SUPPORTING INFORMATION

Discovery of a novel benzimidazole conjugated quinazolinone derivative

as promising SARS-CoV-2 3CL protease inhibitor†

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S1. Chemical syntheses

All reagents were purchased from commercial sources and used without further purification. Reactions were monitored by thin-layer chromatography (TLC) on 0.2 mm precoated silica gel 60 F254 plates (Merck), and compounds were visualized on TLC with UV light. The derivatives were synthesized and then purified by flash column chromatography using silica gel 45–63 μ m (230–400 mesh) and 60 pore size. The NMR spectra were obtained from a Varian 300 MHz or Bruker 400 MHz spectrometer. The chemical shifts (δ) were reported in parts per million (ppm) relative to tetramethylsilane (TMS) or the internal solvent signal of deuterated solvents. Multiplicities were indicated by *s* (singlet), *d* (doublet), *t* (triplet), and *m* (multiplet).



Scheme S1. Synthesis of compounds 4a-i

Synthetic procedure of compound (2)

A mixture of isatoic anhydride **1** (163.1 mg, 1 mmol), glycine (82.5 mg, 1.1 mmol), and K₂CO₃ (304.0 mg, 2.2 mmol) in H₂O (5 mL) was stirred at room temperature for 30 minutes then formaldehyde (120.1 mg, 4 mmol), I₂ (381.0 mg, 1.5 mmol), and KI (23.0 mg, 0.15 mmol) were added. The resulting mixture was refluxed at 100°C for 5h. The reaction mixture was quenched by saturated aqueous solution of Na₂S₂O₃ (5 mL), neutralized by aqueous solution of 10% HCl to pH ~3. The aqueous layer was extracted with ethyl acetate, EtOAc (3 × 10 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with saturated aqueous solution of Na₂S₂O₄, filtered and the solvent was evaporated under reduced pressure to obtain the crude product (**2**) which was used for the next step without any further purification (132.6 mg, 80%). $R_f = 0.15$ (EtOAc:MeOH: AcOH= 65:30:5).

Synthetic procedure of compounds 4a-f

A mixture of (2) (0.5 mmol) and boric acid (0.1 mmol) in toluene (5 mL) was stirred at room temperature for 30 minutes and then amines (**3a-f**) (0.5 mmol) was added. The resulting mixture was refluxed at 120°C for 12h. At the end of the reaction, solvent was evaporated under reduced pressure. Column chromatography of the crude product provided the desired **4a-f**.

Synthetic procedure of compound 4g

To a mixture of compound 4c (0.15 mmol) in methanol (5 mL) was added CH₃COONH₄ (0.75 mmol) and Zn (0.75 mmol). The resulting mixture was stirred at room temperature for 20 minutes. The reaction mixture was then filtered and the excess of methanol was evaporated under reduced pressure. The residue was disolved in water (10 mL) and the water phase was extracted with EtOAc (3×30 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with aqueous saturated solution of NaCl (30 mL), dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered and solvent was evaporated under reduced pressure. Column chromatography of the crude product afforded the desired compound 4g as a white solid (40.3 mg - 83%), $R_f = 0.42$ (Hex:EtOAc = 1:4).

