

## Supplementary Information

### A simple and cost-efficient route to sulfonated dihalo monomers: building blocks for sulfonated aromatic PEMs

Nodar Dumbadze,<sup>a</sup> Marco Viviani,<sup>b</sup> Klaus-Dieter Kreuer<sup>b,c</sup> and Giorgi Titvinidze<sup>\*a,b</sup>

<sup>a</sup> Agricultural University of Georgia, 240 David Aghmashenebeli Alley, Tbilisi 0159, Georgia.  
[g.titvinidze@agruni.edu.ge](mailto:g.titvinidze@agruni.edu.ge)

<sup>b</sup> Hahn-Schickard Gesellschaft für Angewandte Forschung e.V, Georges-Koehler-Allee, 103, 79110, Freiburg im Breisgau, Germany.

<sup>c</sup> Max-Planck-Institute for Solid State Research, Heisenbergstraße 1, 70569 Stuttgart, Germany.

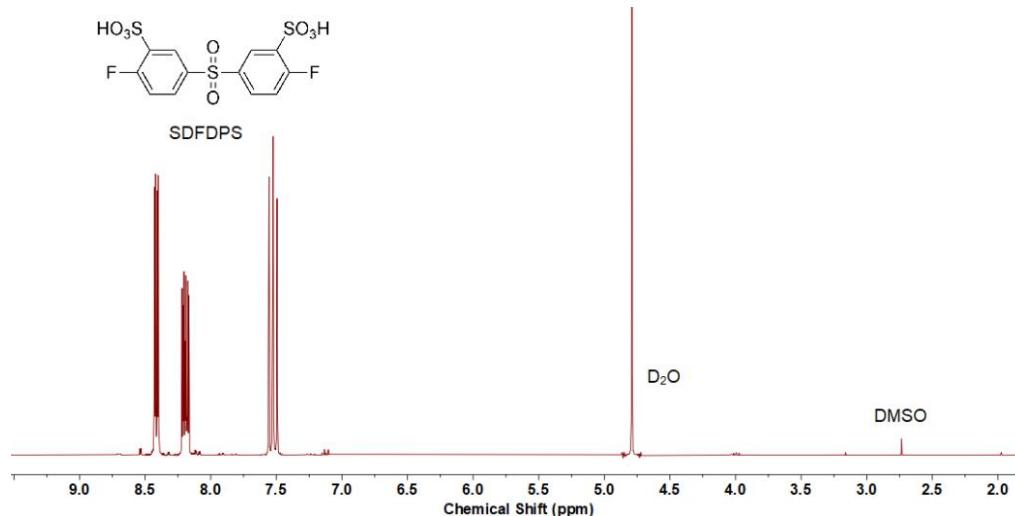


Fig. S 1 <sup>1</sup>H-NMR in  $\text{D}_2\text{O}$  showing DMSO contamination of sDFDPS

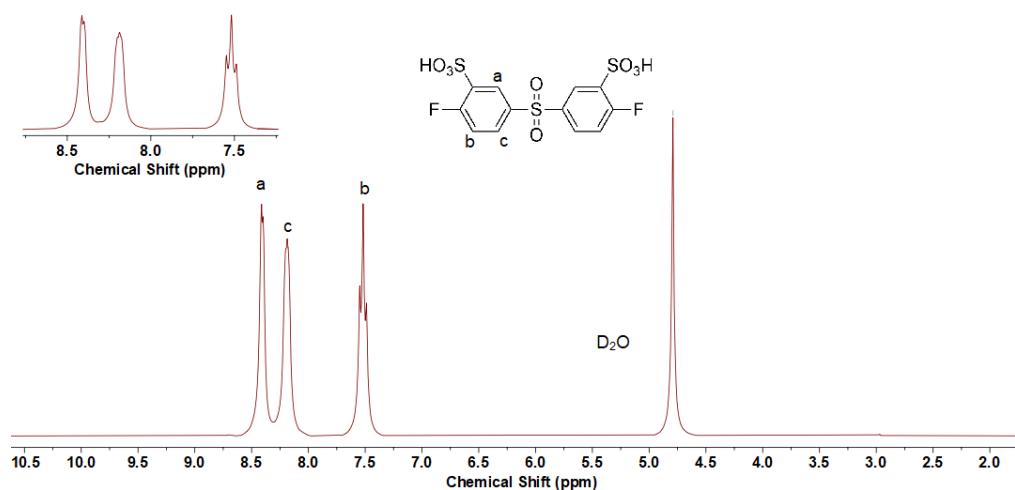
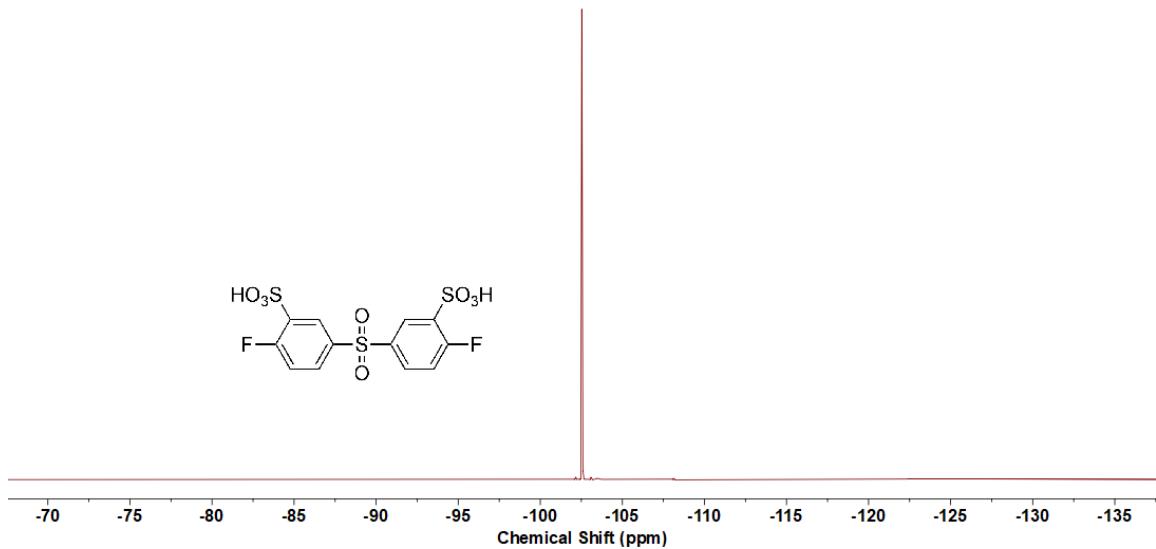
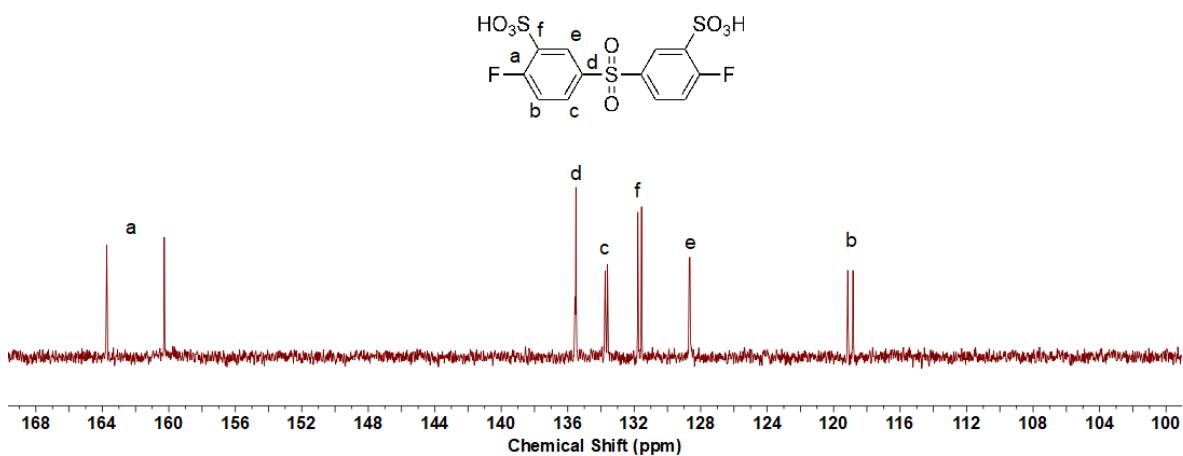


