

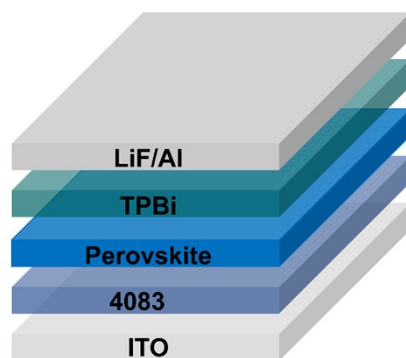
# Supplementary Material

## **Role of Br-Cl distribution uniformity on the spectral stability of blue emitting mixed-halide perovskites**

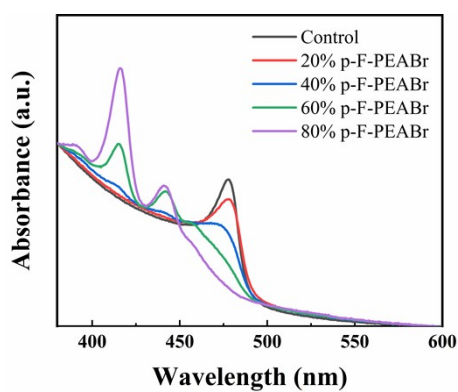
Dan Chen, Yu Mao, Xianglan Huang, Jichen Zhao, Zhiyuan Zhang, Jian Wang\* and

Junbiao Peng

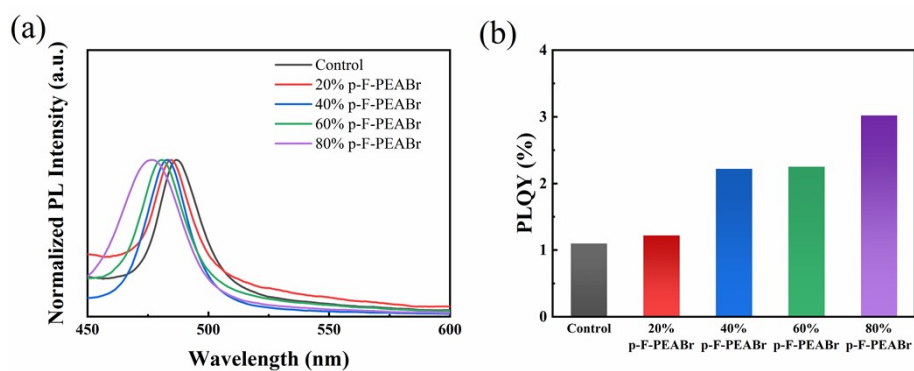
Institute of Polymer Optoelectronic Materials and Devices, State Key Laboratory of Luminescent Materials and Devices, South China University of Technology, Guangzhou 510640, China. E-mail: [jianwang@scut.edu.cn](mailto:jianwang@scut.edu.cn)



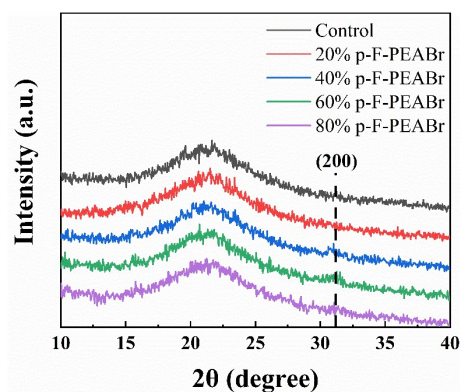
**Figure S1. Schematic illustration of the device configuration.**



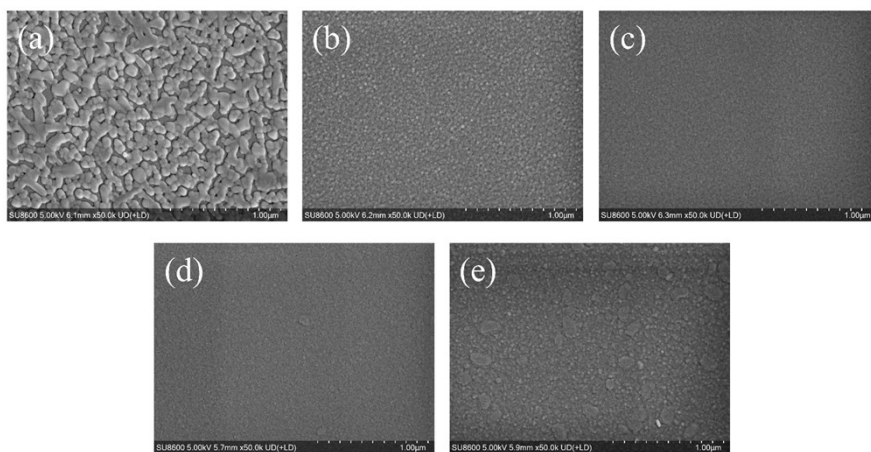
**Figure S2. UV-vis absorption spectrum of CsPbClBr<sub>2</sub> doped with different concentrations of p-F-PEABr.**