N-(4-Hydroxy-2-nitrophenyl)-2-(4-oxoquinazolin-3(4*H*)-yl)acetamide (4a): Yield 42% as yellow solid. $R_f = 0.30$ (Hex:EtOAc = 1:2). Mp 297-299°C. FT-IR (KBr) v_{max} (cm⁻¹): 3285, 1655, 1683, 1615, 1557, 1540, 1521, 1360, 1292, 1280, 1234, 1217, 1168, 969, 777. HR-ESI-MS found *m/z* 339.0731 [M–H]⁻ (calcd. 339.0729, C₁₆H₁₂N₄O₅). ¹H-NMR (500 MHz, DMSO-*d₆*, δ ppm): 10.37 (*s*, 1H), 8.32 (*s*, 1H), 8.15 (*dd*, *J*₁ = 7.5, *J*₂ = 1.0, 1H), 7.85 (*m*, 1H), 7.71 (*d*, *J* = 8.0, 1H), 7.57 (*t*, *J* =7.7, 1H), 7.43 (*d*, *J* = 8.5, 1H), 7.30 (*d*, *J* = 3.0, 1H), 7.12 (*dd*, *J*₁ = 9.0, *J*₂ = 3.0, 1H), 4.87 (*s*, 2H). ¹³C-NMR (125MHz, DMSO-*d₆*, δ ppm): 165.9, 160.1, 155.0, 148.3, 148.0, 134.5, 127.2, 127.1, 126, 121.8, 121.4, 121.1, 110.6, 48.3.

N-(5-Chloro-2-hydroxyphenyl)-2-(4-oxoquinazolin-3(4*H*)-yl)acetamide (4b): Yield 37% as white solid. $R_f = 0.23$ (Hex:EtOAc = 1:1). Mp 284-286°C. FT-IR (KBr) v_{max} (cm⁻¹): 3247, 3222, 3049, 2957, 2923, 2854, 1694, 1673, 1614, 1544, 1477, 1408, 1373, 1293, 1171, 1118, 969, 917, 892, 813, 774. HR-ESI-MS found *m*/*z* 330.0643 [M+H]⁺ (calcd. 330.0645, $C_{16}H_{12}CIN_3O_3$). ¹H-NMR (500 MHz, DMSO- d_6 , δ ppm): 10.28 (*s*, 1H), 9.86 (*s*, 1H), 8.35 (*s*, 1H), 8.15 (*dd*, $J_1 = 8.0$, $J_2 = 1.5$, 1H), 7.98 (*d*, J = 2.5 Hz, 1H), 7.89-7.84 (*m*, 1H), 7.72 (*d*, J = 7.5, 1H), 7.59-7.55 (*m*, 1H), 6.97 (*dd*, $J_1 = 8.5$, $J_2 = 2.5$, 1H), 6.90 (*d*, J = 8.5, 1H), 4.97 (*s*, 2H). ¹³C-NMR (125 MHz, DMSO- d_6 , δ ppm): 166.0, 160.22, 148.5, 148.0, 146.2, 134.4, 127.2, 127.0, 125.9, 123.7, 122.0, 121.4, 120.8, 116.2, 48.7.

N-(4-methoxy-2-nitrophenyl)-2-(4-oxoquinazolin-3(4H)-yl)acetamide (4c): Yield 38% as yellow solid. $R_f = 0.31$ (Hex:EtOAc = 1:1). Mp 215-217°C. FT-IR (KBr) v_{max} (cm⁻¹): 3313, 3001, 2944, 1678, 1613, 1588, 1466, 1365, 1307, 1280, 1253, 777. HR-ESI-MS found *m/z* 353.0611 [M–H]⁻ (calcd. 353.0886, $C_{17}H_{15}N_4O_5$). ¹H-NMR (500 MHz, DMSO- d_6 , δ ppm): 10.43 (s, 1H), 8.33 (s, 1H), 8.16 (dd, $J_1 = 1.5, J_2 = 9.5, 1H$), 7.87-7.84 (m, 1H), 7.71 (d, J = 8.5, 1H), 7.58-7.55 (m, 2H), 7.49 (d, J = 3.0, 1H), 7.31 (dd, $J_1 = 9.0, J_2 = 3.0, 1H$), 4.89 (s, 2H), 3.84 (s, 3H). ¹³C-NMR (125 MHz, DMSO- d_6, δ ppm): 166.0, 160.1, 156.4, 148.3, 147.9, 143.4, 134.5, 127.5, 127.2, 127.1, 126.0, 123.2, 121.4, 120.2, 109.1, 56.0, 48.3.