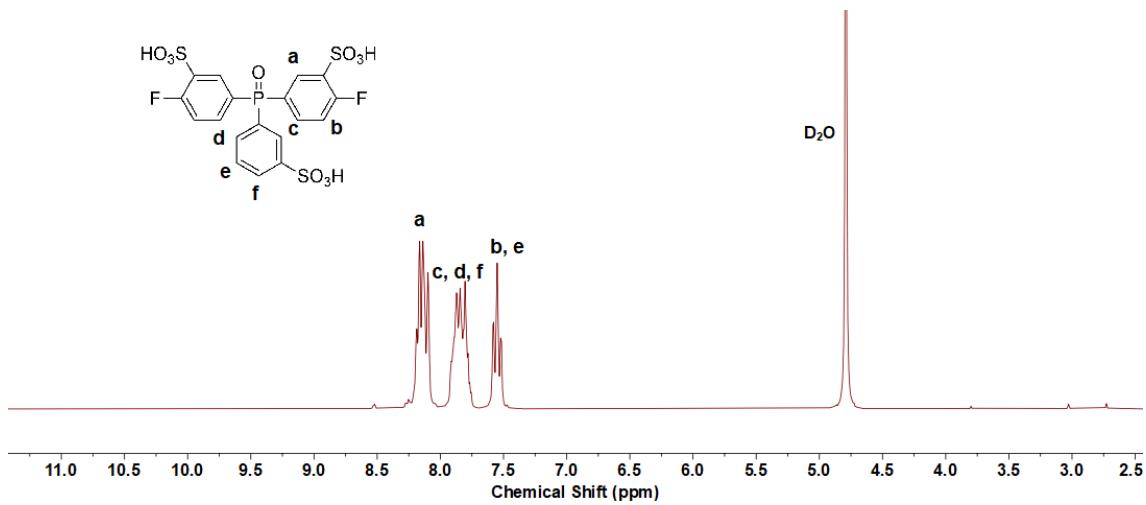
Fig. S 2 <sup>1</sup>H-NMR in  $\text{D}_2\text{O}$  of pure sDFDPS (1) showing absence of DMSO and related proton multiplets



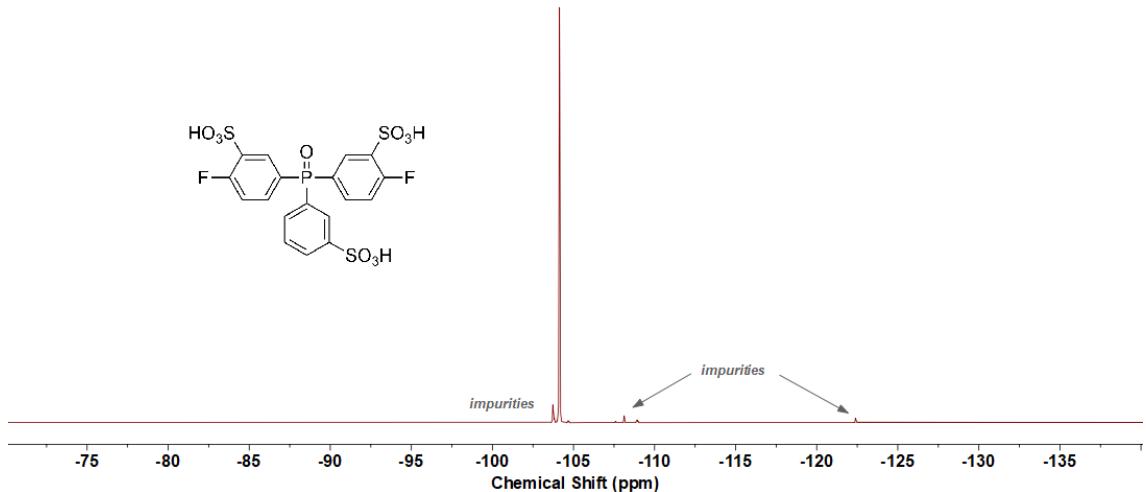
**Fig. S 3**  $^{19}\text{F}$  NMR in  $\text{D}_2\text{O}$  of pure sDFDPS (1)



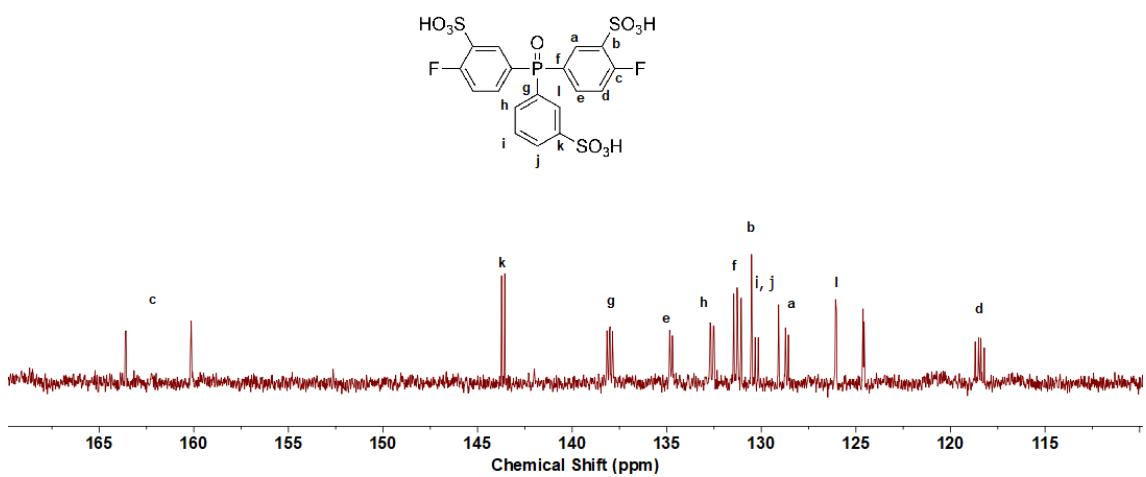
**Fig. S 4**  $^{13}\text{C}$ -NMR in  $\text{D}_2\text{O}$  of pure sDFDPS (1)



