

## Supporting Information

### **A Simple Hydrogen Peroxide-Activatable Bodipy for Tumor Imaging and Type I/II Photodynamic Therapy**

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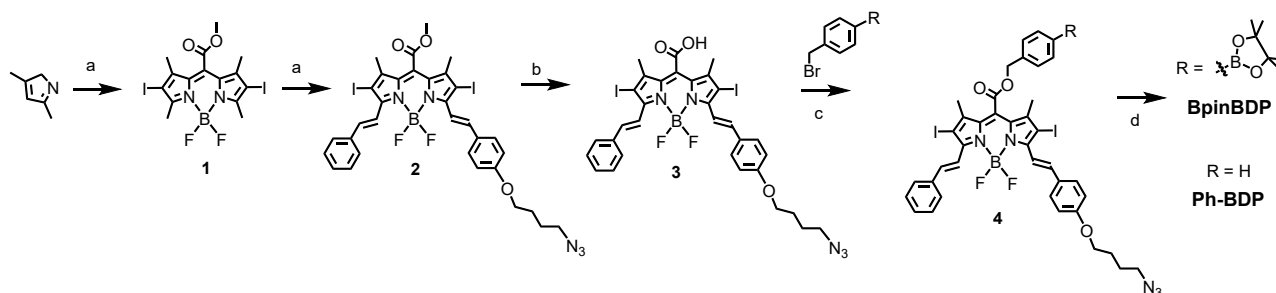
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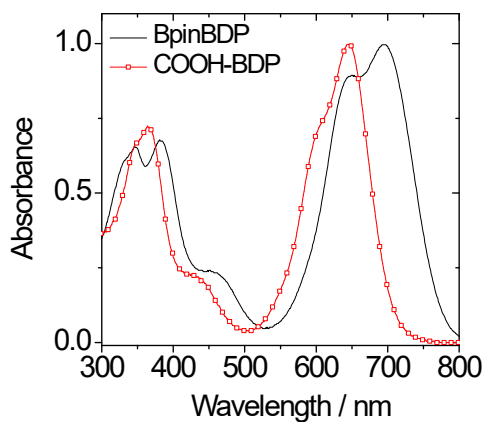
## 1. Synthesis.

**Synthesis of BpinBDP:** 18.8 mg compound **4** and 24 mg Alk-PEG2k were dissolved in  $\text{CHCl}_3$  : EtOH :  $\text{H}_2\text{O}$  (8 mL : 0.6 mL : 0.6 mL), the mixture was deoxygenate via three freeze-thaw cycles. Subsequently, 10 mg CuBr were added and the solution was stirred in 30 °C for 12 h. The solvent was evaporated under reduced pressure and then re-dissolved in water. The unreacted Bodipy dyes and residual catalysts were removed via filtration and Sephadex G50 column. Finally, the solution was dialysis in DI water for 12 h.  $^1\text{H}$  NMR (400 MHz,  $d_6$ -DMSO)  $\delta$  = 8.13 (s, 2H), 7.64-7.44 (m, 13H), 7.05 (t,  $J$  = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 5.57 (d,  $J$  = 12.0 Hz, 2H), 4.07 (d,  $J$  = 4.0 Hz, 2H), 3.50 (s, 174H), 2.11 (s, 6H), 1.98 (t,  $J$  = 8.0 Hz, 4H), 1.23 (s, 12H). TOF MALDI-HRMS: calculated  $m/z \approx 3200$  Da, found  $m/z \approx 3200$  Da.

