

CuI/1,10-Phen/PEG Promoted Decarboxylation of 2, 3-Diarylacrylic acids: Synthesis of Stilbenes under Neutral and Microwave Conditions with *in situ* Generated Recyclable Catalyst

Yong Zou,^{*a} Qi Huang,^{a,b} Tong-kun Huang,^a Qing-chun Ni,^c En-sheng Zhang,^{a,b} Tian-long Xu,^{a,b} Mu Yuan^d

^a Guangzhou Institute of Chemistry, Chinese Academy of Sciences, Guangzhou 510650, P. R. China

^b University of Chinese Academy of Sciences, Beijing 100039, P. R. China

^c Guangzhou General Pharmaceutical Research Institute, Guangzhou 510240, P. R. China

^d Guangzhou Medical University, Guangzhou 510182, P. R. China

Tel: +86-20-85231309; Fax: +86-20-85231119. E-mail: zou_jinan@163.com

Supporting Materials

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1. General

2,3-Diaryl acrylic acids were directly obtained through Perkin reaction except **1a** and **1r**. Other reagents and chromatography grade solvents were obtained from commercial sources and used without further purification unless otherwise stated. Petroleum ether (PE) used refers to the boiling fraction of 60–90 °C. All microwave assisted reactions were carried out with Microwave Synthesizer (WBFY-205, Gongyi City Yu Hua Instrument Co. Ltd, China), and the reaction temperature was detected by infrared thermometer. The melting points are uncorrected. ^1H NMR and ^{13}C NMR spectra were measured on a 400 MHz spectrometer (^1H 400 MHz, ^{13}C 100 MHz) using CDCl_3 or DMSO-d_6 as the solvent at room temperature. Chemical shifts are reported in parts per million (ppm) and are calibrated using residual undeuterated solvent as an internal reference. HRMS spectra were recorded on a LC-Q-TOF (ESI) apparatus. The single X-ray diffraction measurement was performed on X-ray diffractometer. The morphology was characterized using scanning electron microscopy (SEM, 15 kV). Thermogravimetric analysis (TGA) was carried out with a heating rate of 3 deg/min in a flowing argon atmosphere.

2. Drawing of the crystal structure of **2g**

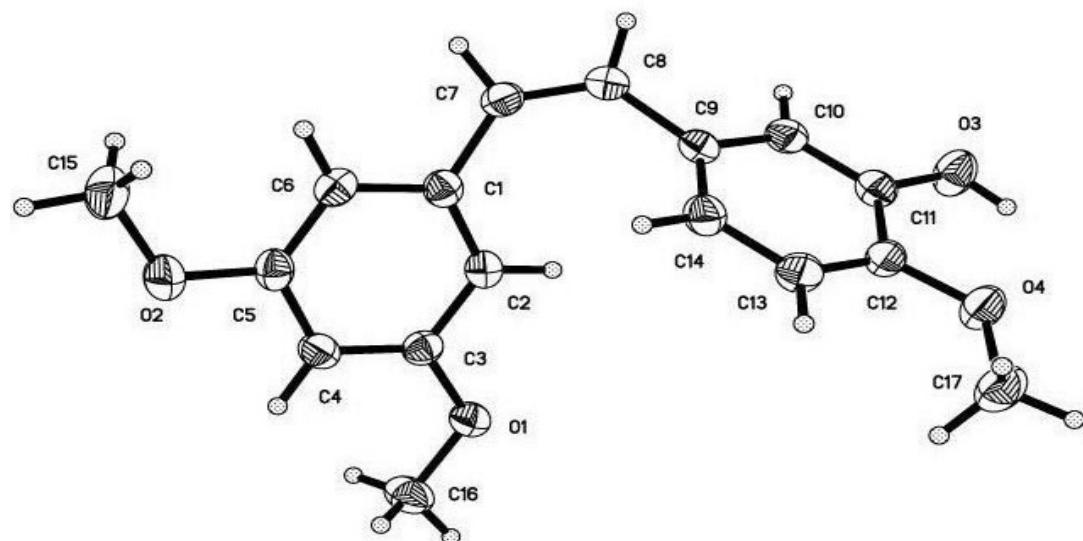
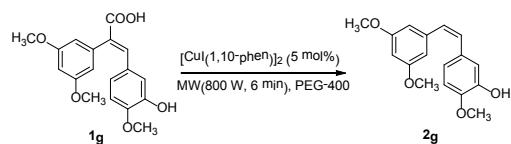


