## **Supporting Information**

## Manganese-Catalyzed Oxidation of Furfuryl Alcohols and Furfurals to Efficient Synthesis of Furoic Acids

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### **General Considerations**

The synthesis of ligands and preparation of catalysts in this work were reported in our previous publication<sup>[1]</sup>. Air and moisture sensitive reactions were carried out in glovebox or in over-dried glassware sealed with rubber septa using standard schlenk techniques. Most solvents used were dried over solvent purification system (Innovative Technology PS-MD-5) and alcohol solvents were dried over calcium hydride. Deuterated solvents were purchased from Cambridge Isotope Laboratories, vented and distilled over calcium hydride. All chemicals were purchased from commercial sources with purity over 95% and used without further purification. NMR spectra were received using a Bruker 400 MHz spectrometer. Chemical shifts are reported in ppm relative to the deuterated solvent. GC analysis were carried out on SHIMADAZU GC 2010 PLUS system. (Column: SH-Rtx-200, 30 m x 0.25 mm x 0.25 µm). GC/MS analyses were carried out on an GC-MS-QP2010 SE W system equipped with aSH-Rxi-5Sil MS 30 meter, 0.25 mmID, 0.25 um df. High resolution exact mass measurements (HRMS) were performed on Thermo SCIENTIFIC Q EXACTIVE.

# General procedures for the dehydrogenation coupling of 2-furfuryl alcohol with hydroxide to 2-furoic acid catalyzed by [Mn]-I

Under the protection of argon, 2-furfuryl alcohol 1 (1 mmol), **[Mn]** (0.005 mmol, 0.5 mol%), Base (1.0 mmol, 1.0 equiv), H<sub>2</sub>O (20 mg, 1.1 mmol, 1.1 equiv), and 1,4-dioxane (2 mL) were added sequentially to a 25 mL schlenck tube equipped with a magnetic stir bar. The reaction was stirred at 165 °C for 16 hours. After cooling to room temperature, water (5 mL) was added and the mixture was extracted with diethyl ether ( $3 \times 5$  mL). Then the aqueous phase was acidified with 6M HCl and extracted with ethyl acetate ( $3 \times 10$  mL). The combined ethyl acetate solution were washed with brine (15 mL), dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, and evaporated to dryness under reduced pressure, the pure acids was obtained and weighted for calculating the yield. Yield = n (acid) / n (alcohol).

### Table S1. Optimization of Reaction Conditions.

	0Он 1а	Ba	(1) <b>[Mn]</b> (0.5 mol%) Base (x eq), H <sub>2</sub> O (1.1 eq) Solvent (m mL), T °C, 16 h (2) HCl work up			о он	
Entry	[Mn]	Base	x [equiv.]	Solvent	m [mL]	т [°С]	Y <sub>2a</sub> [%]
1	[Mn]-l	кон	1.0	Dioxane	2	165	92
2	[Mn]-ll	кон	1.0	Dioxane	2	165	87
3	[Mn]-III	кон	1.0	Dioxane	2	165	81
4	[Mn]-IV	кон	1.0	Dioxane	2	165	46
5	Mn(CO)₅Br	кон	1.0	Dioxane	2	165	< 5
6	MnCl <sub>2</sub>	кон	1.0	Dioxane	2	165	< 5
7	none	кон	1.0	Dioxane	2	165	< 5
8	[Mn]-l	NaOH	1.0	Dioxane	2	165	86
9	[Mn]-l	<sup>t</sup> BuOK	1.0	Dioxane	2	165	27
10	[Mn]-l	K <sub>2</sub> CO <sub>3</sub>	1.0	Dioxane	2	165	14
11	[Mn]-l	кон	1.0	Dioxane	2	140	83
12	[Mn]-l	кон	1.2	Dioxane	2	165	92
13	[Mn]-l	кон	0.8	Dioxane	2	165	76
14	[Mn]-l	кон	1.0	Toluene	2	165	85
15	[Mn]-l	кон	1.0	Anisole	2	165	87
16	[Mn]-l	кон	1.0	Dioxane	1	165	85
				H Br N PPh <sub>2</sub> Pr CO			
	:0		0	Ph <sub>2</sub> C	5	<sup>t</sup> Bu <sub>2</sub> C	с <sup>сс</sup> с
[Mn]-l		[Mn]-ll		[Mn]-III		[Mn]-IV	

<sup>*a*</sup> Reaction conditions: Unless otherwise specified, reactions were performed on a 1 mmol scale of furfuryl alcohol **1a**, using 1.0 equiv of base, 1.1 equiv of H<sub>2</sub>O, 0.5 mol% of **Mn**-precatalyst, in 2 mL dioxane at 165 °C for 16 h. Isolated yields are shown.