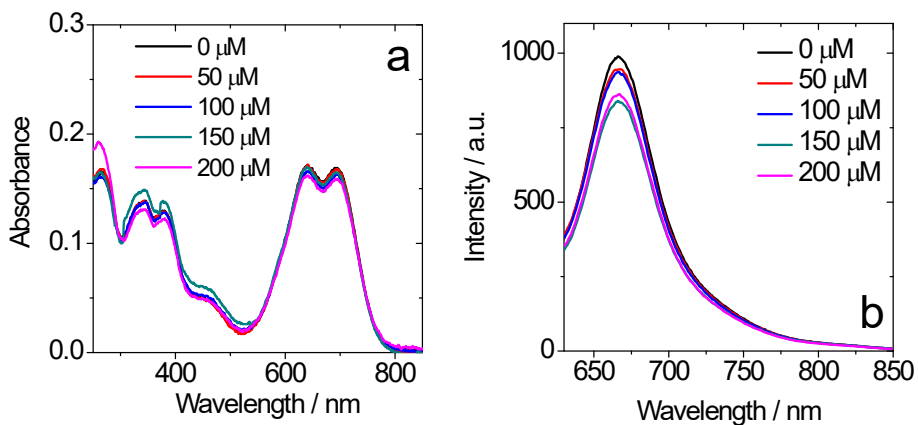


**Scheme S1.** The synthesis route of **BpinBDP**.

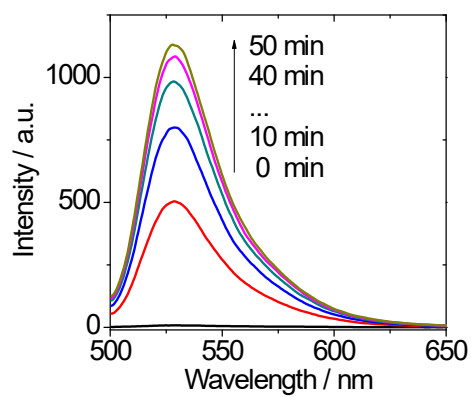
## 2. UV–visible Absorption and Fluorescence Emission Spectra.



**Figure S1.** Normalized UV–vis absorption of **BpinBDP** and **COOH-BDP-PEG** in PBS (pH = 7.4).

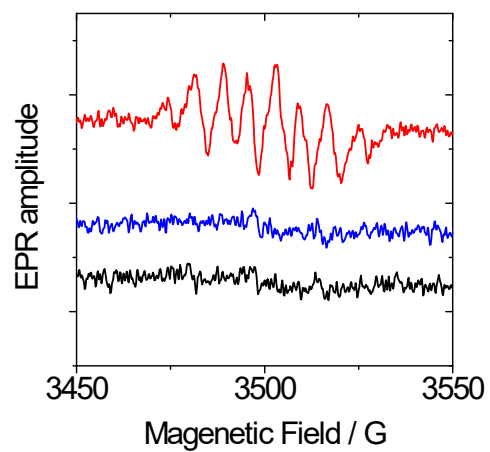


**Figure S2.** (a) UV–visible absorption and (b) fluorescence emission of **PhBDP** upon addition of different concentration of H<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub> in PBS (pH = 7.4) and incubating with 2 h at 37 °C.



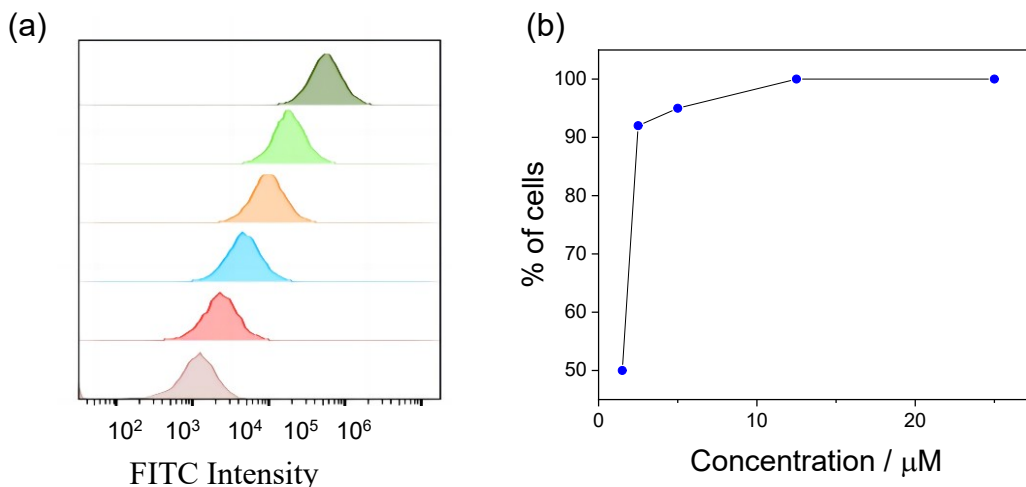
**Figure S3.** Fluorescence emission of dihydrorhodamine 123 (DHR123) at different irradiation time in the presence of **BpinBDP**, indicating the production of superoxide anion.