Figure 1 X-ray crystal structure of **2g**

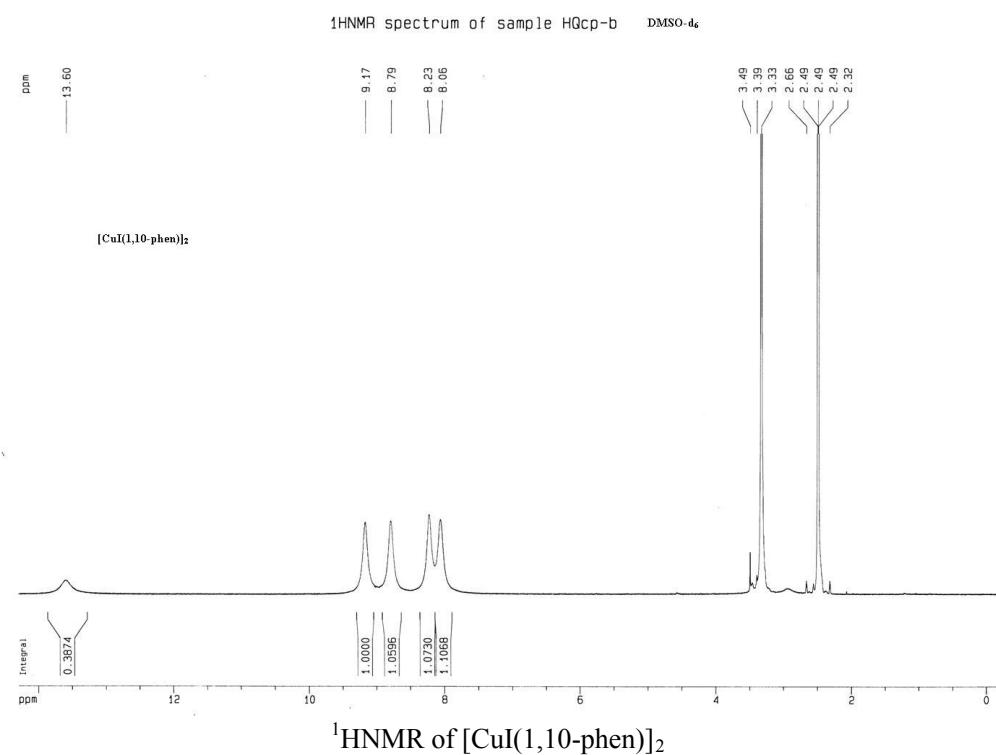
Table S1 Recyclability of $[\text{CuI}(1,10\text{-Phen})]_2$