# General procedures for the dehydrogenation coupling of furfuryl alcohols with hydroxide to furoic acids catalyzed by [Mn]-I

Under the protection of argon, furfuryl alcohols **1** (1 mmol), **[Mn]-I** (2.5 mg, 0.005 mmol, 0.5 mol%), KOH (56 mg, 1.0 mmol, 1.0 equiv), H<sub>2</sub>O (20 mg, 1.1 mmol, 1.1 equiv), and 1,4-dioxane (2 mL) were added sequentially to a 25 mL schlenck tube equipped with a magnetic stir bar. The reaction was stirred at 165 °C for 16 hours. After cooling to room temperature, water (5 mL) was added and the mixture was extracted with diethyl ether ( $3 \times 5$  mL). Then the aqueous phase was acidified with 6M HCl and extracted with ethyl acetate ( $3 \times 10$  mL). The combined ethyl acetate solution were washed with brine (15 mL), dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, and evaporated to dryness under reduced pressure, the pure acids was obtained and weighted for calculating the yield. Yield = n (acid) / n (alcohol).

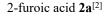
## General procedures for the dehydrogenation coupling of furfurals with hydroxide to furoic acids catalyzed by [Mn]-I

Under the protection of argon, furfurals **3** (1 mmol), **[Mn]-I** (2.5 mg, 0.005 mmol, 0.5 mol%), KOH (56 mg, 1.0 mmol, 1.0 equiv), H<sub>2</sub>O (20 mg, 1.1 mmol, 1.1 equiv), and 1,4-dioxane (2 mL) were added sequentially to a 25 mL schlenck tube equipped with a magnetic stir bar. The reaction was stirred at 120 °C for 6 hours. After cooling to room temperature, water (5 mL) was added and the mixture was extracted with diethyl ether ( $3 \times 5$  mL). Then the aqueous phase was acidified with 6M HCl and extracted with ethyl acetate ( $3 \times 10$  mL). The combined ethyl acetate solution were washed with brine (15 mL), dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, and evaporated to dryness under reduced pressure, the pure acids was obtained and weighted for calculating the yield. Yield = n (acid) / n (aldehyde).

## General procedures for the dehydrogenation coupling of difunctional substituted furyl alcohols and aldehydes with hydroxide to furan dicarboxylic acid catalyzed by [Mn]-I

Under the protection of argon, substrate 4 (1 mmol), [Mn]-I (2.5 mg, 0.005 mmol, 0.5 mol%), KOH (112 mg, 2.0 mmol, 2.0 equiv), H<sub>2</sub>O (40 mg, 2.2 mmol, 2.2 equiv), and 1,4-dioxane (2 mL) were added sequentially to a 25 mL schlenck tube equipped with a magnetic stir bar. The reaction was stirred at 165 °C for 16 hours. After cooling to room temperature, water (5 mL) was added and the mixture was extracted with diethyl ether ( $3 \times 5$  mL). Then the aqueous phase was acidified with 6M HCl and extracted with ethyl acetate ( $3 \times 10$  mL). The combined ethyl acetate solution were washed with brine (15 mL), dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, and evaporated to dryness under reduced pressure, the pure acids was obtained and weighted for calculating the yield. Yield = n (acid) / n (substrate).

#### **Characterization Data of Products**



Product was isolated as white solid. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- $d_6$ )  $\delta$  13.06 (s, 1H), 8.09 – 7.67 (m, 1H), 7.22 (dd, J = 3.5, 0.9 Hz, 1H), 6.65 (dd, J = 3.5, 1.8 Hz, 1H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, DMSO- $d_6$ )  $\delta$  159.77 (s), 147.47 (s), 145.36 (s), 118.15 (s), 112.53 (s).

