## **Supplementary data**

## Enhanced Catalytic Centres by RuO<sub>2</sub> addition to CuFe<sub>2</sub>O<sub>4</sub> Cathode Catalyst towards Rechargeable Lithium-Air Battery: Influence of CO<sub>2</sub> on the Li-O<sub>2</sub> battery performances

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## Materials used

Copper nitrate trihydrate (Cu(NO\_3)\_2 $\cdot$  3H<sub>2</sub>O, Sigma-Aldrich), ferric nitrate nonahydrate

(Fe(NO<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub>·9H<sub>2</sub>O, Loba chemicals), Ruthenium oxide (RuO<sub>2</sub>, Sigma-Aldrich) and glycine

(C2H5NO2, Avra chemicals) were used for the synthesis of the RuO2@CuFe2O4. The non-

aqueous electrolyte was comprised of lithium triflate (LiCF3SO3, Sigma-Aldrich) in

tetraethylene glycol dimethyl ether (TEGDME, Sigma-Aldrich). The separator used in the

batteries were made of Whatman glass microfiber filter paper (Alfa Aesar).



Figure S1. Raman spectrum recorded for the  $CuFe_2O_4$  powder sample.



**Figure S2.** XPS **(a)** survey spectrum, and (b-e) Deconvoluted XPS profiles of Cu2p, Fe2p, O1s and C 1s scan profiles recorded for the CuFe<sub>2</sub>O<sub>4</sub> (CFO) sample.



Figure S3. SEM images at different magnifications recorded for the pristine CuFe<sub>2</sub>O<sub>4</sub>

sample.



Figure S4. GCD curves recorded at a current density of 500 mA g<sup>-1</sup> for the Li-Air battery

containing each of the pristine CuFe<sub>2</sub>O<sub>4</sub> and the RCFO-5 composite catalysts.



Figure S5. OCV profile recorded in the ambient atmosphere for the Li-Air battery having the RCFO-5 as the cathode catalyst.



Figure S6. The equivalent circuit used to fit the obtained Nyquist plots in the Li-CO<sub>2</sub> battery.

State	Voltage (V)	R <sub>ct</sub> (Ω)
	3.1	271
First discharge	2.5	310
	2.0	366
Fifth discharge	3.1	435
	2.5	445
	2.0	600

**Table S1.** The R<sub>ct</sub> resistance calculated at different depth of discharge in first and 5<sup>th</sup> discharge cycles.