

## Supplementary Information

### Safety evaluation of *Plukenetia volubilis* seeds: A metabolomic profiling and network toxicology approach

## Contents

Figure S1. $^1\text{H}$ NMR spectrum (300 MHz) of MeOH extract in MeOH- $d_4$ .....	4
Figure S2. $^1\text{H}$ NMR spectrum (300 MHz) of EtOAc layer in MeOH- $d_4$ .....	4
Figure S3. $^1\text{H}$ NMR spectrum (300 MHz) of <i>n</i> -BuOH layer in MeOH- $d_4$ .....	5
Figure S4. $^1\text{H}$ NMR spectrum (300 MHz) of H <sub>2</sub> O layer in MeOH- $d_4$ .....	5
Figure S5. $^1\text{H}$ NMR spectrum (300 MHz) of fraction PV-Bu-1 in CDCl <sub>3</sub> .....	6
Figure S6. $^1\text{H}$ NMR spectrum (300 MHz) of fraction PV-Bu-2 in CDCl <sub>3</sub> .....	6
Figure S7. $^1\text{H}$ NMR spectrum (300 MHz) of fraction PV-Bu-3 in CDCl <sub>3</sub> .....	7
Figure S8. $^1\text{H}$ NMR spectrum (300 MHz) of fraction PV-Bu-4 in CDCl <sub>3</sub> .....	7
Figure S9. $^1\text{H}$ NMR spectrum (300 MHz) of fraction PV-Bu-5 in CDCl <sub>3</sub> .....	8
Figure S10. $^1\text{H}$ NMR spectrum (300 MHz) of fraction PV-Bu-6 in CDCl <sub>3</sub> .....	8
Figure S11. $^1\text{H}$ NMR spectrum (300 MHz) of fraction PV-Bu-7 in CDCl <sub>3</sub> .....	9
Figure S12. $^1\text{H}$ NMR spectrum (300 MHz) of fraction PV-Bu-8 in CDCl <sub>3</sub> .....	9
Figure S13. $^1\text{H}$ NMR spectrum (300 MHz) of fraction PV-Bu-9 in CDCl <sub>3</sub> .....	10
Figure S14. $^1\text{H}$ NMR spectrum (300 MHz) of fraction PV-H <sub>2</sub> O-1 in MeOH- $d_4$ .....	10
Figure S15. $^1\text{H}$ NMR spectrum (300 MHz) of fraction PV-H <sub>2</sub> O-2 in MeOH- $d_4$ .....	11
Figure S16. $^1\text{H}$ NMR spectrum (300 MHz) of fraction PV-H <sub>2</sub> O-3 in MeOH- $d_4$ .....	11
Figure S17. $^1\text{H}$ NMR spectrum (300 MHz) of fraction PV-H <sub>2</sub> O-4 in MeOH- $d_4$ .....	12
Figure S18. $^1\text{H}$ NMR spectrum (300 MHz) of fraction PV-H <sub>2</sub> O-5 in MeOH- $d_4$ .....	12
Figure S19. $^1\text{H}$ NMR spectrum (300 MHz) of fraction PV-H <sub>2</sub> O-6 in MeOH- $d_4$ .....	13
Figure S20. GC-MS spectrum of the SI oil FAMEs.....	14
Figure S21. GC-MS spectrum of the <i>n</i> -hexane layer FAMEs.....	14
Figure S22. GC-MS spectrum of the EtOAc layer FAMEs .....	14
Figure S23. GC-MS spectrum of the saponified SI oil.....	15
Figure S24. GC-MS spectrum of the saponified <i>n</i> -hexane layer.....	15

Figure S25. GC-MS spectrum of the saponified EtOAc layer .....	15
Figure S26. The metabolomic classification of fractions PV-Bu-1-9.....	16
Figure S27. The metabolomic classification of fractions PV-H <sub>2</sub> O-1-6 .....	17
Figure S28. The MS <sup>2</sup> spectra of compounds <b>1-4</b> .....	18
Figure S29. The MS <sup>2</sup> spectra of compounds <b>5-7</b> .....	19
Detailed parameters used in the MZmine software .....	20
Table S1. Calibration curve, range, precision and accuracy of trigonelline.....	21

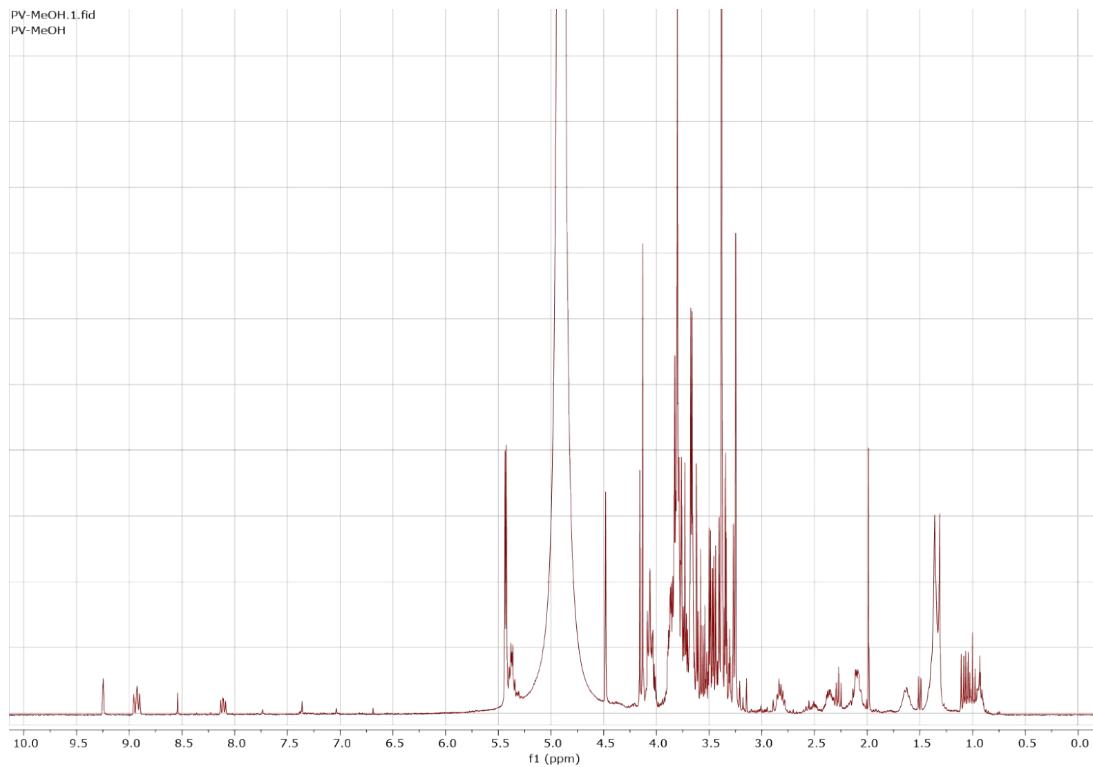


Figure S1.  $^1\text{H}$  NMR spectrum (300 MHz) of MeOH extract in  $\text{MeOH-}d_4$

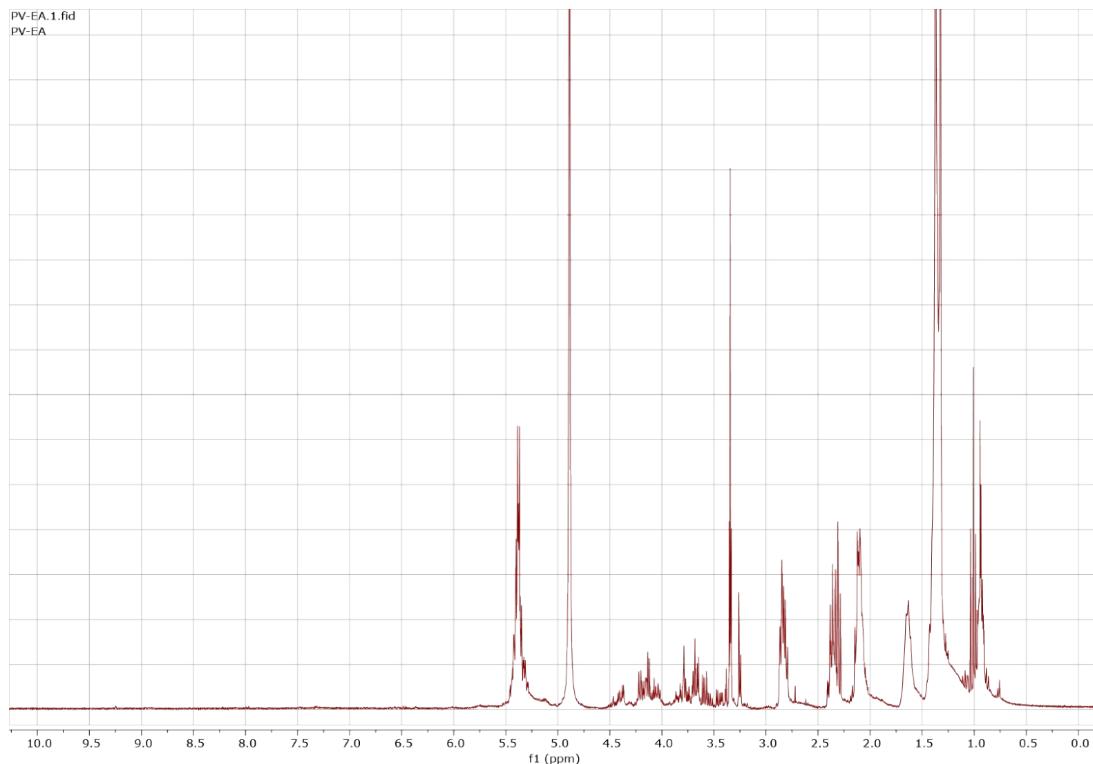


Figure S2.  $^1\text{H}$  NMR spectrum (300 MHz) of EtOAc layer in  $\text{MeOH-}d_4$