3-furoic acid **2b**<sup>[3]</sup>

Product was isolated as white solid. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- $d_6$ )  $\delta$  12.54 (s, 1H), 8.29 (s, 1H), 7.77 (s, 1H), 6.73 (d, J = 1.9 Hz, 1H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, DMSO- $d_6$ )  $\delta$  164.34 (s), 148.56 (s), 145.04 (s), 120.28 (s), 110.31 (s).

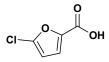
5-Methyl-2-furoic acid  $2c^{[4]}$ 

Product was isolated as white solid. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- $d_6$ )  $\delta$  7.10 (d, J = 3.4 Hz, 1H), 6.28 (d, J = 3.2 Hz, 1H), 2.33 (s, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, DMSO- $d_6$ )  $\delta$  159.70 (s), 157.01 (s), 143.74 (s), 119.56 (s), 109.05 (s), 13.94 (s).

5-(methoxymethyl)-2-furoic acid 2d<sup>[5]</sup>

Product was isolated as white solid. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- $d_6$ )  $\delta$  7.17 (d, J = 3.4 Hz, 1H), 6.60 (d, J = 3.4 Hz, 1H), 4.40 (s, 2H), 3.27 (s, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, DMSO- $d_6$ )  $\delta$  159.71 (s), 156.04 (s), 145.12 (s), 118.78 (s), 111.81 (s), 65.85 (s), 57.92 (s).

5-chloro-2-furoic acid 2e<sup>[6]</sup>

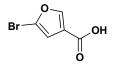


Product was isolated as white solid. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*<sub>6</sub>)  $\delta$  7.29 (d, *J* = 3.5 Hz, 1H), 6.69 (d, *J* = 3.6 Hz, 1H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, DMSO-*d*<sub>6</sub>)  $\delta$  158.71 (s), 144.97 (s), 139.57 (s), 120.45 (s), 110.04 (s).

5-bromofuroic acid 2f<sup>[7]</sup>

Product was isolated as white solid. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- $d_6$ )  $\delta$  7.25 (d, J = 3.6 Hz, 1H), 6.80 (d, J = 3.6 Hz, 1H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, DMSO- $d_6$ )  $\delta$  158.69 (s), 147.25 (s), 127.18 (s), 120.52 (s), 114.82 (s).

2-bromofuran-4-carboxylic acid  $2g^{[8]}$ 

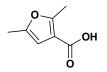


Product was isolated as white solid. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- $d_6$ )  $\delta$  8.37 (s, 1H), 6.84 (s, 1H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, DMSO- $d_6$ )  $\delta$  163.19 (s), 150.37 (s), 123.96 (s), 122.66 (s), 111.93 (s).

2-methyl-3-furoic acid 2h<sup>[9]</sup>

Product was isolated as white solid. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- $d_6$ )  $\delta$  7.55 (d, J = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 6.62 (d, J = 1.9 Hz, 1H), 2.51 (s, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, DMSO- $d_6$ )  $\delta$  165.17 (s), 158.69 (s), 141.64 (s), 114.21 (s), 111.28 (s), 13.76 (s).

2,5-dimethyl-3-furoic acid 2i<sup>[10]</sup>



Product was isolated as white solid. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- $d_6$ )  $\delta$  6.21 (d, J = 1.3 Hz, 1H), 2.45 (s, 3H), 2.21 (s, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, DMSO- $d_6$ )  $\delta$  165.20 (s), 157.18 (s), 150.15 (s), 114.58 (s), 106.96 (s), 13.70 (s), 13.28 (s).

2,5-furandicarboxylic acid 5a<sup>[4]</sup>

Product was isolated as white solid. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*<sub>6</sub>) δ 7.29 (s, 2H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, DMSO-*d*<sub>6</sub>) δ 159.35 (s), 147.47 (s), 118.84 (s).

