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# **Supporting Information**

# Asymmetric Total Syntheses of Sarglamides A, C, D, E and F

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## Supporting Information

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### **1. Experimental Section**

#### **1.1 General Information:**

Reactions were carried out in oven or flame-dried glassware under a nitrogen atmosphere, unless otherwise noted. Tetrahydrofuran (THF) was freshly distilled before use from sodium using benzophenone as indicator. Dichloromethane was freshly distilled before use from calcium hydride (CaH<sub>2</sub>). All other solvents were dried over 3Å or 4Å molecular sieves. Solvents used in workup, extraction and column chromatography were used as received from commercial suppliers without prior purification. Reactions were magnetically stirred and monitored by thin layer chromatography (TLC, 0.25 mm) on Merck pre-coated silica gel plates. Flash chromatography was performed with silica gel 60 (particle size 0.040 - 0.062 mm) supplied by Grace. <sup>1</sup>H and <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectra were recorded on a Bruker AV-400 spectrometer (400 MHz for 1H, 101 MHz for <sup>13</sup>C). Chemical shifts are reported in parts per million (ppm) as values relative to the internal chloroform (7.26 ppm for <sup>1</sup>H and 77.0 ppm for <sup>13</sup>C), dichloromethane (5.32 ppm for <sup>1</sup>H and 53.84 ppm for <sup>13</sup>C) or methanol (3.31 ppm for <sup>1</sup>H and 49.00 ppm for <sup>13</sup>C). Abbreviations for signal coupling are as follows: s, singlet; d, doublet; t, triplet; q, quartet; m, multiplet. Optical rotations were measured on a JASCO Perkin-Elmer model P-2000 polarimeter. High resolution mass spectra were measured at the Hong Kong University of Science and Technology Mass Spectrometry Service Center on either an Agilent GC/MS 5975C system or an API QSTAR XL System.

#### **1.2** General Experimental Procedures and Characterization Data

#### **1.2.1** Preparation of Diels-Alder products<sup>[1]</sup>

**Compound 8a** 



To a round-bottom flask cyclohexanone **7a** (192 mg, 2.0 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) under argon atmosphere, were added  $\alpha$ -phellandrene **6a** (1.36 g, 10.0 mmol, 5.0 equiv.) in one pot. After being stirred for overnight at room temperature, the reaction mixture was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (eluent: Acetone/*n*-Hexane, 1/20) to give compound **8a** (23.1 mg, yield: 5.1%) as a white powder.

 $\mathbf{Rf} = 0.6$  (silica, Acetone/n-Hexane, 1/20);

<sup>1</sup>**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ = 5.59 (d, 1H), 2.90 – 2.83 (m, 1H), 2.49 – 2.41 (m, 2H), 2.40 – 2.23 (m, 2H), 2.12 – 1.97 (m, 1H), 1.86 – 1.62 (m, 7H), 1.31 – 1.23 (m, 1H), 1.11 – 1.01 (m, 1H), 1.00 – 0.92 (m, 1H), 0.93 – 0.88 (m, 1H), 0.86 (d, *J* = 6.5 Hz, 3H), 0.78 (d, *J* = 6.5 Hz, 3H) ppm;

<sup>13</sup>**C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ = 214.7, 143.0, 123.1, 51.8, 47.3, 43.8, 39.5, 39.0, 37.3, 33.3, 31.2, 29.2, 21.2, 21.0, 20.9, 20.5 ppm;

**HRMS (ESI, TOF)**: calculated for  $[C_{16}H_{25}O]^+$  233.1900, found 233.1901.

#### **Compound 8b**



To a round-bottom flask cyclohexanone **7a** (192 mg, 2.0 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) under argon atmosphere, were added  $\alpha$ -terpinene **6b** (1.36 g, 10.0 mmol, 5.0 equiv.) in one pot. After being stirred for overnight at room temperature, the reaction mixture was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (eluent: Acetone/*n*-Hexane, 1/20) to give compound **8b** (25.4 mg, yield: 5.5%) as a white powder.

 $\mathbf{Rf} = 0.6$  (silica, Acetone/*n*-Hexane, 1/20);

<sup>1</sup>**H** NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta = 6.19$  (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 5.82 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 2.88 (d, J = 10.7 Hz, 1H), 2.52 (p, J = 6.9 Hz, 1H), 2.31 (dddt, J = 13.7, 9.2, 3.4, 1.1 Hz, 1H), 2.21 (td, J = 10.7, 5.2 Hz, 1H), 2.09 (ddd, J = 16.1, 9.4, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 1.88 – 1.73 (m, 2H), 1.69 – 1.62 (m, 1H), 1.50 – 1.38 (m, 1H), 1.37 – 1.28 (m, 1H), 1.28 – 1.19 (m, 1H), 1.19 – 1.11 (m, 1H), 1.09 (s, 3H), 0.98 – 0.89 (m, 1H), 0.92 (d, J = 7.0 Hz, 3H), 0.81 (d, J = 6.9 Hz, 3H) ppm;

<sup>13</sup>**C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ = 214.5, 137.1, 135.6, 57.0, 49.3, 42.5, 38.7, 36.6, 36.5, 29.5, 25.5, 22.8, 22.5, 21.1, 18.7, 16.8 ppm;

**HRMS (ESI, TOF)**: calculated for  $[C_{16}H_{25}O]^+$  233.1900, found 233.1904.

#### **1.2.2** Preparation of sarglamide E (5)

#### **Compound S1**



To a stirred suspension of  $PtO_2$  (2.95 g, 13 mmol, 0.02 mol%) in MeOH (650 mL) was added (*R*)-Carvone (100 mL, 650 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) at room temperature. The mixture was evacuated and refilled with hydrogen gas and stirred at the same temperature for 2 days. The reaction was monitored by <sup>1</sup>H-NMR with a small amount of the reaction mixture. The reaction mixture was filtered through a celite pad with diethyl ether. The filtrate was concentrated under reduced pressure. The resulting crude enone was used directly for the next step without further purification.

To a solution of the abovementioned crude enone in MeOH (650 mL) under argon atmosphere, was added 4-Methylbenzenesulfonhydrazide (127.1 g, 682 mmol, 1.05 equiv.) in one portion at room temperature. The resulting mixture was heated to 70 °C and stirred for additional 2 h. The reaction was cooled to 25 °C, and then concentrated under reduced pressure. The resulting residue was used directly without further purification.





To a cooled (0 °C) solution of the crude hydrazone (25.6 g, 80 mmol, 1 equiv.) obtained above in diethyl ether (320 mL) under argon atmosphere, was added MeLi (100 mL, 160 mmol, 2.0 equiv., 1.6 M in Et<sub>2</sub>O) dropwise over 0.5 h at the same temperature. After being stirred for another 4 h at room temperature, the resulting mixture was allowed to stir at 0 °C for another 0.5 h, the reaction was quenched with a saturated aqueous NH<sub>4</sub>Cl solution over 20 min. The mixture was allowed to warm to room temperature, the organic layer was collected, and aqueous phase was extracted with pentane (4 × 200 mL). The combined organic phases were washed with brine, dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, filtered, and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (eluent: Pentane only) to give (*S*)-(+)- $\alpha$ -phellandrene **6a**<sup>[2]</sup> (8.17 g, 60 mmol, yield: 75%) as a colorless oil.

#### **Compound 8**



Procedure A (*Neat condition*): To a round-bottom flask 1,4-Benzoquinone (3.56 g, 33 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) under argon atmosphere, were added (*S*)-(+)- $\alpha$ -phellandrene (15.7 g, 115.5 mmol, 3.5 equiv.) obtained above in one pot. After being stirred for 7 days at room temperature, the reaction mixture was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (eluent: Pentane only to EtOAc/*n*-Hexane, 1/9) to give compound **8** (4.91 g, yield: 60%) as a yellow solid.

Procedure B (*EtOH/H<sub>2</sub>O as solvent*): To a round-bottom flask 1,4-Benzoquinone (21.6 g, 200 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) under argon atmosphere in EtOH/H<sub>2</sub>O (500 mL, 1/1), were added (*S*)-(+)- $\alpha$ -phellandrene (32.8 g, 241 mmol, 1.2 equiv.) obtained above in one pot. After being stirred for 1 h at reflux temperature, Et<sub>2</sub>O (200 mL) was then added, and the organic layer was separated. The aqueous phase was extracted with Et<sub>2</sub>O (4 × 500 mL). The combined organic phases were washed with brine, dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> and MgSO<sub>4</sub>, filtered, and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel to give compound **8** (26.8 g, yield: 55%)

 $\mathbf{Rf} = 0.4$  (silica, EtOAc/*n*-Hexane = 1:4);

 $[\alpha]_{D}^{25} = +35.7 (c \ 1.0, DCM);$ 

<sup>1</sup>**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta = 6.63$  (s, 2H), 5.67 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 1H), 3.19 (dt, J = 6.3, 2.3

Hz, 1H), 2.97 – 2.91 (m, 2H), 2.87 (dd, *J* = 9.1, 2.5 Hz, 1H), 1.86 (ddd, *J* = 13.0, 9.2, 2.5 Hz, 1H), 1.66 (d, *J* = 1.7 Hz, 3H), 1.40 (tdd, *J* = 9.3, 5.4, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 1.10 – 0.99 (m, 2H), 0.89 (d, *J* = 6.5 Hz, 3H), 0.78 (d, *J* = 6.5 Hz, 3H) ppm;

<sup>13</sup>**C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ = 199.8, 199.5, 142.5, 142.4, 141.6, 123.2, 50.7, 48.6, 45.6, 41.7, 39.2, 33.3, 31.7, 21.0, 20.7, 20.2 ppm;

**HRMS (ESI, TOF)**: calculated for  $[C_{16}H_{20}O_2+Na]^+$  267.1356, found 267.1368.

# $i_{Pr} \xrightarrow{H} \underbrace{0}_{0} \underbrace{0}_{0$

**Compound 10a and 10b** 

CeCl<sub>3</sub>7H<sub>2</sub>O (18.6 g, 50.0 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) was added to a Schlenk tube (250 mL) and evacuated. The tube was immersed in a pre-heated oil bath (140 °C) with evacuation, while the water was trapped by liquid nitrogen. After 1 h heating without stirring, the cerium chloride was completely dried by a vigorous stirring at the same temperature for an additional 2 h. While the flask was still hot, the flask was filled with argon gas and then cooled to 0 °C. Freshly distilled THF (100 mL) was added to the flask containing cerium chloride at the same temperature and allowed to stir for another 2 h at room temperature.

To a cooled (-78 °C) solution of LHMDS (50.0 mL, 50.0 mmol, 1.0 equiv., 1.0 M in THF) under argon atmosphere in THF (50 mL), was added *t*-BuOAc (6.7 mL, 50.0 mmol, 1.0 equiv.). After 1.5 h of stirring at -78 °C, the mixture containing cerium chloride made *in situ* above was added dropwise and stirred at -78 °C for another 2 h.

After being stirred for 2 h, the mixture was added to compound **8** (12.2 g, 50.0 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) in THF (50 mL) dropwise at -78 °C. After the addition, the reaction mixture was allowed to stir

for an additional 2 h at the same temperature. The mixture was quenched with saturated aqueous NH<sub>4</sub>Cl. Et<sub>2</sub>O (100 mL) and H<sub>2</sub>O (100 mL) were then added, and the organic layer was separated. The aqueous phase was extracted with Et<sub>2</sub>O ( $4 \times 100$  mL). The combined organic phases were washed with brine, dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> and MgSO<sub>4</sub>, filtered, and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (eluent: DCM/Et<sub>2</sub>O/*n*-Hexane, 1/1/4 to 2/2/4) to give compound **10a** (6.3 g, 17.5 mmol) and compound **10b** (6.3 g, 17.5 mmol) respectively as a pale-yellow oil in 70% yield in total.