N-(2-Hydroxy-4-methylphenyl)-2-(4-oxoquinazolin-3(4*H*)-yl)acetamide (4d): Yield 38% as white solid. $R_f = 0.36$ (Hex:EtOAc = 1:2). Mp 242-244°C. FT-IR (KBr) v_{max} (cm⁻¹): 3250, 3228, 3054, 1698, 1687, 1670, 1614, 1549, 1519, 1478, 1375, 1322, 1294, 1204, 1172, 1120, 968, 774. HR-ESI-MS found *m/z* 310.1194 [M–H]⁻ (calcd. 310.1192, C₁₇H₁₅N₃O₃). ¹H-NMR (500 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆, δ ppm): 9.64 (*s*, 1H), 9.57 (*s*, 1H), 8.35 (*s*, 1H), 8.15 (*dd*, *J*₁ = 7.5, *J*₂ = 1.0, 1H), 7.87-7.84 (*m*, 1H), 7.71 (*d*, *J* = 8.0, 1H), 7.64 (*s*, 1H), 7.58-7.55 (*m*, 1H), 6.73-6.78 (*m*, 2H), 4.94 (*s*, 2H), 3.31 (*s*, 3H). ¹³C-NMR (125 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆, δ ppm): 165.5, 160.2, 148.6, 148.1, 145.3, 134.4, 127.4, 127.2, 127.0, 126.0, 125.5, 124.9, 122.5, 121.4, 115.1, 48.7, 20.3.

N-(2-Hydroxyphenyl)-2-(4-oxoquinazolin-3(4*H*)-yl)acetamide (4e): Yield 76% as white solid. $R_f = 0.15$ (Hex:EtOAc = 1:1). FT-IR (KBr) v_{max} (cm⁻¹): 3264, 3061, 1697, 1677, 1617, 1541, 1476, 1455, 1374, 1300, 1258, 1222, 965, 756. ESI-MS found *m/z* 295.9 [M+H]⁺ (calcd. 296.1, C₁₆H₁₄N₄O₂) and *m/z* 293.8 [M+H]⁺ (calcd. 294.1, C₁₆H₁₃N₃O₃). ¹H-NMR (500 MHz, DMSO-*d₆*, δ ppm): 9.83 (*s*, 1H), 9.69 (*s*, 1H), 8.36 (*s*, 1H), 8.16 (*d*, *J* = 8.0, 1H), 7.87-7.80 (*m*, 2H), 7.71 (*d*, *J* = 8.0, 1H), 7.58-7.55 (*m*, 1H), 6.95-6.92 (*m*, 1H), 6.90-6.88 (*m*, 1H), 6.76-6.73 (*m*, 1H), 4.96 (*s*, 2H). ¹³C-NMR (125 MHz, DMSO-*d₆*, δ ppm): 165.6, 160.2, 148.6, 148.1, 147.6, 134.4, 127.2, 127.0, 126.0, 125.8, 124.6, 121.9, 121.4, 118.9, 115.3, 48.7.

N-(3-Hydroxypyridin-2-yl)-2-(4-oxoquinazolin-3(4*H*)-yl)acetamide (4f): Yield 41% as white solid. $R_f = 0.24$ (Hex:EtOAc = 3:1). Mp 215-217°C. HR-ESI-MS found *m/z* 297.0983 [M+H]⁺ (calcd. 297.0988, C₁₅H₁₂N₄O₃). ¹H-NMR (500 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆, δ ppm): 8.36 (*s*, 1H), 8.15 (*dd*, *J*₁ = 8.0, *J*₂ = 1.5, 1H), 7.90 (*dd*, *J*₁ = 4.5, *J*₂ = 1.5, 1H), 7.87-7.84 (*m*, 1H), 7.41 (*d*, *J* = 7.5, 1H), 7.58-7.55 (*m*, 1H), 7.28 (*dd*, *J*₁ = 7.5, *J*₂ = 1.5, 1H), 7.14 (*dd*, *J*₁ = 8.0, *J*₂ = 4.5, 1H), 5.03 (*s*, 2H). ¹³C-NMR (125 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆, δ ppm): 167.1, 160.2, 148.5, 148.0, 145.1, 145.0, 139.8, 138.4, 134.6, 127.2, 127.1, 126.0, 124.7, 122.2, 121.4, 48.5.