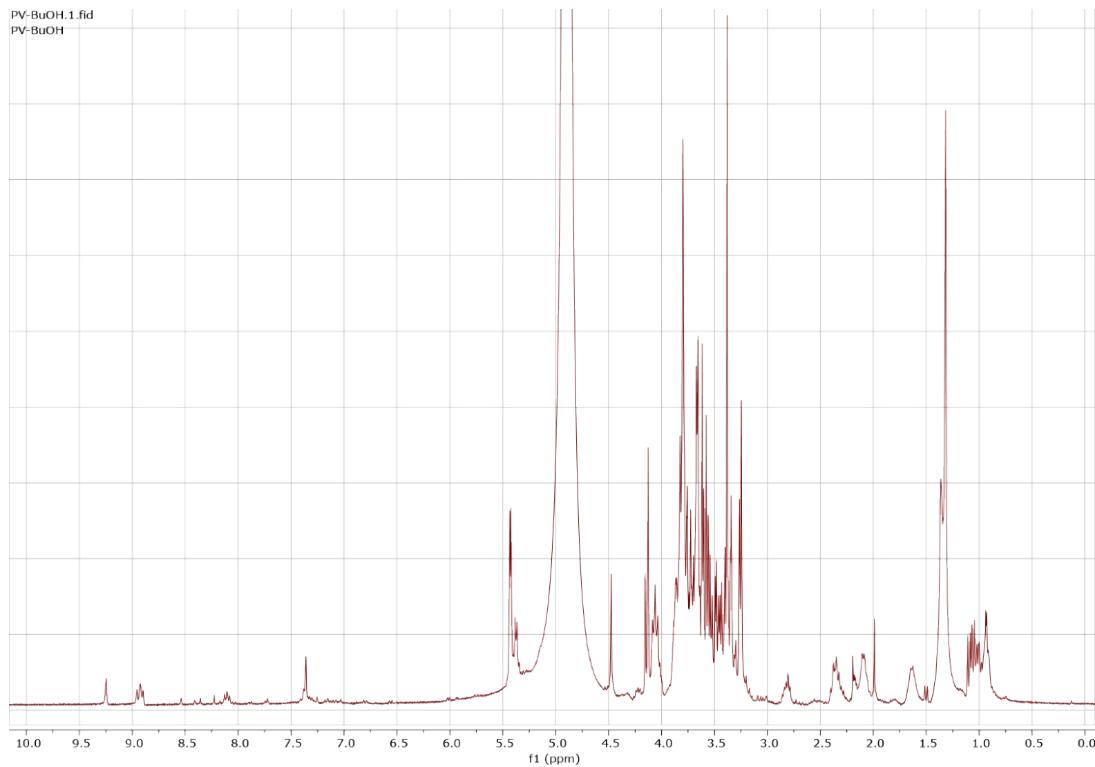


Figure S3.  $^1\text{H}$  NMR spectrum (300 MHz) of  $n\text{-BuOH}$  layer in  $\text{MeOH-}d_4$

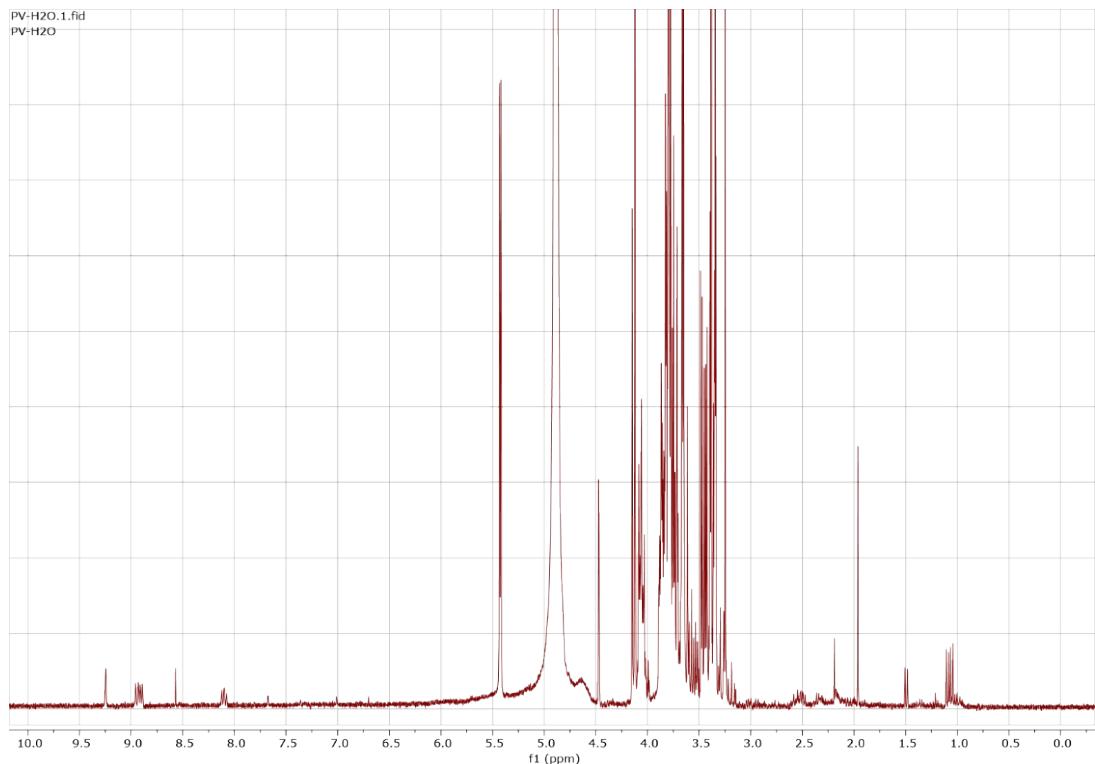


Figure S4.  $^1\text{H}$  NMR spectrum (300 MHz) of  $\text{H}_2\text{O}$  layer in  $\text{MeOH-}d_4$

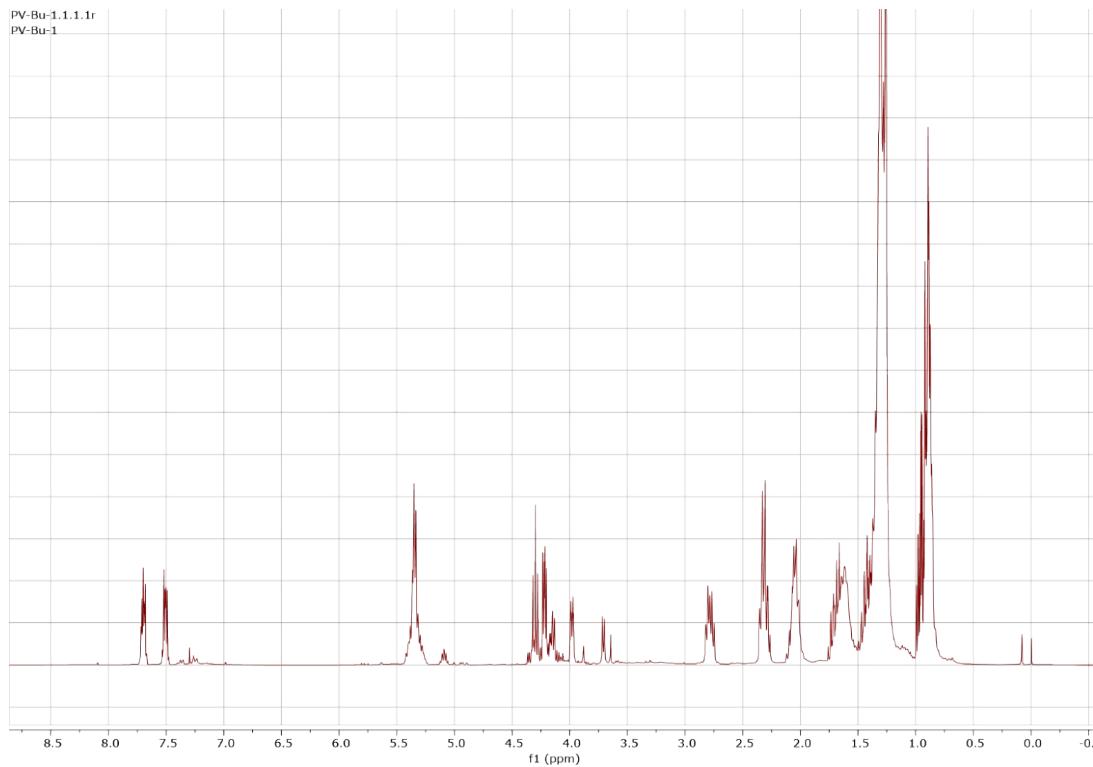


Figure S5.  $^1\text{H}$  NMR spectrum (300 MHz) of fraction PV-Bu-1 in  $\text{CDCl}_3$

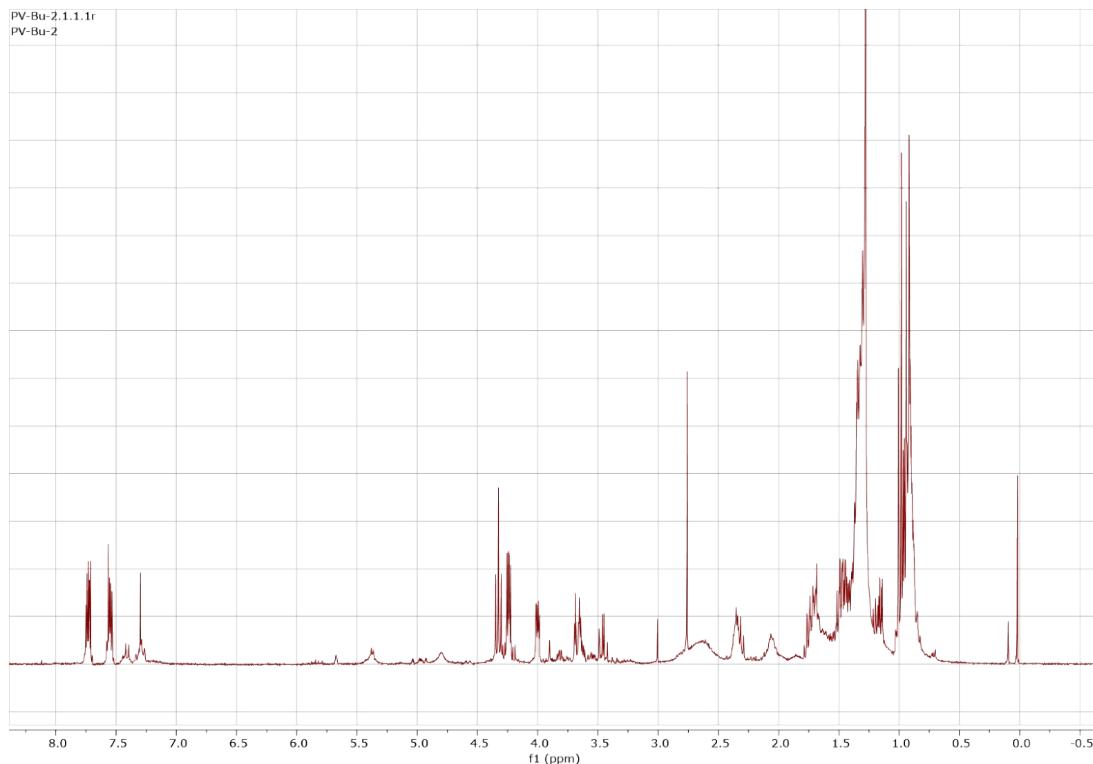


Figure S6.  $^1\text{H}$  NMR spectrum (300 MHz) of fraction PV-Bu-2 in  $\text{CDCl}_3$