#### **Compound 10a:**

 $\mathbf{Rf} = 0.35$  (silica, DCM/Et<sub>2</sub>O/*n*-Hexane = 1:1:3);

 $[\alpha]_{D}^{25} = +27.8 \ (c \ 1.0, \text{DCM});$ 

<sup>1</sup>**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta = 6.57$  (dd, J = 10.3, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 5.75 (d, J = 10.3 Hz, 1H), 5.59 – 5.28 (m, 1H), 3.01 (ddd, J = 6.3, 3.7, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 2.89 (dq, J = 3.3, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 2.63 (dd, J = 8.3, 3.7 Hz, 1H), 2.49 (d, J = 15.9 Hz, 1H), 2.39 (d, J = 15.9 Hz, 1H), 2.21 (dt, J = 8.4, 1.7 Hz, 1H), 1.72 (d, J = 1.7 Hz, 3H), 1.70 – 1.58 (m, 1H), 1.44 (s, 9H), 1.40 – 1.28 (m, 1H), 1.10 (dh, J = 9.0, 6.5 Hz, 1H), 0.92 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 1H), 0.87 (d, J = 6.6 Hz, 3H), 0.77 (d, J = 6.6 Hz, 3H) ppm;

<sup>13</sup>**C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ = 200.9, 171.6, 150.5, 144.5, 130.4, 121.8, 82.6, 70.1, 50.5, 49.7, 44.4, 44.0, 40.1, 35.4, 34.6, 33.2, 28.0, 21.2, 20.4, 20.2 ppm;

**HRMS (ESI, TOF)**: calculated for  $[C_{22}H_{32}O_4Si+Na]^+$  383.2193, found 383.2195.

#### **Compound 10b**:

 $\mathbf{Rf} = 0.35$  (silica, DCM/Et<sub>2</sub>O/*n*-Hexane = 1:1:3);

 $[\alpha]_{D^{25}} = +53.4 (c \ 1.0, DCM);$ 

<sup>1</sup>**H** NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta = 6.60$  (dd, J = 10.3, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 5.84 (d, J = 10.3 Hz, 1H), 5.70 (dt, J = 6.3, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 3.17 – 3.10 (m, 1H), 2.77 (dt, J = 3.4, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 2.73 (dd, J = 8.5, 3.5 Hz, 1H), 2.50 (d, J = 15.9 Hz, 1H), 2.40 (d, J = 15.9 Hz, 1H), 2.21 (dt, J = 8.6, 1.6 Hz,

1H), 1.78 (ddd, *J* = 13.1, 9.1, 2.3 Hz, 1H), 1.56 (d, *J* = 1.7 Hz, 3H), 1.44 (s, 9H), 1.18 (dddd, *J* = 9.3, 6.6, 4.2, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 1.09 – 0.95 (m, 2H), 0.87 (d, *J* = 6.5 Hz, 3H), 0.75 (d, *J* = 6.5 Hz, 3H) ppm;

<sup>13</sup>**C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ = 13C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 200.0, 171.5, 152.8, 139.7, 129.3, 124.7, 82.5, 70.0, 49.6, 49.1, 48.3, 47.3, 43.1, 33.2, 32.8, 30.7, 28.0, 21.1, 20.8, 20.4 ppm;

**HRMS (ESI, TOF)**: calculated for [C<sub>22</sub>H<sub>32</sub>O<sub>4</sub>Si+Na]<sup>+</sup> 383.2193, found 383.2199.

#### **Compound 9b**

Acid DCM Me 77% Мe C₀<sup>t</sup>Bu 10b 9b Acid Temp 9b Yield Entry (1.0 eq.)  $(^{\circ}C)$ (%) 1 p-TsOH 25-40 Complex 2 Amberlyst-15 25-40 74 3 CSA No Pdt 25 4 PPTS 25-40 NR 5 25 77 BF<sub>3</sub>-Et<sub>2</sub>O 74 6 25 **TMSOTf** 7 TBSOTf 25 74 8 Sc(OTf)<sub>3</sub> 25 NR 9 25 78 FeCl<sub>3</sub>

 Table 1. Optimization of cycloetherification and intramolecular oxa-Michael addition

[a] Reaction conditions: **11b** (0.035 mmol), Lewis acid (0.035 mmol), and DCM (0.5 mL) were mixed and stirred at room or specified temperature under  $N_2$  atmosphere. [b] NMR yield with  $CH_2Br_2$  as internal standard.

To a solution of compound **10b** (1.56 g, 4.33 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) in DCM (45 mL) under argon atmosphere, was added FeCl<sub>3</sub> (702 mg, 4.33 mmol, 1.0 equiv.). After being stirred for 1 h at the same temperature, the reaction mixture was quenched with saturated aqueous NaHCO<sub>3</sub>, and the organic layer was separated. The aqueous phase was extracted with DCM ( $3 \times 30$  mL). The combined organic phases were washed with brine, dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, filtered, and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (eluent: EtOAc/*n*-Hexane, 1/4) to give the corresponding pentacyclic **9b** (1.02 g, yield: 77%) as a white powder.

 $\mathbf{Rf} = 0.3$  (silica, EtOAc/*n*-Hexane = 1:4);

 $[\alpha]_D^{25} = -33.1 \ (c \ 1.0, \ DCM);$ 

<sup>1</sup>**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta = 4.37$  (t, J = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 3.00 (dd, J = 13.1, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 2.90 (d, J = 17.2 Hz, 1H), 2.75 (d, J = 17.4 Hz, 1H), 2.65 (dd, J = 13.2, 8.1 Hz, 1H), 2.58 – 2.51 (m, 1H), 2.32 (d, J = 4.6 Hz, 1H), 2.26 (d, J = 5.9 Hz, 1H), 2.17 (t, J = 6.5 Hz, 1H), 1.81 (ddd, J = 12.8, 7.8, 4.7 Hz, 1H), 1.53 – 1.47 (m, 1H), 1.46 – 1.32 (m, 3H), 1.10 – 1.04 (m, 1H), 1.08 (s, 3H), 0.90 (t, J = 6.2 Hz, 6H) ppm;

<sup>13</sup>**C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ = 208.5, 173.3, 81.1, 78.4, 76.1, 45.8, 42.2, 41.9, 41.3, 40.2, 35.0, 31.6, 29.5, 29.5, 27.0, 23.5, 21.5, 20.2 ppm;

**HRMS (ESI, TOF)**: calculated for  $[C_{18}H_{25}O_4]^+$  305.1747, found 305.1758.

**Compound 15b** 



To a compound **9b** (1.02 g, 3.35 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) under argon atmosphere, was added NH<sub>4</sub>OH (5 mL). After being stirred for overnight at the same temperature, the reaction mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (eluent: MeOH/DCM, 1/20) to give the corresponding amide **15b** (909 mg, yield:

89%) as a white powder.

Rf = 0.4 (silica, MeOH/DCM = 1:10);

 $[\alpha]_D^{25} = -19.8 \ (c \ 0.9, \ DCM);$ 

<sup>1</sup>**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ = 6.15 (s, 1H), 3.77 (dd, *J* = 8.9, 7.7 Hz, 1H), 2.80 (dd, *J* = 12.3, 7.7 Hz, 1H), 2.74 (d, *J* = 16.9 Hz, 1H), 2.64 – 2.54 (m, 2H), 2.43 (dd, *J* = 12.3, 8.9 Hz, 1H), 2.33 (d, *J* = 4.6 Hz, 1H), 2.20 (dd, *J* = 9.5, 5.9 Hz, 2H), 1.80 (ddd, *J* = 12.9, 7.8, 4.7 Hz, 1H), 1.55 – 1.30 (m, 4H), 1.08 (s, 4H), 0.90 (dd, *J* = 6.4, 4.6 Hz, 6H) ppm;

<sup>13</sup>**C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ = 210.2, 174.6, 79.3, 75.7, 59.9, 45.9, 42.7, 42.5, 41.7, 41.5, 35.9, 31.5, 29.6, 29.5, 27.3, 23.6, 21.6, 20.3 ppm;

**HRMS (ESI, TOF)**: calculated for  $[C_{18}H_{26}NO_3]^+$  304.1907, found 304.1914.

#### **Compounds 16a and 16b**



To a cooled (0 °C) solution of compound **15b** (20 mg, 0.07 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) in dimethoxyethane (1.5 mL) under argon atmosphere, was added RhH(CO)(PPh<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub> (6.4 mg, 0.007 mmol, 0.1 equiv.). Then, PhSiH<sub>3</sub> (39  $\mu$ L, 0.35 mmol, 5.0 equiv.) was added dropwise. After being stirred 1.5 h at room temperature, the reaction mixture was quenched with saturated aqueous NaHCO<sub>3</sub> (2 mL), and the organic layer was separated. The aqueous phase was extracted with ethyl acetate (3 × 3 mL). The combined organic phases were washed with brine, dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, filtered, and concentrated under reduced pressure. The resulting crude amine **16a** and **16b** were used directly for the next step without further purification.

Sarglamide E (5)



To a cooled (0 °C) solution of amine **16b** obtained above in DCM (1 mL) under argon atmosphere, was added Et<sub>3</sub>N (5.5  $\mu$ L, 0.039 mmol, 1.1 equiv.) and cinnamoyl chloride (7.2 mg, 0.04 mmol, 1.1 equiv.). After being stirred for 1 h at the same temperature, the reaction mixture was quenched with saturated aqueous NaHCO<sub>3</sub>, and the organic layer was separated. The aqueous phase was extracted with DCM (3 × 3 mL). The combined organic phases were washed with brine, dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, filtered, and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (eluent: EtOAc/*n*-Hexane, 1/2) to give the corresponding sarglamide E (**5**) (13.1 mg, yield: 45% in 2 steps) as a white powder.

 $\mathbf{Rf} = 0.4$  (silica, EtOAc/*n*-Hexane = 1:1);

 $[\alpha]_{D^{25}} = -26.4 (c \ 0.5, MeOH); lit.^{[3]} [\alpha]_{D^{22}} = -175 (c \ 0.3, MeOH)$ 

<sup>1</sup>**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta = 7.69$  (d, J = 15.3 Hz, 1H), 7.67 (d, J = 15.3 Hz, 1H), 7.51 (m, 2H), 7.37 (m, 3H), 6.68 (d, J = 15.3 Hz, 1H), 6.54 (d, J = 15.3 Hz, 1H), 4.16 (m, 1H), 4.00 (m, 1H), 3.94 (m, 1H), 3.92 (m, 1H), 3.73 (m, 1H), 3.49 (m, 1H), 3.05 (m, 1H), 2.60 (m, 1H), 2.59 (m, 1H), 2.55 (m, 1H), 2.40 (m, 1H), 2.39-2.38 (m, 1H), 2.37 (m, 3H), 2.23 (m, 1H), 2.22 (m, 1H), 2.19 (m, 1H), 2.08 (m, 1H), 1.98 (m, 1H), 1.81 (ddd, J = 12.8, 8.1, 4.7 Hz, 1H), 1.58-1.57 (m, 1H), 1.49 (m, 1H), 1.48-1.47 (m, 1H), 1.39 (m, 1H), 1.10-1.09 (s, 3H), 1.09 (m, 1H), 0.93 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 3H), 0.91 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 3H) ppm;

<sup>13</sup>**C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ = 212.1, 211.2, 165.7, 142.8, 135.2, 130.0, 129.0, 128.1, 118.2, 83.4, 81.8, 75.7, 63.2, 62.9, 46.1, 45.7, 43.8, 41.9, 41.8, 35.2, 35.0, 34.4, 31.7, 29.9, 29.9, 29.8, 29.8, 28.1, 24.0, 21.8, 20.5 ppm;

**HRMS (ESI, TOF)**: calculated for  $[C_{27}H_{34}NO_3]^+$  420.2533, found 420.2539.

#### **1.2.3** Preparation of Sarglamide F (17)

#### **Compound 9a**



To a solution of compound **10a** (1.3 g, 3.2 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) in DCM (30 mL) under argon atmosphere, was added amberlyst-15 (1.0 g, 3.2 mmol, 1.0 equiv.). After being stirred for 4 h at the reflux temperature, the reaction mixture was filtered with celite and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (eluent: EtOAc/*n*-Hexane, 1/4) to give the corresponding pentacyclic **9a** (515 mg, yield: 53%) as a white powder.