N-(2-Amino-4-methoxyphenyl)-2-(4-oxoquinazolin-3(4*H*)-yl)acetamide (4g): Yield 83% as white solid. $R_f = 0.42$ (Hex:EtOAc = 1:4). Mp 219-221°C. FT-IR (KBr) v_{max} (cm⁻¹): 3455, 3359, 3254, 2923, 2853, 1660, 1611, 1542, 1514, 1468, 1378, 1325, 1294, 1262, 1212, 1173, 1105, 1033, 777, 700. HR-ESI-MS found *m*/*z* 323.1141 [M–H]⁻ (calcd. 323.1144, C₁₇H₁₆N₄O₃). ¹H-NMR (500 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆, δ ppm): 9.43 (*s*, 1H), 8.35 (*s*, 1H), 8.22-8.16 (*m*, 1H), 7.87-7.84 (*m*, 1H), 7.71 (*d*, *J* = 8.0, 1H). 7.57 (*t*, *J* = 7.5, 1H),

6.96 (d, J = 8.5, 1H), 6.29 (d, J = 2.5, 1H), 6.12 (dd, J_1 = 11.0, J_2 = 2.5, 1H), 4.90 (s, 2H), 4.84 (s, 2H), 3.66 (s, 3H). ¹³C-NMR (125 MHz, DMSO- d_6 , δ ppm): 165.7, 160.4, 158.2, 148.6, 148.1, 144.1, 134.4, 127.2, 127.1, 126.0, 121.5, 115.5, 101.7, 100.3, 54.8, 48.6.

2-(4-Oxoquinazolin-3(4*H***)-yl)-***N***-(pyridin-3-ylmethyl)acetamide (4h): Yield 80% as white solid. R_f = 0.13 (EtOAc:MeOH = 4:1). Mp 215-217°C. FT-IR (KBr) v_{max} (cm⁻¹): 3279, 3070, 2991, 2956, 1685, 1658, 1608, 1559, 1470, 1367, 1259, 783, 755. ESI-MS found** *m***/***z* **294.9 [M+H]⁺ (calcd. 295.1, C₁₆H₁₄N₄O₂) and** *m***/***z* **292.8 [M+H]⁺ (calcd. 293.1, C₁₆H₁₄N₄O₂). ¹H-NMR (500 MHz, DMSO-***d***₆, \delta ppm): 8.88 (***t***,** *J* **= 6.0, 1H), 8.51 (***d***,** *J* **= 2.0, 1H), 8.47 (***dd***,** *J***₁ = 4.5,** *J***₂ = 1.5, 1H), 8.33 (***s***, 1H), 8.15 (***dd***,** *J***₁ = 8.0,** *J***₂ = 1.5, 1H), 7.86-7.83 (***m***, 1H), 7.71-7.68 (***m***, 2H), 7.58-7.54 (***m***, 1H), 7.36 (***dd***,** *J***₁ = 8.0,** *J***₂ = 5.0, 1H), 4.72 (***s***, 2H), 4.36 (***d***,** *J* **= 6.0, 2H). ¹³C-NMR (125 MHz, DMSO-***d***₆, \delta ppm): 166.9, 160.3, 148.7, 148.5, 148.1, 148.1, 135.0, 134.5, 134.4, 127.2, 127.0, 126.0, 123.4, 121.5, 48.2.**

