1	Supporting Information for
2	Fractionation of beech wood cell walls into digestible cellulose-rich residues and
3	photoluminescent lignin-rich precipitates via semi-flow hot-compressed water treatment
4	with 2-naphthol
5	
6	Masatsugu Takada,* ^a Yutaka Okazaki, ^b Shinya Kajita, ^a Haruo Kawamoto, ^b and Takashi
7	Sagawa ^b
8	
9	a Graduate School of Bio-Applications and Systems Engineering (BASE), Tokyo
10	University of Agriculture and Technology, 2-24-16, Nakacho Koganeishi, Tokyo 184-
11	8588, Japan
12	b Graduate School of Energy Science, Kyoto University, Yoshida-Honmachi, Kyoto
13	606-8501, Japan
14	
15	*Corresponding authors:
16	Dr. M. Takada; takada-masatsugu@go.tuat.ac.jp
17	
18	





26 Figure S2 (a) UV-Vis absorbance spectra of MWL and precipitates from HCW

27 treatment dissolved in DMSO at 0.1 mg mL⁻¹, (b) those photoluminescence spectra

28 excited at 320 nm, (c) UV-Vis absorption spectra of MWL and precipitates in CHCl₃ at

29 0.1 mg mL⁻¹, (d) those photoluminescence spectra excited at 320 nm.

(a) Pictures



33 Figure S3 (a) Photos of precipitates from HCW treatment of beech wood in PHEMA

34 and PMMA films, (b) their UV-Vis absorption spectra, (c) PL spectra excited at 320 nm.



- 40 Figure S4 UV micrographs of insoluble residue from Japanese beech as treated by HCW
- 41 with 16% 2-naphthol.

(a) UV-Vis absorbance spectra



44 Figure S5 (a) UV-Vis absorption spectra of precipitates from hot-compressed water

treatment with 0%, 4%, 8%, and 16% of 2-naphthol dissolved in DMSO at 0.1 mg mL⁻¹.
(b) those pictures excited at 365 nm, (c) photoluminescence spectra excited at 280, 320,
350 nm, and (d) their normalized spectra.

(a) UV-Vis absorbance spectra



51

52 Figure S6 (a) UV-Vis absorption spectra of precipitates from hot-compressed water

53 with/without addition of 16% 2-naphthol or phenol, dissolved in DMSO at 0.1 mg mL^{-1} .

54 (b) photoluminescence spectra excited at 280, 320 and 350 nm, (c) their normalized

55 spectra.

- 58 Table S1 Average molecular weight of precipitates and MWL detected by gel
- 59 permeation chromatography.

Sample	Mw	Mn
Precipitates	3,670	1,180
MWL	7,180	3,230

57

- 61
- 62 Table S2 Fluorescence lifetime of precipitates by HCW treatment with/without 2-
- 63 naphthol excited at 373 nm.

Sample	Fluorescence	
in DMF	Life time	
	(τ)	
Prec(0%)	2.84	
Prec(16%)	3.16	
2-naphthol	4.56	

64