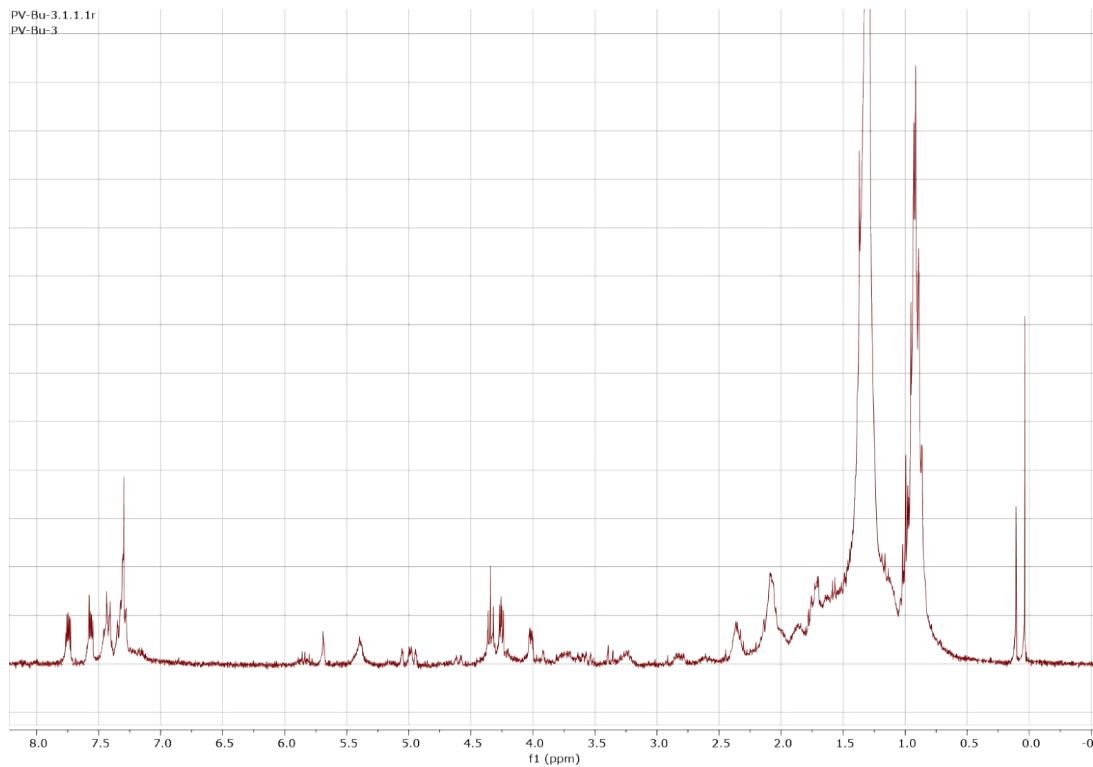


Figure S7.  $^1\text{H}$  NMR spectrum (300 MHz) of fraction PV-Bu-3 in  $\text{CDCl}_3$

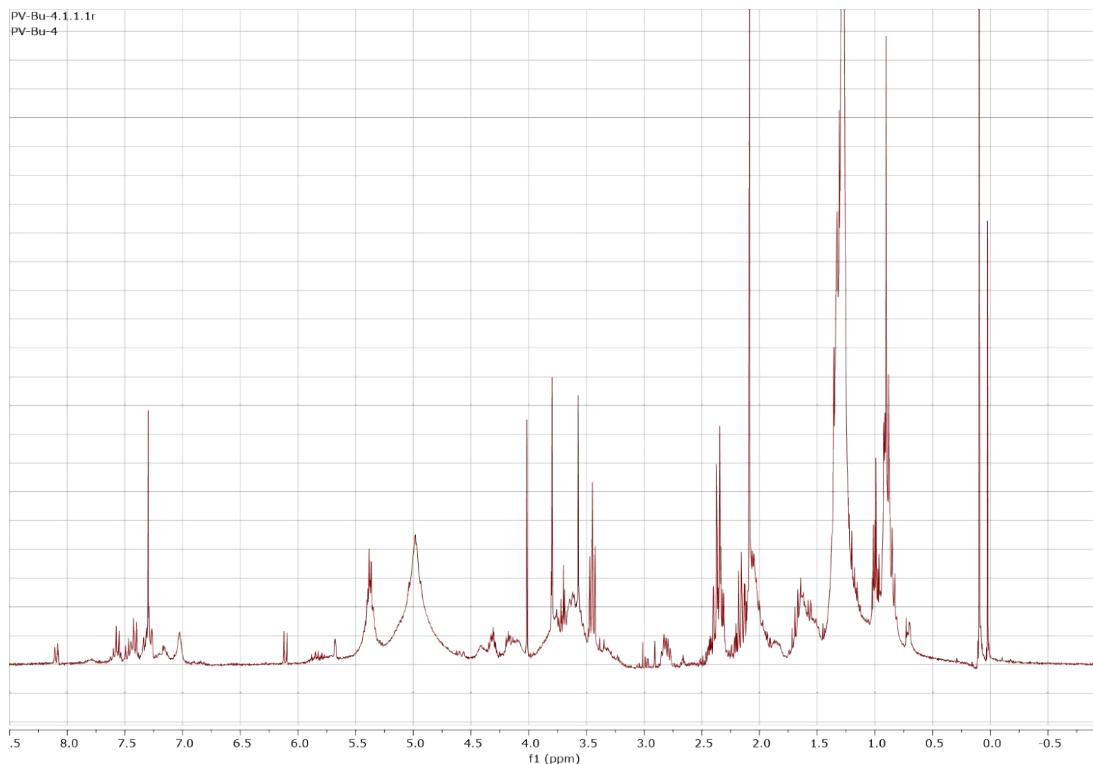


Figure S8.  $^1\text{H}$  NMR spectrum (300 MHz) of fraction PV-Bu-4 in  $\text{CDCl}_3$

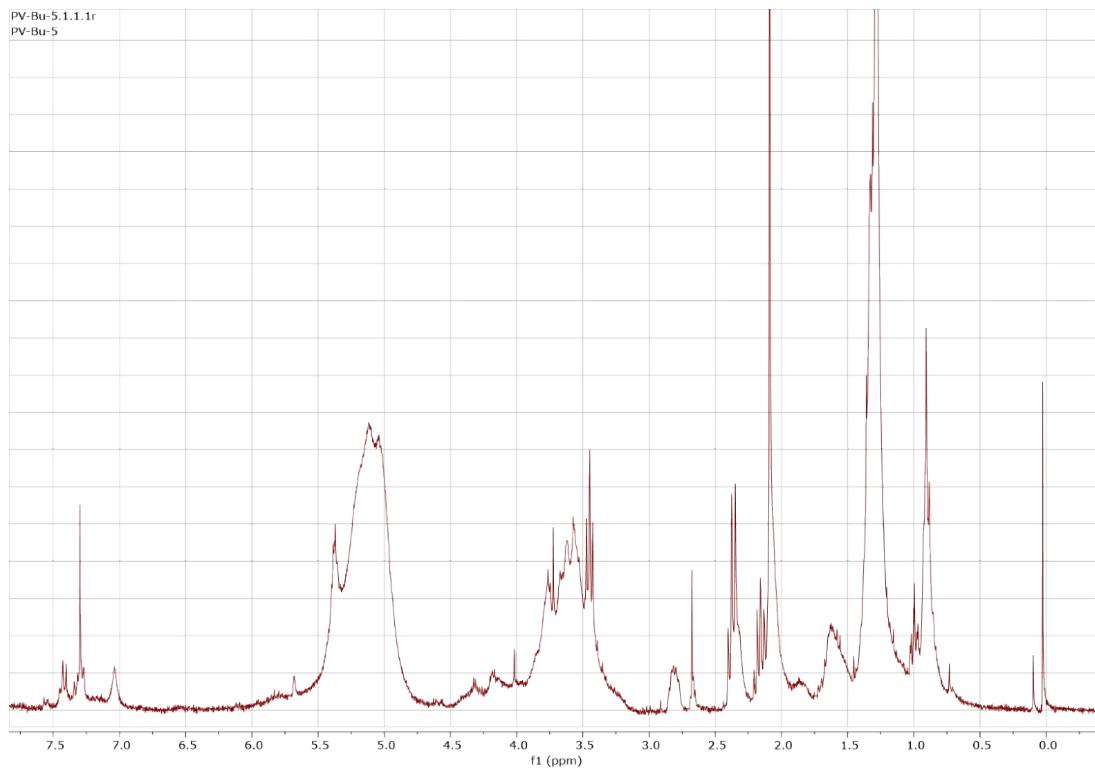


Figure S9.  $^1\text{H}$  NMR spectrum (300 MHz) of fraction PV-Bu-5 in  $\text{CDCl}_3$

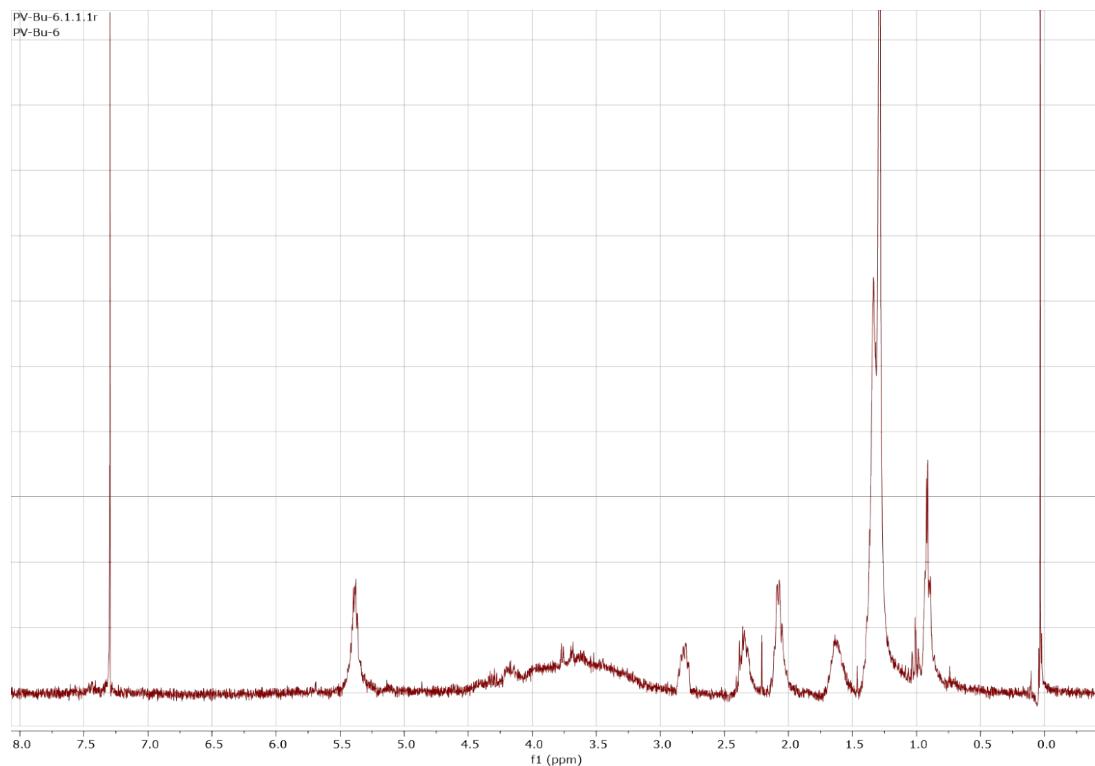


Figure S10.  $^1\text{H}$  NMR spectrum (300 MHz) of fraction PV-Bu-6 in  $\text{CDCl}_3$

