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# Nanomolar Level Electrochemical Detection of Glycine on a Miniaturized Modified Screen-Printed Carbon-based Electrode; A Comparison of Performance with Glassy Carbon Electrode System

Saisree S.<sup>a,</sup> \*, Chandradas Shamili<sup>a,b</sup>, Sandhya K. Y.<sup>c</sup>, Surendran Kuzhichalil Peethambharan<sup>a,b</sup>, and Achu Chandran<sup>a,b,</sup> \*

<sup>a</sup>Materials Science and Technology Division, CSIR-National Institute of Interdisciplinary

Science and Technology, Industrial Estate, Thiruvananthapuram-695 019, Kerala, India.

<sup>b</sup>Academy of Scientific and Innovative Research (AcSIR), Ghaziabad- 201002, India

<sup>c</sup>Department of Chemistry, Indian Institute of Space Science and Technology Valiyamala, Thiruvananthapuram 695547, Kerala, India.

\*Corresponding authors: Email: <u>achuchandran@niist.res.in</u> (A. Chandran)

Email: <a href="mailto:saisreesn@gmail.com">saisreesn@gmail.com</a> (Saisree. S)

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**Figure S1.** (A) The UV-Vis spectrum of AuCuNC@N-GQD; (Inset of (A) The digital images of the PL of the AuCuNC@N-GQD under normal and short-UV (365 nm); (B) The emission spectrum of AuCuNC@N-GQD; (C) MS-ESI-TOF mass spectra of AuCuNC@N-GQD.



Figure S2. The CV graphs of 1 mM GLY in 0.1 M NaOH on AuCuNC@N-GQD/SPE

## **Sensitivity Calculation**

The sensitivity of an electrode depends on the current response (I), concentration of the analyte (C) and also the area of the electrode (A) used. They are related as,

#### **Calculation 1**

 $Sensitivity = \frac{Current response}{Concentration of analyte * Area of electrode}$ 

# From the calibration curve,

 $I_1 = 2.4648 \ \mu A$   $C_1 = 29.350 \ \mu M$ 

 $I_2 = 7.3626 \ \mu A$   $C_2 = 218.111 \ \mu M$ 

 $\Delta I = 4.8978 \ \mu A$   $\Delta C = 188.761 \ \mu M$ 

Area of the electrode =  $12.56 \times 10^{-2}$  cm<sup>2</sup> (r=0.2 cm)

Sensitivity = 4.8978/(188.761\*12.56×10<sup>-2</sup>) µA µM<sup>-1</sup> cm<sup>-2</sup>

 $= 0.2065851 \ \mu A \ \mu M^{-1} \ cm^{-2}$ 

# **Calculation 2**

 $Sensitivity = \frac{Slope \ of \ the \ calibration \ curve}{Area \ of \ the \ electrode}$ 

Slope of the calibration curve=  $0.0259 \ \mu A/\mu M$  from LDR graph

Area of the electrode =  $12.56 \times 10^{-2}$  cm<sup>2</sup> (r=0.2 cm)

Sensitivity=0.0259/(12.56×10<sup>-2</sup>) µA µM<sup>-1</sup> cm<sup>-2</sup>

=0.2062102  $\mu$ A  $\mu$ M<sup>-1</sup> cm<sup>-2</sup>

Form the calculation 1 and calculation 2 the sensitivities obtained remains same that indicate that both the equations are valid for sensitivity calculations.

**LOD** Calculation

$$LOD = \frac{3\sigma}{m}$$

 $\sigma$ - The standard deviation of the current responses of blank

m-Slope of Current vs Concentration graph