### 3. EPR Signals.

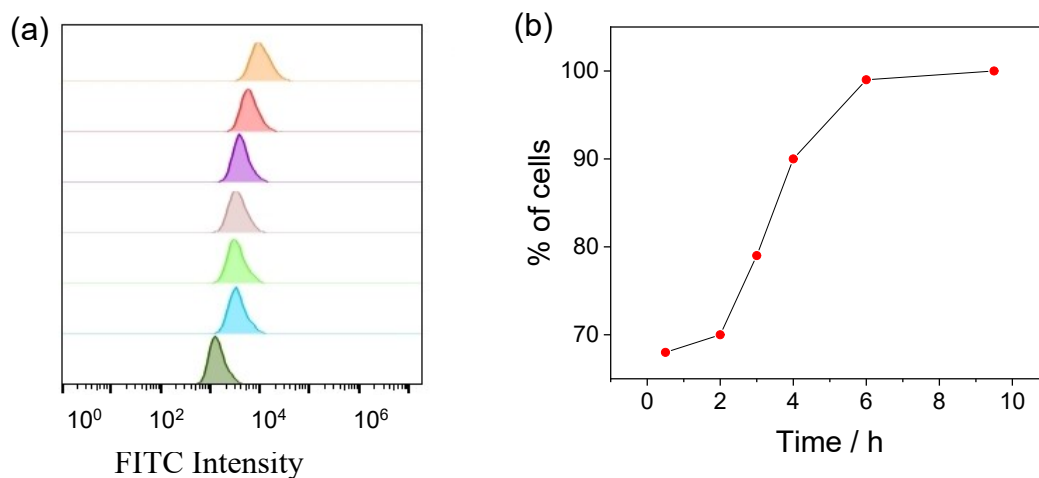


**Figure S4.** EPR signals of dimethyl-1-pyrroline-*N*-oxide (DMPO) for superoxide anion characterization in MeOH.

#### 4. Flow cytometry analysis.



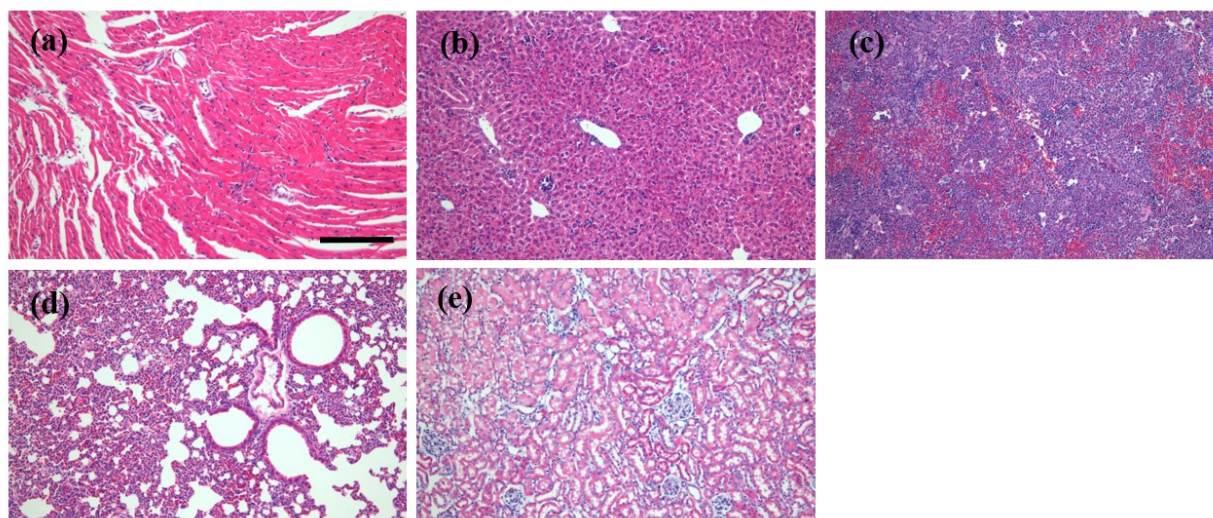
**Figure S5.** (a) Flow cytometry analysis of 4T1 cancer cells treated with different concentration of **BpinBDP** for 2 hours to study the relationship between uptake efficiency and concentration. (a) The number of cells containing **BpinBDP** is assigned by cells of higher FITC intensity than the threshold intensity (of untreated cells). (b) Percentage of cells containing **BpinBDP** in different incubation concentration..



