

## ***Supplementary Information***

# **Development of Diverse Aluminium Concentration Gradient Profiles in Ni-Rich Layered Cathodes for Enhanced Electrochemical and Thermal Performances**

Xinwei Jiao,<sup>a</sup> Junwei Yap,<sup>a</sup> Junbin Choi,<sup>a</sup> Mengyuan Chen,<sup>b</sup> Devendrasinh Darbar,<sup>c</sup> Gongshin Qi,<sup>c</sup>

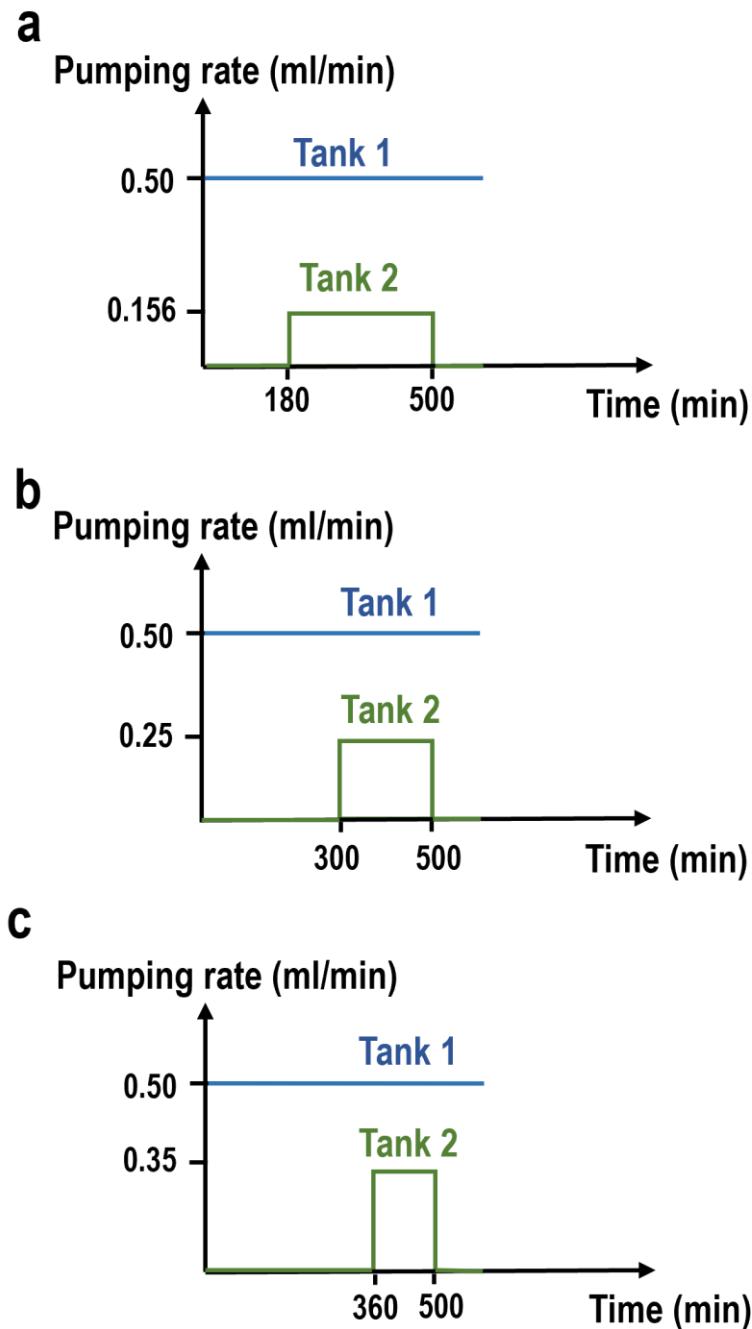
Xiaosong Huang,<sup>b,\*</sup> and Jung-Hyun Kim<sup>a,\*</sup>

<sup>a</sup>*Department of Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering, The Ohio State University, Columbus, OH 43210, United States.*

