

Experimental Section

Elemental analyses were performed using a Carlo Erba EA1108 microanalyser. IR spectra were recorded from KBr pellets on a Shimadzu FTIR-8300 spectrophotometer. ^1H and $^1\text{H}\{^{11}\text{B}\}$ NMR (300.13 MHz), $^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR (75.47 MHz) and ^{11}B NMR (96.29 MHz) spectra were recorded with a Bruker ARX 300 instrument equipped with the appropriate decoupling accessories. Chemical shift values for ^{11}B NMR spectra were referenced to external $\text{BF}_3\leftarrow\text{OEt}_2$ and those for ^1H , $^1\text{H}\{^{11}\text{B}\}$ and $^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR spectra were referenced to SiMe_4 . Chemical shifts are reported in units of parts per million downfield from reference, and all coupling constants in Hz. The mass spectra were recorded in the negative ion mode using a Bruker Biflex MALDI-TOF-MS [N_2 laser; λ_{exc} 337 nm (0.5 ns pulses); voltage ion source 20.00 kV (Uis1) and 17.50 kV (Uis2)].

3,6- I_2 -1,2-*closo*- $\text{C}_2\text{B}_{10}\text{H}_{10}$ (3), 3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10,11,12- I_{10} -1,2-*closo*- $\text{C}_2\text{B}_{10}\text{H}_2$ (4), 3,4,5,7,8,9,10,11,12- I_9 -1,2-*closo*- $\text{C}_2\text{B}_{10}\text{H}_3$ (1) and 4,5,7,8,9,10,11,12- I_8 -1,2-*closo*- $\text{C}_2\text{B}_{10}\text{H}_4$ were synthesized according to the literature.¹ 1,2-*closo*- $\text{C}_2\text{B}_{10}\text{H}_{10}$ was supplied by Katchem Ltd. (Prague) and used as received.

Synthesis of $[\text{HN}(\text{CH}_3)_3]_2[1,2,3,4,5,6,9,10,11\text{-I}_9\text{-7,8-*nido*-C}_2\text{B}_9\text{H}_2]$, alternatively $[\text{HN}(\text{CH}_3)_3]_2[7,8\text{-H}_2\text{-7,8-*nido*-C}_2\text{B}_9\text{I}_9]$, $[\text{HN}(\text{CH}_3)_3]_2[2]$.

To a solution of KOH (100mg, 1.78 mmol) in degassed EtOH (50 mL) 3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10,11,12- I_{10} -1,2-*closo*- $\text{C}_2\text{B}_{10}\text{H}_2$ (500 mg, 0.35 mmol) was added. The solution was refluxed for 3 h. After cooled to room temperature, the solvent was eliminated and the solid was dissolved in 20 mL of water. The solution was neutralized with HCl 1M. Afterwards, a $[\text{HNMe}_3]\text{Cl}$ water solution was added dropwise to precipitate the compound. The white solid was rinsed with water and diethyl ether obtaining $[\text{HN}(\text{CH}_3)_3]_2[\textit{nido-1a}]$ (415 mg, yield 86 %). Crystals were successfully

isolated in crystalline form suitable for X-ray diffraction from acetone solution. Elemental analysis calcd. (%) for $C_8B_9I_9H_{22}N_2$ (1385.72): C 6.93, H 1.60; found C 6.89, H 1.65. 1H NMR (CD_3COCD_3): δ = 3.18 (s, $[HN(CH_3)_3]$). $^{13}C\{^1H\}$ NMR: δ = 45.4 (s, $[HN(CH_3)_3]$), 40.4 (m, $C_{cluster}$). ^{11}B NMR: δ = -15.9 (s, 2B), -19.3 (s, 3B), -24.9 (s, 2B), -26.7 (s, 1B), -38.9 (s, 1B). MALDI-TOF-MS: m/z =1266.8 (M+1), 1139.9 (M-I+1), 1013.9 (M-2I+1).

Synthesis of $[HN(CH_3)_3]_2[7,8-H_2-7,8-nido-C_2B_9I_9]$ ($[HN(CH_3)_3]_2[2]$) and $[HN(CH_3)_3]_2[3,7,8-H_3-7,8-nido-C_2B_9I_8]$ ($[HN(CH_3)_3]_2[3]$).