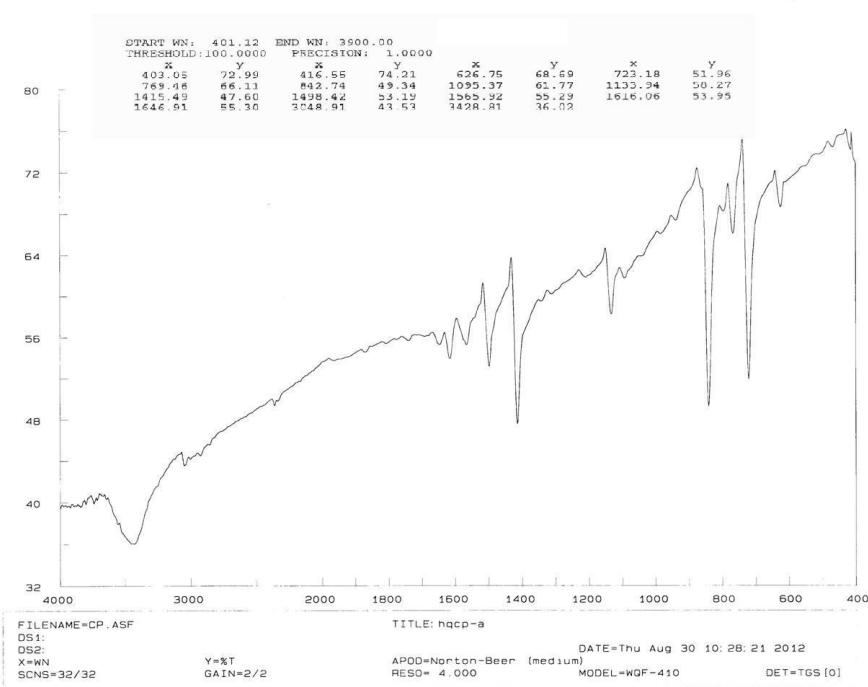
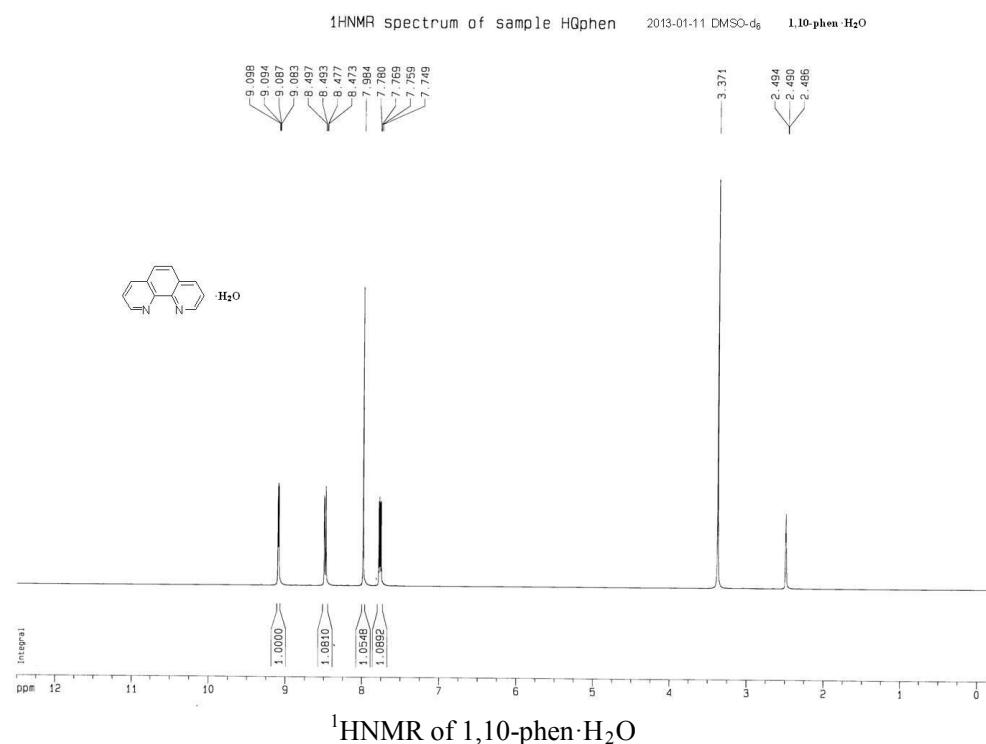


Run	Catalyst recovery(%)	T/min	Product yield(%)
1 ^a	87	6	84
2 ^b	86	6	83
3 ^b	85	6	82
4 ^b	85	6	82
5 ^b	85	6	82