 $\mathbf{Rf} = 0.3$  (silica, EtOAc/*n*-Hexane = 1:4);

 $[\alpha]_{D^{25}} = -28.9 (c \ 1.0, DCM);$ 

<sup>1</sup>**H** NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta = 4.62$  (dd, J = 9.3, 7.3 Hz, 1H), 2.95 (dd, J = 12.6, 7.3 Hz, 1H), 2.87 – 2.76 (m, 2H), 2.68 – 2.59 (m, 2H), 2.39 – 2.33 (m, 2H), 2.04 – 1.94 (m, 2H), 1.44 – 1.34 (m, 2H), 1.31 – 1.23 (m, 1H), 1.21 (s, 3H), 1.15 (ddd, J = 15.8, 7.2, 2.7 Hz, 1H), 1.02 – 0.93 (m, 1H), 0.86 (dd, J = 6.6, 5.4 Hz, 6H) ppm;

<sup>13</sup>**C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ = 207.6, 173.2, 82.2, 81.5, 81.0, 51.4, 45.6, 43.9, 42.8, 42.8, 42.7, 34.3, 32.3, 26.3, 24.6, 24.0, 20.8, 20.7 ppm;

**HRMS (ESI, TOF)**: calculated for  $[C_{18}H_{24}O_4+Na]^+$  327.1567, found 327.1578.

#### **Compound 15a**



To a compound 9a (150 mg, 0.5 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) under argon atmosphere, was added NH4OH (2 mL) in the sealed tube. After being stirred for overnight at the 70 °C, the reaction mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (eluent: MeOH/DCM, 1/20) to give the corresponding amide **15a** (95 mg, yield: 61%) as a white powder.

Rf = 0.4 (silica, MeOH/DCM = 1:10);

 $[\alpha]_{D}^{25} = +11.1 \ (c \ 0.5, \ DCM);$ 

<sup>1</sup>**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta = 6.48$  (s, 1H), 3.94 (dd, J = 10.5, 6.5 Hz, 1H), 2.84 (dd, J = 9.9, 3.3 Hz, 1H), 2.74 (dd, J = 11.8, 6.5 Hz, 1H), 2.65 (d, J = 17.7 Hz, 1H), 2.53 – 2.41 (m, 2H), 2.40 – 2.28 (m, 2H), 2.05 – 1.85 (m, 2H), 1.49 – 1.37 (m, 2H), 1.37 – 1.24 (m, 1H), 1.23 (s, 3H), 1.21 – 1.12 (m, 1H), 1.05 – 0.94 (m, 1H), 0.95 – 0.83 (m, 6H) ppm;

<sup>13</sup>**C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ = 209.0, 174.3, 81.8, 81.8, 59.4, 51.9, 46.9, 45.5, 44.1, 44.0, 42.6, 34.6, 32.4, 26.3, 24.8, 24.1, 20.8, 20.8 ppm;

**HRMS (ESI, TOF)**: calculated for  $[C_{18}H_{26}NO_3]^+$  304.1907, found 304.1913.

**Compound 16c** 



To a cooled (0 °C) solution of compound 15a (15 mg, 0.05 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) in

dimethoxyethane (1.5 mL) under argon atmosphere, was added RhH(CO)(PPh<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub> (4.5 mg, 0.005 mmol, 0.1 equiv.). Then, PhSiH<sub>3</sub> (28  $\mu$ L, 0.25 mmol, 5.0 equiv.) was added dropwise. After being stirred 1.5 h at room temperature, the reaction mixture was quenched with saturated aqueous NaHCO<sub>3</sub> (2 mL), and the organic layer was separated. The aqueous phase was extracted with ethyl acetate (3 × 3 mL). The combined organic phases were washed with brine, dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, filtered, and concentrated under reduced pressure. The resulting crude amine **16c** was used directly for the next step without further purification.

#### Sarglamide F (17)



To a cooled (0 °C) solution of crude amine **16c** obtained above in DCM (1 mL) under argon atmosphere, was added Et<sub>3</sub>N (4.3  $\mu$ L, 0.03 mmol, 1.1 equiv.) and cinnamoyl chloride (5.1 mg, 0.03 mmol, 1.1 equiv.). After being stirred for 1 h at the same temperature, the reaction mixture was quenched with saturated aqueous NaHCO<sub>3</sub>, and the organic layer was separated. The aqueous phase was extracted with DCM (3 × 5 mL). The combined organic phases were washed with brine, dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, filtered, and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (eluent: EtOAc/*n*-Hexane, 1/2) to give the corresponding sarglamide F (**17**) (9.8 mg, yield: 44% in 2 steps) as a white powder.

 $\mathbf{Rf} = 0.35$  (silica, EtOAc/*n*-Hexane = 1:1);

 $[\alpha]_{D^{25}} = -128.2 \ (c \ 1.0, \ DCM);$ 

<sup>1</sup>**H** NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>, Rotamer):  $\delta = 7.71$  (m, 1H), 7.51 (m, 2H), 7.36 (m, 3H), 6.60 (d, J = 15.2 Hz, 1H), 4.24 (m, 1H), 3.65 (m, 1H), 3.32 (m, 1H), 2.82 (m, 2H), 2.40 (m, 3H), 2.06 (m, 4H), 1.47 (m, 2H), 1.18-1.30 (m, 3H), 1.23 (m, 3H), 1.01 (m, 1H), 0.89 (m, 6H) ppm;

<sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>, Rotamer): δ = 210.8, 210.0, 164.8, 143.2, 142.4, 134.9, 129.8, 128.8, 127.9, 118.1, 117.1, 87.8, 85.5, 81.4, 62.0, 51.4, 45.5, 45.3, 44.6, 44.3, 44.0, 43.1, 42.2,

38.7, 34.6, 32.5, 29.7, 27.5, 26.6, 24.7, 24.1, 20.8, 20.8 ppm;

**HRMS (ESI, TOF)**: calculated for  $[C_{27}H_{34}NO_3]^+$  420.2533, found 420.2535.

#### **1.2.4** Preparation of Sarglamide A (1)

**Compound 21a** 



To a cooled (0 °C) solution of compound **10a** (1.08 g, 3.0 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) in DCM (30 mL) under argon atmosphere, was added 2,6-lutidine (0.38 mL, 3.3 mmol, 1.1 equiv.). After being stirred for another 5 min at the same temperature, TMSOTf (0.60 mL, 3.3 mmol, 1.1 equiv.) dropwise. After being stirred for 1 h at 0 °C, the reaction mixture was quenched with saturated aqueous NaHCO<sub>3</sub>, and the organic layer was separated. The aqueous phase was extracted with DCM ( $3 \times 15$  mL). The combined organic phases were washed with brine, dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, filtered, and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (eluent: EtOAc/*n*-Hexane, 1/20) to give the corresponding silyl protected acetate **21a** (1.03 g, yield: 79%) as a colorless oil.

 $\mathbf{Rf} = 0.21$  (silica, EtOAc/*n*-Hexane = 1:20);

 $[\alpha]_D^{25} = +39.5 (c \ 0.2, DCM);$ 

<sup>1</sup>**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta = 6.73$  (dd, J = 10.3, 1.7 Hz, 1H), 5.72 (d, J = 10.3 Hz, 1H), 5.45 (d, J = 6.2 Hz, 1H), 3.03 (m, 1H), 2.71 (m, 1H), 2.64 (dd, J = 8.4, 3.7 Hz, 1H), 2.58 (d, J = 14.6 Hz, 1H), 2.49 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 2.45 (d, J = 14.6 Hz, 1H), 1.71 (m, 1H), 1.70 (d, J = 1.6 Hz, 3H), 1.43 (m, 1H), 1.42 (s, 9H), 1.11 (m, 1H), 0.87 (d, J = 6.6 Hz, 3H), 0.82 (m, 1H), 0.77 (d, J = 6.6 Hz, 3H), 0.22 (s, 9H) ppm;

<sup>13</sup>**C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ = 200.8, 168.3, 151.0, 144.4, 129.5, 121.9, 81.1, 74.0, 51.7, 50.9, 44.6, 43.8, 39.7, 36.4, 34.9, 33.2, 28.1, 21.2, 20.6, 20.2, 2.4 ppm;

**HRMS (ESI, TOF)**: calculated for [C<sub>25</sub>H<sub>40</sub>O<sub>4</sub>Si+Na]<sup>+</sup> 455.2588, found 455.2595.

**Compound 18a** 



To a cooled (-78 °C) solution of silyl protected acetate **21a** (898 mg, 2.08 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) in DCM (20 mL), was added to DIBAL-H (8.3 mL, 8.32 mmol, 4.0 equiv., 1.0 M in hexane) dropwise. After being stirred for 1 h at the same temperature, the resulting mixture was quenched with saturated aqueous Rochelle salt carefully. The resulting mixture was allowed to stir at room temperature for another 3 h before the organic layer was separated. The aqueous phase was extracted with DCM ( $3 \times 10$  mL). The combined organic phases were washed with brine, dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, filtered, and concentrated under reduced pressure. The resulting crude diol was used directly for the next step without further purification.

To a cooled (0 °C) suspension of the above-mentioned diol and NaHCO<sub>3</sub> (1.7 g, 20.8 mmol, 10.0 equiv.) in DCM (24 mL) under argon atmosphere, was added DMP (2.5 g, 6.24 mmol, 3.0 equiv.) in 3 portions. After being stirred for 2 h at the same temperature, the reaction mixture was quenched with saturated NaHCO<sub>3</sub> and Na<sub>2</sub>S<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> were added sequentially. After being stirred for 2 h at room temperature, the organic layer was separated, and the aqueous phases was extracted with DCM ( $3 \times 10$  mL). The combined organic phases were washed with brine, dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, filtered, and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (eluent: EtOAc/*n*-Hexane, 1/20 to 1/16) to give compound **18a** (360 mg, yield: 48%, over 2 steps) as a colorless oil.

 $\mathbf{Rf} = 0.65$  (silica, EtOAc/*n*-Hexane = 1:4);

 $[\alpha]_{D}^{25} = +28.8 (c \ 0.5, DCM);$ 

<sup>1</sup>**H** NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta = 9.67$  (t, J = 2.4 Hz, 1H), 6.63 (dd, J = 10.3, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 5.66 (d, J = 10.3 Hz, 1H), 5.37 (d, J = 6.2 Hz, 1H), 2.98 (m, 1H), 2.66 (m, 1H), 2.62 (dd, J = 15.7,

2.24 Hz, 1H), 2.54, (dd, *J* = 8.3, 3.8 Hz, 1H), 2.48 (dd, *J* = 15.7, 3.04 Hz, 1H), 2.23 (d, *J* = 8.28 Hz, 1H), 1.63 (d, *J* = 1.6 Hz, 3H), 1.28 (m, 1H), 1.03 (m, 1H), 0.87 (m, 1H) 0.78 (d, *J* = 6.6 Hz, 3H), 0.75 (m, 1H), 0.69 (d, *J* = 6.6 Hz, 3H), 0.15 (s, 9H) ppm;

<sup>13</sup>**C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ = 199.8, 199.7, 149.6, 144.2, 130.0, 122.0, 74.2, 58.6, 50.4, 45.5, 43.4, 39.8, 36.1, 34.6, 33.0, 21.0, 20.4, 20.0, 2.3 ppm;

**HRMS (ESI, TOF)**: calculated for  $[C_{21}H_{32}O_3Si+Na]^+$  383.2013, found 383.2018.

#### **Compound 19a**



To a solution of compound **18a** (72 mg, 0.2 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) in DCE (2 mL) under argon atmosphere, was added a NH<sub>3</sub> (57  $\mu$ L, 0.4 mmol, 2.0 equiv., 7M in MeOH). Once the starting material disappeared based on TLC, the resulting mixture was evacuated under reduced pressure.

