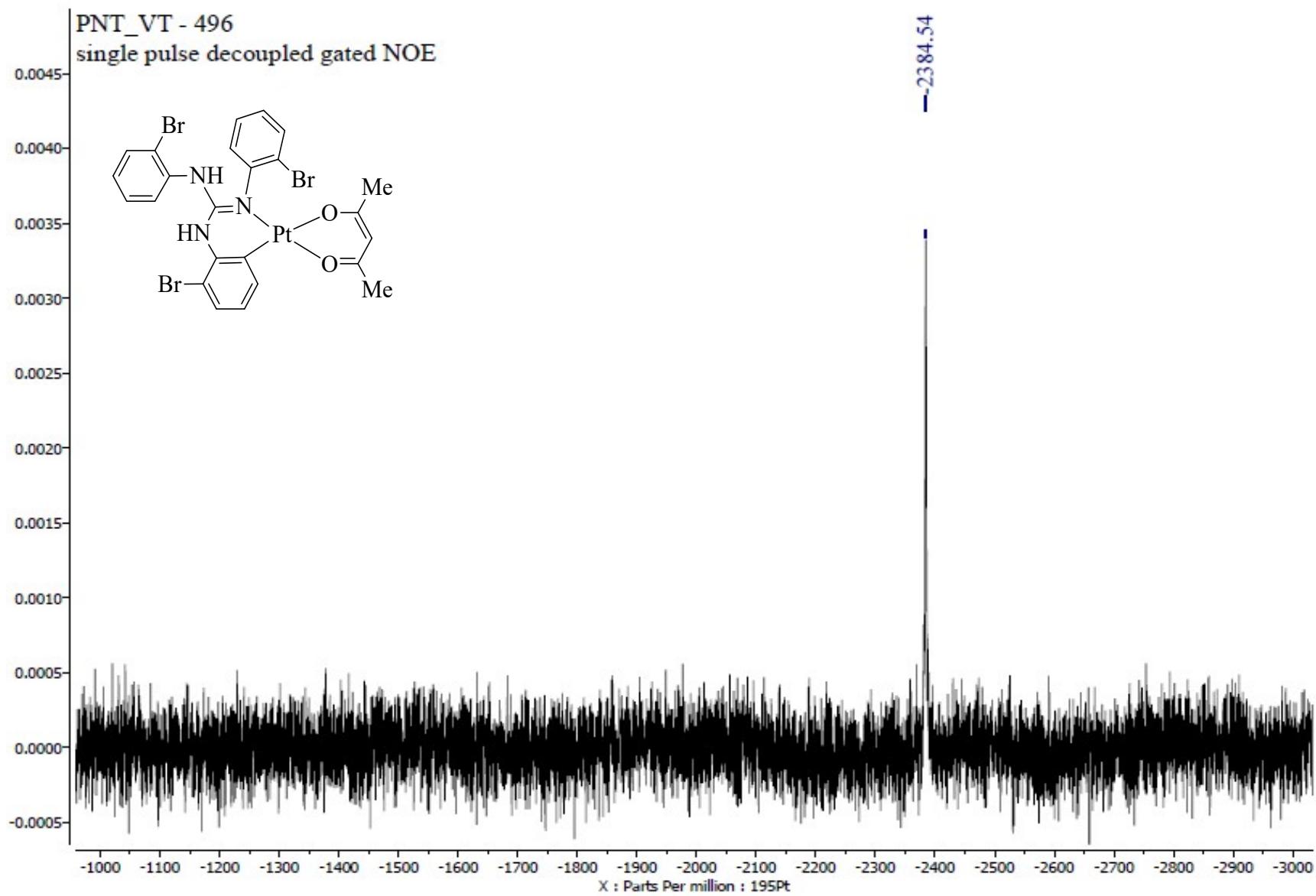


Fig. S162 $^{195}\text{Pt}\{\text{H}\}$ NMR (CDCl_3 , 85.8 MHz) spectrum of 17.

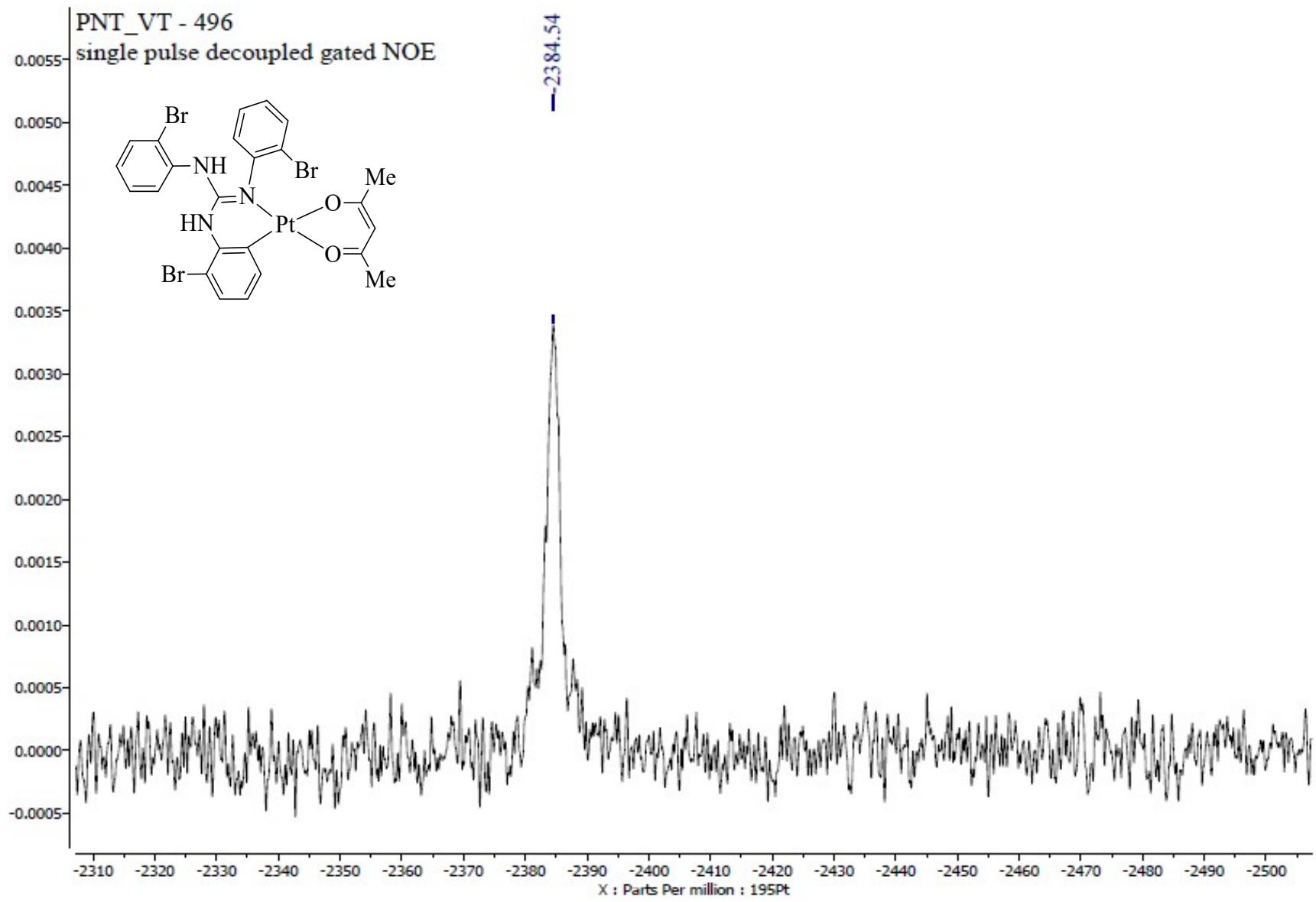


Fig. S163 $^{195}\text{Pt}\{\text{H}\}$ NMR (CDCl_3 , 85.8 MHz) spectrum of 17 in the indicated region.

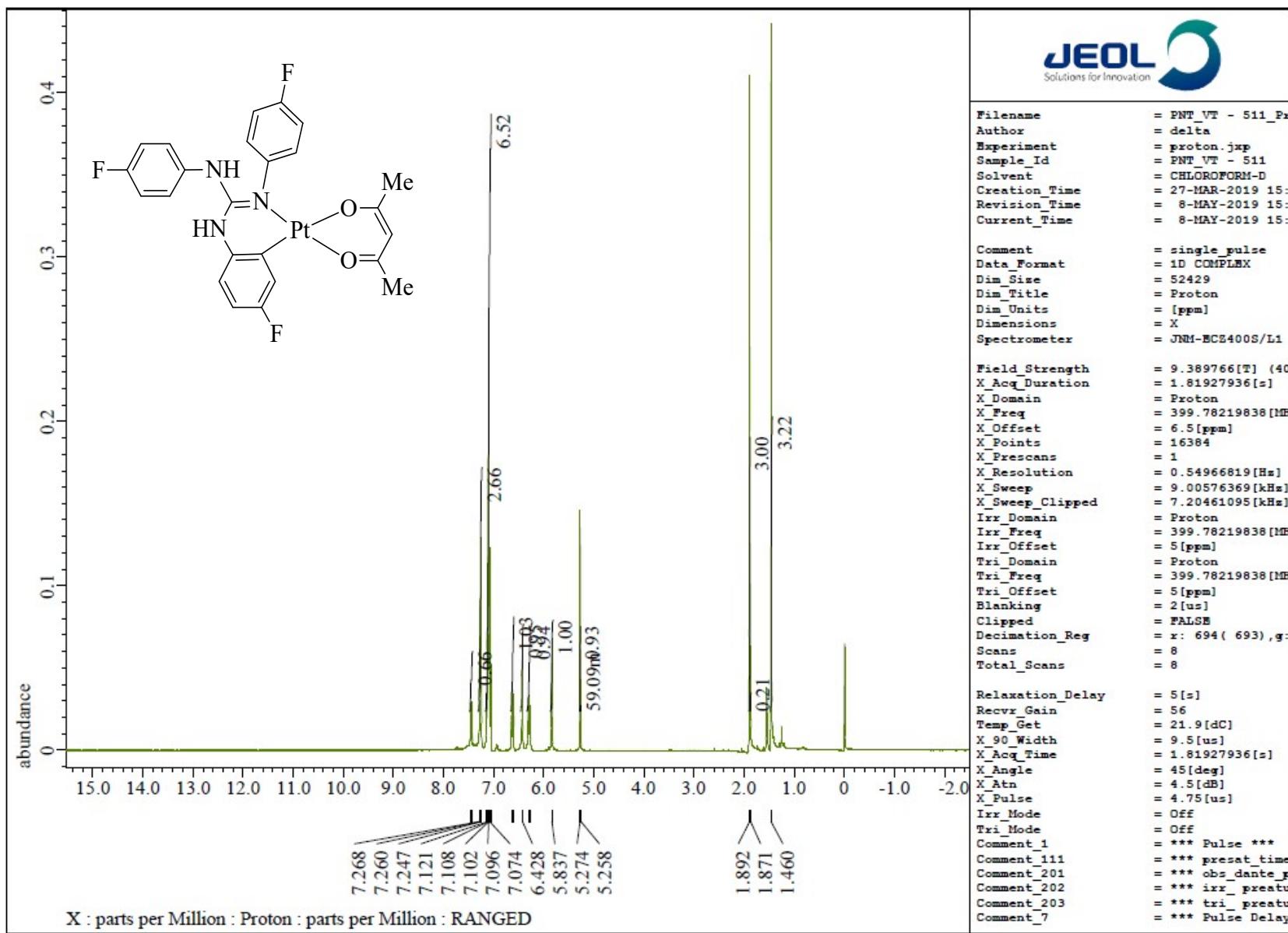


Fig. S164 ^1H NMR (CDCl_3 , 400 MHz) spectrum of 18.

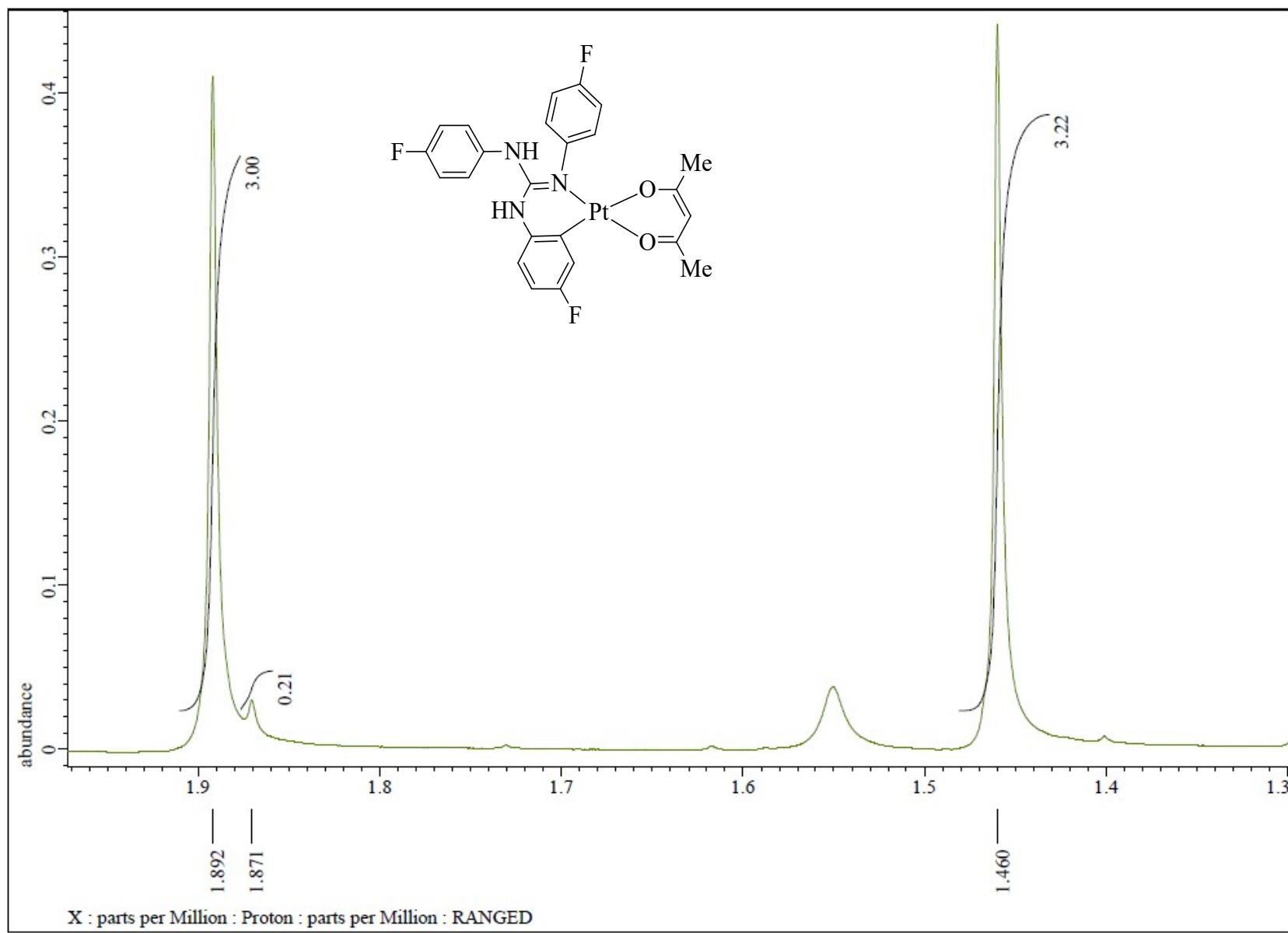


Fig. S165 ^1H NMR (CDCl_3 , 400 MHz) spectrum of **18** in the indicated region.

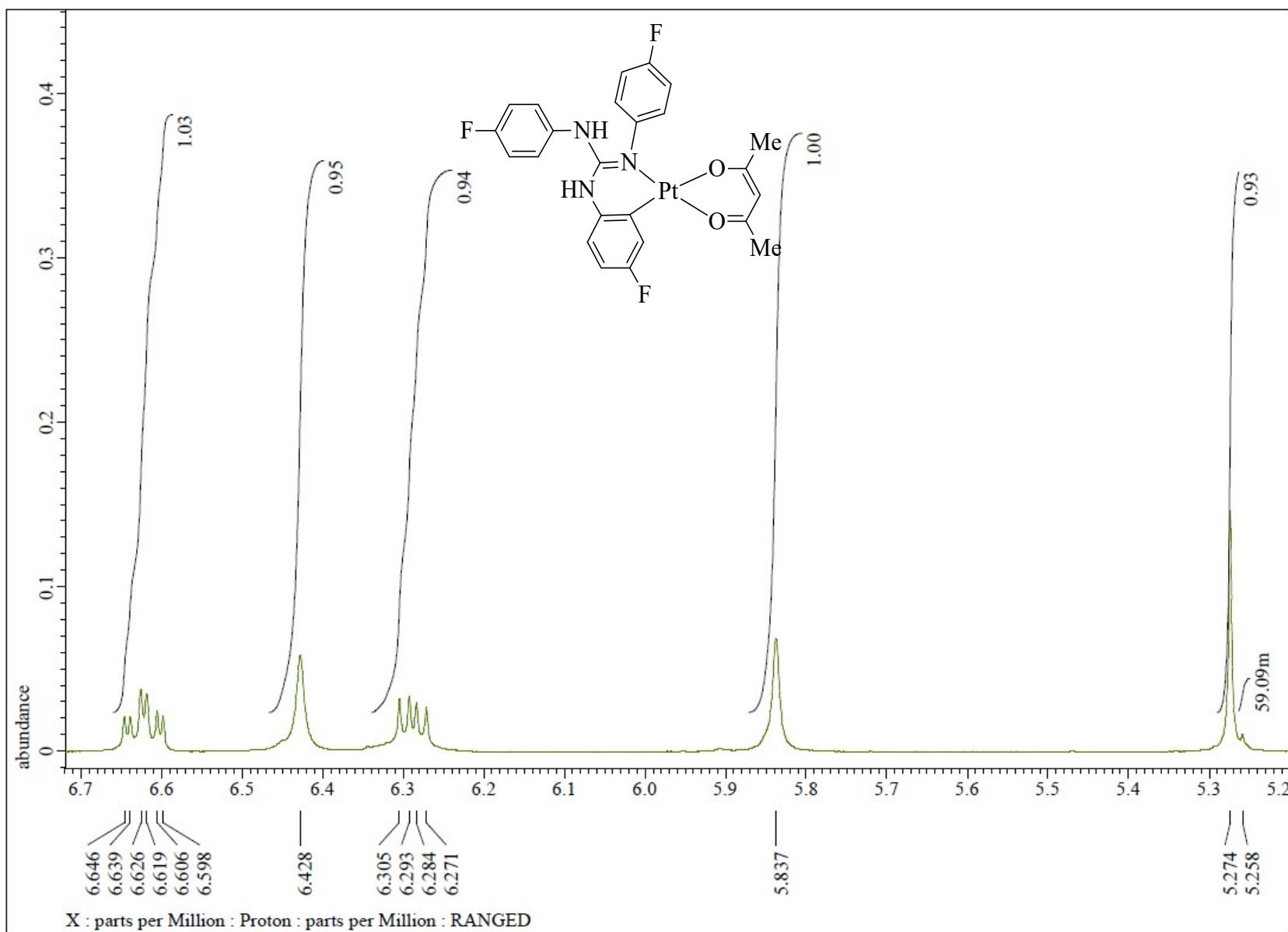


Fig. S166 ^1H NMR (CDCl_3 , 400 MHz) spectrum of **18** in the indicated region.

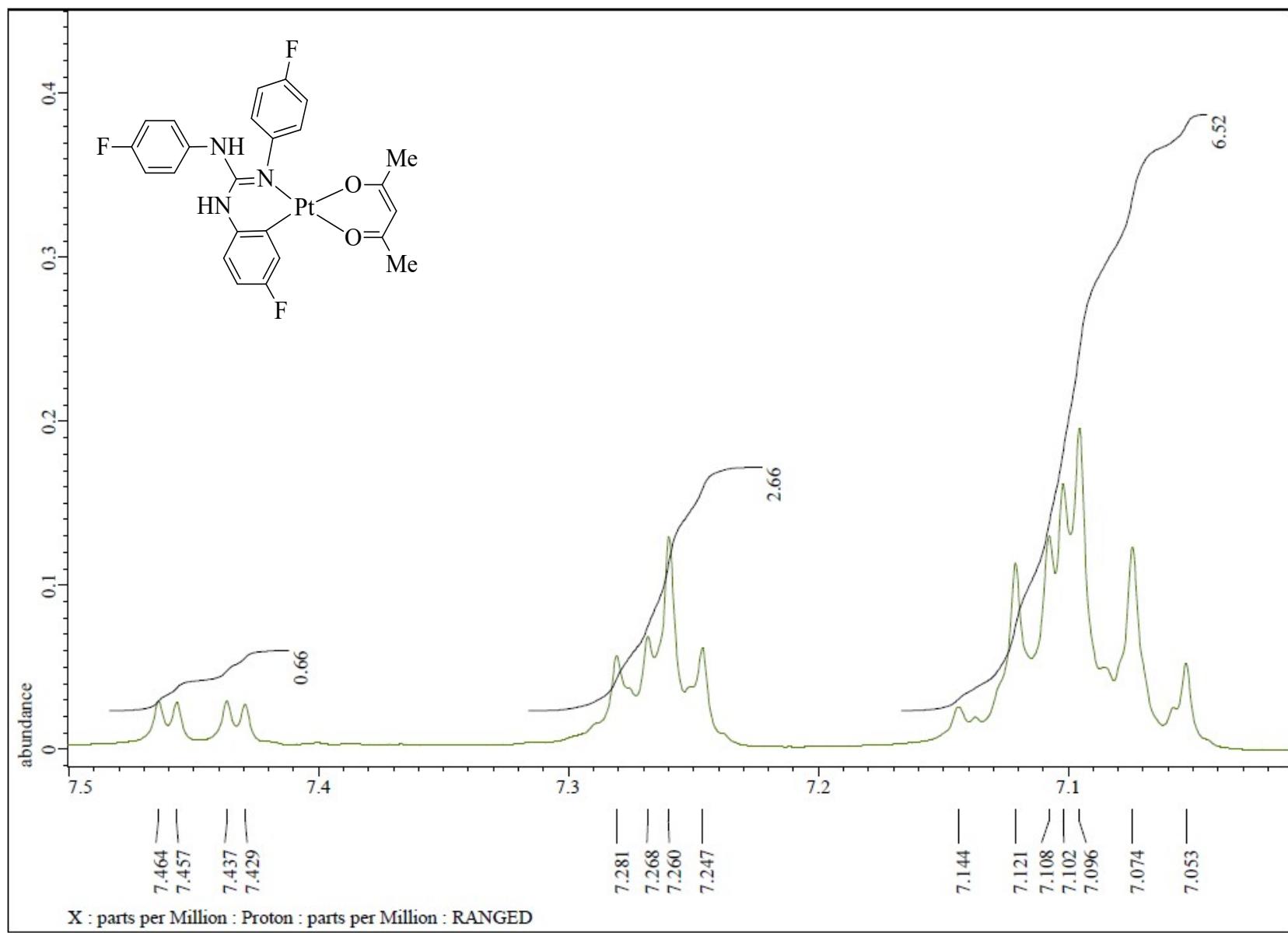


Fig. S167 ^1H NMR (CDCl_3 , 400 MHz) spectrum of **18** in the indicated region.