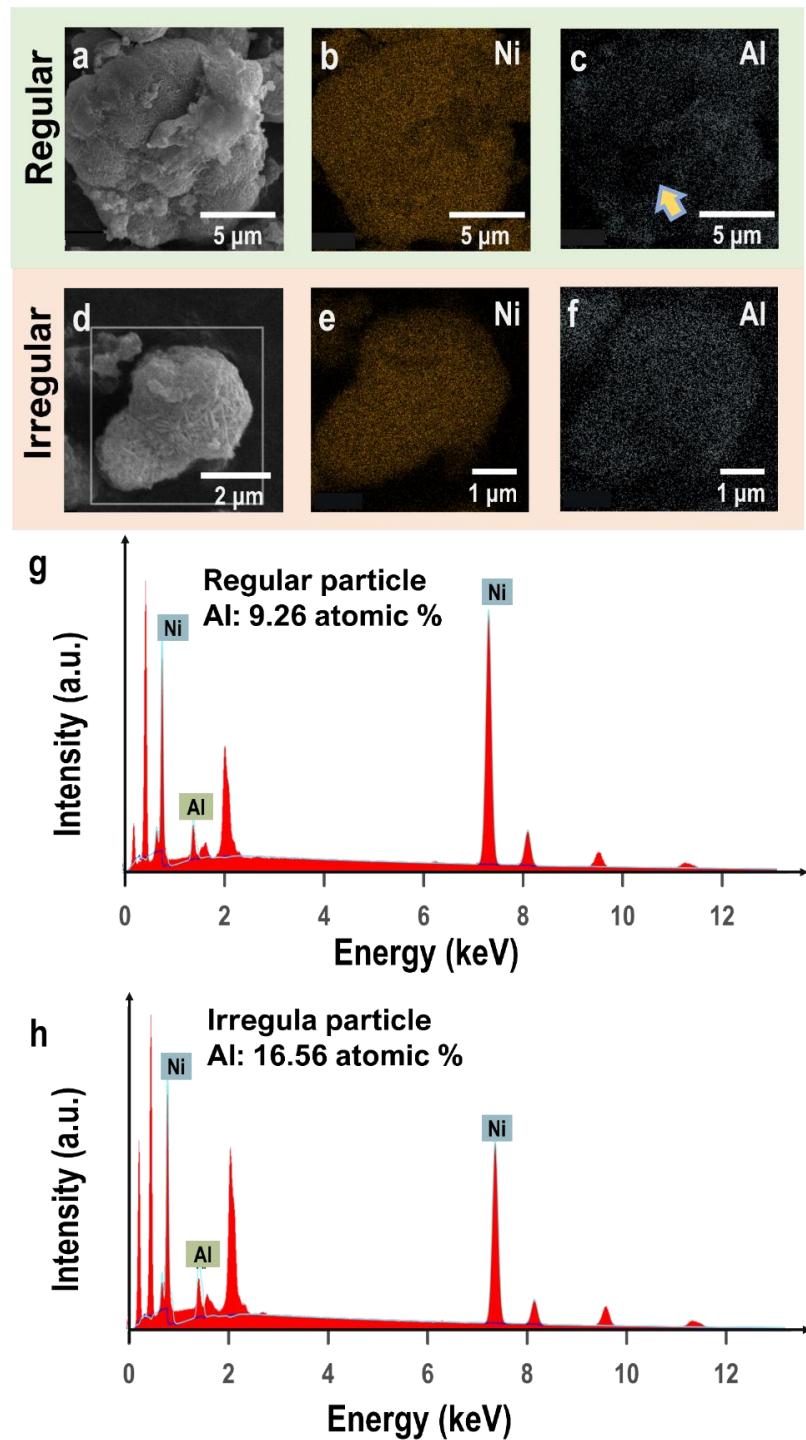
<sup>b</sup>*Materials & Manufacturing Systems Research, General Motors Global Research and Development, Warren, MI 48092, United States.*

<sup>c</sup>*Battery Materials and Systems Research, General Motors Global Research and Development, Warren, MI 48092, United States*

