

Effective Isolation of Succinic Acid from Aqueous Media with the Use of Anion Exchange Resins

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SUPPORTING INFORMATION

Table S1. The general properties of anion exchange resins used in the study.

General properties	Lewatit MP-62	Lewatit MP-64	Lewatit M-500	Lewatit M-600
Type	weak basic	weak basic	strong basic	strong basic
Ionic form	free base	free base	Cl ⁻	Cl ⁻
Functional group	tertiary amine	tertiary & quaternary amine	quaternary amine (Type I)	quaternary amine (Type II)
Matrix structure	cross- linked polystyrene	cross- linked polystyrene	cross- linked polystyrene	cross- linked polystyrene
Appearance	beige, opaque	beige, opaque	yellow, translucent	white, translucent
Maximum temperature (°C)	130	70	70	30
Operating pH range	0-8	0-7	0-12	0-11
Density (g/mL)	1.02	1.04	1.08	1.10
Total capacity (eq/L)	1.7	1.3	1.3	1.3

Table S2. Non-linear and linear equations of the kinetic models studied.

Kinetic model	Non-linear equation	Linear equation	Plot
Pseudo-first-order	$dq_t/dt = k_1 \cdot (q_e - q_t)$	$\log (q_e - q_t) = \log q_e$	$\log (q_e - q_t)$ vs t
Pseudo-second-order	$dq_t/dt = k_2 \cdot (q_e - q_t)^2$	$\frac{t}{q_t} = \frac{1}{k_2 q_e^2} + \frac{1}{q_e} \cdot t$	t/q_t vs t
Elovich	$dq_t/dt = \alpha \cdot \exp(-\beta q_t)$	$q_t = \frac{\ln(\alpha \cdot \beta)}{\beta} + \frac{\ln t}{\beta}$	q_t vs $\ln t$
Intraparticle diffusion	---	$q_t = k_{id} \cdot t^{0.5} + I$	q_t vs $t^{0.5}$

Table S3. The linear equations of the isotherm models studied.

Model name	Linear equation	Plot
Langmuir	$\frac{1}{q_e} = \frac{1}{q_{\max} K_L} \cdot \frac{1}{C_e} + \frac{1}{q_{\max}}$ $R_L = 1/(1 + (K_L \cdot C_o))$	1/q _e vs 1/C _e
Freundlich	$\log q_e = \frac{1}{n} \cdot \log C_e + \log K$	log q _e vs log C _e
Temkin	$q_e = B \cdot \ln K_T + B \cdot \ln C$	q _e vs ln C _e
Scatchard	$\frac{q_e}{C_e} = q_{\max} \cdot K_S - K_S \cdot q_e$	q _e /C _e vs q _e

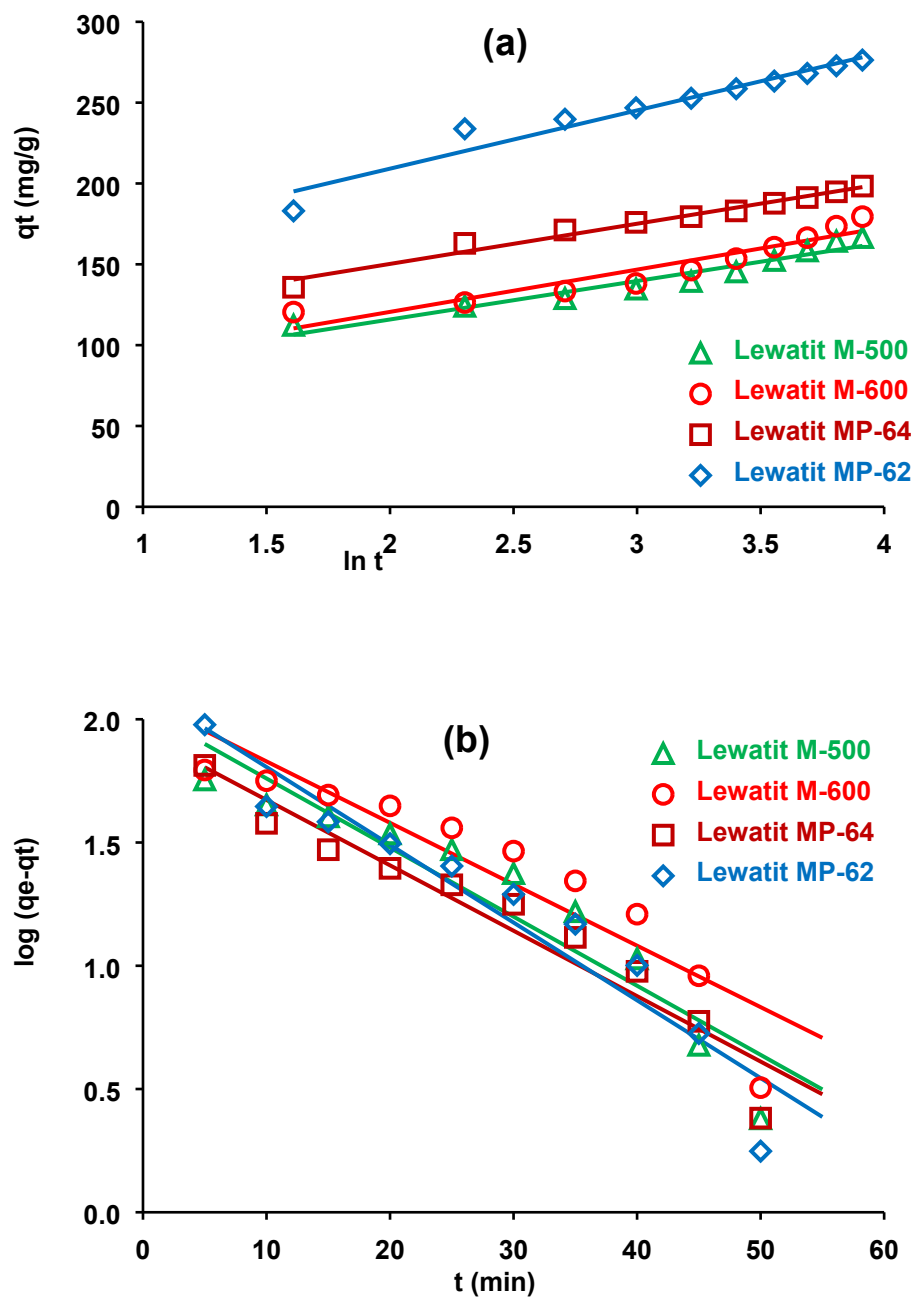


Fig. S1 The plots of the kinetic analysis for the isolation of SA using anion exchange resins
 a) Elovich kinetic model b) Pseudo-first order kinetic model