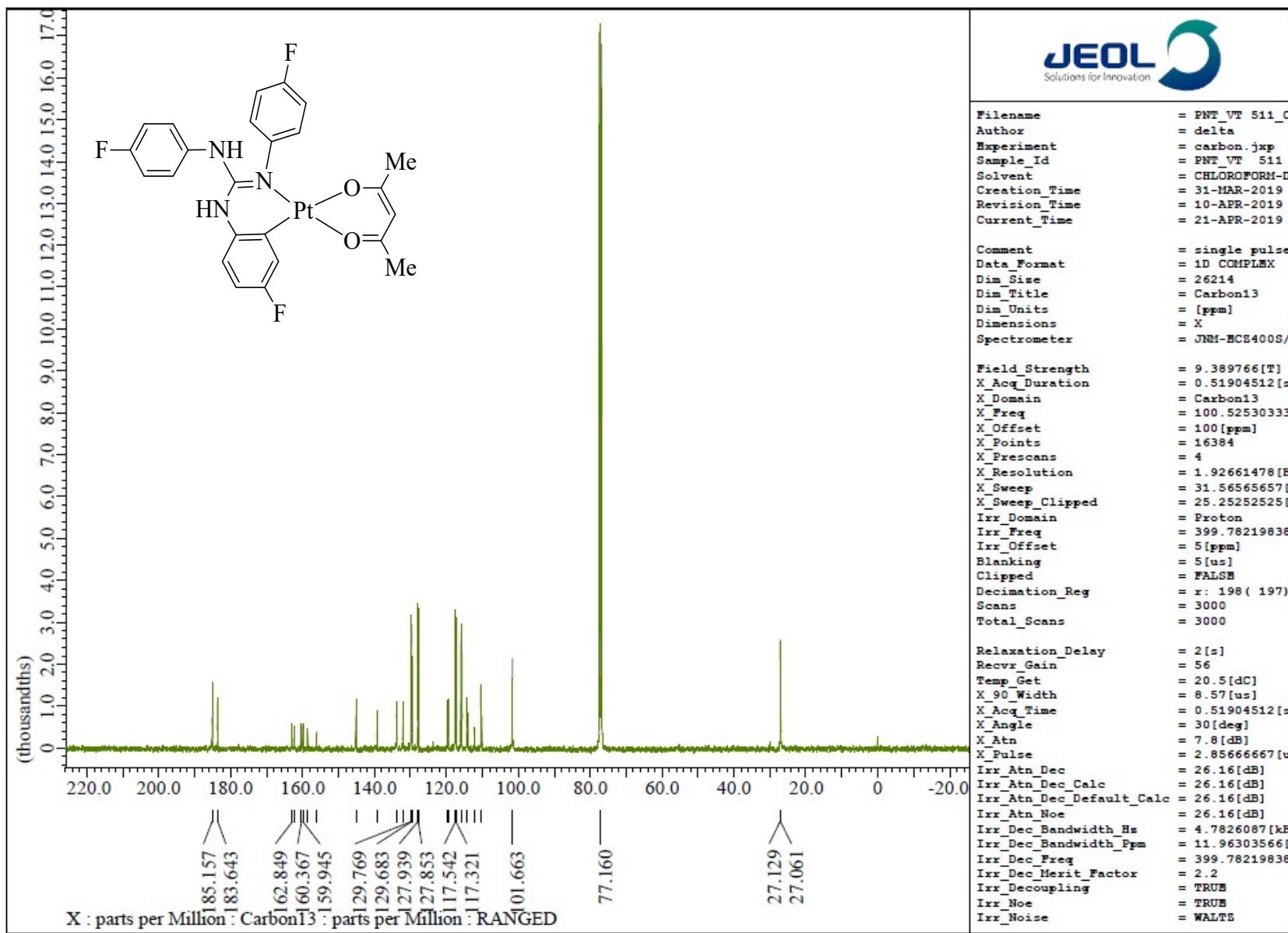


Fig. S168 $^{13}\text{C}\{\text{H}\}$ NMR (CDCl_3 , 100.5 MHz) spectrum of 18.

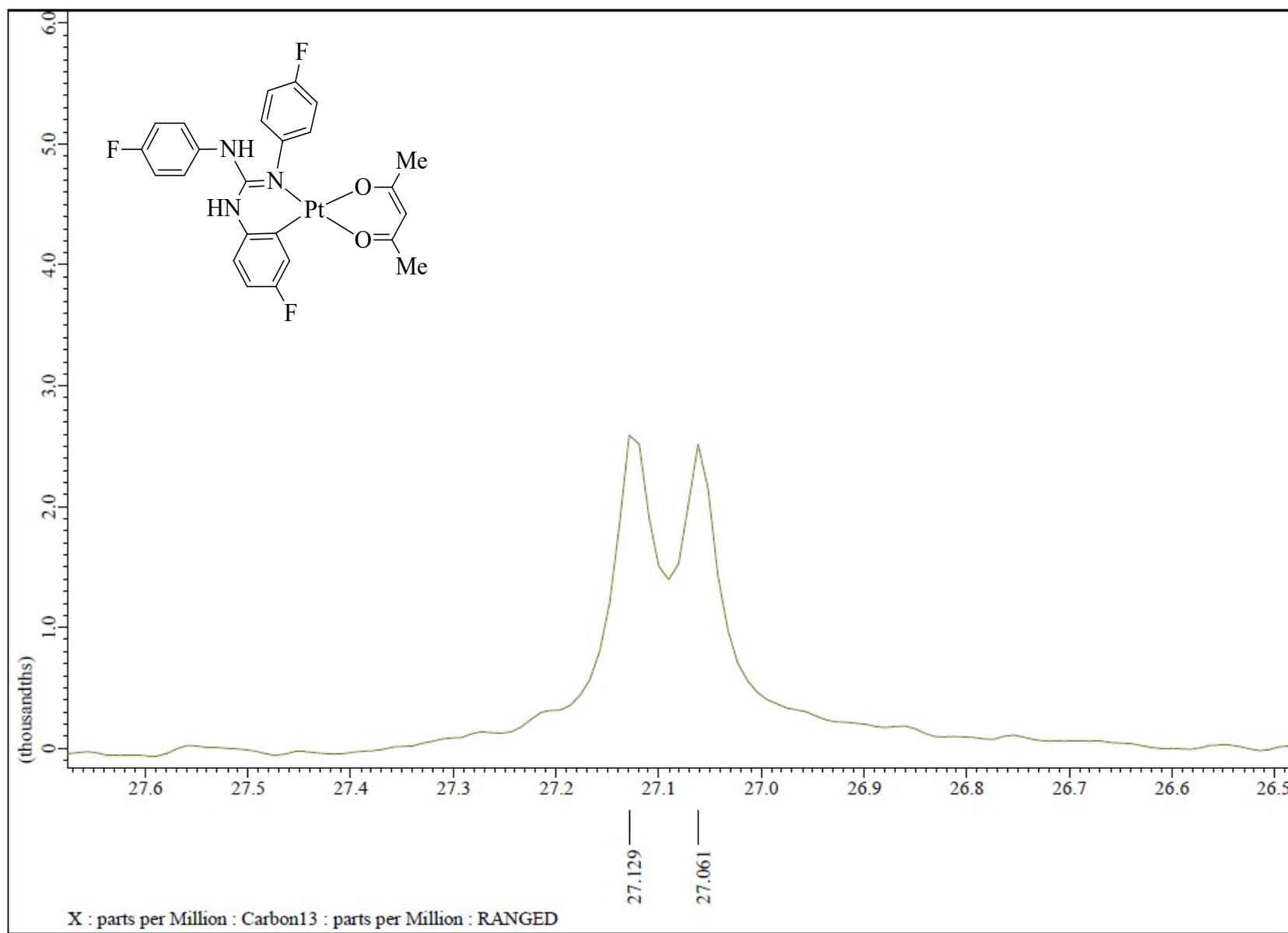


Fig. S169 $^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR (CDCl_3 , 100.5 MHz) spectrum of **18** in the indicated region.

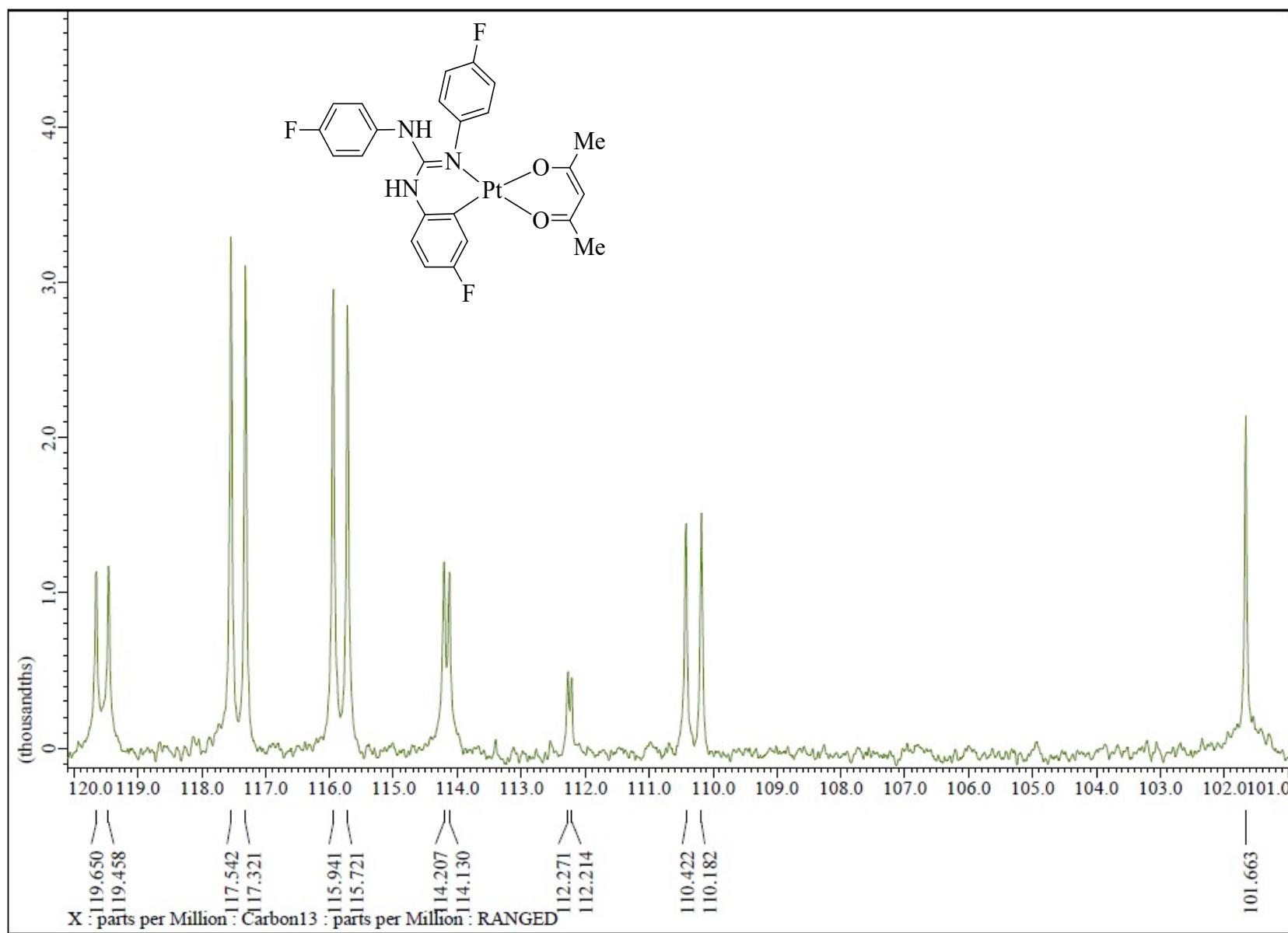


Fig. S170 $^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR (CDCl_3 , 100.5 MHz) spectrum of **18** in the indicated region.

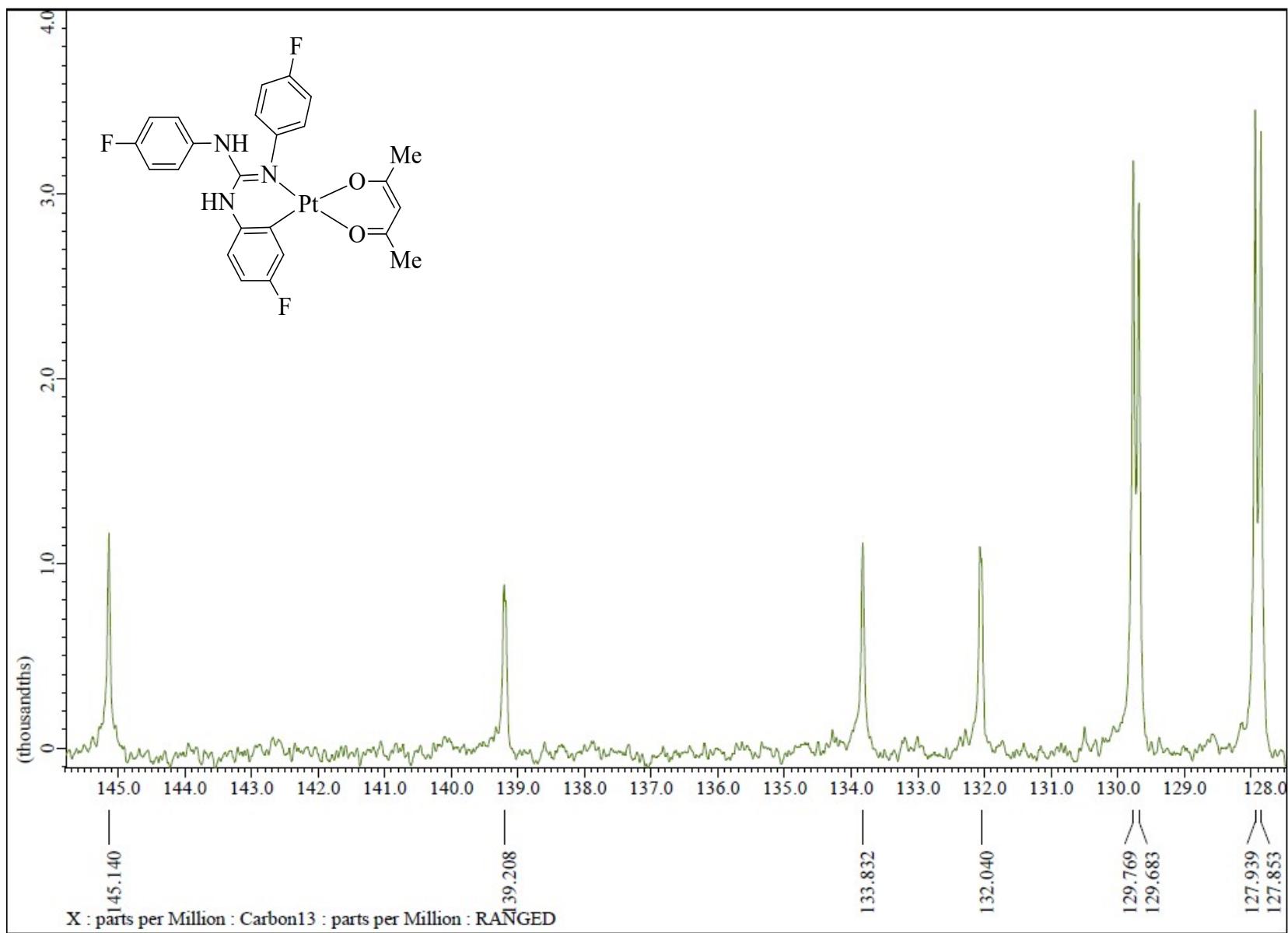


Fig. S171 $^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR (CDCl_3 , 100.5 MHz) spectrum of **18** in the indicated region.

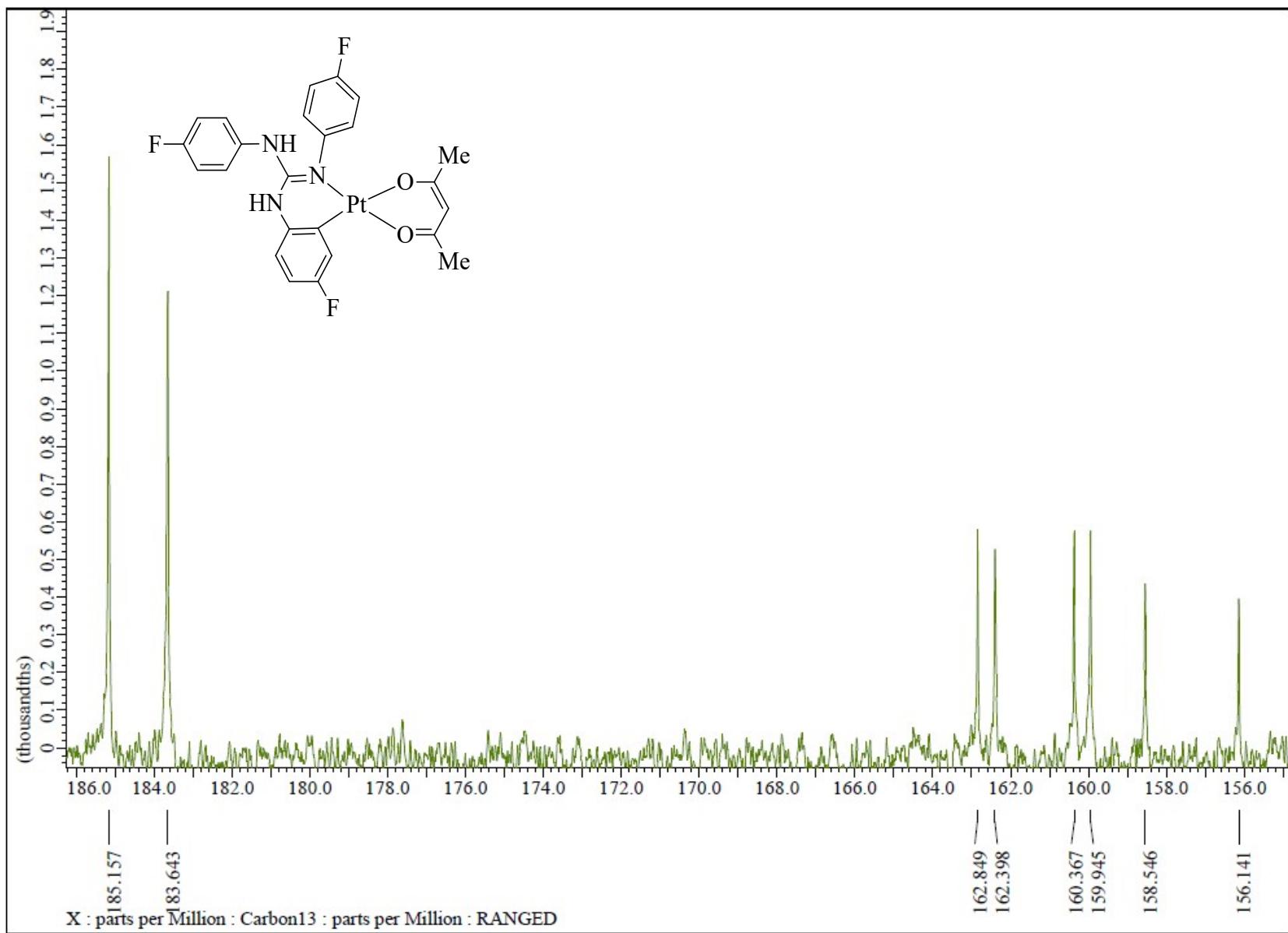


Fig. S172 $^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR (CDCl_3 , 100.5 MHz) spectrum of **18** in the indicated region.

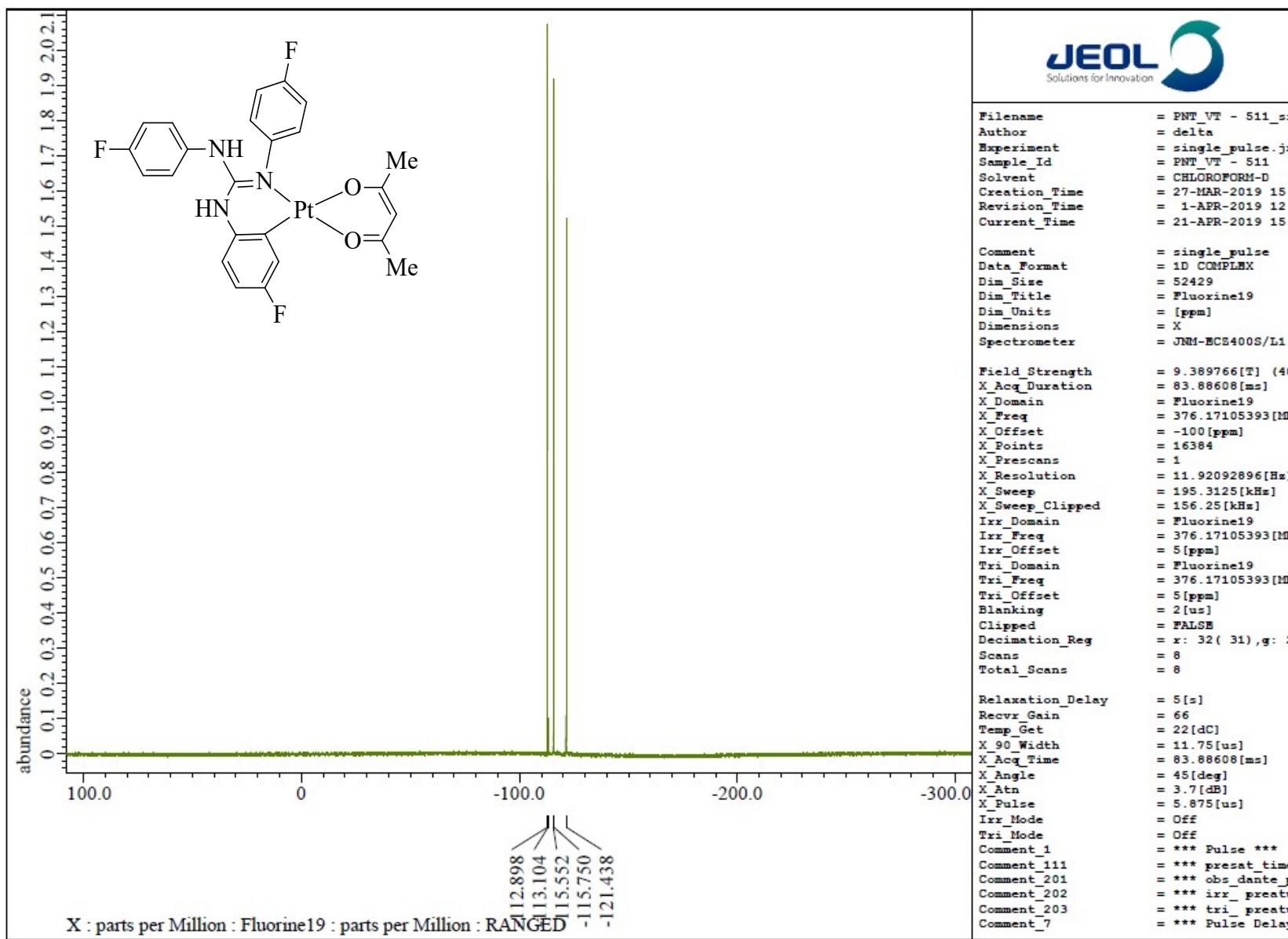


Fig. S173 $^{19}\text{F}\{\text{H}\}$ NMR (CDCl_3 , 376.31 MHz) spectrum of 18.