2,3-furandicarboxylic acid 5b<sup>[11]</sup>

Product was isolated as white solid. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- $d_6$ )  $\delta$  7.93 (d, J = 1.8 Hz, 1H), 6.90 (d, J = 1.8 Hz, 1H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, DMSO- $d_6$ )  $\delta$  165.09 (s), 159.78 (s), 146.21 (s), 145.54 (s), 124.81 (s), 113.44 (s).

3,4-furandicarboxylic acid 5c<sup>[12]</sup>

Product was isolated as white solid. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- $d_6$ )  $\delta$  8.41 (s, 2H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, DMSO- $d_6$ )  $\delta$  164.51 (s), 150.94 (s), 118.58 (s).

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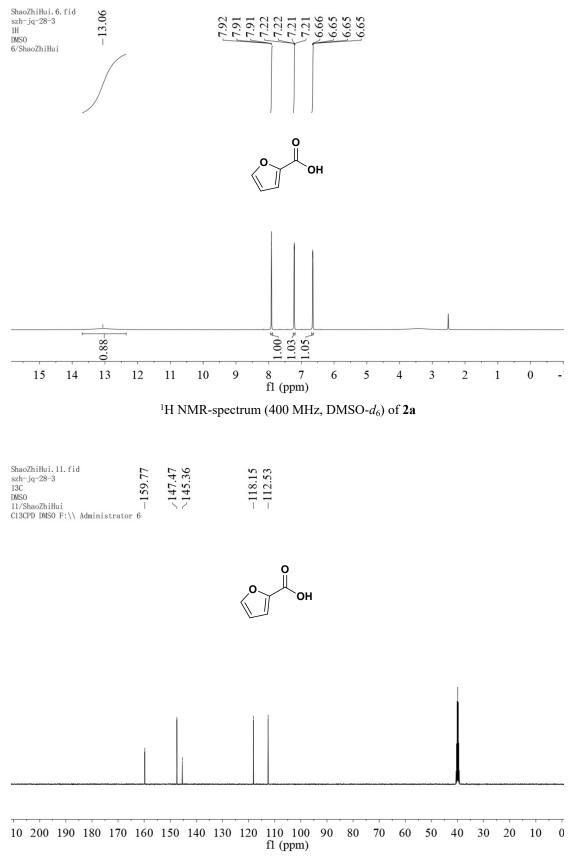
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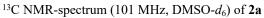
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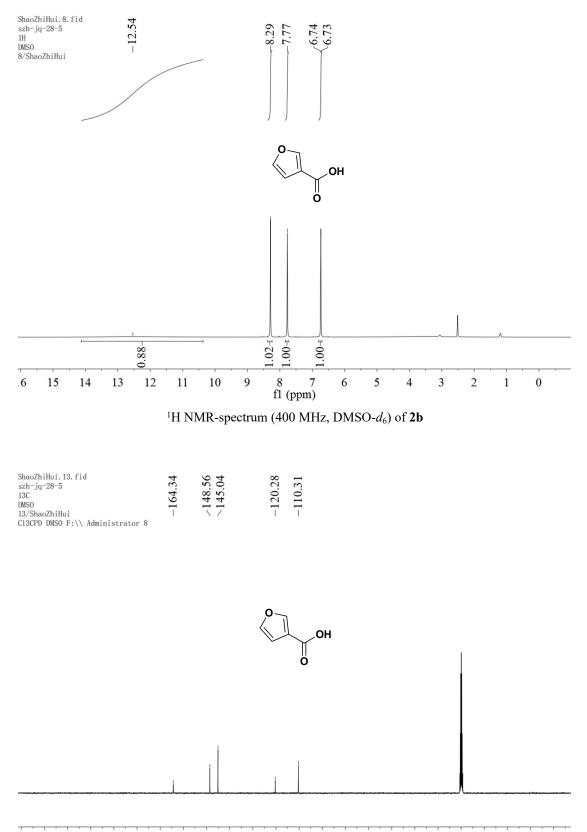
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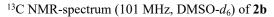
### **Characterization Data of Products**