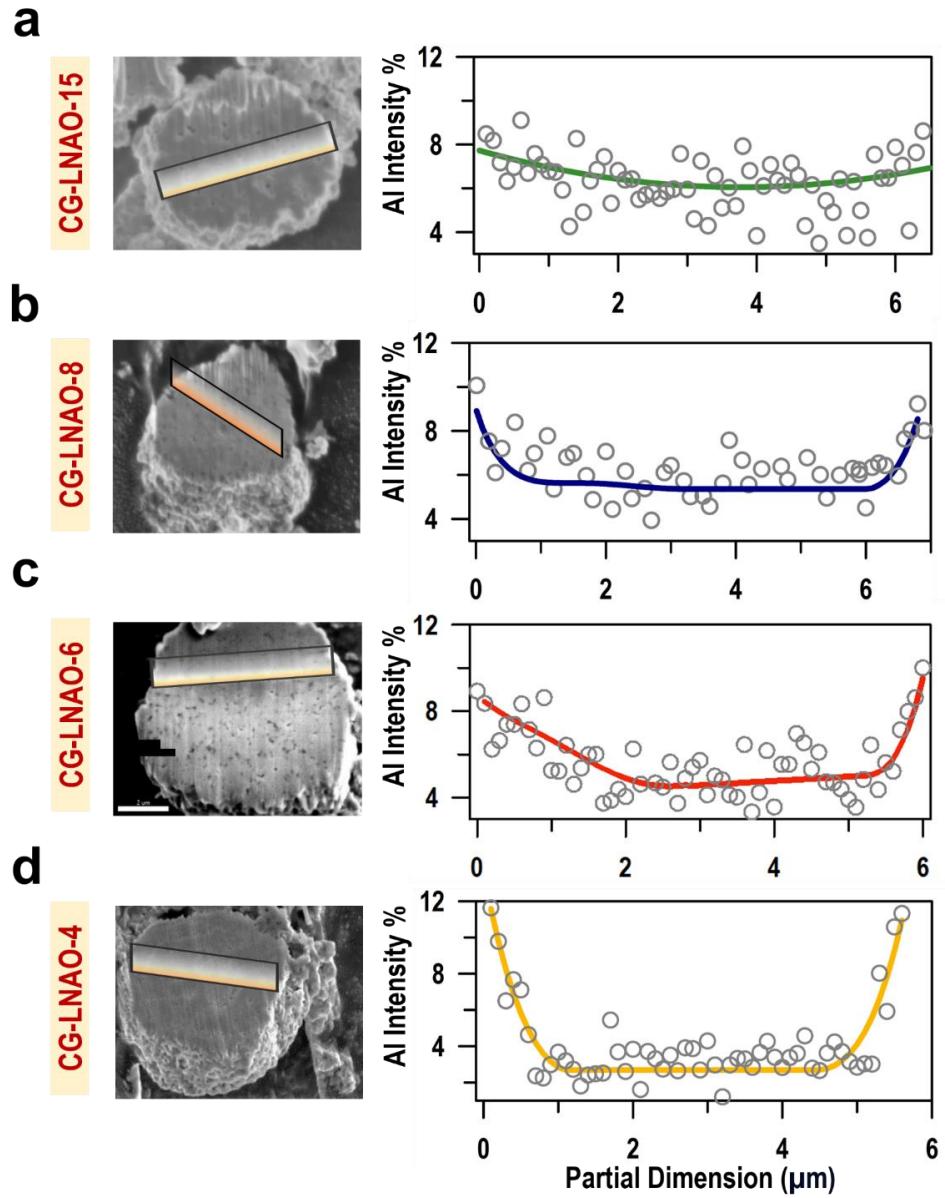
Corresponding authors: X. Huang (E-mail: [xiaosong.huang@gm.com](mailto:xiaosong.huang@gm.com)) and J.-H. Kim (E-mail: [kim.6776@osu.edu](mailto:kim.6776@osu.edu))