2-(4-Oxoquinazolin-3(4*H***)-yl)-***N***-(thiazol-2-yl)acetamide (4i): Yield 32% as white solid. R_f = 0.33 (Hex:EtOAc = 1:1). Mp 215-217°C. HR-ESI-MS found** *m/z* **287.0599 [M+H]⁺ (calcd. 287.0603, C_{13}H_{10}N_4O_2S). ¹H-NMR (500 MHz, DMSO-d_{6}, \delta ppm): 12.61 (***s***, 1H), 8.37 (***s***, 1H), 8.15 (***dd***, J_1 = 8.0, J_2 = 1.0, 1H), 7.89-7.86 (***m***, 1H), 7.73 (***d***, J = 7.5, 1H), 7.60-7.56 (***m***, 1H), 7.50 (***d***, J = 3.5 Hz, 1H), 7.25 (***d***, J = 3.5 Hz, 1H), 4.98 (***s***, 2H). ¹³C-NMR (125 MHz, DMSO-d_6, \delta ppm): 165.7, 160.2, 157.5, 148.3, 148.0, 137.8, 134.6, 127.2, 125.9, 121.3, 113.9, 48.2.**



Scheme S2. Synthesis of compounds 5, 9a-c

Synthetic procedure of compound 5

A mixture of isatoic anhydride 1 (1.0 mmol) and amine 3h (1.1 mmol) in EtOH (5 mL) was stirred at room temperature for 15 minutes and then KOH (1.0 mmol) was added. The resulting mixture was continued to stirr for another 15 minutes and then CS_2 (0.25 mL) was slowly added. The reaction mixture was refluxed

at 80°C for 3h. At the end of the reaction, the excess EtOH was evaporated under reduced pressure. The obtained residue was suspended in water (20 mL) followed by adding an aqueous solution of 10% HCl until pH \sim 7. The precipitated solid was filtered and dried at 50°C. Column chromatography of the crude product obtained the compound **5**.

Synthetic procedure of compound (8a-c)

To a mixture of *N*-substituted *o*-phenylenediamine **6a-c** (1.0 mmol) in aqueous solution of 4 N HCl (2 mL) was added 2-chloroacetic acid **7**. The resulting mixture was refluxed at 120°C for 2h. The reaction mixture was neutralized by aqueous saturated solution of NaHCO₃. The equeous layer was extracted with EtOAc (5×20 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with aqueous saturated solution of NaCl, dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered and solvent was evaporated under reduced pressure. Column chromatography of the crude product obtained compounds **8a-c**.

Synthetic procedure of compound 9a-c

A mixture of **5** (0.2 mmol), **8a-c** (0.2 mmol) and NaOAc (0.6 mmol) in DMF (0.5 mL) was stirred at 80°C for 30 minutes. At the end of the reaction, water (50 mL) was added. The equeous layer was extracted with EtOAc (5×5 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with aqueous saturated solution of NaCl, dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered and solvent was evaporated under reduced pressure. Column chromatography of the crude product obtained the compounds **9a-c**.

2-Mercapto-3-(pyridin-3-ylmethyl)quinazolin-4(3*H***)-one (5): Yield 90% as white solid. ¹H-NMR (500 MHz, DMSO-***d***₆, δ ppm): 8.62 (***s***, 1H), 8.45 (***d***, J = 4.0, 1H), 7.97 (***dd***, J₁ = 8.0, J₂ = 1.0, 1H), 7.78-7.75 (***m***, 1H), 7.43 (***d***, J = 8.0, 1H), 7.35 (***td***, J₁ = 7.5, J₂ = 1.0, 1H), 7.32 (***dd***, J₁ = 8.0, J₂ = 5.0, 1H), 5.68 (***s***, 2H).**

