

Supporting information

Band alignment of TiO₂ through controlling Cl content for high-efficiency perovskite solar cells

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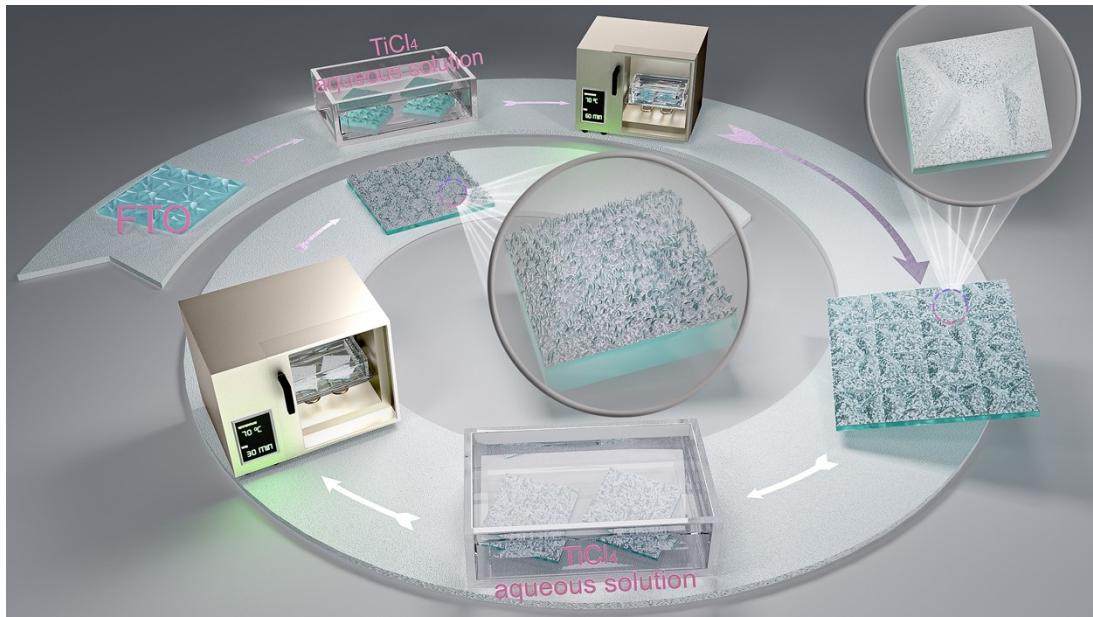


Figure S1 Diagram of TiO_2 preparation process

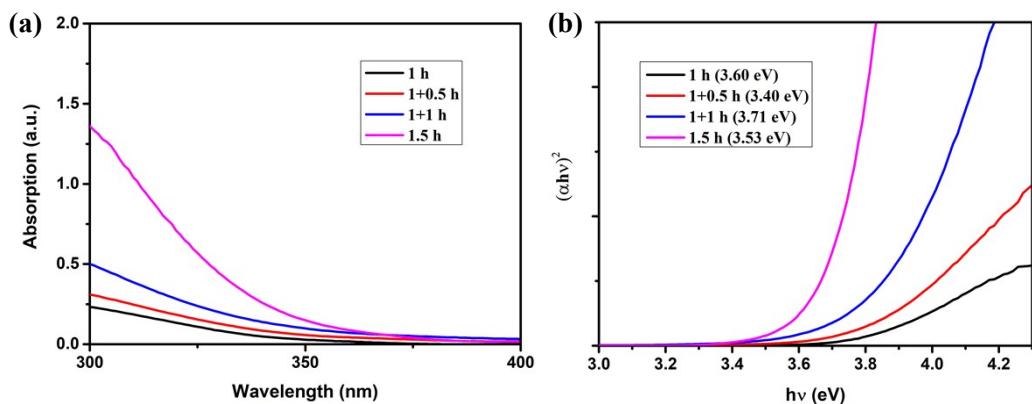


Figure S2 TiO_2 absorption and energy band changes at different growth times. (a) TiO_2 absorption plots at different growth times. (b) TiO_2 Tauc-plot plots with different growth times.