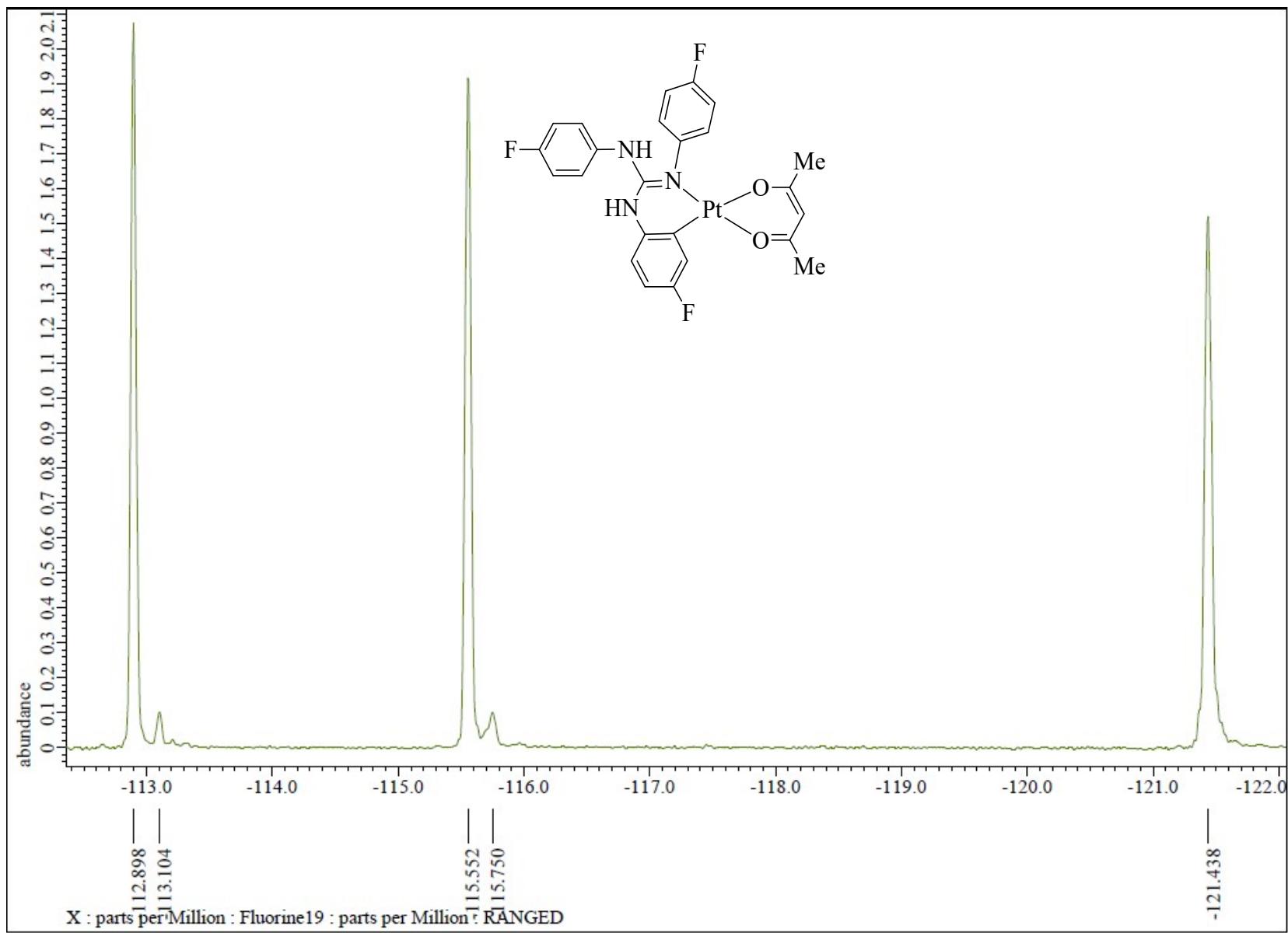


Fig. S174 $^{19}\text{F}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR (CDCl_3 , 376.31 MHz) spectrum of **18** in the indicated region.

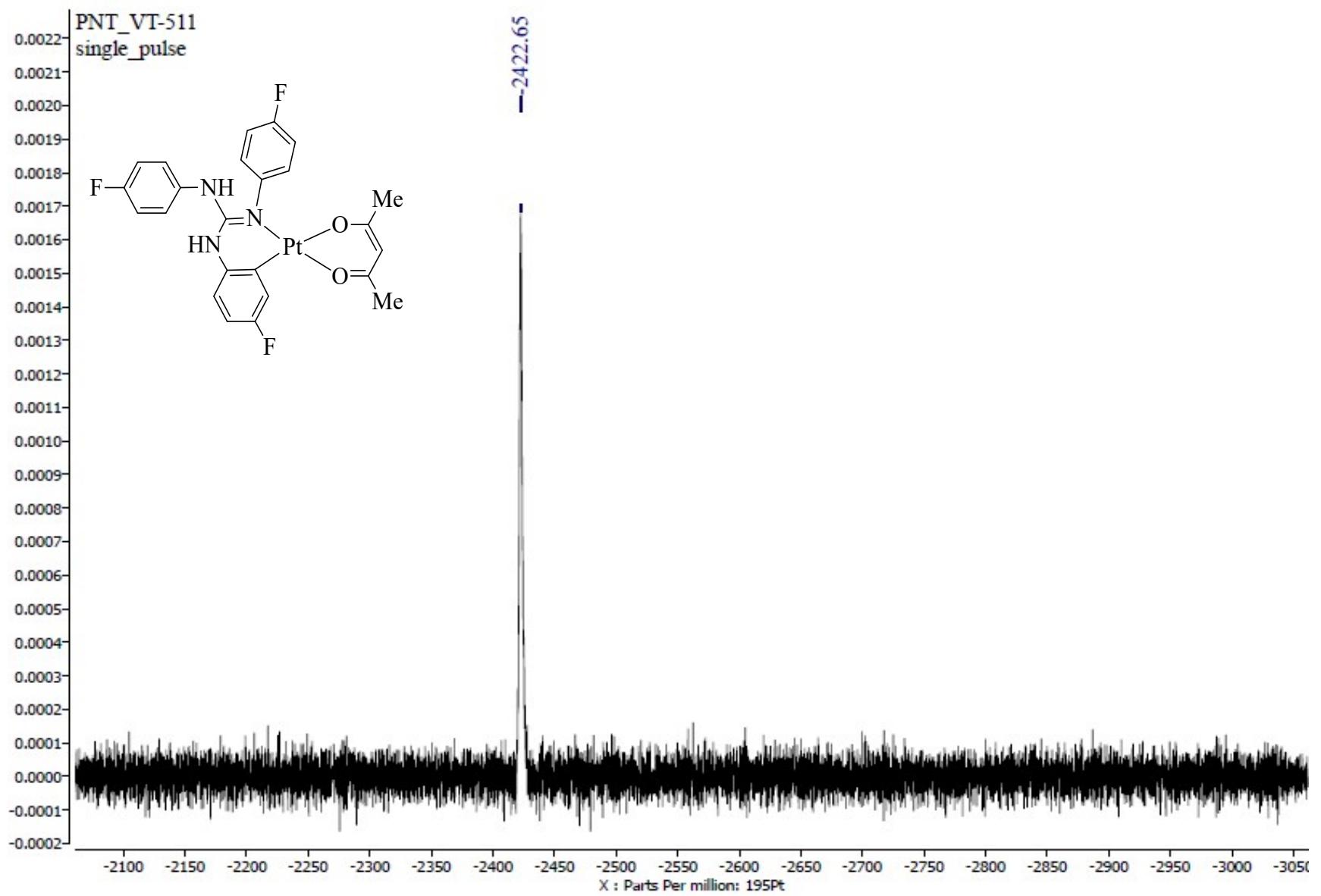


Fig. S175 $^{195}\text{Pt}\{\text{H}\}$ NMR (CDCl_3 , 85.8 MHz) spectrum of 18.

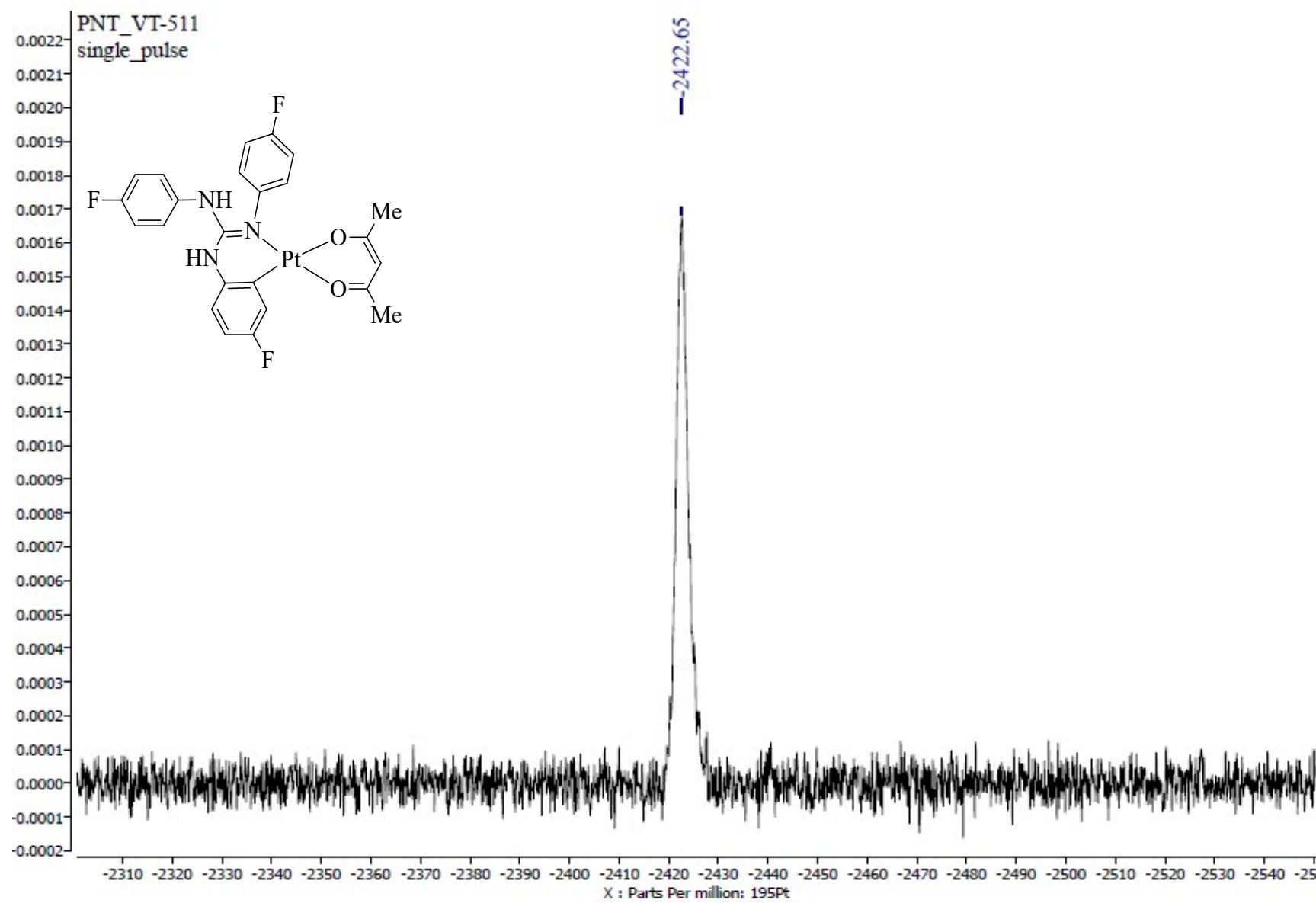


Fig. S176 $^{195}\text{Pt}\{\text{H}\}$ NMR (CDCl_3 , 85.8 MHz) spectrum of **18** in the indicated region.

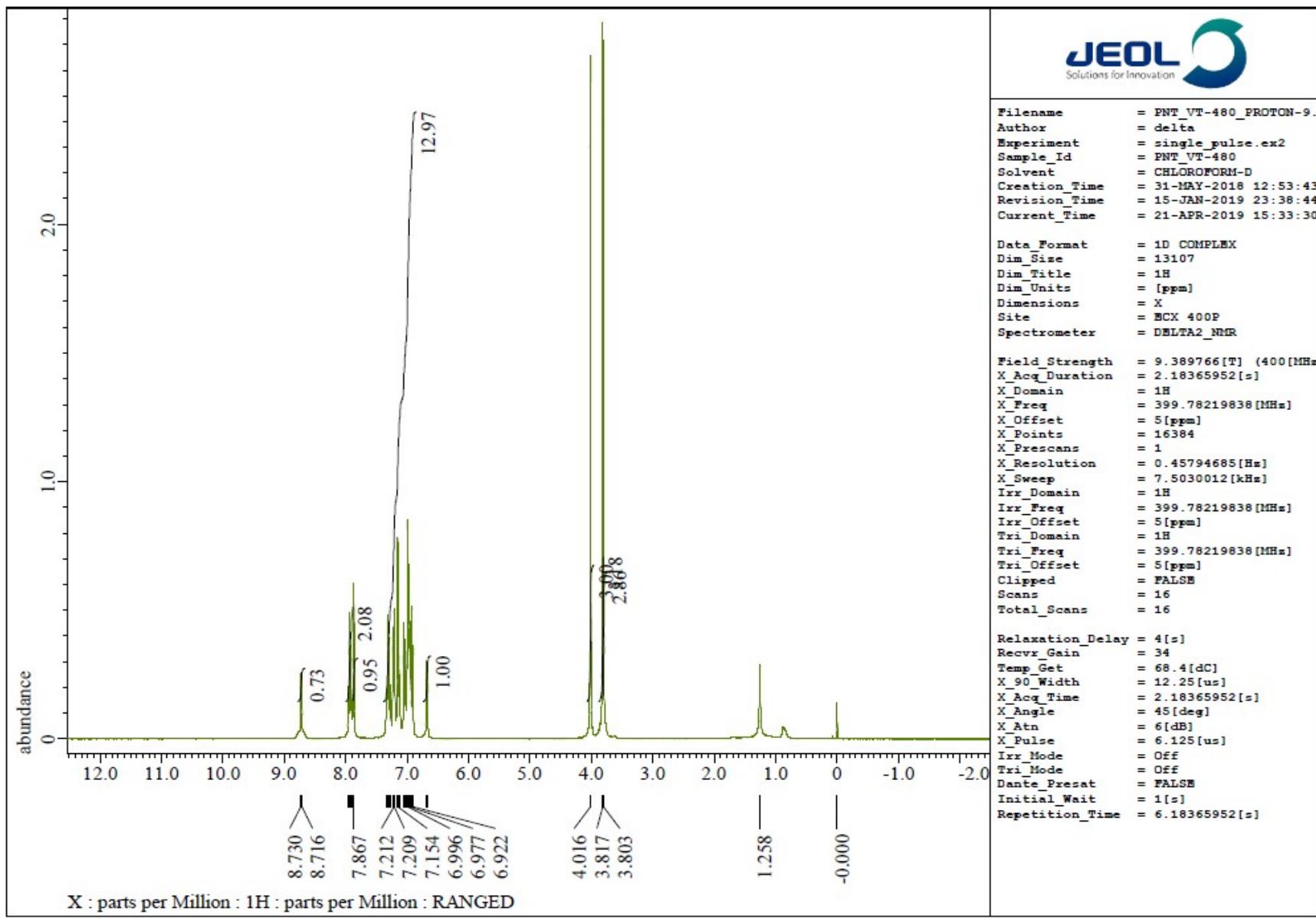


Fig. S177 ^1H NMR (CDCl_3 , 400 MHz) spectrum of **19**.

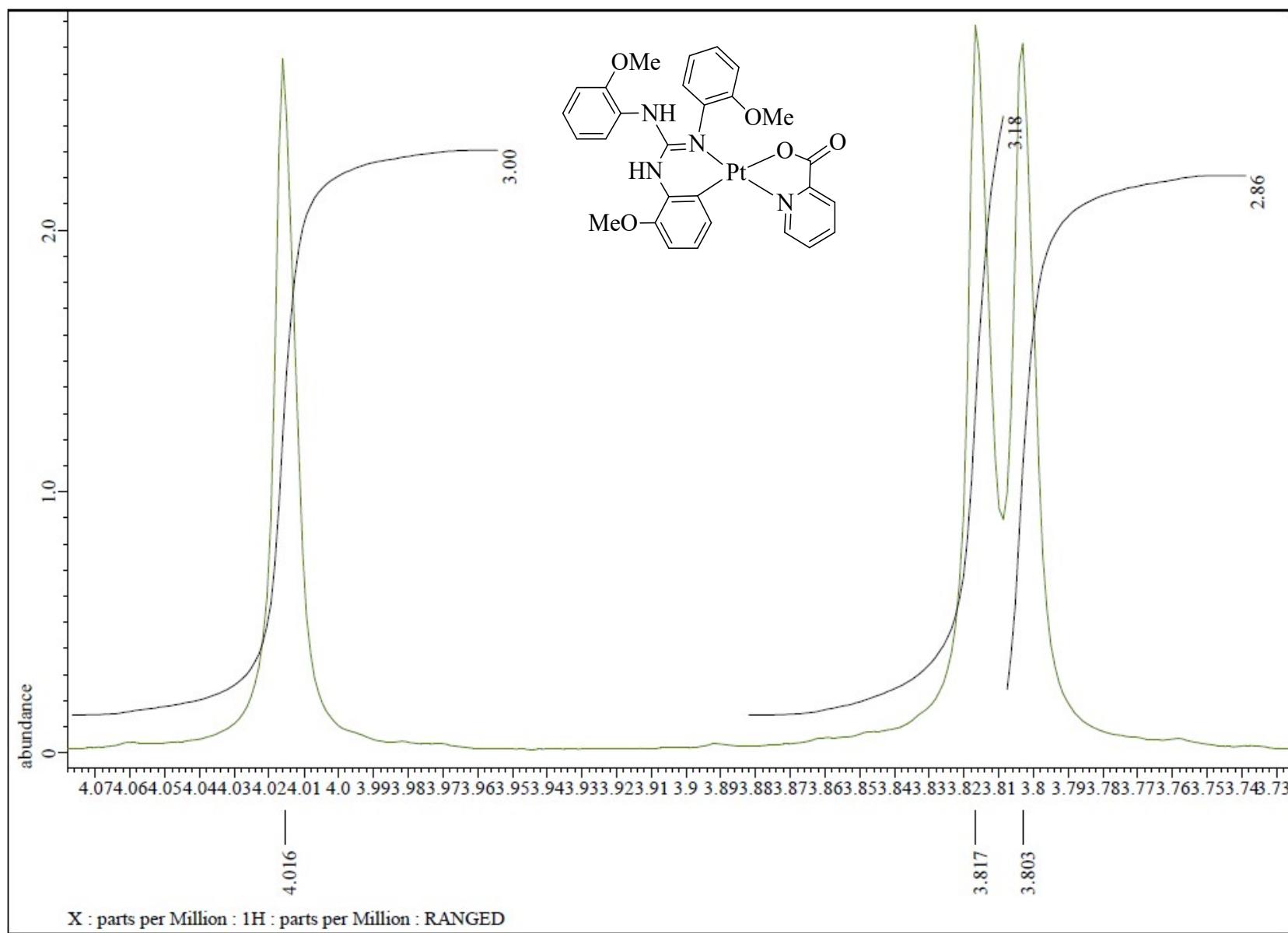


Fig. S178 ^1H NMR (CDCl_3 , 400 MHz) spectrum of **19** in the indicated region.

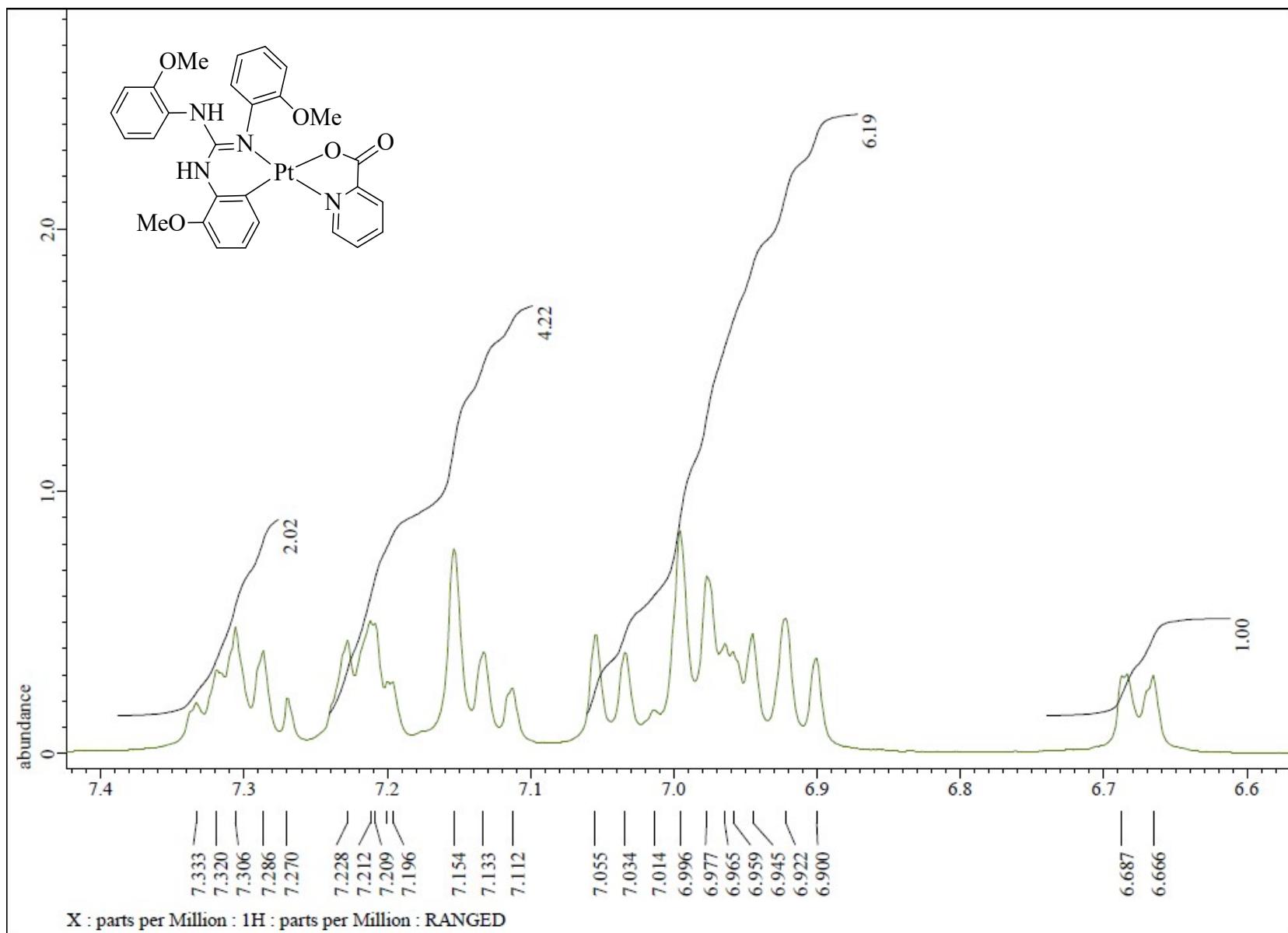


Fig. S179 ^1H NMR (CDCl₃, 400 MHz) spectrum of **19** in the indicated region.