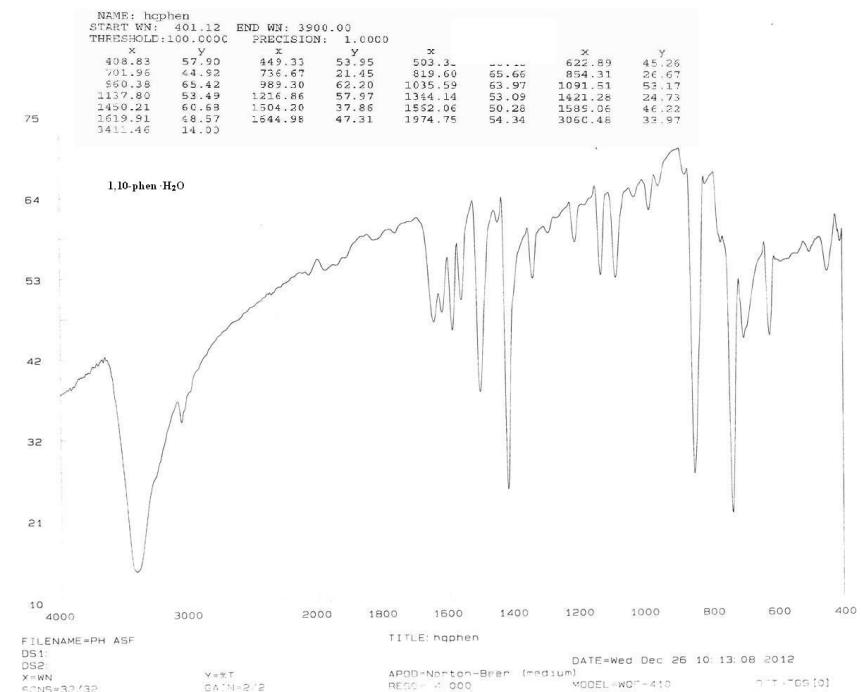
^a Reaction condition: **1g** (50 mmol), $[\text{CuI}(1,10\text{-phen})]_2$ (5 mol %) which was recovered from initial reaction, PEG-400 (100 ml), under N₂ atmosphere, the mixture was stirred under microwave irradiation (800 W, 180-190 °C) for 6 min (2-min irradiation each time with a 5-min interval between). ^b The recovered catalyst was used under identical reaction conditions to those for the first run.