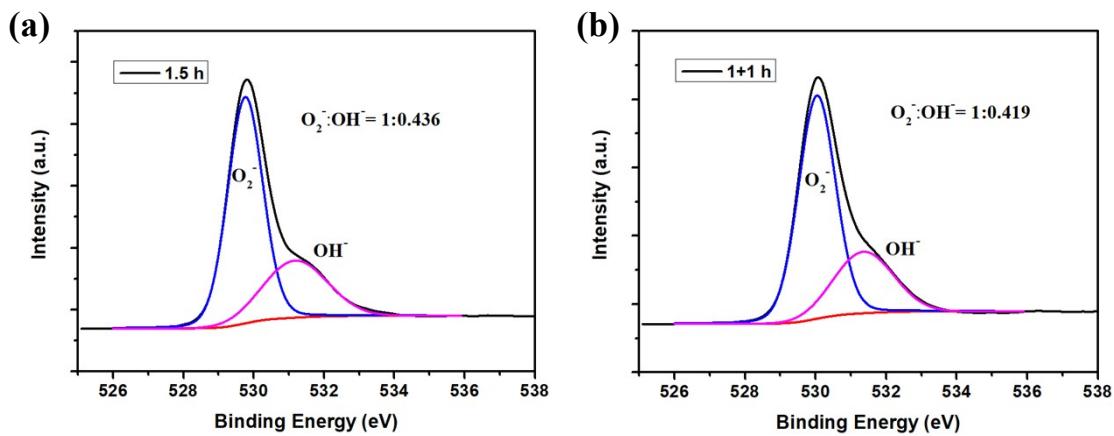


Figure S3 XPS test diagram of TiO_2 surface with different growth time. (a) 1.5 h. (b) 1+1 h.

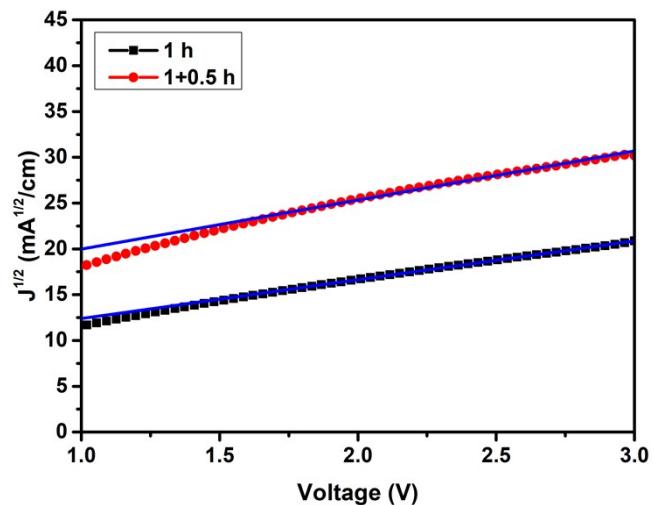


Figure S4 The electron mobility of TiO_2 was evaluated using the SCLC model.