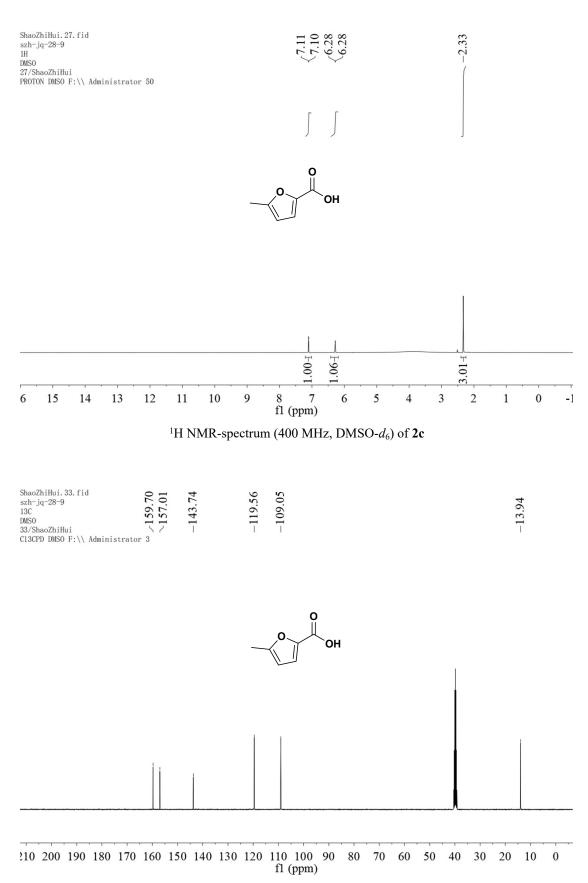


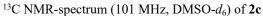


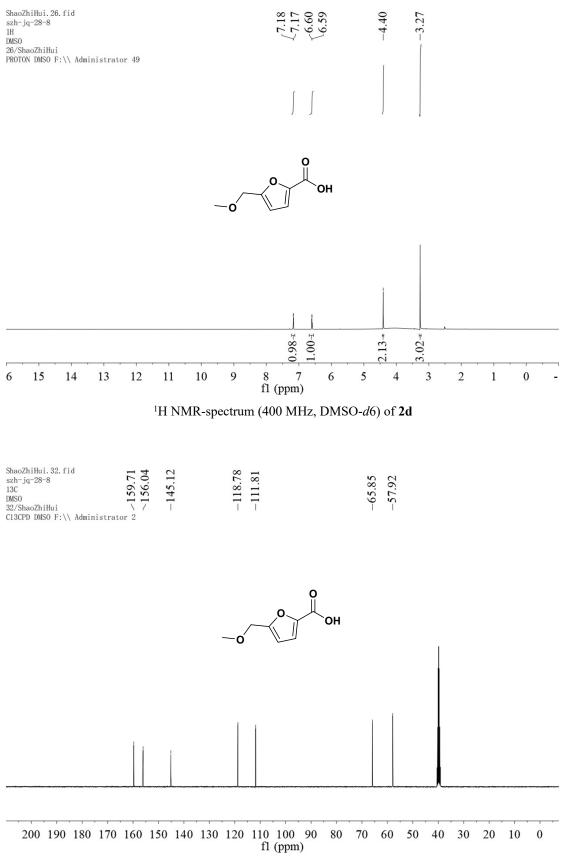


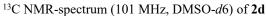
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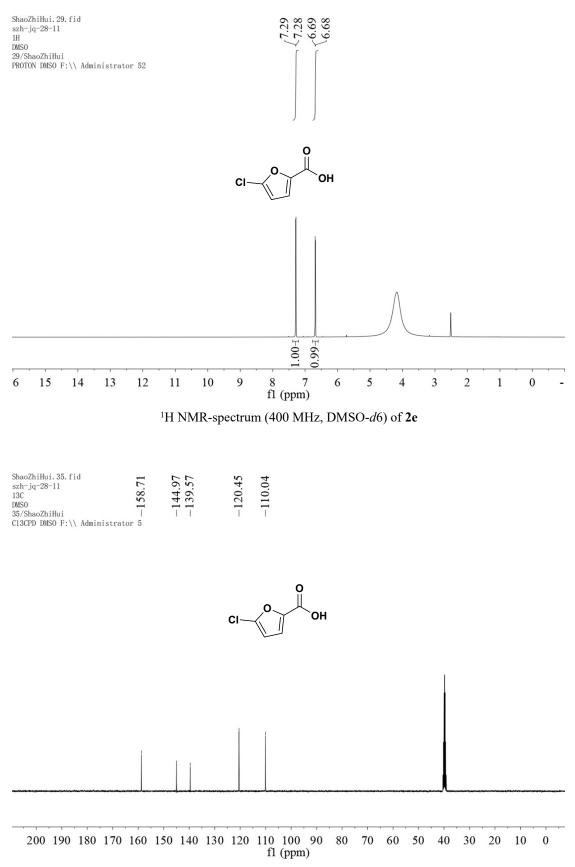