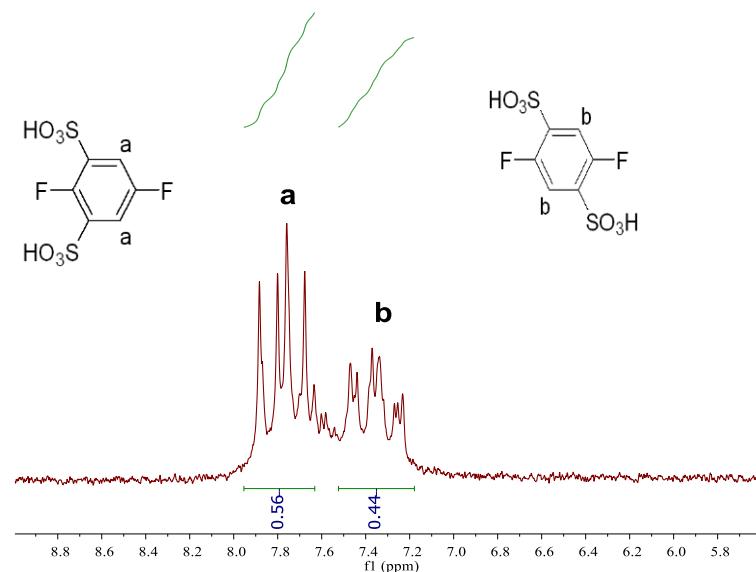
**Fig. S 5**  $^1\text{H}$ -NMR of sBFPOO (2) in  $\text{D}_2\text{O}$



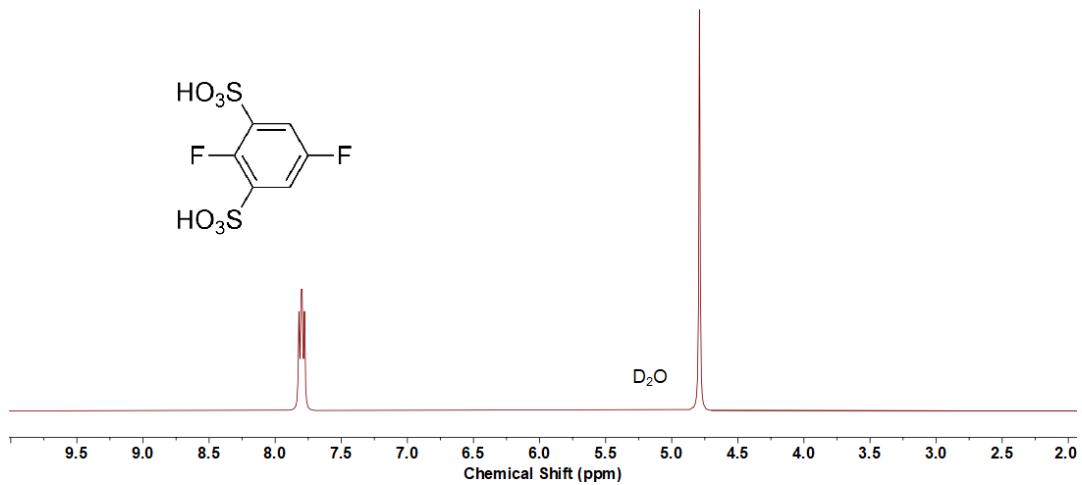
**Fig. S 6**  $^{19}\text{F}$  NMR of sBFPOO (2) in  $\text{D}_2\text{O}$  showing the presence of traces impurities (ca. 2% mol)



**Fig. S 7**  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR of sBFPOO (2) in  $\text{D}_2\text{O}$



**Fig. S 8**  $^1\text{H}$  NMR in  $\text{D}_2\text{O}$  of crude mixture of 2,5-difluorobenzene-1,3-disulfonate and 2,5-difluorobenzene-1,4-disulfonate obtained after sulfonation



**Fig. S 9**  $^1\text{H}$  NMR in  $\text{D}_2\text{O}$  of pure 2,5-difluoro-1,3-benzenedisulfonic acid (3)

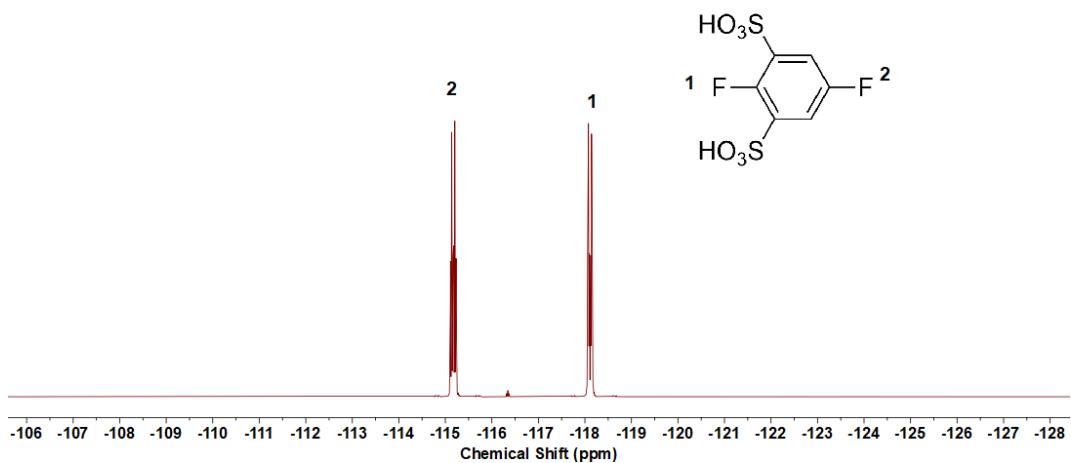


Fig. S 10  $^{19}\text{F}$  NMR in  $\text{D}_2\text{O}$  of pure 2,5-difluoro-1,3-benzenedisulfonic acid (3)

