Supplementary Material (ESI) for Green Chemistry This journal is © The Royal Society of Chemistry 2009

Supplementary data

General

All experiments were carried out under air, using glassware. All starting materials were obtained from commercial 5 suppliers and used without further purification unless otherwise noted. Melting points were determined on a Büchi B-540 apparatus and are uncorrected. Mass spectra were performed by the Spectropole of the Université Paul Cézanne.

- ¹H and ¹³C NMR spectra were determined on a Bruker ARX ¹⁰ 200 spectrometer. The ¹H chemical shifts were referenced to the solvent peak: CDCl₃ (7.26 ppm), and the ¹³C chemical shifts were referenced to the solvent peak: CDCl₃ (77.0 ppm). Solvents were dried by conventional methods and mixtures were dried with drying oven Heraeus Vacutherm VT 6025
- ¹⁵ coupled with KNF LABOPORT diaphragm pump. Activated neutral alumina (50-200 mesh) was used as additive. The following adsorbent was used for column chromatography: silica gel 60 (Merck, particle size 0.063–0.200 mm, 70–230 mesh ASTM). TLC was performed on 5 cm x 10 cm ²⁰ aluminium plates coated with silica gel 60F-254 (Merck) in an
- appropriate solvent.

Microwave instrumentation

The multimode reactor used was an ETHOS Synth Lab station (Ethos start, Milestone Inc.). The multimode microwave has a

- ²⁵ twin magnetron (2 x 800 W, 2.45 GHz) with a maximum delivered power of 1000 W in 10 W increments (pulsed irradiation). The multimode microwave features a built-in magnetic stirrer (Teflon-coated stirring bar), direct temperature control of the reaction mixture with the aid of IR-
- ³⁰ sensor on the reactor wall and software that enables on line temperature control by regulation of microwave power output. **General procedure :** *Microwaves heating.* To a mixture of arylpiperazine (1 eq), sodium iodide (0.3 eq), sodium sulfate (0.8 g) and cesium hydroxide (2 eq) was added 4-haloalkane
- 35 (3-5 eq). The reaction mixture was stirred and irradiated in a microwave oven (Ethos start) for an appropriate time and temperature. After being cooled down, the mixture was then taken up in 1N NaOH and then extracted with AcOEt (3 x 30 mL). The organic layers were washed with water (2 x 30 mL),
- ⁴⁰ with brine (30 mL) and dried over anhydrous sodium sulphate. Concentration of the solvent under reduced pressure and the drying mixture in a oven under reduced pressure afforded the desired alkylarylpiperazine.
- For the reactions carried on with 4-chorobutanol **2a**, the ⁴⁵ corresponding desired product was isolated and separated to secondary products with chromatographic column with AcOEt/*n*-hexane as eluent.

Experimental data

4-[4-(3,4-Dichlorophenyl)piperazin-1-yl]butan-1-ol 3a

⁵⁰ Orange paste, NMR ¹H (200 MHz, CDCl₃) 7.26 (d, *J* = 9.0 Hz, 1H), 6.95 (d, *J* = 2.9 Hz, 1H), 6.75–6.69 (dd, *J* = 9.0 and 2.8 Hz, 1H), 3.64–3.56 (m, 2H), 3.47–3.41 (m, 1H), 3.27–3.22 (m, 4H), 2.74–2.69 (m, 4H), 2.55–2.50 (m, 2H), 1.72–1.63 (m,

4H); NMR ¹³C (50 MHz, CDCl₃) 150.7, 132.7, 130.4, 122.0, ⁵⁵ 117.1, 115.2, 70.6, 58.3, 52.8, 48.6, 27.7, 23.6; HRMS (EI): calc. for C₁₄H₂₀N₂OCl₂ (M+) 303.1025, found 303.1023.