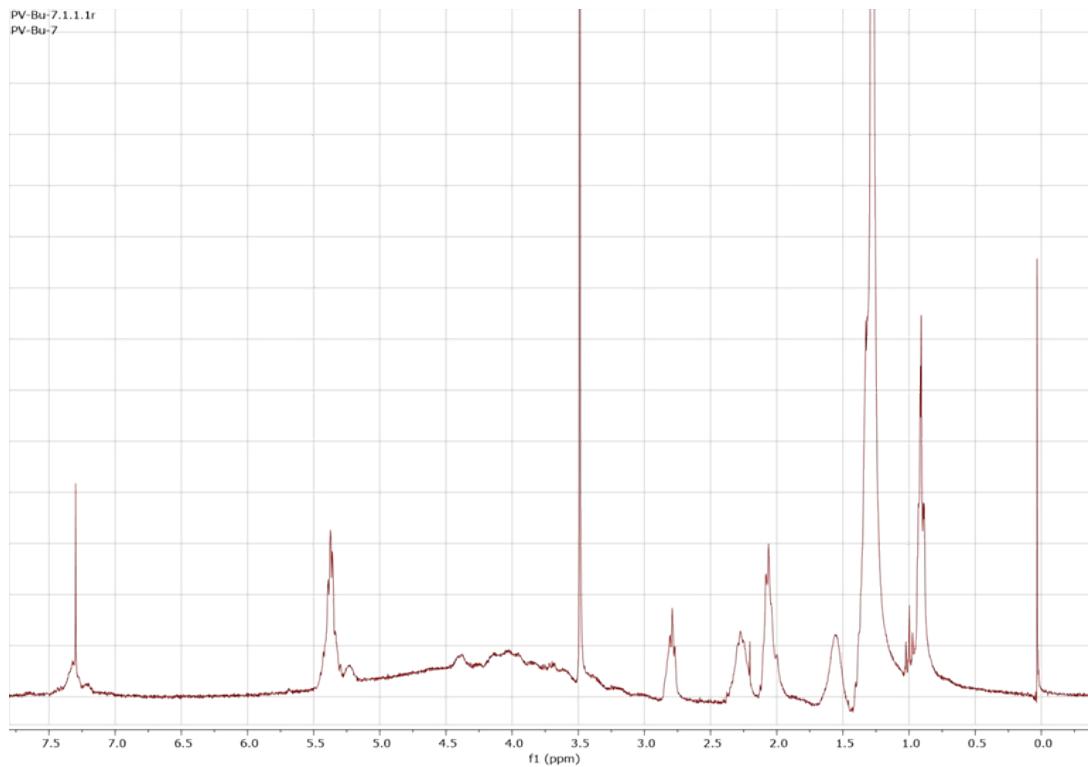


Figure S11.  $^1\text{H}$  NMR spectrum (300 MHz) of fraction PV-Bu-7 in  $\text{CDCl}_3$

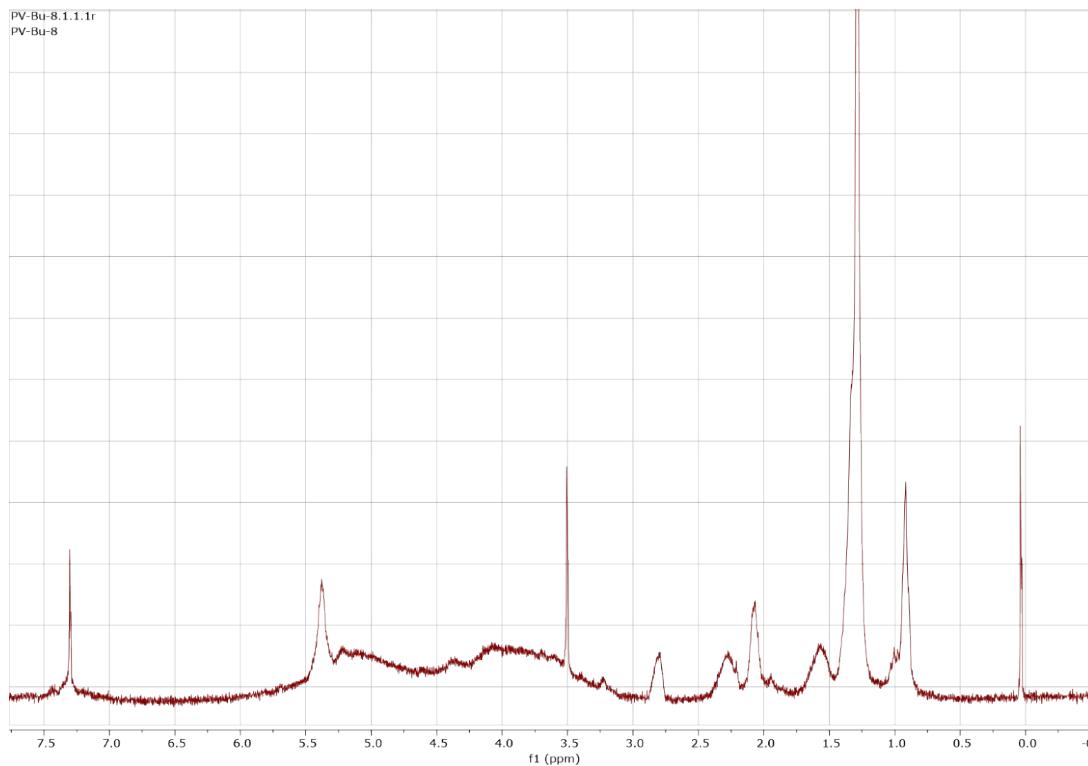


Figure S12.  $^1\text{H}$  NMR spectrum (300 MHz) of fraction PV-Bu-8 in  $\text{CDCl}_3$

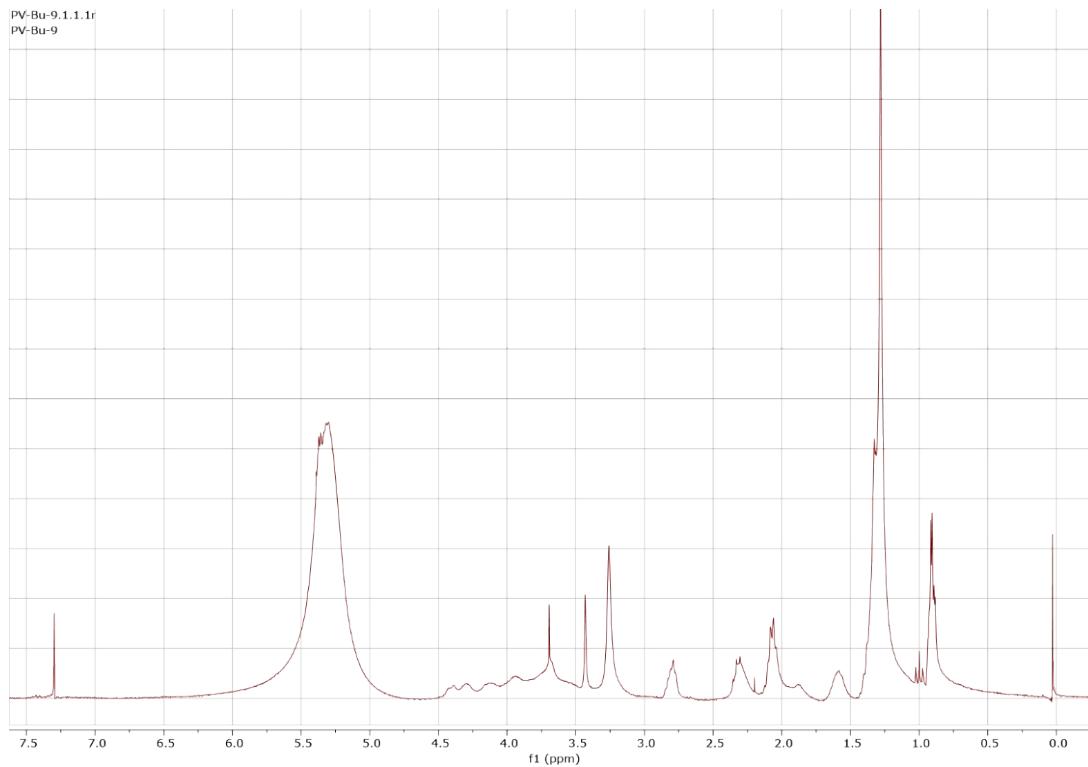


Figure S13.  $^1\text{H}$  NMR spectrum (300 MHz) of fraction PV-Bu-9 in  $\text{CDCl}_3$

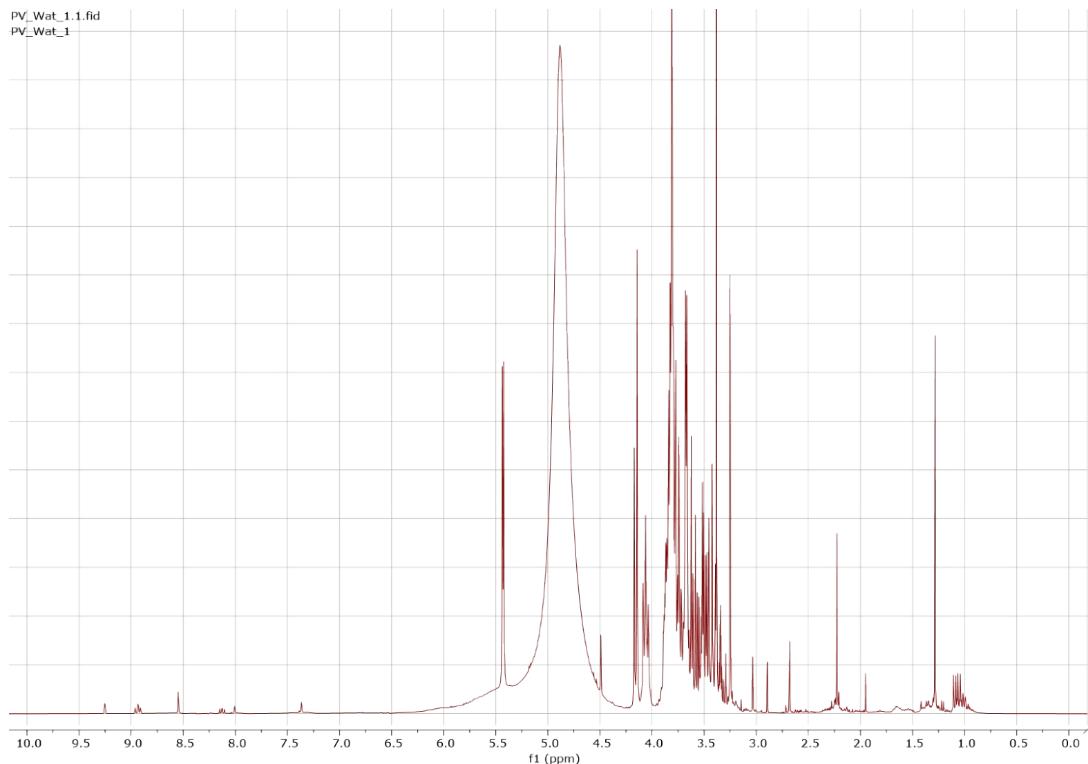


Figure S14.  $^1\text{H}$  NMR spectrum (300 MHz) of fraction PV-H<sub>2</sub>O-1 in  $\text{MeOH-}d_4$