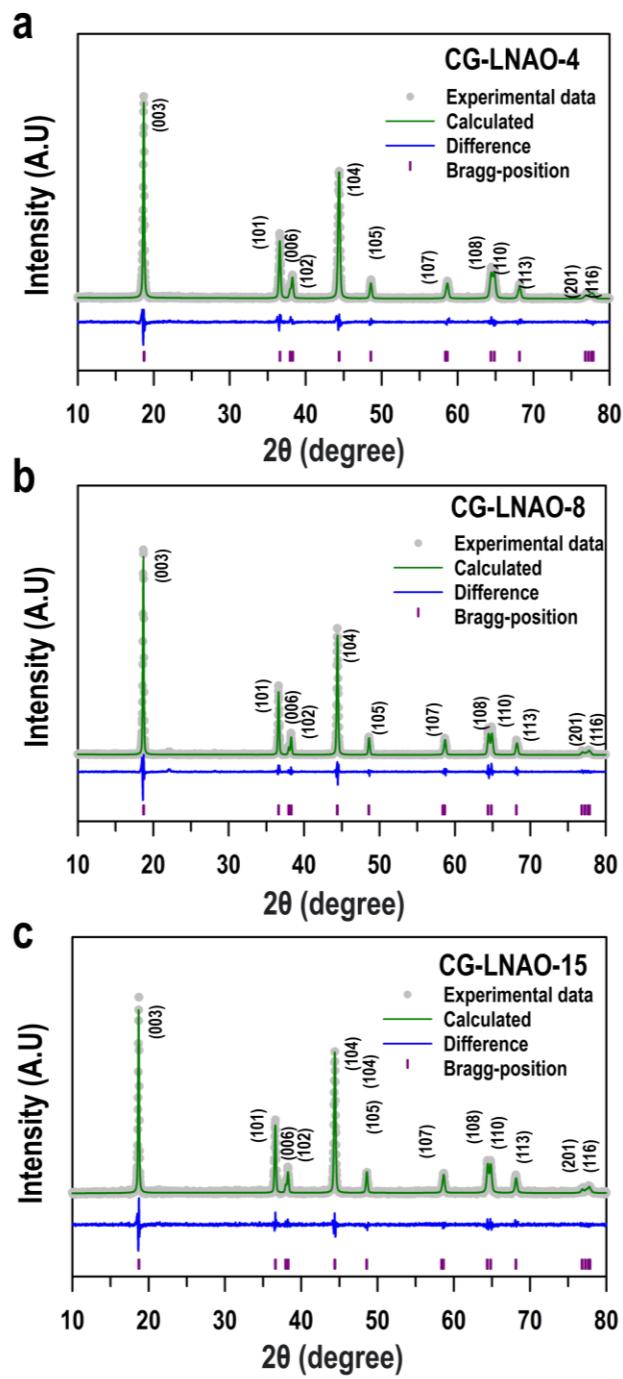
**Fig. S1** The illustration of the injection timing of  $\text{Al}_2(\text{SO}_4)_3 \cdot 12\text{H}_2\text{O}$  solution from Tank 2 (green), into Tank 1 at three different intervals following the initial injection of  $\text{NiSO}_4 \cdot 6\text{H}_2\text{O}$  (blue) at the beginning of the synthesis: after (a) 3 h, (b) 5 h, and (c) 6 h.



