Synthesis, Anticancer and Antibacterial Evaluation of Novel Spiramycin-Acylated Derivatives

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Characterization data of synthetic compounds 1-20

4''-isovaleryl-Spiramycin I (1).



According to the method A, compound 1 could be obtained with 27% yield as white solid using spiramycin I and isovaleryl chloride as substrates. HRMS (ESI) for $C_{48}H_{82}N_2O_{15}$: calculated, $[M+H]^+ = 927.5788$, found 927.5870; ¹H NMR (600 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ 9.83 (s, 1H), 6.25 (dd, J = 15.0, 10.8 Hz, 1H), 6.06 - 5.98 (m, 1H), 5.69 (dd, J = 15.0, 9.6 Hz, 1H), 5.57 (t, J = 12.0 Hz, 1H), 5.29 (s, 1H), 5.07 (s, 1H), 4.62 (d, J = 10.2 Hz, 1H), 4.47 (dd, J = 19.2, 8.4 Hz, 2H), 4.38 (d, J = 9.0 Hz, 1H), 4.12 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 4.05 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 2H), 3.81 (d, J = 10.8 Hz, 1H), 3.52 (d, J = 15.2 Hz, 4H), 3.46 – 3.39 (m, 1H), 3.29 (t, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 3.08 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 2.79 (dd, J = 17.6, 9.2 Hz, 1H), 2.72 – 2.65 (m, 1H), 2.51 (s, 6H), 2.50 – 2.44 (m, 2H), 2.36 (d, J = 17.8 Hz, 1H), 2.30 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H), 2.25 (d, J = 14.8 Hz, 2H), 2.18 – 2.07 (m, 3H), 2.03 - 1.99 (m, 1H), 1.94 (s, 1H), 1.87 - 1.80 (m, 3H), 1.47 (dt, J = 36.0, 12.0 Hz, 3H), 1.30 (d, J = 6.0 Hz, 3H), 1.23 (d, J = 4.8 Hz, 6H), 1.14 (d, J = 6.0 Hz, 3H), 1.12 (s, 3H), 1.00 (s, 1H), 0.98 (d, J = 6.0 Hz, 9H). ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 202.82, 174.23, 172.96, 134.64, 132.82, 131.02, 128.60, 103.89, 100.31, 97.03, 85.25, 79.34, 78.78, 75.97, 73.88, 73.08, 71.69, 69.37, 69.21, 68.72, 68.24, 64.86, 63.49, 61.82, 43.32, 43.25, 42.00, 41.71, 40.71, 37.68, 31.78, 31.29, 30.73, 30.54, 25.55, 25.35, 22.45, 22.40, 20.10, 18.96, 18.86, 18.41, 17.85, 15.31.

4"-n-hexanoyl-Spiramycin I (2).



According to the method A, compound 2 could be obtained with 50% yield as white solid using spiramycin I and n-hexanoyl chloride as substrates. HRMS (ESI) for $C_{49}H_{84}N_2O_{15}$: calculated, $[M+2H]^{2+}/2 = 471.3009$, found 471.3022; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 9.83 (s, 1H), 6.24 (dd, J = 15.1, 10.6 Hz, 1H), 6.02 (dd, J = 14.8, 10.9 Hz, 1H), 5.68 (dd, J = 15.1, 9.6 Hz, 1H), 5.58 (ddd, J = 15.1, 11.1, 4.0 Hz, 1H), 5.30 (ddd, J = 11.2, 6.3, 3.0 Hz, 1H), 5.08 (d, J = 3.5 Hz, 1H), 4.62 (d, J = 10.2 Hz, 1H),4.51 (d, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 4.43 (dd, J = 10.5, 5.9 Hz, 3H), 4.11 (d, J = 8.7 Hz, 1H), 4.04(dd, J = 9.5, 4.0 Hz, 2H), 3.80 (d, J = 10.8 Hz, 1H), 3.62 - 3.42 (m, 6H), 3.39 - 3.24(m, 3H), 3.08 (d, J = 8.6 Hz, 1H), 2.93 (dd, J = 28.9, 19.3 Hz, 1H), 2.84 - 2.74 (m, 2H),2.74 – 2.65 (m, 2H), 2.55 (s, 6H), 2.43 (s, 2H), 2.42 (s, 6H), 2.39 (dd, *J* = 6.5, 4.5 Hz, 3H), 2.33 (s, 2H), 2.27 (t, J = 5.3 Hz, 2H), 2.23 (s, 1H), 2.17 – 2.07 (m, 2H), 2.07 – 2.02 (m, 1H), 2.01 (d, J = 5.6 Hz, 2H), 1.94 – 1.89 (m, 2H), 1.86 – 1.81 (m, 1H), 1.67 (dd, J = 14.8, 7.4 Hz, 2H), 1.53 (t, J = 10.9 Hz, 3H), 1.37 – 1.29 (m, 12H), 1.24 (d, J = 5.3 Hz, 3H), 1.13 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 6H), 0.98 (d, *J* = 6.6 Hz, 4H), 0.90 (t, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 3H). ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl3) δ 202.81, 174.23, 173.75, 134.64, 132.82, 131.02, 103.89, 100.31, 97.02, 85.25, 79.35, 78.78, 75.95, 73.88, 73.08, 71.70, 69.37, 69.21, 68.72, 68.25, 64.86, 63.48, 61.82, 43.25, 42.00, 41.70, 40.71, 37.68, 34.26, 31.78, 31.34, 31.29, 30.73, 30.54, 25.31, 24.75, 22.30, 20.10, 18.96, 18.86, 18.41, 17.80, 15.31, 13.89.

4"-n-octanoyl-Spiramycin I (3).



According to the method B, compound 3 could be obtained with 19% yield as white solid using spiramycin I and n-octanoyl acid as substrates. HRMS (ESI) for $C_{54}H_{88}N_2O_{15}$: calculated, $[M+H]^+ = 969.6257$, found 969.6240; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ 9.81 (s, 1H), 6.23 (dd, J = 14.8, 10.8 Hz, 1H), 6.08 (dd, J = 14.8, 10.8 Hz, 1H), 5.67 (dd, J = 14.8, 9.6 Hz, 1H), 5.61 – 5.52 (m, 1H), 5.34 – 5.21 (m, 1H), 5.11 (s, 1H), 4.53 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 1H), 4.43 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 1H), 4.11(s, 1H), 4.10 – 4.01 (m, 2H), 3.78 (d, J = 10.8 Hz, 2H), 3.61 (s, 1H), 3.56 – 3.52 (m, 1H), 3.50 (s, 3H), 3.32 (s, 2H), 3.09 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 2.97 (s, 2H), 2.91 – 2.84 (m, 1H), 2.79 (dd, J = 17.6, 9.2 Hz, 2H), 2.71 – 2.62 (m, 2H), 2.50 (s, 2H), 2.48 (s, 6H), 2.46 – 2.40 (m, 3H), 2.37 (s, 1H), 2.33 – 2.23 (m, 3H), 2.15 – 2.06 (m, 1H), 2.03 – 2.00 (m, 2H), 1.92 – 1.90 (m, 2H), 1.75 – 1.70 (m, 1H), 1.68 – 1.61 (m, 2H), 1.59 – 1.54 (m, 2H), 1.52 – 1.45 (m, 1H), 1.37 - 1.36 (m, 4H), 1.32 - 1.23 (m, 22H), 1.00 - 2.62 (m, 1H), 0.97 (d, J = 6.4Hz, 3H), 0.87 (t, J = 5.3 Hz, 3H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 202.95, 174.24, 169.64, 134.84, 132.56, 131.49, 128.15, 103.36, 99.77, 85.01, 79.58, 77.30, 72.64, 71.77, 70.40, 70.06, 69.26, 68.21, 67.16, 65.14, 61.89, 61.47, 43.54, 41.94, 40.80, 40.40, 37.64, 35.26, 31.85, 31.55, 30.76, 30.38, 29.13, 29.01, 28.95, 28.81, 28.79, 25.82, 25.00, 24.56, 22.64, 22.58, 22.54, 20.09, 20.00, 19.65, 19.12, 18.25, 15.23, 14.14, 14.07, 14.03.