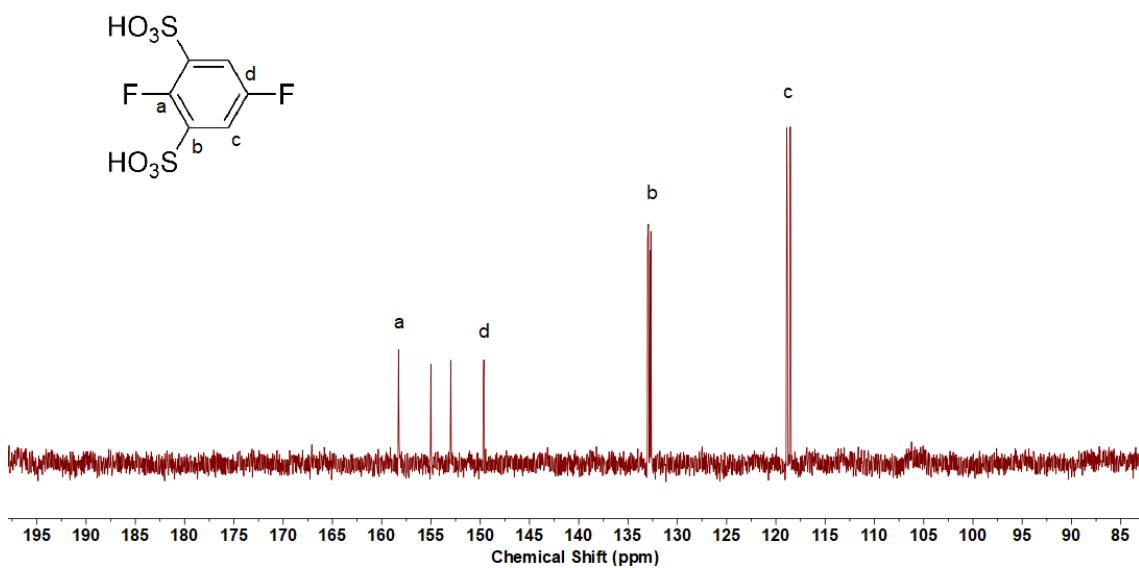


Fig. S 11  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR in  $\text{D}_2\text{O}$  of pure 2,5-difluoro-1,3-benzenedisulfonic acid (3)

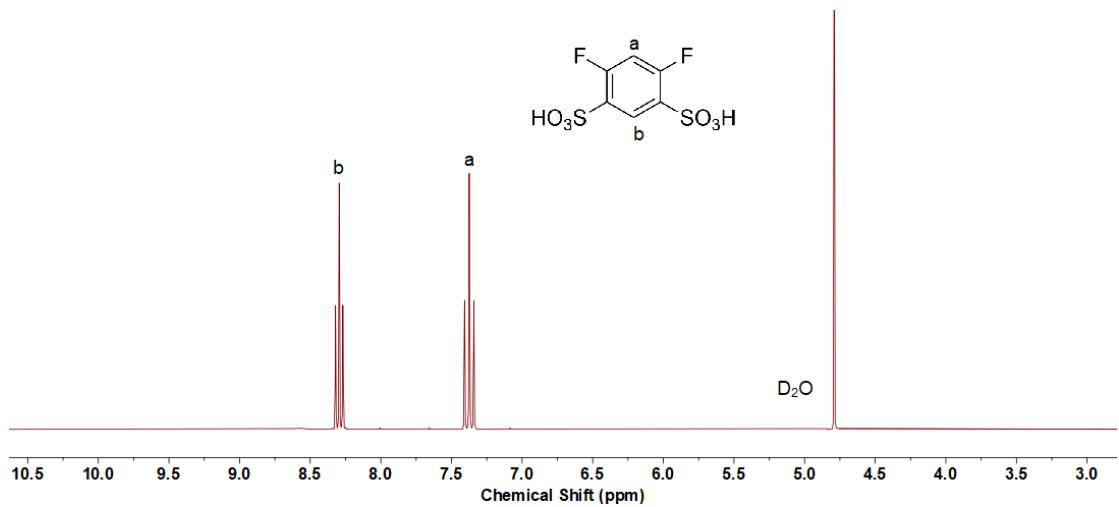


Fig. S 12 <sup>1</sup>H NMR in D<sub>2</sub>O of pure 4,6-difluoro-1,3-benzenedisulfonic acid (4)

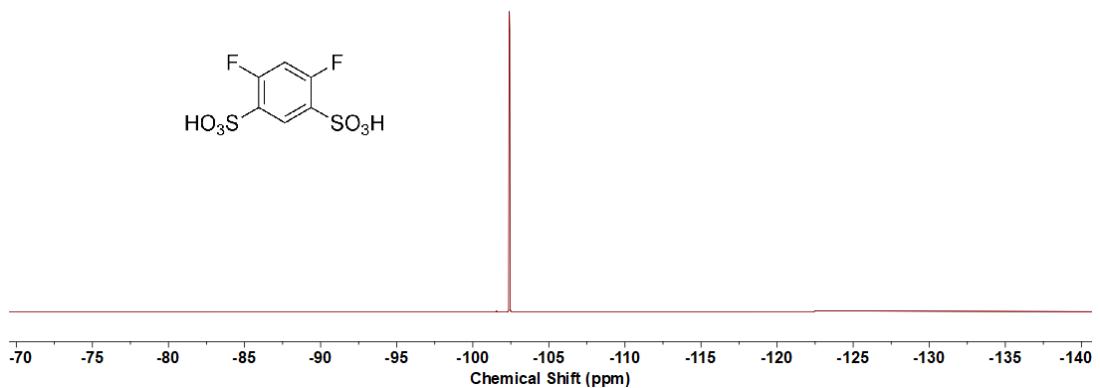


Fig. S 13 <sup>19</sup>F NMR in D<sub>2</sub>O of pure 4,6-difluoro-1,3-benzenedisulfonic acid (4)

