Supporting Information

Stepwise Addition of CuNCS onto $[Et_4N][Tp^*WS_3]$: Design, Syntheses, Structures and Third-Order Nonlinear Optical Properties

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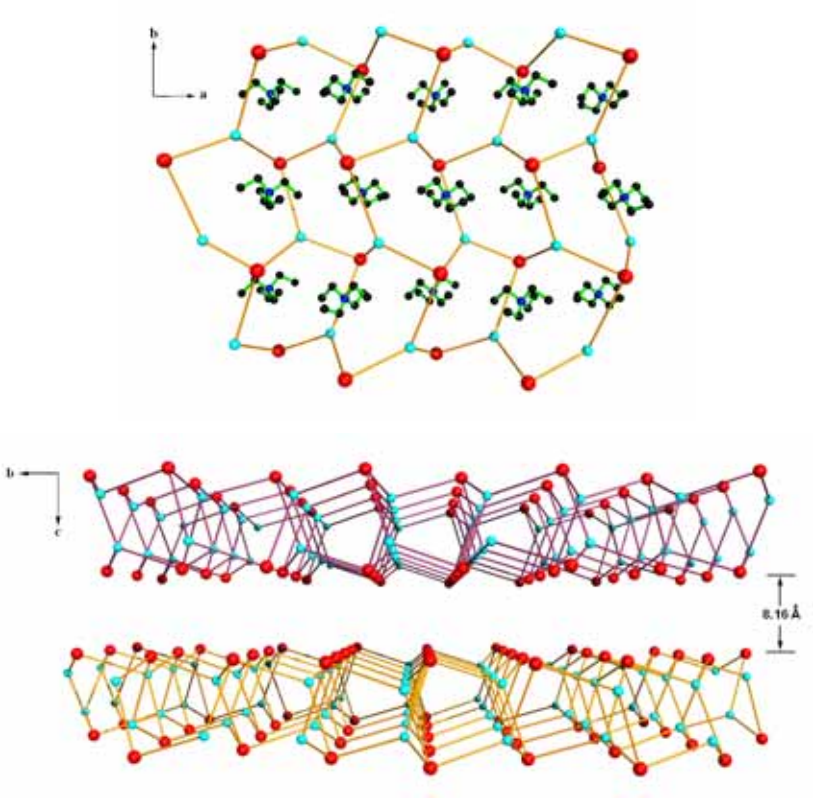

Figure S1. View of the 2D network of **5** viewed along the *c* axis. The red and lake blue balls represent the [Tp*WS_4Cu_3] cores and the [$Cu(NCS)_4$] units. The yellow sticks represent the connections provided by the NCS groups.**5** looking down the *c* axis. All the hydrogen atoms were omitted.

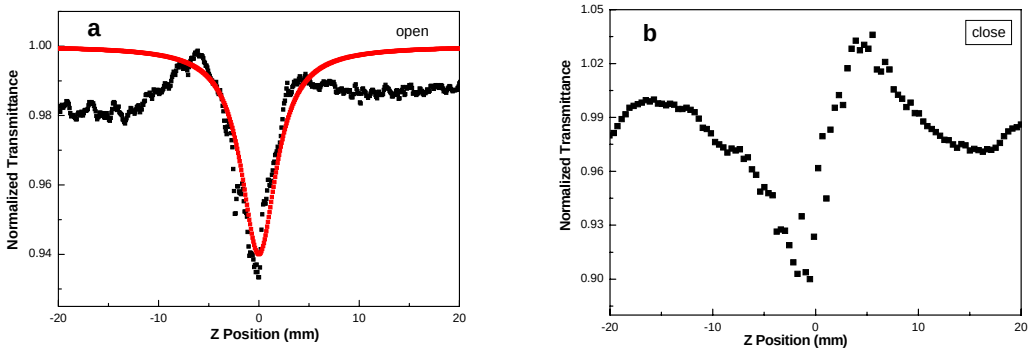

Figure S2. *Z*-scan data of a 2.33×10^{-3} M DMF of **2** at 800 nm. (a) The data were evaluated under the open aperture configuration. (b) The data were assessed by dividing the normalized *Z*-scan data obtained under the closed aperture by the normalized Z-scan data in (a). The black squares are the experimental data, and the solid curve is the theoretical fit.

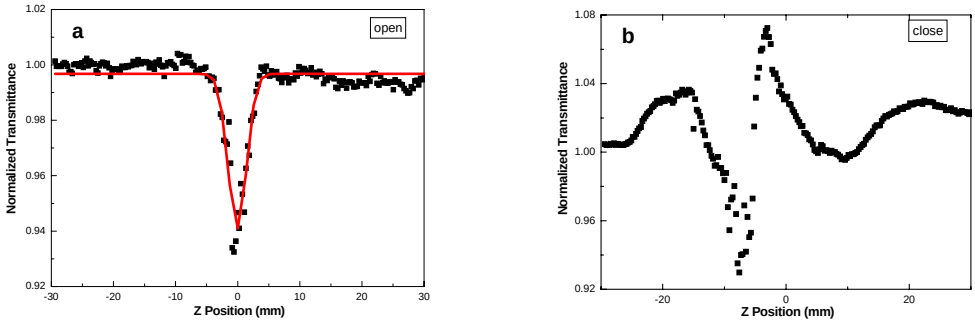

Figure S3. *Z*-scan data of 1.12×10^{-3} M DMF of **4** at 800 nm. (a) The data were evaluated under the open aperture configuration. (b) The data were assessed by dividing the normalized *Z*-scan data obtained under the closed aperture by the normalized Z-scan data in (a). The black dots are the experimental data, and the solid curve is the theoretical fit.

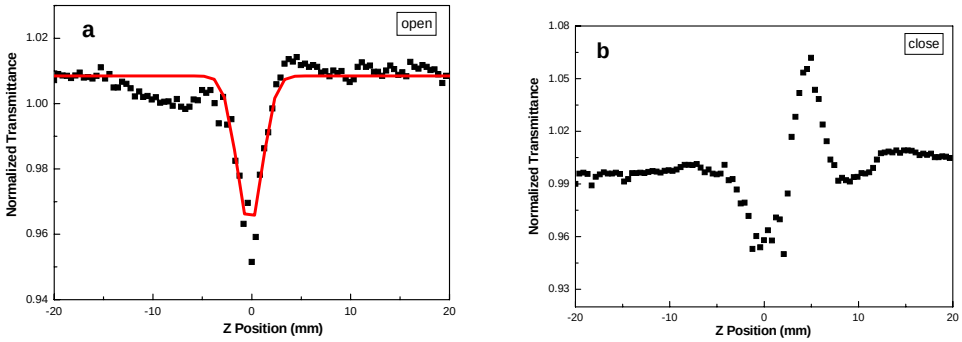

Figure S4. *Z*-scan data of 1.03×10^{-3} M MeCN of **5** at 532 nm. (a) The data were evaluated under the open aperture configuration. (b) The data were assessed by dividing the normalized *Z*-scan data obtained under the closed aperture by the normalized *Z*-scan data in (a). The black dots are the experimental data, and the solid curve is the theoretical fit.