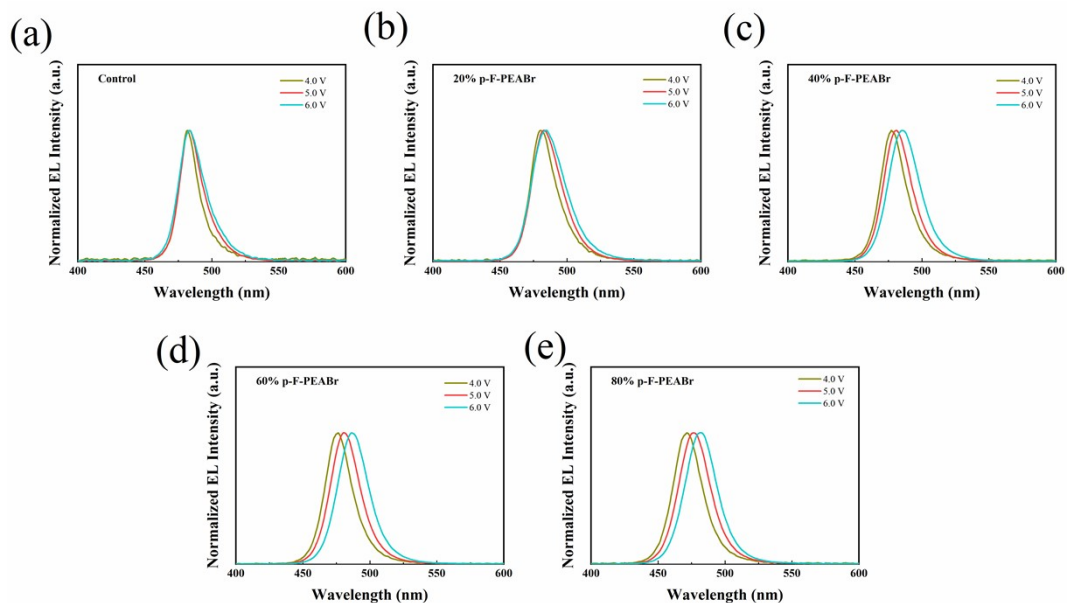
**Figure S3. (a) PL spectra, and (b) PLQY of CsPbClBr<sub>2</sub> doped with different concentrations of p-F-PEABr.**



**Figure S4. XRD patterns of CsPbClBr<sub>2</sub> doped with different concentrations of p-F-PEABr.**



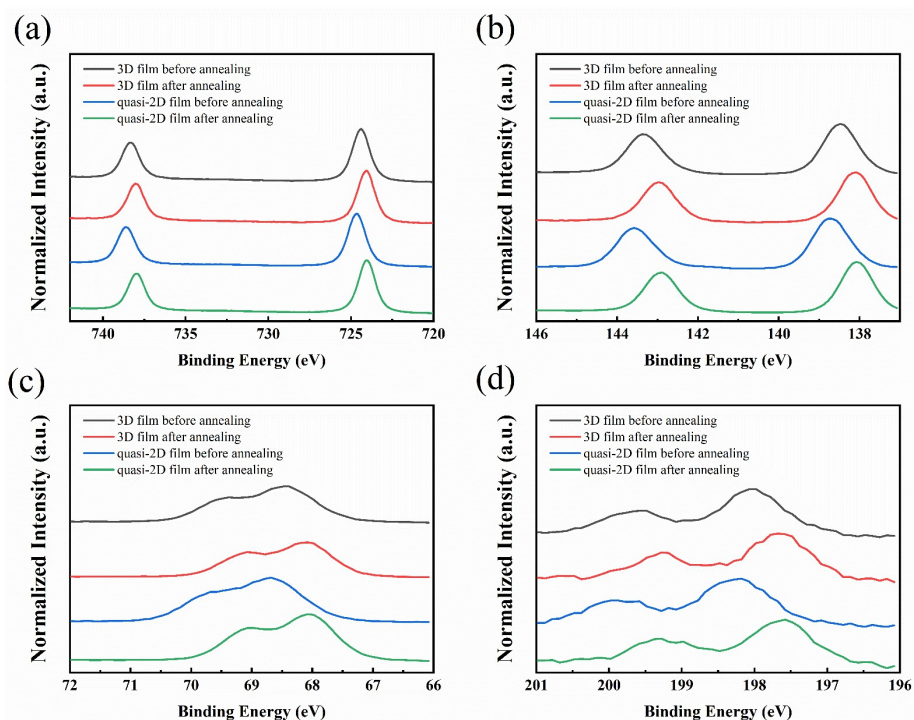
**Figure S5. SEM images of CsPbClBr<sub>2</sub> doped with different concentrations of p-F-PEABr: (a) Control, (b) 20 %, (c) 40 %, (d) 60 %, (e) 80 %.**



