

## Supplementary Material

### Fluorescent Discrimination of Cysteine, Homocysteine, and Glutathione in Urine Samples Using a novel Seleno-BODIPY Probe

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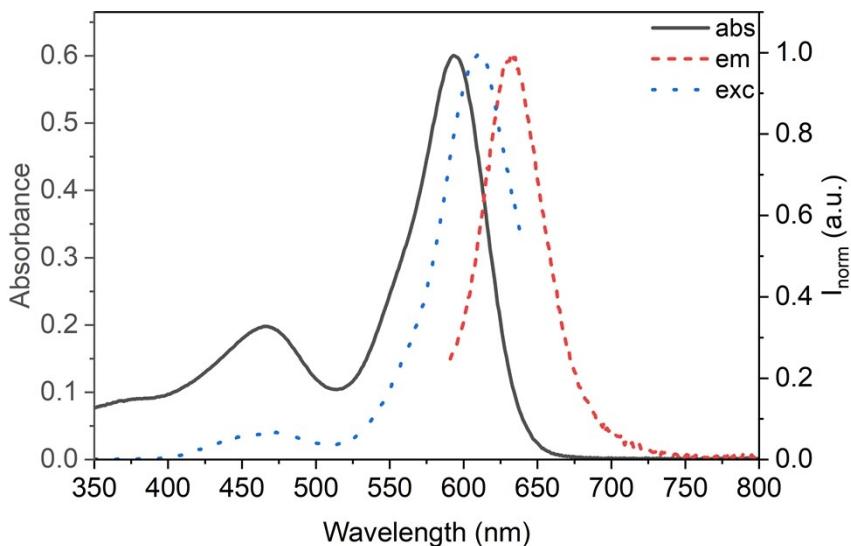
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## Summary

1. Photophysical Studies.....	.02
2. Recovery values of biothiols in urine samples.....	13
3. Structural characterization of BODIPYs.....	16
4. References.....	23

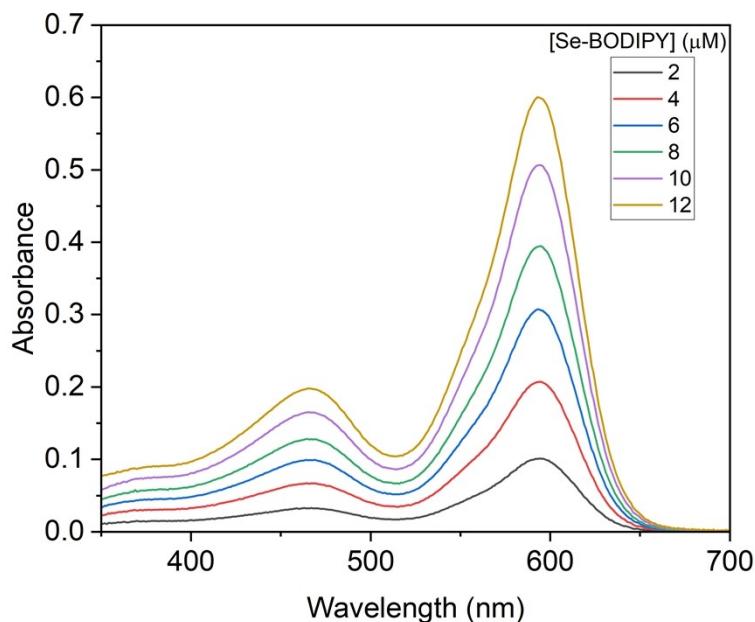
## 1. Photophysical Studies



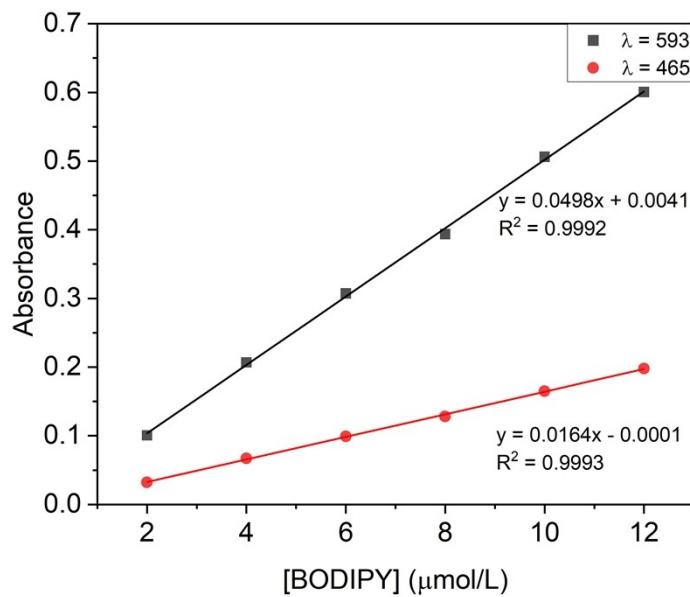
**Figure S1.** Absorption, emission, and excitation spectra of **Se-BODIPY** (12  $\mu\text{mol/L}$ ) in 40% DMSO/H<sub>2</sub>O.  $\lambda_{\text{ex}} = 570$  nm,  $\lambda_{\text{em}} = 650$  nm, slit 5.0 / 5.0 nm.

**Table S1.** Photophysical data of **Se-BODIPY** in 40% DMSO in H<sub>2</sub>O (v/v) at 298 K

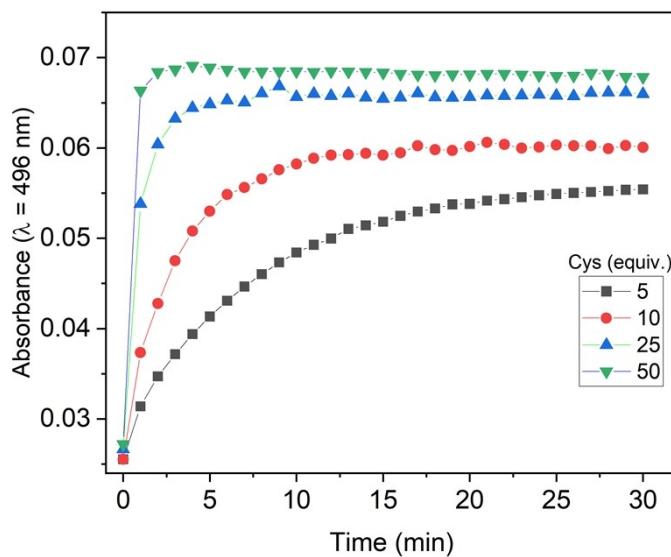
Absorption data			Emission data			
$\lambda_{\text{abs}}$ (nm)	$\epsilon$ (L. $\cdot\text{mol}^{-1}\cdot\text{cm}^{-1}$ )	Fwhm <sub>abs</sub> (nm)	$\lambda_{\text{em}}$ (nm)	Stokes shift (nm)	Fwhm <sub>em</sub> (nm)	$\Phi$
593	50200.6988	60.366	633	40	50.019	< 0.01
465	16575.4703	118.071				



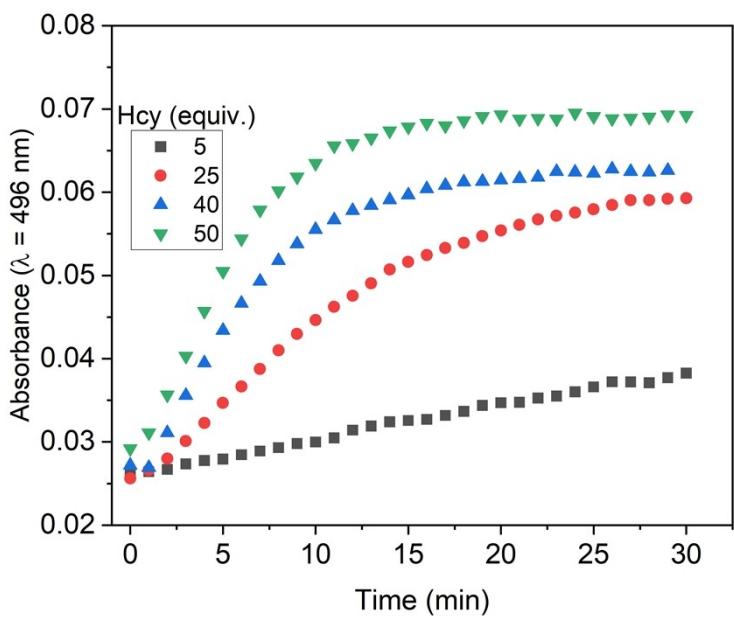
**Figure S2.** Absorption spectra of **Se-BODIPY** at different concentrations in 40% DMSO in water.



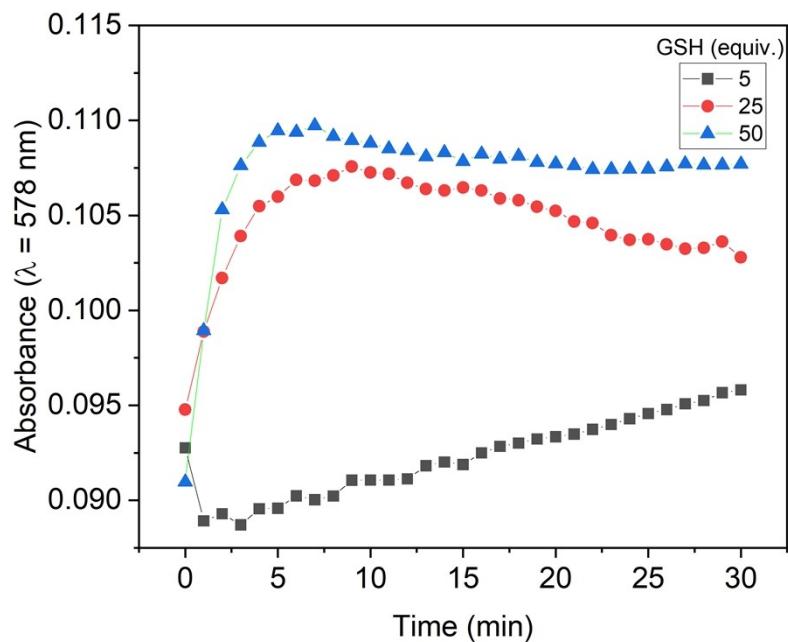
**Figure S3.** Absorbance at  $\lambda = 593$  nm and  $\lambda = 465$  nm as a function of **Se-BODIPY** concentration.