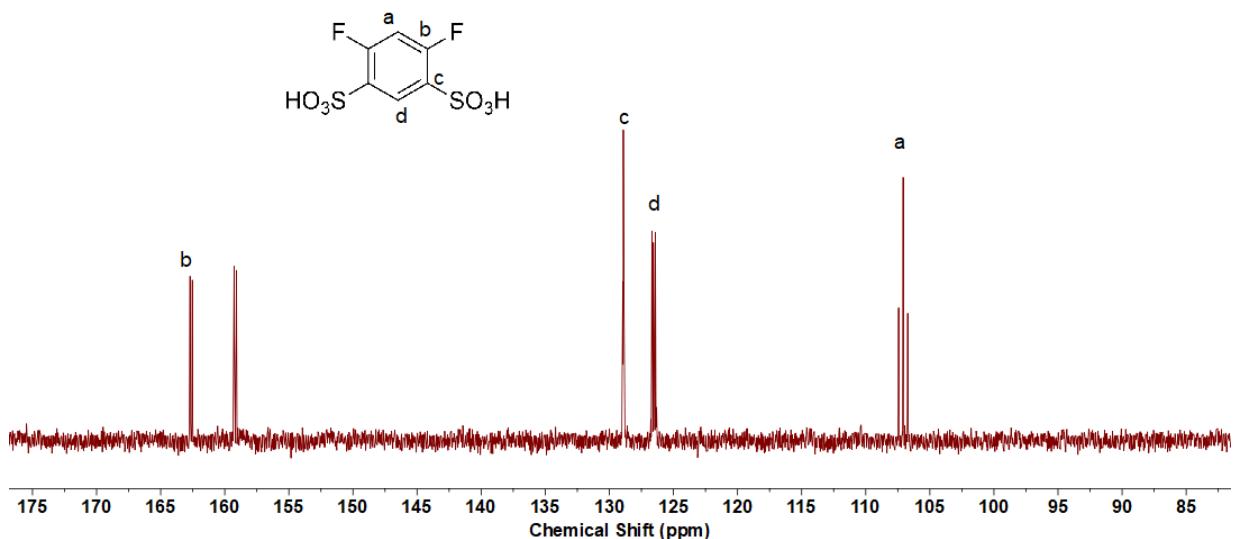
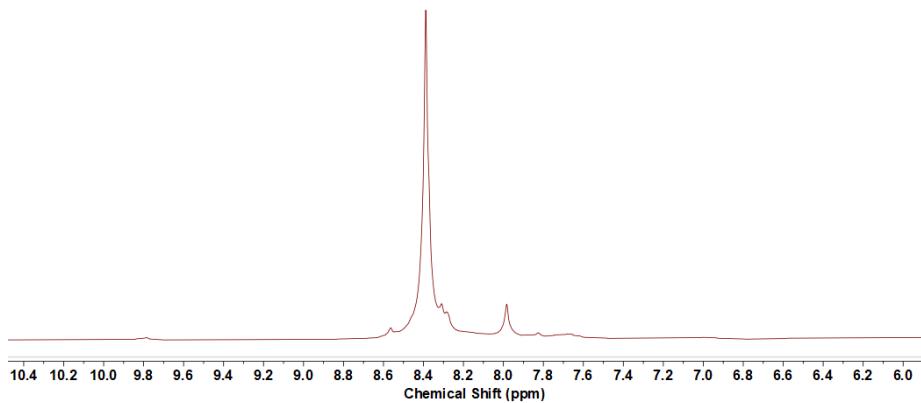
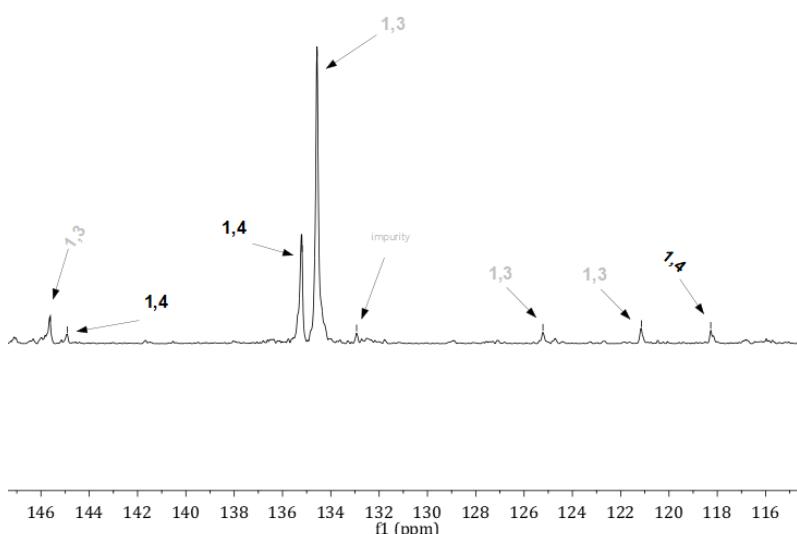


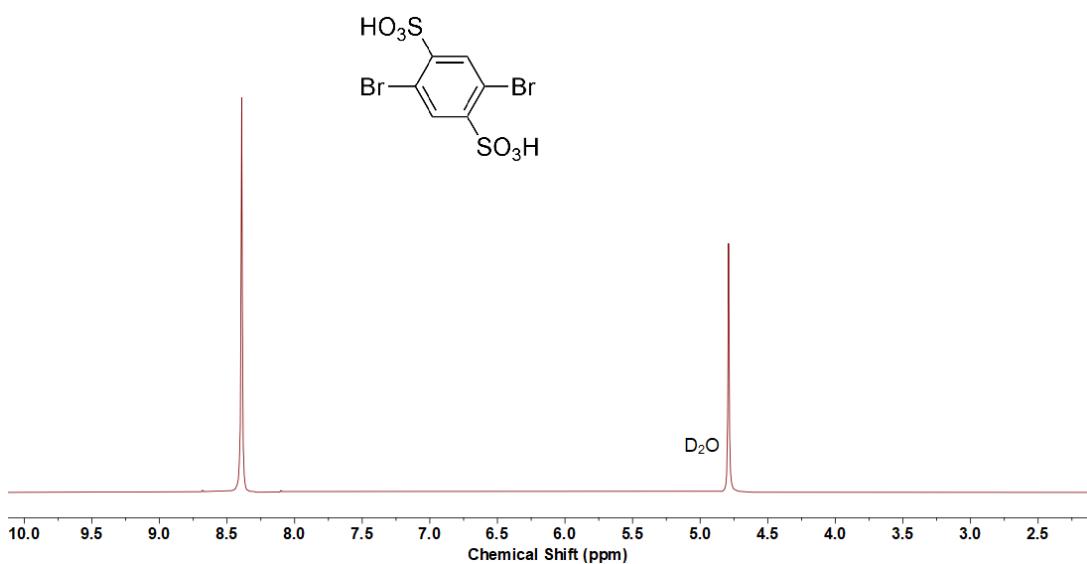
Fig. S 14 <sup>13</sup>C NMR in D<sub>2</sub>O of pure 4,6-difluoro-1,3-benzenedisulfonic acid (4)



**Fig. S 15**  $^1\text{H}$  NMR in  $\text{D}_2\text{O}$  of crude product of 1,4-dibromobenzene sulfonation before purification



**Fig. S 16**  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR in  $\text{D}_2\text{O}$  of crude product of 1,4-dibromobenzene sulfonation before purification