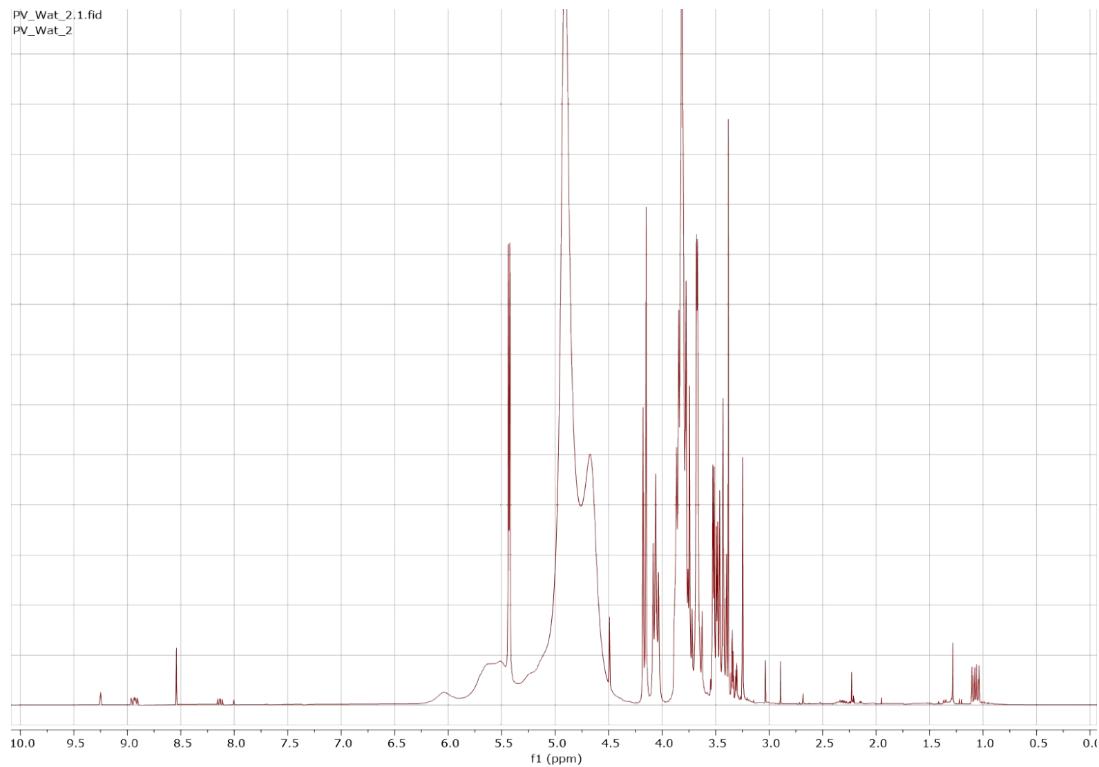


Figure S15.  $^1\text{H}$  NMR spectrum (300 MHz) of fraction PV-H<sub>2</sub>O-2 in MeOH-*d*<sub>4</sub>

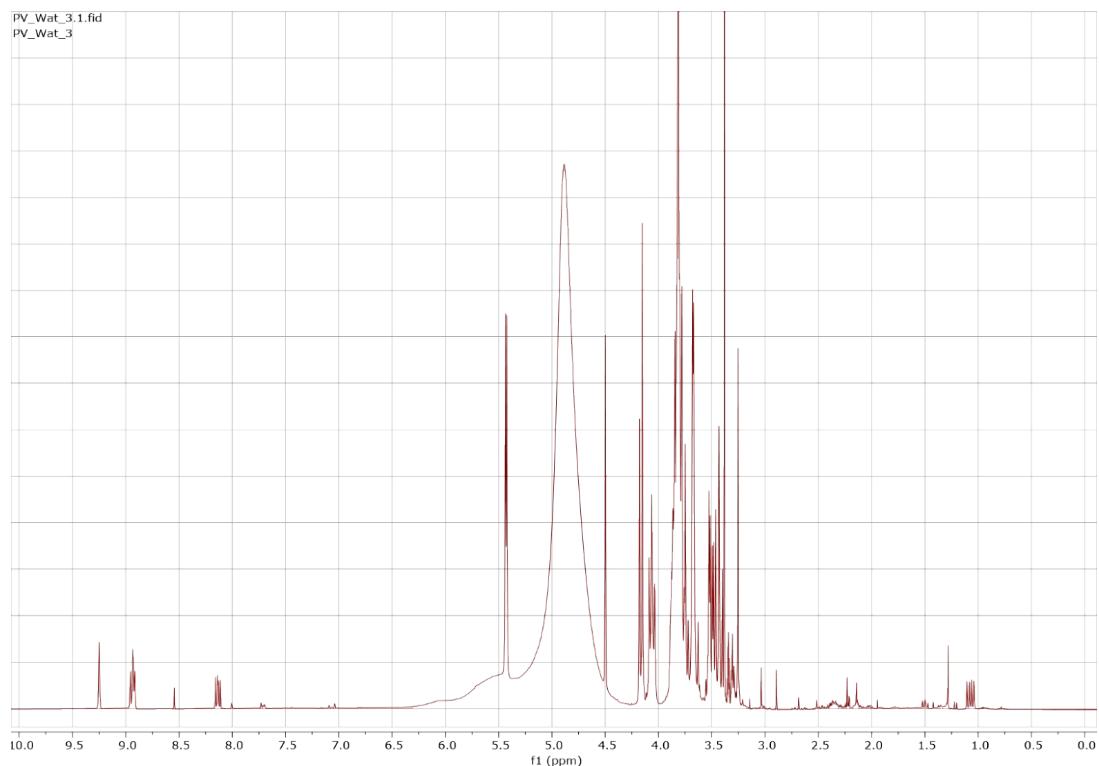


Figure S16.  $^1\text{H}$  NMR spectrum (300 MHz) of fraction PV-H<sub>2</sub>O-3 in MeOH-*d*<sub>4</sub>

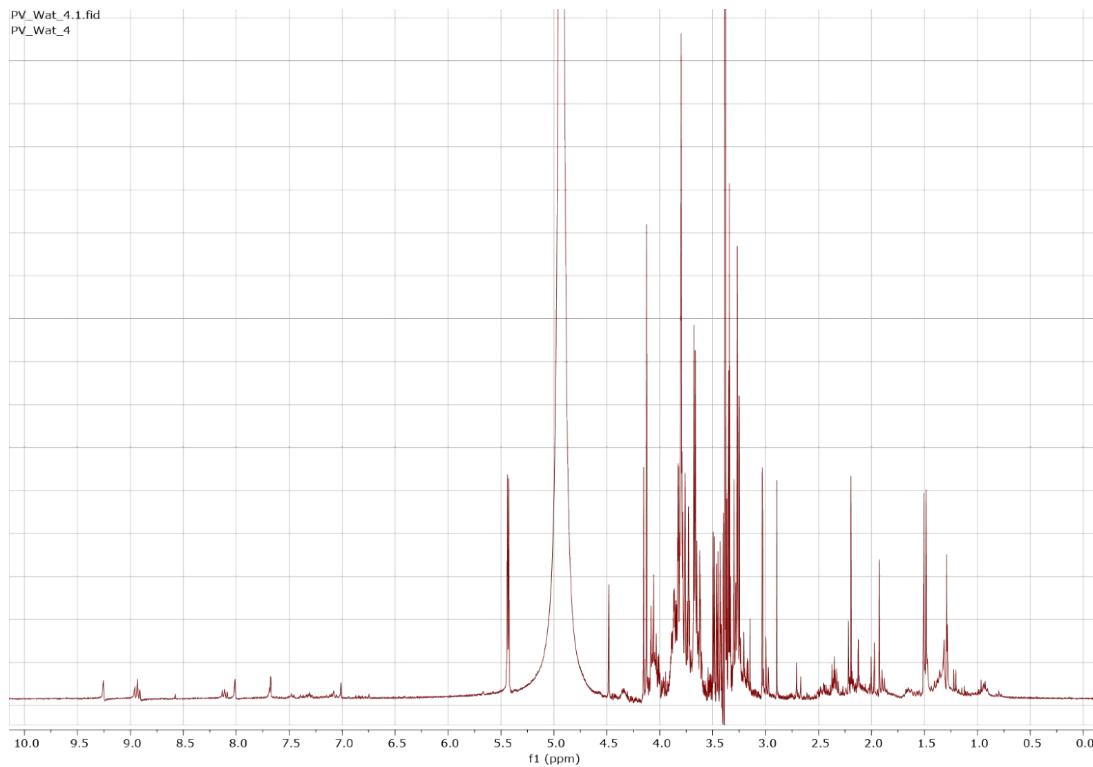


Figure S17.  $^1\text{H}$  NMR spectrum (300 MHz) of fraction PV-H<sub>2</sub>O-4 in MeOH-*d*<sub>4</sub>

