

Supporting Information

**Site-selective Immobilisation of Functional Enzymes on to
Polystyrene Nanoparticles**

Lu Shin Wong, Krzysztof Okrasa and Jason Micklefield*

*School of Chemistry and Manchester Interdisciplinary Biocentre,
The University of Manchester, 131 Princess Street, Manchester M1 7DN, UK*
Fax: +44 (0)161-306-8918; Tel: +44 (0)161-306-4509;
E-mail: jason.micklefield@manchester.ac.uk

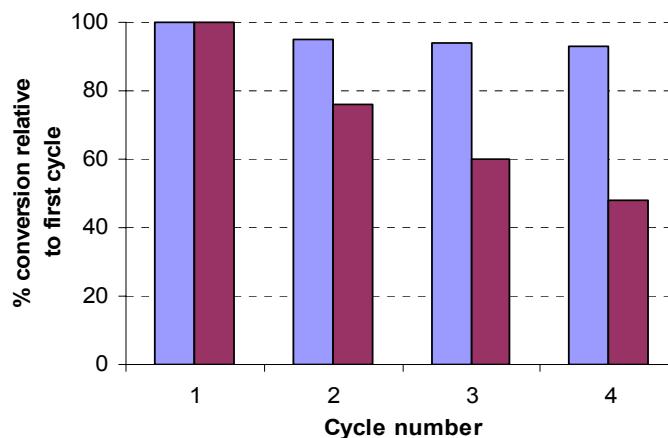


Figure S1: Graph of % conversion relative to cycle 1 by immobilised ybbR-AMDase over four reaction cycles where the enzyme was immobilised in the presence of Sfp (blue bars) and with Sfp omitted (red bars).

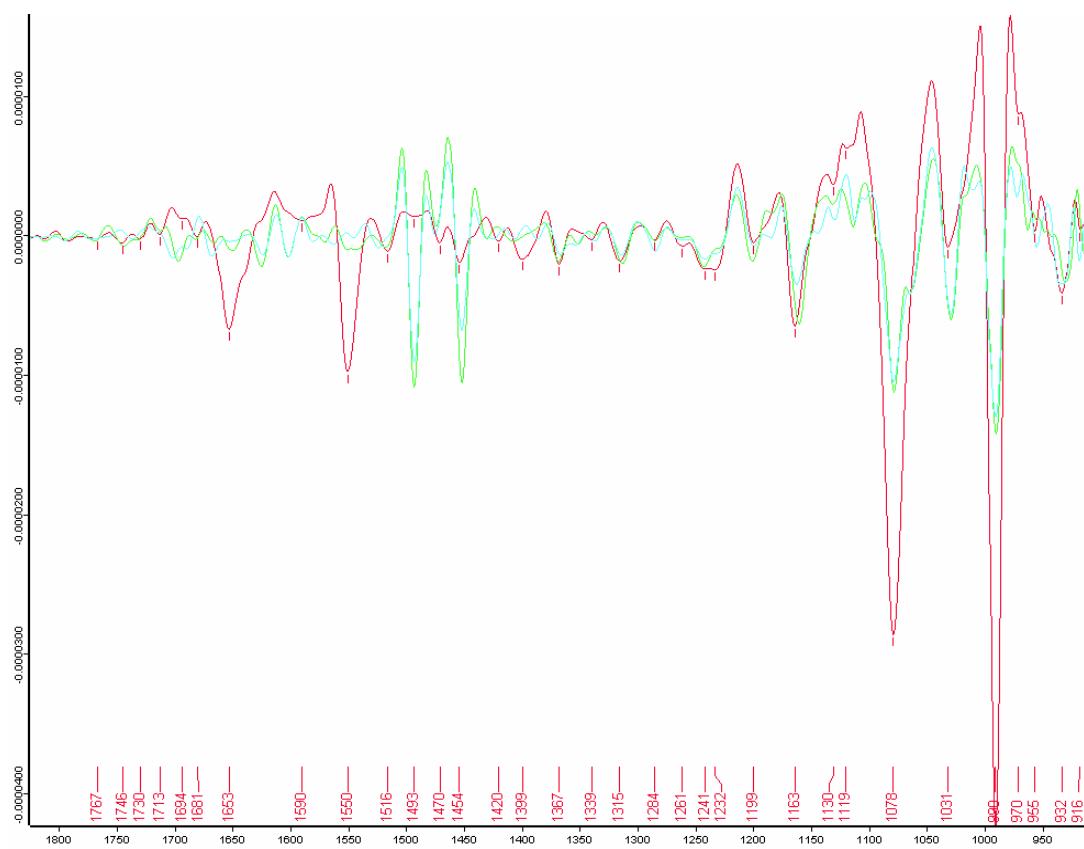


Figure S2: Second derivative of the FT-IR spectra of ybbR-AMDase in solution (red), (ybbR-AMDase)-Ppan-NP (green) and CoA-NP (pale blue). The amide I and II bands at 1653 and 1550 cm^{-1} are extremely small and not easily distinguishable from the background, indicating the amount of protein was at or near the detection limit for this method.