4"-cyclohexanecarbonyl-Spiramycin I (4).



According to the method A, compound 4 could be obtained with 46% yield as white solid using spiramycin I and cyclohexanecarbonyl chloride as substrates. HRMS (ESI) for $C_{50}H_{84}N_2O_{15}$: calculated, $[M+H]^+ = 953.5944$, found 953.5965; ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) & 9.83 (s, 1H), 6.28-6.20 (m, 1H), 6.05-5.99 (m, 1H), 5.72-5.66 (m, 1H), 5.60-5.53 (m, 1H), 5.34 - 5.25 (m, 1H), 5.07 (d, J = 6 Hz, 1 H), 4.60 (d, J = 18.0 Hz, 1 H),4.49 (d, J = 6.0 Hz, 1H), 4.47 - 4.42 (m, 1H), 4.41 - 4.35 (m, 1H), 4.14 - 4.10 (m, 1H),4.07-4.03 (m, 2H), 3.81 (d, J = 12.0 Hz, 1H), 3.54 - 3.49 (m, 4H), 3.45-3.40 (m, 1H), 3.34 – 3.26 (m, 2H), 3.08 (d, J = 12.0 Hz, 1H), 2.82 – 2.76 (m, 1H), 2.72-2.65 (m, 1H), 2.51 (s, 6H), 2.50 – 2.45 (m, 2H), 2.48-2.40 (m, 1H), 2.40-2.34 (m, 1H), 2.33-2.28 (m, 1H), 2.25 (d, J = 12.0 Hz, 2H), 2.22 (s, 6H), 2.21-2.17(m, 1H), 2.14 – 2.07 (m, 1H), 2.02 - 1.98 (m, 1H), 1.97-1.91 (m, 3H), 1.87-1.81(m, 3H), 1.79 - 1.74 (m, 2H), 1.68-1.64(m, 1H), 1.56 - 1.39(m, 6H), 1.35 - 1.31(m, 1H), 1.30(d, J = 6.0 Hz, 4H), 1.28 - 1.01(m, 1H), 1.01(d, J = 6.0 Hz, 4H), 1.28 - 1.01(m, 1H), 1.01(d, J = 6.0 Hz, 4H), 1.28 - 1.01(m, 1H), 1.01(d, J = 6.0 Hz, 4H), 1.28 - 1.01(m, 1H), 1.01(d, J = 6.0 Hz, 4H), 1.28 - 1.01(m, 1H), 1.01(d, J = 6.0 Hz, 4H), 1.28 - 1.01(m, 1H), 1.01(d, J = 6.0 Hz, 4H), 1.00(d, J = 6.0 Hz, 41.25 (m, 2H), 1.23 (t, J = 6.0 Hz, 6H), 1.12 (d, J = 6.0 Hz, 3H), 1.10 (s, 2H), 0.99 (d, J= 6.0 Hz, 3H). ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 202.94, 176.05, 174.35, 134.76, 132.94, 131.14, 128.71, 104.00, 100.43, 97.16, 85.37, 79.46, 78.90, 76.79, 76.08, 74.00, 73.20, 71.80, 69.48, 69.33, 68.86, 68.36, 64.98, 63.60, 61.95, 43.36, 43.33, 42.12, 41.83, 40.83, 37.80, 31.90, 31.41, 30.85, 30.65, 29.41, 29.19, 25.82, 25.59, 25.44, 25.41, 20.23, 19.08, 18.98, 18.53, 17.88, 15.43.

4"-n-hexadecyl-Spiramycin I (5).



According to the method B, compound 5 could be obtained with 12% yield as white solid using spiramycin I and hexadecanoic acid as substrates. HRMS (ESI) for $C_{59}H_{104}N_2O_{15}$: calculated, $[M+H]^+=1081.7509$, found 1081.7509; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 9.68 (s, 1H), 6.66 – 6.50 (m, 1H), 6.16 – 6.03 (m, 1H), 5.85 – 5.70 (m, 1H), 5.64 (dd, J = 14.4, 9.6 Hz, 1H), 5.16 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 1H), 5.08 (s, 1H), 5.07 - 4.98 (m, 1H), 4.87 (s, 1H), 4.61 (dd, J = 15.2, 10.0 Hz, 1H), 4.54 – 4.48 (m, 1H), 4.44 (dd, J =16.0, 8.8 Hz, 2H), 4.00 – 3.92 (m, 1H), 3.92 – 3.83 (m, 1H), 3.65 – 3.51 (m, 4H), 3.43 (td, J = 6.8, 1.6 Hz, 5H), 3.32 (dd, J = 16.4, 6.4 Hz, 2H), 3.25 (d, J = 14.4 Hz, 3H), 2.90-2.82 (m, 1H), 2.77 (dd, J = 21.6, 9.6 Hz, 2H), 2.60 (s, 1H), 2.55 (d, J = 15.2 Hz, 7H), 2.50 – 2.43 (m, 3H), 2.42 – 2.33 (m, 3H), 2.30 (s, 3H), 2.26 (s, 1H), 2.23 (s, 7H), 2.17 (s, 5H), 2.12 (s, 1H), 2.06 (d, J = 6.0 Hz, 1H), 2.03 (s, 2H), 1.94 – 1.83 (m, 7H), 1.71 (dd, J = 14.8, 3.2 Hz, 1H), 1.49 (d, J = 1.6 Hz, 6H), 1.44 (s, 3H), 1.35 (d, J = 5.6 Hz, 1.44 Hz)1H), 1.28 (d, J = 6.0 Hz, 4H), 1.23 (d, J = 6.0 Hz, 5H), 1.15 (s, 4H), 1.12 (d, J = 5.6Hz, 2H), 1.00 (t, J = 5.6 Hz, 4H), 0.92 (d, J = 7.1 Hz, 1H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 202.90, 178.35, 174.25, 132.74, 131.17, 103.87, 100.23, 96.28, 85.24, 79.35, 79.03, 74.61, 73.39, 73.12, 71.73, 69.69, 69.25, 68.79, 68.22, 66.12, 64.57, 61.84, 43.31, 42.00, 40.88, 40.34, 37.66, 34.32, 31.93, 31.05, 30.76, 30.46, 29.69, 29.66, 29.62, 29.48, 29.36, 29.30, 29.18, 25.34, 24.94, 22.70, 20.11, 19.11, 18.98, 18.26, 15.32, 14.13.

4"-(N,N-dimethylaminoacetyl)-Spiramycin I (6).