4-[4-(3,4-Dichlorophenyl)piperazin-1-yl]butanenitrile **3b** White solid, mp 61°C (recrist *n*-Hexane), NMR ¹H (200 MHz, 60 CDCl₃) 7.23 (d, J = 8.9 Hz, 1H), 6.95 (d, J = 2.9 Hz, 1H), 6.76-6.70 (dd, J = 2.9 et 8.9 Hz, 1H), 3.20-3.15 (m, 4H), 2.62-2.43 (m, 8H), 1.87 (t, J = 6.9 Hz, 2H); NMR ¹³C (50 MHz, CDCl₃) 146.7, 145.5, 141.6, 133.6, 130.4, 128.6, 127.1, 123.4, 74.1, 45.3; HRMS (EI): calc. for C₁₄H₁₇N₃Cl₂ (M+) 298.0872, 65 found 298.0872. The ¹H NMR, ¹³C NMR, and MS were identical to those of the known compound.

3-[4-(3,4-Dichlorophenyl)piperazin-1-yl]propanenitrile **3c** Yallow paste, NMR ¹H (200 MHz, CDCl₃) 7.27 (d, J = 8.9⁷⁰ Hz, 1H), 6.96-6.93 (m, 1H), 6.76-6.70 (m, 1H), 3.20-3.01 (m, 6H), 2.78-2.48 (m, 6H); NMR ¹³C (50 MHz, CDCl₃) 150.5, 132.8, 130.4, 122.4, 117.4, 115.4, 53.2, 52.4, 48.6, 16.0; HRMS (EI): calc. for C₁₃H₁₅N₃Cl₂ (M+) 284.0716, found 284.0715.

Ethyl 4-[4-(3,4-dichlorophenyl)piperazin-1-yl]butanoate **3d** Orange solid, mp 48°C (recrist *n*-Hexane), NMR ¹H (200 MHz, CDCl₃) 7.26 (d, J = 8.9 Hz, 1H), 6.92 (d, J = 2.8 Hz, 1H), 6.71 (dd, J = 8.9 and 2.8 Hz, 1H), 4.11 (q, J = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 3.17–3.12 (m, 4H), 3.12–2.59 (m, 4H), 2.45–2.31 (m, 4H), 1.90–1.76 (m, 2H), 1.24 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 3H); NMR ¹³C (50 MHz, CDCl₃) 173.3, 150.5, 132.6, 130.3, 121.9, 117.0, 115.1, 60.2, 57.4, 52.6, 48.4, 32.1, 21.9, 14.2; HRMS (EI): calc. for C₁₆H₂₂N₂O₂Cl₂ (M+) 345.1131, found 345.1131.

- 4-[4-(2-Methoxyphenyl)piperazin-1-yl]butan-1-ol 5a Translucent paste, NMR ¹H (200 MHz, CDCl₃) 6.99-6.82 (m, 4H), 3.85 (s, 3H), 3.59-3.56 (m, 2H), 3.48-3.42 (m, 1H), 3.15-3.08 (m, 4H), 2.75-2.66 (m, 4H), 2.50-2.44 (m, 2H), 1.72-1.67
 ⁹⁰ (m, 4H); NMR ¹³C (50 MHz, CDCl₃) 150.9, 136.2, 130.7, 129.3, 124.0, 120.1, 62.6, 58.5, 53.5, 51.2, 32.6, 25.2, 21.1, 17.3; The ¹H NMR, ¹³C NMR were identical to those of the known compound.
- ⁹⁵ 4-[4-(2-Methoxyphenyl)piperazin-1-yl]butanenitrile **5b** White needles, mp 82°C (recrist *n*-Hexane), NMR ¹H (200 MHz, CDCl₃) 7.04-6.90 (m, 3H), 6.85 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 3.86 (s, 3H), 3.10-3.06 (m, 4H), 2.66-2.61 (m, 4H), 2.56-2.41 (m, 4H), 1.92-1.79 (m, 2H); NMR ¹³C (50 MHz, CDCl₃)
 ¹⁰⁰ 152.2, 141.2, 122.9, 120.9, 119.7, 118.1, 112.2, 56.3, 55.3, 53.2, 50.5, 22.7, 14.9; HRMS (EI): calc. for C₁₅H₂₁N₃O (M+) 260.1757, found 260.1756. The ¹H NMR, ¹³C NMR, and MS were identical to those of the known compound.