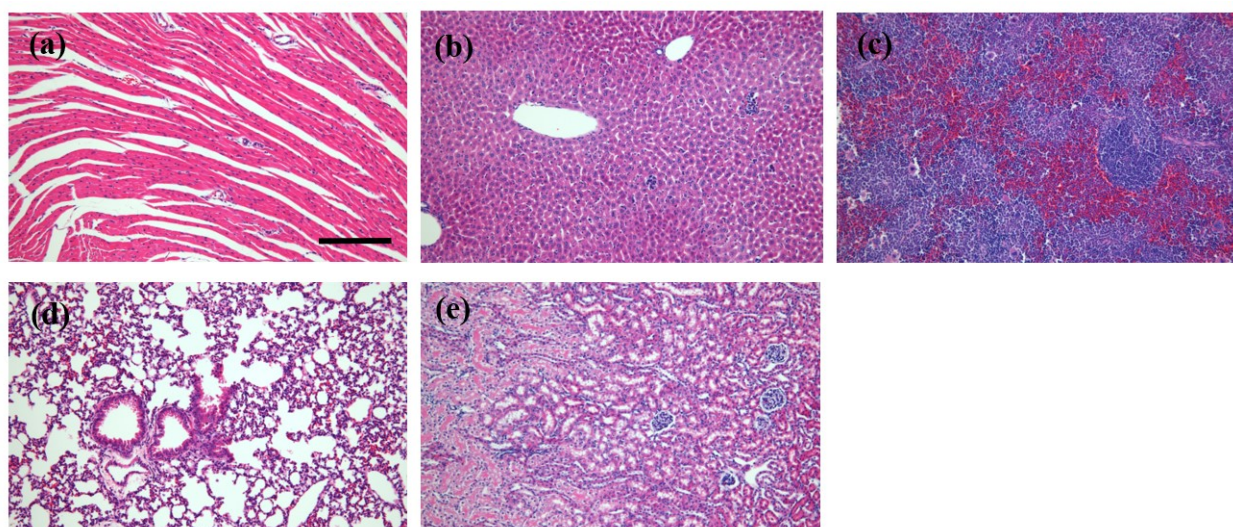
**Figure S6.** Flow cytometry analysis of 4T1 cancer cells after 0 h, 0.5 h, 2.0 h, 3.0 h, 4.0 h, 6.0 h and 9.5 h post incubation of **BpinBDP** ( $c = 10 \mu\text{M}$ ) to study the relationship between uptake efficiency and time points. (a) The number of cells containing **BpinBDP** is assigned by cells of

higher FITC intensity than the threshold intensity (of untreated cells). (b) Percentage of cells containing **BpinBDP** at different incubation time points

### 5. H&E Stainings.



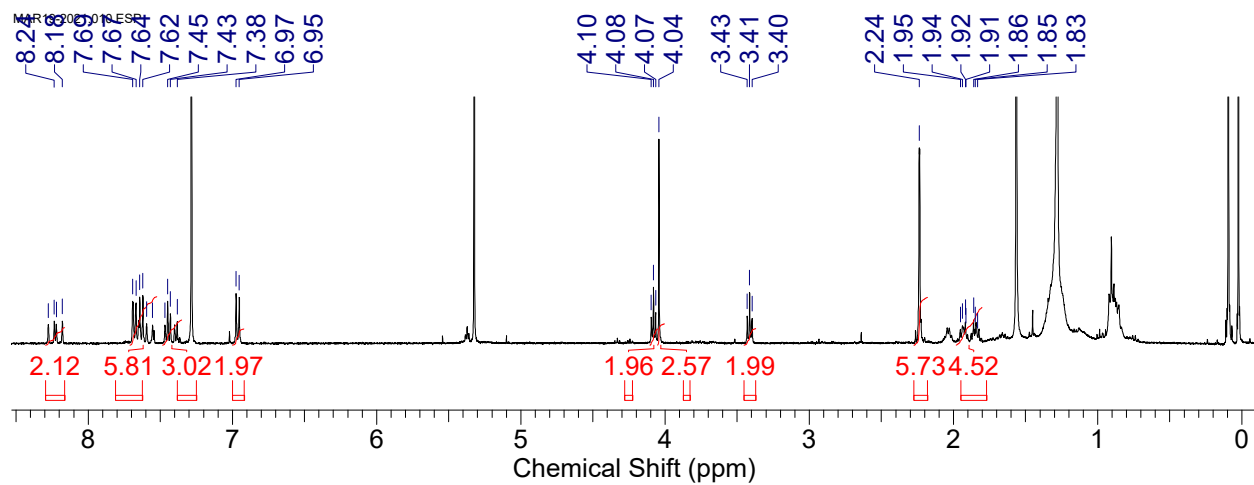
**Figure S7.** H&E stainings of heart, liver, spleen, lung and kidney of Group 1. Scale bar = 200  $\mu\text{m}$ .



