

Synthesis and characterization of nanostructured bismuth selenide thin films

Zhengliang Sun^{a,b}, Shengcong Liufu^a, Xihong Chen^a, Lidong Chen^{a,*}

^a State Key Laboratory of High Performance Ceramics and Superfine Microstructure, Shanghai Institute of Ceramics, Chinese Academy of Science, 1295 Dingxi Road, Shanghai 200050, PR China

^b Graduate School of the Chinese Academy of Science, 19 Yuquan Road, Beijing 100049, PR China

* Corresponding author. Tel.: +862152412522; fax: +862152413122

E-mail address: chenlidong@mail.sic.ac.cn

The film formed on side A (Figure S1) is composed of two different parts: α and β . Part α is composed of coalescent Bi_2Se_3 film, which is similar to the structure showing in the Figure 4 in the text. Part β is composed of Bi_2Se_3 lamella (assembled into flower structures), which is consistent with the top view showing in the Figure 1 in the text. So the films formed on side A is composed of coalescent Bi_2Se_3 film on the interface between the substrate and the solution, and flower-like structures formed throughout the solution. The flower-like structures contains many voids, which will cover the intrinsic transport properties of the coalescent Bi_2Se_3 film and deteriorate the thermoelectric performance remarkably. On the other hand, the films formed on side B only contains coalescent Bi_2Se_3 film so the discussion in the text is mainly based on the films formed on side B

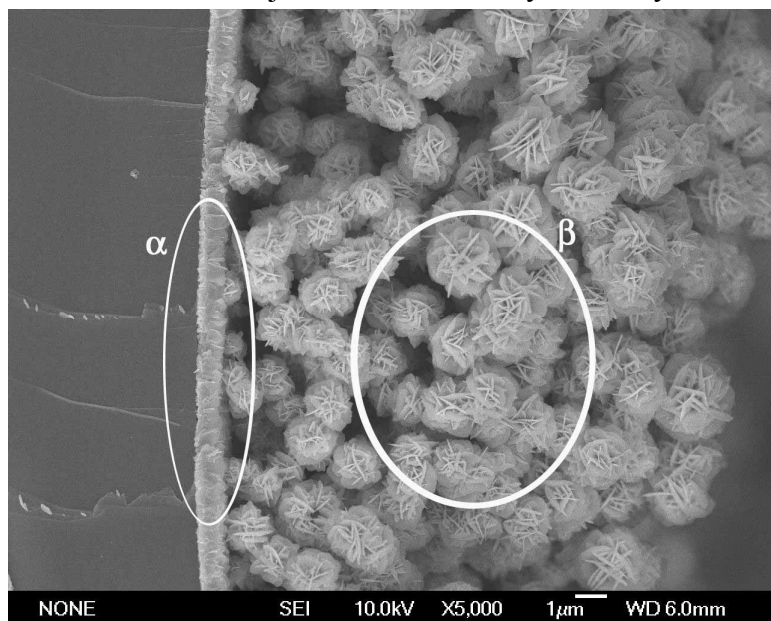


Figure S1 Cross-sectional SEM of the films formed on side A with Bi³⁺/NTA equaling 1:20.