According to the method B, compound 6 could be obtained with 13% yield as white solid using spiramycin I and N,N-dimethylglycine as substrates. HRMS (ESI) for $C_{47}H_{81}N_3O_{15}$: calculated, $[M+H]^+ = 928.5740$, found 928.5753; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 9.84 (s, 1H), 6.27 (dd, J = 15.2, 10.8 Hz, 1H), 6.04 (dd, J = 15.2, 10.8 Hz, 1H), 5.71 (dd, J = 15.2, 9.6 Hz, 1H), 5.62 – 5.55 (m, 1H), 5.33 – 5.28 (m, 1H), 5.10 (d, J = 3.2 Hz, 1H), 4.50 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 4.41 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 4.13 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 4.07 (dd, J = 9.6, 4.4 Hz, 2H), 3.82 (d, J = 11.2 Hz, 1H), 3.59 – 3.54 (m, 2H), 3.52 (s, 3H), 3.46 (dd, *J* = 9.2, 6.4 Hz, 1H), 3.30 (dd, *J* = 6.0, 3.2 Hz, 2H), 3.10 (dd, *J* = 8.8, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 2.97 (d, J = 9.6 Hz, 2H), 2.90 (s, 2H), 2.85 – 2.76 (m, 2H), 2.70 (dd, J =14.8, 11.2 Hz, 2H), 2.52 (d, J = 12.4 Hz, 9H), 2.42 – 2.34 (m, 2H), 2.27 (d, J = 11.2 Hz, 9H), 2.12 (d, J = 13.6 Hz, 1H), 2.05 (d, J = 14.0 Hz, 1H), 1.99 – 1.94 (m, 1H), 1.88 (d, J = 9.6 Hz, 2H), 1.77 (dd, J = 14.4, 4.0 Hz, 1H), 1.50 (d, J = 9.2 Hz, 2H), 1.32 (d, J)= 6.0 Hz, 7H), 1.27 (d, J = 5.2 Hz, 9H), 1.04 - 0.96 (m, 4H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) & 202.83, 174.27, 134.69, 132.79, 131.12, 103.88, 100.25, 96.35, 85.26, 78.86, 77.23, 76.44, 73.65, 73.13, 71.72, 69.49, 69.23, 68.83, 68.22, 66.14, 64.87, 61.85, 60.65, 44.15, 43.28, 42.02 (2C), 40.88, 40.67 (2C), 37.65, 31.18, 30.74, 30.48, 25.43, 20.11, 19.09, 19.05, 18.29, 15.31.

4"-(2-morpholineacetyl)-Spiramycin I (7).



According to the method B, compound 7 could be obtained with 13% yield as white solid using spiramycin I and 2-morpholineacetic acid as substrates. HRMS (ESI) for $C_{49}H_{83}N_{3}O_{16}$: calculated, $[M+2H]^{2+}/2 = 485.7960$, found 485.7987; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 9.84 (s, 1H), 6.26 (dd, J = 15.2, 10.8 Hz, 1H), 6.04 (dd, J = 15.2, 10.8 Hz, 1H), 5.70 (dd, J = 15.2, 9.6 Hz, 1H), 5.59 (m, 1H), 5.31 (m, 1H), 5.10 (d, J = 3.2 Hz, 1H), 4.50 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 4.44 – 4.38 (m, 1H), 4.17 – 4.09 (m, 1H), 4.07 (dd, J = 9.6, 4.4 Hz, 2H), 3.88 - 3.84 (m, 3H), 3.82 (d, J = 11.2 Hz, 1H), 3.59 - 3.53 (m, 2H), 3.52 (s, 3H), 3.47 (dd, *J* = 9.3, 6.2 Hz, 2H), 3.31 (d, *J* = 2.6 Hz, 2H), 3.28 (s, 3H), 3.10 (dd, J = 8.7, 1.1 Hz, 1H), 2.97 (d, J = 9.8 Hz, 1H), 2.88 - 2.83 (m, 3H), 2.83 - 2.76(m, 1H), 2.70 (dd, J = 14.6, 11.0 Hz, 1H), 2.53 (s, 6H), 2.49 (d, J = 9.8 Hz, 1H), 2.42 – 2.34 (m, 1H), 2.33 – 2.24 (m, 7H), 2.18 – 2.09 (m, 1H), 2.05 (d, J = 14.0 Hz, 1H), 1.77 (dd, J = 14.4, 3.8 Hz, 1H), 1.50 (td, J = 11.6, 2.7 Hz, 3H), 1.32 (d, J = 6.1 Hz, 6H), 1.29 - 1.24 (m, 19H), 1.06 - 0.95 (m, 4H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl3) δ 202.84, 174.26, 134.72, 132.76, 131.17, 128.47, 103.86, 100.21, 96.32, 85.26, 79.38, 78.95, 77.24, 76.43, 74.63, 73.44, 73.13, 71.68, 69.52, 69.24, 68.86, 68.22, 66.16, 66.03, 64.73, 61.85, 60.08, 53.24, 43.32, 42.02, 40.89, 40.51, 37.65, 31.78, 31.09, 30.76, 30.47, 25.42, 20.11, 19.10, 18.81, 18.29, 15.31.

4''-benzoyl-Spiramycin I (8).



According to the method B, compound **8** could be obtained with 37% yield as white solid using spiramycin I and benzoic acid as substrates. HRMS (ESI) for $C_{50}H_{78}N_2O_{15}$: calculated, $[M+H]^+ = 947.5475$, found 947.5479; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 9.83 (s, 1H), 8.09 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 2H), 7.44 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 2H), 6.32 – 6.19 (m, 1H), 6.10 – 5.94 (m, 1H), 5.70 (dd, J = 14.4, 9.6 Hz, 1H), 5.63 – 5.51 (m, 1H), 5.35 – 5.24 (m, 1H), 5.10 (s, 1H), 4.54 – 4.47 (m, 1H), 4.42 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 4.12 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 4.06 (dd, J = 6.0, 3.2 Hz, 2H), 3.81 (d, J = 10.8 Hz, 1H), 3.30 (d, J = 4.8 Hz, 2H), 3.09 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 2.97 (dd, J = 9.6, 2.4 Hz, 1H), 2.84 – 2.77 (m, 1H), 2.74 – 2.64 (m, 2H), 2.54 (d, J = 2.0 Hz, 9H), 2.41 (d, J = 2.4 Hz, 7H), 2.37 – 2.26 (m, 3H), 2.24 (s, 1H), 2.18 – 2.09 (m, 1H), 2.05 (d, J = 13.6 Hz, 2H), 1.94 (dd, J = 2.0 Hz, 6H), 1.00 (d, J = 4.0 Hz, 4H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 202.89, 174.25, 170.77, 134.72, 132.70, 132.37, 132.00, 131.24, 129.86, 128.17, 103.85, 100.19, 96.25, 85.22, 79.40, 74.49, 73.11, 73.02, 71.63, 69.72, 69.24, 68.87, 68.22, 66.21, 64.40, 61.84, 43.38, 42.00, 40.91, 40.12, 37.65, 31.88, 30.89, 30.78, 30.46, 25.37, 15.32.

4''-(4-tert-butylbenzoyl)-Spiramycin I (9a) and 3-(4-tert-butylbenzoyl)-Spiramycin I (9b).



According to the method B, compound **9a**, **9b** could be obtained with 20% and 20% yield as white solid using spiramycin I and 4-tert-butylbenzoic acid as substrates. HRMS (ESI) for $C_{54}H_{86}N_2O_{15}$: calculated, $[M+H]^+ = 1003.6101$, found **9a** 1003.5997, **9b** 1003.5993;

