Supporting Information for

Reaction Pathways and Energetics of the Deconstruction of Lignin Carbohydrate Complexes (LCCs) in Lignocellulosic Biomass

Seth Beck⁺, Samir H. Mushrif^{+*}

⁺Department of Chemical and Materials Engineering, University of Alberta, 116 St NW, Edmonton, AB, T6G 2E1, Canada

*Corresponding Author Email: mushrif@ualberta.ca (SHM)

Figure S.1, S.2 and S.3 show the molecular structures of the product compounds resulting from the $C_6 - O_1$, $C_2 - OH$ and $C_3 - OH$ bond breaking pathways, respectively.



Figure S.1: The product structure resulting from the $C_6 - O_1$ bond breaking pathway. Carbon, oxygen and hydrogen are colored in gray, red and white, respectively. The approximate location of the positive charge is highlighted in a blue circle and the hydrogen bonds are depicted with black dashed lines.



Figure S.2: The product structure resulting from the C_2 – OH bond breaking pathway. Carbon, oxygen and hydrogen are colored in gray, red and white, respectively. The approximate location of the positive charge is highlighted in a blue circle and the hydrogen bonds are depicted with black dashed lines.



Figure S.3: The product structure resulting from the C_3 – OH bond breaking pathway. Carbon, oxygen and hydrogen are colored in gray, red and white, respectively. The approximate location of the positive charge is highlighted in a blue circle and the hydrogen bonds are depicted with black dashed lines.