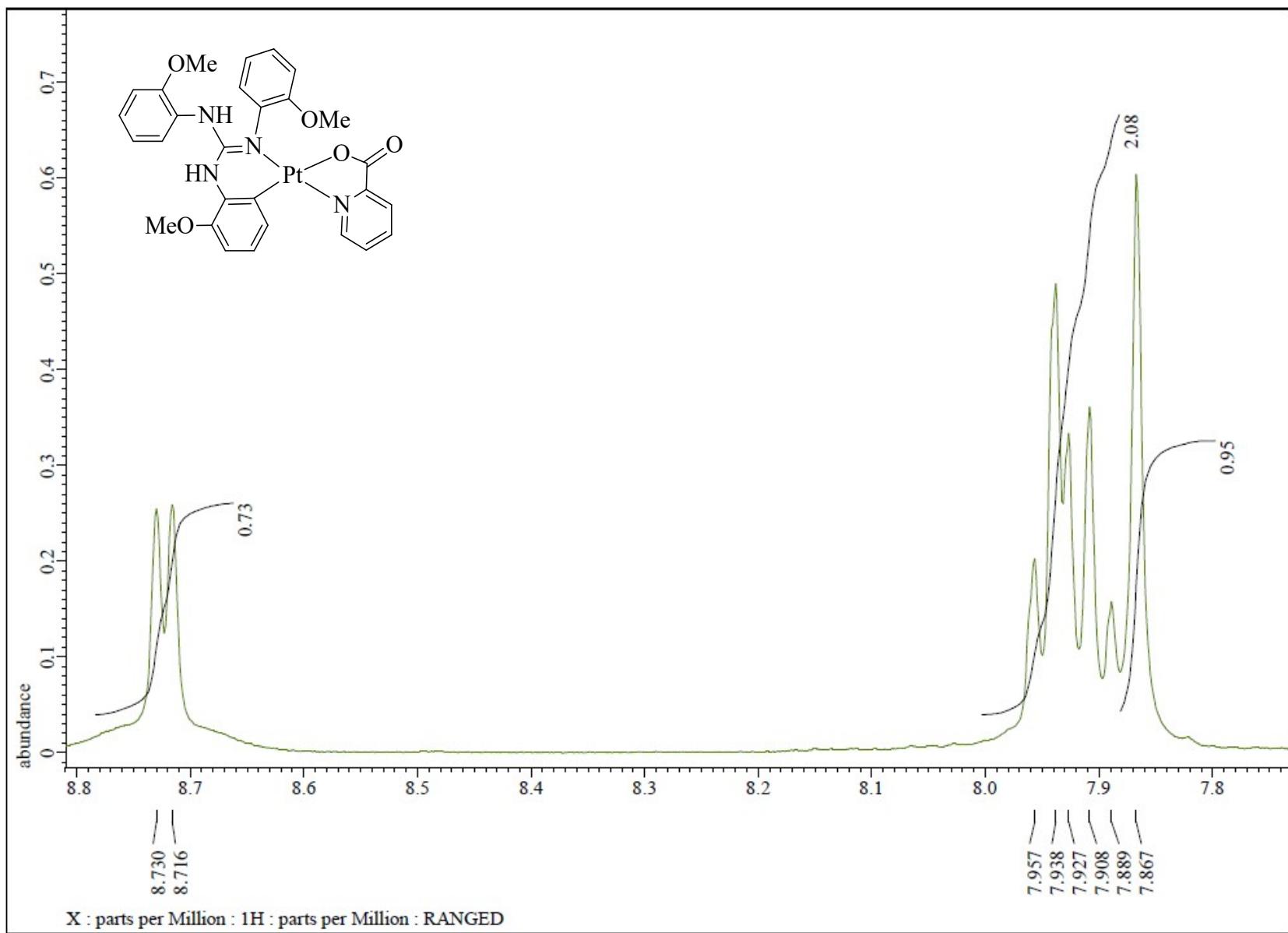


Fig. S180 ^1H NMR (CDCl_3 , 400 MHz) spectrum of **19** in the indicated region.

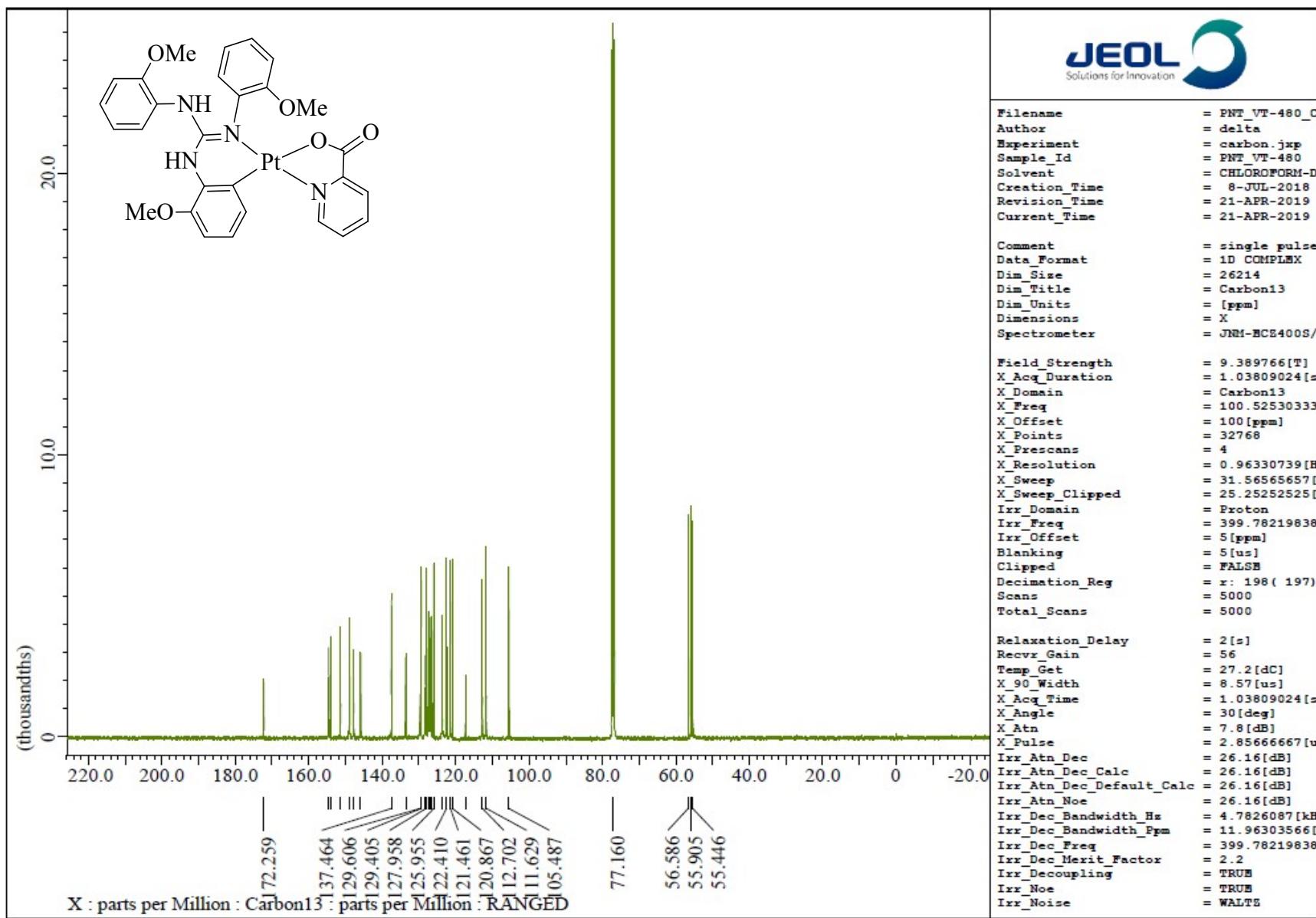


Fig. S181 $^{13}\text{C}\{\text{H}\}$ NMR (CDCl_3 , 100.5 MHz) spectrum of 19.

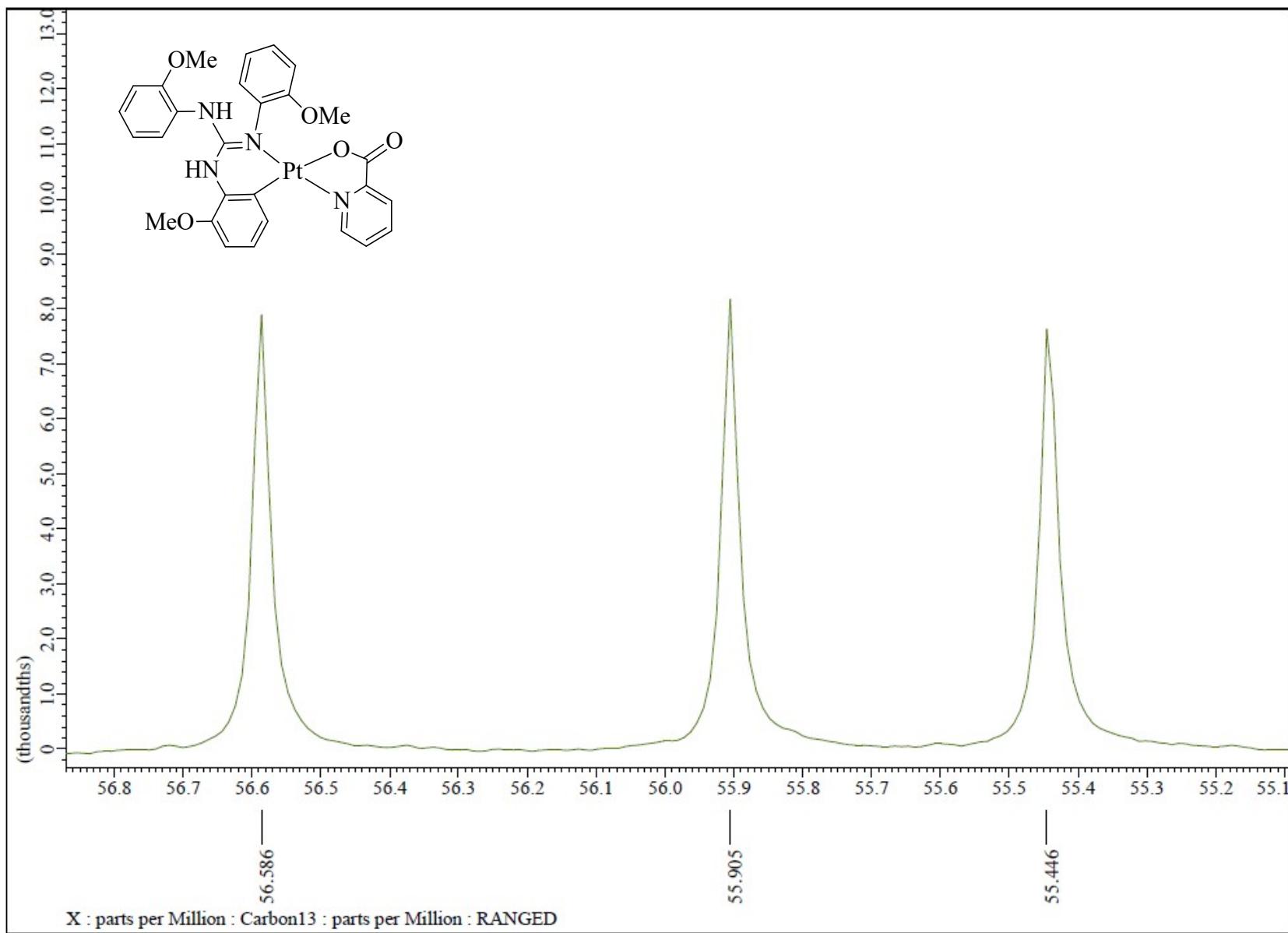


Fig. S182 $^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR (CDCl_3 , 100.5 MHz) spectrum of **19** in the indicated region.

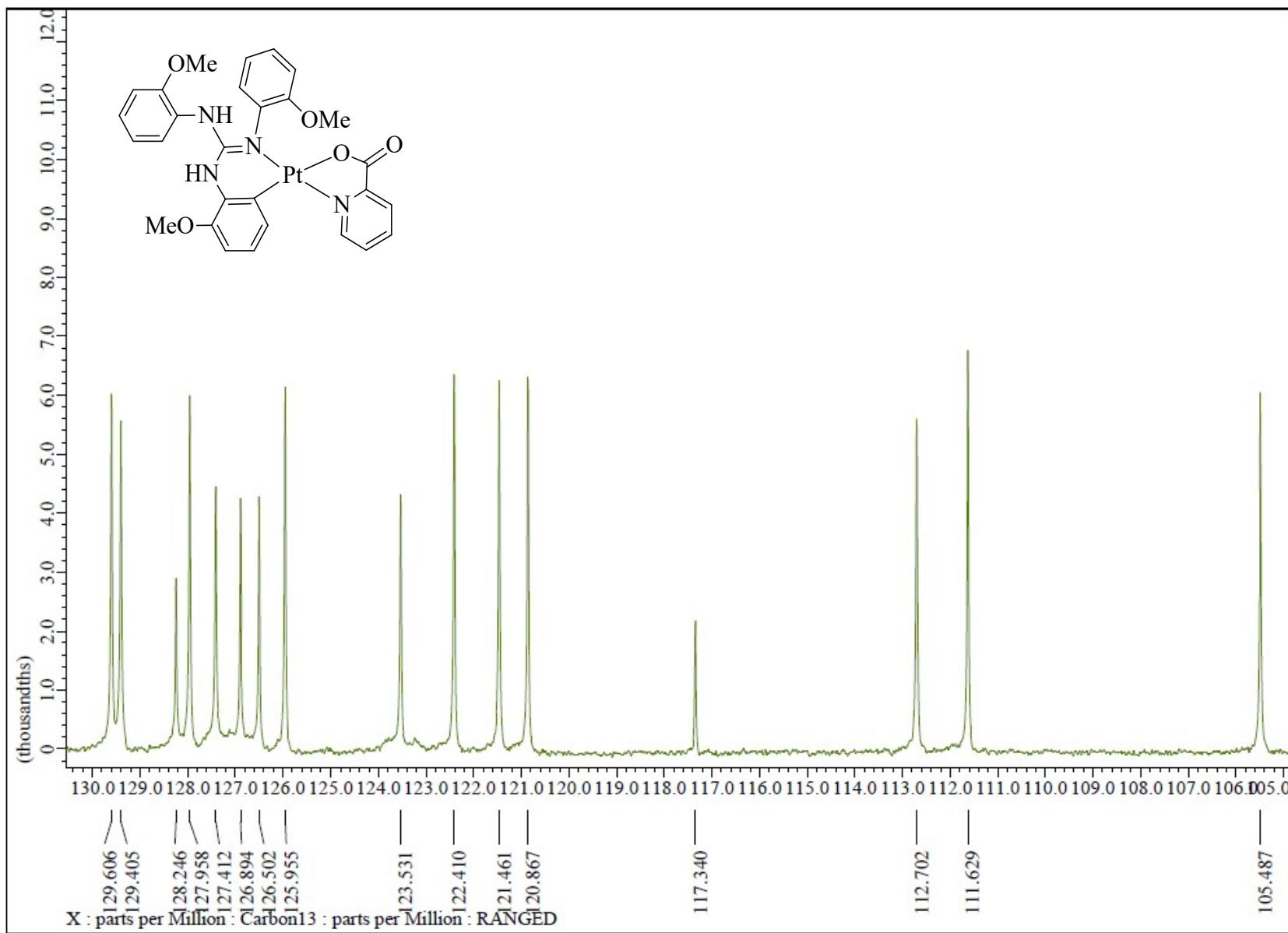


Fig. S183 $^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR (CDCl_3 , 100.5 MHz) spectrum of **19** in the indicated region.

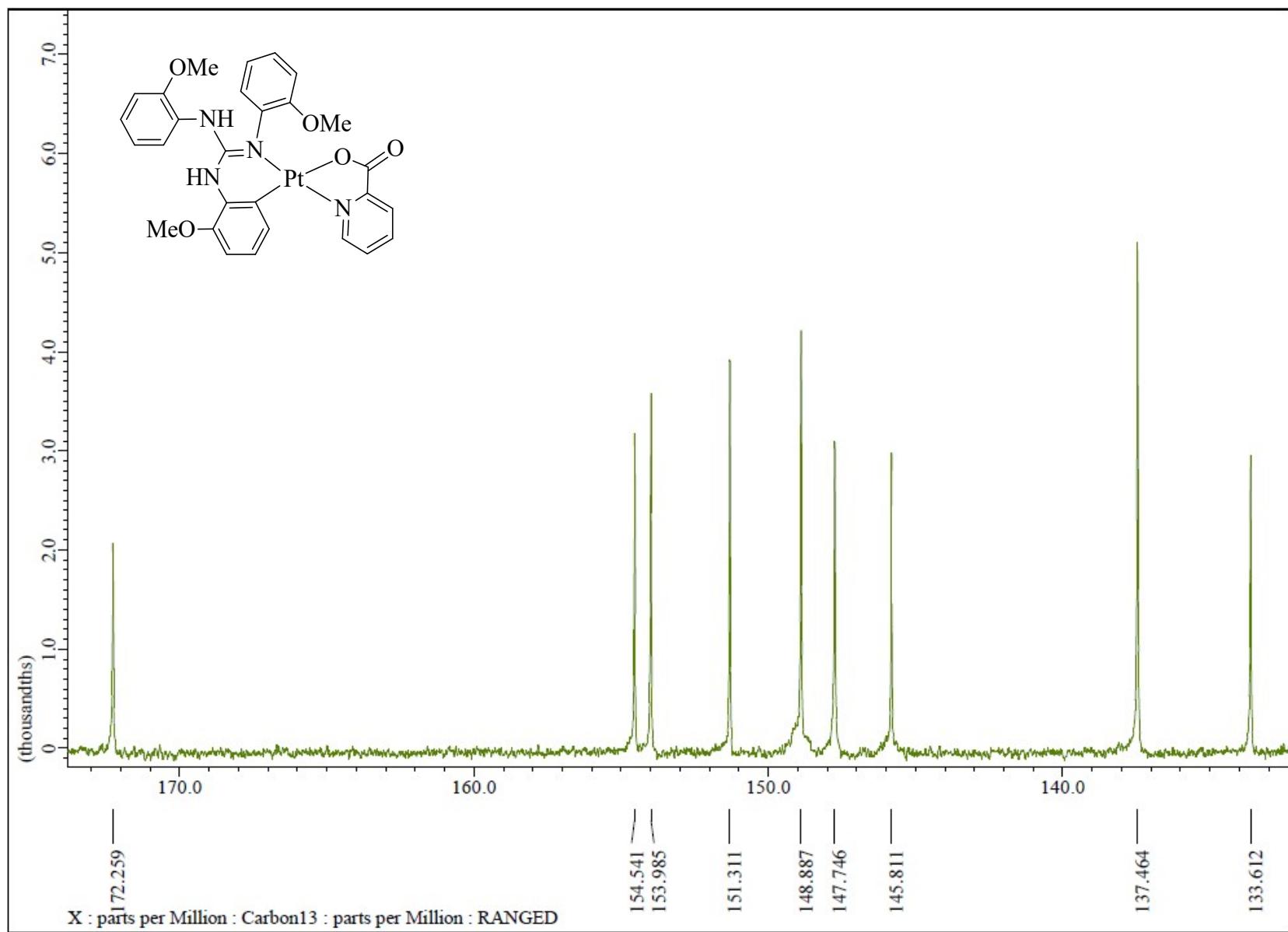


Fig. S184 $^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR (CDCl_3 , 100.5 MHz) spectrum of **19** in the indicated region.

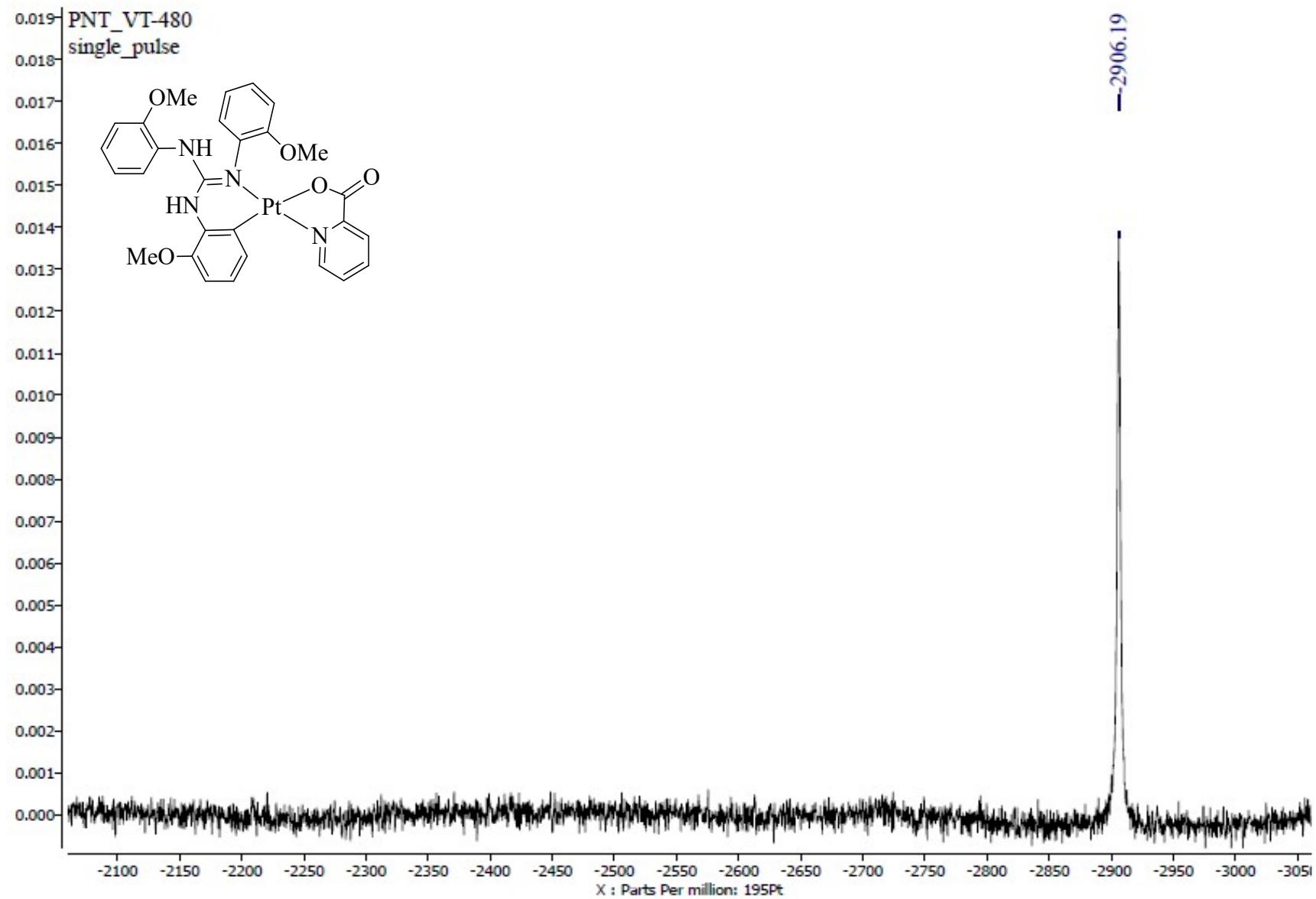


Fig. S185 $^{195}\text{Pt}\{\text{H}\}$ NMR (CDCl_3 , 85.8 MHz) spectrum of 19.