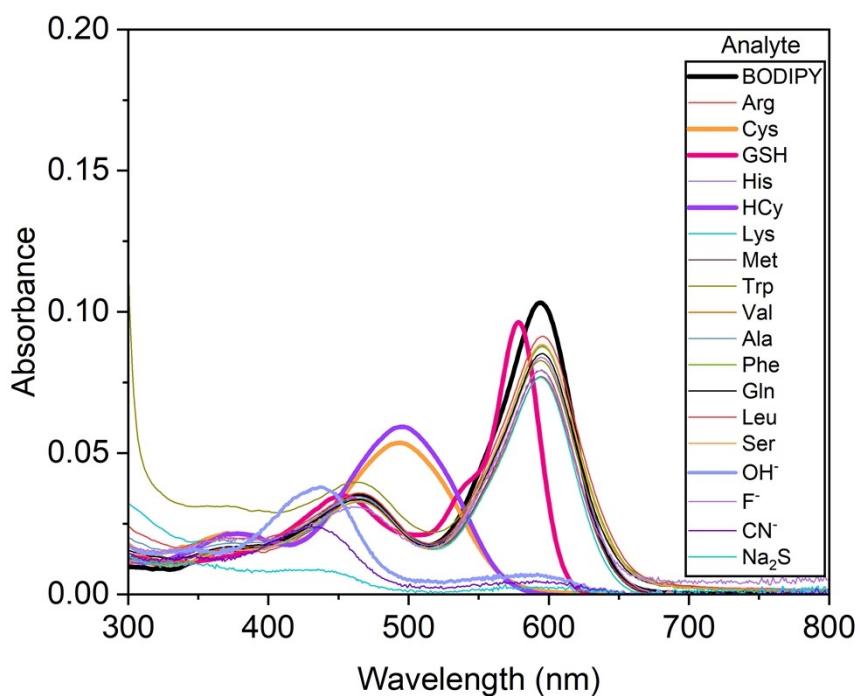
**Figure. S4.** Absorption kinetics of BODIPY **Se-BODIPY** (2  $\mu\text{mol/L}$ ) when in the presence of different concentrations (5, 10, 25 and 50 equiv.) of Cys (Abs = 496 nm) in 40% DMSO in water.



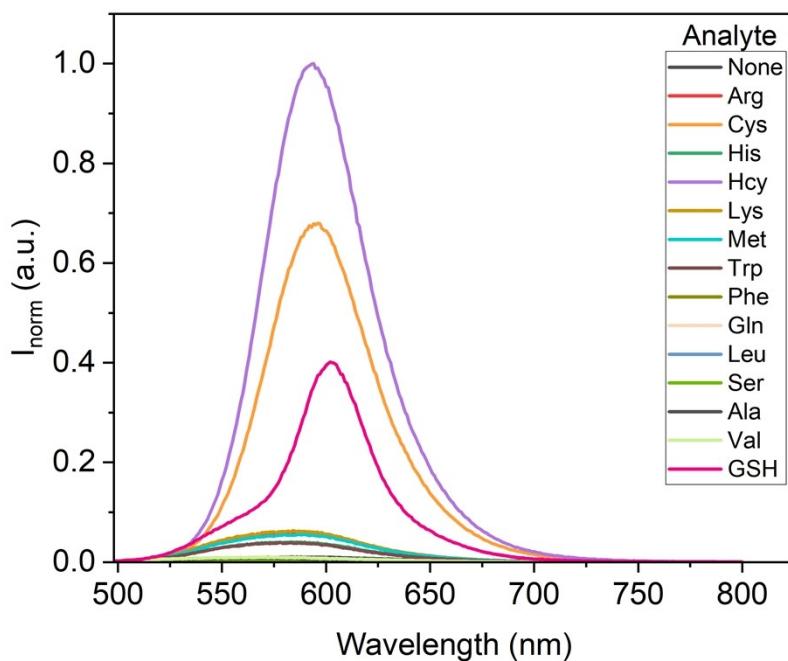
**Figure. S5.** Absorption kinetics of BODIPY Se-BODIPY (2  $\mu\text{mol/L}$ ) when in the presence of different concentrations (5, 25, 40, and 50 equiv.) of Hcy (Abs = 496 nm) in 40% DMSO in water.



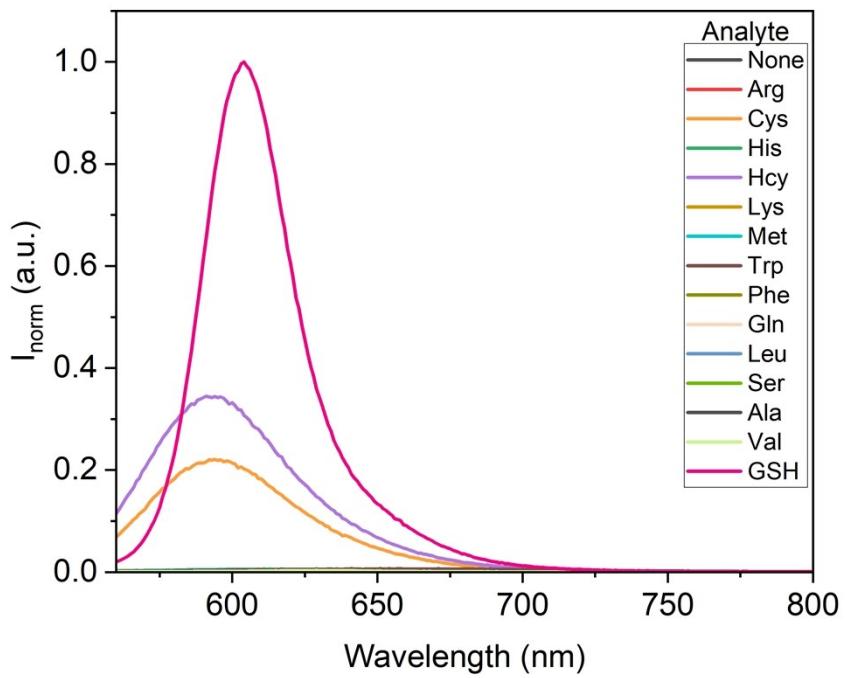
**Figure. S6.** Absorption kinetics of BODIPY Se-BODIPY (2  $\mu\text{mol/L}$ ) when in the presence of different concentrations (5, 25, and 50 equiv.) of GSH (Abs = 578 nm) in 40% DMSO in water.



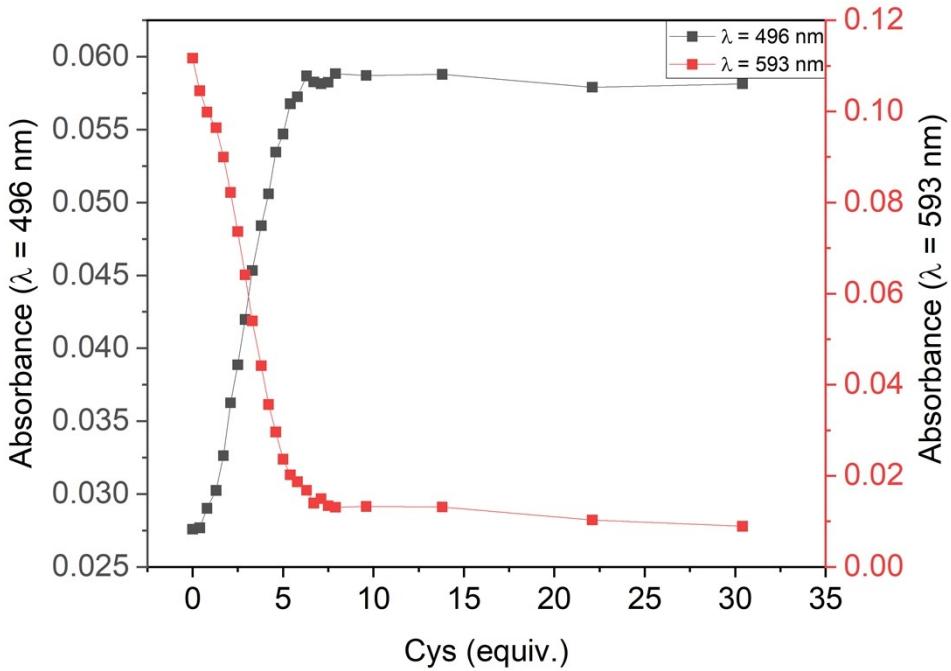
**Figure. S7.** Absorption spectra of Se-BODIPY (2 μmol/L) when in the presence of 50 equiv. (100 μmol/L) of analytes in 40% DMSO in water. Analytes: Cys, Hcy, GSH, Arg, His, Lys, Met, Trp, Val, Ala, Phe, Gln, Leu, Ser, OH<sup>-</sup>, F<sup>-</sup>, CN<sup>-</sup>, and Na<sub>2</sub>S.



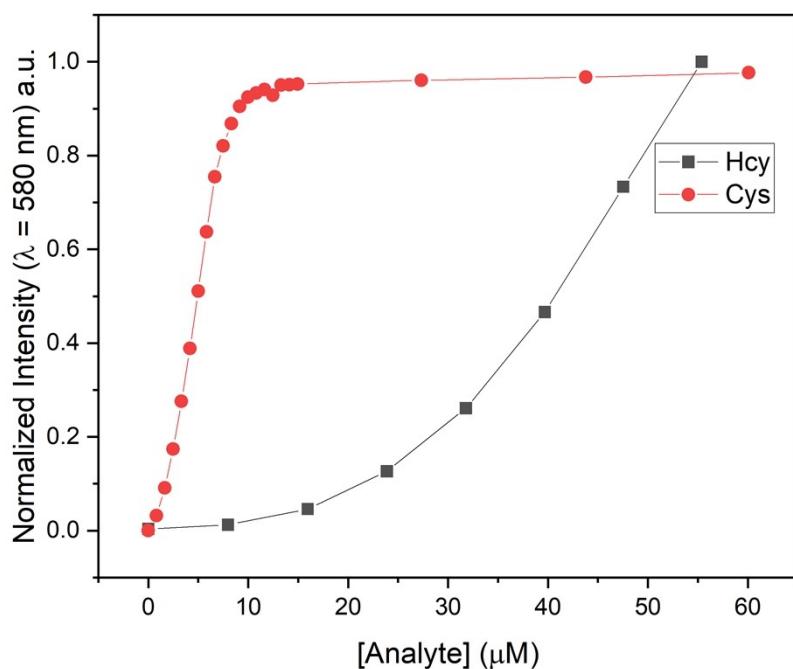
**Figure. S8.** Emission spectra of Se-BODIPY (2 μmol/L) when in the presence of 50 equiv. (100 μmol/L) of analytes in 40% DMSO in water. Analytes: Cys, Hcy, GSH, Arg, His, Lys, Met, Trp, Val, Ala, Phe, Gln, Leu, Ser.  $\lambda_{ex} = 488$  nm, slit 2.5.