To a cooled (0 °C) suspension of the abovementioned imine in MeOH (2 mL) under argon atmosphere, was added NaBH(OAc)<sub>3</sub> (127 mg, 0.6 mmol, 3.0 equiv.) in one portion. After being stirred for overnight at 0 °C, the reaction mixture was quenched with saturated aqueous NaHCO<sub>3</sub>. The organic layer was separated, and the aqueous phase was extracted with EtOAc (3 × 2 mL). The combined organic phases were washed with brine, dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> and MgSO<sub>4</sub>, filtered, and concentrated under reduced pressure. The resulting amine was used directly for the next step without further purification.

To a cooled (0 °C) suspension of the abovementioned amine in DCM (2 mL) under argon atmosphere, was added added triethylamine (31  $\mu$ L, 0.22 mmol, 1.1 equiv.) and cinnamoyl chloride (33 mg, 0.2 mmol, 1.0 equiv.). After being stirred for 2 h at the same temperature, the reaction mixture was quenched with saturated aqueous NaHCO<sub>3</sub>. The organic layer was separated, and the aqueous phase was extracted with DCM ( $3 \times 2$  mL). The combined organic phases were washed with brine, dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, filtered, and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (eluent: EtOAc/*n*-Hexane, 1/4 to 1/3) to give compound **19a** (44 mg, yield: 45%) as a colorless oil.

 $\mathbf{Rf} = 0.43$  (silica, EtOAc/*n*-Hexane = 2:1);

 $[\alpha]_{D}^{25} = +20.8 (c \ 0.4, DCM);$ 

<sup>1</sup>**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>, Rotamer):  $\delta = 7.68$  (d, J = 15.4 Hz, 1H), 7.51 (m, 2H), 7.40 (m, 3H), 6.63 (d, J = 15.4 Hz, 1H), 5.75 (d, J = 6.3 Hz, 1H), 4.30 (d, J = 10.4 Hz, 1H), 3.66 (m, 1H), 3.66 (m, 1H), 3.11 (dd, J = 17.6, 10.9 Hz, 1H), 2.85 (m, 1H), 2.70 (td, J = 6.3, 2.24 Hz, 1H), 2.58 (m, 1H), 2.38 (td, J = 10.1, 1.52 Hz, 1H), 2.16 (td, J = 17.6, 1.9 Hz, 1H), 1.96 (d, J = 1.4 Hz, 3H), 1.94 (m, 1H), 1.80 (m, 1H), 1.69 (m, 1H), 1.34 (m, 1H), 1.05 (m, 1H), 0.95 (m, 1H), 0.84 (d, J = 6.5 Hz, 3H), 0.78 (d, J = 6.5 Hz, 3H), 0.18 (s, 9H) ppm;

<sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>, Rotamer): δ = 214.9, 212.8, 164.3, 142.8, 142.7, 142.6, 142.4, 135.2, 135.1, 129.7, 128.8, 128.8, 127.9, 127.8, 123.8, 123.3, 118.1, 117.9, 82.5, 81.0, 62.5, 62.3, 53.7, 53.4, 47.6, 46.8, 46.6, 46.1, 45.8, 43.3, 42.5, 39.2, 39.1, 37.2, 35.0, 33.4, 33.4, 33.2, 33.1, 21.2, 20.6, 20.5, 20.3, 20.3, 2.2, 2.2 ppm;

**HRMS (ESI, TOF)**: calculated for [C<sub>30</sub>H<sub>42</sub>NO<sub>3</sub>Si]<sup>+</sup> 492.2928, found 492.2935.

Sarglamide A (1)



To a cooled (0 °C) suspension of compound **19a** (44 mg, 0.9 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) in THF (1 mL) under argon atmosphere, was added TBAF (0.1 mL, 0.1 mmol, 1.1 equiv., 1.0 M in THF), dropwise. The resulting mixture was stirred for 1 h at the same temperature. The reaction was quenched with saturated aqueous NH<sub>4</sub>Cl, and then the organic layer was separated. The

aqueous phase was extracted with EtOAc ( $3 \times 1 \text{ mL}$ ). The combined organic phases were washed with brine, dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, filtered, and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (eluent: EtOAc/*n*-Hexane, 1/4 to 1/2) to give compound Sarglamide A (1) (32 mg, yield: 78%) as a colorless crystal.

 $\mathbf{Rf} = 0.35$  (silica, EtOAc/*n*-Hexane = 1:1);

 $[\alpha]_{D^{25}} = +25.1 (c \ 0.4, \text{MeOH}); \text{ lit.}^{[3]} [\alpha]_{D^{22}} = +17 (c \ 0.3, \text{MeOH})$ 

<sup>1</sup>**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta = 7.60$  (d, J = 15.6 Hz, 1H), 7.42 (m, 2H), 7.35, (m, 1H), 7.34 (m, 2H), 6.42 (d, J = 15.6 Hz, 1H), 5.80 (d, J = 6.2 Hz, 1H), 4.37 (d, J = 10.6 Hz, 1H), 3.55 (m, 1H), 3.47 (m, 1H), 3.21 (m, 1H), 3.04 (dd, J = 17.9, 10.8 Hz, 1H), 2.73 (m, 1H), 2.60 (m, 1H), 2.42 (dd, J = 10.4, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 2.15 (d, J = 1.3 Hz, 3H), 2.11 (m, 1H), 1.87 (m, 1H), 1.78 (m, 1H), 1.37 (m, 1H), 1.09 (m, 1H), 1.02 (m, 1H), 0.86 (d, J = 6.5 Hz, 3H), 0.79 (d, J = 6.5 Hz, 3H) ppm;

<sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): 215.0, 164.6, 143.2, 142.5, 134.9, 130.1, 129.0, 128.0, 123.3, 117.6, 76.5, 60.4, 53.7, 46.5, 46.4, 46.4, 43.7, 39.1, 37.8, 36.7, 33.5, 33.2, 21.2, 20.7, 20.4 ppm;

**HRMS (ESI, TOF)**: calculated for  $[C_{27}H_{33}NO_3+Na]^+$  442.2353, found 442.2354.

Sarglamide F (17)



To a solution of Sarglamide A (1) (15 mg, 0.036 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) in DCM (0.5 mL) under argon atmosphere, was added *p*-TsOH·H<sub>2</sub>O (0.68 mg, 0.0036 mmol, 0.1 equiv.) at room temperature. After being stirred for 6 h at 50 °C, the reaction mixture was quenched by NaHCO<sub>3</sub>. The organic phase was separated, and the aqueous phase was extracted with DCM ( $3 \times 1$  mL). The combined organic phases were washed with brine, dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, filtered, and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by PTLC (EtOAc/*n*-Hexane, 2/1) to give Sarglamide F (17) (10 mg, yield: 67%) as white solid.

#### **1.2.5** Preparation of Sarglamide C (3)

**Compound 21b** 



To a cooled (0 °C) solution of compound **10b** (4.1 g, 11.4 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) in DCM (110 mL) under argon atmosphere, was added 2,6-Lutidine (1.46 mL, 12.5 mmol, 1.1 equiv.). After being stirred for another 5 min at the same temperature, TMSOTf (2.27 mL, 12.5 mmol, 1.1 equiv.) dropwise. After being stirred for 1 h at 0 °C, the reaction mixture was quenched with saturated aqueous NaHCO<sub>3</sub>, and the organic layer was separated. The aqueous phase was extracted with DCM ( $3 \times 15$  mL). The combined organic phases were washed with brine, dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, filtered, and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (eluent: EtOAc/*n*-Hexane, 1/20) to give the corresponding silyl protected acetate **21b** (3.4 g, 70%) as a colorless oil.

 $\mathbf{Rf} = 0.21$  (silica, EtOAc/*n*-Hexane = 1:20);

 $[\alpha]_{D}^{25} = +25.6 (c \ 1.0, DCM);$ 

<sup>1</sup>**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta = 6.79$  (dd, J = 10.3, 1.3 Hz, 1H), 5.84 (d, J = 10.3 Hz, 1H), 5.66 (dt, J = 6.5, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 2.96 (dt, J = 6.6, 1.9 Hz, 1H), 2.84 (dt, J = 3.5, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 2.72 (dd, J = 9.0, 3.4 Hz, 1H), 2.59 (d, J = 14.3 Hz, 1H), 2.52 – 2.48 (m, 1H), 2.46 (d, J = 14.3 Hz, 1H), 1.78 (ddd, J = 13.1, 9.1, 2.4 Hz, 1H), 1.59 (d, J = 1.7 Hz, 3H), 1.42 (s, 9H), 1.22 (tt, J = 9.3, 3.2 Hz, 1H), 1.11 – 0.97 (m, 2H), 0.88 (d, J = 6.5 Hz, 3H), 0.77 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 3H), 0.18 (s, 9H) ppm;

<sup>13</sup>**C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ = 199.8, 168.6, 152.5, 139.3, 129.1, 124.9, 81.0, 73.3, 52.0, 49.8, 48.6, 47.7, 42.1, 34.2, 32.9, 30.6, 28.1, 21.2, 20.8, 20.4, 2.3 ppm;

**HRMS (ESI, TOF)**: calculated for [C<sub>25</sub>H<sub>40</sub>O<sub>4</sub>Si+Na]<sup>+</sup> 455.2588, found 455.2594.

**Compound 18b** 



To a cooled (-78 °C) solution of silvl protected acetate **21b** (3.4 g, 8.0 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) in DCM (80 mL), was added to DIBAL-H (32 mL, 32 mmol, 4.0 equiv., 1.0 M in hexane) dropwise. After being stirred for 1 h at the same temperature, the resulting mixture was quenched with saturated aqueous Rochelle salt carefully. The resulting mixture was allowed to stir at room temperature for another 3 h before the organic layer was separated. The aqueous phase was extracted with DCM ( $3 \times 50$  mL). The combined organic phases were washed with brine, dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, filtered, and concentrated under reduced pressure. The resulting crude diol was used directly for the next step without further purification.

To a cooled (0 °C) suspension of the above-mentioned diol and NaHCO<sub>3</sub> (6.72 g, 80 mmol, 10.0 equiv.) in DCM (80 mL) under argon atmosphere, was added DMP (10.2 g, 24 mmol, 3.0 equiv.) in 3 portions. After being stirred for 2 h at the same temperature, the reaction mixture was quenched with saturated NaHCO<sub>3</sub> and Na<sub>2</sub>S<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> were added sequentially. After being stirred for 2 h at room temperature, the organic layer was separated, and the aqueous phases was extracted with DCM ( $3 \times 100$  mL). The combined organic phases were washed with brine, dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, filtered, and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (eluent: EtOAc/*n*-Hexane, 1/20 to 1/16) to give compound **18b** (1.8 mg, yield: 64%, over 2 steps) as a colorless oil.