3-(((1*H***-Benzo[***d***]imidazol-2-yl)methyl)thio)-2-(pyridin-3-ylmethyl)isoquinolin-1(2***H***)-one (9a): Yield 78% as white solid. FT-IR (KBr) v_{max} (cm⁻¹): 3633, 3199, 1684, 1553, 1431, 1159, 745. HR-ESI-MS found** *m/z* **400.1232 [M+H]⁺ (calcd. 400.1232, C₂₂H₁₇N₅OS). ¹H-NMR (500 MHz, DMSO-***d***₆, \delta ppm): 8.61 (***d***,** *J* **= 2.0, 1H), 8.49 (***dd***,** *J***₁ = 4.5,** *J***₂ = 1.5, 1H), 8.12 (***dd***,** *J***₁ = 8.0,** *J***₂ = 1.0, 1H), 7.85-7.82 (***m***, 1H), 7.72 (***dt***,** *J***₁ = 8.0,** *J***₂ = 2.0, 1H), 7.66 (***d***,** *J* **= 8.0, 1H), 7.52-7.48 (***m***, 3H), 7.35 (***ddd***,** *J***₁ = 8.0,** *J***₂ = 5.0,** *J***₃ = 1.0, 1H), 7.18-7.15 (***m***, 1H), 5.28 (***s***, 2H), 4.82 (***s***, 2H). ¹³C-NMR (125 MHz, DMSO-***d***₆, \delta ppm): 160.9, 155.6, 149.6, 148.7, 148.6, 146.7, 135.0, 134.8, 131.4, 126.5, 126.3, 123.6, 121.9, 118.8, 44.9, 29.5.**

3-(((5-Nitro-1*H***-benzo[***d***]imidazol-2-yl)methyl)thio)-2-(pyridin-3-ylmethyl)isoquinolin-1(2***H***)-one (9b**). Yield 84% as white solid. FT-IR (KBr) v_{max} (cm⁻¹): 3438, 2994, 1695, 1686, 1548, 1472, 1336, 1167, 670. HR-ESI-MS found *m/z* 445.1081 [M+H]⁺ (calcd. 445.1083, C₂₂H₁₆N₆O₃S). ¹H-NMR (500 MHz, DMSO- d_6 , δ ppm): 13.08 (s, 1H), 8.62 (d, J = 1.5, 1H), 8.49 (dd, $J_1 = 4.5$, $J_2 = 1.5$, 1H), 8.42 (d, J = 1.5, 1H), 8.11 (dd, $J_2 = 8.0$, $J_2 = 1.5$, 1H), 8.08 (dd, $J_1 = 9.0$, $J_2 = 2.0$, 1H), 7.84-7.81 (m, 1H), 7.72 (dt, $J_1 = 8.0$, $J_2 = 2.0$, 1H), 7.67 (d, J = 9.0, 1H), 7.63 (d, J = 8.0, 1H), 7.49 (td, $J_1 = 7.5$, $J_2 = 1.0$, 1H), 7.36 (ddd, $J_1 = 8.0$, $J_2 = 5.0$, $J_3 = 1.0$, 1H), 5.39 (s, 2H), 5.87 (s, 2H). ¹³C-NMR (125 MHz, DMSO- d_6 , δ ppm): 160.9, 155.4, 148.8, 148.6, 146.6, 142.5, 134.9, 134.7, 131.3, 126.5, 126.3, 126.1, 123.6, 118.8, 44.9, 29.4.

3-(((1-(2-Hydroxyethyl)-5-nitro-1H-benzo[d]imidazol-2-yl)methyl)thio)-2-(pyridin-3-

