SUPPORTING INFORMATION Potent EGFR/PARP-1 Inhibition by Spirooxindole-Triazole Hybrids for Targeted Liver Cancer Therapy

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X-Ray structure determinations

The crystals of **acetyl-triazole derivative**, **1a**, and **1b** were immersed in cryo-oil, mounted in a loop, and measured at a temperature of 120-121 K. The X-ray diffraction data were collected on a Rigaku Oxford Diffraction Supernova diffractometer using Cu K α radiation (**acetyl-triazole derivative** and **1b**) or Mo K α radiation (**1a**). The *CrysAlisPro¹* software package was used for cell refinements and data reductions. A multi-scan (**acetyl-triazole derivative** and **1a**) or an analytical (**1b**) absorption correction (*CrysAlisPro¹*) was applied to the intensities before the structure solutions. The structures were solved by the intrinsic phasing (*SHELXT²*) method. Structural refinements were carried out using *SHELXL³* software with *SHELXLE⁴* graphical user interface. All hydrogen atoms were positioned geometrically and constrained to ride on their parent atoms, with C-H = 0.95-0.99 Å and U_{iso} = 1.2-1.5·U_{eq}(parent atom). The crystallographic details are summarized in Table S1.

	acetyl-triazole derivative	1a	1b
CCDC	2360616	2360617	2360618
empirical formula	$C_{11}H_8Cl_3N_3O$	$C_{20}H_{12}Cl_{3}N_{3}O_{2} \\$	$C_{20}H_{12}Cl_3N_3OS$
fw	304.55	432.68	448.74
temp (K)	121(2)	120(2)	120(2) K
$\lambda(\text{\AA})$	1.54184	0.71073	1.54184 Å
cryst syst	Monoclinic	Monoclinic	Monoclinic
space group	$P2_I/n$	$P2_1$	12/a
<i>a</i> (Å)	10.62874(18)	7.66680(10)	25.8395(3)
<i>b</i> (Å)	10.43514(18)	13.8977(2)	7.12869(6)
<i>c</i> (Å)	11.62031(19)	9.5441(2)	23.3863(2)
a(deg)			
β (deg)	93.7149(15)	111.742(2)	114.7797(13)
γ(deg)			
$V(Å^3)$	1286.13(4)	944.59(3)	3911.17(8)
Z	4	2	8

 Table S1. Crystal Data of acetyl-triazole derivative, 1a, and 1b.

$ ho_{ m calc}({ m Mg}/{ m m}^3)$	1.573	1.521	1.524		
μ (Mo K α) (mm ⁻¹)	6.387	0.507	5.383		
No. reflns.	16383	19035	63498		
Unique reflns.	2740	9361	4221		
Completeness to $\theta=67.684^{\circ}$	100 %		100 %		
Completeness to $\theta=25.242^{\circ}$		100 %			
Absolute structure parameter		-0.019(18)			
GOOF (F ²)	1.072	1.033	1.098		
R _{int}	0.0343	0.0270	0.0333		
R1 ^a ($I \ge 2\sigma$)	0.0309	0.0373	0.0289		
wR2 ^b ($I \ge 2\sigma$)	0.0839	0.0772	0.0790		
$a R_{1} = \sum E - E / \sum E - b_{W}R_{2} = \sum \sum w(E ^{2} - E ^{2})^{2} / \sum w(E ^{2})^{2} ^{1/2}$					

$${}^{t}R_{1} = \Sigma ||F_{o}| - |F_{c}|| / \Sigma |F_{o}|. \ {}^{b}wR_{2} = \{\Sigma [w(F_{o}^{2} - F_{c}^{2})^{2}] / \Sigma [w(F_{o}^{2})^{2}] \}^{1/2}$$

References

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Figure S1: ¹HNMR (DMSO-*d*₆) for acetyl-triazole derivative



Figure S2: ¹³CNMR (DMSO-*d*₆) for acetyl-triazole derivative



Figure S3: ¹HNMR (CDCl₃) for 1a





Figure S4: ¹³CNMR (CDCl₃) for 1a



Figure S5: ¹HNMR (CDCl₃) for 1b



Figure S6: ¹³CNMR (CDCl₃) for 1b



Figure S7: ¹HNMR (DMSO-*d*₆) for 4a



Figure S8: ¹³CNMR (DMSO-*d*₆) for 4a



Figure S9: ¹HNMR (DMSO-*d*₆) for 4c





100 90 f1 (ppm)

Figure S10: ¹³CNMR (DMSO-*d*₆) for 4c







100 90 f1 (ppm)

Figure S12: ¹³CNMR (DMSO-*d*₆) for 4d



Figure S13: ¹HNMR (DMSO-*d*₆) for 4e



Figure S14: ¹³CNMR (DMSO- d_6) for 4e



Figure S16: ¹³CNMR (DMSO-*d*₆) for 4f



Figure S17: ¹HNMR (CDCl₃) for 4g



Figure S18: ¹³CNMR (CDCl₃) for 4g



Figure S20: ¹³CNMR (DMSO-*d*₆) for 4i



Figure S21: ¹HNMR (DMSO-*d*₆) for 4j

AB1431 — single pulse decoupled gated NOE



Figure S22: ¹³CNMR (DMSO-*d*₆) for 4j



Figure S23: ¹HNMR (DMSO- d_6) for 4k





Figure S24: ¹³CNMR (DMSO-*d*₆) for 4k







Figure S26: MS for 4b



Figure S27: MS for 4c



Figure S28: MS for 4d







Figure S30: MS for 4f



Figure S31: MS for 4g





Figure S32: MS for 4h









Figure S34: MS for 4j



Figure S35: MS for 4k