9a: ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 9.83 (s, 1H), 8.08 – 8.00 (m, 2H), 7.54 – 7.45 (m, 2H), 6.28-6.22 (m, 1H), 6.05-6.00 (m, 1H), 5.72-5.66(m, 1H), 5.60-5.53 (m, 1H), 5.30 -5.26 (m, 1H), 5.13 (d, J = 6.0 Hz, 1H), 4.82 (d, J = 12.0 Hz, 1H), 4.63-4.57 (m, 1H), 4.51 (d, J = 6.0 Hz, 1H), 4.41 - 4.36 (m, 1H), 4.15 - 4.12 (m, 1H), 4.09 - 4.03 (m, 2H),3.81 (d, J = 12.0 Hz, 1H), 3.56-3.52(m, 1H), 3.52 (s, 3H), 3.45 – 3.40 (m, 1H), 3.36 – 3.27 (m, 2H), 3.09 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 2.85-2.75 (m, 1H), 2.72-2.60 (m, 1H), 2.54 (s, 6H), 2.53-2.48 (m, 2H), 2.39 – 2.33 (m, 1H), 2.28-2.23 (m, 1H), 2.22 (s, 6H), 2.21-2.17 (m, 1H), 2.16 - 2.09 (m, 1H), 2.08 - 2.04 (m, 1H), 1.97-1.92 (m, 1H), 1.89 (dd, J =12.0, 6.0 Hz, 1H), 1.87-1.81 (m, 2H), 1.56 – 1.47 (m, 2H), 1.47 – 1.41 (m, 1H), 1.34 (s, 9H), 1.30 (d, J = 6.0 Hz, 3H), 1.26 (d, J = 6.0 Hz, 3H), 1.23 (d, J = 6.0 Hz, 3H), 1.18 (d, J = 6.0 Hz, 3H), 1.16 (s, 3H), 0.99 (d, J = 6.0 Hz, 3H).¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 202.84, 174.27, 166.39, 156.87, 134.68, 132.82, 131.04, 129.84, 128.54, 127.08, 125.41, 103.90, 100.30, 96.87, 85.27, 79.32, 78.77, 77.56, 75.50, 73.88, 73.12, 71.78, 69.52, 69.22, 68.77, 68.23, 64.86, 63.57, 61.86, 53.43, 43.24, 42.02, 41.69, 40.73, 37.66, 35.12, 31.74, 31.29, 31.12, 30.73, 30.49, 29.71, 25.44, 20.11, 18.97, 18.96, 18.38, 17.90, 15.31.

9b: ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 9.60 (s, 1H), 8.00 (d, J = 4.0 Hz, 2H), 7.46 (d, J =

4.0 Hz, 2H), 6.65-6.55(m, 1H), 6.15 – 6.02 (m, 1H), 5.78 – 5.63 (m, 2H), 5.42 (d, J = 12.0 Hz, 1H), 5.15-5.00 (m, 2H), 4.44 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.33 (d, J = 4.0 Hz, 1H), 4.17 – 3.99 (m, 2H), 3.75 (d, J = 4.0 Hz, 1H), 3.60-3.53(m, 4H), 3.50 – 3.40 (m, 1H), 3.32 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 3.27 – 3.17 (m, 2H), 2.97 – 2.85 (m, 3H), 2.80-2.70 (m, 2H), 2.49 (s, 6H), 2.45-2.43 (m, 1H), 2.42-2.39 (m, 1H), 2.38-2.34 (m, 1H), 2.33-2.28 (m, 1H), 2.25 (s, 6H), 2.18 – 2.10 (m, 1H), 2.02 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 1.97 (s, 1H), 1.92-1.82(m, 2H), 1.77 – 1.69 (m, 1H), 1.54 – 1.41 (m, 3H), 1.33 (s, 9H), 1.28 (d, J = 6.0 Hz, 3H), 1.26 – 1.22 (m, 10H), 1.16 (d, J = 4.0 Hz, 3H), 1.01 (d, J = 4.0 Hz, 3H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 202.15, 170.12, 166.15, 156.40, 134.91, 132.38, 131.74, 129.74, 127.48, 125.38, 104.81, 100.27, 96.30, 84.08, 79.87, 79.32, 77.25, 76.40, 74.58, 73.71, 73.19, 71.82, 69.56, 69.45, 69.26, 68.78, 66.05, 64.85, 62.09, 43.22, 42.08, 41.32, 40.90, 40.65, 37.42, 35.07, 32.13, 31.25, 31.15, 30.19, 25.41, 20.30, 19.10, 19.05, 18.58, 18.27, 15.50.

4''-(4-n-butylbenzoyl)-Spiramycin I (10a) and 3-(4-n-butylbenzoyl)-Spiramycin I (10b).



According to the method B, compound **10a**, **10b** could be obtained with 25% and 13% yield as white solid using spiramycin I and 4-butylbenzoic acid as substrates. HRMS (ESI) for $C_{54}H_{86}N_2O_{15}$: calculated, $[M+H]^+ = 1003.6101$, found **10a** 1003.6126, **10b** 1003.6111;

10a: ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 9.82 (s, 1H), 8.02 – 7.94 (m, 1H), 7.24 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 6.25 (dd, J = 15.2, 10.4 Hz, 1H), 6.02 (dd, J = 15.2, 10.8 Hz, 1H), 5.69 (dd, J = 15.2, 9.6 Hz, 1H), 5.57 (m, 1H), 5.29 (m, 1H), 5.08 (d, J = 3.2 Hz, 1H), 4.48 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 4.40 (dd, J = 11.2, 3.6 Hz, 1H), 4.11 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 4.06 (dt, J = 10.0, 5.2 Hz, 2H), 3.80 (d, J = 10.8 Hz, 1H), 3.57 – 3.49 (m, 5H), 3.49 – 3.41 (m, 2H), 3.28 (dd, J = 6.0, 3.2 Hz, 3H), 3.10 – 3.05 (m, 1H), 2.95 (d, J = 9.6 Hz, 1H), 2.84 – 2.74 (m, 1H), 2.73 – 2.63 (m, 2H), 2.11 (dd, J = 18.4, 6.8 Hz, 1H), 2.04 (d, J = 15.2 Hz, 1H), 1.97 – 1.84 (m, 3H), 1.76 (dd, J = 14.4,4.0 Hz, 1H), 1.61 (m, 1H), 1.55 – 1.44 (m, 3H), 1.36 (dd, J = 15.2, 7.2 Hz, 1H), 1.30 (d, J = 6.0 Hz, 6H), 1.24 (t, J = 6.4 Hz, 9H), 0.99 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 4H), 0.93 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 202.88, 174.26, 170.32, 148.14, 134.70, 132.76, 131.15, 129.96, 128.76, 128.94 – 128.14 (m), 128.47, 103.88, 100.25, 96.33, 85.25, 79.34, 78.96, 74.69, 73.52, 73.13, 71.75, 69.58, 69.24, 68.78, 68.22, 66.11, 64.67, 61.85, 43.29, 42.01, 40.88, 40.46, 37.66, 35.71, 33.33, 31.79, 31.12, 30.75, 30.47, 25.38, 22.32, 20.11, 19.10, 18.85, 18.28, 15.32, 13.92.

10b: ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 9.58 (s, 1H), 7.98 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.24 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 6.63-6.50 (m, 1H), 6.14-6.05 (m, 1H), 5.79 – 5.72 (m, 1H), 5.70-5.65 (m,

1H), 5.41 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 5.04 (d, J = 4.0 Hz, 1H), 4.46-4.40(m, 1H), 4.34 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.13 – 4.09 (m, 1H), 4.08 – 4.04 (m, 1H), 3.76 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 3.56 (s, 3H), 3.55 – 3.48 (m, 1H), 3.47-3.43 (m, 1H), 3.32 (dd, J = 8.0, 4.0 Hz, 1H), 3.25 – 3.18 (m, 2H), 2.95-2.92 (m, 1H), 2.92 – 2.87 (m, 1H), 2.79-2.72 (m, 1H), 2.70 – 2.62 (m, 3H), 2.54 (s, 1H), 2.48 (s, 6H), 2.46-2.42 (m, 2H), 2.41-2.39 (m, 1H), 2.37 – 2.34 (m, 1H), 2.30 (d, J = 4.0 Hz, 1H), 2.24 (s, 6H), 2.19-2.14 (m, 1H), 2.13 – 2.08 (m, 1H), 2.06-1.96(m, 3H), 1.94-1.81 (m, 3H), 1.74 (dd, J = 12.0, 4.0 Hz, 1H), 1.66-1.56 (m, 3H), 1.54 – 1.43 (m, 3H), 1.36 (dd, J = 12.0, 8.0 Hz, 3H), 1.28 (d, J = 4.0 Hz, 3H), 1.24 (s, 3H), 1.23 (s, 6H), 1.18-1.14(m, 3H), 1.00 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 3H), 0.93 (t, J = 8.0 Hz, 3H), 1.23 (s, 6H), 1.027, 96.87, 85.26, 79.32, 77.56, 75.52, 73.68, 73.11, 71.74, 69.56, 69.23, 68.78, 68.24, 64.84, 63.60, 61.86, 43.28, 42.02, 41.69, 40.65, 37.66, 35.73, 33.29, 31.20, 30.76, 30.48, 25.43, 22.29, 20.12, 19.05, 18.96, 18.59, 17.90, 15.31, 13.90.

