

## Supporting Information

for

### **Na<sub>0.5</sub>Bi<sub>0.5</sub>TiO<sub>3</sub> Perovskite Anode for Lithium Ion Battery**

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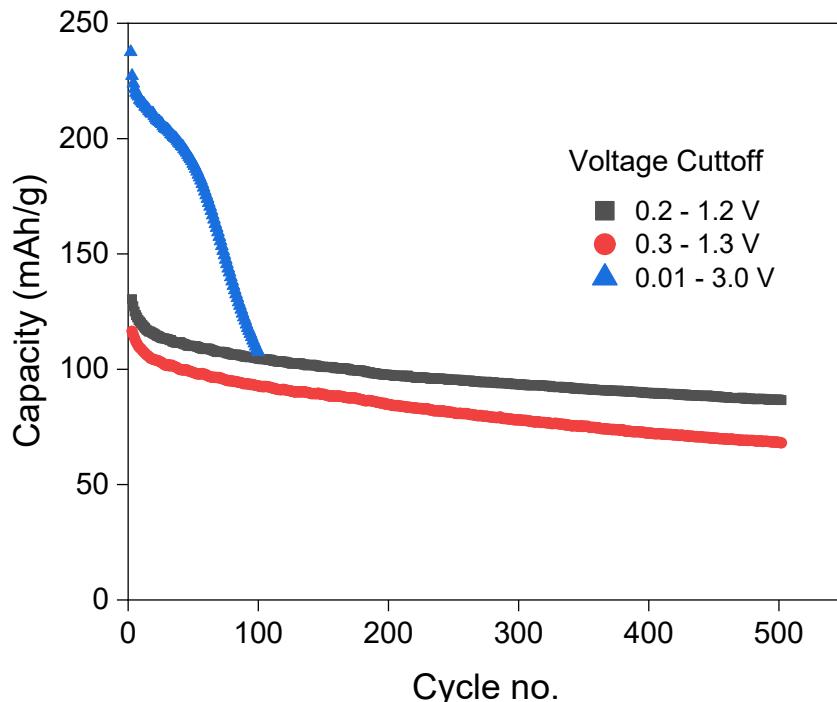
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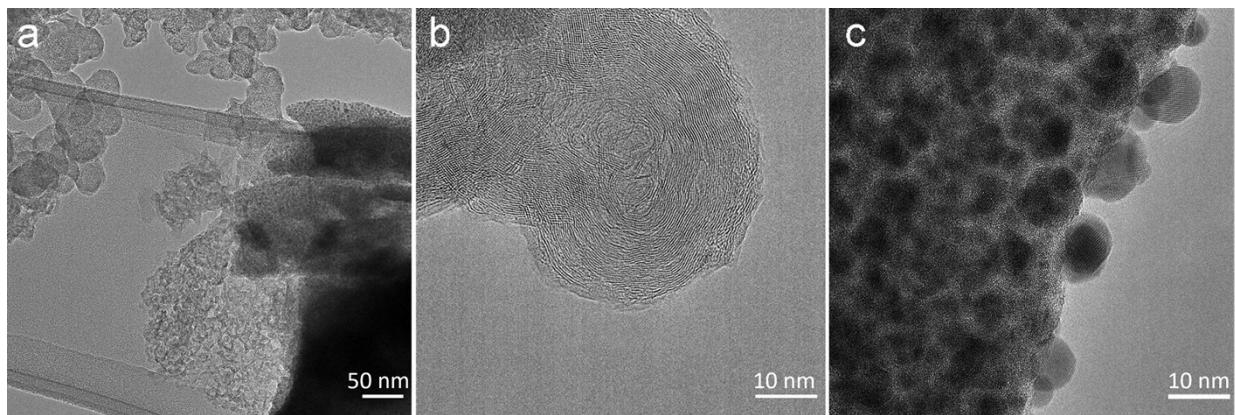
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**Table S1.** Crystallographic parameters derived from the Rietveld refinement of lab XRD data (Cu K $\alpha$ ) of Na<sub>0.5</sub>Bi<sub>0.5</sub>TiO<sub>3</sub> at 25 °C.