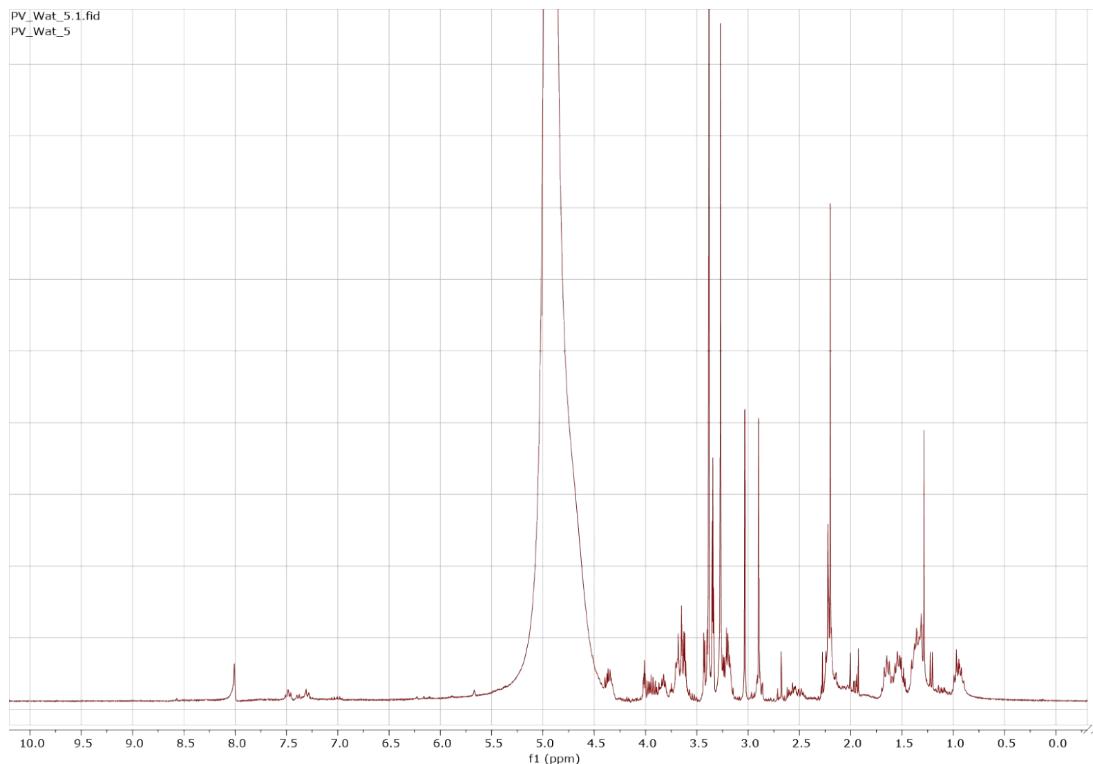


Figure S18.  $^1\text{H}$  NMR spectrum (300 MHz) of fraction PV-H<sub>2</sub>O-5 in MeOH-*d*<sub>4</sub>

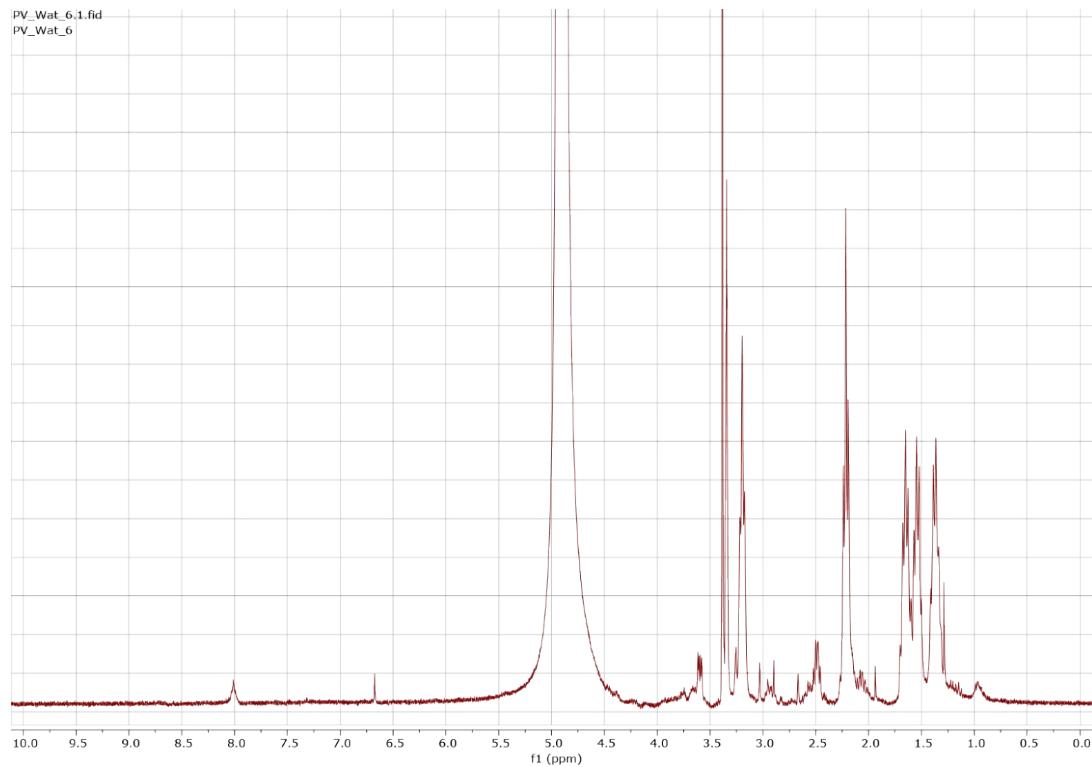


Figure S19.  $^1\text{H}$  NMR spectrum (300 MHz) of fraction PV-H<sub>2</sub>O-6 in MeOH-*d*<sub>4</sub>