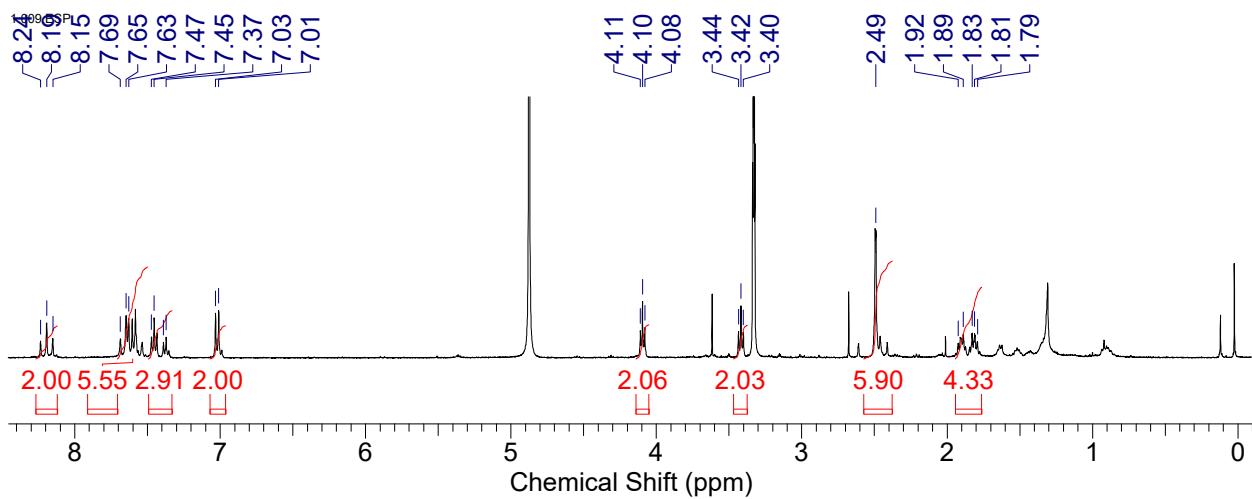
**Figure S8.** H&E stainings of heart, liver, spleen, lung and kidney of Group 2. Scale bar = 200  $\mu\text{m}$ .