**Fig. S 17**  $^1\text{H}$  NMR in  $\text{D}_2\text{O}$  of pure 2,5-dibromo-1,4-benzenedisulfonic acid (5)

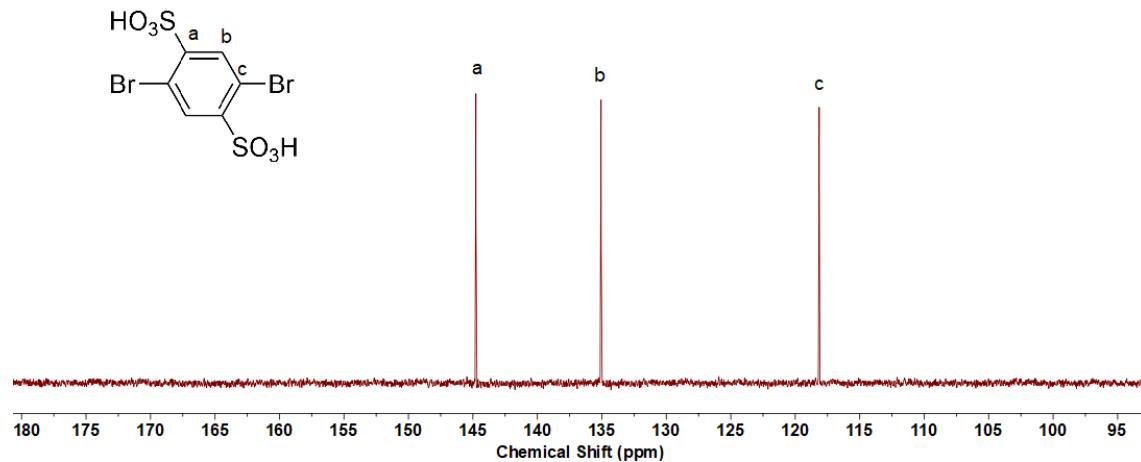


Fig. S 18  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR in  $\text{D}_2\text{O}$  of pure 2,5-dibromo-1,4-benzenedisulfonic acid (5)

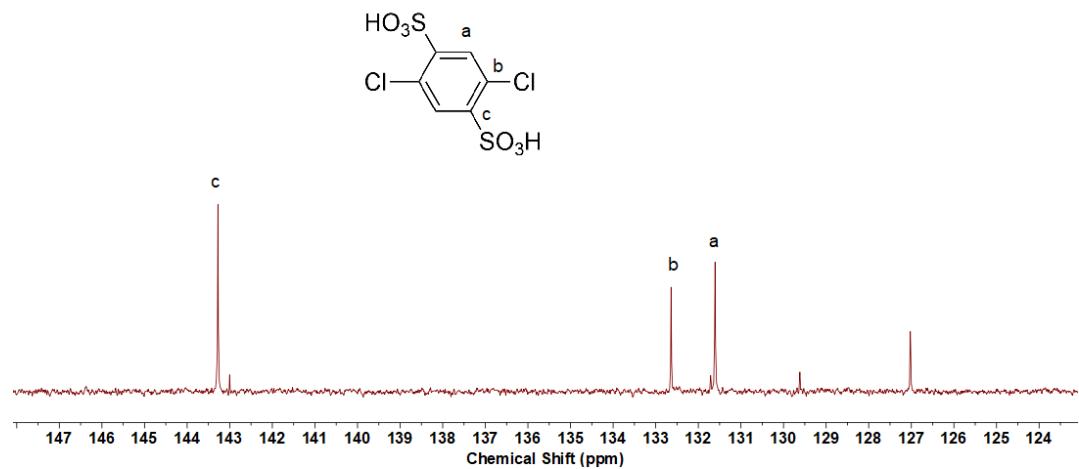
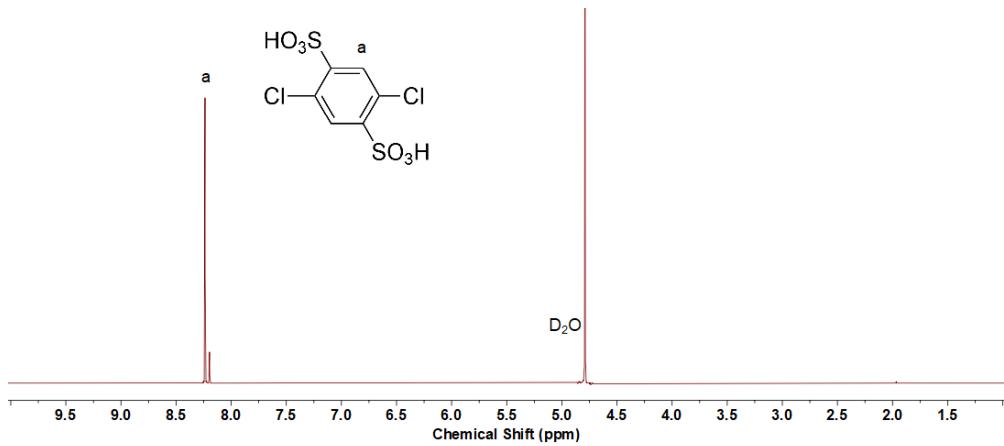
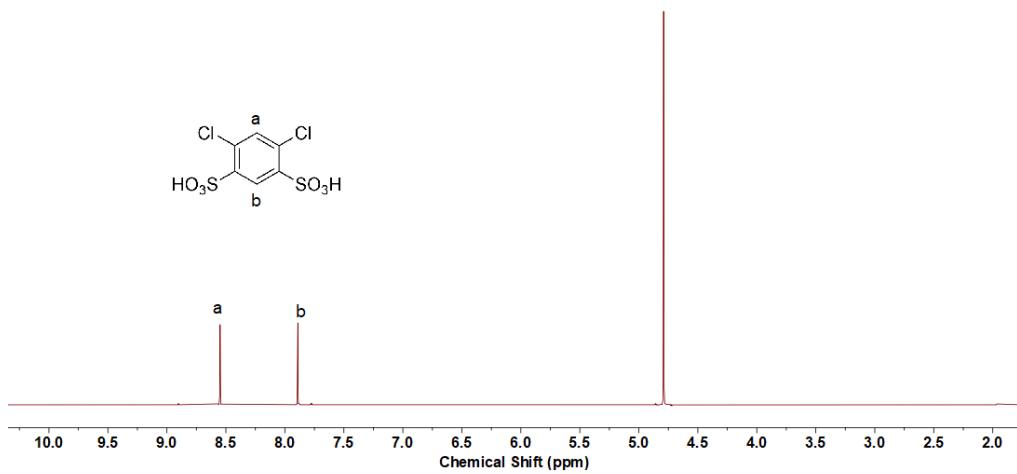