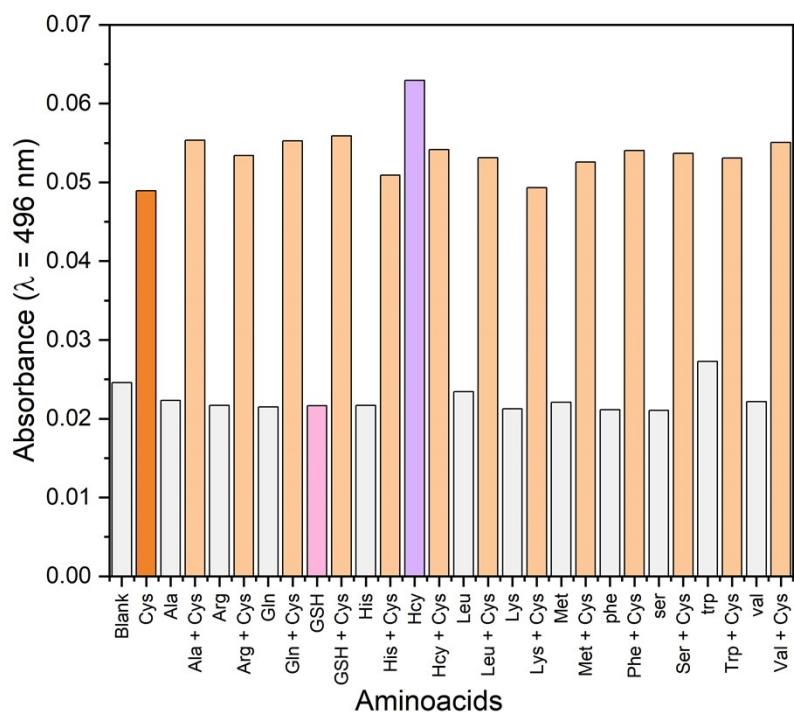
**Figure. S9.** Emission spectra of **Se-BODIPY** (2  $\mu\text{mol/L}$ ) when in the presence of 50 equiv. (100  $\mu\text{mol/L}$ ) of analytes in 40% DMSO in water. Analytes: Cys, Hcy, GSH, Arg, His, Lys, Met, Trp, Val, Ala, Phe, Gln, Leu, Ser.  $\lambda_{\text{ex}} = 550 \text{ nm}$ , slit 2.5



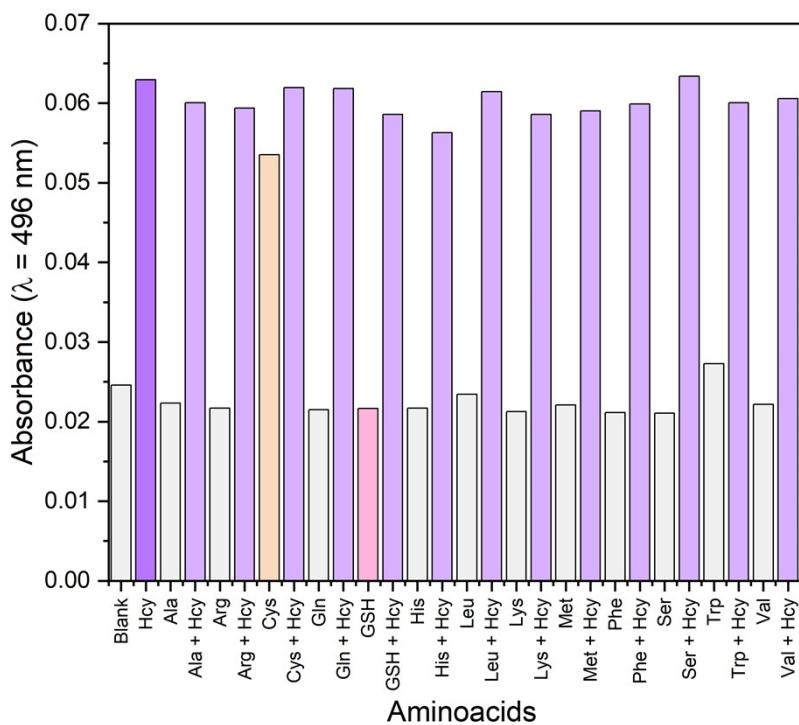
**Figure. S10.** Correlation between absorbance of **Se-BODIPY** (2  $\mu\text{mol/L}$ ) ( $\lambda = 496 \text{ nm}$  and  $\lambda = 593 \text{ nm}$ ) and [Cys] in 40% DMSO in water.



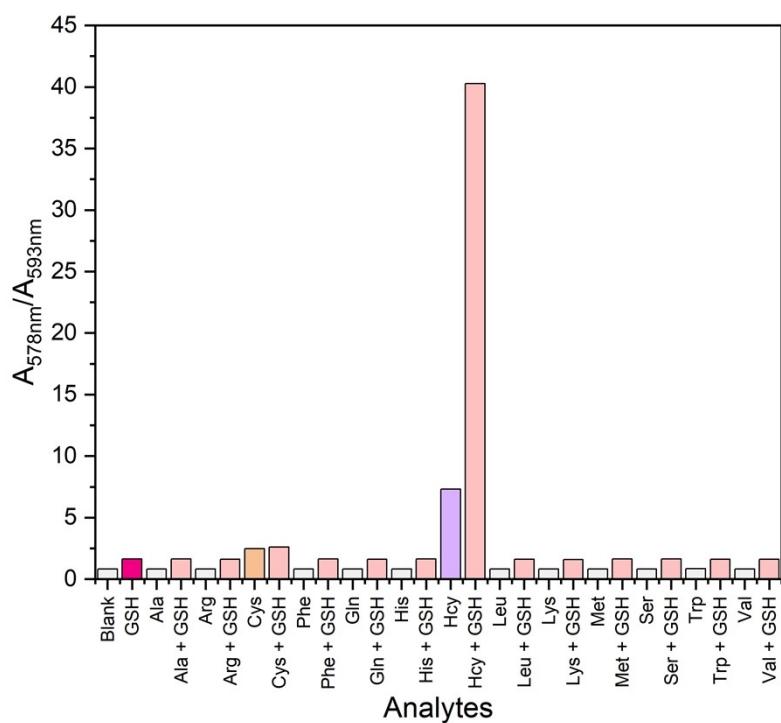
**Figure. S11.** Correlation between emission ( $\lambda = 580$  nm) of **Se-BODIPY** (2  $\mu\text{mol/L}$ ) and [Cys] or [Hcy] in 40% DMSO in water.



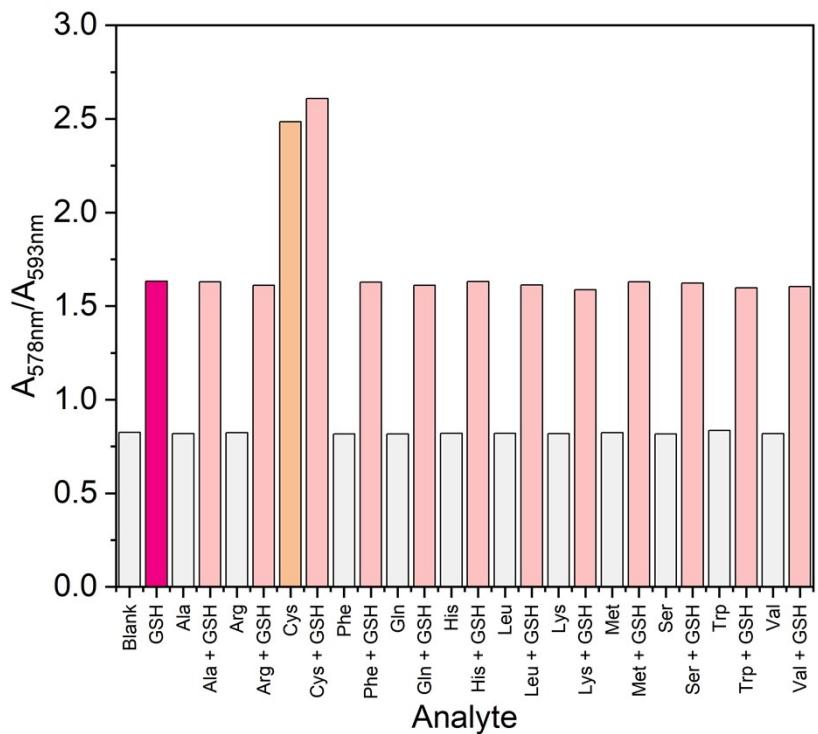
**Figure. S12.** Competition study of the reaction of **Se-BODIPY** (2  $\mu\text{mol/L}$ ) with Cys (5 equiv.) in the presence of other analytes (5 equiv.) by absorption ( $\lambda = 496$  nm) in 40% DMSO/H<sub>2</sub>O.



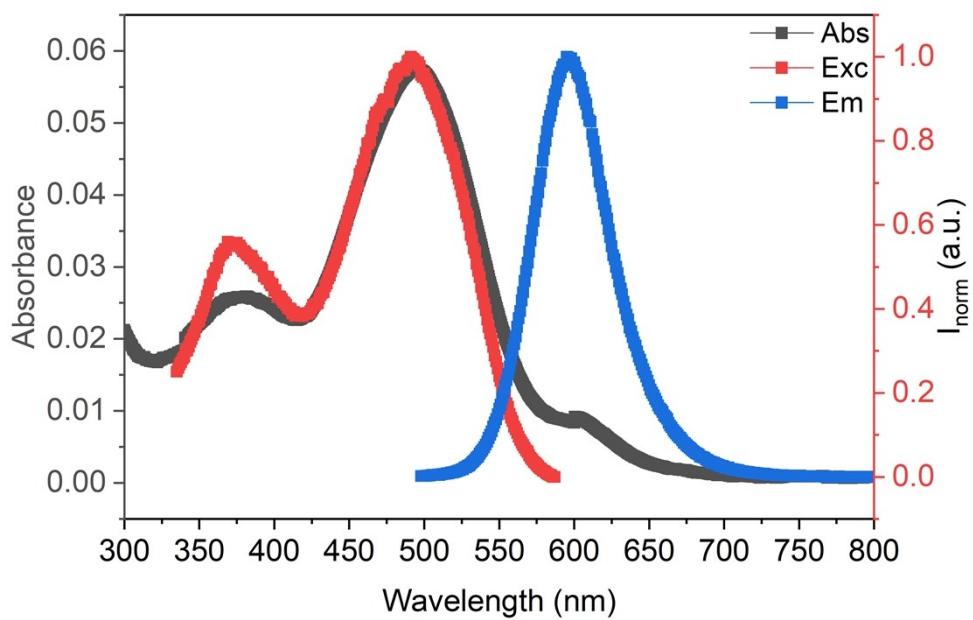
**Figure. S13.** Competition study of the reaction of **Se-BODIPY** (2  $\mu\text{mol/L}$ ) with Hcy (50 equiv.) in the presence of other analytes (50 equiv.) by absorption ( $\lambda = 496 \text{ nm}$ ) in 40% DMSO/H<sub>2</sub>O.