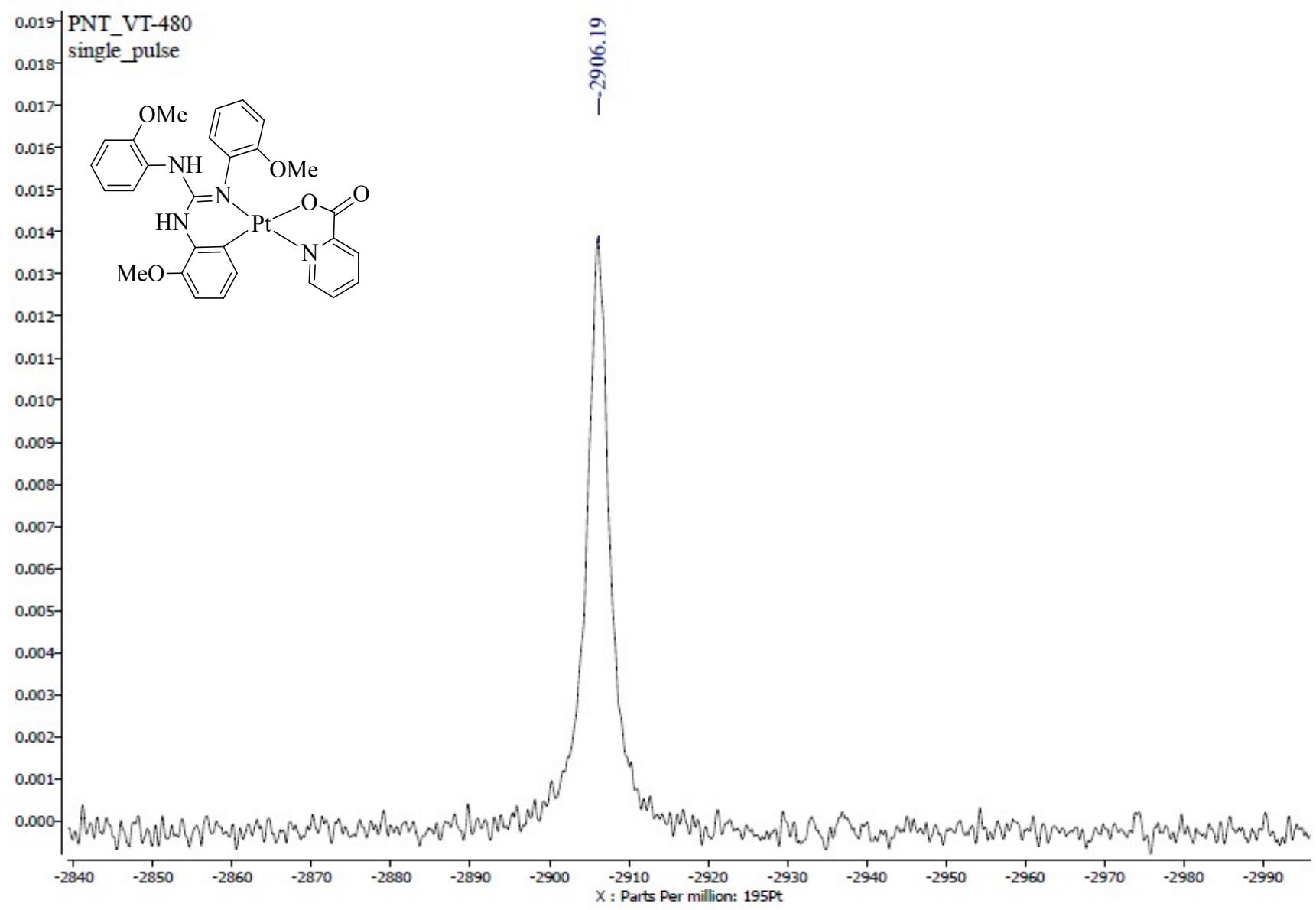
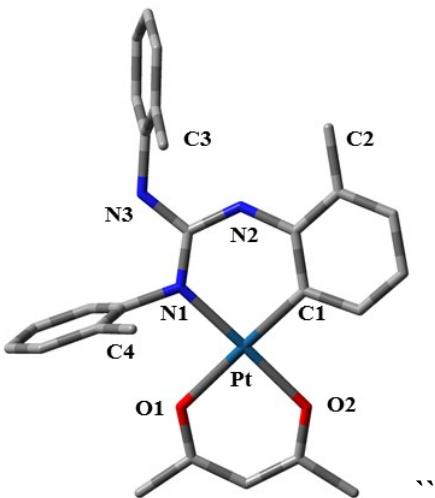
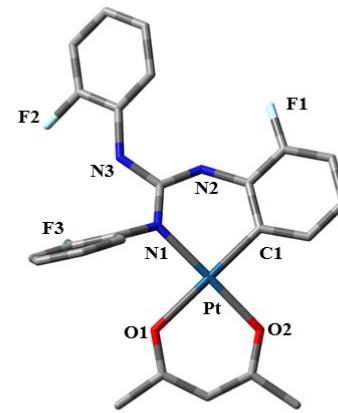


Fig. S186 $^{195}\text{Pt}\{\text{H}\}$ NMR (CDCl_3 , 85.8 MHz) spectrum of **19** in the indicated region.

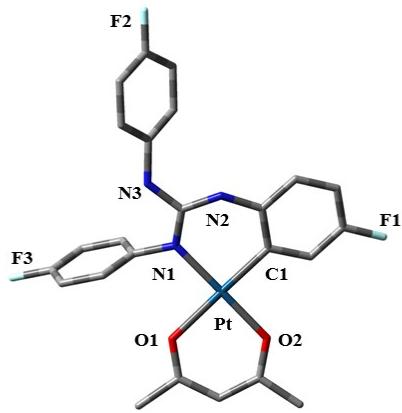
a



b



c



d

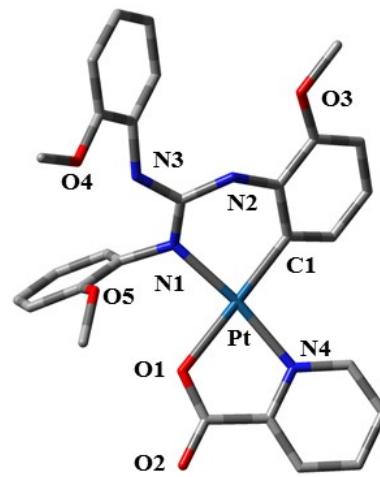


Fig. S187 Optimized geometries of **11** (a), **15** (b), **18** (c) and **19** (d). All the hydrogen atoms have been deleted for the sake of clarity.

Table S9 Selected bond angles ($^{\circ}$) and bond lengths (\AA) of **11**, **15**, **18** and **19** in ground state.

Bond Lengths (\AA)	11	15	18	19
Pt-N1	2.047	2.053	2.050	2.045
Pt-C1	2.004	1.995	1.999	2.009
Pt-O1	2.157	2.144	2.147	2.147
Pt-O2/N4	2.056	2.046	2.048	2.068
Bond Angles ($^{\circ}$)				
N1-Pt-C1	91.78	91.10	91.18	86.87
N1-Pt-O1	89.27	88.75	89.61	92.45
O1-Pt-O2	89.07	90.34	89.76	79.18
C1-Pt-O2	89.87	89.81	89.45	101.55

Table S10 Total energies in hartrees (a.u.) of **11**, **15**, **18** and **19** in ground state.

Conformer	E (gas phase) (hartree)	E (dichloromethane) (hartree)
11	-1480.2726165	-1478.8011715
15	-1660.0225111	-1659.1726203
18	-1660.0200515	-1658.8768318
19	-1796.9522634	-1795.5061360

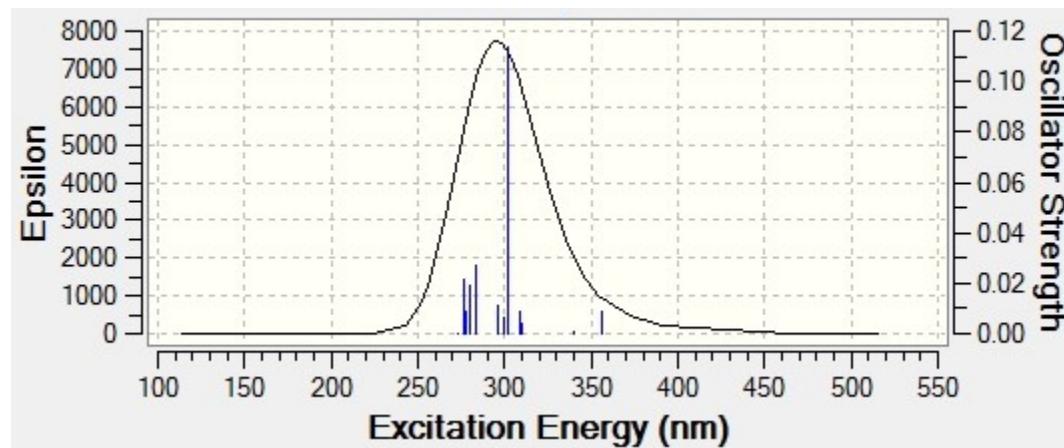


Fig. S188. TD-DFT predicated absorption spectra of **11**.

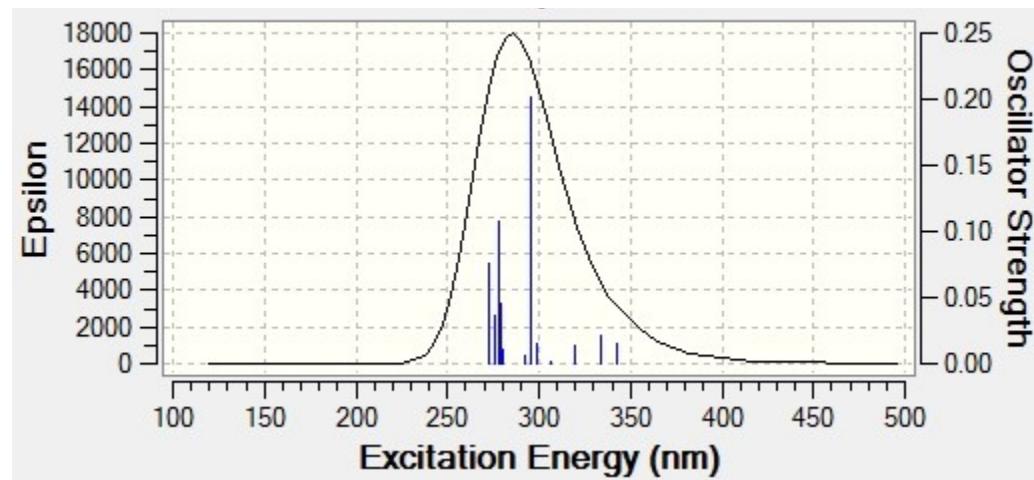


Fig. S189. TD-DFT predicated absorption spectra of **15**.

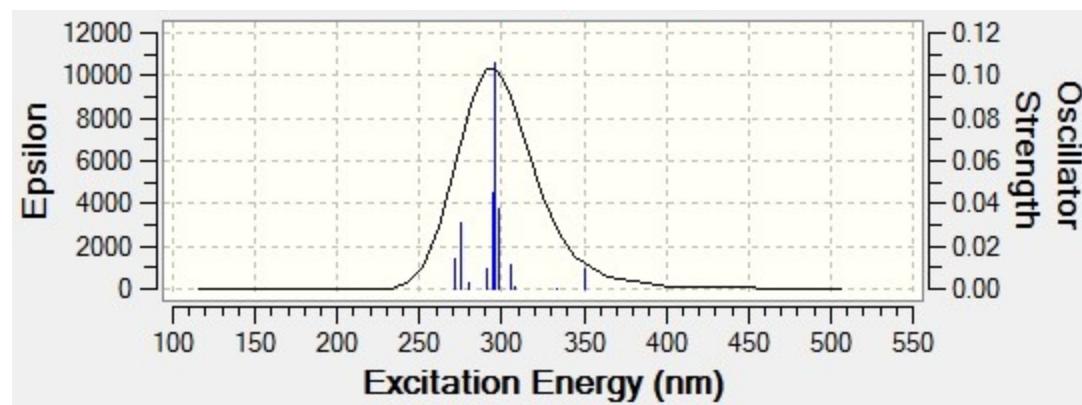


Fig. S190. TD-DFT predicated absorption spectra of **18**.

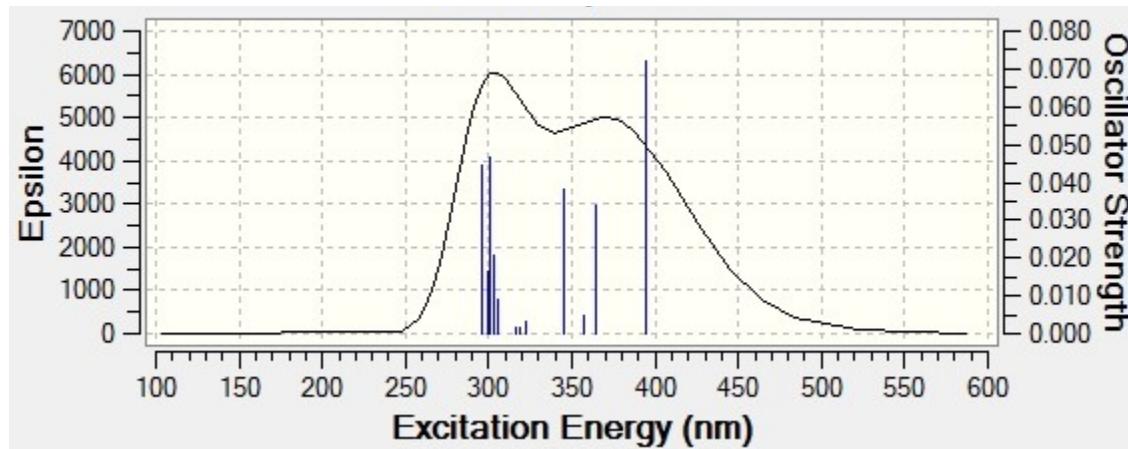


Fig. S191. TD-DFT predicated absorption spectra of **19**.

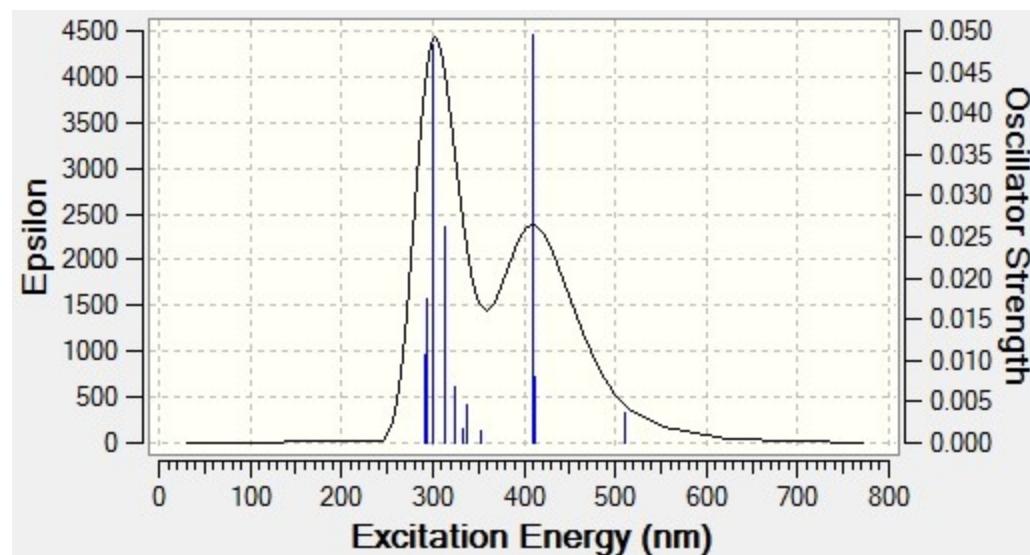


Fig S192 TD-DFT predicated emission spectra of **11**.

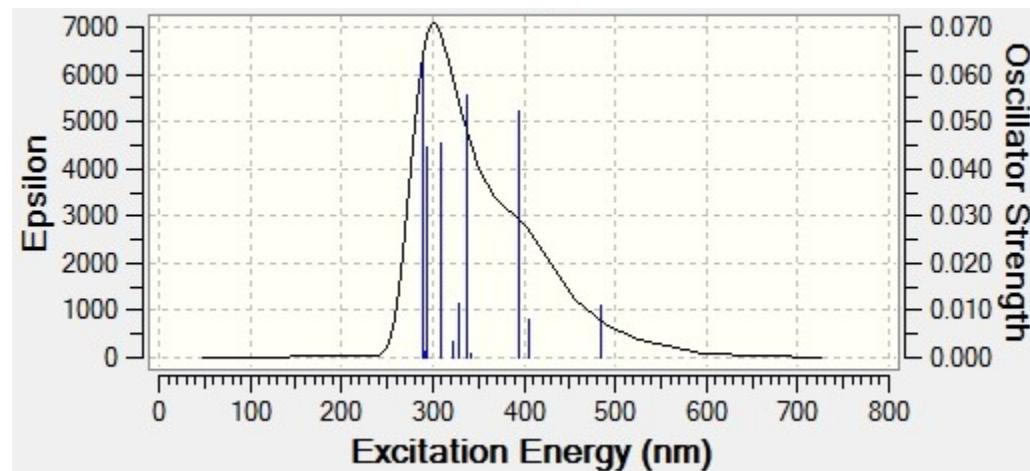


Fig. S193 TD-DFT predicated emission spectra of **15**.

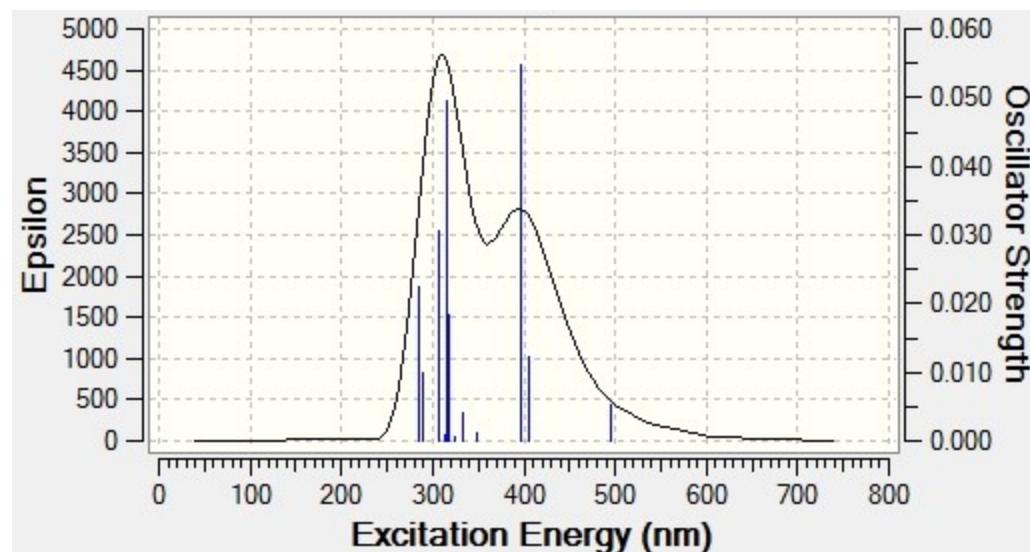


Fig. S194. TD-DFT predicated emission spectra of **18**.

