

Supporting Information for

Carbon-metal versus Metal-metal Synergistic Mechanism of Ethylene Electro-oxidation via Electrolysis Water on TM_2N_6 sites in Graphene

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Table S1. Free energy difference (ΔG , eV) of O atom adsorbed at difference sites for 19 TM_2N_6 @graphenes, the “0 eV” represents the most stable O adsorption site, and “-” represents no corresponding configurations obtained during their optimization.

metal	site-1	site-2	site-3	site-4
TiTi	0	—	3.42	—
VV	0.17	0	4.21	—
CrCr	0.77	0	3.28	3.23
MnMn	0.43	0	1.74	1.61
FeFe	0	0.03	0.63	0.61
CoCo	0.17	0.17	0.17	0
NiNi	0.90	0.77	0.13	0
CuCu	0.93	0.88	0.09	0
ZnZn	0	—	0.43	0.39
MoMo	0.76	0	3.87	—
RuRu	0.44	0	1.23	1.20
RhRh	1.11	0.50	0.23	0
PdPd	1.20	0.84	0.09	0
TaTa	0	0.18	4.39	—
WW	0.73	0	4.11	—
ReRe	0.92	0	2.65	2.61
OsOs	1.56	0	1.48	1.43
IrIr	—	0.27	0.30	0
PtPt	1.44	0.62	0.20	0

Table S2. Total Gibbs free energy changes of ethylene oxidation reaction initiated by stable *O intermediates to AA and EO on various TM₂N₆@graphenes.

metal type	Ti	V	Cr	Mn	Fe
ΔG_{AA} (eV)	0.88	2.25	0.78	-0.98	-2.18
ΔG_{EO} (eV)	2.09	3.46	1.99	0.23	-0.97
metal type	Co	Ni	Cu	Zn	Mo
ΔG_{AA} (eV)	-2.80	-2.95	-2.65	-2.01	1.67
ΔG_{EO} (eV)	-1.60	-1.74	-1.44	-0.80	2.88
metal type	Ru	Rh	Pd	Ta	W
ΔG_{AA} (eV)	-1.44	-1.49	-2.58	2.12	1.68
ΔG_{EO} (eV)	-0.23	-2.70	-1.37	3.33	2.83
metal type	Re	Os	Ir	Pt	
ΔG_{AA} (eV)	0.32	-1.08	-2.51	-2.32	
ΔG_{EO} (eV)	1.53	0.13	-1.31	-1.11	

Table S3. Gibbs free energy difference (ΔG , eV) of OH adsorbed at difference sites on 12 TM_2N_6 @graphenes, the “0 eV” represents the most stable OH adsorption site, and “-” represents no corresponding configurations obtained during their optimization.

metal	site-1	site-2	site-3	site-4
MnMn	—	0	—	1.30
FeFe	0.09	0	—	0.66
CoCo	—	0	—	0.48
NiNi	—	0	—	0.19
CuCu	0.02	0.02	—	0
ZnZn	0.09	0	—	1.25
RuRu	1.12	0	—	1.21
RhRh	—	0	—	0.18
PdPd	—	0.06	—	0
OsOs	1.54	0	—	1.29
IrIr	—	0	—	0.07
PtPt	—	0.16	—	0

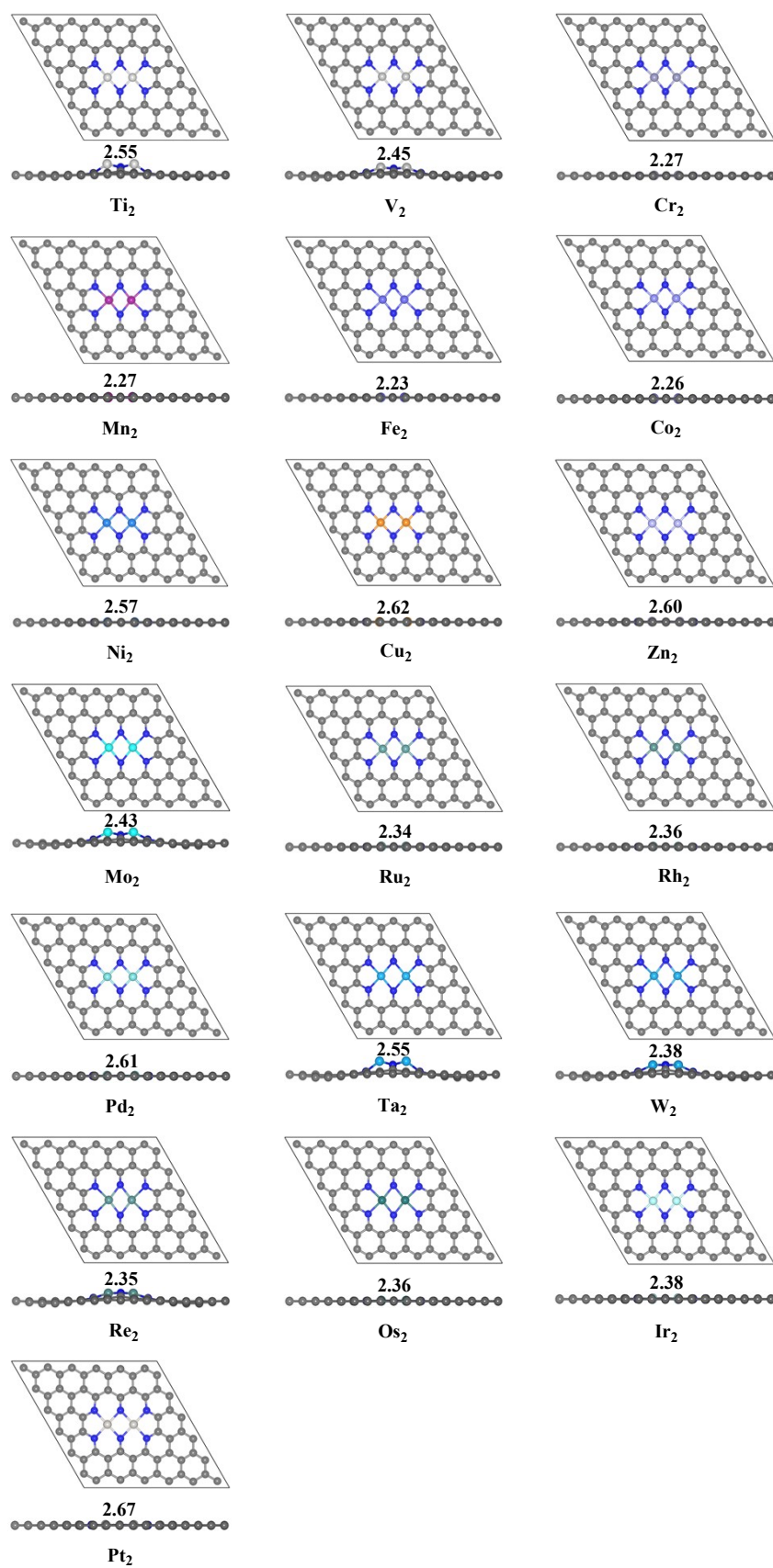


Fig. S1 Top and side views of various homonuclear $\text{TM}_2\text{N}_6@$ graphene DMACs with distances between two metal atoms in angstroms (\AA).