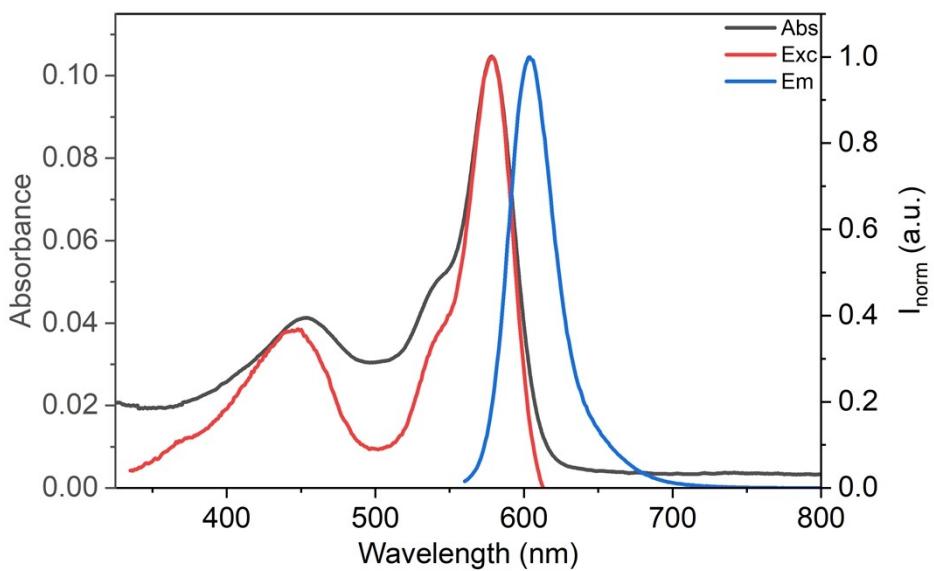
**Figure. S14.** Competition study of the reaction of **Se-BODIPY** (2  $\mu\text{mol/L}$ ) with GSH (50 equiv.) in the presence of other analytes (50 equiv.) by absorption ( $A_{578\text{nm}}/A_{593\text{nm}}$ ) in 40 % DMSO/H<sub>2</sub>O.



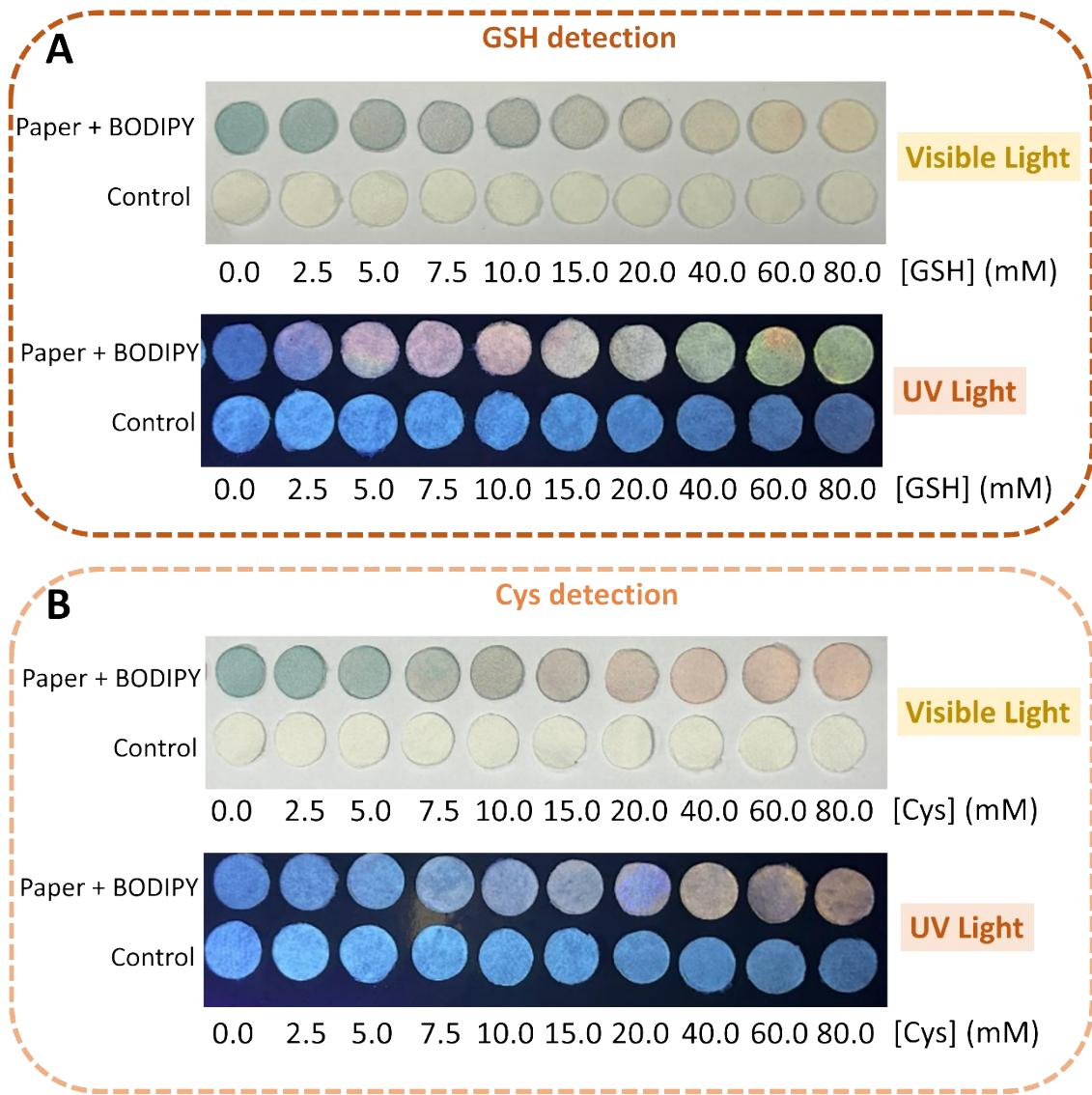
**Figure. S15.** Competition study of the reaction of **Se-BODIPY** (2  $\mu\text{mol/L}$ ) with GSH (50 equiv.) in the presence of other analytes (50 equiv.) by emission ( $\lambda = 615 \text{ nm}$ ;  $\lambda_{\text{ex}} = 550 \text{ nm}$  and slit 2.5 nm) in 40% DMSO/H<sub>2</sub>O.



**Figure. S16.** Absorption, emission and excitation wavelength of the product **7** obtained after reaction between **Se-BODIPY** and Cys, in 40% DMSO in H<sub>2</sub>O.  $\lambda_{\text{ex}} = 488 \text{ nm}$ , slit 2.5.



**Figure. S17.** Absorption, emission and excitation wavelength of the product **9** obtained after reaction between **Se-BODIPY** and GSH, in 40% DMSO in H<sub>2</sub>O.  $\lambda_{\text{ex}} = 550$  nm, slit 2.5



**Figure S18.** Paper discs containing **Se-BODIPY** ( $5.10^{-4}$  mol/L) after reaction with different concentrations of **A**) GSH (after 2h reaction) and **B**) Cys (after 1h reaction) under visible light (top) and UV light (bottom). Obs: Control experiments were conducted by immersing paper discs without BODIPY in Cys or GSH solutions with different concentrations.

**Table S2.** Comparison of **Se-BODIPY** with other reported probes based on BODIPYs for detection of Cys, Hcy or GSH.

Solvent	LOD Cys ( $\mu$ M)	LOD Hcy ( $\mu$ M)	LOD GSH ( $\mu$ M)	Application	Ref.
PBS (10 mM, pH 7.4, 10 % DMSO)	0.64	---	---	Images in HepG2 cells	<sup>1</sup>
PBS/MeCN (9/1, v/v)	---	---	0.0017	Images in HepG2 cells	<sup>2</sup>
PBS (0.1% F127 and 0.1% DMSO)	---	---	3.4	Images in A549 cells	<sup>3</sup>
MeCN/PBS buffer (4:6, v/v, pH 7.4, 10 mM)	0.072	---	---	Images in HeLa cells and <i>in vivo</i>	<sup>4</sup>
PBS/MeCN (v/v = 1:1, pH 7.4, 10 mM)	0.0112	---	---	Images in HepG2 cells, <i>in vivo</i> and quantification in food samples	<sup>5</sup>
MeCN/HEPES buffer (1:2 v/v, 20 mM, pH 7.4)	0.67	---	---	Images in HeLa cells and quantification in urine samples	<sup>6</sup>
DMSO/PBS (v/v = 3/7, pH 7.4)	0.020	---	0.034	Images in HeLa cells and quantification in food samples	<sup>7</sup>
PBS/DMSO (v/v = 1:1, pH 7.4, 10 mM)	0.049	---	---	Quantification in food samples and images <i>in vivo</i>	<sup>8</sup>
DMF/H <sub>2</sub> O (1:9 v/v, 10 mM HEPES buffer, pH 8.0).	0.029	---	---	Removal of Hg <sup>2+</sup> from water	<sup>9</sup>
PBS buffer (pH 7.4, 1% DMSO)	---	---	0.0023	Images in HepG2 cells	<sup>10</sup>
MeCN (1 : 1 v/v, PBS)	0.0627	---	---	---	<sup>11</sup>
10 mM PBS (pH = 7.4)	2.29	---	1.37	Images in HepG2 cells	<sup>12</sup>
10 mM PBS (pH 7.4, containing 50 % MeCN)	0.118	---	---	Images in HeLa cells and <i>in vivo</i>	<sup>13</sup>
PBS (pH 7.4, 10 mM, containing 40% MeCN)	0.052	0.071	---	Images in HeLa cells	<sup>14</sup>
MeCN /PBS buffer (1: 1, v/v, 10 mM, pH 7.4)	0.044	0.063	---	Images in HeLa cells	<sup>15</sup>
MeCN and 20 mmol.L <sup>-1</sup> HEPES buffer (1:1, v/v, pH = 7.4)	0.147	0.087	0.129	Images in HeLa cells	<sup>16</sup>
DMSO (40% v/v in H <sub>2</sub> O)	0.8	20.4	35.9	Quantification in human urine samples	This work

## 2. Recovery values of biothiols in urine samples

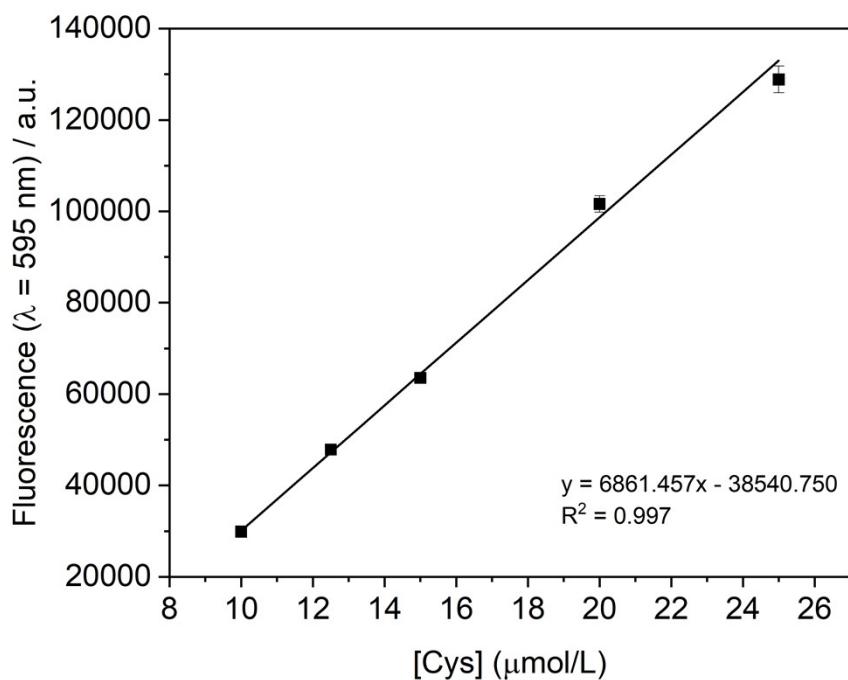
**Table S3.** The recovery values of spiked Cys, Hcy, and GSH in real human urine samples by absorbance