4''-(4-trifluoromethylcinnamyl)-Spiramycin I (11).



According to the method B, compound 11 could be obtained with 33% yield as white solid using spiramycin I and 4-trifluoromethyl cinnamic acid as substrates. HRMS (ESI) for $C_{53}H_{79}F_3N_2O_{15}$: calculated, $[M+2H]^{2+}/2 = 521.2789$, found 521.2803; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 9.83 (s, 1H), 7.76 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 7.65 (s, 4H), 6.67 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.2-6.21 (m, 1H), 6.09 - 5.94 (m, 1H), 5.73-5.65 (m, 1H), 5.63-5.50(m, 1H), 5.34-5.25(m, 1H), 5.12(s, 1H), 4.75(d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.61 - 4.53(m, 1H), 4.53(m,1H), 4.50 (d, J = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 4.39 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.09 (dd, J = 28.0, 8.0 Hz, 3H), 3.81 (d, J = 12.0 Hz, 1H), 3.58 - 3.49 (m, 4H), 3.46 - 3.40 (m, 1H), 3.36 - 3.26 (m, 1H)2H), 3.09 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 2.80 (dd, J = 16.0, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 2.71 (d, J = 12.0 Hz, 1H), 2.66-2.51 (m, 8H), 2.49 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 2.39 (s, 1H), 2.36 – 2.26 (m, 3H), 2.26-2.17 (m, 8H), 2.14 (d, J = 12.0 Hz, 1H), 2.10 – 2.06 (m, 1H), 2.02 (d, J = 12.0 Hz, 1H), 2.00-1.90(m, 2H), 1.87-1.83 (m, 1H), 1.54-1.38(m, 3H), 1.30 (d, J = 4.0 Hz, 3H), 1.28-1.22 (m, 6H), 1.18 (d, J = 4.0 Hz, 6H), 0.99 (d, J = 4.0 Hz, 3H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) § 202.86, 174.27, 166.41, 143.81, 137.69, 132.81, 131.07, 128.32, 125.92, 120.28, 103.91, 100.30, 96.92, 85.26, 79.35, 77.76, 77.24, 75.79, 73.84, 73.08, 71.76, 69.52, 69.23, 68.69, 68.24, 64.84, 63.53, 61.86, 43.25, 42.02, 41.62, 40.69, 37.66, 31.27, 30.73, 25.28, 20.11, 18.99, 18.91, 18.44, 17.85, 15.32.

4''-(4-tert-butylphenylacetyl)-Spiramycin I (12).



According to the method B, compound 12 could be obtained with 10% yield as white solid using spiramycin I and 4-tert-butyl-phenylacetic acid as substrates. HRMS (ESI) for $C_{55}H_{88}N_2O_{15}$: calculated, $[M+2H]^{2+}/2 = 509.3165$, found 509.3182; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 9.83 (s, 1H), 7.74 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 7.51-7.39 (m, 3H), 6.56 (d, J =16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.30-6.18 (m, 1H), 6.07-5.98 (m, 1H), 5.73-5.65 (m, 1H), 5.62-5.52 (m, 1H), 5.33-5.25 (m, 1H), 5.11 (d, *J* = 4.0 Hz, 1H), 4.75 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.59-4.46 (m, 2H), 4.41-4.35 (m, 1H), 4.16-4.11 (m, 1H), 4.10-4.00 (m, 2H), 3.81 (d, J = 8.0 Hz)1H), 3.57 - 3.52 (m, 1H), 3.50 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 3H), 3.47 - 3.42 (m, 1H), 3.35 - 3.29 (m, 2H), 3.12-3.05 (m, 1H), 2.96 – 2.80 (m, 1H), 2.80 – 2.71 (m, 1H), 2.70-2.64 (m, 1H), 2.54 (s, 6H), 2.50-2.47 (m, 1H), 2.42-2.39 (m, 1H), 2.34 (brs, 1H), 2.28-2.26 (m, 1H), 2.25 (s, 6H), 2.23 – 2.20 (m, 1H), 2.17 – 2.11 (m, 1H), 2.10-2.06 (m, 1H), 2.05-2.03 (m, 1H), 1.98-1.93 (m, 1H), 1.90 (d, J = 4.0 Hz, 1H), 1.88-1.86 (m, 1H), 1.86-1.84 (m, 1H), 1.56-1.45 (m, 3H), 1.33 (s, 9H), 1.32 – 1.29 (m, 3H), 1.26 – 1.23 (m, 6H), 1.17 (s, 3H), 0.99 (d, J = 6.6 Hz, 3H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 202.86, 175.99, 174.27, 149.62, 134.71, 132.71, 131.73, 131.24, 129.00, 125.43, 103.85, 100.17, 96.24, 85.23, 79.43, 76.44, 74.44, 73.11, 71.62, 69.66, 69.26, 68.88, 68.22, 66.22, 64.48, 61.84, 43.38, 42.01, 41.33, 40.89, 40.22, 37.65, 34.43, 31.86, 31.37, 30.91, 30.78, 30.46, 25.39, 20.11, 19.23, 19.15, 19.10, 18.27, 15.32.

4''-(N-(4-tert-butylbenzoyl)-N-(propargyl)-aminoacetyl)-Spiramycin I (13).



According to the method B, compound 13 could be obtained with 50% yield as white solid using spiramycin I and N-(4-tert-butylbenzoyl)-N-(propargyl)-aminoacetic acid as substrates. HRMS (ESI) for $C_{59}H_{91}N_3O_{16}$: calculated, $[M+2H]^{2+}/2 = 549.8273$, found 549.8283; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 9.82 (s, 1H), 7.54 – 7.33 (m, 4H), 6.28-6.21 (m, 1H), 6.08 – 5.96 (m, 1H), 5.73-5.65 (m, 1H), 5.61-5.50 (m, 1H), 5.35-5.23 (m, 1H), 5.12-5.05 (m, 1H), 4.73-4.59 (m, 1H), 4.54-4.46 (s, 2H), 4.43 (s, 1H), 4.41-4.32 (m, 2H), 4.30-4.16 (m, 2H), 4.25-4.11 (m, 1H), 4.08-4.12 (m, 2H), 3.80 (d, J = 12.0 Hz, 1H), 3.61 - 3.48 (m, 4H), 3.47 - 3.40 (m, 1H), 3.33 - 3.24 (m, 2H), 3.08 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 2.98-2.79 (m, 1H), 2.78 – 2.61 (m, 2H), 2.60-2.40 (m, 9H), 2.37 (s, 1H), 2.35-2.27 (m, 3H), 2.24 (s, 6 H), 2.14 (d, J = 12.0 Hz, 1H), 2.08 (d, J = 12.0 Hz, 1H), 2.01 (s, 1H), 1.90-1.83 (m, 3H), 1.53 – 1.42 (m, 3H), 1.32 (s, 6H), 1.30 (d, J = 4.0Hz, 9H), 1.20 (d, J = 20.0 Hz, 9H), 0.99 (d, J = 4.0 Hz, 3H).¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 202.87, 174.27, 134.71, 132.77, 131.14, 128.46, 127.20, 125.51, 124.83, 103.86, 100.24, 96.77, 85.25, 79.31, 75.63, 73.56, 73.04, 71.71, 69.55, 69.28, 69.24, 68.68, 68.23, 64.87, 61.85, 43.29, 42.02, 41.59, 40.64, 37.64, 34.88, 31.17, 30.75, 30.46, 29.70, 20.11, 19.09, 18.91, 15.31.