ylmethyl)isoquinolin-1(*2H*)-one (9c): Yield 75% as white solid. FT-IR (KBr) v_{max} (cm⁻¹): 3449, 2947, 1675, 1551, 1414, 721. HR-ESI-MS found *m/z* 444.1493 [M+H]⁺ (calcd. 444.1494, C₂₄H₂₁N₅O₂S). ¹H-NMR (500 MHz, DMSO-*d₆*, δ ppm): 8.61 (*d*, *J* = 2.0, 1H), 8.49 (*dd*, *J*₁ = 4.5, *J*₂ = 1.5, 1H), 8.11 (*dd*, *J*₁ = 8.0, *J*₂ = 1.5, 1H), 7.85-7.82 (*m*, 1H), 7.73 (*dt*, *J*₁ = 8.0, *J*₂ = 2.0, 1H), 7.63 (*d*, *J* = 8.0, 1H), 7.57 (*d*, *J* = 9.0, 1H), 7.49 (*td*, *J*₁ = 8.0, *J*₂ = 1.0, 1H), 7.35 (*ddd*, *J*₁ = 7.5, *J*₂ = 4.5, *J*₃ = 0.5, 1H), 7.21 (*td*, *J*₁ = 7.5, *J*₂ = 1.0, 1H), 7.16 (*td*, *J*₁ = 7.5, *J*₂ = 1.0, 1H), 5.38 (*s*, 2H), 4.92 (*s*, 2H), 4.47 (*t*, *J* = 5.5, 2H), 3.75 (*t*, *J* = 5.5, 2H). ¹³C-NMR (125 MHz, DMSO-*d₆*, δ ppm): 170.4, 160.9, 155.8, 150.2, 148.7, 148.6, 146.7, 142.1, 135.2, 135.0, 134.7, 131.4, 126.6, 126.3, 126.0, 123.6, 122.1, 121.6, 118.7, 118.6, 110.5, 59.7, 44.9, 28.5, 25.3.

S2. Spectrometry data







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Figure S2. MS spectrum of compound 4a



Figure S3. ¹H-NMR spectrum of compound 4a



Figure S4. ¹³C-NMR spectrum of compound 4a







Figure S6. MS spectrum of compound 4b



Figure S7. ¹H-NMR spectrum of compound 4b



Figure S8. ¹³C-NMR spectrum of compound 4b







Figure S10. MS spectrum of compound 4c



Figure S11. ¹H-NMR spectrum of compound 4c



Figure S12. ¹³C-NMR spectrum of compound 4c



Figure S13. IR spectrum of compound 4d



Figure S14. MS spectrum of compound 4d



Figure S15. ¹H-NMR spectrum of compound 4d



Figure S16. ¹³C-NMR spectrum of compound 4d



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Figure S18. MS [M–H]⁻ spectrum of compound 4e



Figure S19. ¹H-NMR spectrum of compound 4e



Figure S20. ¹³C-NMR spectrum of compound 4e



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Figure S21. MS spectrum of compound 4f



Figure S22. ¹H-NMR spectrum of compound 4f



Figure S23. ¹³C-NMR spectrum of compound 4f







Figure S25. MS spectrum of compound 4g







Figure S27. ¹³C-NMR spectrum of compound 4g

Method: Sample Name: Analysis Info:	1108H Qui4.d Cot150x3mm.m 1108H Qui4 Column Eclipse XDB-C18	, 4.6 x150mm	Instrument: Operator:	LC-MSD-Trap-SL 2195410AE0000514		Print Date Acq. Date:	: 10/31/2018 12:39:03 PM : 10/31/2018 12:37:30 PM
x10 ⁹							+MS, 0.1min #
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0.2							
			186.8				
108.9	128.9						327.9
	125 1	50 175	200	225	250	275 30	0 325 m/

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Figure S29. MS [M–H]⁻ spectrum of compound 4h



Figure S30. ¹H-NMR spectrum of compound 4h



Figure S31. ¹³C-NMR spectrum of compound 4h



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Figure S32. MS spectrum of compound 4i

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Figure S33. ¹H-NMR spectrum of compound 4i



Figure S34. ¹³C-NMR spectrum of compound 4i



Figure S35. ¹H-NMR spectrum of compound 5

PerkinElmer Spectrum 10.5.2 March 26, 2020 1:32







Figure S37. MS spectrum of compound 9a



Figure S38. ¹H-NMR spectrum of compound 9a



Figure S39. ¹³C-NMR spectrum of compound 9a

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Figure S41. MS spectrum of compound 9b