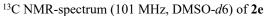


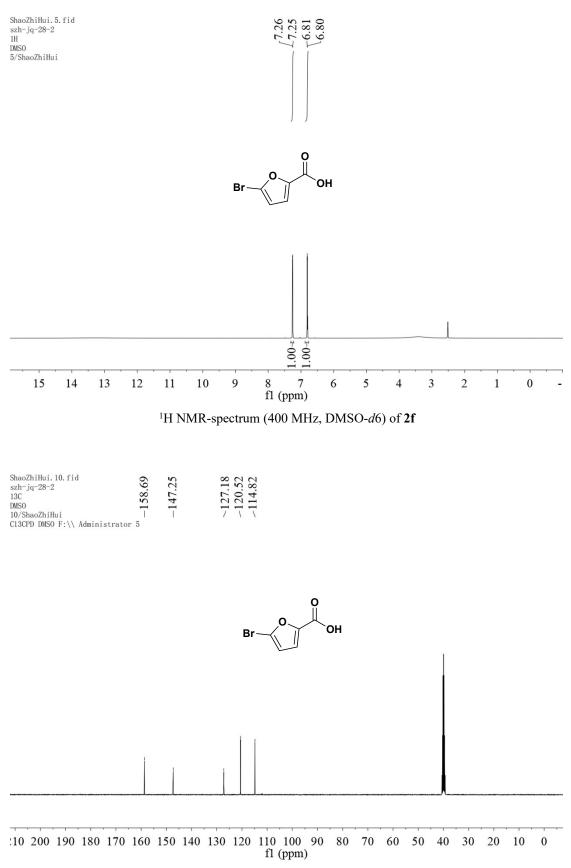




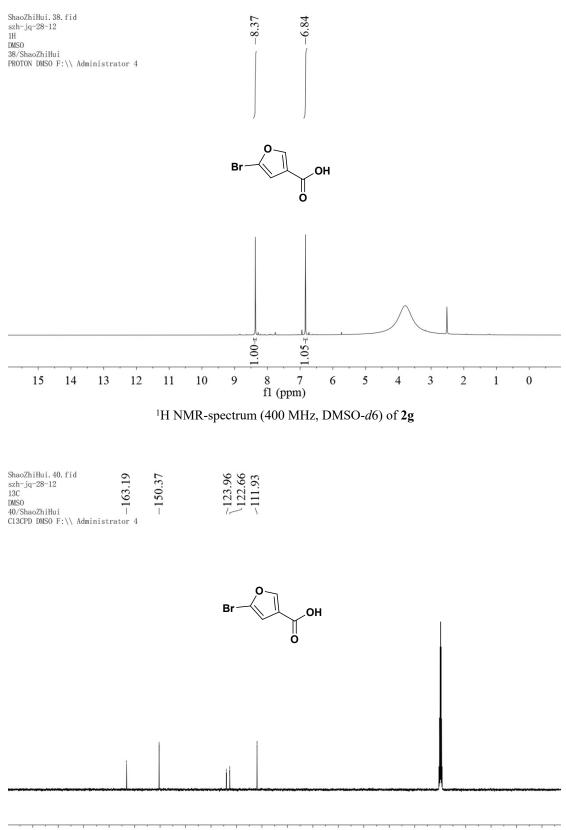












200 190 180 170 160 150 140 130 120 110 100 90 80 70 60 50 40 30 20 10 0 fl (ppm)

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<sup>13</sup>C NMR-spectrum (101 MHz, DMSO-d6) of 2g
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