¹⁰⁵ 4-[4-(4-Fluorophenyl)piperazin-1-yl]butan-1-ol **7a** White solid, mp 73°C (recrist *n*-Hexane), NMR ¹H (200 MHz, CDCl₃) 7.01-6.82 (m, 4H), 3.64-3.54 (m, 2H), 3.46 (bs, 1H), 3.17-3.12 (m, 8H), 2.70-2.63 (m, 2H), 1.73-1.67 (m, 4H); NMR ¹³C (50 MHz, CDCl₃) 157.3 (d, *J* = 238.8 Hz), 147.7 (d, ¹¹⁰ *J* = 2.2 Hz), 118.1 (d. *J* = 7.8 Hz), 115.4 (d. *J* = 21.9 Hz), 62.5, 58.4, 52.9, 49.8, 32.3, 25.0; HRMS (EI): calc. for Supplementary Material (ESI) for Green Chemistry This journal is © The Royal Society of Chemistry 2009

 $C_{14}H_{21}N_2OF\ (M+)\ 253.1711,\ found\ 253.1711.$

4-[4-(4-Fluorophenyl)piperazin-1-yl]butanenitrile 7b

White solid, mp 120°C (recrist *n*-Hexane), NMR ¹H (200 s MHz, CDCl₃) 6.99-6.81 (m, 4H), 3.12-3.07 (m, 4H), 2.61-2.40 (m, 8H), 1.84 (t, J = 7.0 Hz, 2H); NMR ¹³C (50 MHz, CDCl₃) 157.0 (d, J = 238.9 Hz), 147.8 (d, J = 2.2 Hz), 119.6, 117.7 (d, J = 7.7 Hz), 115.4 (d, J = 22.3 Hz), 56.1, 52.9, 50.0, 22.6, 14.8; HRMS (EI): calc. for C₁₄H₁₈N₃F (M+) 248.1558, found ¹⁰ 248.1555.

3-[4-(4-Fluorophenyl)piperazin-1-yl]propanenitrile **7c** White solid, mp 90°C (recrist *n*-Hexane), NMR ¹H (200 MHz, CDCl₃) 7.01–6.83 (m, 4H), 3.17–3.12 (m, 4H), 2.81–2.54 (m,

¹⁵ 8H); NMR ¹³C (50 MHz, CDCl₃) 157.3 (d, J = 238.9 Hz), 147.8, 118.6, 118.0 (d, J = 7.7 Hz), 115.6 (d, J = 21.9 Hz), 53.3, 52.7, 50.1, 16.0; HRMS (EI): calc. for C₁₃H₁₆FN₃ (M+) 234.1401, found 234.1400. The ¹H NMR, ¹³C NMR, and MS were identical to those of the known compound.

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Ethyl 4-[4-(4-fluorophenyl)piperazin-1-yl]butanoate **7d** Yellow paste, NMR ¹H (200 MHz, CDCl₃) 6.97–6.80 (m, 4H), 4.10 (q, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 3.12–3.07 (m, 4H), 2.62–2.57 (m, 4H), 2.54–2.30 (m, 4H), 1.91–1.76 (m, 2H), 1.23 (t, J = 7.2

²⁵ Hz, 3H); NMR ¹³C (50 MHz, CDCl₃) 173.3, 157.0 (d, J = 238.6 Hz), 147.8 (d, J = 2.2 Hz), 117.6 (d, J = 7.7 Hz), 115.3 (d, J = 22.0 Hz), 60.2, 57.4, 53.0, 49.9, 32.1, 21.1, 14.1; HRMS (EI): calc. for C₁₆H₂₃N₂O₂F (M+) 295.1816, found 295.1815. The ¹H NMR, ¹³C NMR, and MS were identical to ³⁰ those of the known compound.

4-[4-(2,5-Dimethylphenyl)piperazin-1-yl]butanenitrile **9b**

Yellow paste, NMR ¹H (200 MHz, CDCl₃) 7.06 (d, J = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 6.83-6.79 (m, 2H), 2.97-2.94 (m, 4H), 2.69-2.57 (m, ³⁵ 6H), 2.49 (t, J = 7.0 Hz, 2H), 2.30 (s, 3H), 2.24 (s, 3H), 1.94 (t, J = 6.9 Hz, 2H); NMR ¹³C (50 MHz, CDCl₃) 151.2, 136.0, 130.8, 129.2, 123.7, 119.7, 62.4, 56.3, 53.6, 51.6, 22.7, 21.1, 17.4, 14.8; HRMS (EI): calc. for C₁₆H₂₃N₃ (M+) 258.1965, found 258.1964.