Urine Sample	Cys			Hcy		
	Spiked (μM)	Recovery (μM)	Recovery (%)	Spiked (μM)	Recovery (μM)	Recovery (%)
1	15.0	17.8 ± 0.2	118	20.0	13.4 ± 0.8	67
	17.5	19.6 ± 0.1	112	21.2	16 ± 1	76
	20.0	21.22 ± 0.01	106	25.2	20.4 ± 0.7	81
2	15.0	16.1 ± 0.5	107	20.0	15.8 ± 0.2	79
	17.5	19.1 ± 0.6	109	21.2	17.50 ± 0.01	83
	20.0	18.1 ± 0.5	91	25.2	21.6 ± 0.6	86
3	15.0	13.4 ± 0.2	89	20.0	17.1 ± 0.2	85
	17.5	18.0 ± 0.3	103	21.2	16.3 ± 0.3	77
	20.0	18.0 ± 0.3	90	25.2	20.5 ± 0.4	81
4	15.0	16.7 ± 0.1	111	20.0	11.9 ± 0.5	59
	17.5	17.56 ± 0.01	100	21.2	12.3 ± 0.5	58
	20.0	19.27 ± 0.01	96	25.2	18.0 ± 0.4	72

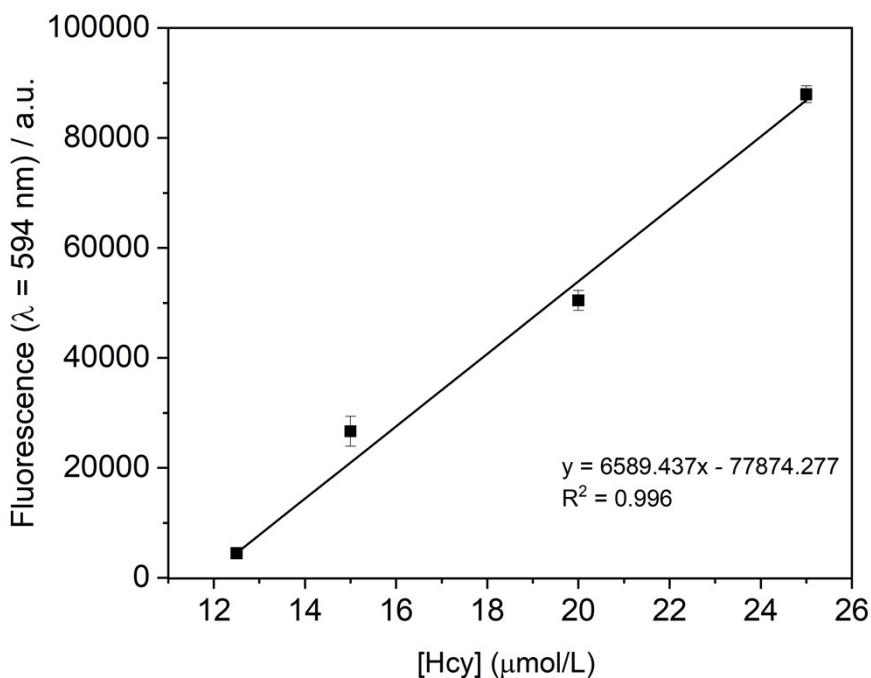
\*Found: [mean ± SD, mM ( $n = 3$ )]. [Se-BODIPY] = 20 μmol/ L, with 40% DMSO in Tris-HCl buffer pH 7.51.  $\lambda_{\text{abs}} = 496$  nm.

**Table S4.** The recovery values of spiked Cys and GSH in real human urine samples through R values obtained from pictures of paper discs impregnated with Se-BODIPY.

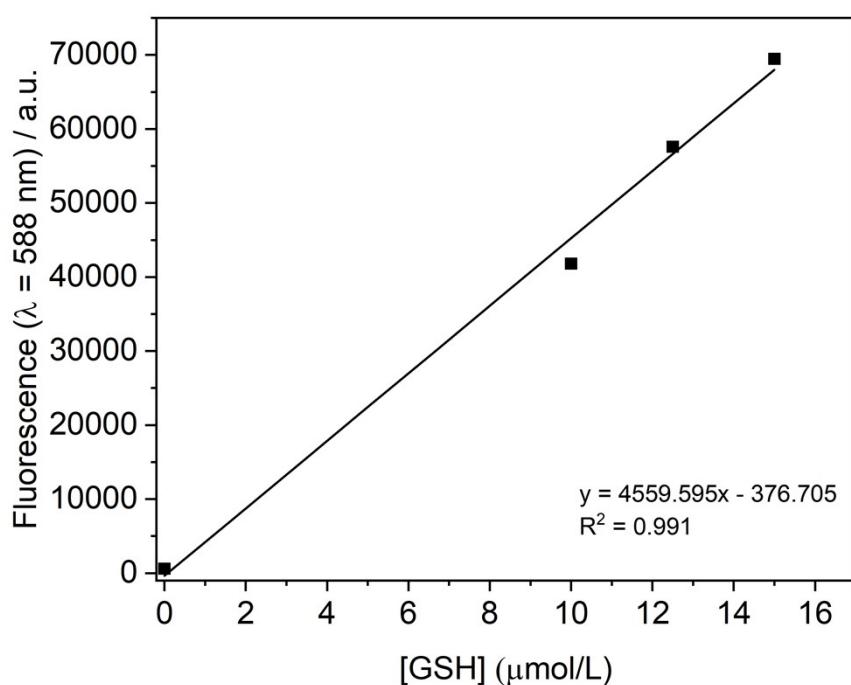
Urine Sample	Cys			GSH		
	Spiked (mM)	Recovery (mM)	Recovery (%)	Spiked (mM)	Recovery (mM)	Recovery (%)
Visible	2.5	2.5 ± 0.5	101	5.0	3.7 ± 0.2	74
	5.0	5.4 ± 0.8	108	7.5	7.4 ± 0.3	99
	7.5	6.3 ± 0.8	84	10.0	10.6 ± 0.3	106
UV	2.5	2.5 ± 0.1	106	5.0	3.5 ± 0.2	70
	5.0	5.3 ± 0.2	106	7.5	6.1 ± 0.3	81
	7.5	8.0 ± 0.2	106	10.0	8.7 ± 0.3	87



**Figure S19.** Calibration curve for Cys with Se-BODIPY as fluorescent probe used for obtaining the recovery values presented in the Table 1. Conditions: [Se-BODIPY] = 20  $\mu\text{mol}/\text{L}$ , with 40% DMSO in Tris-HCl buffer pH 7.5.  $\lambda_{\text{ex}} = 486 \text{ nm}$ ,  $\lambda_{\text{em}} = 595 \text{ nm}$ .

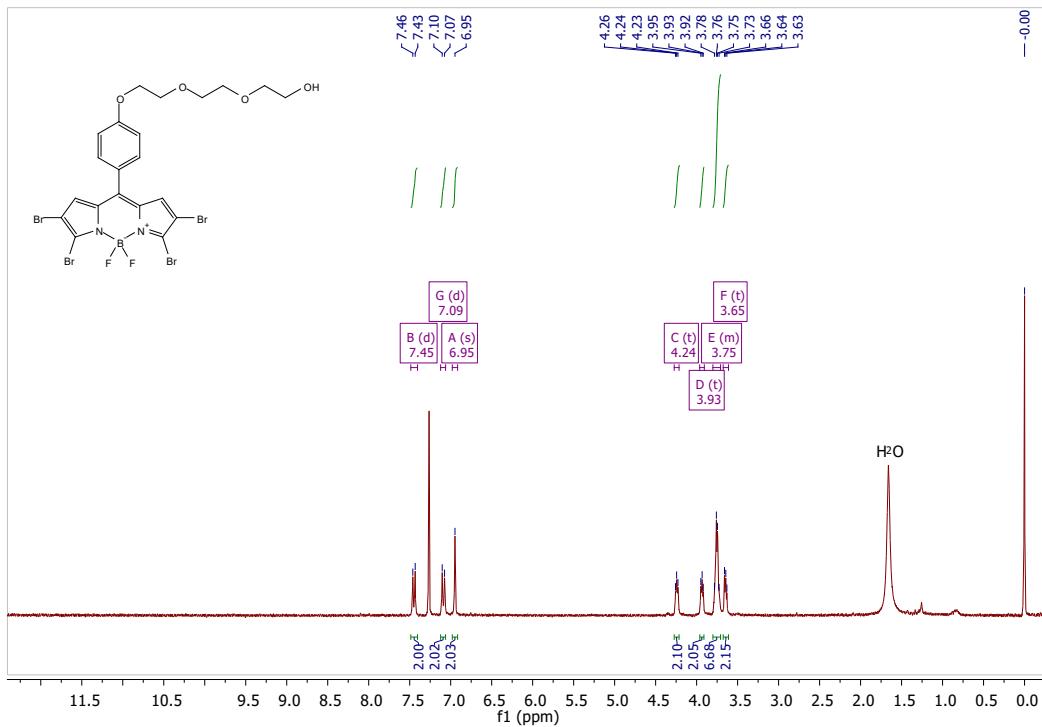


**Figure S20.** Calibration curve for Hcy with Se-BODIPY as fluorescent probe used for obtaining the recovery values presented in the Table 1. Conditions: [Se-BODIPY] = 20  $\mu\text{mol}/\text{L}$ , with 40% DMSO in Tris-HCl buffer pH 7.5.  $\lambda_{\text{ex}} = 486 \text{ nm}$ ,  $\lambda_{\text{em}} = 594 \text{ nm}$ .