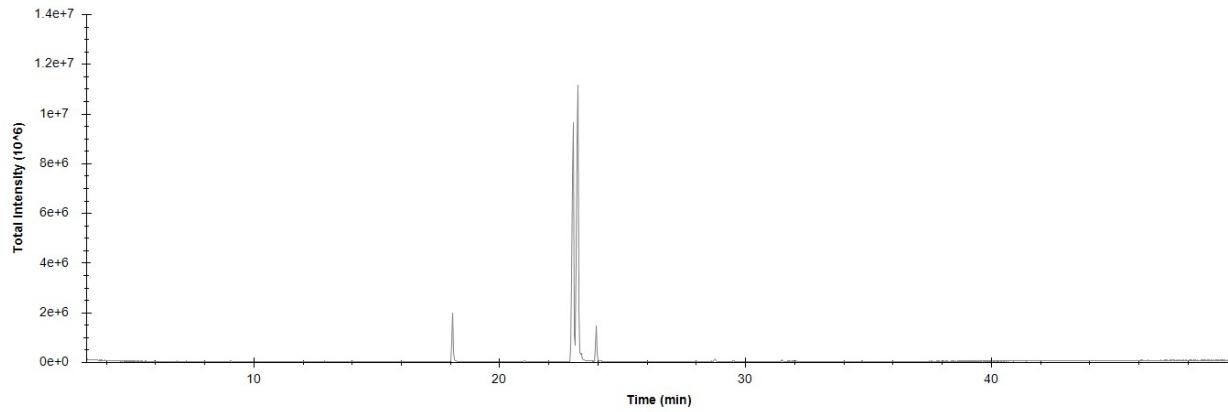


Figure S20. GC-MS spectrum of the SI oil FAMEs

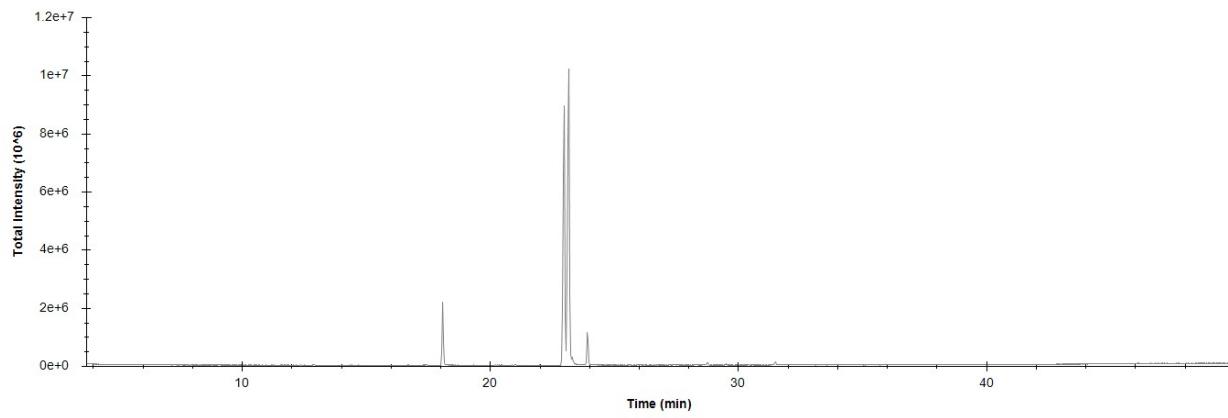


Figure S21. GC-MS spectrum of the n-hexane layer FAMES

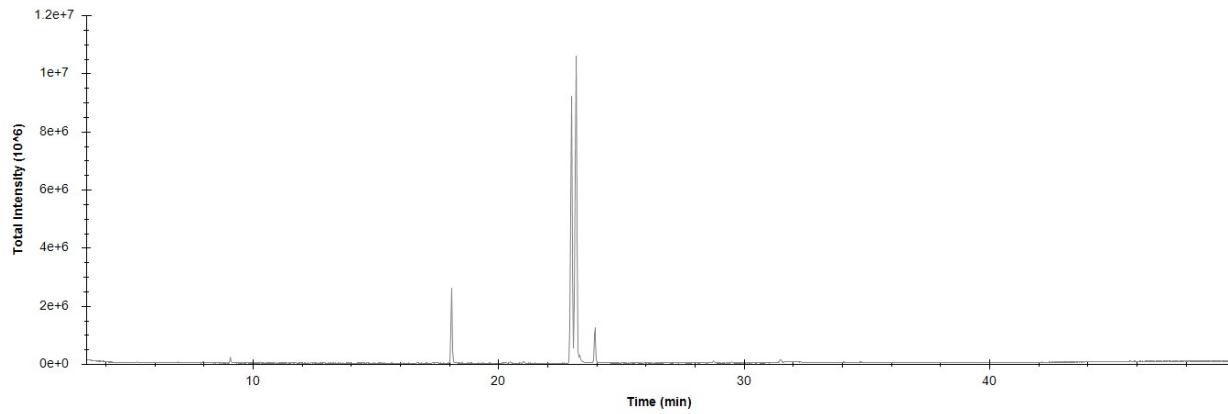


Figure S22. GC-MS spectrum of the EtOAc layer FAMES

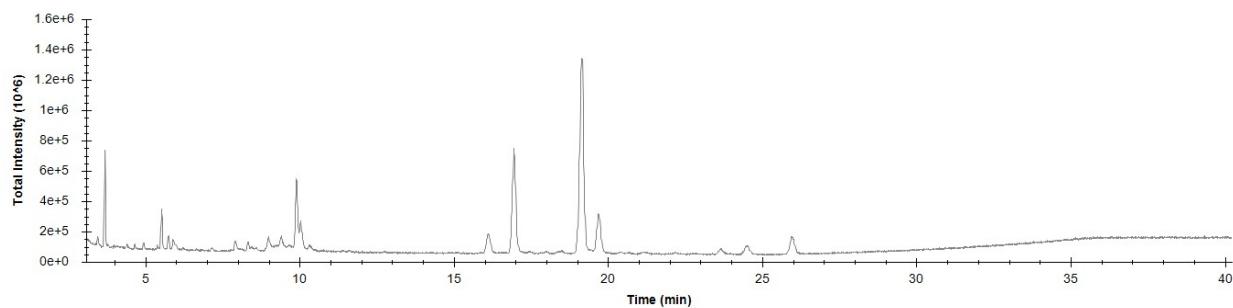


Figure S23. GC-MS spectrum of the saponified SI oil

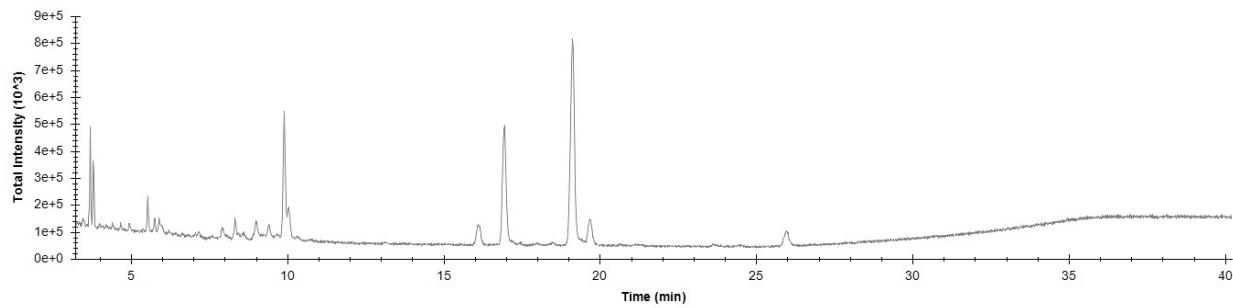


Figure S24. GC-MS spectrum of the saponified n-hexane layer

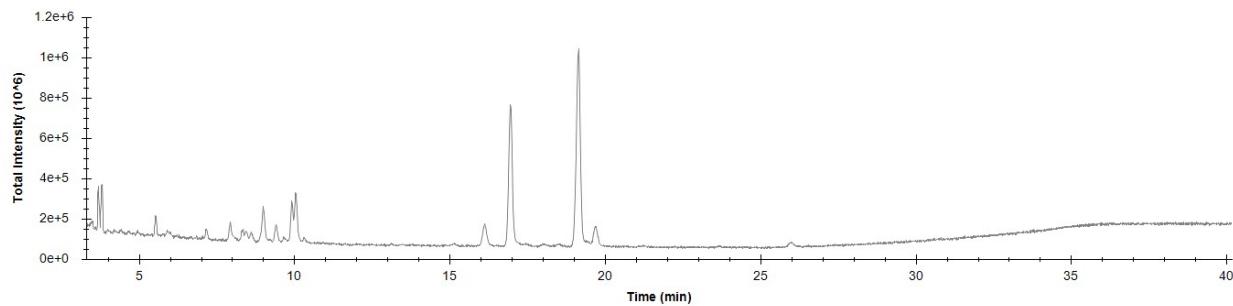


Figure S25. GC-MS spectrum of the saponified EtOAc layer

### *Spectral node legend*

**Numbers:** (+) precursor ion  $m/z$

**Colors:** The chemical classification by ClassyFire

**Edge:** The similarity of MS/MS spectrum. (cosine score)

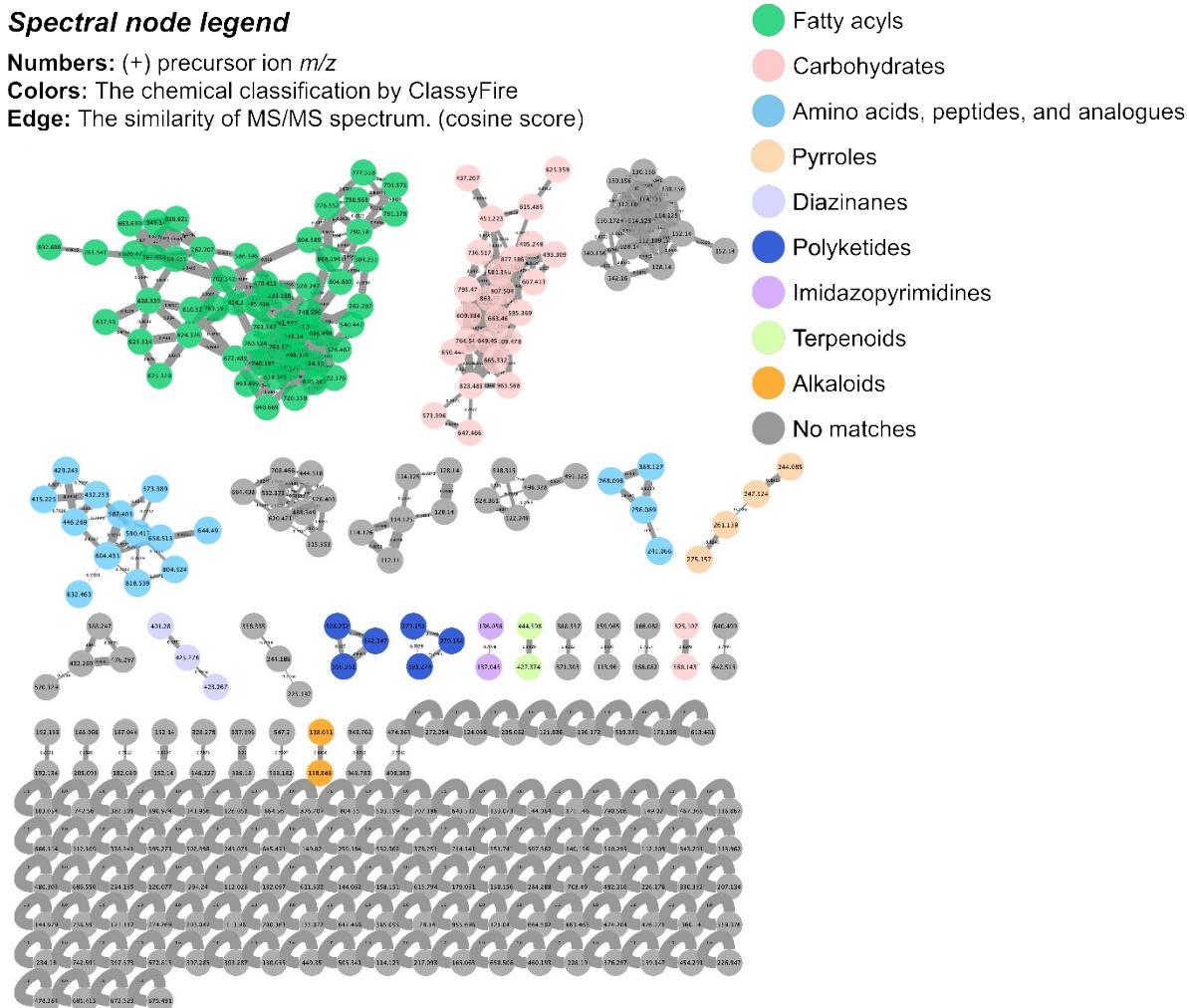


Figure S26. The metabolomic classification of fractions PV-Bu-1–9

## Spectral node legend

**Numbers:** (+) precursor ion  $m/z$

**Colors:** The chemical classification by ClassyFire

**Edge:** The similarity of MS/MS spectrum. (cosine score)

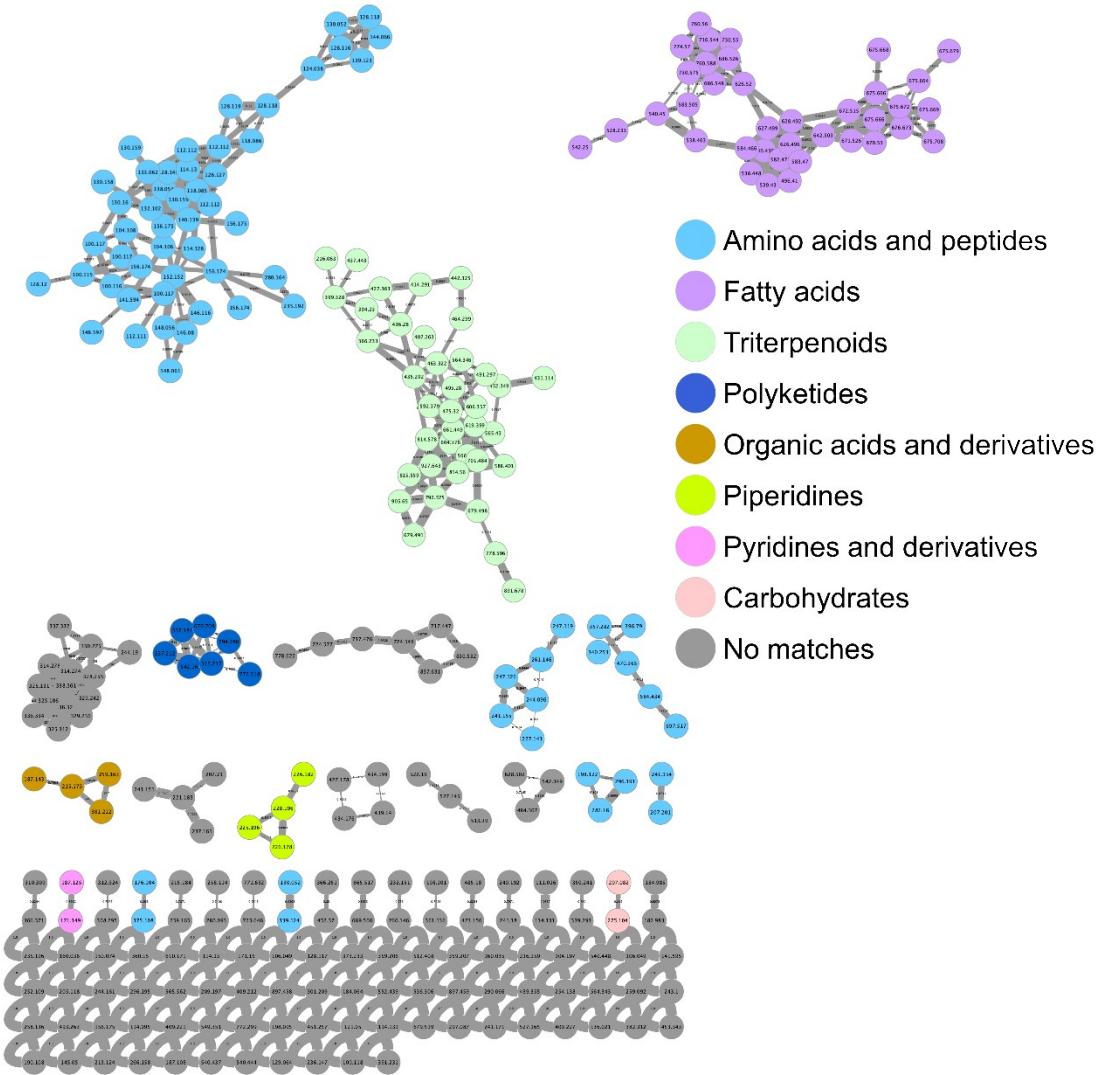
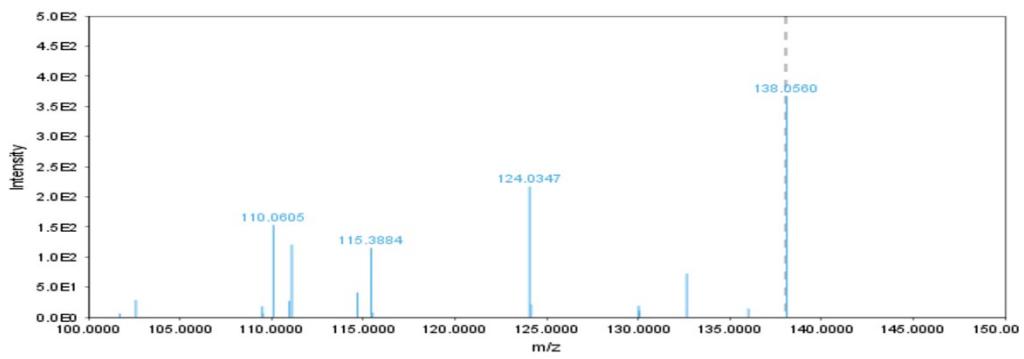
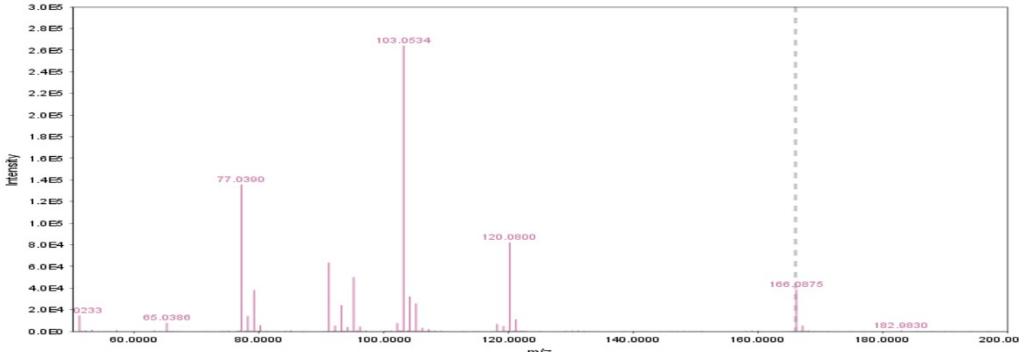