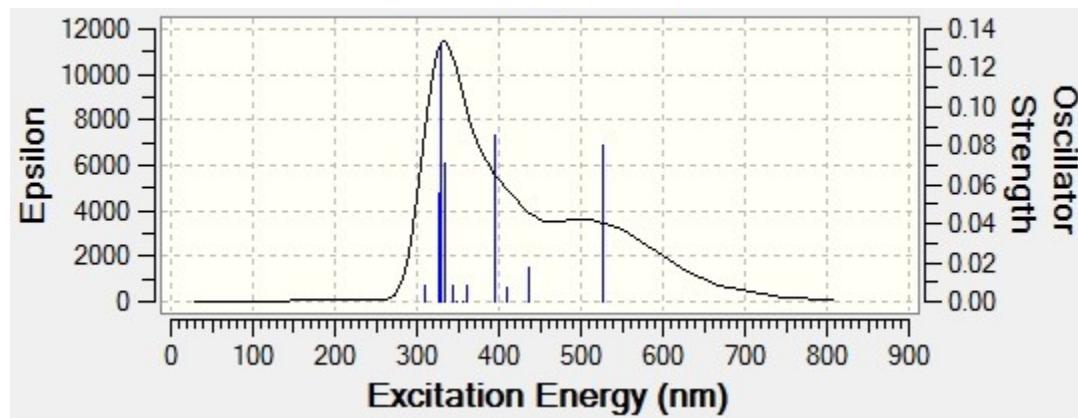


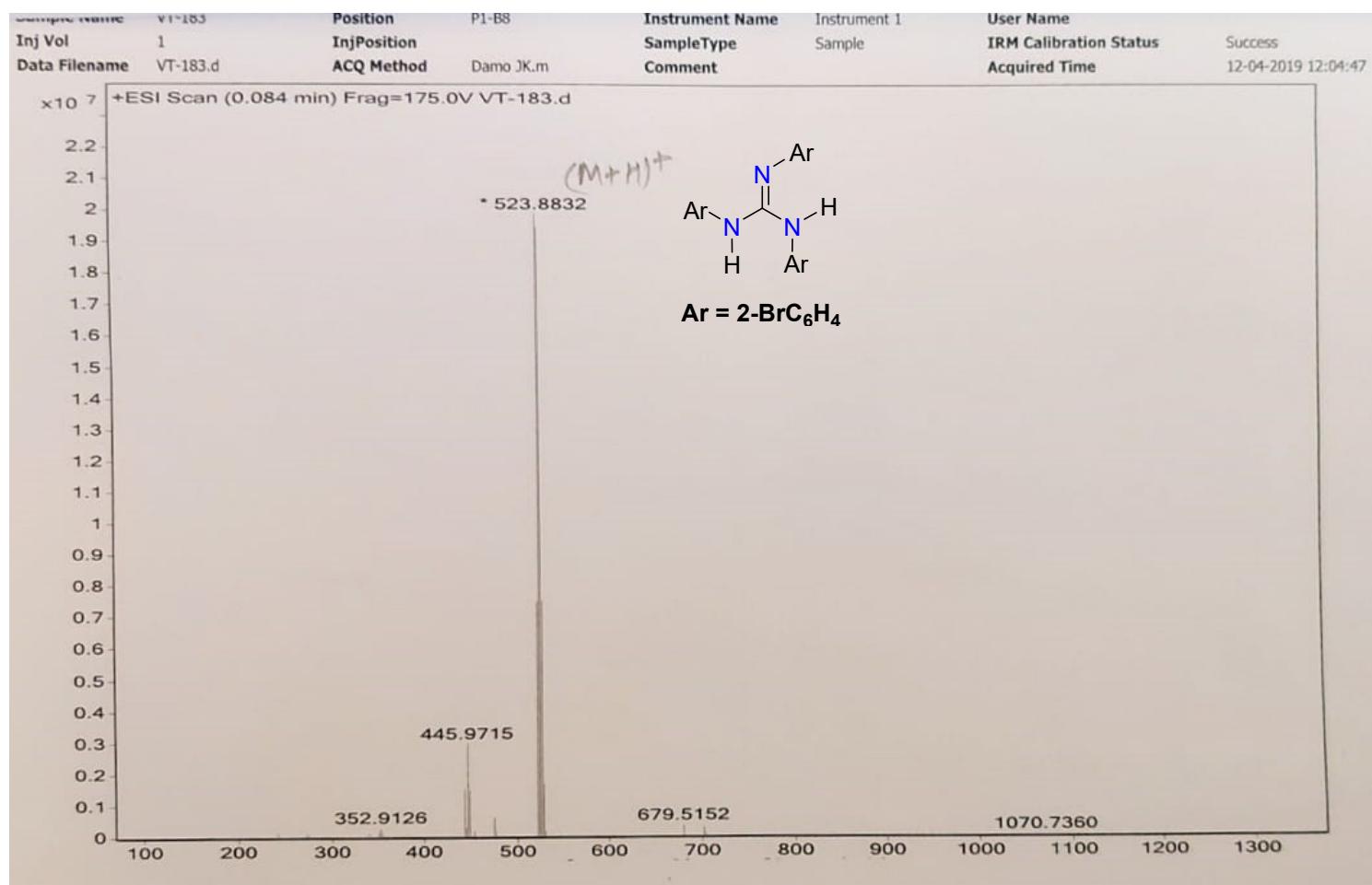
Fig. S195 TD-DFT predicated emission spectra of **19**.

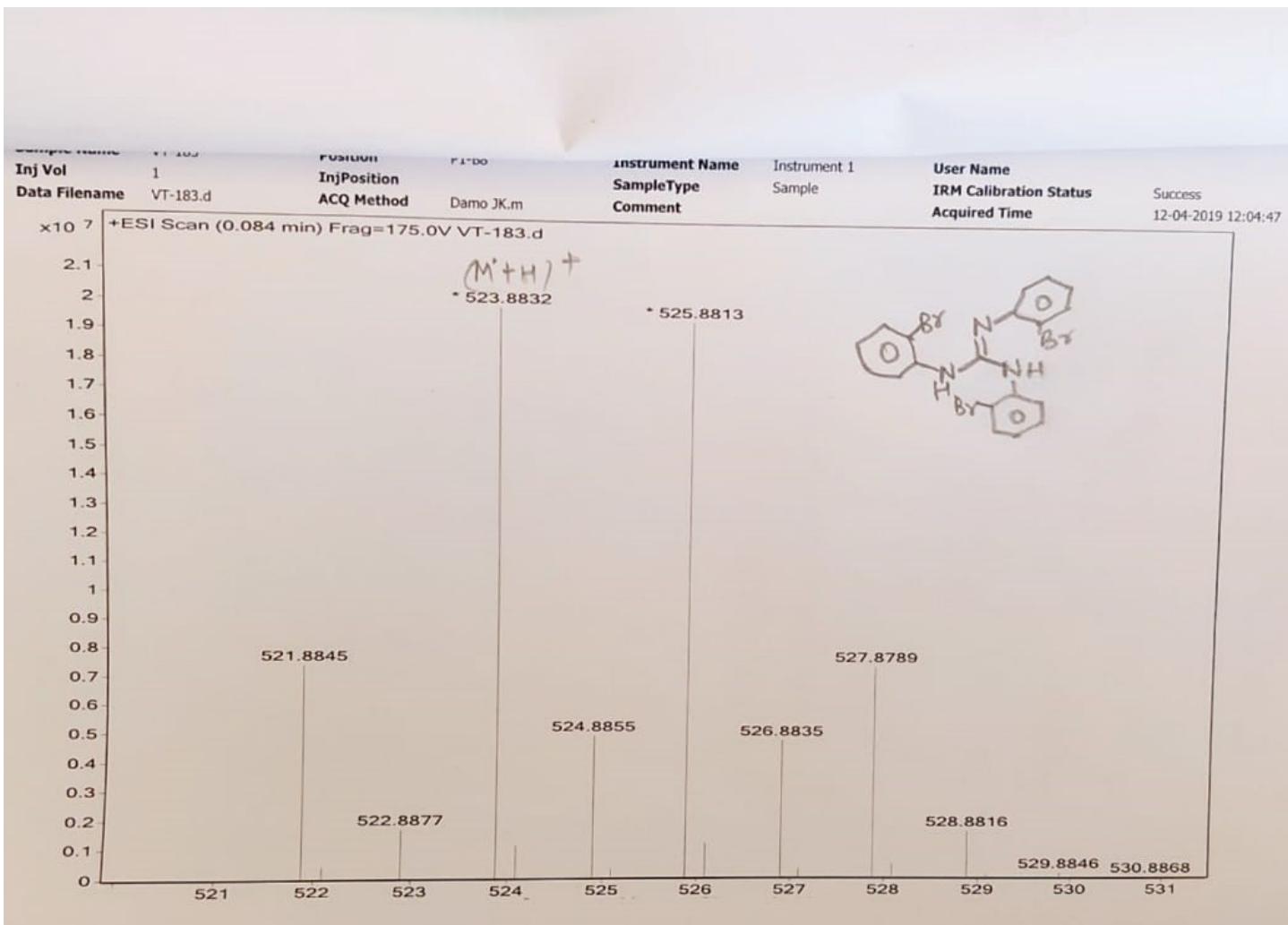
Table S11 The energies (nm), oscillator strength (f), type of transition and the contribution of the main orbitals involved in the absorption spectra (in %) for **11**, **15**, **18** and **19** using TD-DFT.

Energy (nm)	Oscillator strength (f)	Transitions	Energy (nm)	Oscillator strength (f)	Transitions
11			18		
302	0.1137	HOMO–1→LUMO (83%)	298	0.0379	HOMO→LUMO +1 (27%)
283	0.0271	HOMO→LUMO + 3 (67%)	296	0.1063	HOMO–1→LUMO (59%)
279	0.0192	HOMO–3→LUMO (26%) HOMO–2→LUMO (47%)	294	0.0447	HOMO→LUMO +2 (29%)
276	0.0217	HOMO→LUMO + 5 (39%)	275	0.0309	HOMO→LUMO +5 (71%)
15			19		
295	0.2017	HOMO–1→LUMO (89%)	395	0.0721	HOMO→LUMO (91%)
278	0.107	HOMO→LUMO +4 (53%)	365	0.0337	HOMO–2→LUMO (61%)
272	0.0757	HOMO–3→LUMO +1 (23%)	346	0.0379	HOMO–1→LUMO (66%)
			301	0.0468	HOMO→LUMO +2 (62%)
			296	0.0447	HOMO–7→LUMO (28%), HOMO–6→LUMO (28%)

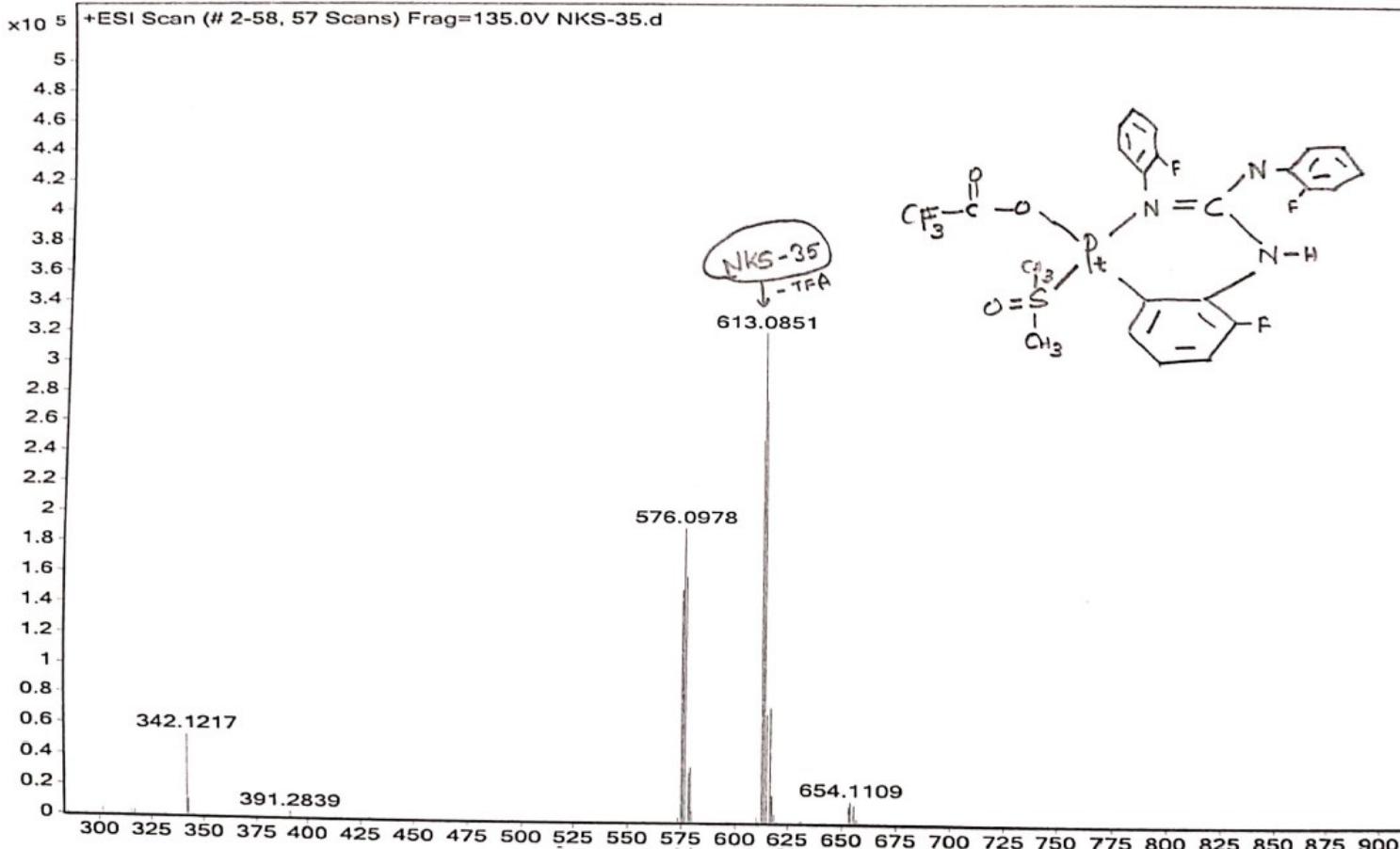
Table S12 Some of the selected energies (nm), oscillator strength (f), type of transition and the contribution of the main orbitals involved in the emission spectra (in %) for **11**, **15**, **18** and **19** using TD-DFT.

Energy (nm)	Oscillator strength (f)	Transitions	Energy (nm)	Oscillator strength (f)	Transitions
11			18		
512	0.0037	LUMO → HOMO (22%)	494	0.0052	LUMO → HOMO (23%)
410	0.0494	LUMO → HOMO–1 (93%)	396	0.0548	LUMO → HOMO–1 (82%)
313	0.0263	LUMO → HOMO–5 (47%)	316	0.0496	LUMO+2 → HOMO (34%) LUMO+3 → HOMO (54%)
301	0.0483	LUMO+3 → HOMO (36%)	306	0.0306	LUMO → HOMO–8 (21%) LUMO → HOMO–7 (18%) LUMO → HOMO–6 (18%)
			284	0.0224	LUMO+5 → HOMO (34%)
15			19		
484	0.0109	LUMO → HOMO (27%)	525	0.0808	LUMO → HOMO (96%)
394	0.052	LUMO → HOMO–1 (92%)	396	0.0995	LUMO → HOMO (91%)
337	0.0556	LUMO+1 → HOMO (90%)	333	0.0725	LUMO+2 → HOMO (51%) LUMO+3 → HOMO (31%)
309	0.0455	LUMO → HOMO–8 (34%) LUMO → HOMO–4 (33%)	330	0.13	LUMO+2 → HOMO (68%)
292	0.0446	LUMO+4 → HOMO (48%)	327	0.0568	LUMO+2 → HOMO (27%) LUMO+3 → HOMO (50%)
289	0.064	LUMO+1 → HOMO–1 (35%)			

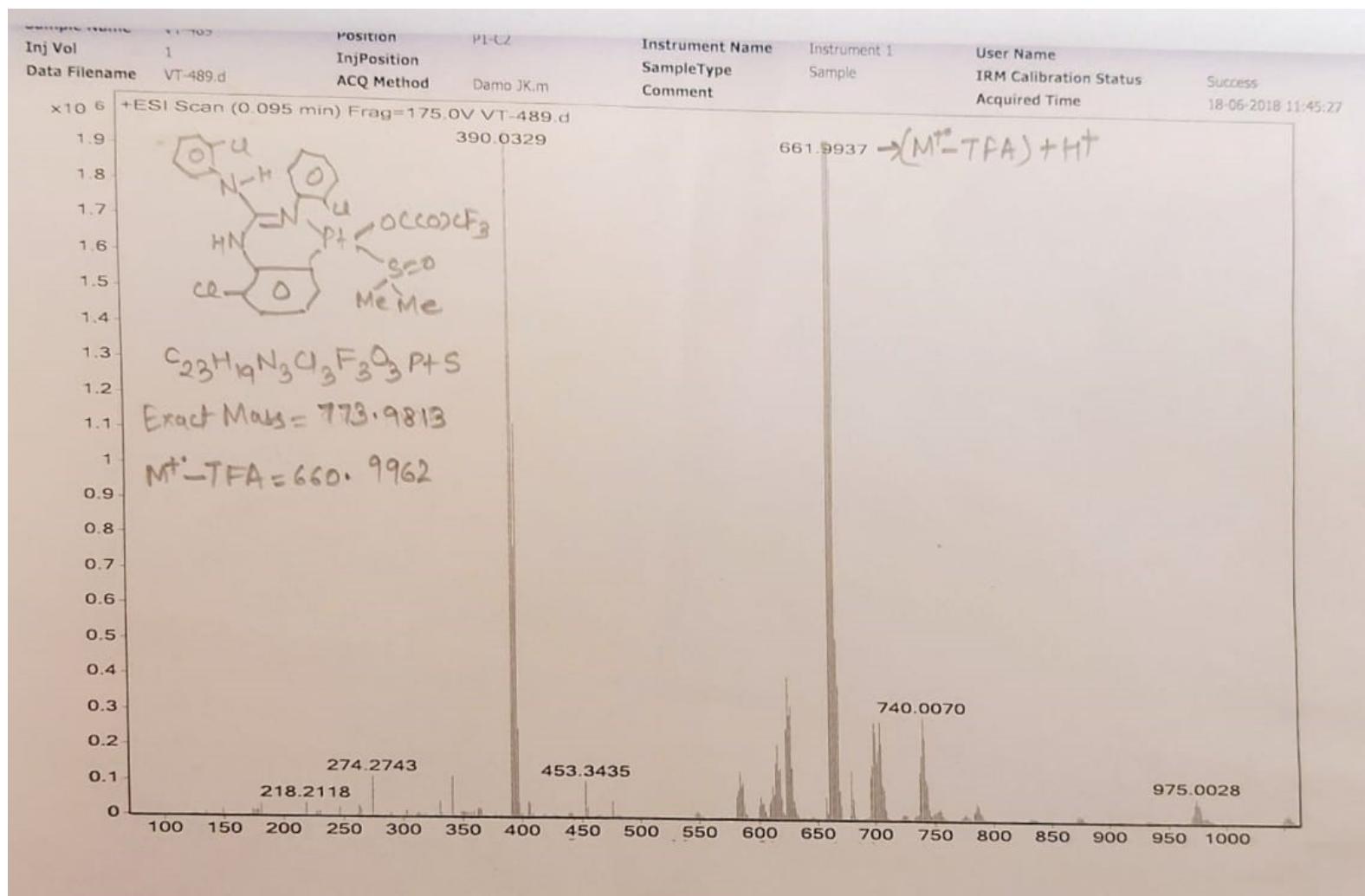




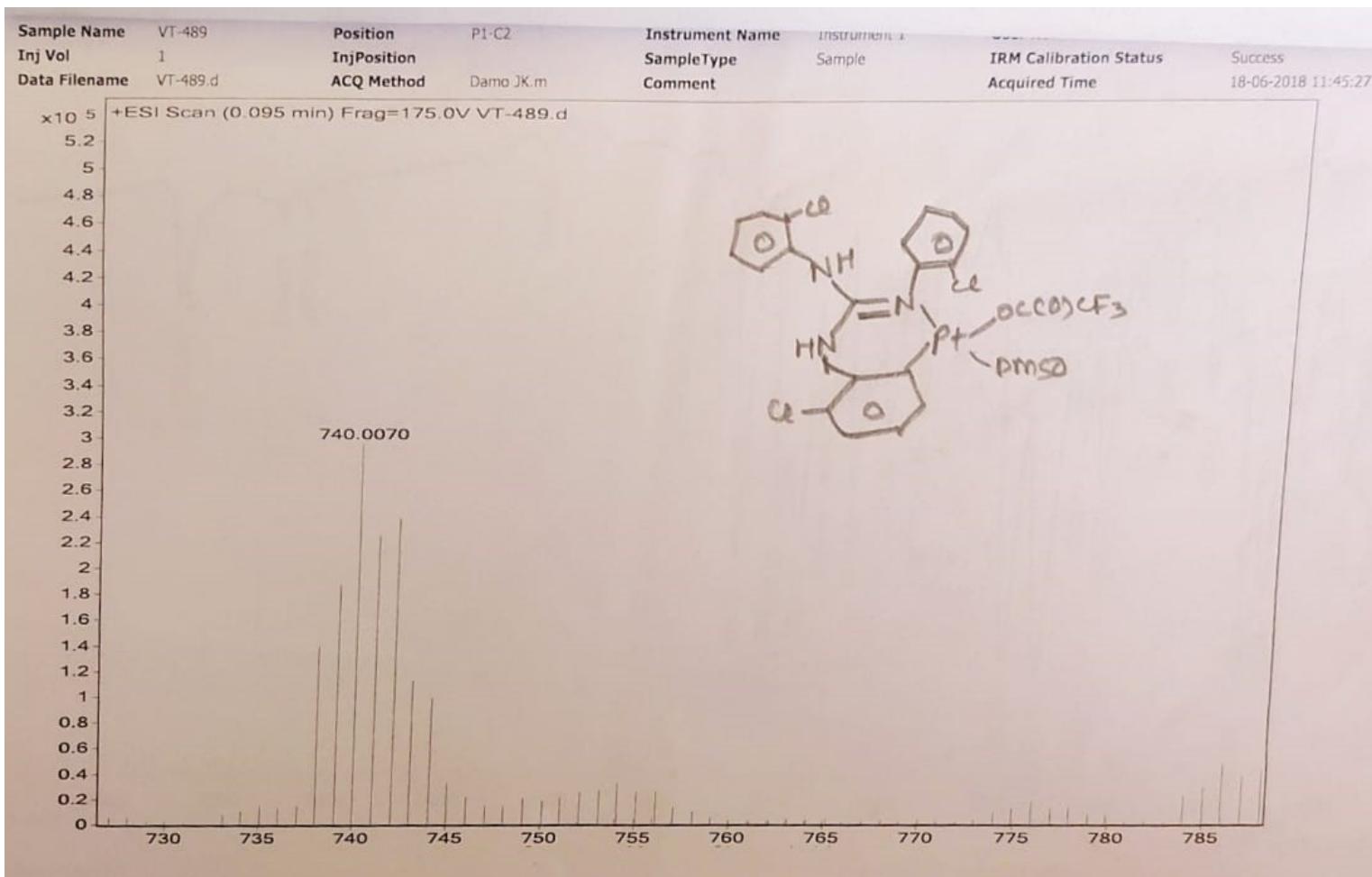
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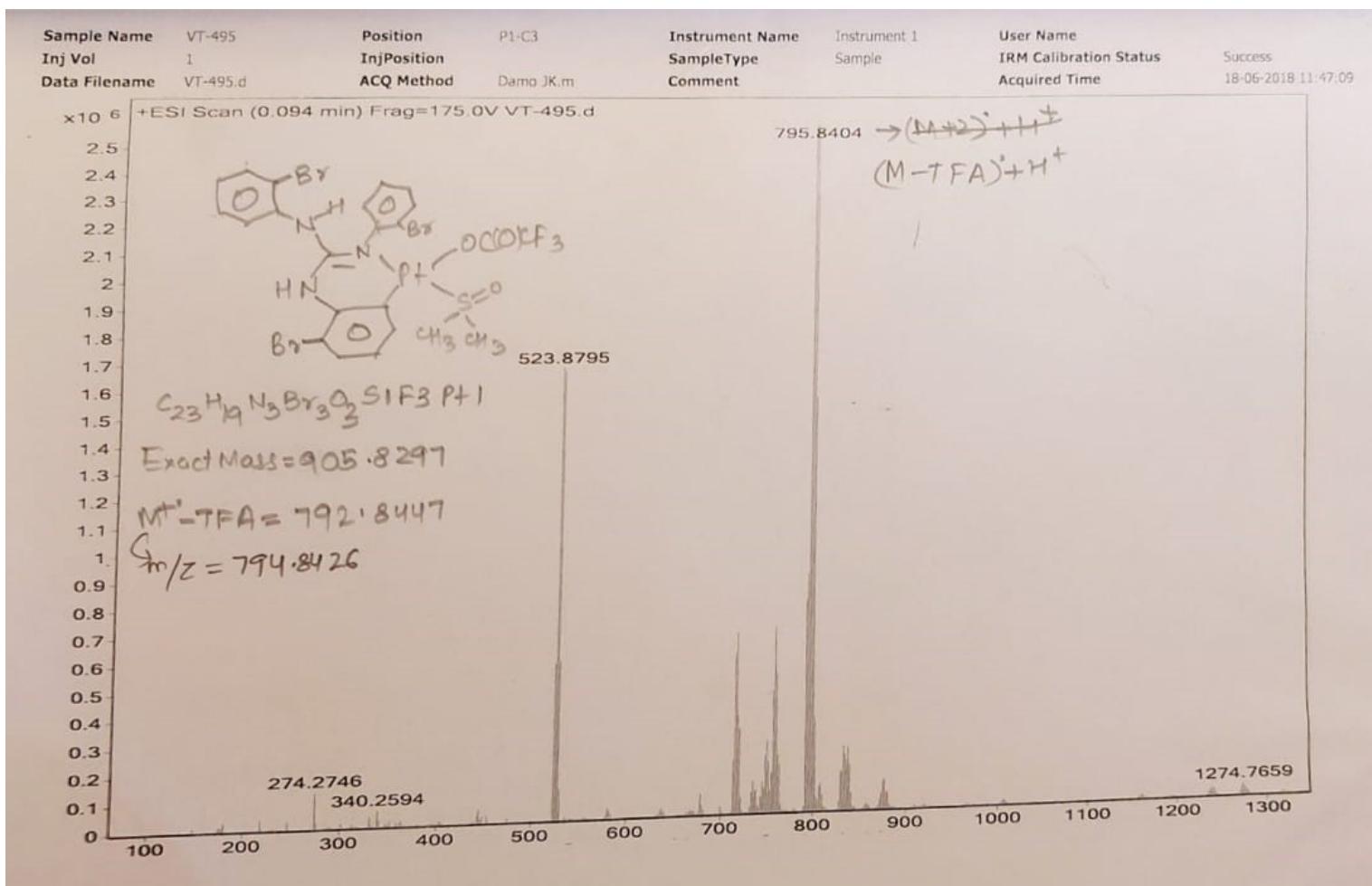
Complex 6