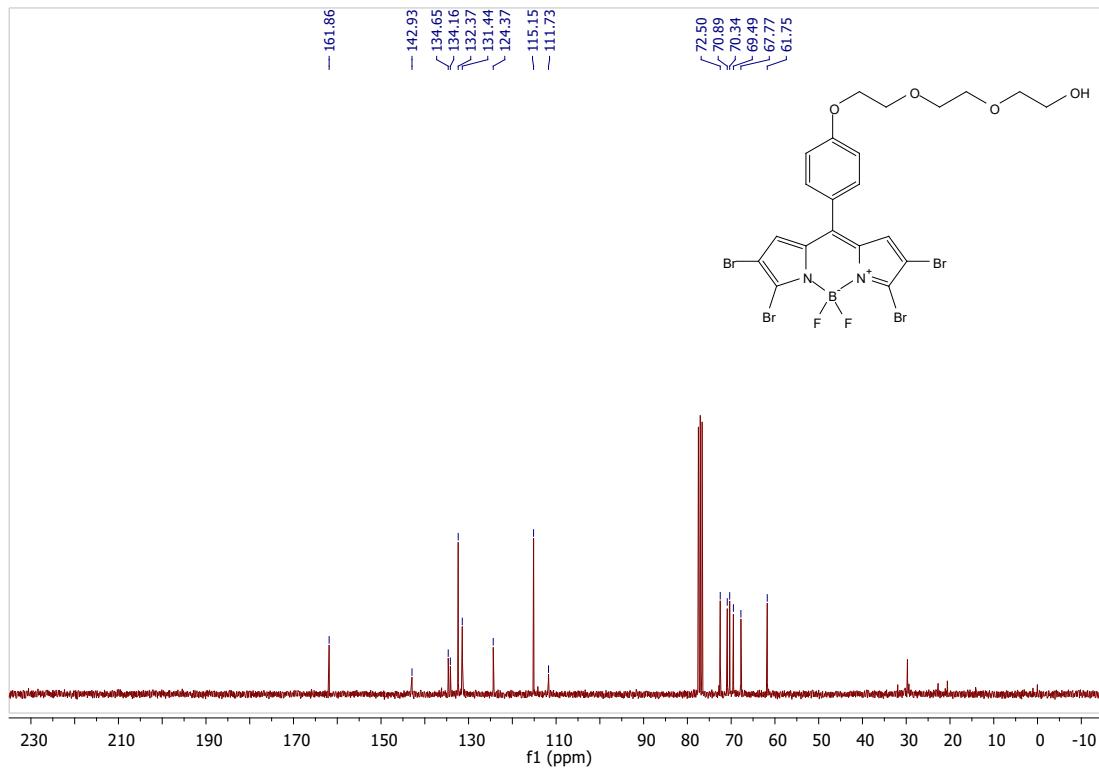


**Figure S21.** Calibration curve for GSH with Se-BODIPY as fluorescent probe used for obtaining the recovery values presented in the Table 1. Conditions: [Se-BODIPY] = 20 μmol/L, with 40% DMSO in Tris-HCl buffer pH 7.5.  $\lambda_{\text{ex}} = 540$ ,  $\lambda_{\text{em}} = 588$  nm.

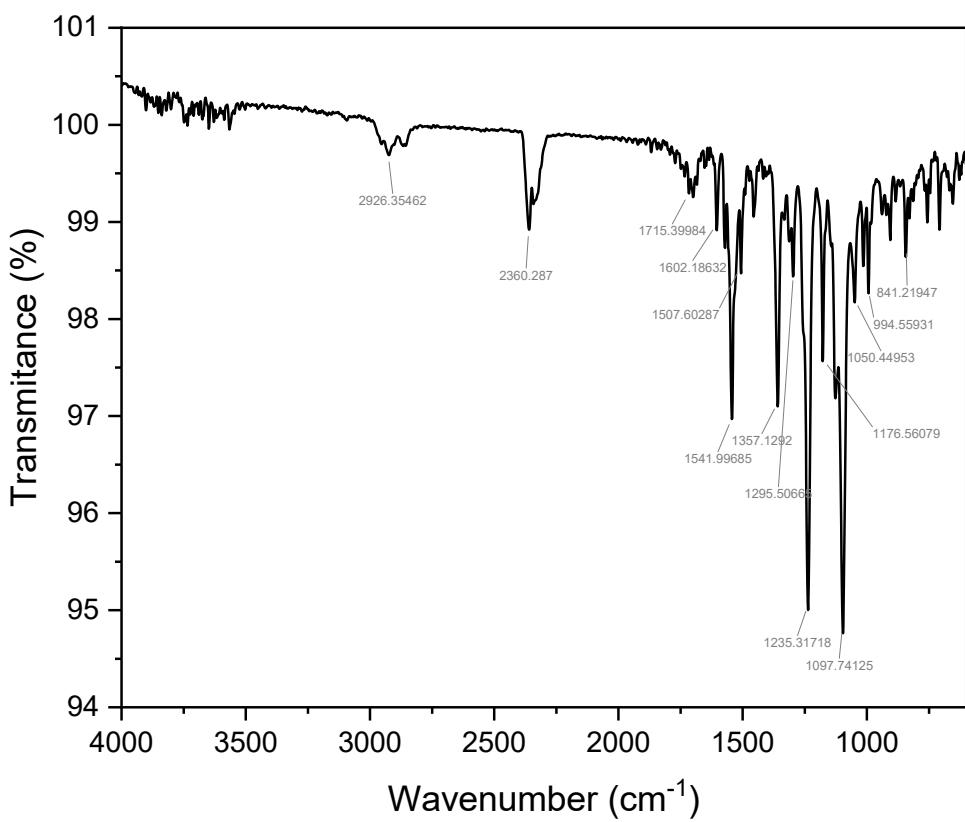
### 3. Structural characterization of BODIPYs



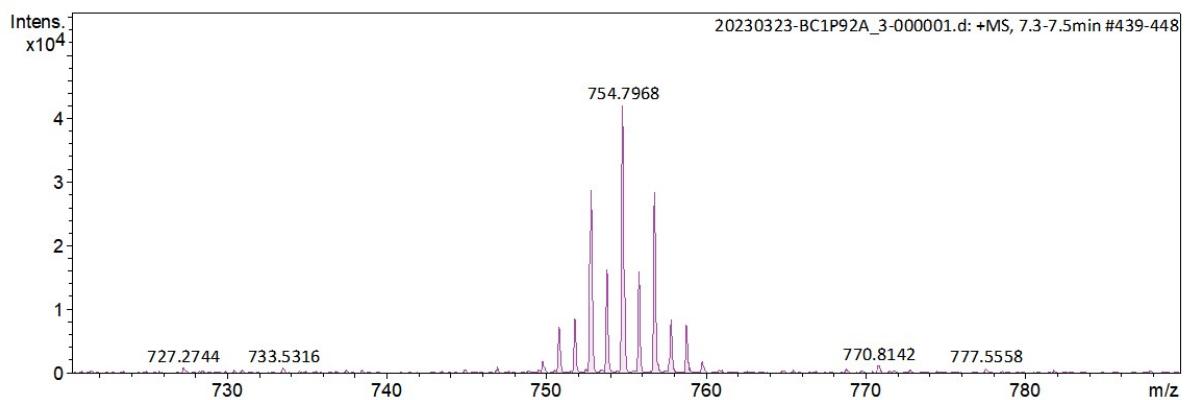
**Figure. S22.**  $^1\text{H}$  NMR spectra (300 MHz) of BODIPY **2** in  $\text{CDCl}_3$ .



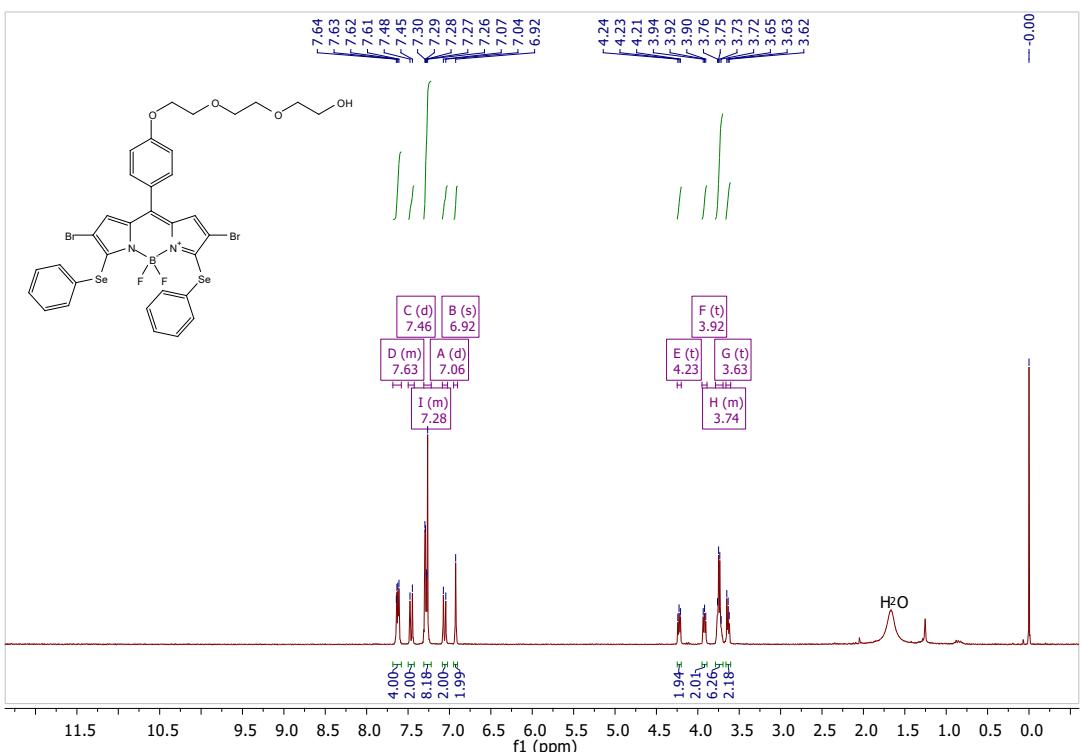
**Figure. S23.**  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR spectra (75 MHz) of BODIPY **2** in  $\text{CDCl}_3$ .



