Support Information

The Heterogeneity of Physiological Activity for Chiral

Carbon Dots Derived from L/D/DL-Arginine

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Fig. S1 Particle size of (A) L-CDs, (B) D-CDs and (C) DL-CDs analyzed from TEM image.



Fig. S2 Zeta potential of L-CDs, D-CDs and DL-CDs in H₂O.



Fig. S3 The High resolution XPS spectra of (A) C 1s, (B) N 1s, (C) O 1s of L-CDs with identification of peaks by curve fitting. the High resolution XPS spectra of (D) C 1s, (E) N 1s, (F) O 1s of D-CDs with identification of peaks by curve fitting. the High resolution XPS spectra of (G) C 1s, (H) N 1s, (I) O 1s of DL-CDs with identification of peaks by curve fitting.



Fig. S4 CD spectra of L-Arg and D-Arg.



Fig. S5 Cytotoxicity test of L-CDs, D-CDs and DL-CDs to (A) HUVEC, (B) L02, (C) RAW 264.7, (D) 4T1 and (E) HepG2 cells. (F) Hemolytic activities of L-CDs, D-CDs and DL-CDs to red blood cells (RBCs). Insets: photographs of corresponding RBC solutions. (n = 5/group)



Fig. S6 The UV spectra of (A) L-CDs, (B) D-CDs and (C) DL-CDs at pH 3 and 11. The emission spectra of (D) L-CDs, (E) D-CDs and (F) DL-CDs at the excitation wavelength of 300 nm.



Fig. S7 (A) Respective fluorescence images of RAW 264.7 cells under L-Arg, D-Arg and DL-Arg after incubation with DAF-FM DA. Scale bar: 100 μ m. (B) The statistics of mean fluorescence intensity by using ImageJ according to the images.



Fig. S8 (A) Respective fluorescence images of 4T1 cells under indicated treatment after incubation with BODIPY 493/503. Scale bar: 50 μm. (B) The statistics of mean fluorescence intensity by using ImageJ according to the images.



Fig. S9 (A) The UV spectra of DOX. (B) The emission spectra of DOX at the excitation wavelength of 488 nm.



Fig. S10 (A) H&E staining images of major organs from different groups. Scale bar: 100 μm. The liver function of mice evaluated by (B) AST, (C) ALT and (D) ALP. The kidney function of mice evaluated by (E) UA, (F) BUN and (G) CREA. (n=6/group)