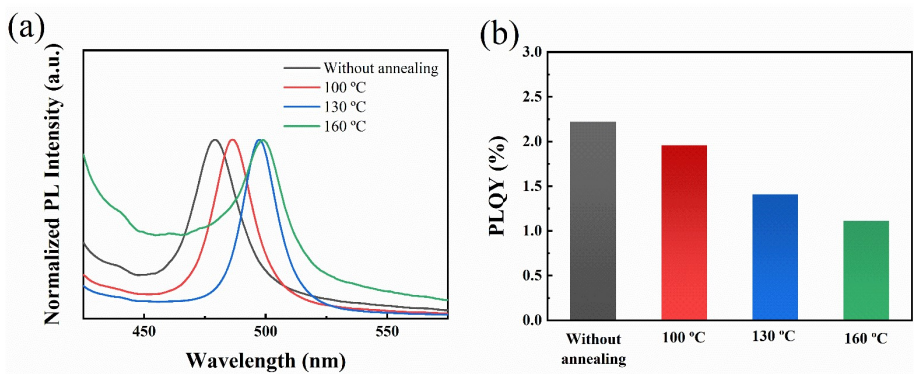
**Figure S6. The EL spectrum of the representative PeLEDs:** (a) Control, (b) 20% p-F-PEABr, (c) 40% p-F-PEABr, (d) 60% p-F-PEABr, (e) 80% p-F-PEABr.

**Table S1. EL peak shift of CsPbClBr<sub>2</sub> doped with different concentrations of p-F-PEABr.**

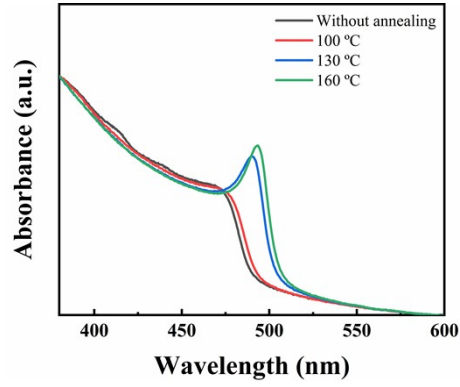
p-F-PEABr (%)	EL peak at 4V (nm)	EL peak at 6V (nm)	Red shift of EL peak (nm)
0	481.8	483.3	1.5
20	480.3	484.3	4.0
40	477.1	485.0	7.9
60	476.3	486.6	10.3
80	471.6	481.9	10.3



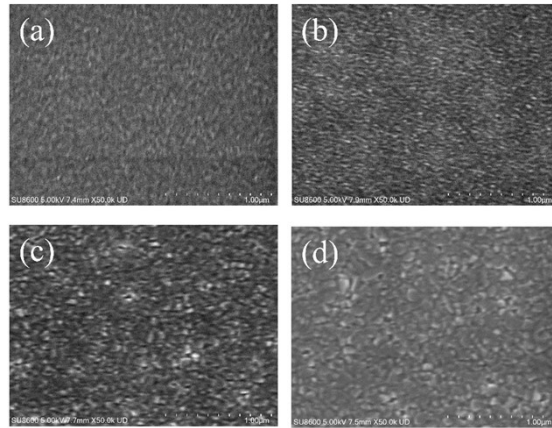
**Figure S7. XPS spectra of 3D and quasi-2D films before and after annealing: (a) Cs 3d, (b) Pb 4f, (c) Br 3d, (d) Cl 2p.**