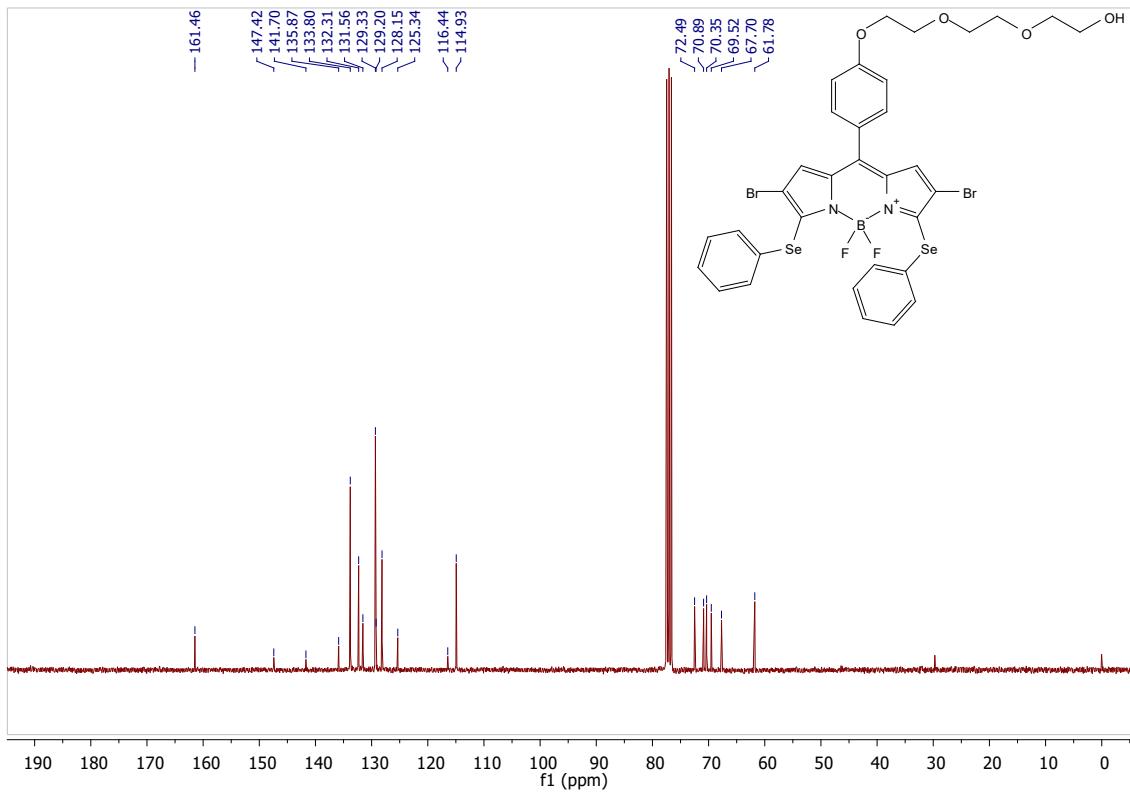
**Figure. S24.** IR of BODIPY 2.



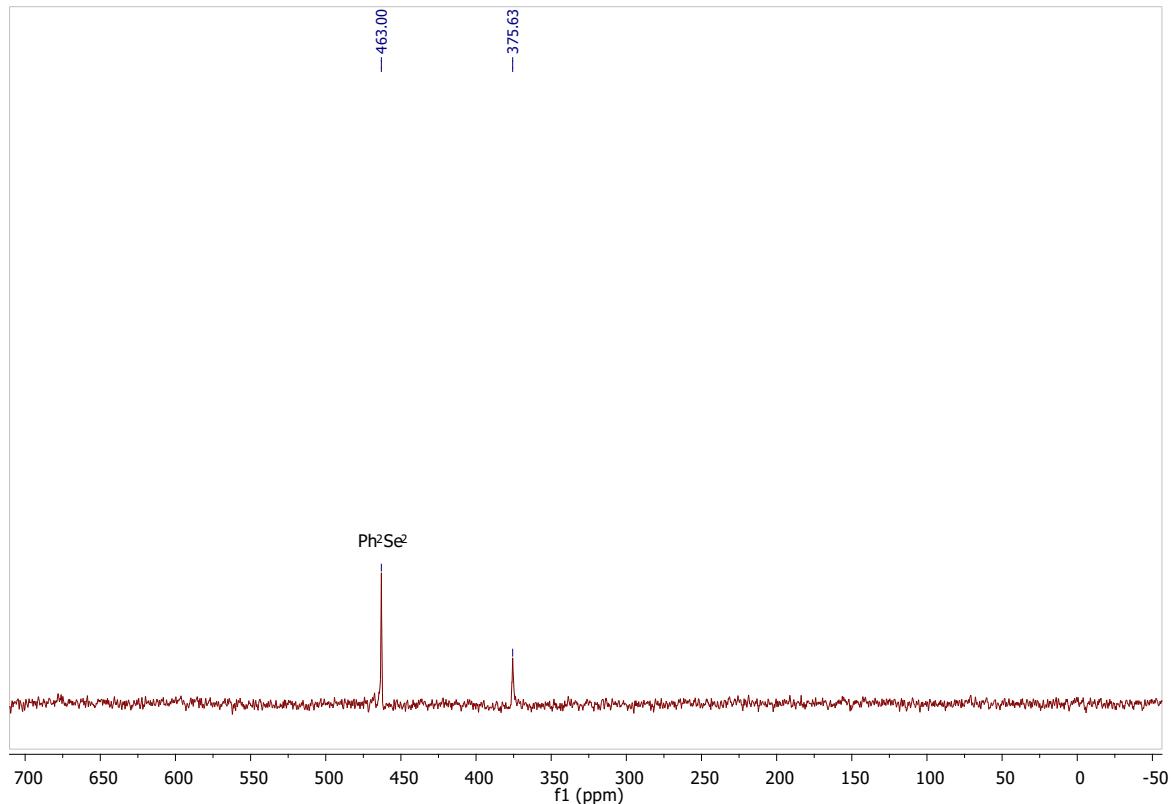
**Figure. S25.** HRMS of BODIPY 2.



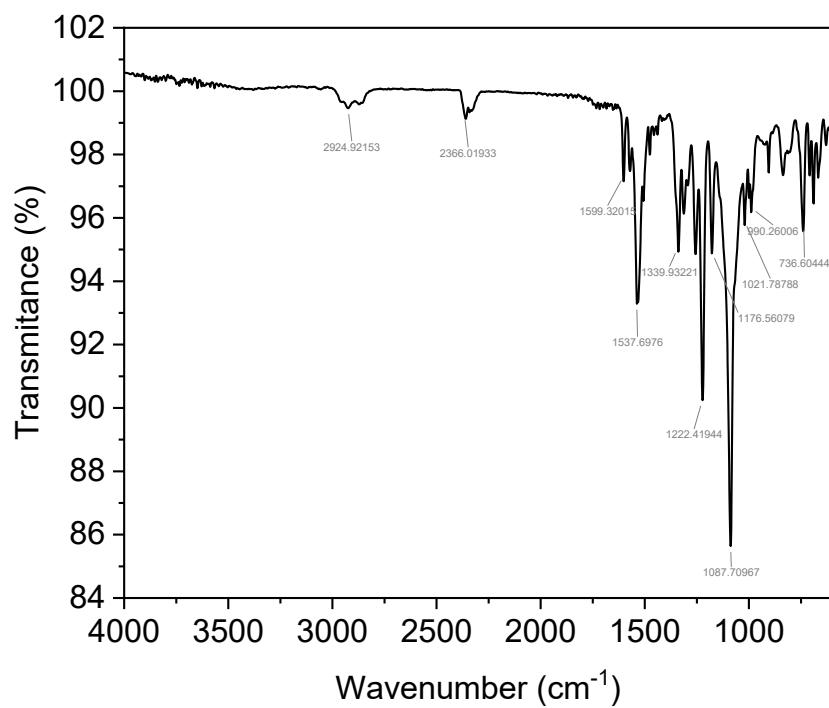
**Figure. S26.**  $^1\text{H}$  NMR spectra (300 MHz) of Se-BODIPY in  $\text{CDCl}_3$ .



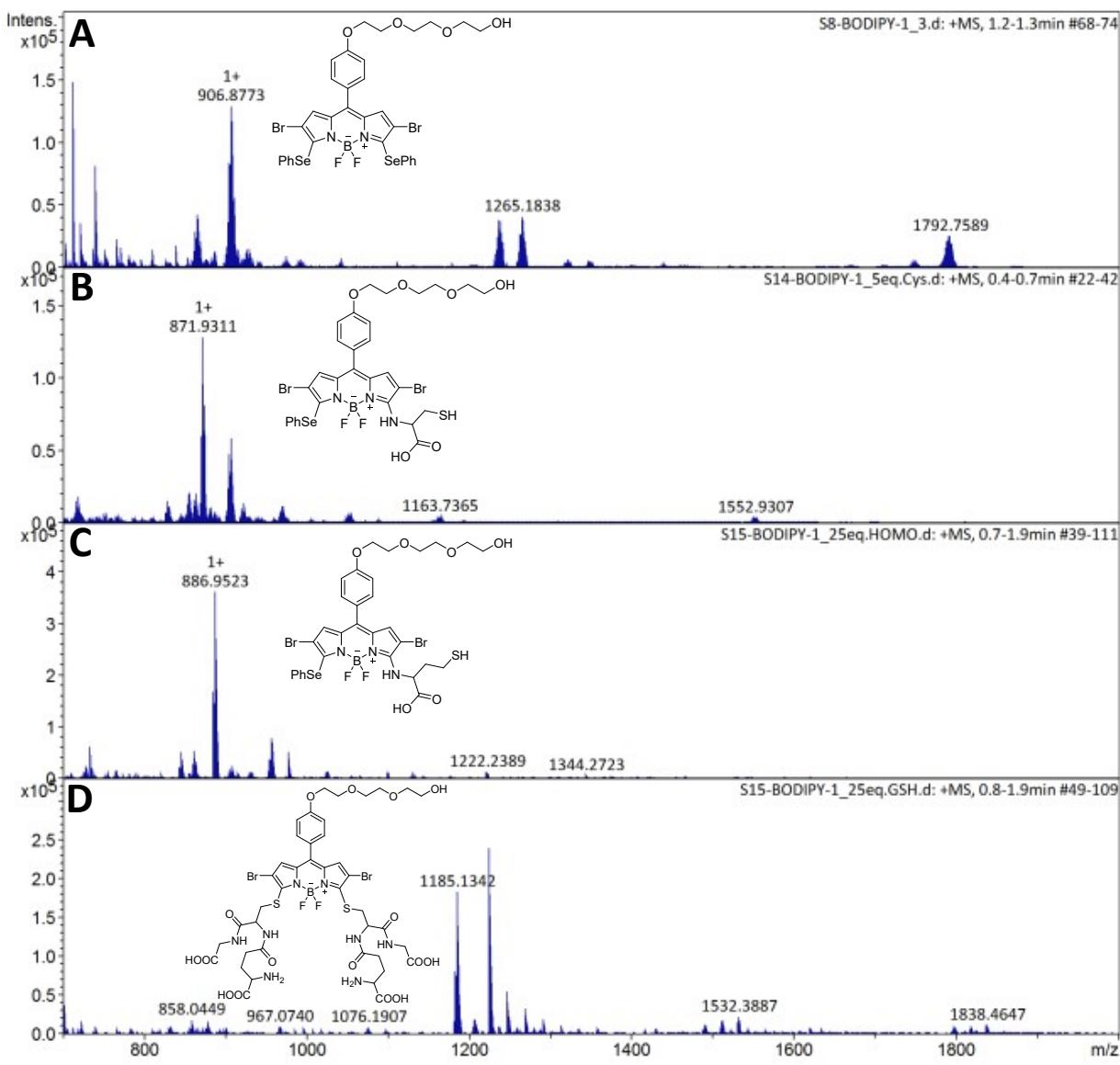
**Figure. S27.**  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR spectra (75 MHz) of Se-BODIPY in  $\text{CDCl}_3$ .