Figure S42. ¹H-NMR spectrum of compound 9b



Figure S43. ¹³C-NMR spectrum of compound 9b

PerkinElmer Spectrum 10.5.2 March 26, 2020 6:05

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Figure S45. MS spectrum of compound 9c



Figure S46. ¹H-NMR spectrum of compound 9c



Figure S47. ¹³C-NMR spectrum of compound 9c

S3. Molecular Cloning and Protein Expression of Mpro

The SARS-CoV-2 Mpro gene was obtained from Addgene and cloned into the pGEX-5X vector, which has a glutathione S-transferase (GST) tag attached to the N-terminus of the recombinant M^{pro} protein as previously described.³⁰ After the recombinant plasmid was transformed into E. coli BL21 (DE3) competent cells, isopropyl thio-β-D-thiogalactopyranoside (IPTG) (0.5 mM) was added to induce recombinant Mpro protein expression for 10 hours at 16°C and 180 rpm. The expressed proteins were purified using Glutathione Sepharose 4 Fast Flow resin, followed by cleavage with Factor Xa and analysis of protein purity by SDS-PAGE. The protein appears as a homogeneous band on SDS-PAGE. Protein concentration was determined by Bradford assay, aliquoted into vials, and stored at -80°C until use. To confirm enzyme activity and stability, GC376 (a preclinical cysteine protease inhibitor that binds to Mpro of feline coronavirus (FCoV)) was used as a positive control in each experiment to verify the activity of the enzyme in that assay.37,38 Purified proteins are stable at -80°C for at least six months.

S4. In vitro inhibitory activity assay of 3CL protease

Protease activity assays were performed in a 384-well black flat-bottomed microtiter plate (Thermo ScientificTM NuncTM). In a final volume of 25 μ L, the recombinant SARS-CoV-2 3CL protease was added at a final concentration of 50 nM and mixed with different concentrations of compounds in assay buffer (final concentration: 20 mM Tris pH 7.3, 100 mM NaCl, 1% DTT, 1% EDTA, 1% DMSO) and preincubated at 37°C for 30 min. The FRET substrate, DABCYL-KTSAVLQSGFRKME-EDANS, was then added to a final concentration of 50 μ M. The completed reaction was incubated at 37 °C for 1 h. First, the activity of the purified recombinant protein was tested against the positive control substrate GC-376 and an IC₅₀ similar to that reported in the literature to confirm that the activity of the enzyme was close to that reported in the literature. 37,38 This enzyme activity was assumed to be 100% for subsequent calculation of inhibitory activity. Blank wells contain the same compound concentration as substrate but without 3CL protease. Inhibition rates were then calculated by comparison with control wells without added inhibitor. The fluorescence signal (excitation/emission, 355 nm/460 nm) of released EDANS was measured using a fluorometer (Fluoroskan Ascent FL). IC50 values were determined by nonlinear regression (GraphPad Prism 8.0.1).

S5. Theoretical studies

Parameter	Value			
Molecular weight (g/mol)	444.47			
HBA	6			
HBD	1			
RP	6			
TPSA (Å ²)	147.58			
Molar refractivity	124.23			
Solubility (mg/mL)	7.46e-03 (moderately soluble)			
Lipinski's rule	Yes			
Veber's rule	No (TPSA > 140 Å ²)			
Egan's rule	No (TPSA >131.6 Å ²)			
Ghose's rule	Yes			
Muegge's rule	Yes			
GI absorption	Low			
BBB permeant	No			
P-gp substrate	No			
Log Kp (skin permeation) (cm/s)	-6.76			
Bioavailability score	0.55			

Table S1: Molecular descriptor and drug-likeness calculation of compound 9b

HBA: hydrogen bond acceptor, HBD: hydrogen bond donor, RB: rotatable bonds, TPSA: topological polar surface area, BBB: blood-brain barrier, GI: gastrointestinal