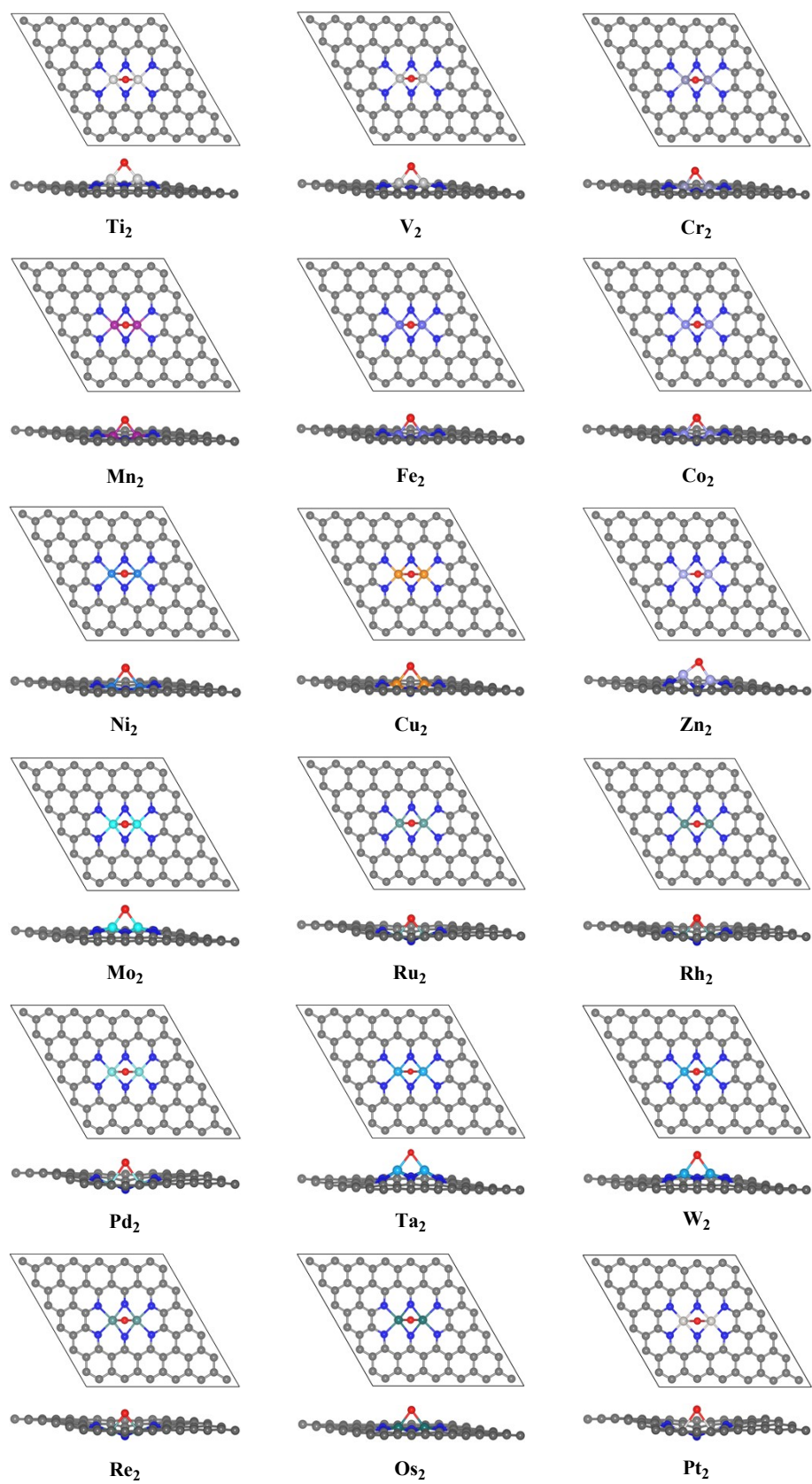


Fig. S2 Top and side views of O atom absorbed at **site-1** on various $\text{TM}_2\text{N}_6@$ graphenes.

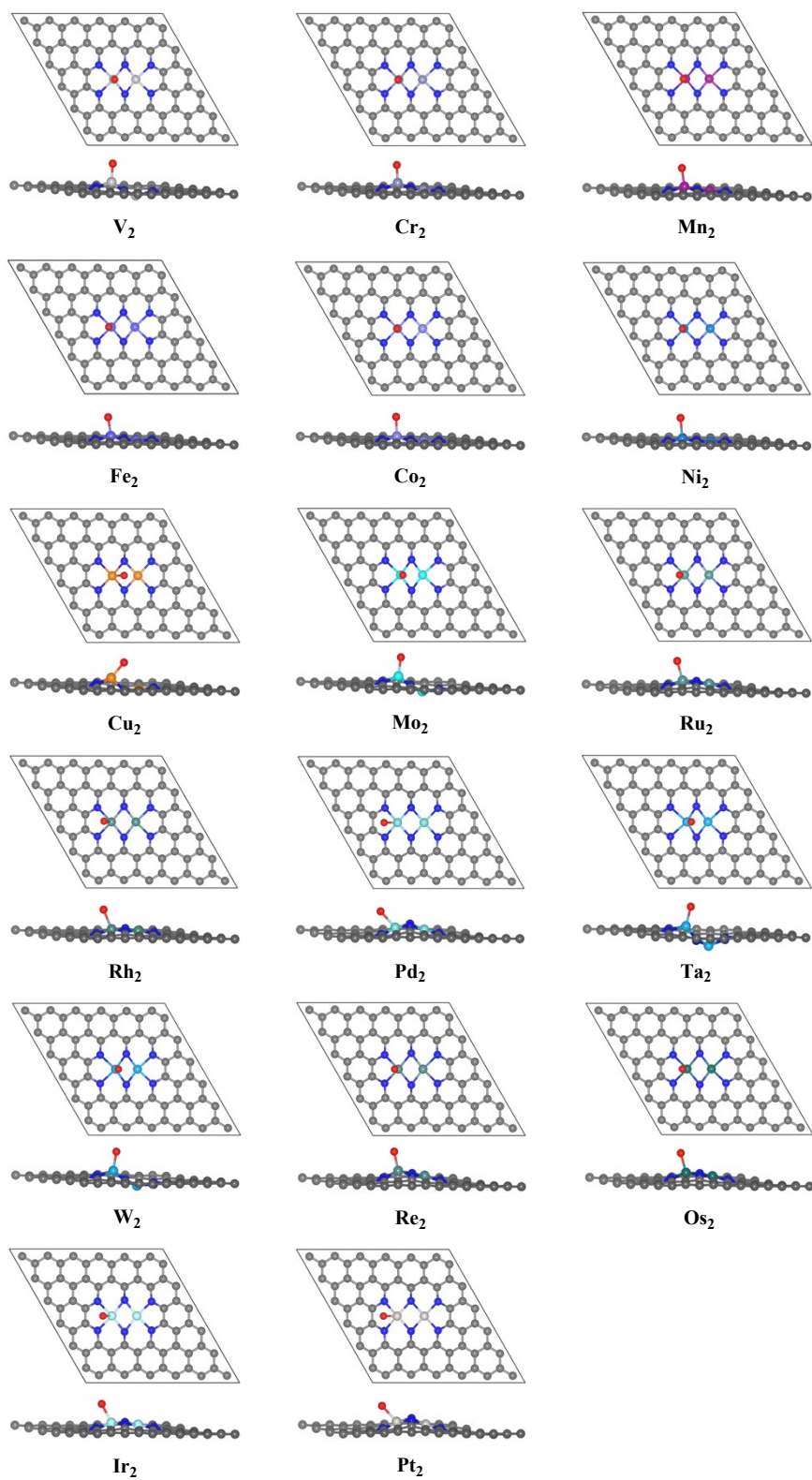


Fig. S3 Top and side views of O atom absorbed at **site-2** on various TM_2N_6 @graphenes.