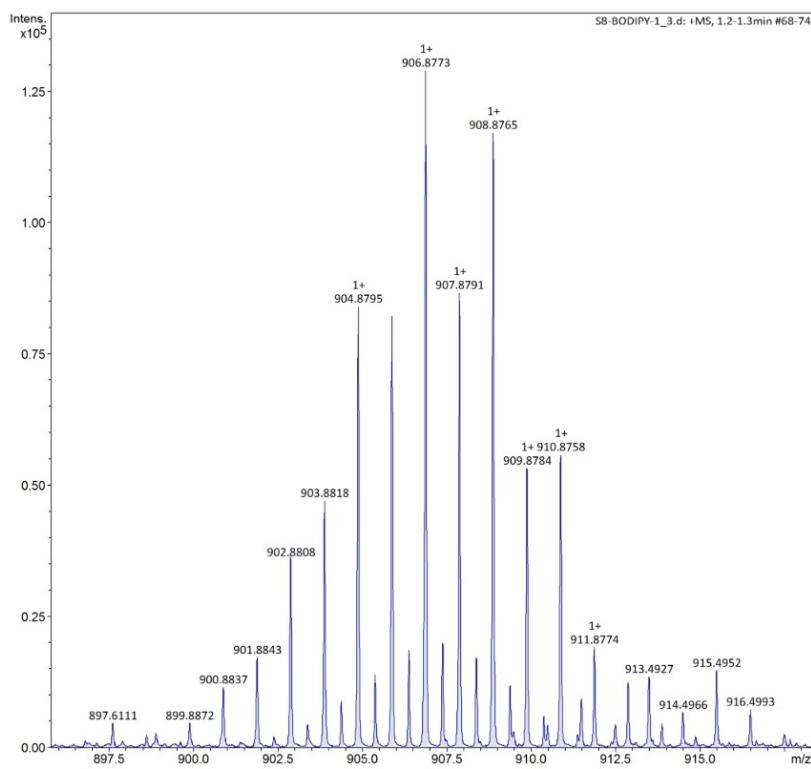
**Figure. S28.** HRMS of **Se-BODIPY** using  $\text{Ph}_2\text{Se}_2$  as an external standard.



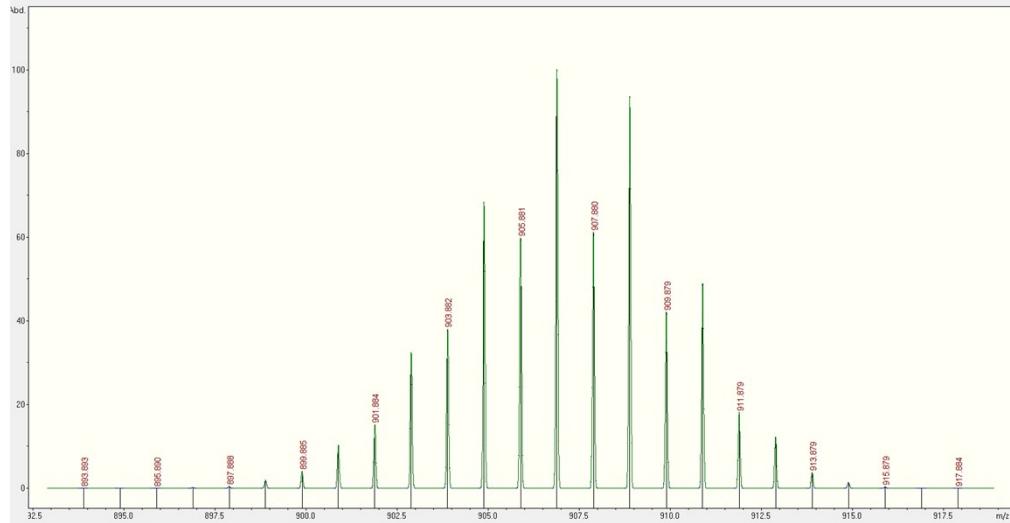
**Figure. S29.** IR of **Se-BODIPY**.



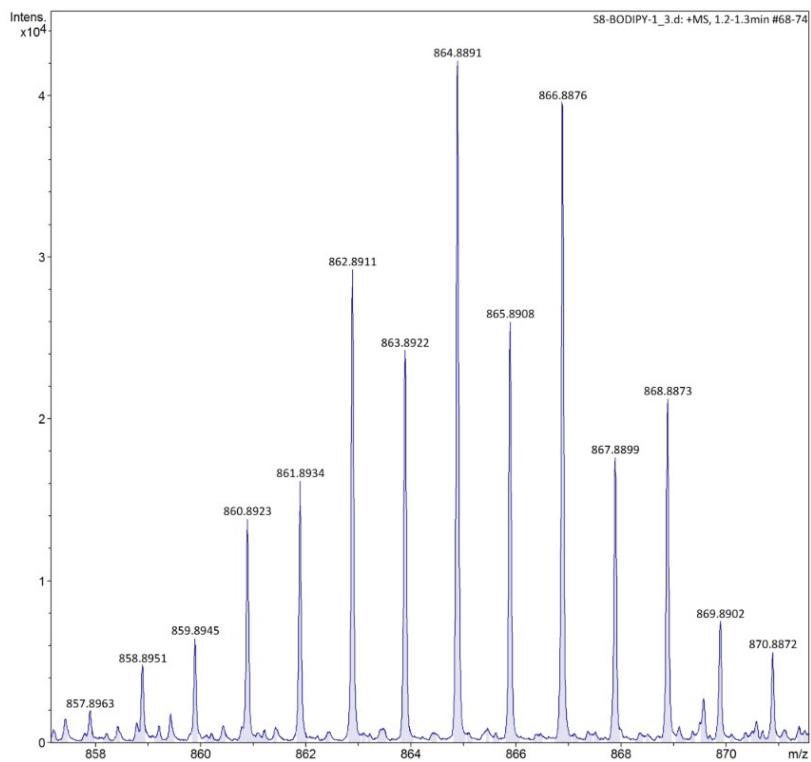
**Figure. S30.** High-resolution Q-TOF MS Spectra. **A.** **Se-BODIPY**  $[M + Na]^+$  for  $C_{33}H_{29}BBr_2F_2N_2O_4Se_2 = 906.8773$  m/z (-1.1 ppm). Calculated  $[M+Na]^+$  for  $C_{33}H_{29}BBr_2F_2N_2O_4Se_2 = 906.878258$  m/z. **B.** **Se-BODIPY-Cys** (Compound 7)  $[M + Na]^+$  for  $C_{30}H_{30}BBr_2F_2N_3O_6SSe = 871.9311$  m/z (-2.0 ppm). Calculated  $[M+Na]^+$  for  $C_{30}H_{30}BBr_2F_2N_3O_6SSe = 871.932839$  m/z. **C.** **Se-BODIPY-Hey** (Compound 8)  $[M + Na]^+$  for  $C_{31}H_{33}BBr_2F_2N_3O_6SSe = 886.9523$  m/z (-4.6 ppm). Calculated  $[M+Na]^+$  for  $C_{31}H_{33}BBr_2F_2N_3O_6SSe = 886.956353$  m/z. **D.** **Se-BODIPY-GSH** (Compound 9)  $[M+H]^+$  for  $C_{41}H_{51}BBr_2F_2N_8O_{16}S_2 = 1185.1342$  m/z (-1.2 ppm). Calculated  $[M+H]^+$  for  $C_{41}H_{51}BBr_2F_2N_8O_{16}S_2 = 1185.135574$  m/z.



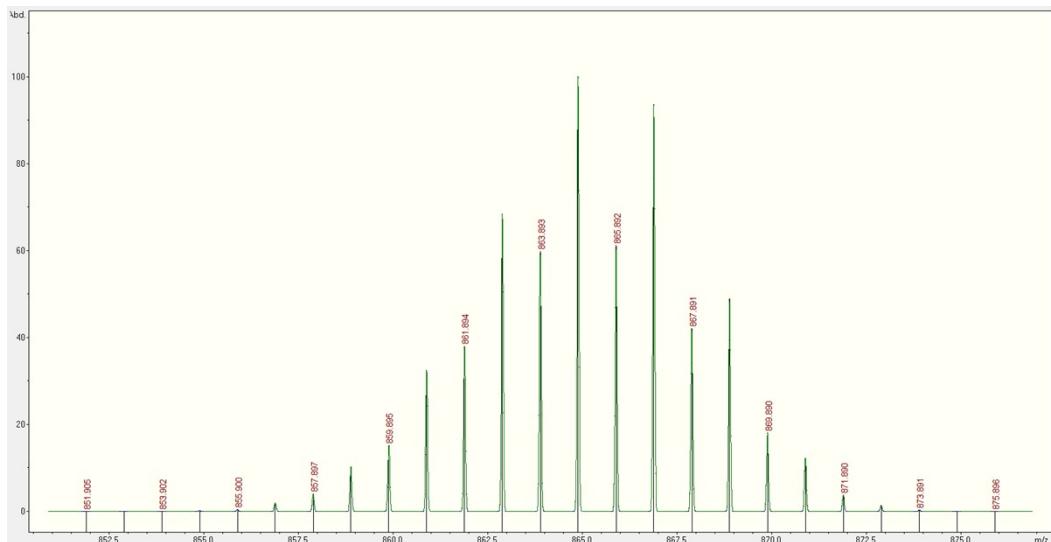
**Figure. S31.** HRMS of Se-BODIPY. HRMS  $m/z$   $[M + Na]^+$  for  $C_{33}H_{29}BBr_2F_2N_2O_4Se_2 = 906.8773$  (-1.1 ppm). Calculated  $[M + Na]^+$  for  $C_{33}H_{29}BBr_2F_2N_2O_4Se_2 = 906.878258$ .



**Figure. S32.** Theoretical isotopic pattern for Se-BODIPY. obtained by software Compass IsotopePattern. HRMS ( $m/z$ ) for  $C_{33}H_{29}BBr_2F_2N_2O_4Se_2$ :  $[M+Na]^+ = 906.878258$ .



**Figure. S33.** HRMS of a fragment of **Se-BODIPY**. HRMS  $m/z$   $[M]^+$  for  $C_{33}H_{29}BBr_2FN_2O_4Se_2 = 864.8891$  (-1.1 ppm). Calculated  $[M]^+$  for  $C_{33}H_{29}BBr_2FN_2O_4Se_2 = 864.890085$ .



**Figure. S34.** Theoretical isotopic pattern for **Se-BODIPY**. obtained by software Compass IsotopePattern. HRMS ( $m/z$ ) for  $C_{33}H_{29}BBr_2FN_2O_4Se_2$ :  $[M]^+ = 864.890085$ .

#### 4. References

- 1 U. Lee, T. Il Kim, S. Jeon, Y. Luo, S. Cho, J. Bae and Y. Kim, *Chemistry - A European Journal*, 2021, **27**, 12545–12551.
- 2 Q. H. Wan, M. Gu, W. J. Shi, Y. X. Tang, Y. Lu, C. Xu, X. S. Chen, X. T. Wu, L. Gao, D. X. Han and L. Niu, *Talanta*, , DOI:10.1016/j.talanta.2023.125251.
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