Supplementary Information

Simple Fabrication of Laser-Induced Graphene Functionalized with a Copper-Based Metal–Organic Framework and its Application in Solid-state Supercapacitors

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Fig. S1. Additional Cyclic Voltammetry (CV) experiments for an IDE structure with the following characteristics: number total of fingers N = 13, width of the fingers W = 1 mm, spacing between electrodes $S = 0.5 \mu$ m, interspacing between fingers $i = 0.5 \mu$ m and length of the fingers L = 11 mm. (A) CV curves at different scan rates for the LIG electrodes. (B) CV curves at different scan rates for the Cu-BTC@LIG electrodes. (D) Specific capacitance as a function of the scan rate for both LIG and Cu-BTC@LIG electrodes.



Fig. S2. Additional Galvanometric charge-discharge curves at different constant currents for an IDE structure with the following characteristics: number total of fingers N = 13, width of the fingers W = 1 mm, spacing between electrodes $S = 0.5 \mu$ m, interspacing between fingers $i = 0.5 \mu$ m and length of the fingers L = 11 mm. (A) Curves at different constant currents for the LIG electrodes. (B) Curves at different constant currents for the Cu-BTC@LIG electrodes. (C) Specific capacitance as a function of the current density for both LIG and Cu-BTC@LIG electrodes.

Table S1. Specific capacitance before and after	er the LIG functionalization with different materials.
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LIG Functionalizer	Electrolyte	C₄ (mF/cm²) (before)	C₄ (mF/cm²) (after)	Reference
Cu-BTC	PVA/H ₃ PO ₄	0.37 @ 54.3 µA cm ⁻²	2.8 @ 54.3 µA cm ⁻²	This work
Cu		PVA/KOH 0.8 @ 100 mV s ⁻¹	1.1 @ 100 mV s ⁻¹	13
Ag	PVA/KUH		1.2 @ 100 mV s ⁻¹	
MoS ₂	PVP+NaCl	-	14 @ 10 mV s ⁻¹	78
MnO ₂	PVA/H ₃ PO ₄	-	18.82 at 200 µA/cm ²	84
В	PVA/H ₂ SO ₄	5.5 @ 50 µA cm ⁻²	16.5 @ 50 µA cm ⁻²	85
SnO ₂	PVA/H ₂ SO ₄	3.59 @ 10 mV s ⁻¹	18.58 @ 10 mV/s	88
LIG-ZIF-67	PVA/H ₂ SO ₄	2 @ 500 µA cm ⁻²	3 @ 500 µA cm ⁻²	29
LIG-(MOF-199@ZIF-67)	H ₂ SO ₄ (aqueous)	-	6.2 @ 10 mV s ⁻¹ 5 @ 200 μA cm ⁻²	27