Complex 7



Complex 7

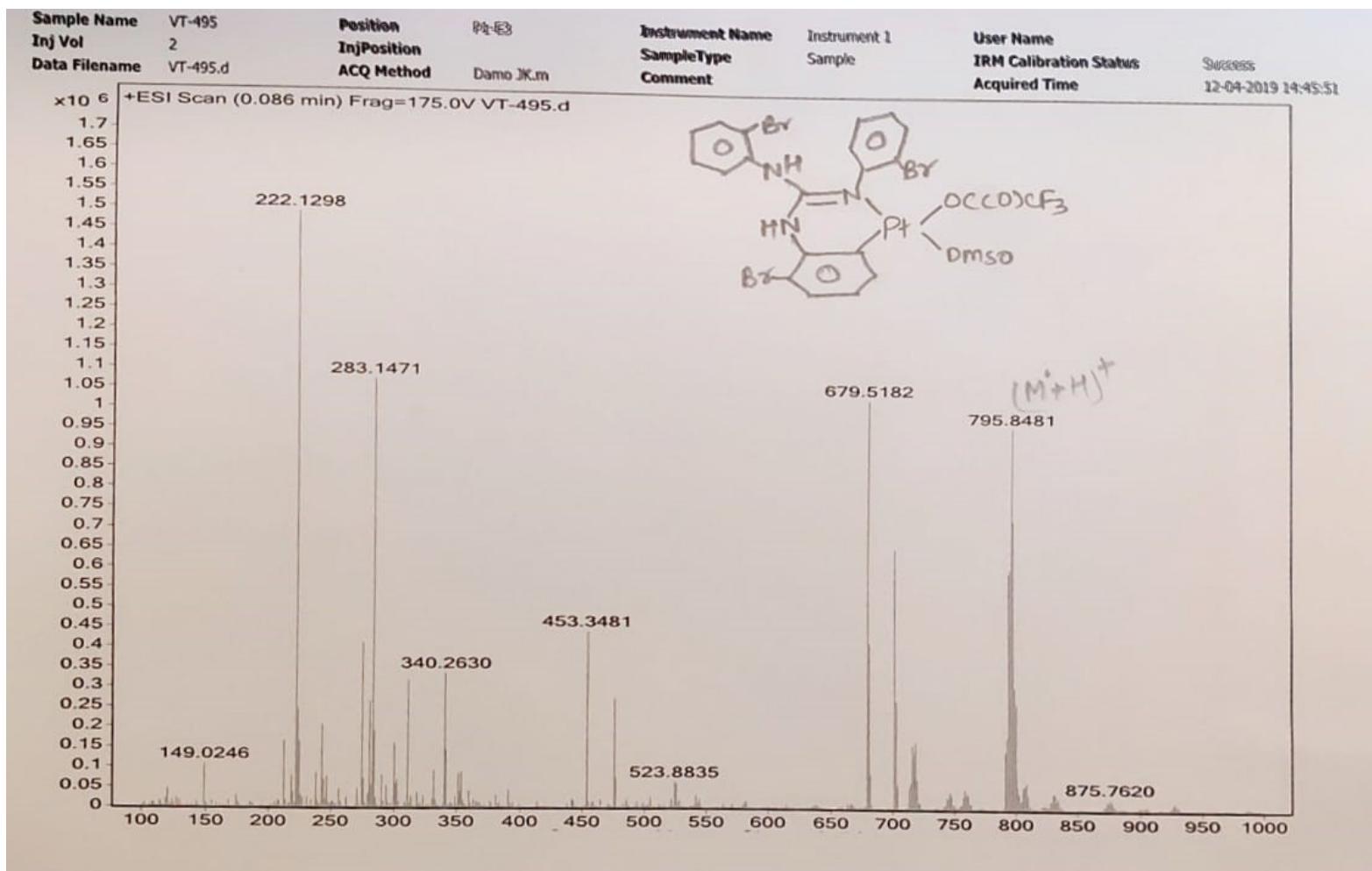


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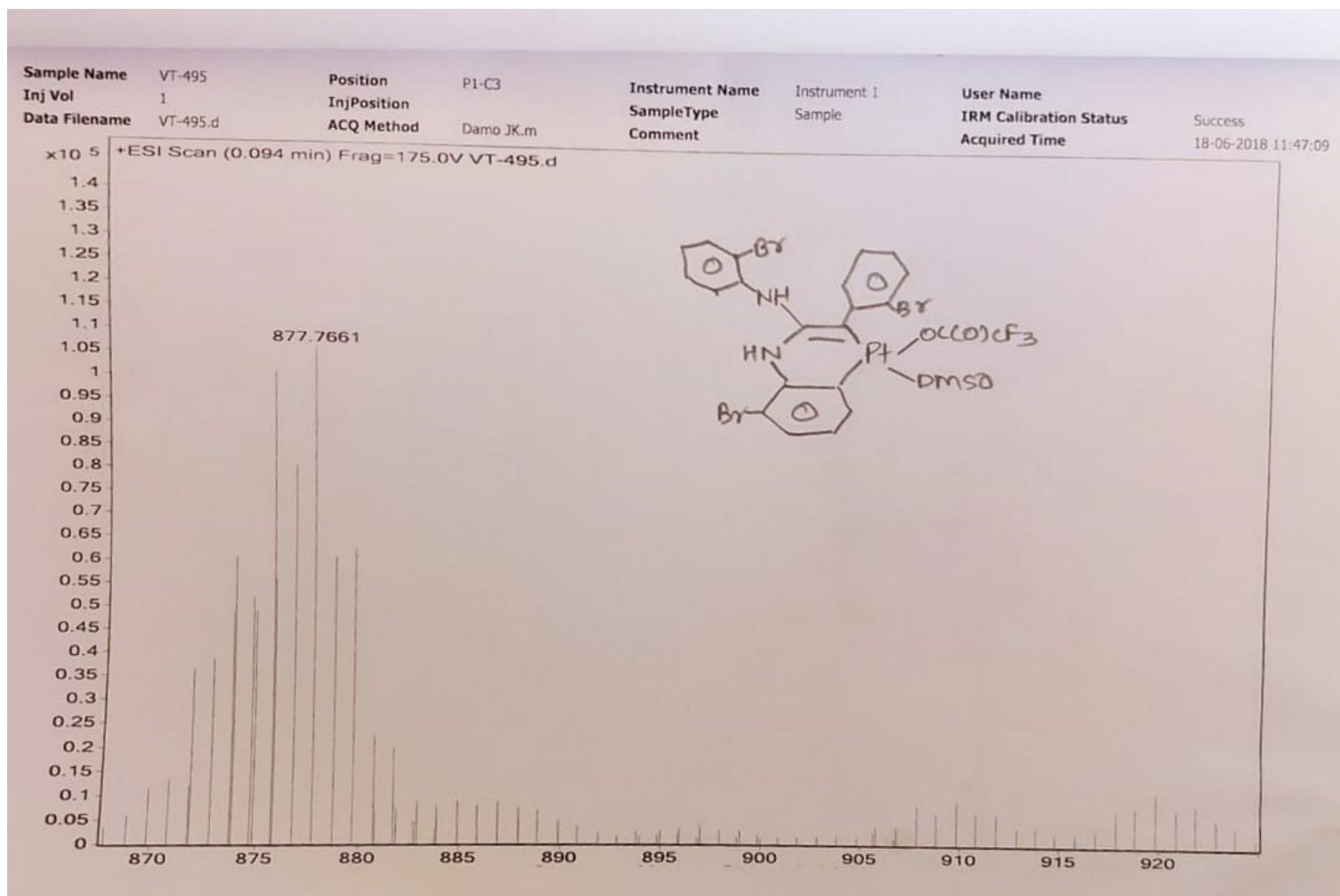


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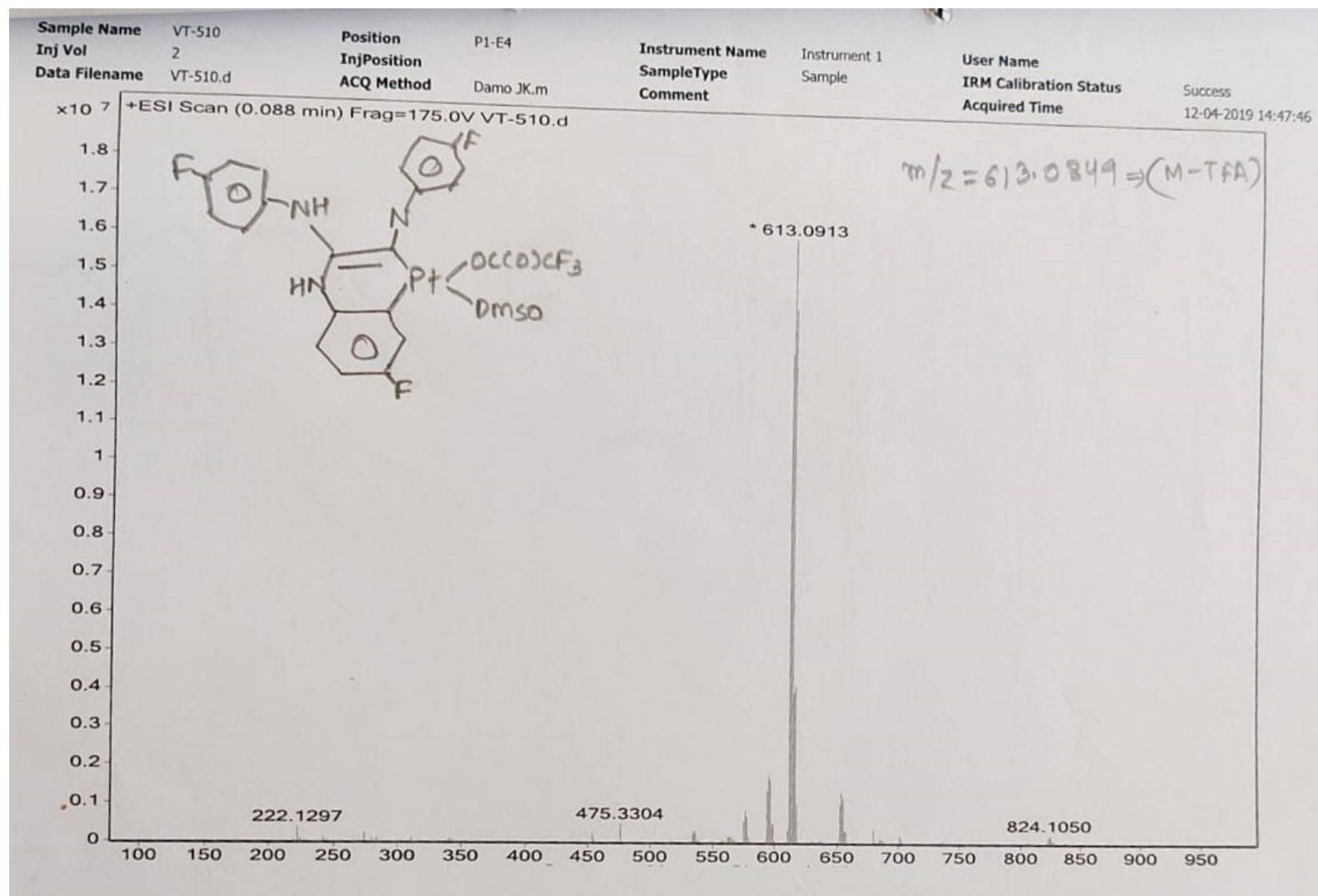
S211



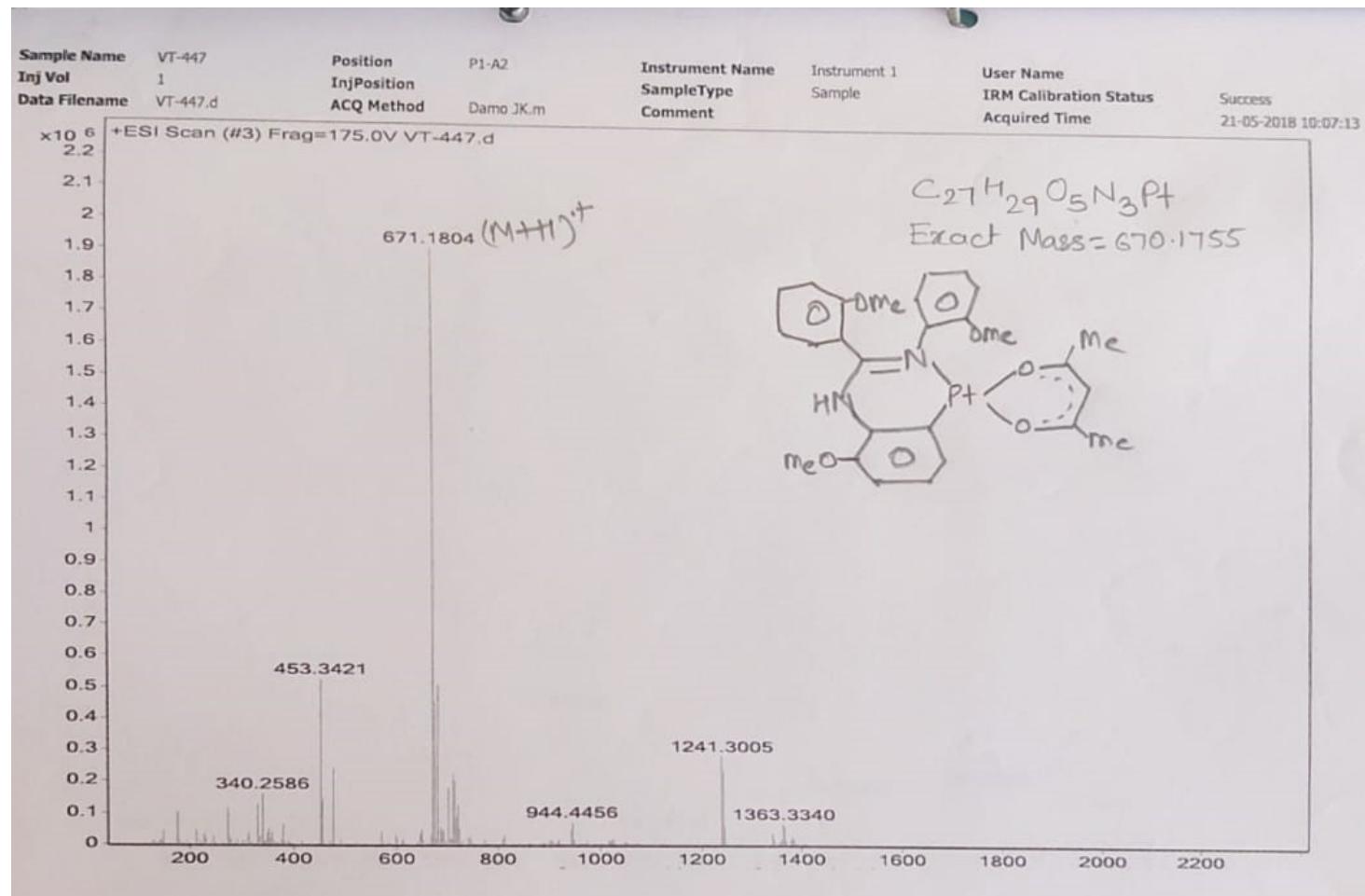
Complex 8



Complex 8



Complex 9



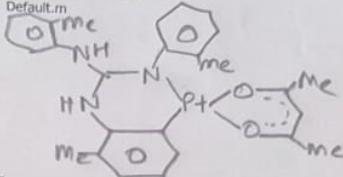
Complex 10

Qualitative Compound Report

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 Acq Method Dano JK.m
 IRM Calibration Status Success
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 User Name
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 DA Method Default.m

Sample Group Info.
 Acquisition SW 6200 series TOF/6500 series
 Version Q-TOF B.05.01 (B5125.1)



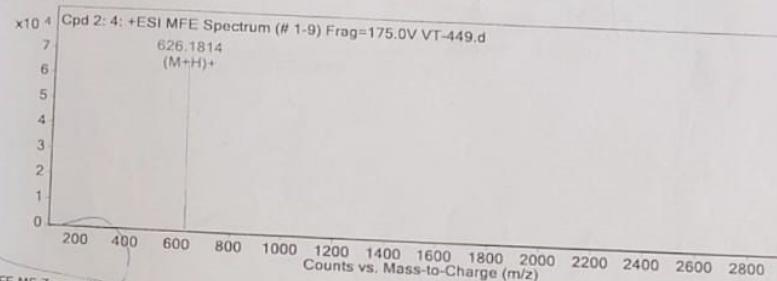
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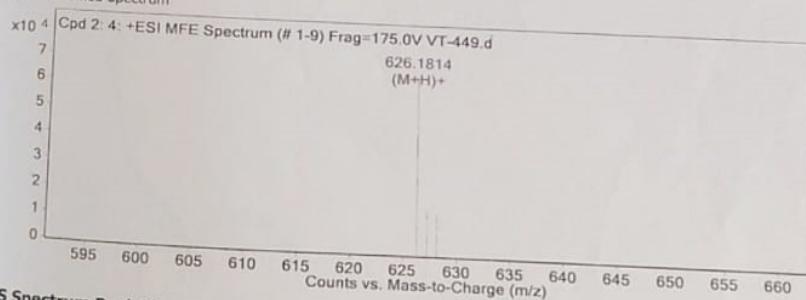
Compound Label
 Cpd 2: 4

m/z 626.1814 RT 4 Algorithm Find by Molecular Feature Mass 625.1741

MFE MS Spectrum



MFE MS Zoomed Spectrum



MS Spectrum Peak List

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627.1837	1	16867.11	(M+H)+
628.1796	1	15321.1	(M+H)+

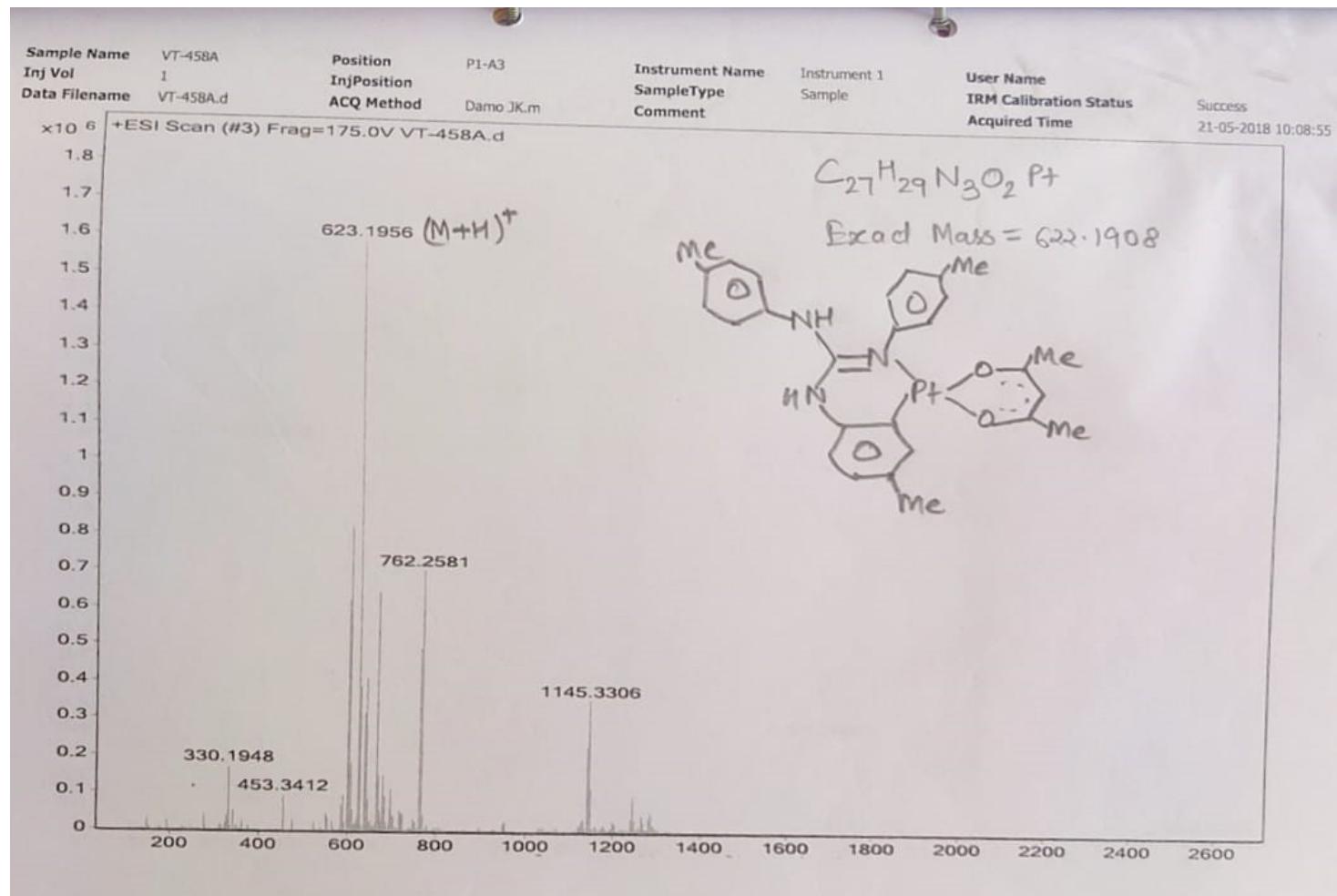
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Page 1 of 1