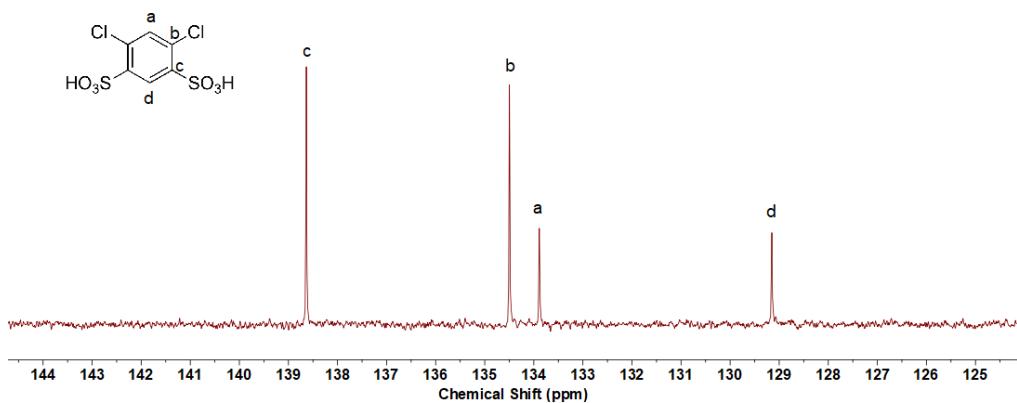
Fig. S 19  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR in  $\text{D}_2\text{O}$  of the mixture of 2,5-dichlorobenzene-1,4-disulfonate (1,4-ds-2,5-DCB) and 2,5-dichlorobenzene-1,3-disulfonate (1,3-ds-2,5-DCB) (6)



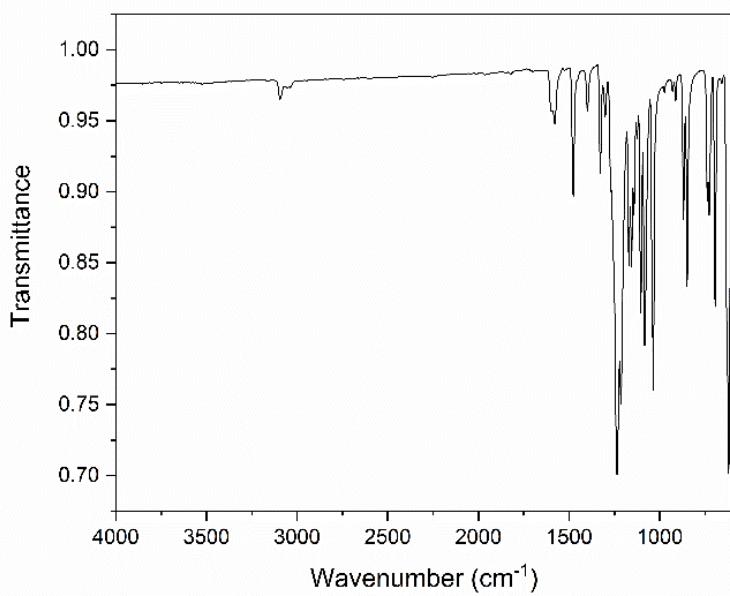
**Fig. S 20**  $^1\text{H}$  NMR of the mixture of 2,5-dichlorobenzene-1,4-disulfonate (1,4-ds-2,5-DCB) and 2,5-dichlorobenzene-1,3-disulfonate (1,3-ds-2,5-DCB) (6)



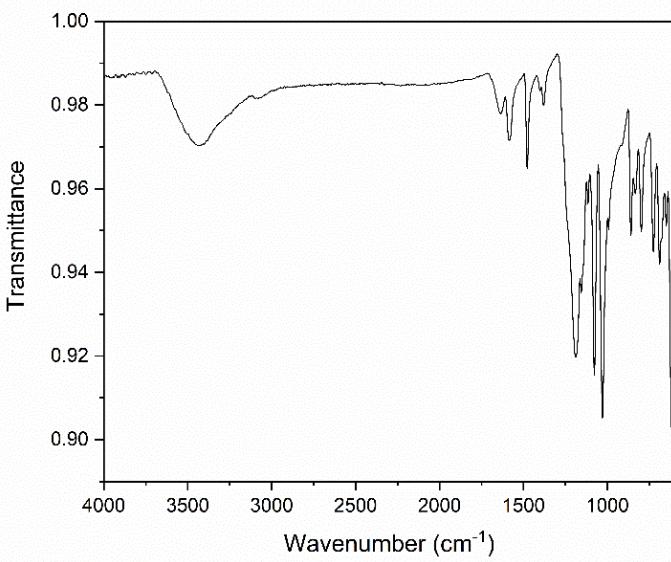
**Fig. S 21**  $^1\text{H}$  NMR in  $\text{D}_2\text{O}$  of pure 4,6-dichloro-1,3-benzenedisulfonic acid (7)



**Fig. S 22**  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR in  $\text{D}_2\text{O}$  of pure 4,6-dichloro-1,3-benzenedisulfonic acid (7)



**Fig. S 23** IR spectrum of sDFDPS (1)



**Fig. S 24** IR spectrum of sBFPO (2)

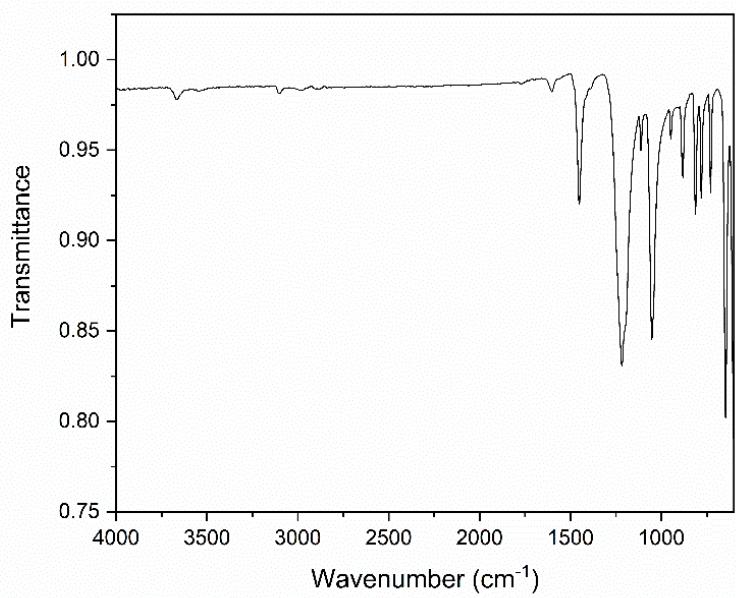


Fig. S 25 IR spectrum of 2,5-difluoro-1,3-benzenedisulfonic acid (3)

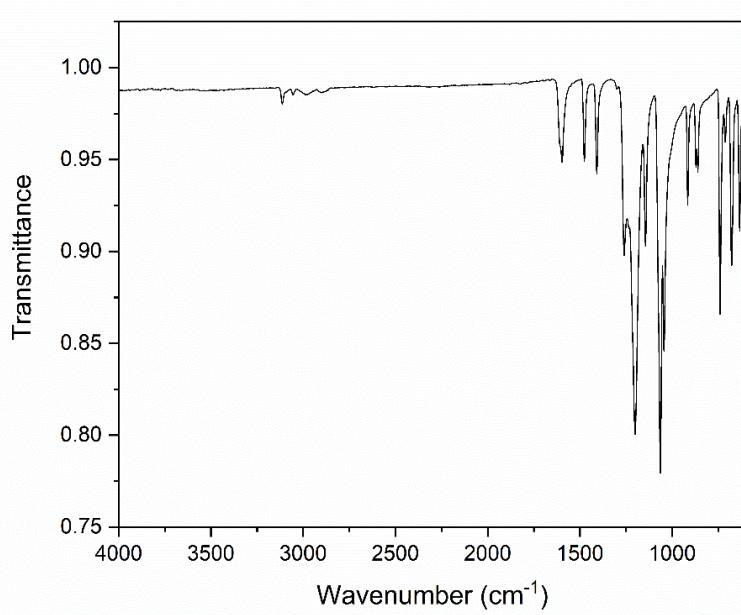


Fig. S 26 IR spectrum of 4,6-difluoro-1,3-benzenedisulfonic acid (4)