 $\mathbf{Rf} = 0.65$  (silica, EtOAc/*n*-Hexane = 1:4);

 $[\alpha]_D^{25} = +116.2 (c \ 1.0, DCM);$ 

<sup>1</sup>**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta = 9.76$  (t, J = 2.3 Hz, 1H), 6.75 (dd, J = 10.3, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 5.85 (d, 10.3 Hz, 1H), 5.67 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 1H), 2.99 (m, 1H), 2.84 (m, 1H), 2.74 (dd, J = 8.7, 3.6

Hz, 1H), 2.68 (dd, *J* = 15.2, 2.2 Hz, 1H,), 2.54 (dd, *J* = 15.2, 2.2 Hz, 1H), 2.27 (d, *J* = 8.7 Hz, 1H), 1.78 (m, 1H), 1.58 (d, *J* = 1.6 Hz, 3H), 1.21 (m, 1H), 1.04 (m, 1H), 1.00 (m, 1H), 0.87 (d, *J* = 6.4 Hz, 3H), 0.77 (d, *J* = 6.4 Hz, 3H), 0.21 (s, 9H) ppm;

<sup>13</sup>**C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ = 200.3, 199.2, 151.2, 139.9, 129.7, 124.6, 74.0, 59.3, 49.3, 48.8, 48.8, 42.8, 33.9, 32.7, 30.2, 21.1, 20.8, 20.3, 2.3 ppm;

**HRMS (ESI, TOF)**: calculated for  $[C_{21}H_{32}O_3Si+Na]^+$  383.2013, found 383.2021.

#### **Compound 19b**



To a solution of compound **18b** (150 mg, 0.45 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) in DCE (4.5 mL) under argon atmosphere, was added a NH<sub>3</sub> (129  $\mu$ L, 0.45 mmol, 2.0 equiv., 7M in MeOH). Once the starting material disappeared based on TLC, the resulting mixture was evacuated under reduced pressure.

To a cooled (0 °C) suspension of the abovementioned imine in MeOH (4.5 mL) under argon atmosphere, was added NaBH(OAc)<sub>3</sub> (286 mg, 1.35 mmol, 3.0 equiv.) in one portion. After being stirred for overnight at 0 °C, the reaction mixture was quenched with saturated aqueous NaHCO<sub>3</sub>. The organic layer was separated, and the aqueous phase was extracted with EtOAc ( $3 \times 3$  mL). The combined organic phases were washed with brine, dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> and MgSO<sub>4</sub>, filtered, and concentrated under reduced pressure. The resulting amine was used directly for the next step without further purification.

To a cooled (0 °C) suspension of the abovementioned amine in DCM (4.5 mL) under argon atmosphere, was added triethylamine (69  $\mu$ L, 0.50 mmol, 1.1 equiv.) and cinnamoyl chloride (64  $\mu$ L, 0.45 mmol, 1.0 equiv.). After being stirred for 2 h at the same temperature, the reaction mixture was quenched with saturated aqueous NaHCO<sub>3</sub>. The organic layer was separated, and the aqueous phase was extracted with DCM ( $3 \times 3$  mL). The combined organic phases were washed with brine, dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, filtered, and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (eluent: EtOAc/*n*-Hexane, 1/4 to 1/3) to give compound **19b** (50 mg, yield: 22% in 2 steps) as a colorless powder.

 $\mathbf{Rf} = 0.42$  (silica, EtOAc/*n*-Hexane = 1:2);

 $[\alpha]_{D^{25}} = +64.9 (c \ 1.0, DCM);$ 

<sup>1</sup>**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>, Rotamer):  $\delta = 7.69$  (d, J = 15.4 Hz, 1H), 7.52 (m, 2H), 7.37 (m, 3H), 6.6 (d, J = 15.4 Hz, 1H), 5.93 (d, J = 6.08 Hz, 1H), 4.41 (d, J = 10.4 Hz, 1H), 3.66 (m, 2H), 3.13 (d, J = 6.5 Hz, 1H), 2.67 (m, 1H), 2.48 (m, 1H), 2.28 (d, J = 9.9 Hz, 1H), 2.19 (m, 1H), 1.95 (m, 2H), 1.81 (m, 1H), 1.77 (m, 1H), 1.77 (d, J = 1.5 Hz, 3H), 1.25 (m, 2H), 1.05 (m, 1H), 0.93 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 3H), 0.80 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 3H), 0.18 (s, 9H) ppm;

<sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>, Rotamer): δ = 214.6, 164.3, 142.6, 141.3, 135.1, 129.7, 128.7, 127.9, 127.9, 124.1, 117.9, 82.5, 80.9, 61.5, 60.4, 52.6, 48.3, 47.9, 46.1, 43.2, 42.4, 37.4, 37.2, 33.9, 33.2, 31.4, 21.3, 21.1, 20.5, 14.2, 2.2 ppm;

**HRMS (ESI, TOF)**: calculated for  $[C_{30}H_{42}NO_3Si]^+$  492.2928, found 492.2931.

Sarglamide C (3)



To a cooled (0 °C) suspension of compound **19b** (50 mg, 0.1 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) in THF (1 mL) under argon atmosphere, was added TBAF (0.11 mL, 0.11 mmol, 1.1 equiv., 1.0 M in THF), dropwise. The resulting mixture was stirred for 1 h

at the same temperature. The reaction was quenched with saturated aqueous NH<sub>4</sub>Cl, and then the organic layer was separated. The aqueous phase was extracted with EtOAc ( $3 \times 1$  mL). The combined organic phases were washed with brine, dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, filtered, and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (eluent: EtOAc/n-Hexane, 1/4 to 1/2) to give compound Sarglamide C (**3**) (33 mg, yield: 80%) as a colorless crystal.

 $\mathbf{Rf} = 0.38$  (silica, EtOAc/*n*-Hexane = 1:1);

 $[\alpha]_{D^{25}} = -19.3 (c \ 1.0, MeOH); \ \text{lit.}^{[3]} [\alpha]_{D^{22}} = -21 (c \ 0.3, MeOH)$ 

<sup>1</sup>**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta = 7.63$  (d, J = 15.5 Hz, 1H), 7.45 (m, 2H), 7.35 (m, 1H), 7.33 (m, 2H), 6.54 (d, J = 15.4 Hz, 1H), 6.01 (d, J = 6.3 Hz, 1H), 4.43 (d, J = 10.2 Hz, 1H), 3.76 (q, J = 9.6 Hz, 1H), 3.57 (td, J = 8.9, 1.3 Hz, 1H), 3.33 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 1H), 2.93 (dd, J = 17.8, 10.6 Hz, 1H), 2.68 (d, 9.9 Hz, 1H), 2.52 (m, 1H), 2.35 (d, J = 9.9 Hz, 1H), 2.17 (d, J = 17.8 Hz, 1H), 1.92 (m, 1H), 1.82 (d, J = 0.96 Hz, 1H), 1.78 (m, 1H), 1.31 (m, 1H), 1.09 (m, 1H), 1.02 (m, 1H), 0.95 (d, J = 6.5 Hz, 3H), 0.79 (d, J = 6.5 Hz, 3H) ppm;

<sup>13</sup>**C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ = 214.5, 164.9, 142.7, 141.8, 135.1, 130.0, 128.9, 128.1, 124.5, 118.0, 77.0, 61.1, 52.6, 48.1, 48.0, 45.8, 43.4, 42.2, 37.3, 33.7, 33.4, 31.7, 21.4, 20.5 ppm;

**HRMS (ESI, TOF)**: calculated for  $[C_{27}H_{33}NO_3Na]^+$  442.2353, found 442.2360.

#### **1.2.6** Preparation of Sarglamide D (4)

#### Sarglamide E (5) and compound 20



To a solution of Sarglamide C (**3**) (22 mg, 0.05 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) in DCM (0.5 mL) under argon atmosphere, was added *p*-TsOH·H<sub>2</sub>O (0.95 mg, 0.005 mmol, 0.1 equiv.) at room temperature. After being stirred for 6 h at 50 °C, the reaction mixture was quenched by NaHCO<sub>3</sub>. The organic phase was separated, and the aqueous phase was extracted with DCM ( $3 \times 1$  mL). The combined organic phases were washed with brine, dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, filtered, and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by PTLC (EtOAc/n-Hexane, 2/1) to give Sarglamide E (5) (7 mg, yield: 35%) and compound 20 (8 mg, yield: 35%) as white powder.

Compound 20:

 $\mathbf{Rf} = 0.5$  (silica, EtOAc/*n*-Hexane = 1:1);

<sup>1</sup>**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta = 7.76$  (d, J = 15.4 Hz, 1H), 7.72 (d, J = 15.5 Hz, 1H), 7.52 (m, 2H), 7.36-7.35 (m, 3H), 6.68 (d, J = 15.5 Hz, 1H), 6.64 (d, J = 15.4 Hz, 1H), 4.34 (dd, J = 10.7, 6.4 Hz, 1H), 4.00 (dd, J = 11.2, 6.2 Hz, 1H), 3.83 (m, 1H), 3.81 (dd, J = 10.0, 8.4 Hz, 1H), 3.62 (t, J = 9.4 Hz, 1H), 3.57 (ddd, J = 12.8, 9.9, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 2.63 (dd, J = 13.9, 6.3 Hz, 1H), 2.43-2.42 (m, 1H), 2.37 (m, 1H), 2.33 (dd, J = 14.2, 6.4 Hz, 1H), 2.33 (m, 1H), 2.31 (m, 1H), 2.29 (m, 1H), 2.27 (m, 1H), 2.09 (m, 1H), 2.02 (m, 1H), 1.97 (m, 1H), 1.88 (dd, J = 13.5, 8.2 Hz, 1H), 1.67 (m, 1H), 1.62-1.54 (m, 1H), 1.46 (m, 1H), 1.35 (s, 3H), 1.32 (s, 3H), 1.30-1.29 (m, 1H), 1.21-1.20 (m, 1H), 1.00-0.98 (m, 1H), 0.93-0.91 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 3H), 0.89-0.87 (m, 3H) ppm;

<sup>13</sup>**C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ = 165.3, 165.1, 142.9, 142.4, 135.3, 135.2, 129.8, 128.9, 128.9, 128.2, 128.1, 118.3, 118.0, 101.3, 82.9, 82.5, 78.5, 77.4, 77.0, 61.4, 60.4, 46.6, 46.5, 45.5, 45.5, 44.6, 42.8, 42.3, 41.7, 39.7, 38.0, 37.7, 36.8, 35.2, 34.9, 33.0, 26.6, 26.4, 25.0, 24.1, 21.1, 20.9 ppm;

**HRMS (ESI, TOF)**: calculated for  $[C_{27}H_{35}NO_4Na]^+$  460.2458, found 460.2455.

Sarglamide D (4)



To a solution of compound **20** (4 mg, 0.009 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) in MeOH (0.5 mL), was added 1N HCl (100 uL) in one portion. After being stirred for 4 h at room temperature, the reaction mixture was purified by PTLC (EtOAc/n-Hexane, 1/2) to give Sargalmide **D** (4 mg, yield:

90%).