4''-(N-(4-trifluoromethylbenzoyl)-N-(propargyl)-aminoacetyl)-Spiramycin I (14).



According to the method B, compound 14 could be obtained with 21% yield as white solid using spiramycin I and N-(4-trifluoromethylbenzoyl)-N-(propargyl)-aminoacetic acid as substrates. HRMS (ESI) for $C_{56}H_{82}F_3N_3O_{16}$: calculated, $[M+H]^+ = 1110.5720$, found 1110.5704; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 9.82 (s, 1H), 7.74 – 7.56 (m, 4H), 6.30-6.22 (m, 1H), 6.11 – 5.93 (m, 1H), 5.73-5.65 (m, 1H), 5.61-5.53 (m, 1H), 5.30 – 5.24 (m, 1H), 5.10-5.06(m, 1H), 4.70-4.55 (m, 1H), 4.51-4.45 (m, 2H), 4.44 – 4.35 (m, 2H), 4.15 - 4.05 (m, 4H), 3.81 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 3.58 - 3.52 (m, 1H), 3.50 (s, 3H), 3.45 - 3.40 (m, 1H), 3.36-3.27(m, 2H), 3.25-3.11 (m, 1H), 3.08(d, J = 4.0 Hz, 1H), 2.96-2.78 (m, 1H), 2.78 – 2.54 (m, 3H), 2.49 (s, 6H), 2.46-2.45 (m, 1H), 2.41-2.37 (m, 1H), 2.3-2.26 (m, 3H), 2.22 (s, 6H), 2.21-2.18 (m, 1H), 2.17-2.12 (m, 1H), 2.07 (d, J = 12.0 Hz, 1H), 2.03-1.96 (d, J = 12.0 Hz, 1H), 1.905-1.85(m, 2H), 1.84-1.82 (m, 1H), 1.53-1.41 (m, 3H), 1.30 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 6H), 1.24 - 1.17 (m, 9H), 0.99 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 3H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 202.84, 174.27, 134.68, 132.82, 131.06, 128.54, 127.65, 125.74, 103.89, 100.30, 96.77, 85.27, 79.34, 77.43, 77.24, 77.03, 76.72, 75.66, 73.88, 73.05, 71.76, 69.23, 68.23, 64.85, 63.31, 61.85, 53.44, 46.34, 43.22, 42.02, 40.72, 37.64, 31.29, 30.72, 30.50, 25.40, 20.11, 18.97, 18.91, 18.38, 17.87, 15.32.

4''-(N-(4-trifluoromethylbenzyl)-N-(propargyl)-aminoacetyl)-Spiramycin I (15).



According to the method B, compound 15 could be obtained with 24% yield as white solid using spiramycin I and N-(4-trifluoromethylbenzyl)-N-(propargyl)-aminoacetic acid as substrates. HRMS (ESI) for $C_{56}H_{84}F_3N_3O_{15}$: calculated, $[M+2H]^{2+/2} =$ 548.8000, found 548.8023; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 9.82 (s, 1H), 7.55 (dd, J =18.8, 8.4 Hz, 4H), 6.24 (dd, *J* = 15.2, 10.4 Hz, 1H), 6.01 (dd, *J* = 15.2, 10.8 Hz, 1H), 5.68 (dd, J = 15.2, 9.6 Hz, 1H), 5.53-5.60 (m, 1H), 5.33 – 5.26 (m, 1H), 5.08 (d, J = 3.2 Hz, 1H), 4.66 (d, J = 10.0 Hz, 1H), 4.49 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 4.43-4.47 (m, 1H), 4.41 -4.37 (m, 1H), 4.11 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 4.04 (dd, J = 9.6, 4.0 Hz, 1H), 3.83 (s, 2H), 3.80 (d, J = 10.8 Hz, 1H), 3.58 (s, 1H), 3.52 - 3.54 (m, 1H), 3.50 (s, 3H), 3.48 - 3.49 (m, 1H), 3.50 (s, 2H), 3.48 - 3.49 (m, 2H)2H), 3.25 – 3.30 (m, 2H), 3.07 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 2.83 – 2.74 (m, 1H), 2.68 (dd, J = 14.4, 10.8 Hz, 1H), 2.50 (s, 6H), 2.45 – 2.48 (m, 1H), 2.37 (s, 1H), 2.33 (s, 1H), 2.30 (s, 6H), 2.26 – 2.28 (m, 2H), 2.20 – 2.24 (m, 1H), 2.10 (dd, *J* = 24.8, 11.2 Hz, 1H), 2.04 - 1.98 (m, 1H), 1.82-1.93 (m, 4H), 1.54 - 1.44 (m, 3H), 1.33 - 1.25 (m, 9H), 1.23 (d, J = 5.6 Hz, 3H), 1.15 - 1.10 (m, 6H), 1.02 - 0.92 (m, 1H), 0.98(d, 6.4 Hz, 3H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 202.84, 174.28, 170.66, 142.06, 142.04, 134.74, 132.74, 131.20, 129.31(4C), 128.44, 125.38, 125.35, 103.85, 100.21, 96.87, 85.25, 79.38, 79.03, 77.96, 77.72, 77.23, 75.77, 73.93, 73.32, 73.04, 71.70, 69.30, 69.23, 68.70, 68.23, 64.84, 63.31, 61.86, 57.04, 54.01, 43.35, 42.19, 42.02, 41.99, 41.61, 37.63, 31.05, 30.79, 30.48, 25.37, 20.11, 19.16, 18.90, 17.84, 15.31.

4''-(butylaminoformyl)-Spiramycin I (16).



According to the method C, compound 16 could be obtained with 13% yield as white solid using spiramycin I and butyl isocyanate as substrates. HRMS (ESI) for $C_{48}H_{83}N_3O_{15}$: calculated, $[M+2H]^{2+}/2 = 471.7985$, found 471.8002; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 9.82 (s, 1H), 6.25 (dd, J = 15.2, 10.4 Hz, 1H), 6.02 (dd, J = 14.8, 10.4 Hz, 1H), 5.69 (dd, J = 15.2, 9.6 Hz, 1H), 5.54 – 5.60 (m, 1H), 5.27 – 5.31 (m, 1H), 5.07 $(d, J = 3.2 \text{ Hz}, 1\text{H}), 4.48 (d, J = 7.6 \text{ Hz}, 1\text{H}), 4.38 (d, J = 9.2 \text{ Hz}, 1\text{H}), 4.14 - 4.01 (m, J = 0.2 \text{ Hz}, 1\text{Hz}), 4.14 - 4.01 (m, J = 0.2 \text{ Hz}, 1\text{Hz}), 4.14 - 4.01 (m, J = 0.2 \text{ H$ 4H), 3.80 (d, J = 10.8 Hz, 1H), 3.51 - 3.56 (m, 1H), 3.50 (s, 3H), 3.40 - 3.47 (m, 1H), 3.28 - 3.31 (m, 3H), 3.24 - 3.26 (m, 1H), 3.07 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 2.94 (d, J = 10.0 Hz, 1H), 2.79 (dd, J = 16.4, 9.6 Hz, 1H), 2.68 (dd, J = 14.4, 10.8 Hz, 2H), 2.49 (s, 7H), 2.23 (s, 6H), 2.16 - 2.08 (m, 1H), 2.03 (d, J = 14.4 Hz, 2H), 1.91 - 1.97 (m, 1H), 1.80 - 1.89(m, 3H), 1.77 (d, J = 4.0 Hz, 1H), 1.73 (d, J = 4.0 Hz, 1H), 1.57 - 1.64 (m, 3H), 1.54 - 1.641.46 (m, 2H), 1.45 – 1.38 (m, 3H), 1.29 – 1.31 (m, 5H), 1.23 – 1.25 (m, 10H), 0.99 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 3H), 0.94 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H), 0.92 – 0.96 (m, 1H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) § 202.84, 174.26, 136.00, 134.69, 132.80, 131.09, 129.06, 128.51, 103.89, 100.27, 96.39, 85.27, 79.33, 78.78, 77.24, 76.42, 74.82, 73.77, 73.14, 71.79, 69.46, 69.23, 68.77, 68.23, 66.07, 64.87, 61.85, 43.25, 42.68, 42.02, 40.88, 40.70, 37.65, 33.29, 31.74, 31.24, 30.73, 30.48, 25.41, 20.11, 19.69, 19.09, 19.01, 18.48, 18.29, 15.31, 13.40.