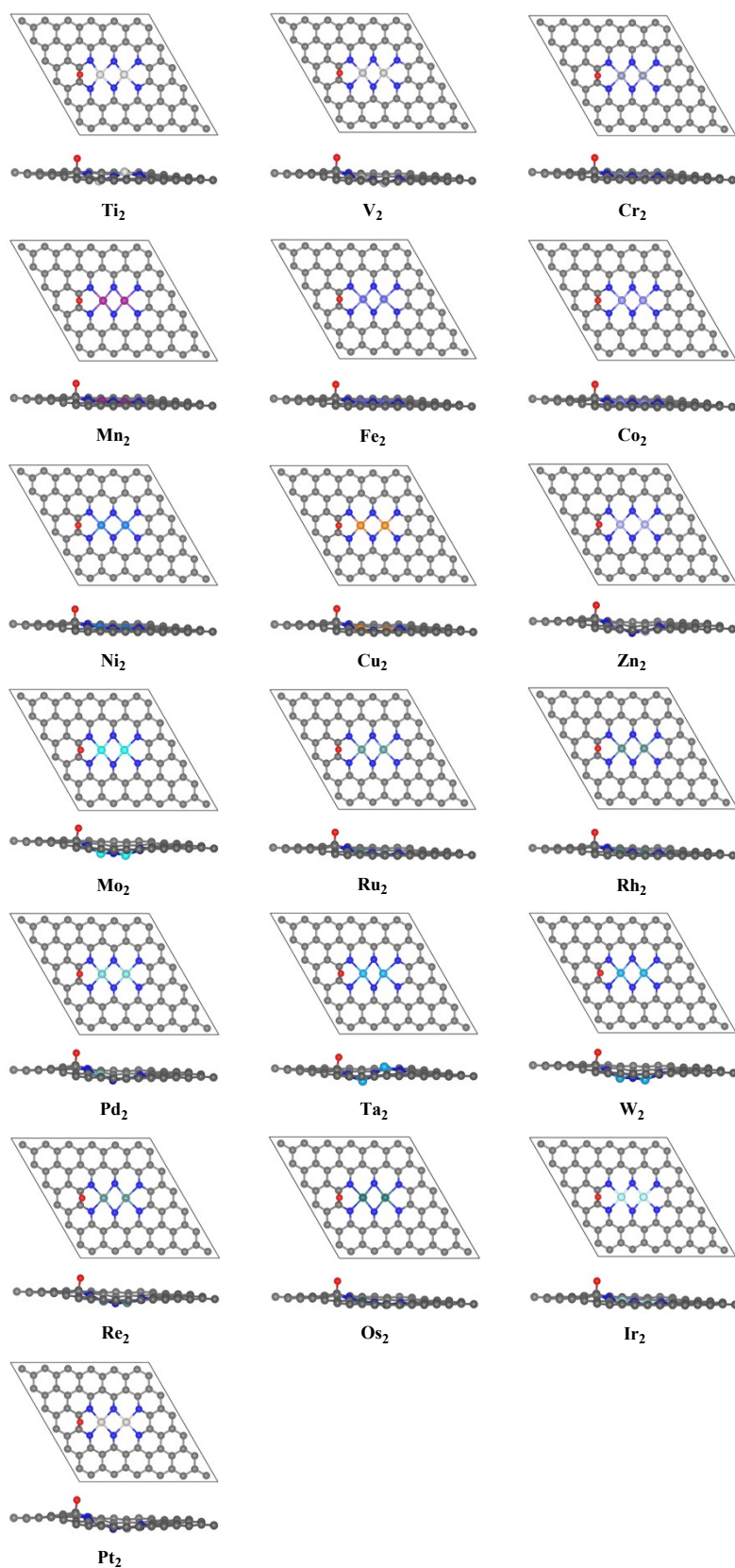


Fig. S4 Top and side views of O atom absorbed at **site-3** on various TM₂N₆@graphenes.

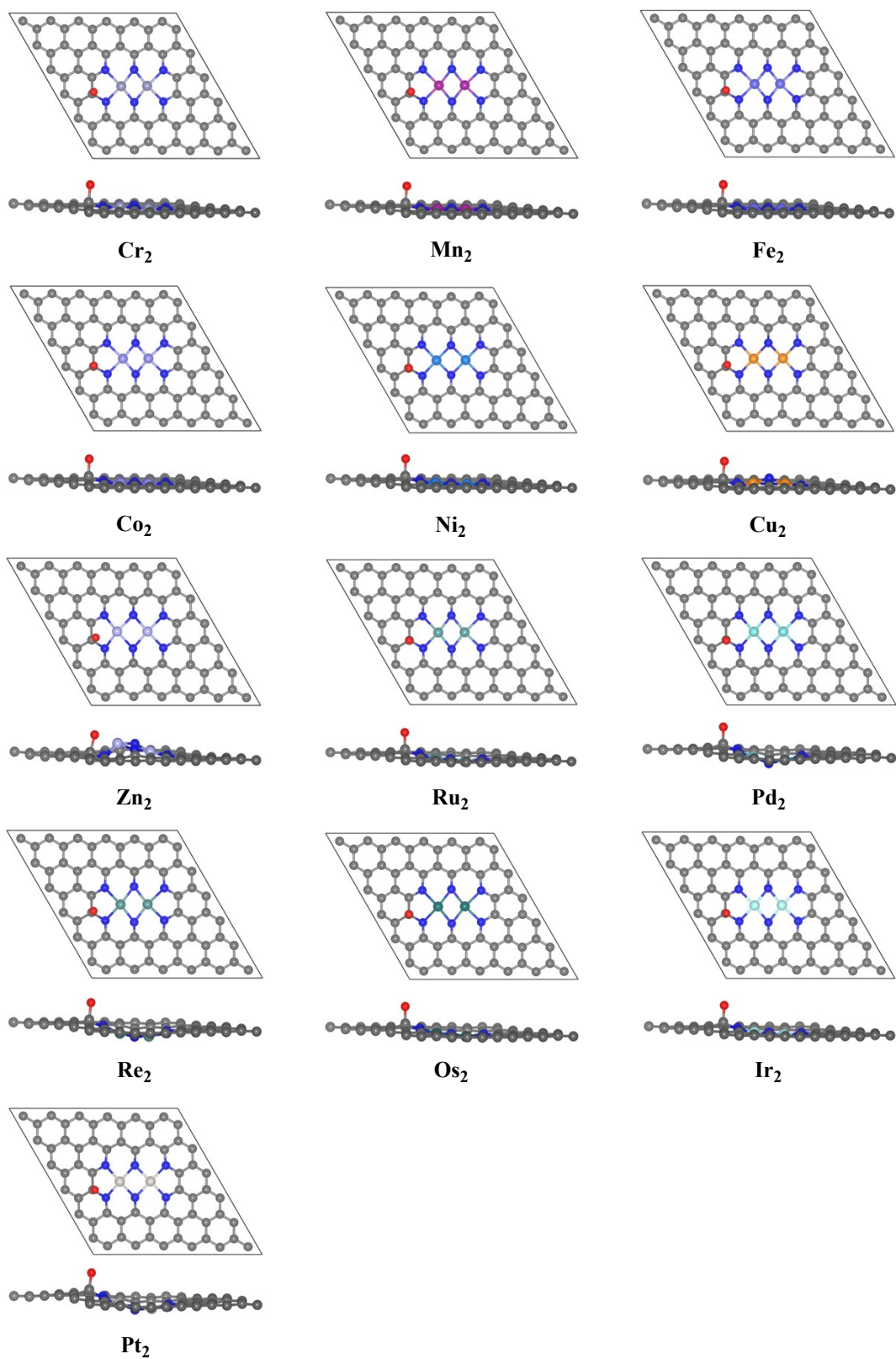


Fig. S5 Top and side views of O atom absorbed at **site-4** on various TM₂N₆@graphenes.

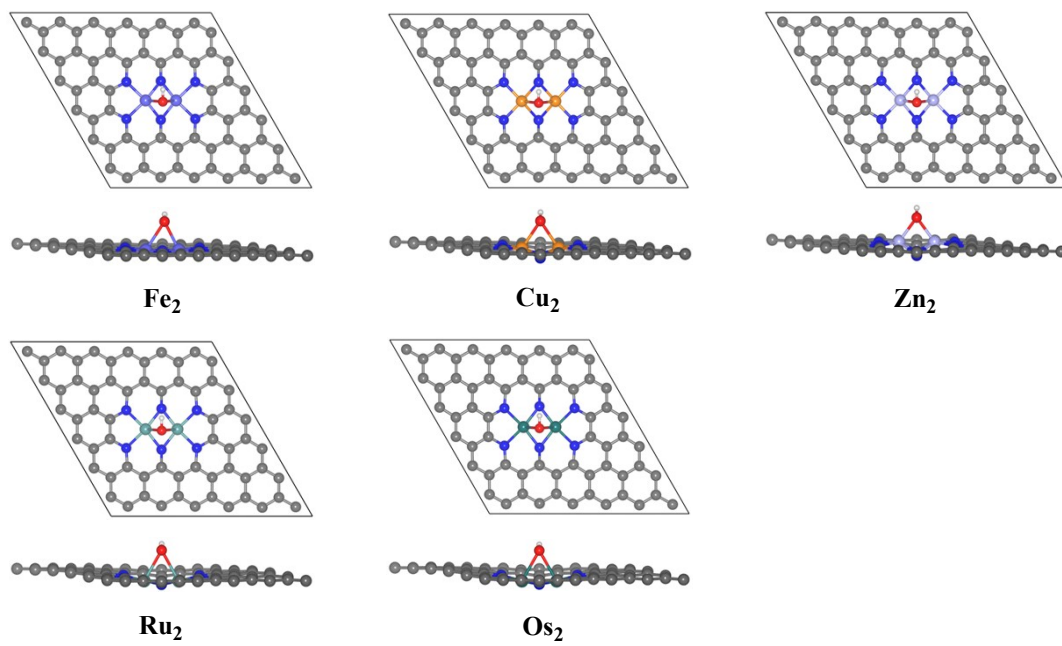


Fig. S6 Top and side views of OH absorbed at **site-1** on various TM₂N₆@graphenes.