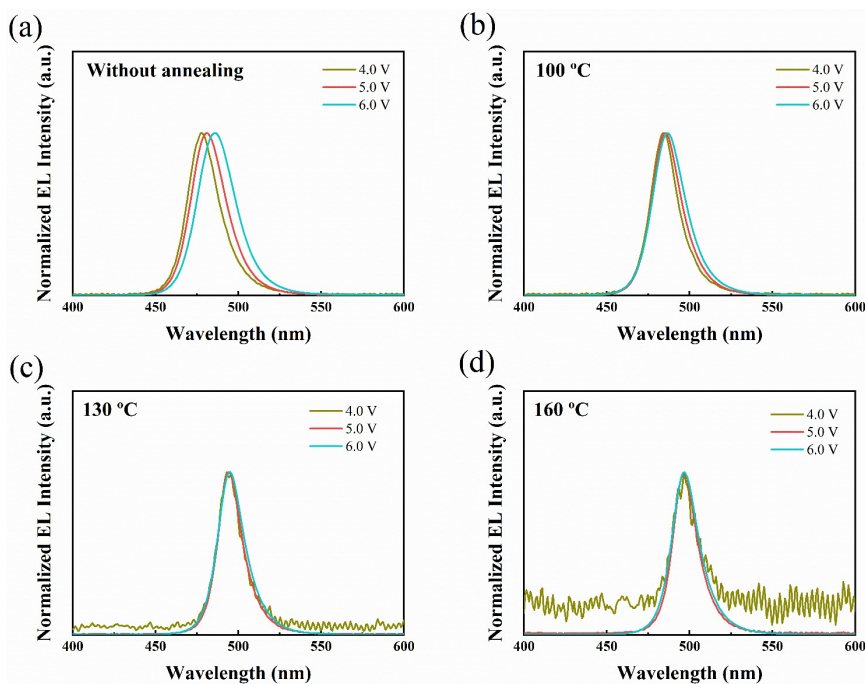
**Figure S8. (a) PL spectra, and (b) PLQY of 40% p-F-PEABr doped CsPbClBr<sub>2</sub> film after annealing at different annealing temperatures.**



**Figure S9. UV-vis spectra of 40% p-F-PEABr doped CsPbClBr<sub>2</sub> film after annealing at different annealing temperatures.**



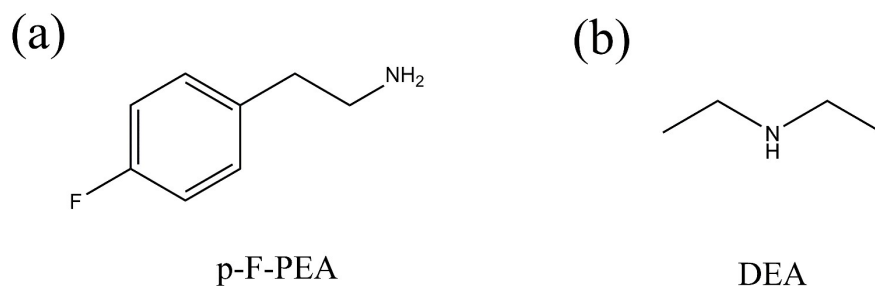
**Figure S10. SEM images of 40% p-F-PEABr doped CsPbClBr<sub>2</sub> film after annealing at different annealing temperatures: (a) without annealing, (b) 100 °C, (c) 130 °C, (d) 160 °C.**



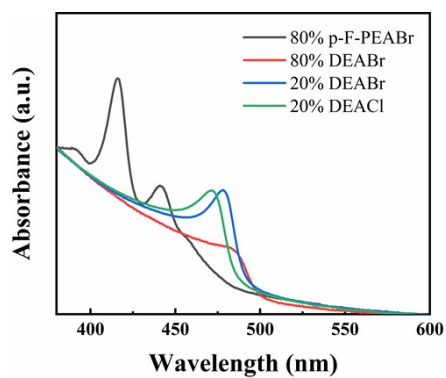
**Figure S11. The EL spectrum of the representative PeLEDs at different annealing temperatures: (a) without annealing, (b) 100 °C, (c) 130 °C, (d) 160 °C.**

**Table S2. EL peak shifts of 40% p-F-PEABr doped CsPbClBr<sub>2</sub> PeLEDs at different annealing temperatures.**

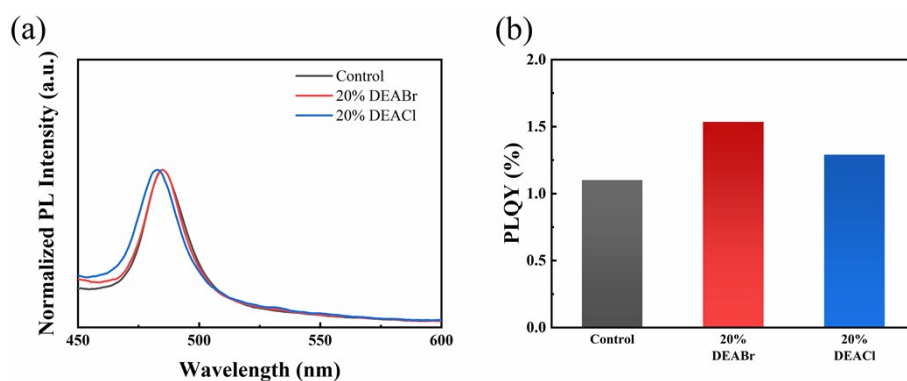
Annealing temperatures (°C)	EL peak at 4 V (nm)	EL peak at 6 V (nm)	Red shift of EL peak (nm)
Without annealing	477.1	485.0	7.9
100	484.3	486.9	2.6
130	493.0	494.0	1.0
160	496.1	496.3	0.2