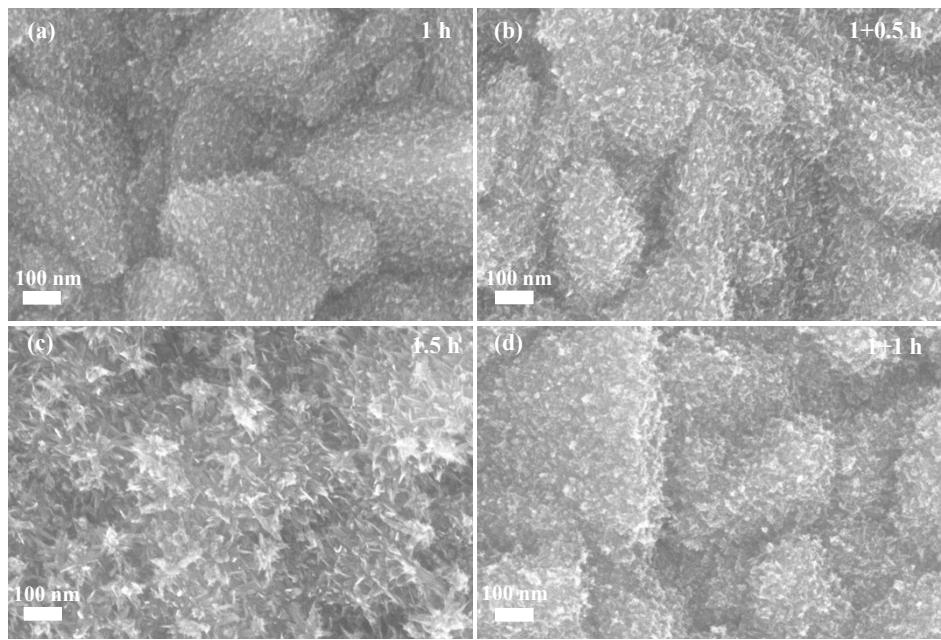


Figure S5 SEM images of TiO_2 surface at different growth times. (a) 1 h. (b) 1+0.5 h. (c) 1.5 h. (d) 1+1 h.

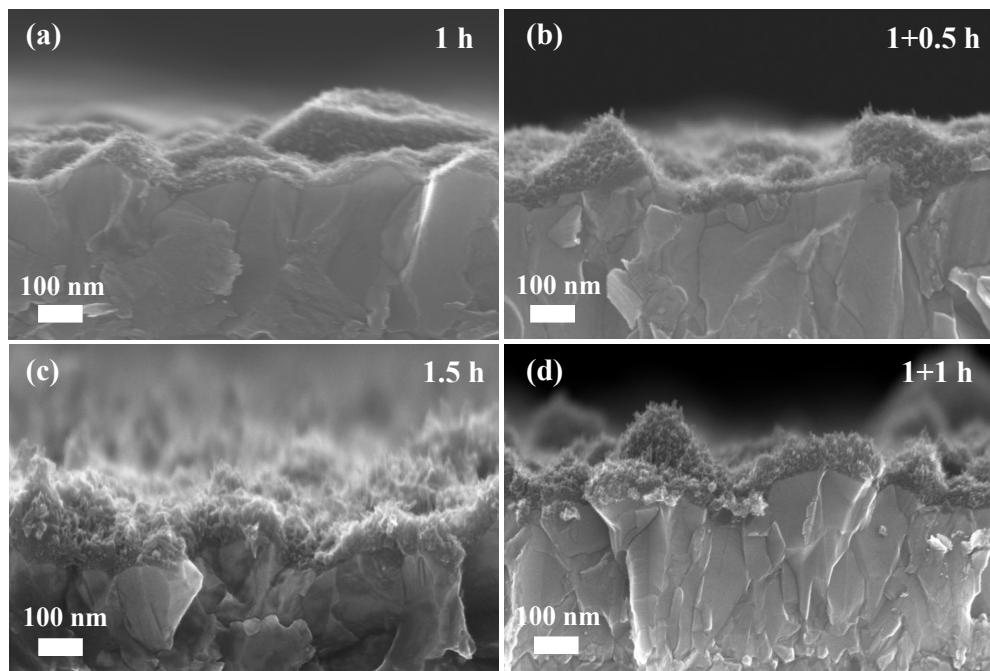


Figure S6 SEM images of TiO_2 growing at different times. (a) 1 h. (b) 1+0.5 h. (c) 1.5 h. (d) 1+1 h.

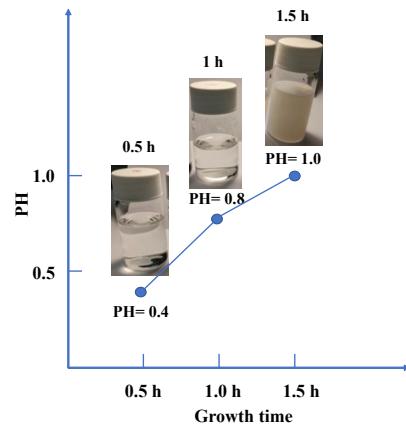


Figure S7 PH value of TiO₂ solution grown at different times

Table S1 Average carrier lifetime of perovskite films prepared on 1 h and 1+0.5 h TiO₂ films

| Growth time | $\tau_1/\text{ns(A}_1\text{)}$ | $\tau_2/\text{ns(A}_2\text{)}$ | $\tau_{\text{ave}}/\text{ns}$ |
|-------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| 1 h | 92.44 (0.092) | 890.62 (0.876) | 882.01 |
| 1+0.5 h | 83.63 (0.151) | 629.33 (0.799) | 615.96 |