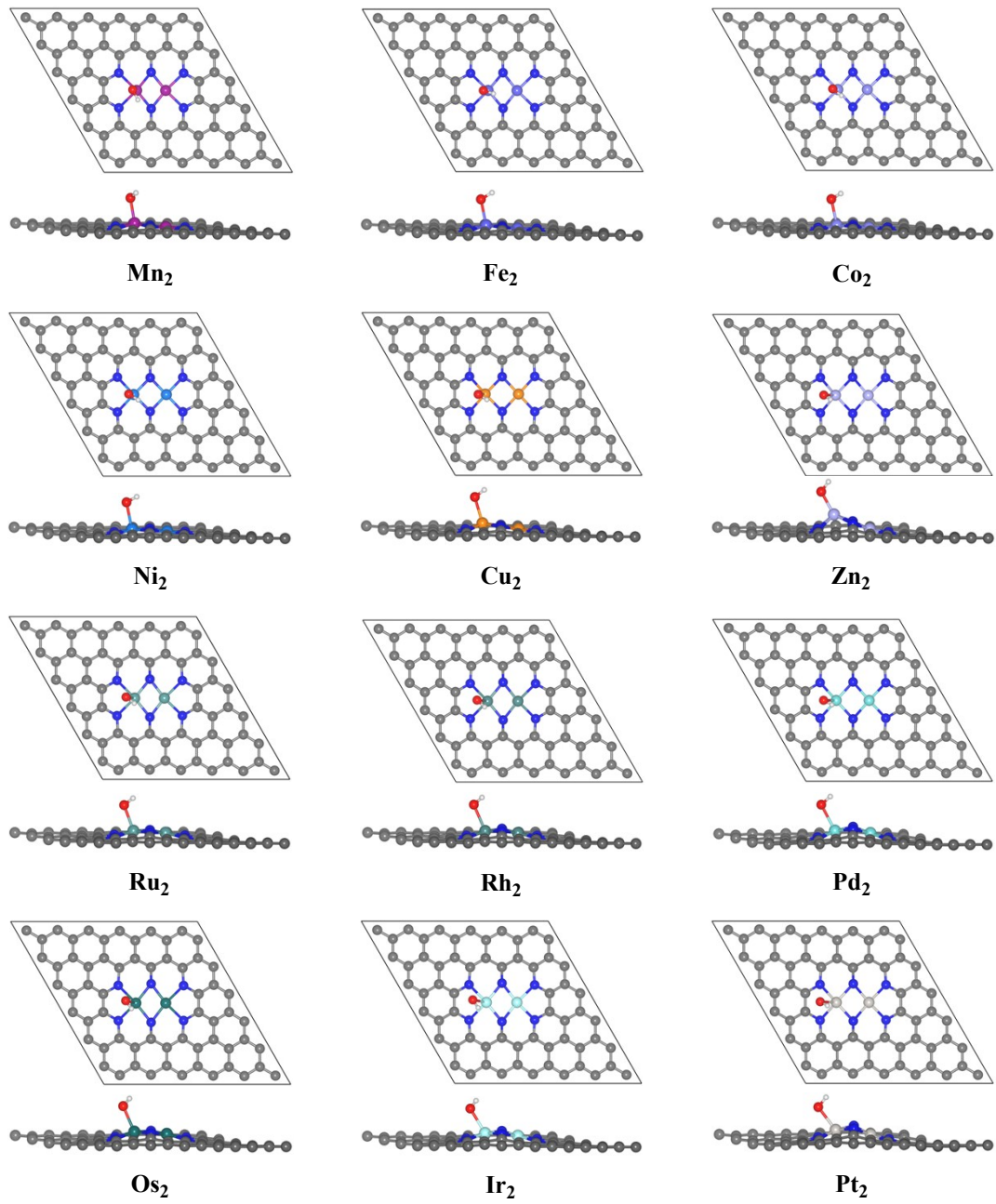


Fig. S7 Top and side views of OH absorbed at **site-2** on various $\text{TM}_2\text{N}_6@\text{graphenes}$.

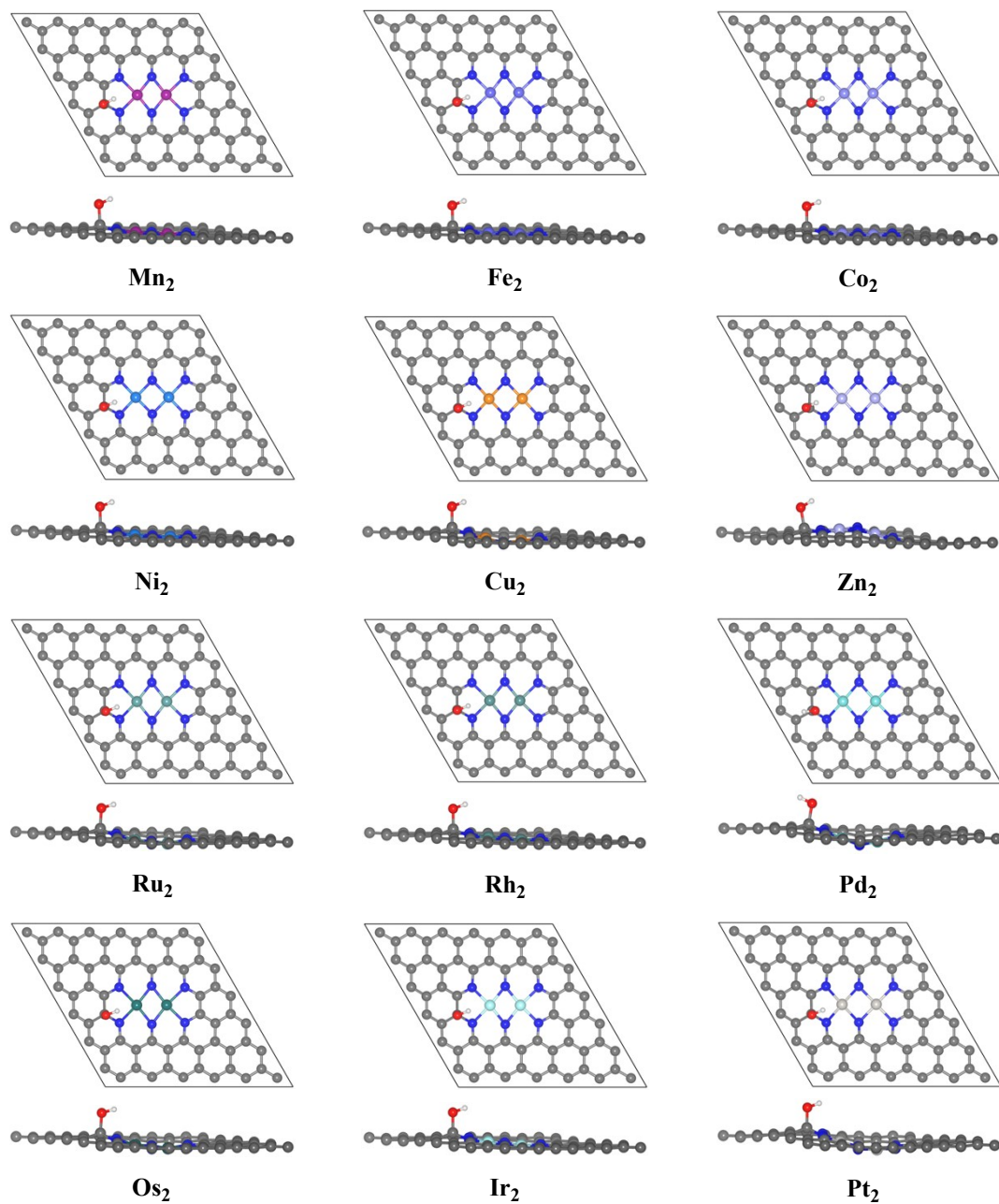


Fig. S8 Top and side views of OH absorbed at **site-4** on various $\text{TM}_2\text{N}_6@\text{graphenes}$.