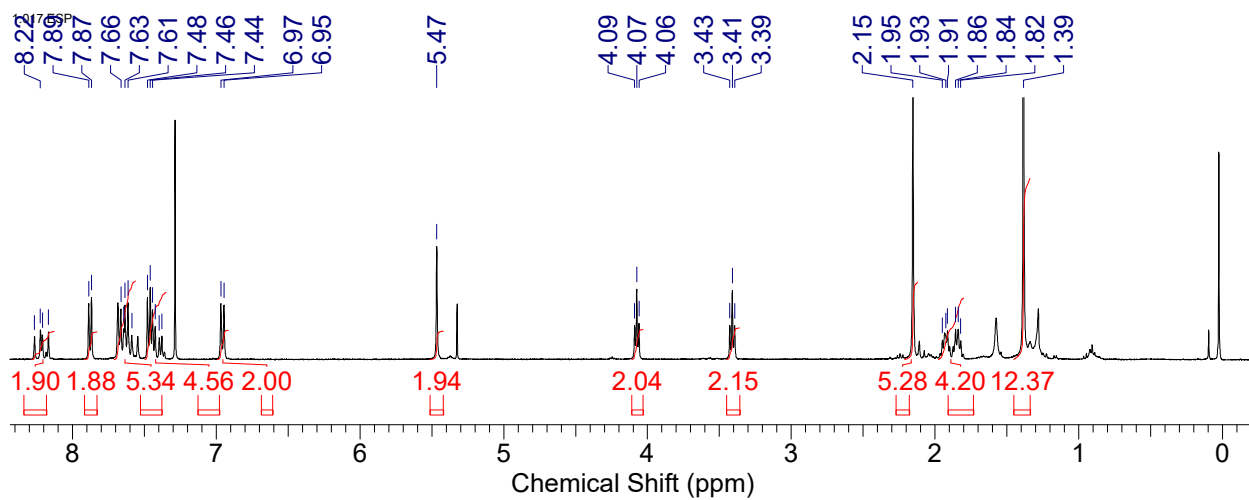
## 6. NMR and HRMS Spectra.



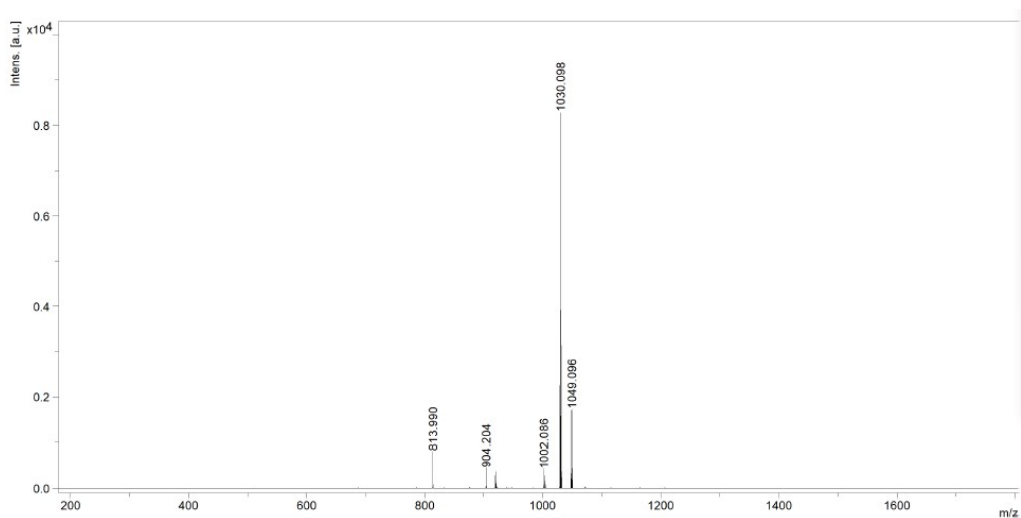
**Figure S9.** <sup>1</sup>H-NMR of compound **2** in CDCl<sub>3</sub>.



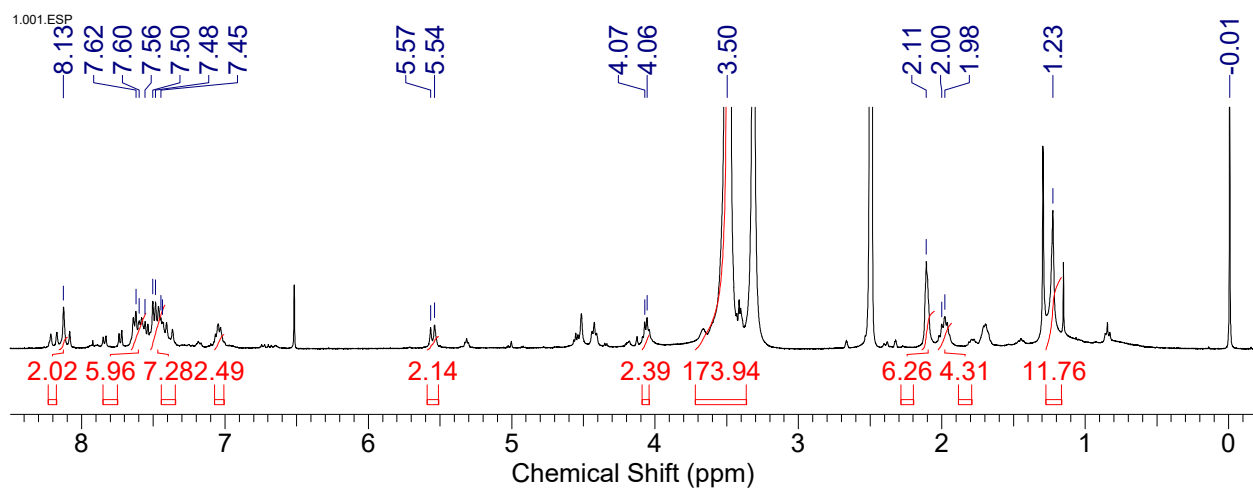
**Figure S10.** <sup>1</sup>H-NMR of compound **3** in MeOD.