 $\mathbf{Rf} = 0.6$  (silica, EtOAc/*n*-Hexane = 1:1);

 $[\alpha]_{D^{25}} = +12 (c \ 0.2, \text{MeOH}); \text{ lit.}^{[3]} [\alpha]_{D^{22}} = +3 (c \ 0.1, \text{MeOH})$ 

<sup>1</sup>**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>, Rotamer):  $\delta = 7.72$  (d, J = 15.4 Hz, 1H), 7.72 (d, J = 15.4 Hz, 1H), 7.54 (m, 2H), 7.48 (m, 2H), 7.40 (m, 1H), 7.38 (m, 1H), 7.35 (m, 2H), 7.34 (m, 2H), 6.66 (d, J = 15.4 Hz, 1H), 6.65 (d, J = 15.4, 1H), 4.30 (dd, J = 10.9, 6.5 Hz, 1H), 3.94 (dd, J = 11.5, 6.3 Hz, 1H), 3.85 (m, 1H), 3.83 (m, 1H), 3.62 (m, 1H), 3.55 (m, 1H), 3.2-3.19 (s, 3H), 2.88 (dd, J = 13.6, 6.4 Hz, 1H), 2.52 (dd, J = 14.0, 6.4 Hz, 1H), 2.38 (m, 1H), 2.36 (m, 1H), 2.34 (m, 1H), 2.33 (m, 1H), 2.27 (m, 1H), 2.22 (m, 1H), 2.18 (m, 1H), 2.11 (m, 1H), 2.08 (m, 1H), 1.99 (m, 1H), 1.98 (m, 1H), 1.96 (m, 1H), 1.87 (m, 1H), 1.74 (m, 1H), 1.62 (m, 1H), 1.56 (m, 1H), 1.52 (m, 1H), 0.97 (m, 1H), 0.90 (d, J = 6.5 Hz, 3H), 0.88-0.87 (d, J = 6.5 Hz, 3H) ppm;

<sup>13</sup>**C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>, Rotamer): δ = 165.3, 165.0, 143.0, 142.8, 142.2, 135.4, 135.2, 129.8, 129.7, 128.9, 128.9, 128.3, 128.2, 128.1, 118.4, 118.0, 117.9, 103.5, 101.3, 101.3, 83.1, 82.9, 82.8, 82.6, 78.5, 78.4, 77.4, 61.3, 60.4, 48.6, 48.4, 46.8, 46.7, 46.5, 45.7, 45.6, 45.1, 44.9, 44.6, 42.9, 42.3, 42.2, 41.7, 38.0, 36.8, 36.7, 35.4, 35.0, 34.5, 33.0, 33.0, 32.4, 29.8, 26.5, 26.4, 26.2, 25.0, 24.4, 24.3, 24.2, 24.1, 21.2, 21.0, 20.9 ppm;

**HRMS (ESI, TOF)**: calculated for  $[C_{28}H_{37}NO_4+Na]^+$  474.2615, found 474.2622.

#### **1.2.7** Preparation of compound 10c and 9c

#### **Compound 10c**



CeCl<sub>3</sub> 7H<sub>2</sub>O (745 mg, 2.0 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) was added to a Schlenk tube (100 mL) and evacuated. The tube was immersed in a pre-heated oil bath (140 °C) with evacuation, while the water was trapped by liquid nitrogen. After 1 h heating without stirring, the cerium chloride was completely dried by a vigorous stirring at the same temperature for an additional 2 h. While the flask was still hot, the flask was filled with argon gas and then cooled to 0 °C. Freshly distilled THF (20 mL) was added to the flask containing cerium chloride at the same temperature and allowed to stir for another 2 h at room temperature.

To the cooled (-78 °C) mixture containing cerium chloride made *in situ* above, ethyl magnesium bromide (2 mL, 2.0 mmol, 2.0 equiv., 1M in THF) was added dropwise and stirred at -78 °C. After being stirred for 2 h, the mixture was added to compound **8** (488 mg, 2.0 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) in THF (5 mL) dropwise at -78 °C. After the addition, the reaction mixture was allowed to stir for an additional 2 h at the 0 °C. The mixture was quenched with saturated aqueous NH<sub>4</sub>Cl. Et<sub>2</sub>O (10 mL) was then added, and the organic layer was separated. The aqueous phase was extracted with Et<sub>2</sub>O (4 × 10 mL). The combined organic phases were washed with brine, dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> and MgSO<sub>4</sub>, filtered, and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (eluent: EtOAc/*n*-Hexane, 1/8) to give compound **10c** (52 mg, 10%) as a white powder.

#### **Compound 10c:**

 $\mathbf{Rf} = 0.7$  (silica, EtOAc/*n*-Hexane, 1/4);

<sup>1</sup>**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta = 6.50$  (dd, J = 10.3, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 5.80 (d, J = 10.3 Hz, 1H), 5.52 – 5.44 (m, 1H), 3.04 (ddd, J = 6.4, 3.6, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 2.75 (dt, J = 3.1, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 2.64 (dd, J = 8.6, 3.6 Hz, 1H), 2.35 – 2.14 (m, 1H), 1.73 (d, J = 1.7 Hz, 3H), 1.71 (d, J = 3.4 Hz, 1H), 1.66 – 1.60 (m, 2H), 1.55 (dd, J = 13.9, 7.4 Hz, 1H), 1.43 – 1.29 (m, 1H), 1.16 – 1.04 (m,

1H), 0.91 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 3H), 0.87 (d, *J* = 6.6 Hz, 3H), 0.77 (d, *J* = 6.6 Hz, 3H) ppm;

<sup>13</sup>**C** NMR (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ = 201.0, 151.6, 143.8, 130.1, 122.5, 72.3, 51.0, 44.9, 44.2, 40.0, 39.7, 36.3, 34.5, 33.3, 21.2, 20.5, 20.2, 7.4 ppm;

**HRMS (ESI, TOF)**: calculated for  $[C_{18}H_{26}O_2+Na]^+$  297.1825, found 297.1826.

**Compound 9c** 



To a solution of compound **10c** (52 mg, 0.19 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) in DCM (2 mL) under argon atmosphere, was added FeCl<sub>3</sub> (51 mg, 0.19 mmol, 1.0 equiv.). After being stirred for 1 h at the same temperature, the reaction mixture was quenched with saturated aqueous NaHCO<sub>3</sub>, and the organic layer was separated. The aqueous phase was extracted with DCM ( $3 \times 2$  mL). The combined organic phases were washed with brine, dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, filtered, and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (eluent: EtOAc/*n*-Hexane, 1/4) to give the corresponding pentacyclic **9c** (31 mg, yield: 60%) as a white powder.

 $\mathbf{Rf} = 0.4$  (silica, EtOAc/*n*-Hexane = 1:4);

<sup>1</sup>**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta = 6.75$  (d, J = 10.3 Hz, 1H), 6.09 (d, J = 10.3 Hz, 1H), 2.62 (dd, J = 8.9, 4.7 Hz, 1H), 2.47 (dt, J = 9.0, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 2.05 – 1.99 (m, 2H), 1.98 – 1.93 (m, 1H), 1.77 – 1.66 (m, 1H), 1.67 – 1.61 (m, 2H), 1.53 (dt, J = 15.2, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 1.37 – 1.27 (m, 1H), 1.26 (s, 3H), 1.25 – 1.17 (m, 2H), 0.96 – 0.77 (m, 9H) ppm;

<sup>13</sup>**C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ = 201.8, 151.5, 128.9, 82.5, 75.6, 49.2, 45.0, 42.9, 42.2, 33.8, 33.8, 33.7, 32.8, 24.7, 23.8, 21.1, 20.5, 9.1 ppm;

**HRMS (ESI, TOF)**: calculated for  $[C_{18}H_{27}O_2]^+$  275.2006, found 275.2010.

# 1.3 NMR Data Comparison<sup>[3]</sup>

Yue's Isolated Sample	Our Synthetic Sample	Δ/ppm
(500 MHz, CDCl <sub>3</sub> )	(400 MHz, CDCl <sub>3</sub> )	
α 3.57, td (9.9, 7.3)	α 3.55, m	0.02
β 3.48, m	β 3.47, m	0.01
1.87, m	1.87, m	0.00
2.42, dd (10.1, 2.0)	2.42, dd (10.4, 1.5)	0.00
2.61, ddd (10.1, 2.3, 2.3)	2.60, m	0.01
α 3.04, dd (17.8, 10.8)	α 3.04, dd (17.9, 10.8)	0.00
β 2.14, ddd (17.8, 2.2, 2.2)	β 2.11, m	0.03
4.38, ddd (10.8, 2.3, 2.3)	4.37, d (10.6)	0.01
6.44, d (15.5)	6.42, d (15.6)	0.02
7.61, d (15.5)	7.60, d (15.6)	0.01
7.43, m	7.42, m	0.01
7.34, m	7.34, m	0.00
7.35, m	7.35, m	0.00
5.81, ddq (6.4, 2.0, 1.6)	5.80, d (6.2)	0.01
2.74, ddd (6.4, 2.5, 2.0)	2.73, m	0.01
1.38, m	1.37, m	0.01
α 1.02, ddd (12.7, 5.6, 3.0)	α 1.02, m	0.00
β 1.78, ddd (12.7, 9.0, 2.9)	β 1.78, m	0.00
3.20, m	3.21, m	0.01
2.15, d (1.6)	2.15, d (1.3)	0.00
1.09, m	1.09, m	0.00
0.80, d (6.5)	0.79, d (6.5)	0.01
0.87, d (6.5)	0.86, d (6.5)	0.01

# <sup>1</sup>H-NMR comparison of sarglamide A (1) with reported values

Yue's Isolated Sample	Our Synthetic Sample	∆/ppm
(125 MHz, CDCl <sub>3</sub> )	(101 MHz, CDCl <sub>3</sub> )	
43.7	43.7	0.0
37.9	37.8	0.1
76.7	76.5	0.2
46.5	46.5	0.0
53.8	53.7	0.1
215.0	215.0	0.0
46.4	46.4	0.0
60.5	60.4	0.1
164.6	164.6	0.0
117.8	117.6	0.2
142.5	142.5	0.0
135.0	134.9	0.1
128.1	128.0	0.1
129.0	129.0	0.0
130.0	130.1	0.1
143.2	143.2	0.0
123.4	123.3	0.1
39.2	39.1	0.1
46.6	46.5	0.1
33.3	33.2	0.1
36.7	36.7	0.0
20.8	20.7	0.1
33.6	33.5	0.1
20.5	20.4	0.1
21.3	21.2	0.1

 $^{13}$ C-NMR comparison of sarglamide A (1) with reported values

Yue's Isolated Sample	Our Synthetic Sample	∆/ppm
(500 MHz, CDCl <sub>3</sub> )	(400 MHz, CDCl <sub>3</sub> )	
α 3.76, td (9.8, 7.6)	α 3.76 (q, 9.6)	0.00
β 3.56, td (9.3, 2.0)	β 3.57 (td, 8.9, 1.3)	0.01
1.92, m	1.92 (m)	0.00
2.35, dd (9.9, 1.6)	2.35, d (9.9)	0.00
2.68, ddd (9.9, 2.4, 2.4)	2.68, d (9.9)	0.00
α 2.93, dd (17.8, 10.6)	α 2.93, dd (17.8, 10.6)	0.00
β 2.17, dd (17.8, 2.2, 2.2)	β 2.17, d (17.8)	0.00
4.43, ddd (10.6, 2.2, 2.2)	4.43, d (10.2)	0.00
6.53, d (15.5)	6.54, d (15.4)	0.01
7.62, d (15.5)	7.63, d (15.5)	0.01
7.44, m	7.45, m	0.01
7.33, m	7.33, m	0.00
7.35, m	7.35, m	0.00
6.02, ddq (6.4, 1.8, 1.6)	6.01, d (6.3)	0.01
3.34, ddd (6.8, 1.8, 1.8)	3.33, d (6.4)	0.01
1.31, m	1.31, m	0.00
α 1.02, ddd (13.1, 3.9, 3.9)	α 1.02, m	0.00
β 1.79, m	$\beta$ 1.78, m	0.01
2.52, m	2.52, m	0.00
1.82, d (1.6)	1.82, d (0.96)	0.00
1.09, m	1.09, m	0.00
0.79, d (6.5)	0.79, d (6.5)	0.00
0.95, d (6.5)	0.95, d (6.5)	0.00