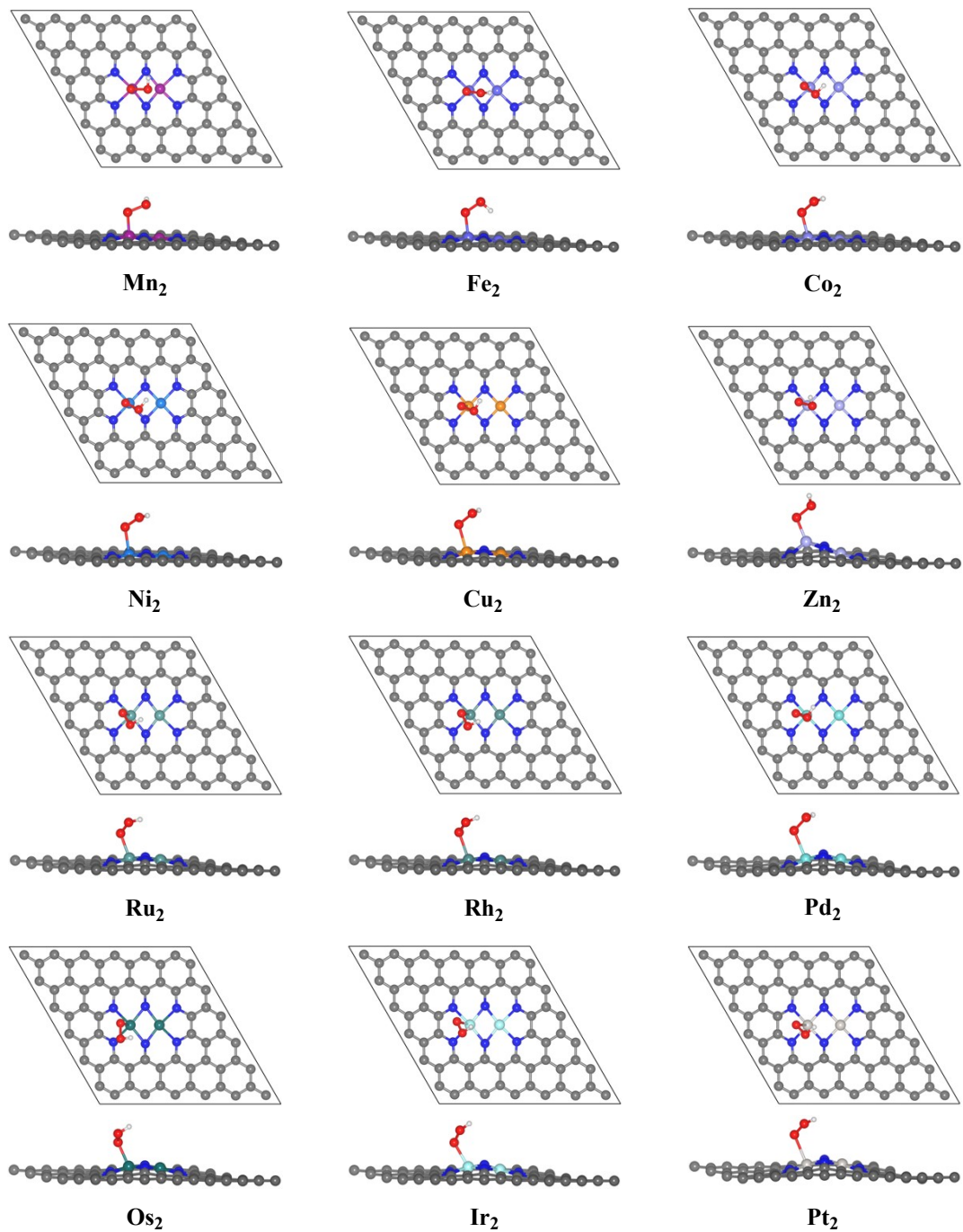


Fig. S9 Top and side views of OOH absorbed on various TM₂N₆@graphenes.

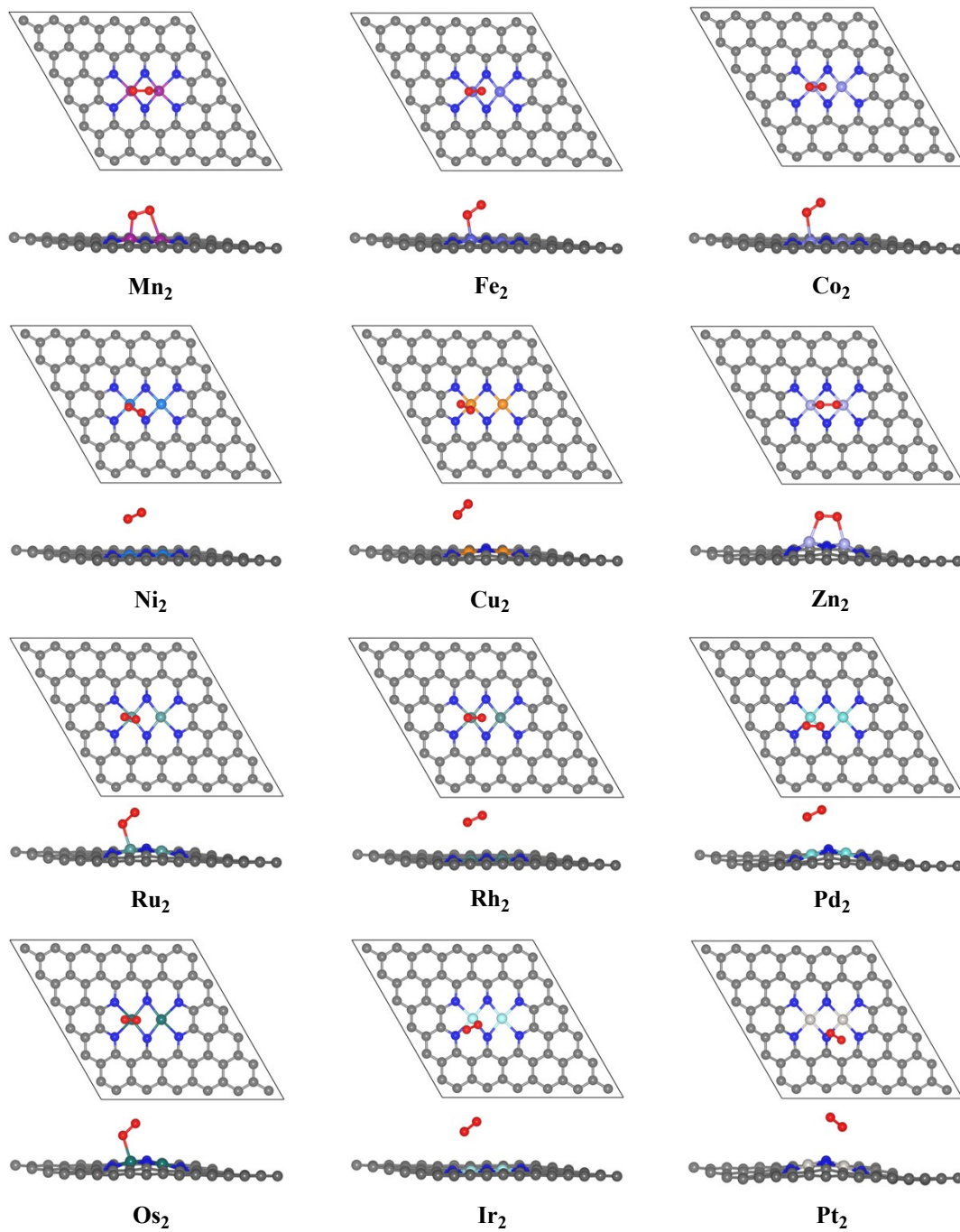


Fig. S10 Top and side views of O₂ absorbed on various TM₂N₆@graphenes.