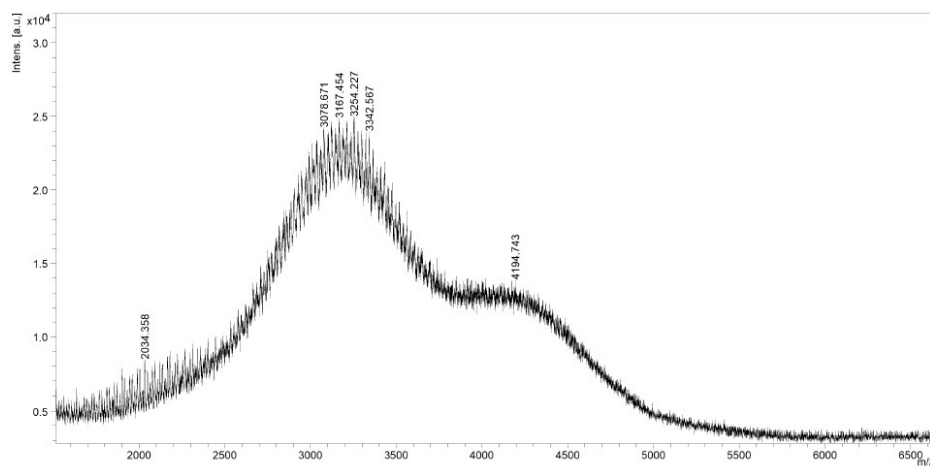
**Figure S11.**  $^1\text{H-NMR}$  of compound **4** in  $\text{CDCl}_3$ .



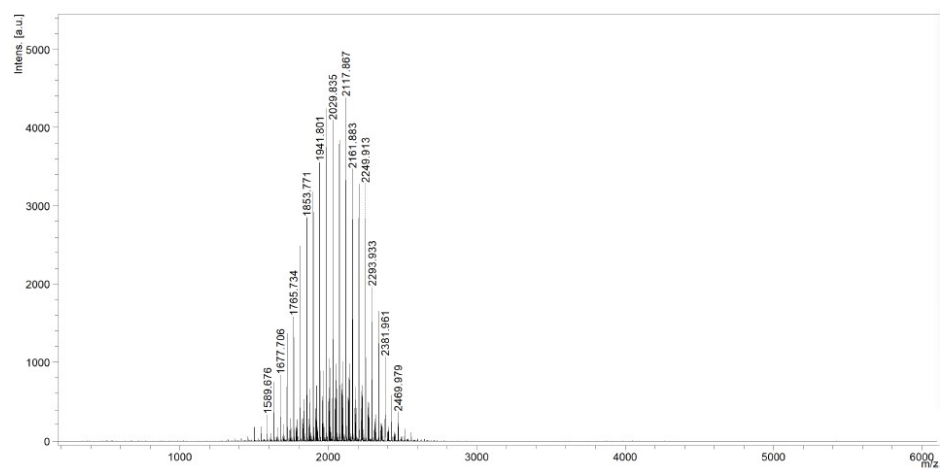
**Figure S12.** MALDI-ToF-MS of compound **4**.



**Figure S13.**  $^1\text{H-NMR}$  of compound **BpinBDP** in  $d_6\text{-DMSO}$ .



**Figure S14.** MALDI-ToF-MS of **BpinBDP**.



**Figure S15.** MALDI-ToF-MS of Alk-PEG2k.