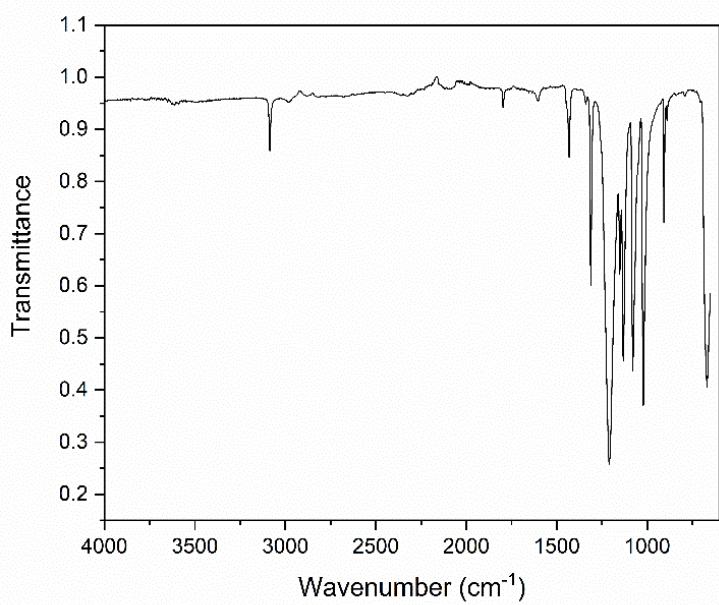


Fig. S 27 IR spectrum of 2,5-dibromo-1,4-benzenedisulfonic acid (5)

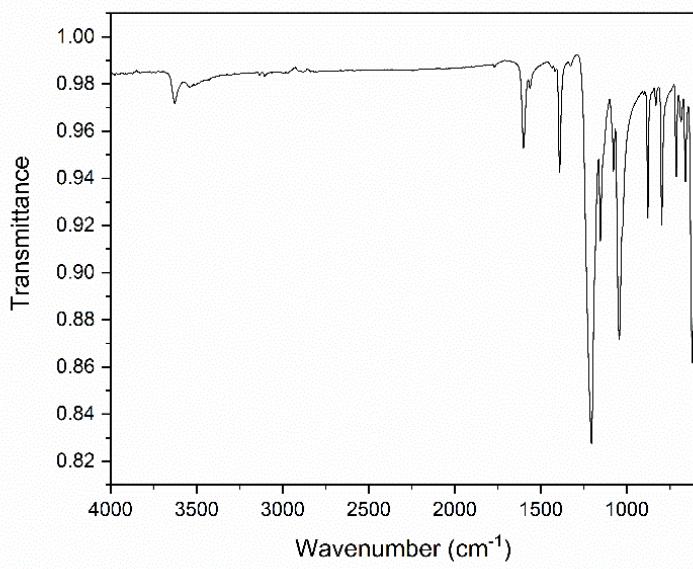
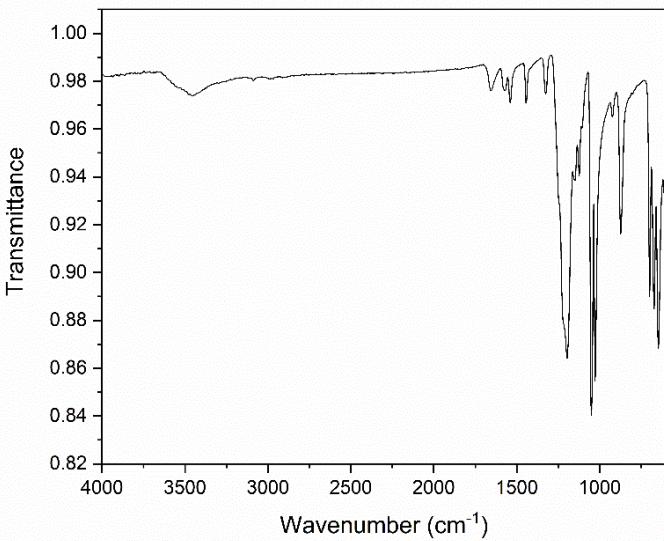


Fig. S 28 IR spectrum of the mixture of 2,5-dichlorobenzene-1,4-disulfonate (1,4-ds-2,5-DCB) and 2,5-dichlorobenzene-1,3-disulfonate (1,3-ds-2,5-DCB) (6)



**Fig. S 29** IR spectrum of 4,6-dichloro-1,3-benzenedisulfonic acid (7)

#### Sulfonation degree cross-verification by acid-base titration

Together with the  $^1\text{H}$  NMR data, the degrees of sulfonation were cross-verified by acid-base titration following this general procedure: aqueous solutions of the sulfonated monomers were passed through an H-form ion-exchange resin twice. Water was removed using a rotary evaporator, followed by drying in a vacuum oven for 96 hours to achieve a constant weight. The dried sample, with a known weight, was then dissolved in water and titrated with 0.1 M NaOH. EW is calculated following the below given equation.

$$\text{EW} = \frac{1000 \cdot m}{V_{\text{NaOH}} \cdot C_{\text{NaOH}}}$$

Where,  $V_{\text{NaOH}}$  — volume of NaOH used for titration (mL),  $C_{\text{NaOH}}$  — molar concentration of NaOH ( $\text{mol} \cdot \text{L}^{-1}$ ),  $m$  — mass of the dried sulfonated monomer in H-form (g)

The obtained equivalent weights closely matched the theoretically expected values (Table S1).

**Table S 1. Theoretical and experimental equivalent weights of obtained monomers**

Monomer	$\text{EW}_{\text{theor.}}$	$\text{EW}_{\text{Exp.}}$
sDFDPS (1)	207.18	207.04
sBFPO (2)	184.81	184.16
ds-1,4-DFB (3)	137.11	136.79
ds-1,3-DFB (4)	137.11	-*
ds-1,4-DBB (5)	198.01	197.83
1,4-ds-2,5-DCB/1,3-ds-2,5-DCB (6)	153.56	153.22
ds-1,3-DCB (7)	153.56	-*

\* Titrations for compounds **4** and **7** were omitted due to their high yields and the clarity of the  $^1\text{H}$  NMR spectra.