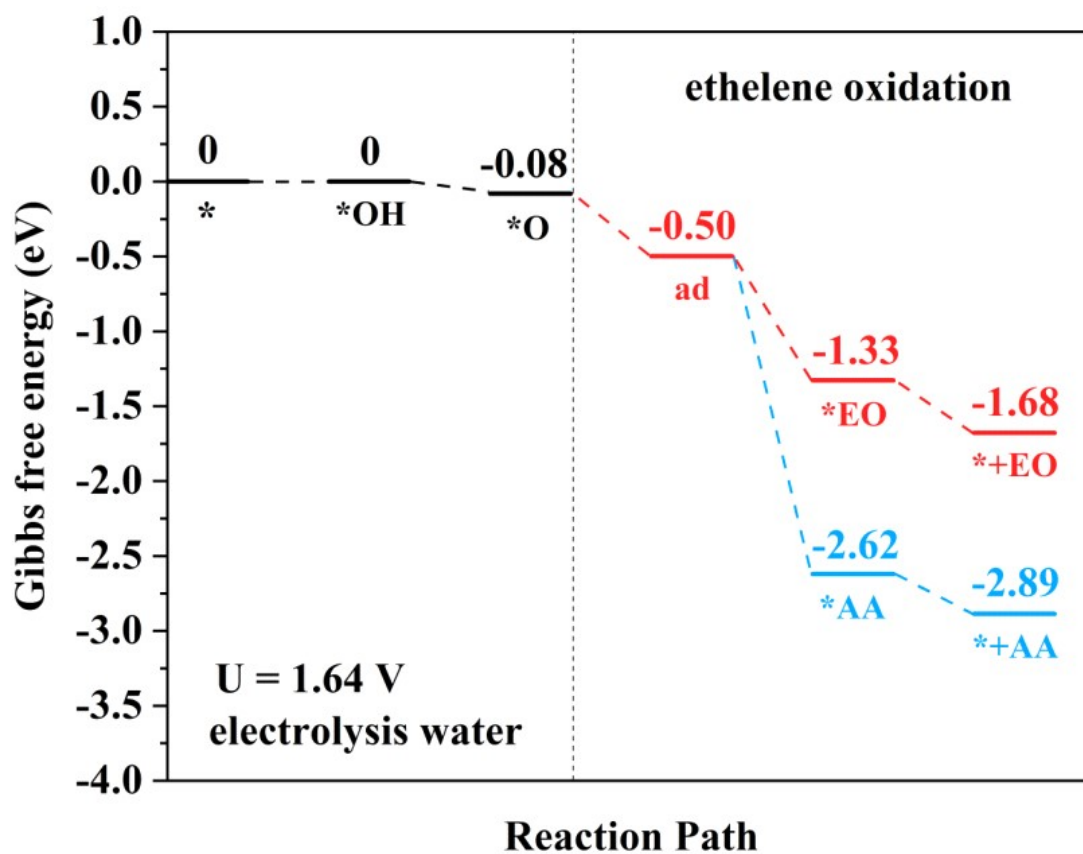


Fig. S11 Gibbs free energy change diagrams for ethylene electro-oxidation on $\text{Co}_2\text{N}_6@\text{graphenes}$ at the lowest applied potential to generate *O intermediates at $\text{pH}=0$.

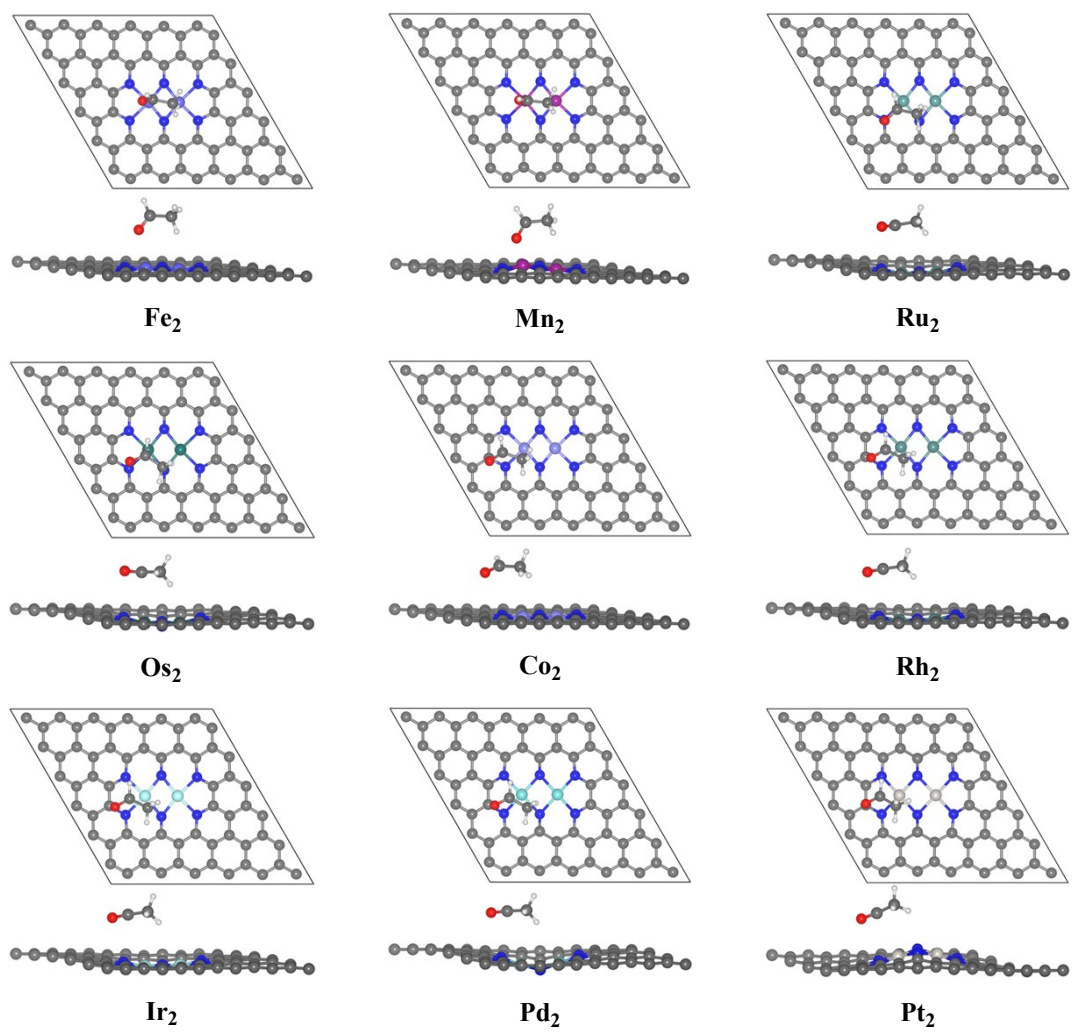


Fig. S12 Top and side views of acetaldehyde absorbed on various $TM_2N_6@graphenes$.

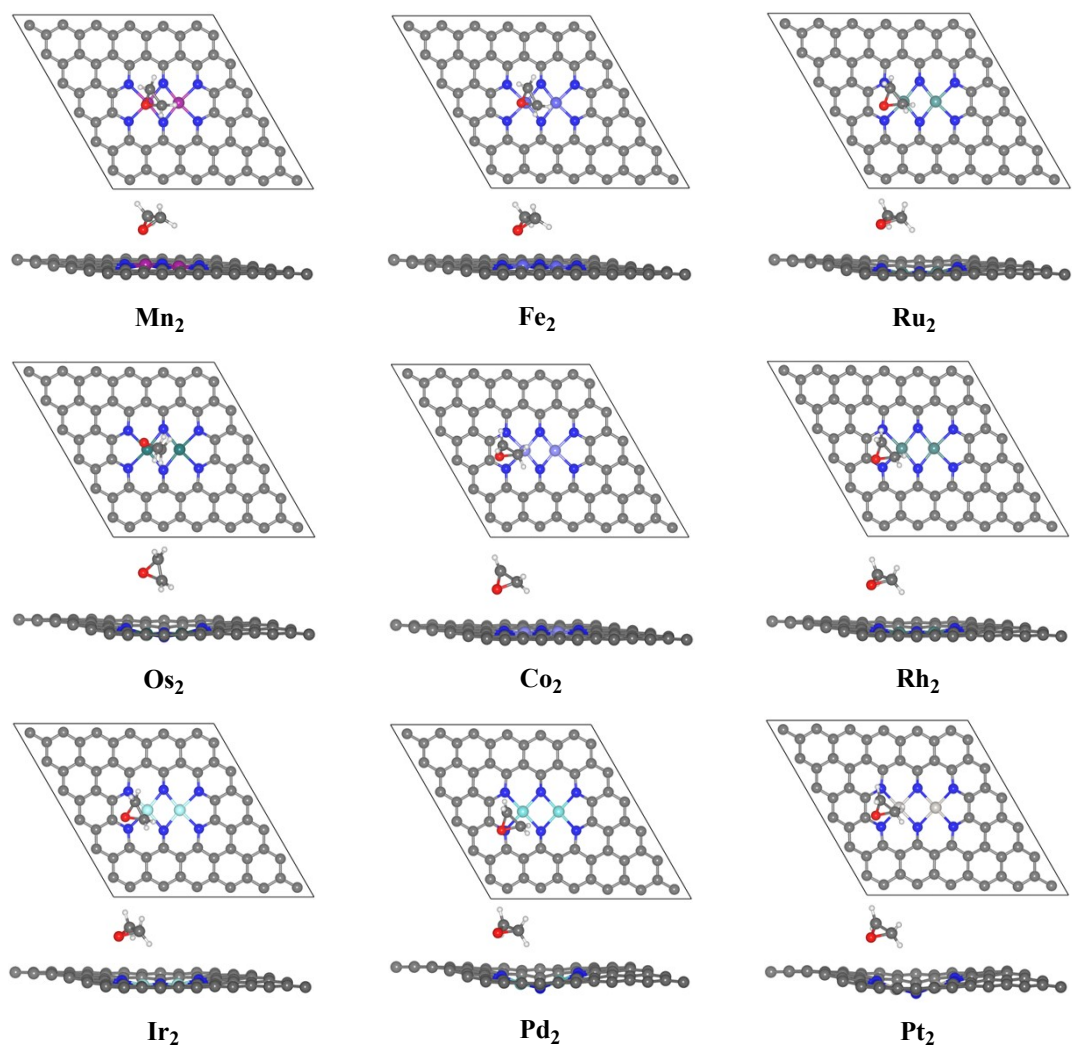


Fig. S13 Top and side views of ethylene oxide absorbed on various $\text{TM}_2\text{N}_6@$ graphenes.

