Supporting information

Molecule-bridged Electron-selective Contact for Highefficient Halide-based Perovskite Solar Cells[†]

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Fig. S1. Structure diagram of the molecular formula of H_2Mi .



Fig. S2. (a) XPS full spectra of SnO_2 and SnO_2/H_2Mi . (b) XPS full spectra of $SnO_2/Perovskite$ and $SnO_2/H_2Mi/Perovskite$.



Fig. S3. FTIR spectra of SnO_2 and SnO_2/H_2Mi .



Fig. S4. UPS full spectra of SnO_2 and SnO_2/H_2Mi films.



Fig. S5. (a) Tauc-Plot spectrum of perovskite films deposited on SnO_2 /Perovskite substrate. (b) UPS spectra of SnO_2 /Perovskite film.



Fig. S6. OM images of perovskite films deposited on (a) SnO_2 and (b) SnO_2 / H_2Mi ETLs.



Fig. S7. The cross-sectional SEM images of the perovskite film treated with H_2Mi .



Fig. S8. UV/vis absorption spectra of perovskite films deposited on SnO_2 and SnO_2/H_2Mi ETLs.



Fig. S9. The contact angle measurements of ITO/SnO $_2$ and ITO/SnO $_2$ /H $_2Mi$ films.



Fig. S10. I–V curves of devices based on SnO_2 and SnO_2/H_2Mi ETLs. The inset depicts the device structure.



Fig. S11. UV-vis absorption spectra of SnO2 and SnO2/ H2Mi ETLs.



Fig. S12. J-V curves of the device based on SnO_2 passivated with different concentrations of H_2Mi .



Fig. S13. The box plots of (a) J_{SC} , (b) V_{OC} , (c) FF, and (d) PCE of the unencapsulated devices.



Fig. S14. The contact angle measurements of perovskite precursor solution on ITO/SnO_2 and $ITO/SnO_2/H_2Mi$.



Fig. S15. The environmental stability curves of the control and H2Mi-modified devices

Sample	E _{cutoff} (eV)	W _F (eV)	E _{F, edge} (eV)	E _{VB} (eV)	E _g (eV)	E _{CB} (eV)
SnO ₂	16.61	4.61	3.92	-8.53	3.90	-4.63
SnO ₂ /H ₂ Mi	16.88	4.34	4.06	-8.40	3.91	-4.49
Perovskite	17.16	4.06	1.77	-5.83	1.54	-4.29

Table S1. Calculated parameters for the energy level of SnO_2 , SnO_2/H_2Mi , and perovskite.

Table S2. Calculated average crystallite sizes of perovskite with and without H_2Mi modification according to Scherrer formula.

	2Theta(°)	FWHM(°)	D (nm)
Control-Perovskite	14.22	0.144	54.98
Target-Perovskite	14.22	0.119	66.53

Sample	τ_1 (ns)	$ au_2$ (ns)	A_1	A_2	τ _{ave} (ns)
SnO ₂ /Perovskite	119.71	813.74	168.3	1590.79	803.11
SnO ₂ /Perovskite /H ₂ Mi	100	795.64	89.23	832.59	786.4

Table S3. The fitted data of TRPL curves.

	$V_{\rm OC}$ (V)	J _{SC} (mA cm ⁻²)	FF (%)	PCE (%)
0 mg mL ⁻¹	1.12	24.48	79.00	21.71
0.5 mg mL ⁻¹	1.16	24.96	79. 77	23.07
3.0 mg mL ⁻¹	1.16	25.12	83.35	24.34
5.0 mg mL ⁻¹	1.15	25.01	79.17	22.76

Table S4. Performance summary of champion devices based on SnO_2 and SnO_2 passivated with different concentrations of H_2Mi .

	Sweep	V _{OC}	$J_{ m SC}$	FF	РСЕ	Hysteresi
direc	directio	(\mathbf{V})	(mA cm ⁻²)	(%)	(%)	S
	n		()	(,,,)	(, -)	index
Control	Reverse	1.12	24.48	79.00	21.71	- 0.072
	Forward	1.06	24.59	77.41	20.15	
Target	Reverse	1.16	25.12	83.35	24.34	0.029
	Forward	1.16	25.29	80.04	23.42	- 0.038

Table S5. The photovoltaic parameters of the PSCs prepared with and without H_2Mi modification were measured in the reverse scan (RS) and forward scan (FS)

Groups	Sample	$V_{\rm OC}$ (V)	J _{SC} (mA cm ⁻²)	FF (%)	PCE (%)
Groups 1	Control	1.05	24.62	79.94	20.63
	Target	1.15	25.34	80.09	23.25
Groups 2	Control	1.08	24.63	78.54	20.87
	Target	1.16	25.29	80.05	23.42
Groups 3	Control	1.11	24.78	74.51	20.58
	Target	1.15	24.90	80.52	23.13

Table S6. The initial photovoltaic parameters of three groups of PSCs devices before

 and after H2Mi modification were tested for environmental stability.