In an analogous manner, from 3,4,5,7,8,9,10,11,12- I_9 -1,2-*closo*- $C_2B_{10}H_3$ (500 mg, 0.39 mmol) was added to a solution of KOH (110 mg, 1.95 mmol) in degassed EtOH (50 mL). The solution was refluxed for 3 h. After, it was cooled to room temperature, the solvent was eliminated and the solid residue was dissolved in 20 mL of water. The solution was neutralized with HCl 1M. Afterwards, $[HNMe_3]Cl$ in water was added dropwise to the solution to precipitate the compound. The white solid was rinsed with water and diethyl ether obtaining a (1:1) mixture of ($[HN(CH_3)_3]_2[2]$. and $[HN(CH_3)_3]_2[3]$). After recrystallization with acetone $[HN(CH_3)_3]_2[3,7,8-H_3-7,8-nido-C_2B_9I_8]$, ($[HN(CH_3)_3]_2[3]$) was isolated. 1H NMR: CD_3COCD_3 , δ = 3.22 (s, 9H; $[HN(CH_3)_3]$), 1.95 (br s, 2H, $C_{cluster-H}$). $^1H\{^{11}B\}$ NMR: CD_3COCD_3 , δ = 3.22 (s, 9H; $[HN(CH_3)_3]$), 3.00 (br t, $J(H,H)=6.4$, 1H, B(3)-H), 1.95 (d, $J(H,H)=6.4$, 2H, $C_{cluster-H}$). $^{13}C\{^1H\}$ NMR: δ = 45.4 (s, $[HN(CH_3)_3]$), 41.3 (m, $C_{cluster}$). ^{11}B NMR: δ = -16.1 (s, 2B), -19.1 (s, 4B), -27.0 (s, 2B), -41.0 (s, 1B). MALDI-TOF-MS: m/z =1140.7 (M+1), 1013.7 (M-I+1).

Synthesis of $[HN(CH_3)_3][1,2,4,5,6,9,10,11-I_8-7,8-nido-C_2B_9H_3]$, alternatively $[HN(CH_3)_3]_2[3,7,8-H_3-7,8-nido-C_2B_9I_8]$ ($[HN(CH_3)_3]_2[3]$).

In an analogous manner, from 4,5,7,8,9,10,11,12-*I*₈-1,2-*closo*-C₂B₁₀H₄ (449 mg, 0.39 mmol) was added to a solution of KOH (110 mg, 1.95 mmol) in degassed EtOH (50 mL). The solution was refluxed for 5 h. After, it was cooled to room temperature, the solvent was eliminated and the solid residue was dissolved in 20 mL of water. The solution was neutralized with HCl 1M. Afterwards, [HNMe₃]Cl in water was added dropwise to the solution to precipitate the compound. ¹H NMR: CD₃COCD₃, δ= 3.22 (s, 9H; [HN(CH₃)₃]), 1.95 (br s, 2H, C_{cluster}-H). ¹H{¹¹B} NMR: CD₃COCD₃, δ= 3.22 (s, 9H; [HN(CH₃)₃]), 3.00 (br t, J(H,H)= 6.4, 1H, B(3)-H), 1.95 (d, J(H,H)= 6.4, 2H, C_{cluster}-H). ¹³C{¹H} NMR: δ= 45.4 (s, [HN(CH₃)₃]), 41.3 (m, C_{cluster}). ¹¹B NMR: δ= -16.1 (s, 2B), -19.1 (s, 4B), -27.0 (s, 2B), -41.0 (s, 1B). MALDI-TOF-MS: *m/z* =1140.7 (M+1), 1013.7 (M-I+1).

Synthesis of [HNMe₃][3-*I*-7,8-*nido*-C₂B₉H₁₁].

In an analogous manner, from 3,6-*I*₂-1,2-*closo*-C₂B₁₀H₁₀ (154 mg, 0.39 mmol) was added to a solution of KOH (110 mg, 1.95 mmol) in degassed EtOH (50 mL). The solution was refluxed for 3 h. After, it was cooled to room temperature, the solvent was eliminated and the solid residue was dissolved in 20 mL of water. The solution was neutralized with HCl 1M. Afterwards, [HNMe₃]Cl in water was added dropwise to the solution to precipitate the compound. ¹H{¹¹B} NMR: CD₃COCD₃, δ= 3.22 (s, 9H, [HN(CH₃)₃]), 3.00-0.00 (br m, 8H, B-H_{terminal}), 1.95 (br s, 2H, C_{cluster}-H), -2.67 (br m, 1H, B-H_{bridge}). ¹³C{¹H} NMR: CD₃COCD₃, δ= 48.0 (C_{cluster}), 45.2 (s, HN(CH₃)₃). ¹¹B NMR: CD₃COCD₃, δ= -9.3 (d, ¹J(B,H)= 139, 2B, B(9,11)), -15.5 (d, ¹J(B,H)= 136, 2B, B(5,6)), -19.8 (d, ¹J(B,H)= 153, 2B, B(2,4)), -28.8 (s, 1B, B(3)), -34.1 (dd, ¹J(B,H_{terminal})= 138, ¹J(B,H_{bridge})= 55, 1B, B(10)), -35.8 (d, ¹J(B,H)= 154, 1B, B(1)). MALDI-TOF-MS: *m/z* = 260.39 (M+1), 127.05 (M-I+1).

¹ (a) Teixidor, F.; Barberà, G.; Viñas, C.; Sillanpää, R.; Kivekäs, R. *Inorg. Chem.*, 2006, **45**, 3496. (b) Barbera, G.; Teixidor, F.; Viñas, C.; Sillanpää, R.; Kivekäs, R. *Eur. J. Inorg. Chem.*, 2003, 1511. (c) R. R. Srivastava, D. K. Hamlin, D. S. Wilbur. *J. Org. Chem.* 1996, **61**, 9041.