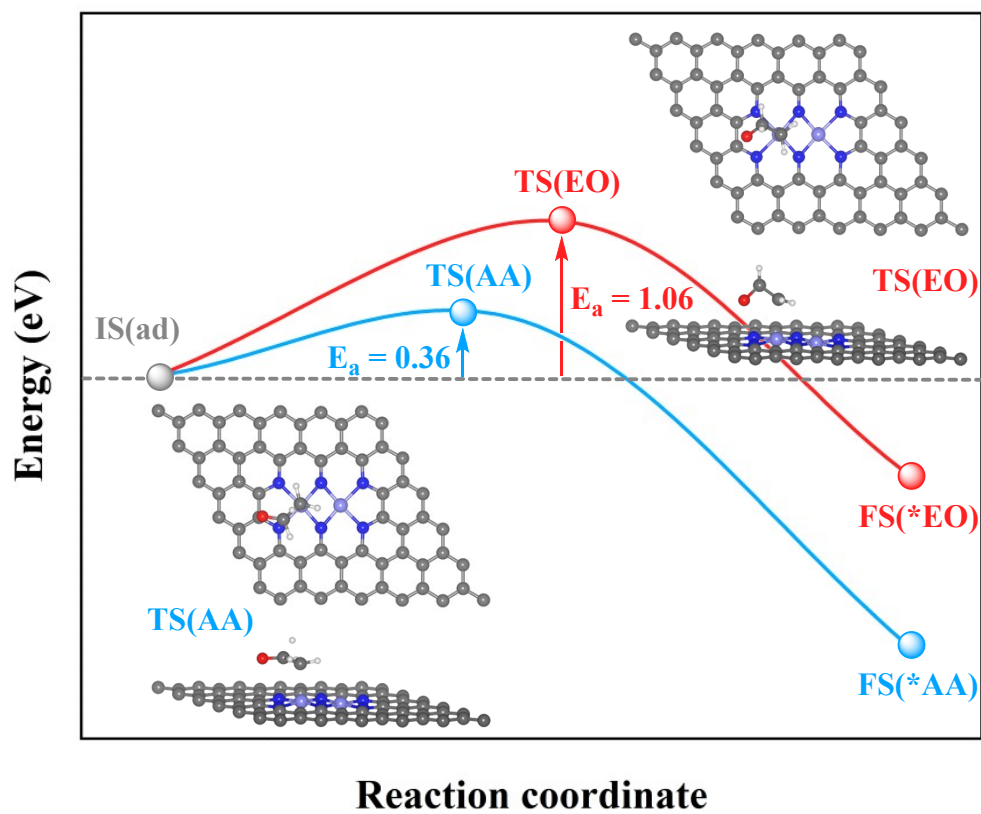


Fig. S14 Kinetic energy barriers and transition state structures of AA and EO generation through C-TM mechanism on Co₂N₆@graphenes.

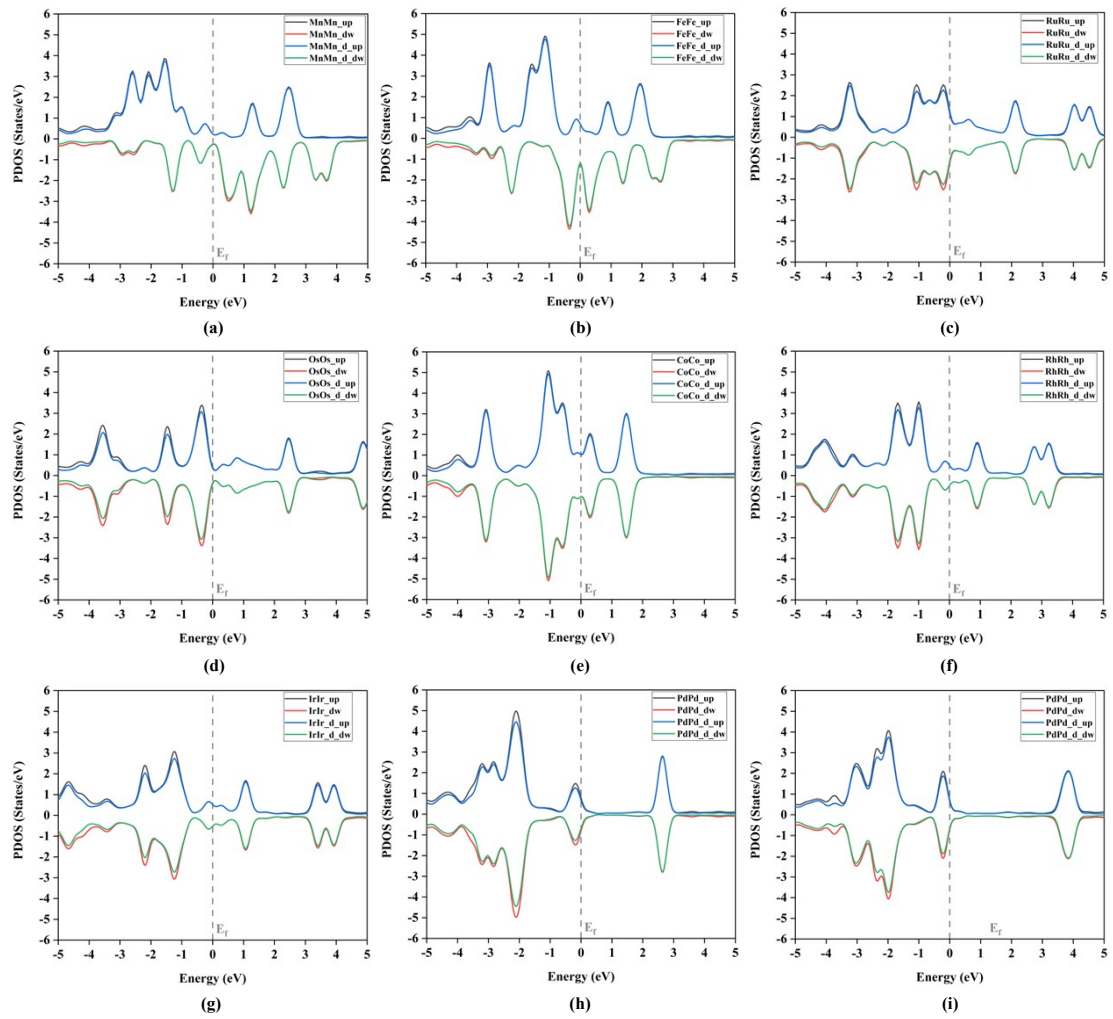


Fig. S15 Projected density of states (PDOS) of the d orbitals of the two metals in $\text{TM}_2\text{N}_6@$ graphenes.