<sup>1</sup>H-NMR comparison of sarglamide C (3) with reported values

Yue's Isolated Sample	Our Synthetic Sample	Δ/ppm
(125 MHz, CDCl <sub>3</sub> )	(101 MHz, CDCl <sub>3</sub> )	
43.4	43.4	0.0
37.3	37.3	0.0
77.0	77.0	0.0
48.0	48.0	0.0
52.7	52.6	0.1
214.6	214.5	0.1
45.8	45.8	0.0
61.1	61.1	0.0
165.0	164.9	0.1
118.1	118.0	0.1
142.6	142.7	0.1
135.0	135.1	0.1
128.1	128.1	0.0
128.9	128.9	0.0
130.0	130.0	0.0
141.6	141.8	0.2
124.6	124.5	0.1
33.7	33.7	0.0
48.2	48.1	0.1
31.7	31.7	0.0
42.3	42.2	0.1
21.4	21.4	0.0
33.4	33.4	0.0
20.5	20.5	0.0
21.4	21.4	0.0

 $^{13}\text{C-NMR}$  comparison of sarglamide C (3) with reported values

Yue's Isolated Sample	Our Synthetic Sample	Δ/ppm
(500 MHz, CDCl <sub>3</sub> )	(400 MHz, CDCl <sub>3</sub> )	
α 3.83, m	α 3.83, m	0.00
β 3.56, m	β 3.55, m	0.01
α 1.87, m	α 1.87, m	0.00
β 2.27, m	$\beta$ 2.27, m	0.00
2.08, m	2.08, m	0.00
2.22, dd (9.6, 4.2)	2.22, m	0.00
α 2.52, dd (14.1, 6.4)	α 2.52, dd (14.0, 6.4)	0.00
β 1.35, dd (14.1, 11.3)	β 1.35, m	0.00
3.94, dd (11.3, 6.4)	3.94, dd (11.5, 6.3)	0.00
6.64, d (15.5)	6.65, d (15.4)	0.01
7.68, d (15.5)	7.72, d (15.4)	0.04
7.48, m	7.48, m	0.00
7.34, m	7.34, m	0.00
7.35, m	7.35, m	0.00
α 1.62, m	α 1.62, m	0.00
β 1.52, m	β 1.52, m	0.00
2.38, m	2.38, m	0.00
0.97, m	0.97, m	0.00
α 1.15, m	α 1.15, m	0.00
β 1.98, m	$\beta$ 1.98, m	0.00
2.34, m	2.34, m	0.00
1.30, s	1.31, s	0.01
1.30, m	1.30, m	0.00
0.90, d (6.5)	0.90, d (6.5)	0.00
0.88, d (6.5)	0.87, d (6.5)	0.01
3.19, s	3.19, s	0.00

<sup>1</sup>H-NMR comparison of sarglamide D (4) (Rotamer A) with reported values

Yue's Isolated Sample	Our Synthetic Sample	∆/ppm
(125 MHz, CDCl <sub>3</sub> )	(101 MHz, CDCl <sub>3</sub> )	
41.6	41.7	0.1
36.7	36.7	0.0
78.6	78.5	0.1
45.7	45.7	0.0
44.9	443.9	0.0
103.5	103.5	0.0
34.5	34.5	0.0
61.3	61.3	0.0
165.1	165.0	0.1
118.4	118.4	0.0
142.3	142.2	0.1
135.3	135.2	0.1
128.3	128.3	0.0
128.9	128.9	0.0
129.8	129.8	0.0
82.8	82.8	0.0
35.1	35.0	0.1
26.3	26.2	0.1
46.7	46.7	0.0
24.1	24.1	0.0
42.2	42.2	0.0
24.3	24.3	0.0
33.0	33.0	0.0
20.9	20.9	0.0
21.2	21.2	0.0
48.6	48.6	0.0

<sup>13</sup>C-NMR comparison of sarglamide D (4) (Rotamer A) with reported values
Yue's Isolated Sample	Our Synthetic Sample	Δ/ppm
(500 MHz, CDCl <sub>3</sub> )	(400 MHz, CDCl <sub>3</sub> )	
α 3.85, m	α 3.85, m	0.00
β 3.62, m	β 3.62, m	0.00
α 1.96, m	α 1.96, m	0.00
β 2.33, m	β 2.33, m	0.00
2.11, m	2.10, m	0.01
2.18, dd (9.7, 4.2)	2.18, m	0.00
α 2.88, dd (13.7, 6.4)	α 2.88, dd (13.6, 6.4)	0.00
β 1.16, dd (13.7, 11.0)	β 1.16, m	0.00
4.30, dd (11.0, 6.4)	4.30, dd (10.9, 6.5)	0.00
6.66, d (15.5)	6.66, d (15.4)	0.00
7.77, d (15.5)	7.77, d (15.4)	0.00
7.54, m	7.54, m	0.00
7.38, m	7.38, m	0.00
7.40, m	7.40, m	0.00
α 1.74, m	α 1.74, m	0.00
β 1.56, m	β 1.56, m	0.00
2.36, m	2.36, m	0.00
0.97, m	0.97, m	0.00
α 1.17, m	α 1.17, m	0.00
β 1.99, m	β 1.99, m	0.00
2.34, m	2.34, m	0.00
1.33, s	1.33, s	0.00
1.30, m	1.30, m	0.00
0.90, d (6.5)	0.90, d (6.5)	0.00
0.88, d (6.5)	0.88, d (6.5)	0.00
3.20, s	3.2, s	0.00

<sup>1</sup>H-NMR comparison of sarglamide D (4) (Rotamer B) with reported values

Yue's Isolated Sample	Our Synthetic Sample	Δ/ppm
(125 MHz, CDCl <sub>3</sub> )	(101 MHz, CDCl <sub>3</sub> )	
42.8	42.9	0.1
38.0	38.0	0.0
77.1	77.4	0.3
45.6	45.6	0.0
45.2	45.1	0.1
103.5	103.5	0.0
32.4	32.4	0.0
60.4	60.4	0.0
165.3	165.3	0.0
118.0	118.0	0.0
143.0	143.0	0.0
135.4	135.4	0.0
128.1	128.1	0.0
128.9	128.9	0.0
129.8	129.8	0.0
83.1	83.1	0.0
35.4	35.4	0.0
26.5	26.5	0.0
46.8	46.8	0.0
24.1	24.1	0.0
42.2	42.2	0.0
24.3	24.3	0.0
33.0	33.0	0.0
20.9	20.9	0.0
21.2	21.2	0.0
48.5	48.4	0.1

<sup>13</sup>C-NMR comparison of sarglamide D (4) (Rotamer B) with reported values

Yue's Isolated Sample	Our Synthetic Sample	∆/ppm
(500 MHz, CDCl <sub>3</sub> )	(400 MHz, CDCl <sub>3</sub> )	
α 3.73, m	α 3.73, m	0.00
β 3.92, m	β 3.92, m	0.00
α 2.40, m	α 2.39, m	0.01
β 2.08, m	β 2.08, m	0.01
2.60, m	2.59, m	0.01
2.23, m	2.22, m	0.01
α 2.37, dd (13.7, 8.1)	α 2.37, m	0.00
β 3.49, dd (13.7, 8.1)	β 3.49, m	0.00
3.94, dd (8.1, 8.1)	3.94, m	0.00
6.69, d (15.6)	6.68, d (15.3)	0.01
7.70, d (15.6)	7.69, d (15.3)	0.01
7.51, m	7.51, m	0.00
7.37, m	7.37, m	0.00
7.37, m	7.37, m	0.00
α 1.48, m	α 1.47, m	0.01
β 1.57, dd (13.7, 5.9)	β 1.58, m	0.01
2.19, m	2.19, m	0.00
1.39, m	1.39, m	0.00
α 1.81, ddd (12.9, 7.9, 4.7)	α 1.81, ddd (12.8, 8.1, 4.7)	0.00
β 1.09, m	β 1.09, m	0.00
2.38, m	2.37, m	0.01
1.10, s	1.09, s	0.01
1.49, m	1.49, m	0.00
0.91, d (6.5)	0.91, d (6.4)	0.00
0.93, d (6.5)	0.93, d (6.4)	0.00

 $^{1}$ H-NMR comparison of sarglamide E (5) (Rotamer A) with reported values

Yue's Isolated Sample	Our Synthetic Sample	Δ/ppm
(125 MHz, CDCl <sub>3</sub> )	(101 MHz, CDCl <sub>3</sub> )	
46.1	46.1	0.0
35.0	35.0	0.0
81.8	81.8	0.0
35.2	35.2	0.0
45.7	45.7	0.0
212.1	212.1	0.0
43.8	43.8	0.0
63.2	63.2	0.0
165.7	165.7	0.0
118.2	118.2	0.0
142.8	142.8	0.0
135.2	135.2	0.0
128.0	128.1	0.1
129.0	129.0	0.0
130.0	130.0	0.0
75.7	75.7	0.0
31.7	31.7	0.0
28.2	28.1	0.1
41.8	41.8	0.0
29.9	29.9	0.0
42.0	41.9	0.1
24.0	24.0	0.0
29.8	29.8	0.0
20.5	20.5	0.0
21.8	21.8	0.0

<sup>13</sup>C-NMR comparison of sarglamide E (5) (Rotamer A) with reported values

Yue's Isolated Sample	Our Synthetic Sample	∆/ppm
(500 MHz, CDCl <sub>3</sub> )	(400 MHz, CDCl <sub>3</sub> )	
α 4.16, m	α 4.16, m	0.00
β 3.92, m	β 3.92, m	0.00
α 2.40, m	α 2.40, m	0.00
β 1.98, m	β 1.98, m	0.00
2.61, m	2.60, m	0.00
2.23, m	2.23, m	0.00
α 2.55, dd (13.7, 8.1)	α 2.55, m	0.00
β 3.05, dd (13.7, 8.1)	β 3.05, m	0.00
4.00, dd (8.1, 8.1)	4.00, m	0.00
6.54, d (15.6)	6.54, d (15.3)	0.00
7.67, d (15.6)	7.67, d (15.3)	0.00
7.51, m	7.51, m	0.00
7.37, m	7.37, m	0.00
7.37, m	7.37, m	0.00
α 1.48, m	α 1.48, m	0.00
β 1.57, dd (13.7, 5.9)	β 1.57, m	0.00
2.19, m	2.19, m	0.00
1.39, m	1.39, m	0.00
α 1.81, ddd (12.9, 7.9, 4.7)	α 1.81, ddd (12.8, 8.1, 4.7)	0.00
β 1.09, m	β 1.09, m	0.00
2.38, m	2.38, m	0.00
1.10, s	1.09, s	0.01
1.49, m	1.49, m	0.00
0.91, d (6.5)	0.91, d (6.4)	0.00
0.93, d (6.5)	0.93, d (6.4)	0.00

 $^{1}$ H-NMR comparison of sarglamide E (5) (Rotamer B) with reported values

Yue's Isolated Sample	Our Synthetic Sample	∆/ppm
(125 MHz, CDCl <sub>3</sub> )	(101 MHz, CDCl <sub>3</sub> )	
45.8	45.7	0.0
34.4	34.4	0.0
83.4	83.4	0.0
35.2	35.2	0.0
45.7	45.7	0.0
211.1	211.2	0.1
45.6	45.7	0.1
62.9	62.9	0.0
165.7	165.7	0.0
118.2	118.2	0.0
142.8	142.8	0.0
135.2	135.2	0.0
128.0	128.1	0.1
129.0	129.0	0.0
130.0	130.0	0.0
75.7	75.7	0.0
31.7	31.7	0.0
28.2	28.1	0.1
41.8	41.8	0.0
29.9	29.9	0.0
42.0	41.9	0.1
24.0	24.0	0.0
29.8	29.8	0.0
20.5	20.5	0.0
21.8	21.8	0.0

<sup>13</sup>C-NMR comparison of sarglamide E (5) (Rotamer B) with reported values