4"-cyclohexylaminoformyl-Spiramycin I (17).



According to the method C, compound 17 could be obtained with 13% yield as white solid using spiramycin I and cyclohexyl isocyanate as substrates. HRMS (ESI) for $C_{50}H_{85}N_3O_{15}$: calculated, $[M+2H]^{2+}/2 = 484.8063$, found 484.8038; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 9.82 (s, 1H), 6.25 (dd, J = 15.2, 10.8 Hz, 1H), 6.02 (dd, J = 15.2, 10.8 Hz, 1H), 5.68 (dd, *J* = 15.2, 9.6 Hz, 1H), 5.60 – 5.53 (m, 1H), 5.33 – 5.25 (m, 1H), 5.07 (d, J = 2.8 Hz, 1H), 4.47 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 4.38 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.11 - 4.03 (m, J = 2.8 Hz, 1H), 4.47 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 4.38 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.11 - 4.03 (m, J = 2.8 Hz, 1Hz), 4.11 - 4.03 (m, J = 2.8 Hz, 1Hz), 4.11 - 4.03 (m, J = 2.8 Hz, 1Hz), 4.11 - 4.03 (m, J = 2.8 Hz), 4.11 - 44H), 3.80 (d, *J* = 10.8 Hz, 1H), 3.55 – 3.52 (m, 2H), 3.50 (s, 3H), 3.46 – 3.38 (m, 2H), 3.32 - 3.22 (m, 2H), 3.07 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 2.94 (d, J = 10.0 Hz, 1H), 2.79 (dd, J = 10.0 Hz, 1H), 2.79 (d 13.6, 10.0 Hz, 2H), 2.68 (dd, J = 14.8, 11.2 Hz, 2H), 2.54 – 2.42 (m, 7H), 2.40 – 2.25 (m, 3H), 2.21 (s, 6H), 2.10 (d, J = 13.6 Hz, 2H), 2.03 (d, J = 14.4 Hz, 2H), 1.98 – 1.80 (m, 5H), 1.76 (d, J = 3.6 Hz, 1H), 1.74 – 1.68 (m, 3H), 1.53 – 1.43 (m, 5H), 1.35 – 1.26 (m, 6H), 1.26 - 1.18 (m, 9H), 0.99 (t, J = 6.3 Hz, 4H).¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 202.88, 174.21, 134.66, 132.78, 131.06, 128.49, 103.88, 100.24, 96.37, 85.24, 79.25, 78.75, 77.28, 76.40, 74.85, 73.82, 73.10, 71.76, 69.45, 69.22, 68.73, 68.21, 66.01, 64.82, 61.82, 53.33, 43.20, 41.97, 40.86, 40.68, 37.67, 34.76, 31.71, 31.25, 30.70, 30.46, 25.38, 25.19, 23.76, 20.10, 19.06, 18.97, 18.40, 18.26, 15.29.

4''-(4-methoxyphenylaminoformyl)-Spiramycin I (18).



According to the method C, compound 18 could be obtained with 21% yield as white solid using spiramycin I and 4-methoxyphenyl isocyanate as substrates. HRMS (ESI) for $C_{51}H_{81}N_3O_{15}$: calculated, $[M+H]^+ = 992.5690$, found 992.5684; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ 9.85 (s, 1H), 7.32 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 6.89 (d, J = 8.6 Hz, 2H), 6.41 (s, 1H), 6.24 (dd, J = 14.8, 10.4 Hz, 1H), 6.03 - 5.93 (m, 1H), 5.65 (dd, J = 15.6, 9.6 Hz, 1H),5.61 - 5.51 (m, 1H), 5.36 - 5.23 (m, 1H), 5.10 (d, J = 3.2 Hz, 1H), 5.00 - 4.93 (m, 1H), 4.73 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 4.44 (d, J = 6.0 Hz, 1H), 4.14 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.08 – 4.03 (m, 2H), 3.82 (s, 3H), 3.77 (d, J = 11.2 Hz, 1H), 3.59 – 3.51 (m, 2H), 3.48 (s, 2H), 3.39 -3.29 (m, 3H), 2.99 (dd, J = 14.8, 9.2 Hz, 3H), 2.84 (dd, J = 18.0, 8.4 Hz, 2H), 2.74 -2.61 (m, 3H), 2.47 (s, 3H), 2.39 - 2.27 (m, 2H), 2.25 - 2.13 (m, 1H), 2.13 - 2.00 (m, 4H), 1.93 (s, 3H), 1.79 (dd, *J* = 14.4, 3.6 Hz, 2H), 1.59 (dd, *J* = 13.6, 7.6 Hz, 4H), 1.38 (s, 4H), 1.35 - 1.29 (m, 9H), 1.27 (d, J = 5.6 Hz, 6H), 1.06 - 0.96 (m, 4H), 0.89 (t, J = 5.6 Hz, 6H), 1.06 - 0.96 (m, 4H), 0.89 (t, J = 5.6 Hz, 6H), 0.89 (t, J = 5.6 Hz, 012.4 Hz, 1H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 202.90, 174.26, 170.09, 163.22, 134.71, 132.75, 131.96, 131.16, 128.45, 123.62, 113.49, 103.87, 100.23, 96.31, 85.24, 79.33, 78.97, 76.43, 74.66, 73.49, 73.12, 71.73, 69.60, 69.24, 68.79, 68.22, 66.12, 64.68, 61.85, 55.42, 43.29, 42.00, 40.88, 40.45, 37.66, 31.79, 31.10, 30.75, 30.45, 25.38, 20.11, 19.11, 18.87, 18.28, 15.31.

4''-(4-methyl-phenylaminoformyl)-Spiramycin I (19).