Figure S27. The metabolomic classification of fractions PV-H<sub>2</sub>O-1–6

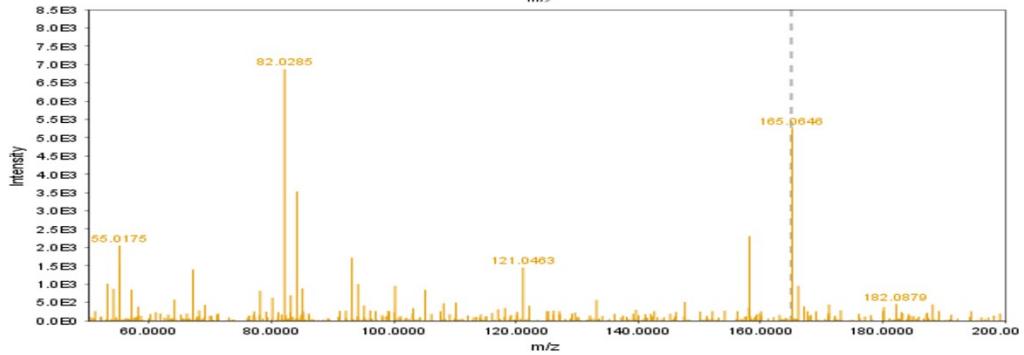
## COMP 1



## COMP 2



## COMP 3



## COMP 4

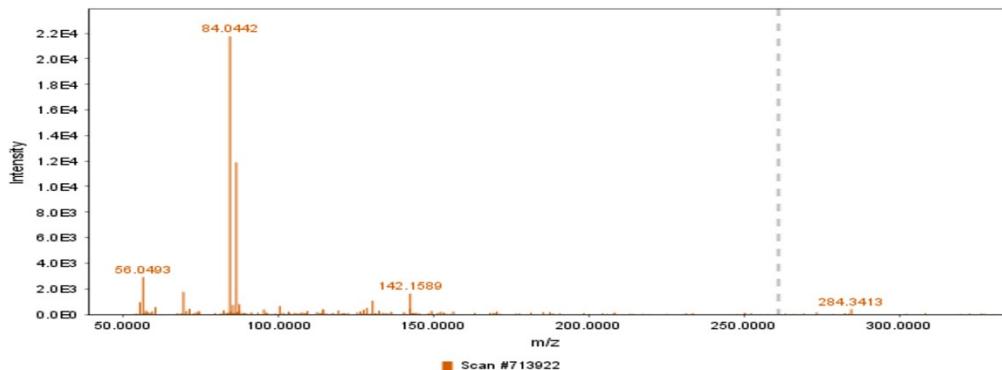
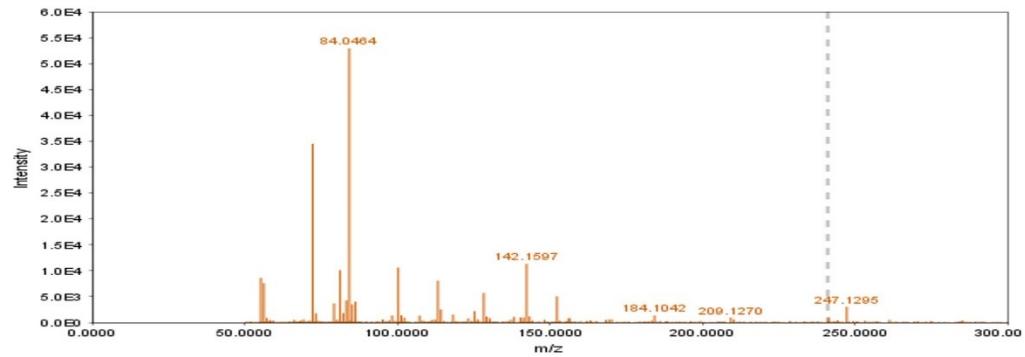
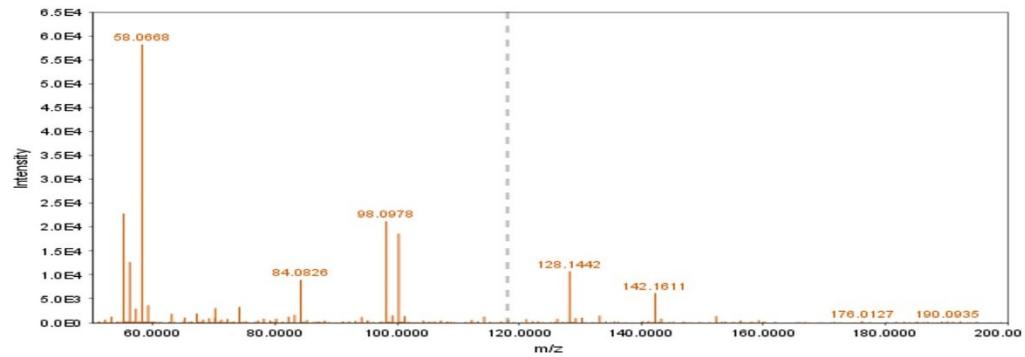


Figure S28. The  $\text{MS}^2$  spectra of compounds 1–4

## COMP 5



## COMP 6



## COMP 7

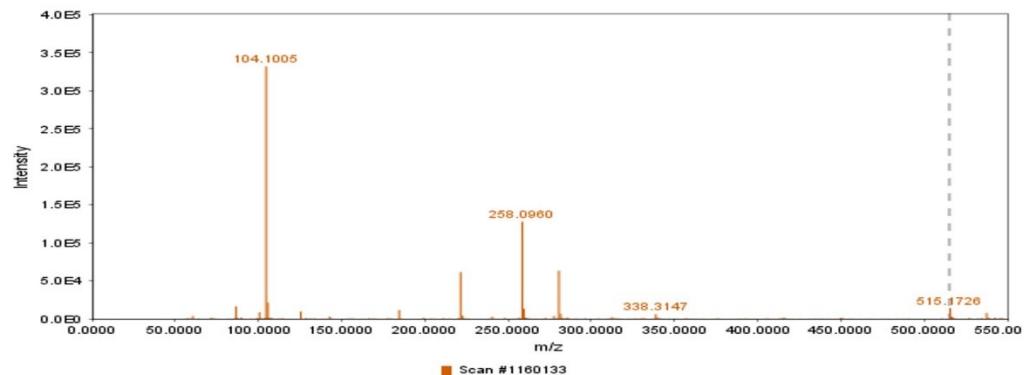


Figure S29. The  $\text{MS}^2$  spectra of compounds 5–7

Detailed parameters used in the MZmine software:

```
# Peak Detection Noise level: MS1 1.0E4, MS2 1.0E3 # ADAP chromatogram builder Min group size: 3;
Group intensity threshold: 1.0E3; min highest intensity: 2E2; m/z tolerance: 0.02 Da or 20 ppm #
Chromatogram Deconvolution – Wavelets (ADAP) S/N threshold: 10; min feature height: 100; m/z range
for MS2 scan pairing: 0.02 Da; RT range for MS2 scan paring: 0.15 min. Chromatogram Deconvolution -
Algorithm: ADAP wavelets; m/z range for MS2 scan pairing: 0.02 Da; RT range for MS2 scan paring: 0.15
min; S/N threshold: 10; min feature height: 100; coefficient/area threshold: 50; Peak duration range: 0.05-
1.00; RT wavelet range: 0.03-0.15 # isotopic peak grouper m/z tolerance: 0.01 Da or 10 ppm; RT tolerance:
0.1 min; Max charge: 2 # Group MS2 scans with features RT tolerance: 0.02 min; m/z tolerance: 0.01 Da
or 10 ppm # Filter Keep only peaks with MS2 scan (GNPS) # Gap-Filling Intensity tolerance 20%; RT
tolerance: 0.2 min for both; m/z tolerance: 0.02 Da or 20 ppm # GNPS export.
```

Table S1. Calibration curve, range, precision and accuracy of trigonelline

Linearity	Precision				Accuracy	
	Concentration ( $\mu\text{g/mL}$ )	Intraday ( $n = 6$ )	Interday ( $n = 3$ )	Spiked conc ( $\mu\text{g/mL}$ )	Recovery rate (%)	RSD (%)
Calibration curve $Y = 20849X + 12735$				7.8	110.3%	1.56%
$R^2 = 0.99996$	40.23	RSD = 0.407%	RSD = 0.873%	31.25	102.65%	0.41%
Range: 3.9–250 $\mu\text{g/mL}$				125	99.4%	0.08%

Retention time: 7.15 min.