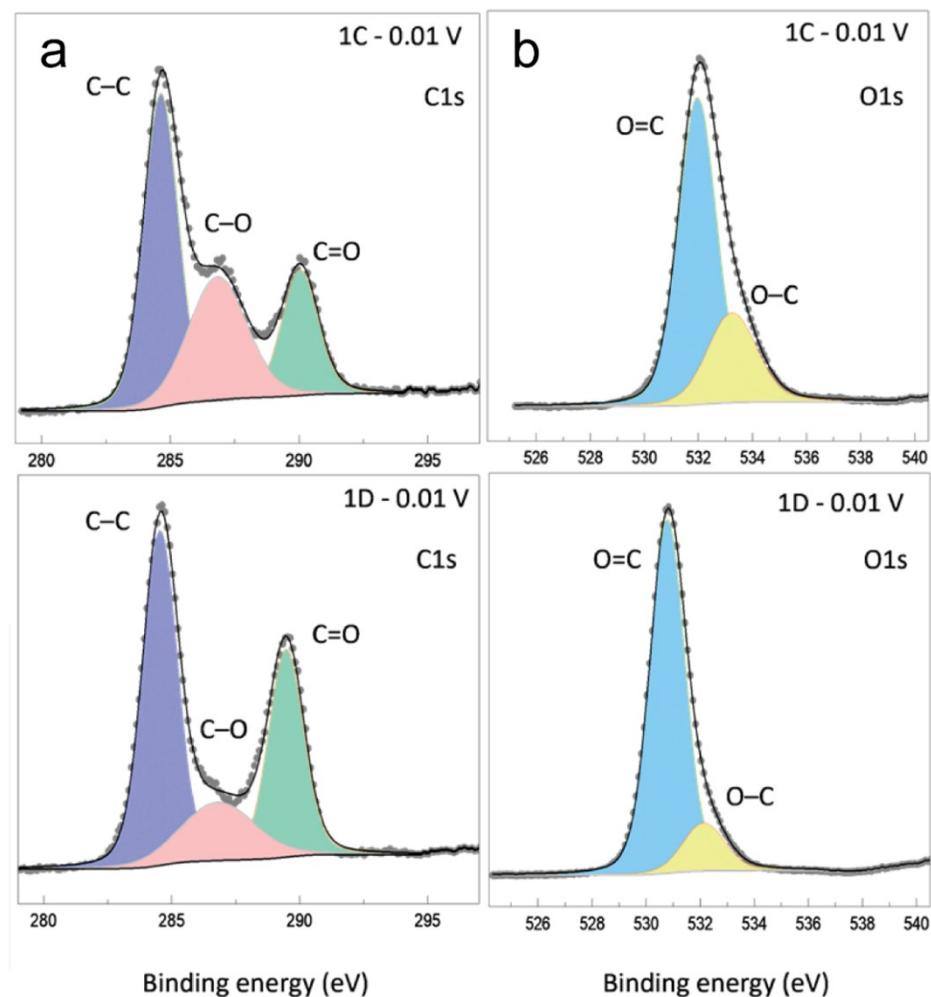
	Formula	Na <sub>0.5</sub> Bi <sub>0.5</sub> TiO <sub>3</sub>				
	Crystal system	<i>Trigonal</i>				
	Space group	<i>R3c</i> (#161)				
	Unit cell parameter (Å)	$a = b = 5.4844, c = 13.50305$				
	Unit cell volume (Å <sup>3</sup> )	$V = 351.744$				
	Theoretical density (g/cm <sup>3</sup> )	6.001				
	Refinement factors	$R_{\text{Bragg}} = 2.34\%$ , Global $\chi^2 = 24$				
Atom	Wyckoff Position	x/a	y/b	z/c	Occupancy	B <sub>iso</sub> /Å <sup>2</sup>
Na	6a	0	0	0.3	0.5	1.73(63)
Bi	6a	0	0	0.3	0.5	1.73(63)
Ti	6a	0	0	0	1	-0.47(12)
O	18b	0.1286(63)	0.2921(60)	0.1124	1	1



**Figure S1.** Cycling performance of NBT perovskite anode in different voltage windows: (0.01-3.0 V) -red, (0.2-1.2 V) - green, and (0.3-1.3 V) – blue.



**Figure S2.** TEM images of the 1C sample: (a) mixture of conductive carbon, parent  $\text{Na}_{0.5}\text{Bi}_{0.5}\text{TiO}_3$  and  $\text{Li}_2\text{O}$ , (b) magnified image of conductive carbon, and (c) magnified image of the surface of pristine  $\text{Na}_{0.5}\text{Bi}_{0.5}\text{TiO}_3$ .



**Figure S3.** Ex-situ XPS study showing (a) C 1s spectra after full charge (top) and full discharge (bottom); and (b) O 1s spectra after full charge (top) and full discharge (bottom).