Yue's Isolated Sample	Our Synthetic Sample	∆/ppm
(600 MHz, CDCl <sub>3</sub> )	(400 MHz, CDCl <sub>3</sub> )	
α 3.81, dd (10.0, 8.4)	α 3.81, dd (10.0, 8.4)	0.00
β 3.57, ddd (12.8, 9.9, 1.6)	β 3.57, ddd (12.8, 9.9, 1.6)	0.00
α 1.87, dd (13.5, 8.4)	α 1.88, dd (13.5, 8.2)	0.01
β 2.29, m	β 2.29, m	0.00
2.09, m	2.09, m	0.00
α 2.33, dd (14.2, 6.4)	α 2.33, dd (14.2, 6.4)	0.00
β 1.67, dd (14.2, 11.3)	β 1.67, m	0.00
3.99, dd (11.3, 6.4)	4.00, dd (11.2, 6.2)	0.01
6.66, d (15.5)	6.64, d (15.4)	0.02
7.76, d (15.5)	7.76, d (15.4)	0.00
7.52, m	7.52, m	0.00
7.36, m	7.36, m	0.00
7.36, m	7.36, m	0.00
1.54-1.62, m	1.54-1.62, m	0.00
2.39, m	2.37, m	0.02
0.98, m	1.00, m	0.02
α 1.20, m	α 1.21, m	0.01
β 2.02, m	β 2.02, m	0.00
2.42, m	2.42, m	0.00
1.34, s	1.35, s	0.01
1.29, m	1.30, m	0.01
0.92, d (6.5)	0.93, d (6.4)	0.01
0.87, d (6.5)	0.89, m	0.02

<sup>1</sup>H-NMR comparison of compound **20** (Rotamer A) with reported values

Yue's Isolated Sample	Our Synthetic Sample	Δ/ppm
(125 MHz, CDCl <sub>3</sub> )	(101 MHz, CDCl <sub>3</sub> )	
41.7	41.7	0.0
36.9	36.8	0.1
78.6	78.5	0.1
45.5	45.5	0.0
44.6	44.6	0.0
101.3	101.3	0.0
39.7	39.7	0.0
61.4	61.4	0.0
165.3	165.3	0.0
118.1	118.1	0.0
142.9	142.9	0.0
135.2	135.2	0.0
128.2	128.2	0.0
128.9	128.9	0.0
129.8	129.8	0.0
83.0	82.9	0.1
35.2	35.2	0.0
26.4	26.4	0.0
46.5	46.5	0.0
24.1	24.1	0.0
42.3	42.3	0.0
25.0	25.0	0.0
33.0	33.0	0.0
20.9	20.9	0.0
21.1	21.1	0.0

<sup>13</sup>C-NMR comparison of compound **20** (Rotamer A) with reported values

Yue's Isolated Sample	Our Synthetic Sample	∆/ppm
(600 MHz, CDCl <sub>3</sub> )	(400 MHz, CDCl <sub>3</sub> )	
α 3.83, ddd (10.0, 8.0,5.3)	α 3.83, m	0.00
β 3.62, t (9.4)	β 3.62, t (9.4)	0.00
α 1.97, dd (13.1, 8.0)	α 1.97, m	0.00
β 2.33, m	β 2.33, m	0.00
2.09, m	2.09, m	0.00
2.27, m	2.27, m	0.00
α 2.61, dd (13.9, 6.4)	α 2.63, dd (13.9, 6.3)	0.02
β 1.46, dd (13.9,11.0)	β 1.46, m	0.00
4.33, dd (11.0, 6.4)	4.34, dd (10.7, 6.4)	0.01
6.67, d (15.5)	6.68, d (15.5)	0.01
7.70, d (15.5)	7.72, d (15.5)	0.02
7.52, m	7.52, m	0.00
7.36, m	7.36, m	0.00
1.54-1.62, m	1.54-1.62, m	0.00
2.31, m	2.31, m	0.00
0.98, m	1.00, m	0.02
α 1.20, m	α 1.20, m	0.00
β 2.02, m	β 2.02, m	0.00
2.42, m	2.43, m	0.01
1.30, s	1.32, s	0.02
1.29, m	1.29, m	0.00
0.91, d (6.5)	0.91, d (6.4)	0.00
0.87, d (6.5)	0.87, d (6.4)	0.00

<sup>1</sup>H-NMR comparison of compound **20** (Rotamer B) with reported values

Yue's Isolated Sample	Our Synthetic Sample	Δ/ppm
(125 MHz, CDCl <sub>3</sub> )	(101 MHz, CDCl <sub>3</sub> )	
42.7	42.8	0.1
38.0	38.0	0.0
77.1	77.0	0.1
45.5	45.5	0.0
44.6	44.6	0.0
101.3	101.3	0.0
37.7	37.7	0.0
60.4	60.4	0.0
165.2	165.1	0.1
118.3	118.3	0.0
142.4	142.4	0.0
135.4	135.3	0.1
128.2	128.2	0.0
128.9	128.9	0.0
129.8	129.8	0.0
82.6	82.5	0.1
35.0	34.9	0.1
26.6	26.6	0.0
46.6	46.6	0.0
24.1	24.1	0.0
42.3	42.3	0.0
25.0	25.0	0.0
33.0	33.0	0.0
21.0	20.9	0.1
21.1	21.1	0.0

<sup>13</sup>C-NMR comparison of compound **20** (Rotamer B) with reported values

# 2. Crystallographic data

Crystal Data for **9b** (C<sub>18</sub>H<sub>24</sub>O<sub>4</sub>)

Bond precision: C-C = 0.0030 A Wavelength=1.54184 Cell: a=10.29909(12) b=10.79136(13) c=27.3078(3) alpha=90 beta=90 gamma=90 100 K Temperature: Calculated Reported 3035.02(6) 3035.02(6) Volume Space groupP 21 21 21Hall groupP 2ac 2ab P 21 21 21 P 2ac 2ab Moiety formula C18 H24 O4 C18 H24 O4 C18 H24 O4 Sum formula C18 H24 O4 304.37 Mr 304.37 1.332 1.332 Dx,g cm-3  $\mathbf{Z}$ 8 8 Mu (mm-1) 0.751 0.751 1312.0 F000 1312.0 F000′ 1316.04 13,13,34 h,k,lmax 12,13,33 Nref 6417[ 3623] 6230 0.861,0.874 Tmin, Tmax 0.920,1.000 Tmin' 0.861 Correction method= # Reported T Limits: Tmin=0.920 Tmax=1.000 AbsCorr = MULTI-SCAN Data completeness= 1.72/0.97 Theta(max)= 77.064 wR2(reflections) = R(reflections) = 0.0344( 5743) 0.0869( 6230) S = 1.043Npar= 403



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## 4. <sup>1</sup>H and <sup>13</sup>C NMR Spectra

<sup>1</sup>H NMR of 8a



## <sup>13</sup>C NMR of **8a**





#### 

## <sup>13</sup>C NMR of **8b**



 $^{1}$ H NMR of **8** 



<sup>13</sup>C NMR of **8** 



#### <sup>1</sup>H NMR of **10a** 7.26 CDCl3 5.59 5.58 5.58 5.56 5.56 $\begin{array}{c} 7.26\\ 6.59\\ 6.56\\ 6.56\\ 6.56\\ 6.56\\ 6.56\\ 6.56\\ 6.56\\ 7.47\\ 7.2\\ 2.22\\$ 71 70 69 68 66 43 43 1.43 1.35 1.35 1.35 1.34 1.12 0.930.910.880.870.850.850.850.850.840.830.780.780.7820 20 20 ŝ 72 66 44 N N Solvent CDCl3 <mark>чно</mark> Temperature 297.2 ℃O₂<sup>t</sup>Bu Pulse Sequence zg30 59 58 56 56 74 45 45 45 44 43 43 77 44 Experiment 1D 0.00.00 <sup>i</sup>P Number of Scans 16 -Me Receiver Gain 101.0 O 1.0000 Relaxation Delay 10a Pulse Width 8.0000 <sup>1</sup>H NMR, CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 400 MHz Acquisition Time 3.9977 2023-06-21T09:04:42 Acquisition Date Modification Date 2023-06-21T09:06:14 Spectrometer Frequency 400.18 Spectral Width 8196.7 Lowest Frequency -1636.8 Nucleus 1H60 õ Acquired Size 32768 5.5 6.5 6.0 Spectral Size 65536 f1 (ppm) Digital Resolution 0.13 1.09<sub>-</sub>I 1.11<u>–</u> 1.00-I 50 12∄ 154 거 <sup>1</sup> 신 21 29 ъ ъ ė $\overline{\mathbf{n}}$ $\sim$ <del>,</del> ო 7.5 4.5 1.5 0.5 0.0 9.5 9.0 8.5 8.0 7.0 6.5 6.0 5.5 5.0 4.0 3.5 3.0 2.5 2.0 1.0 0.0 -0.5 -1.0 -1.5 -2

f1 (ppm)

<sup>13</sup>C NMR of **10a** 





#### 

<sup>13</sup>C NMR of **10b** 



<sup>1</sup>H NMR of **9b** 

10.0



<sup>13</sup>C NMR of **9b** 



 $^{1}$ H NMR of **15b** 



<sup>13</sup>C NMR of **15b** 



#### <sup>1</sup>H NMR of Sarglamide E (5)







<sup>13</sup>C NMR of **9a** 



<sup>1</sup>H NMR of **15a** 







### <sup>1</sup>H NMR of sarglamide F (17)










 $^{1}$ H NMR of **18a** 









f1 (ppm)

## <sup>1</sup>H NMR of **19a**

~ 214.88 ~ 212.76	164.43   164.20	$\begin{array}{c} 142.71\\ 142.52\\ 142.52\\ 142.52\\ 135.12\\ 135.09\\ 128.86\\ 128.73\\ 128.86\\ 1123.75\\ 1123.75\\ 1123.75\\ 1123.75\\ 117.82\\ 117$	<ul><li><a>82.47</a></li><li><a>80.92</a></li></ul>	$< 62.45 \\ 62.24$	53.69 53.69 53.33 47.51 46.75 146.75 146.05 145.78 145.78	[39.19 [39.19 [37.16 [37.14 [33.33 [33.30 [33.30] [33.30] [33.30]	20.24 21.13 20.54 20.54 20.24 20.24
						Solvent	CDC13
Ph H H H N O						Temperature	296.9
						Pulse Sequence	zgpg30
						Experiment	1D
						Number of Scans	729
						Receiver Gain	10.0
						Relaxation Delay	2.0000
						Pulse Width	8.0000
V						Acquisition Time	1.2648
19a						Acquisition Date	2023-07-26T12:0
						Modification Date	2023-07-26T13:3
<sup>11</sup> C NMR, CDCl <sub>3</sub> , 101 MHZ						Spectrometer Freque	ncy 100.64
						Spectral Width	25906.7
						Lowest Frequency	-2896.6
						Nucleus	13C
						Acquired Size	32768
						Spectral Size	65536
						Digital Resolution	0.40
					.  .	i.	
a yan da Barda da ay	n an tha an t	₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩	nudna vara ganta ngantangan kalangan s	20,00,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,0	verstellen i mostranssamlitte Hudsall-Recepture Andrea Vieren verstellen verstellen verstellen verstellen vers	Υ <u>κυπβ</u> ειτα Τζεφβατοποιχώ <sup>τ</sup> α ματολογοματικό ματογραφικό <sup>της</sup> δεγουρ	ай бар у байдай у сайнай (у сайн сайн сайн сайн сайн улс
20 210 200 190 180 1	70 160	150 140 130 120 110 100 f1 (ppm)	90 80	70 60	50 40 30	20 10 C	-10 -20





## <sup>13</sup>C NMR of Sarglamide A (1)





<sup>13</sup>C NMR of **21b** 





<sup>13</sup>C NMR of **18b** 













<sup>1</sup>H NMR of **20** 













 $^{1}$ H NMR of **10c** 









## 93

## <sup>1</sup>H NMR of 9c

<sup>13</sup>C NMR of **9c** 