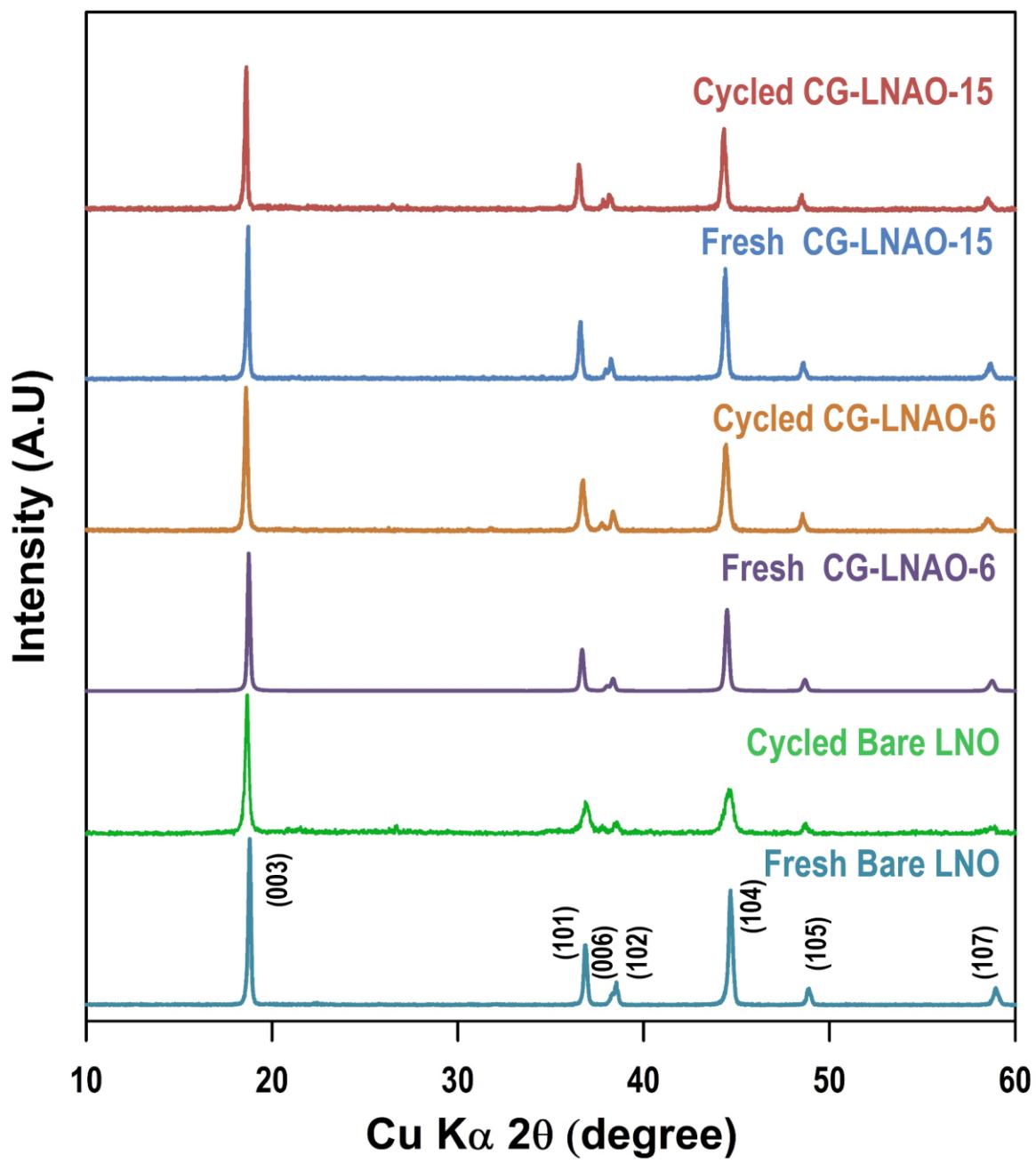
**Fig. S2** SEM and elemental mapping images of (a, b, c) large and (d, e, f) small particles from concentration-gradient  $\text{Ni}_{0.95}(\text{OH})_{1.9} - \text{Al}_{0.05}(\text{OH})_{0.15}$  precursors, obtained by delaying Al-injection schedule to 6 h. EDS spectra obtained from the (g) large particle and (h) small particles.



**Fig. S3** Cross-sectional EDS line scan analyses of CG-LNAO particles sintered at 710 °C in O<sub>2</sub> for (a) 15 h, (b) 8 h, (c) 6 h, and (d) 4 h.



**Fig. S4** XRD data and Rietveld refinement profiles of (a) CG-LNAO-4, (b) CG-LNAO-8, and (c) CG-LNAO-15.



**Fig. S5** XRD pattern of fresh and cycled bare LiNiO<sub>2</sub>, CG-LNAO-6 and CG-LNAO-15 cathodes.

**Table S1.** Structural parameters of various cathode materials.

Samples	a (Å)	c (Å)	c/a ratio	Unit cell volume (Å <sup>3</sup> )	Ni <sup>2+</sup> in Li Layer (%) <sup>†</sup>	I <sub>(003)</sub> /I <sub>(104)</sub> Ratio	(R <sub>wp</sub> /R <sub>exp</sub> ) <sup>2</sup>
Bare LNO	2.878	14.187	4.931	101.676	4.95	1.37	2.12
CG-LNAO 4h	2.877	14.213	4.940	101.819	2.77	1.56	1.85
CG-LNAO 6h	2.875	14.212	4.944	101.748	2.19	1.63	1.33
CG-LNAO 8h	2.874	14.212	4.945	101.689	2.65	1.61	1.68
CG-LNAO 15h	2.877	14.211	4.939	101.761	3.12	1.41	1.32

<sup>†</sup>Referred to as cation mixing.**Table S2.** Elemental composition of various cathodes measured by ICP-MS.

Samples	Li	Al	Ni
Bare LNO	0.984	0.0	1.0
CG-LNAO 4 h	1.021	0.052	0.948
CG-LNAO 6 h	1.002	0.056	0.944
CG-LNAO 8 h	1.002	0.053	0.947
CG-LNAO 15 h	0.986	0.060	0.940