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3-[4-(2,5-Dimethylphenyl)piperazin-1-yl]propanenitrile **9**c Orange paste, NMR ¹H (200 MHz, CDCl₃) 7.04 (d, J = 7.3Hz, 1H), 6.81–6.86 (m, 2H), 3.06-2.52 (m, 12H), 2.34 (s, 3H); 2.28 (s, 3H); NMR ¹³C (50 MHz, CDCl₃) 151.0, 136.1, 130.8,

- $_{45}$ 129.2, 123.9, 119.8, 118.7, 53.4, 53.2, 51.4, 21.1, 17.4, 15.8; HRMS (EI): calc. for $C_{15}H_{21}N_3$ (M+) 244.1808, found 244.1807. The 1H NMR, ^{13}C NMR, and MS were identical to those of the known compound.
- ⁵⁰ Ethyl 4-[4-(2,5-dimethylphenyl)piperazin-1-yl]butanoate **9d** Yellow paste, NMR ¹H (200 MHz, CDCl₃) 7.05 (d, J = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 6.85–6.77 (m, 2H), 4.14 (q, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 2.95– 2.91 (m, 4H), 2.70–2.59 (m, 4H), 2.49–2.25 (m, 10H), 1.94– 1.83 (m, 2H), 1.24 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H); NMR ¹³C (50 MHz,
- $_{55}$ CDCl_3) 173.5, 151.3, 136.0, 130.8, 129.2, 123.6, 119.7, 60.2, 57.7, 53.6, 51.6, 32.2, 22.1, 21.1, 17.4, 14.2; HRMS (EI): calc. for $C_{18}H_{28}N_2O_2~(M+)$ 305.2224, found 305.2221.

3-[4-(3-(Trifluoromethyl)phenyl)piperazin-1-yl]propanenitrile 60 11c

Translucent paste, NMR ¹H (200 MHz, CDCl₃) 7.38–7.26 (m, 1H), 7.10–7.04 (m, 3H), 3.27–3.16 (m, 4H), 3.06–3.01 (m, 4H), 2.78–2.51 (m, 4H); NMR ¹³C (50 MHz, CDCl₃) 151.2, 131.4 (q, J = 31.8 Hz), 129.6, 124.3 (q, J = 272.2 Hz), 118.8,

 $_{65}$ 118.5, 115.9 (q, J = 4.0 Hz), 112.2 (q, J = 3.7 Hz), 53.2, 52.5, 48.6, 15.9; HRMS (EI): calc. for $C_{14}H_{16}N_3F_3$ (M+) 284.1369, found 284.1373. The ¹H NMR, ¹³C NMR, and MS were identical to those of the known compound.

70 Ethyl 4-[4-(3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)piperazin-1-yl]butanoate 11d

Translucent paste, NMR ¹H (200 MHz, CDCl₃) 7.36–7.28 (1H, m), 7.09–7.02 (3H, m), 4.12 (q, J = 7.17 Hz, 2H),3.20–3.25 (4H, m), 2.63–2.58 (4H, m), 2.47–2.32 (4H, m), 1.92–

- ⁷⁵ 1.81 (2H, m), 1.24 (t, J = 7.17 Hz, 3H); NMR ¹³C (50 MHz, CDCl₃) 173.4, 151.3, 131.3 (q, J = 31.6 Hz), 129.4, 124.3 (q, J = 272.6 Hz), 118.5, 115.6 (q, J = 3.8 Hz), 112.0 (q, J = 4.0 Hz), 60.2, 57.4, 58.8, 48.4, 32.1, 21.9, 14.15; HRMS (EI): calc. for C₁₇H₂₃N₂O₂F₃ (M+) 345.1784, found 345.1783. The ⁸⁰ ¹H NMR, ¹³C NMR, and MS were identical to those of the
- known compound.