**Figure S12. Molecular structures of p-F-PEA and DEA.**

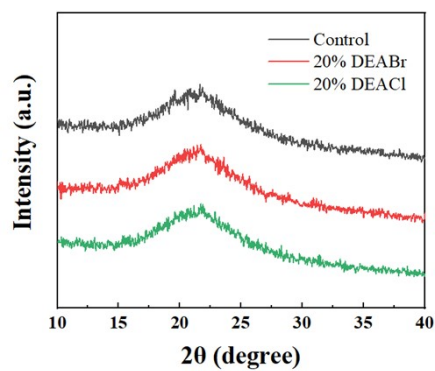


**Figure S13. UV-vis spectra of CsPbClBr<sub>2</sub> films doped by different dopants.**

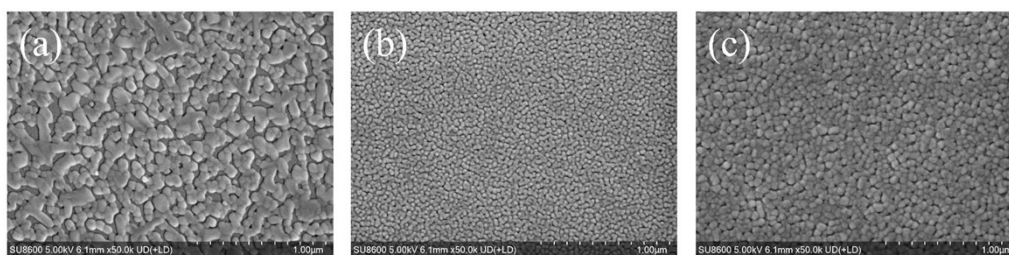


**Figure S14. (a) PL spectra, and (b) PLQY of 20% DEABr, and 20% DEACl doped CsPbClBr<sub>2</sub> films.**

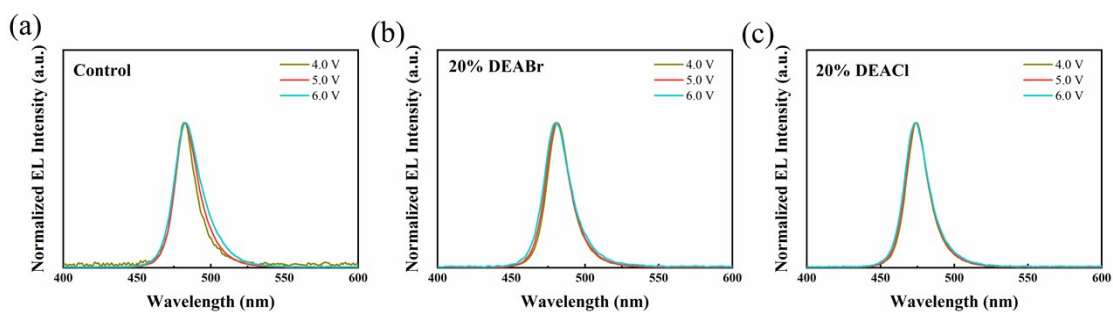




**Figure S15. XRD patterns of 20% DEABr, and 20% DEACl doped CsPbClBr<sub>2</sub> films.**



**Figure S16. SEM images of 20% DEABr, and 20% DEACl doped CsPbClBr<sub>2</sub> films: (a) Control, (b) 20% DEABr, (c) 20% DEACl.**



**Figure S17. The EL spectra of the representative PeLEDs: (a) Control, (b) 20% DEABr, (c) 20% DEACl.**

**Table S3. EL peak shifts of 20% DEABr, and 20% DEACl doped CsPbClBr<sub>2</sub> PeLEDs.**

Emitter	EL peak at 4V (nm)	EL peak at 6V (nm)	Red shift of EL peak (nm)
Control	481.8	483.3	1.5
20% DEABr	481.9	482.2	0.3
20% DEACl	474.0	473.6	-0.4