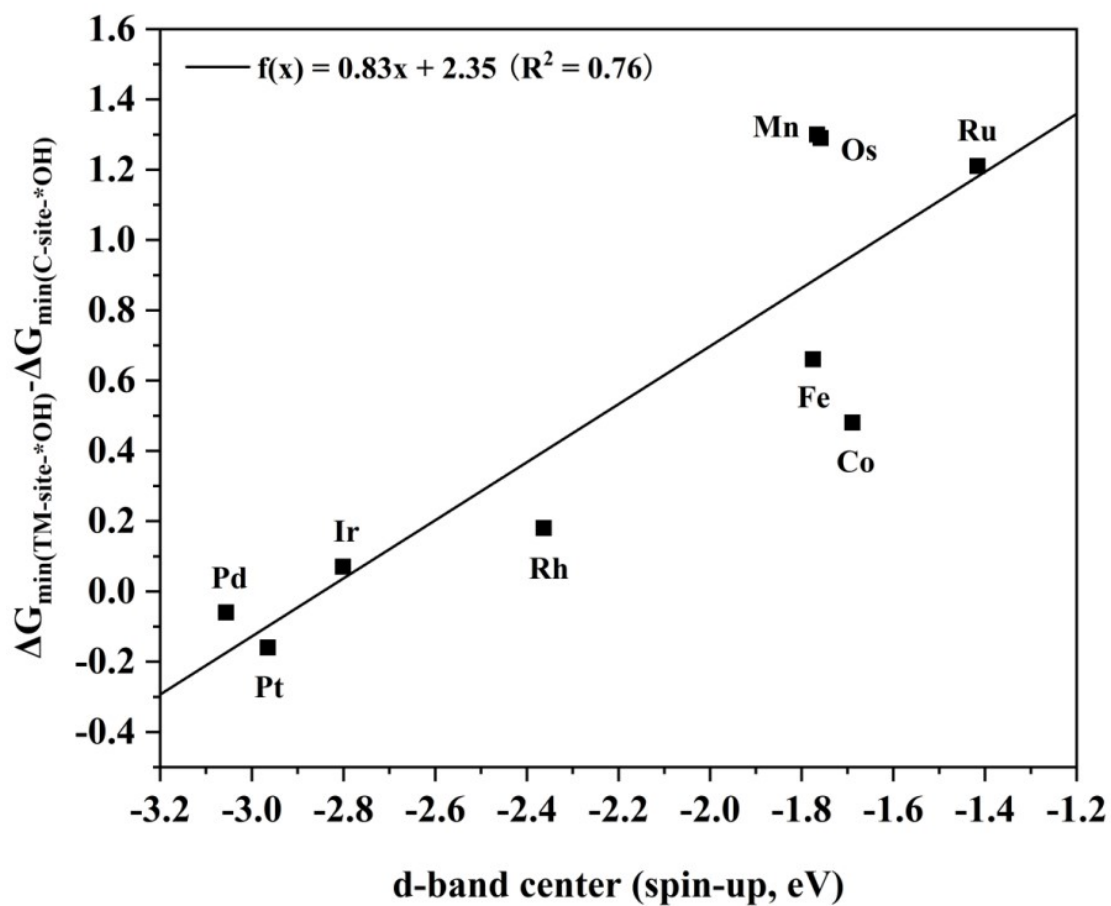


Fig. S16 Linear relationship between d-band center of metals in TM_2N_6 @graphenes and energy difference of the most stable OH adsorption sites between metal and C sites.

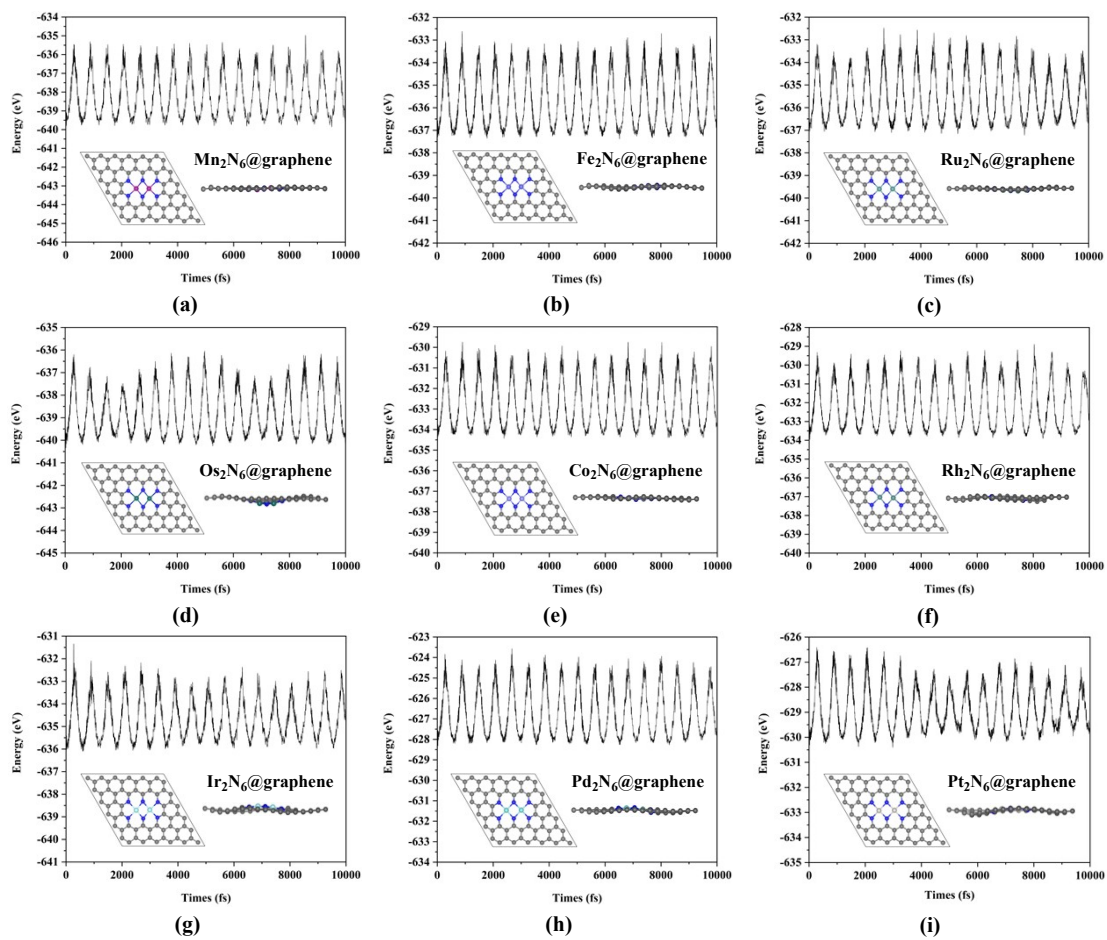


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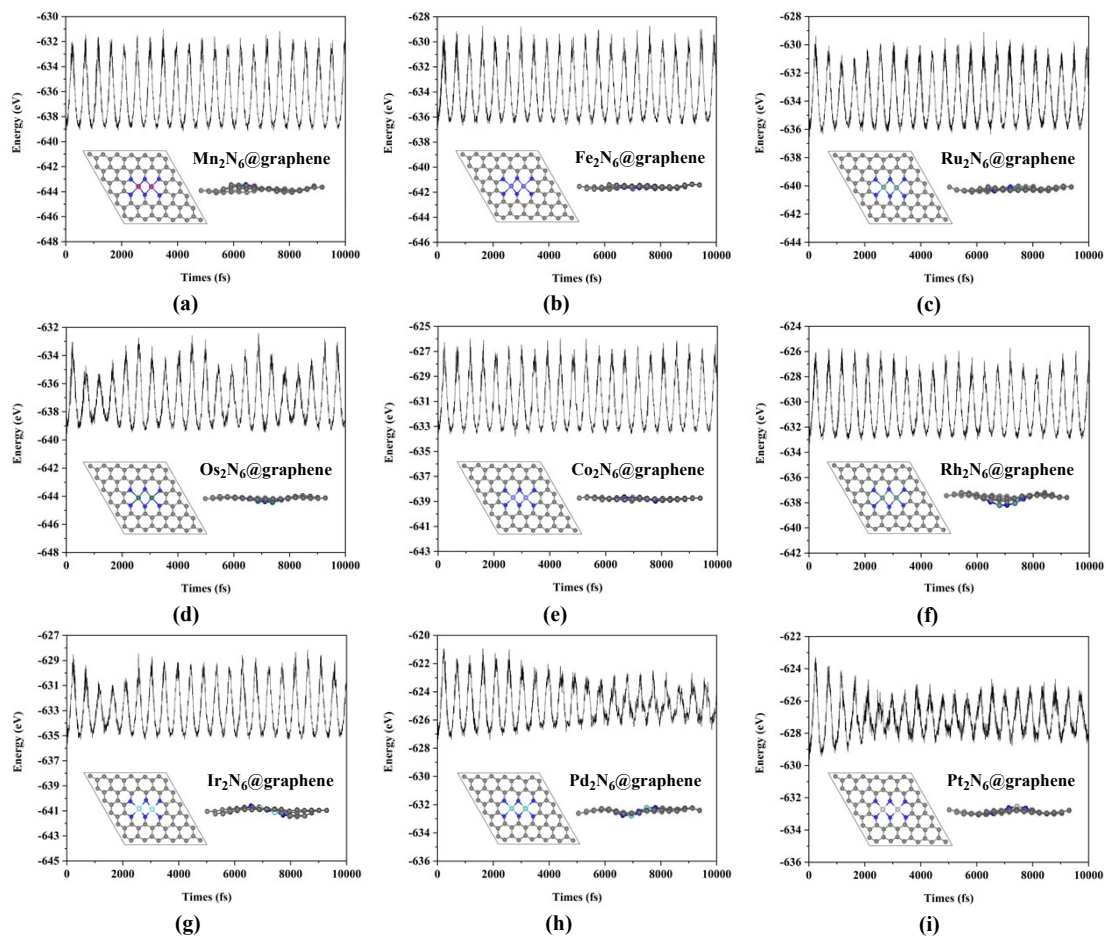


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