Printed at: 12:12 on:21-05-2018

Complex 11

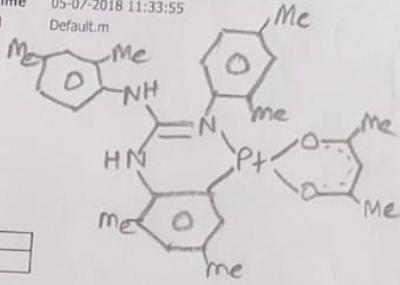


Complex 12

Qualitative Compound Report

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 Comment

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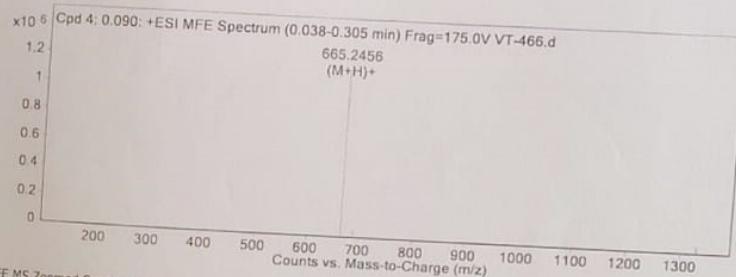


Compound Table

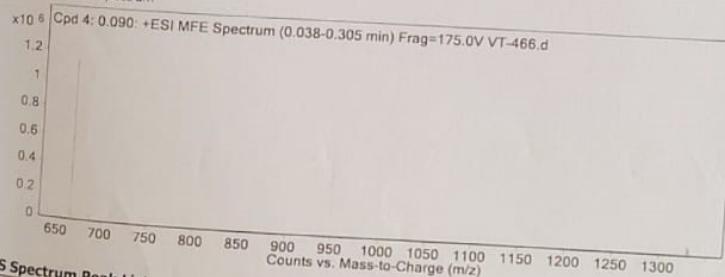
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Compound Label	m/z	RT	Algorithm	Mass
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MFE MS Spectrum



MFE MS Zoomed Spectrum

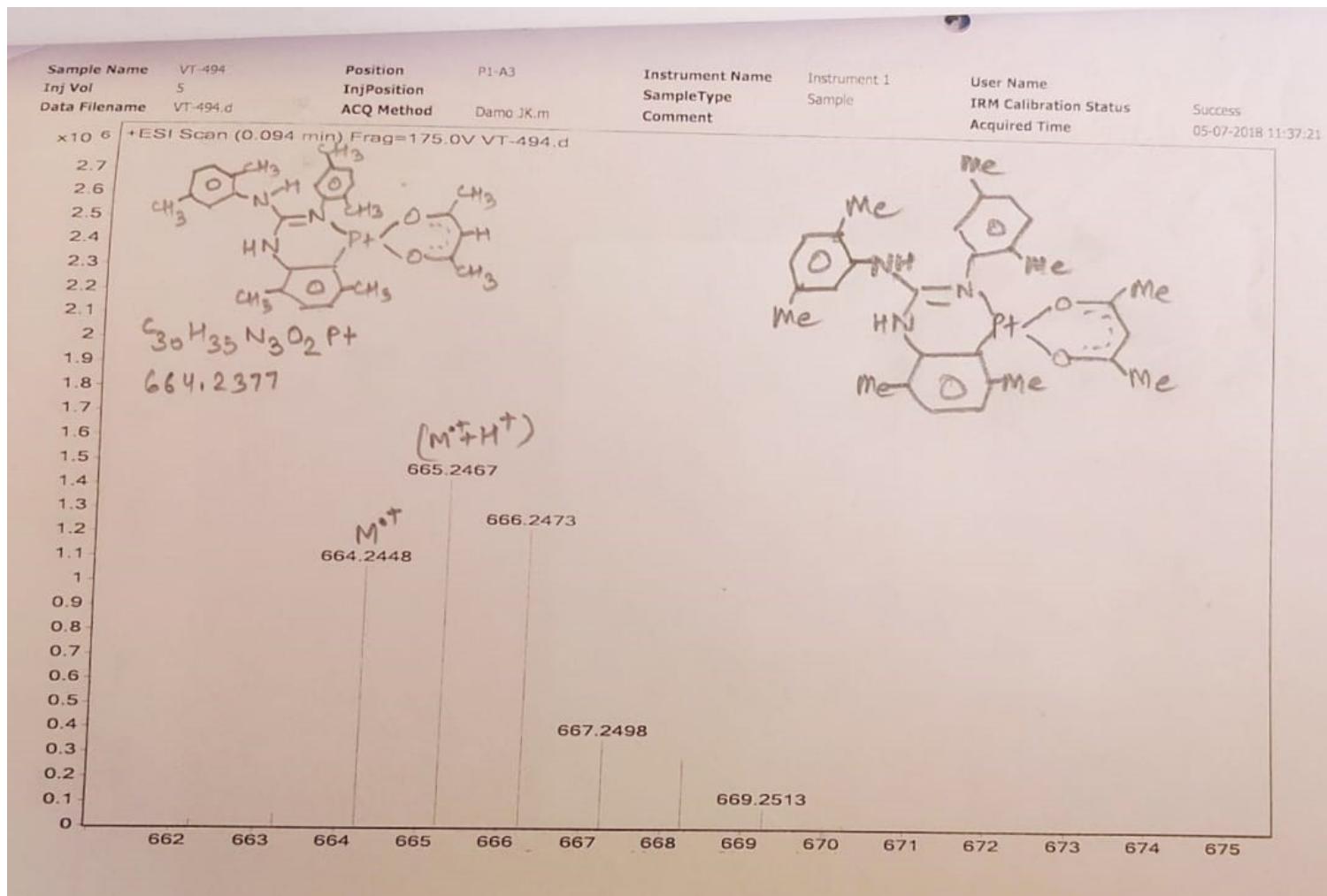


MS Spectrum Peak List

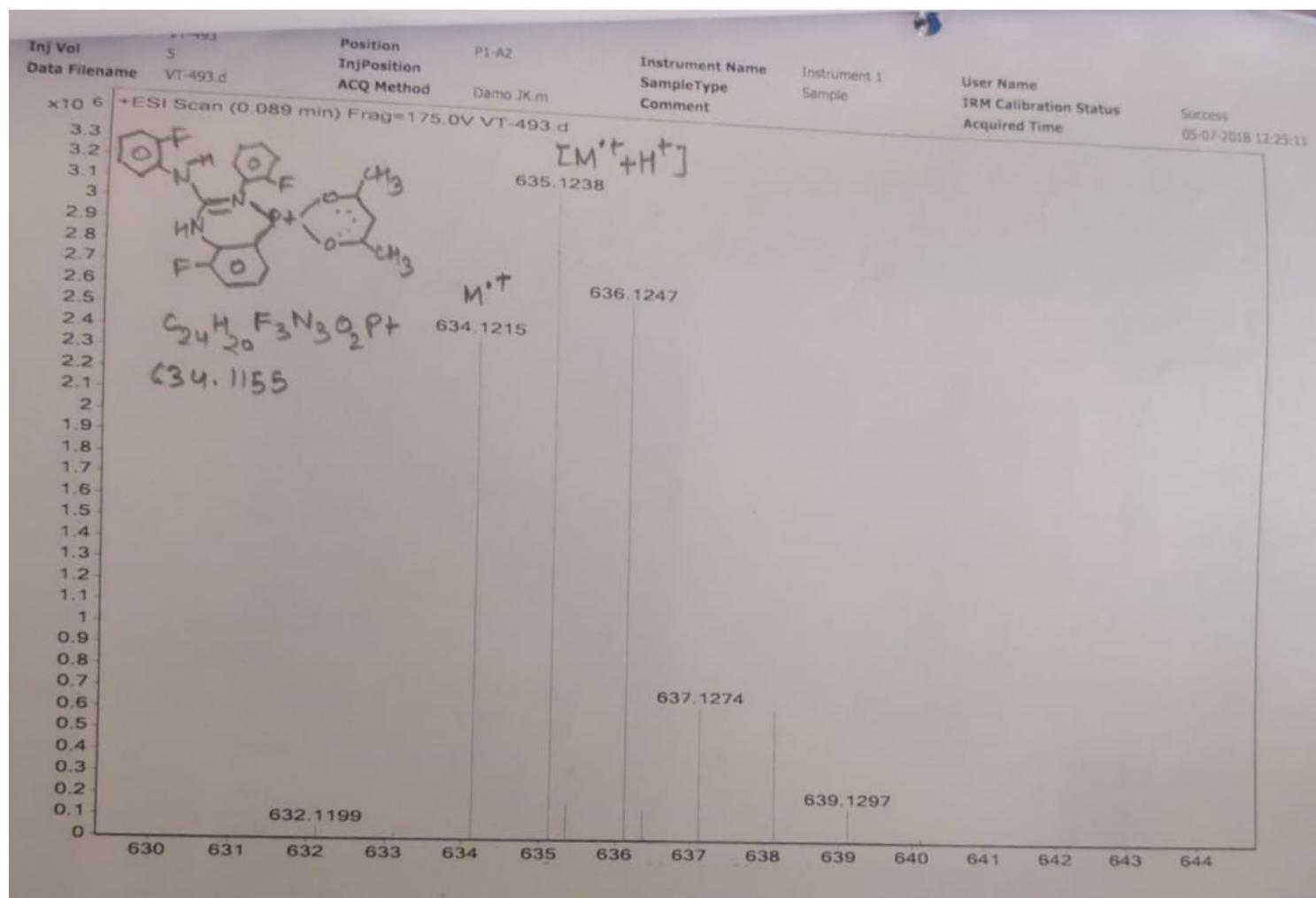
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687.2261	1	43533.89	(M+Na)+
1329.4813	1	55080.16	(2M+H)+
1330.4829	1	50781.88	(2M+H)+
1331.4847	1	35908.16	(2M+H)+

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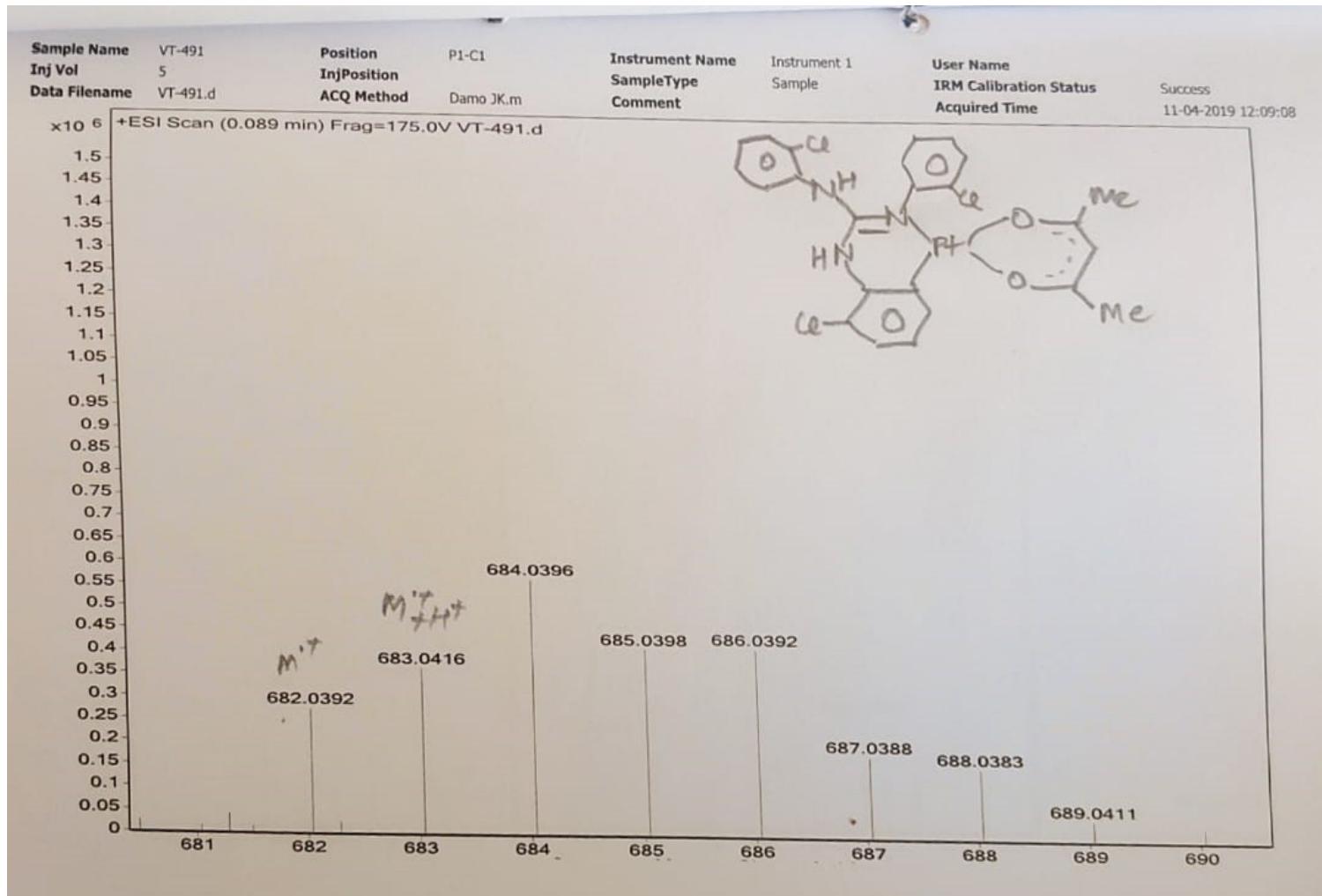
Complex 13



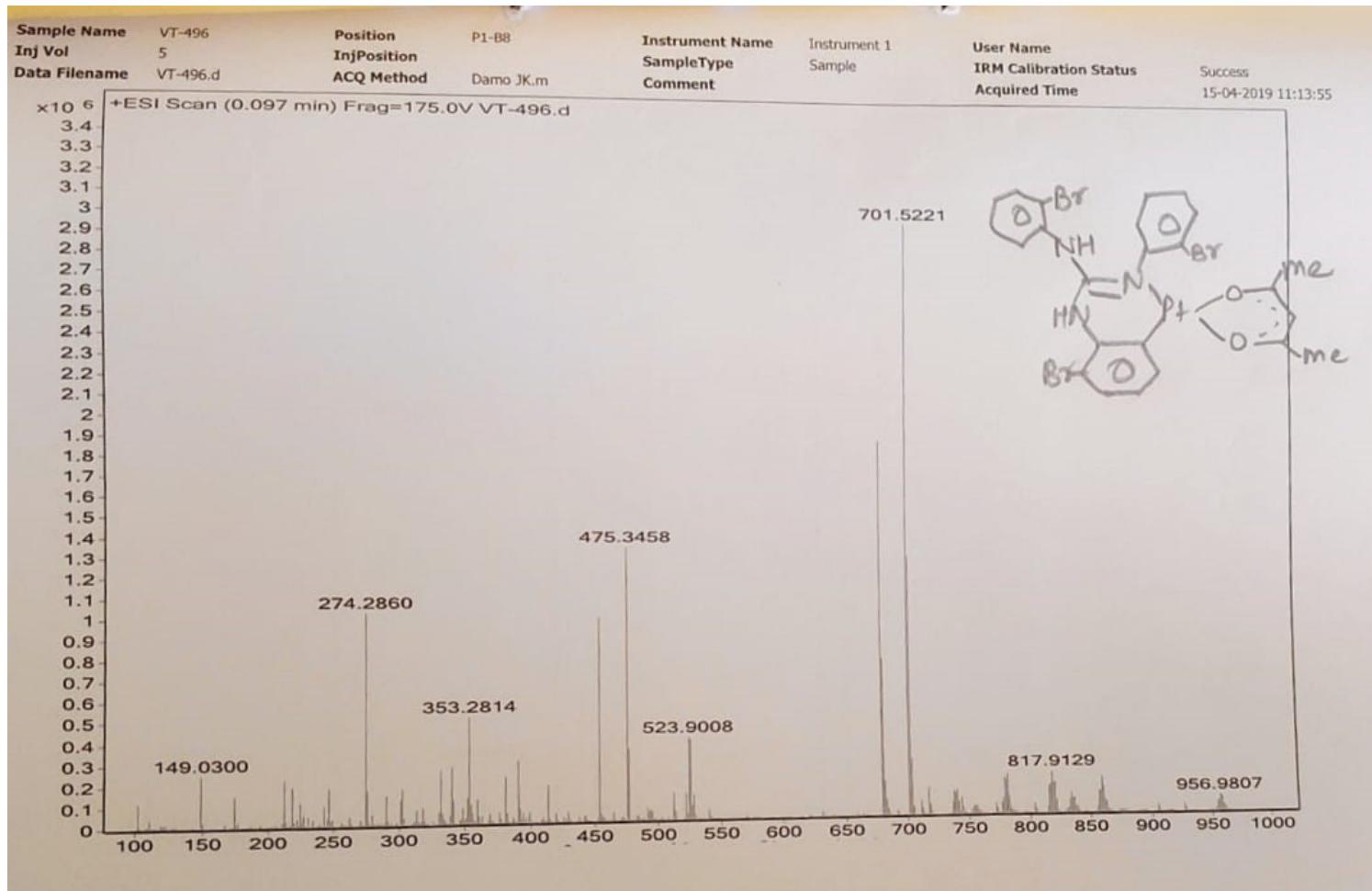
Complex 14



Complex 15

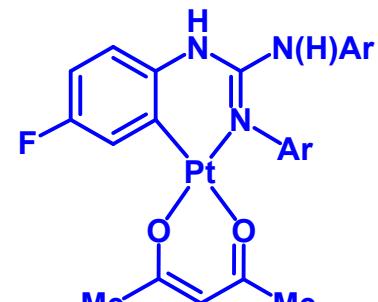
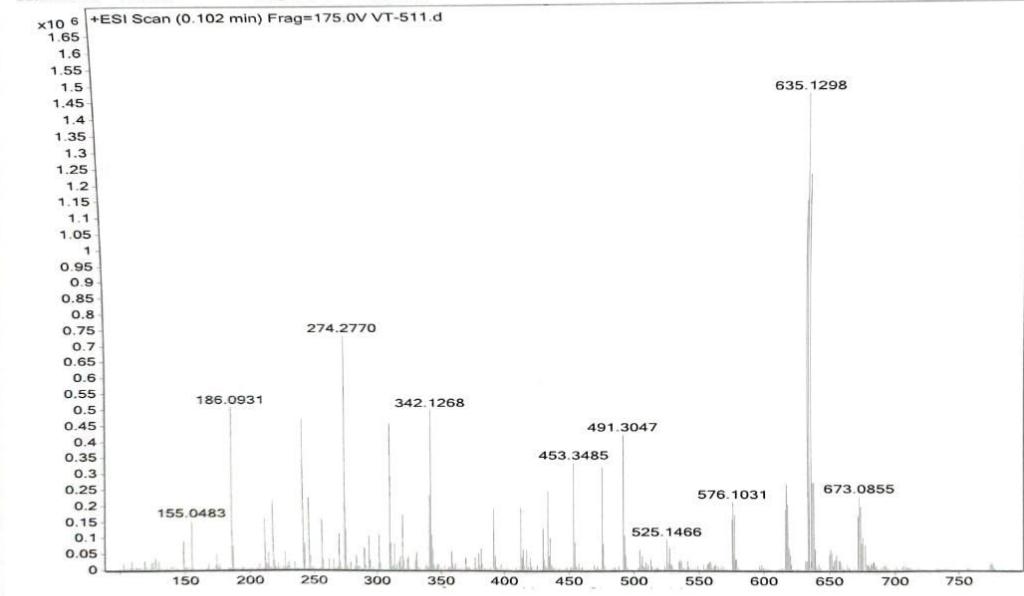


Complex 16

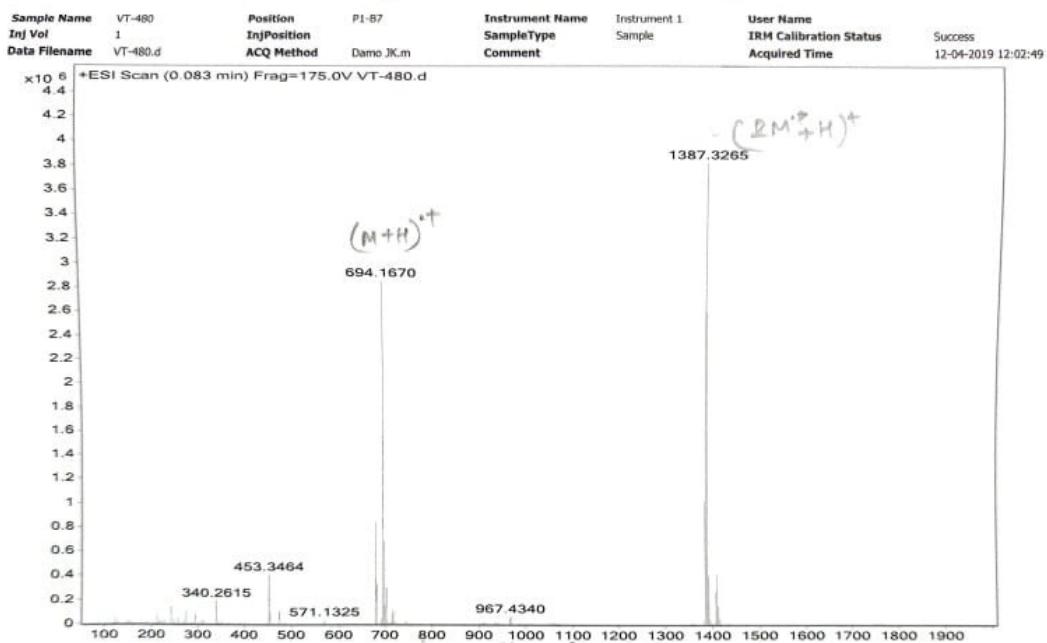


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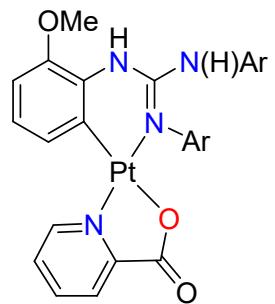
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Ar = 4-FC₆H₄ (**18**)



Complex 19



References

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