According to the method C, compound 19 could be obtained with 18% yield as white solid using spiramycin I and 4-methyl phenyl isocyanate as substrates. HRMS (ESI) for $C_{51}H_{81}N_3O_{15}$: calculated, $[M+H]^+ = 976.5740$, found 976.5748; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ 9.82 (s, 1H), 7.29 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 7.10 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 6.94 (s, 1H), 6.24 (dd, *J* = 14.8, 10.4 Hz, 1H), 6.01 (dd, *J* = 14.0, 11.2 Hz, 1H), 5.68 (dd, *J* = 14.8, 9.6 Hz, 1H), 5.62 - 5.48 (m, 1H), 5.28 (s, 1H), 5.09 (s, 1H), 4.54 (d, J = 10.0 Hz, 1H), 4.48 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 4.37 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.11 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 4.05 (d, J = 9.2 Hz, 2H), 3.80 (d, J = 10.8 Hz, 1H), 3.55 - 3.48 (m, 4H), 3.45 - 3.36 (m, 2H), 3.29(d, J = 6.8 Hz, 2H), 3.07 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 3.00 - 2.90 (m, 1H), 2.79 (dd, J = 17.2)9.2 Hz, 1H), 2.72 – 2.63 (m, 1H), 2.52 (s, 5H), 2.48 – 2.43 (d, J = 19.0 Hz, 3H), 2.29 (s, 3H), 2.21 (s, 6H), 2.10 (d, *J* = 12.8 Hz, 1H), 2.03 (d, *J* = 14.4 Hz, 2H), 1.93 (s, 1H), 1.87 - 1.87 (m, 3H), 1.54 - 1.37 (m, 3H), 1.29 (d, J = 6.0 Hz, 6H), 1.22 (d, J = 7.3Hz, 9H), 0.98 (d, J = 6.2 Hz, 4H), 0.86 (d, J = 7.0 Hz, 1H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 202.97, 174.27, 171.64, 143.98, 134.73, 132.65, 131.32, 130.14, 129.10, 128.37, 127.59, 103.80, 100.17, 96.11, 85.19, 79.46, 76.46, 74.14, 73.08, 72.64, 71.48, 69.98, 69.27, 68.98, 68.24, 66.37, 64.23, 61.84, 43.46, 41.99, 40.93, 39.93, 37.65, 31.96, 30.71, 30.45, 25.35, 21.72, 20.10, 19.81, 19.24, 19.13, 18.26, 15.33.

4''-(4-methoxyphenylaminoformyl)-Spiramycin I (20).



According to the method C, compound 20 could be obtained with 13% yield as white solid using spiramycin I and 4-trifluoromethyl phenyl isocyanate as substrates. HRMS (ESI) for $C_{51}H_{78}F_3N_3O_{15}$: calculated, $[M+H]^+ = 1030.5458$, found 1030.5465; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 9.83 (s, 1H), 7.60 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.21 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 6.26 (dd, *J* = 15.2, 10.8 Hz, 1H), 6.03 (dd, *J* = 14.8, 10.8 Hz, 1H), 5.70 (dd, *J* = 15.2, 9.6 Hz, 1H), 5.54 - 5.61 (m, 1H), 5.28 - 5.33 (m, 1H), 5.09 (d, J = 3.2 Hz, 1H), 4.49(d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 4.42 - 4.37 (m, 1H), 4.12 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 4.11 - 4.03 (m, 3H),3.82 (d, J = 10.8 Hz, 1H), 3.58 - 3.52 (m, 2H), 3.52 (s, 3H), 3.41 - 3.48 (m, 1H), 3.27-3.30 (m, 2H), 3.09 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 2.96 (d, J = 9.6 Hz, 1H), 2.85 - 2.77 (m, 1H), 2.70 (dd, J = 14.8, 11.2 Hz, 2H), 2.50 (s, 6H), 2.24 (s, 6H), 2.07 – 2.16 (m, 2H), 2.05 (d, J = 14.4 Hz, 2H), 1.92 - 1.99 (m, 1H), 1.89 - 1.83 (m, 2H), 1.77 (dd, J = 14.4, 3.6)Hz, 1H), 1.56 – 1.41 (m, 4H), 1.30 – 1.99(m, 7H), 1.24 – 1.26(m, 10H), 1.0(d, J = 6.4 Hz, 3H), 1.03 – 0.96 (m, 1H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 202.87, 174.23, 152.44, 142.17, 134.78, 132.70, 131.24, 128.36, 126.16 (t, *J* = 7.2, 3.4 Hz), 125.67 (t, *J* = 127.4, 32.7 Hz), 118.63 (2C), 114.16, 103.85, 100.36, 96.33, 85.25, 79.28, 79.09, 77.26, 76.44, 74.73, 73.98, 73.11, 71.71, 69.55, 69.28, 68.75, 68.28, 66.02, 64.84, 61.87, 43.34, 41.94 (2C), 40.78 (2C), 37.67, 31.91, 31.29, 30.67, 30.49, 25.40, 20.09, 19.08, 18.99, 18.40, 18.28, 15.39.



4"-isovalerylspiramycin I from carrimycin





Figure S1. The HPLC, HR-ESI-MS and NMRs studies of 4"-isovalerylspiramycin I and compound 1 from carrimycin and synthesis, respectively.



Figure S2. Key ¹H-¹H COSY and HMBC correlations of compounds 9a and 9b.

The 1D NMR data of **9a** were almost identical to those of **9b**. The main difference between them was that the 4-(*tert*-butyl)benzoyl was bonded to the 4''-OH of **9a** and the 3-OH of **9b**, respectively. The structures of **9a** and **9b** could be verified by detailed analysis of their ¹H-¹H COSY, HSQC and HMBC correlations (**Figure S3** and **S4**). The 4-(*tert*-butyl)benzoyl moiety of **9a** and **9b** were clearly assigned by the key HMBC correlations from H-3'''' to C-1'''', C-5'''' and C-7''''; H-4'''' to C-2'''', C-6'''' and C-8''''; H-9'''' (or H-10'''', H-11''') to C-5'''' and C-8''''. In the HMBC spectrum of **9a**, the correlation between H-4'' ($\delta_{\rm H}$ 4.82) and C-1'''' ($\delta_{\rm C}$ 166.4) supported that C-1'''' was attached to C-4'' via an ether bridge. Similarly, according to the HMBC correlation, H-3 ($\delta_{\rm H}$ 5.40) of **9b** was bonded to C-1'''' ($\delta_{\rm C}$ 166.3). Therefore, the structures of **9a** and **9b** were finally identified as shown in **Figure S3**.









Figure S3. 1D and 2D NMR spectra of compound 9a.









Figure S4. 1D and 2D NMR spectra of compound 9b.



Figure S5. HPLC analysis of compounds **9a**, **9b**, **10a** and **10b**. The analysis was performed on C18YE column (4.6 mm \times 250 mm) with a UV detection wavelength of 230 nm; the mobile phase consisted of (A) acetonitrile and (B) 0.1% formic acid in water (v/v); the flow rate was 0.6 mL/min at 25°C.



Figure S6. The effect of **14** on HGC-27 mitochondrion. (A) Flow cytometry and (B)bar graph analysis of mitochondrial membrane potential, (C) Western blot images and (D) bar graph analysis of Bax, and Bcl-2 protein expressions in HGC-27 after treatment with 14 (0, 0.10, 0.45, 0.90 μ M) for 24 h.

| | | R | MIC [µM] | | R | MIC [µM] |
|-----------------------|-----|---|----------|-----|-------------------|----------|
| | 1 | | 4-16 | 2 | | 2-8 |
| _N.,O | 3 | ~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~ | 2-16 | 4 | | 4-16 |
| | 5 | | 4-32 | 6 | \mathbb{N} | 2-16 |
| e.u Ho N- | 9a | $\stackrel{\scriptstyle \bigcirc \scriptstyle \leftarrow}{\longrightarrow}$ | 4->128 | 10a | nBu of | 4-32 |
| | 10b | nBu Off | 2-16 | 11 | F3C | 4->128 |
| | 12 | $\succ = 1 \times 10^{-10}$ | 4-16 | 13 | Ru O O | 4-32 |
| Spiramycin Spiramycin | 14 | F3C | 4-16 | 16 | ~~ [₽] Å | 1-8 |
| | 17 | | 8-64 | 20 | F ₃ C- | 2-32 |

Figure S7. Antibacterial SAR of spiramycin I derivatives.

















Compound 10a



Compound 10b























Figure S8. ¹H and ¹³C NMR spectra of compounds 2-8, 10-20.



Chemical Formula: C₅₀H₈₄N₂O₁₅ Exact Mass: 952.5872

































Figure S9. HRMS-ESI spectra of compounds 2-20.