3. Characterization data of $[\text{CuI}(1,10\text{-phen})]_2$

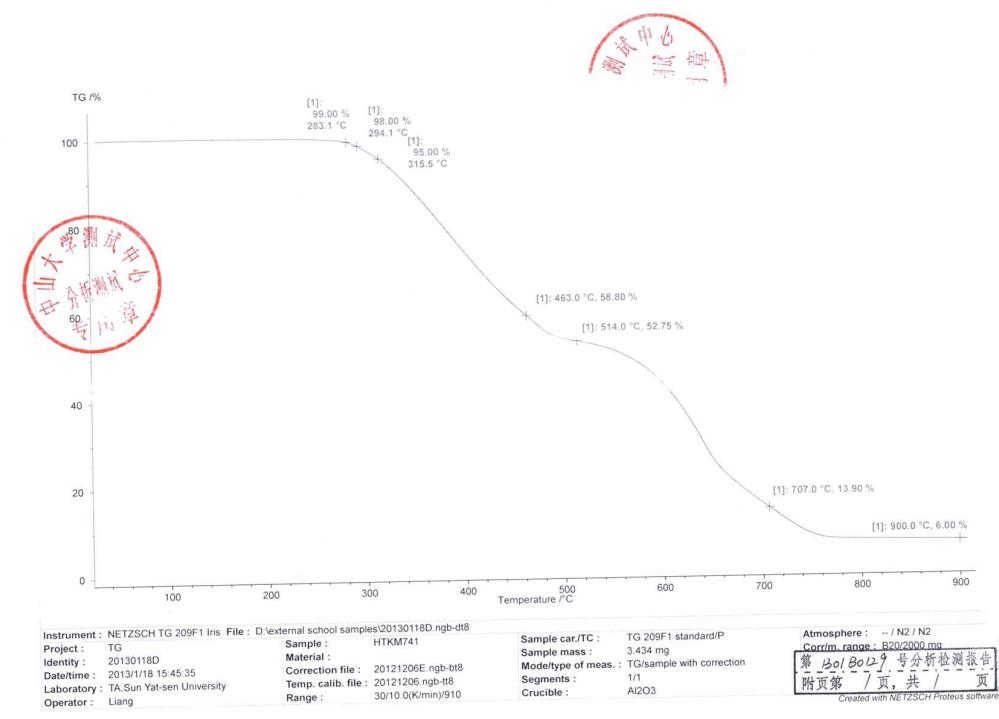




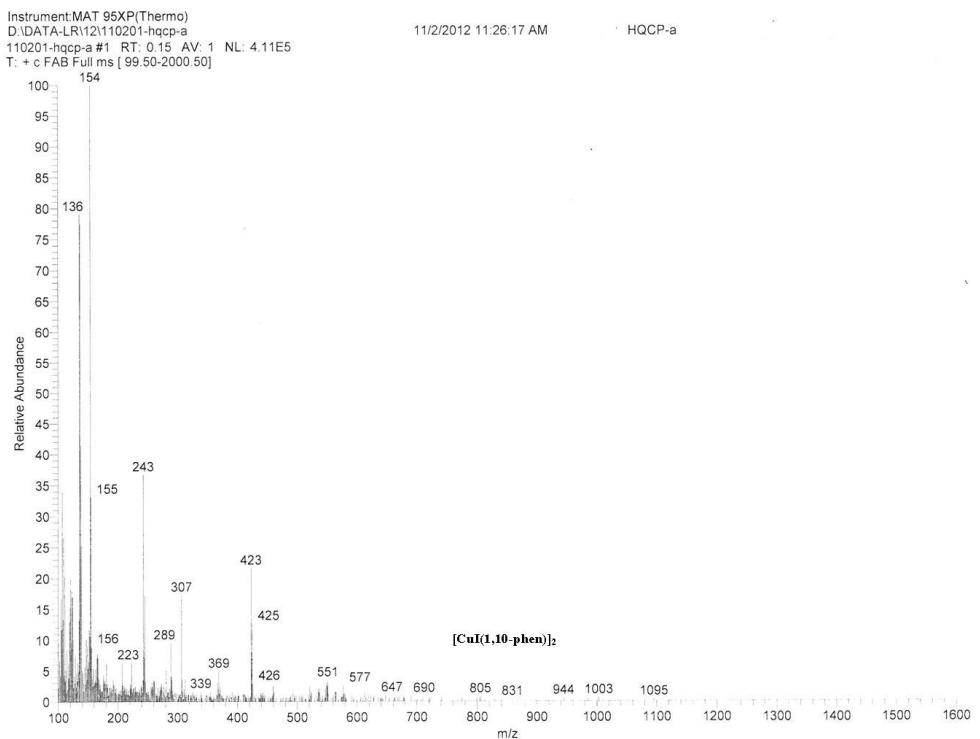
IR of [CuI(1,10-phen)]₂



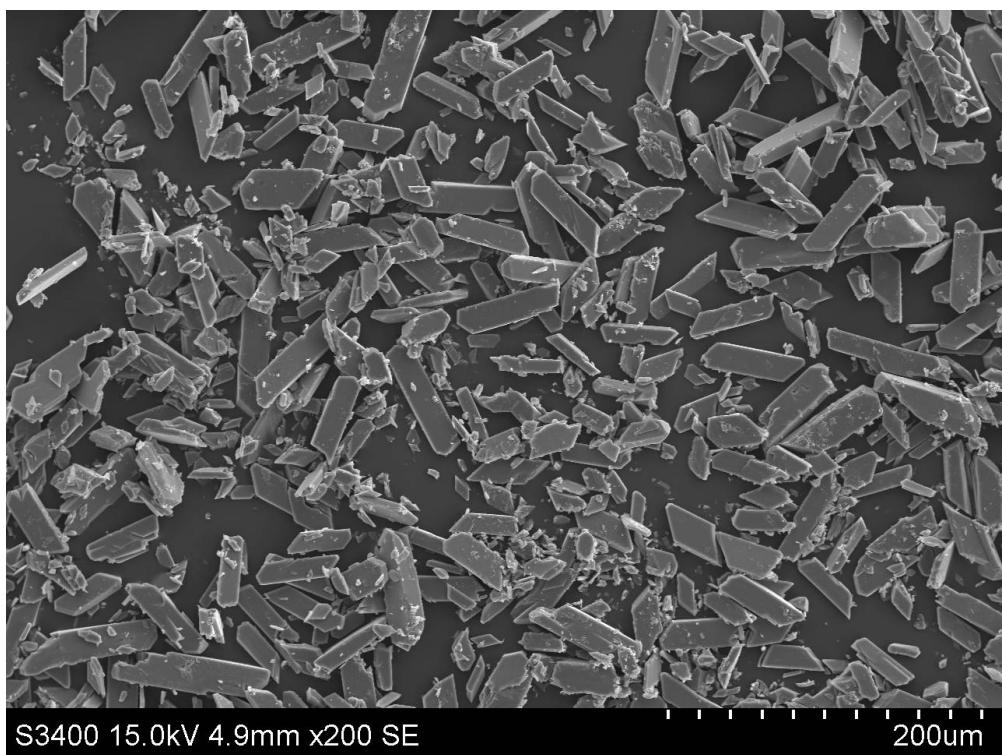
IR of 1,10-phen • H₂O

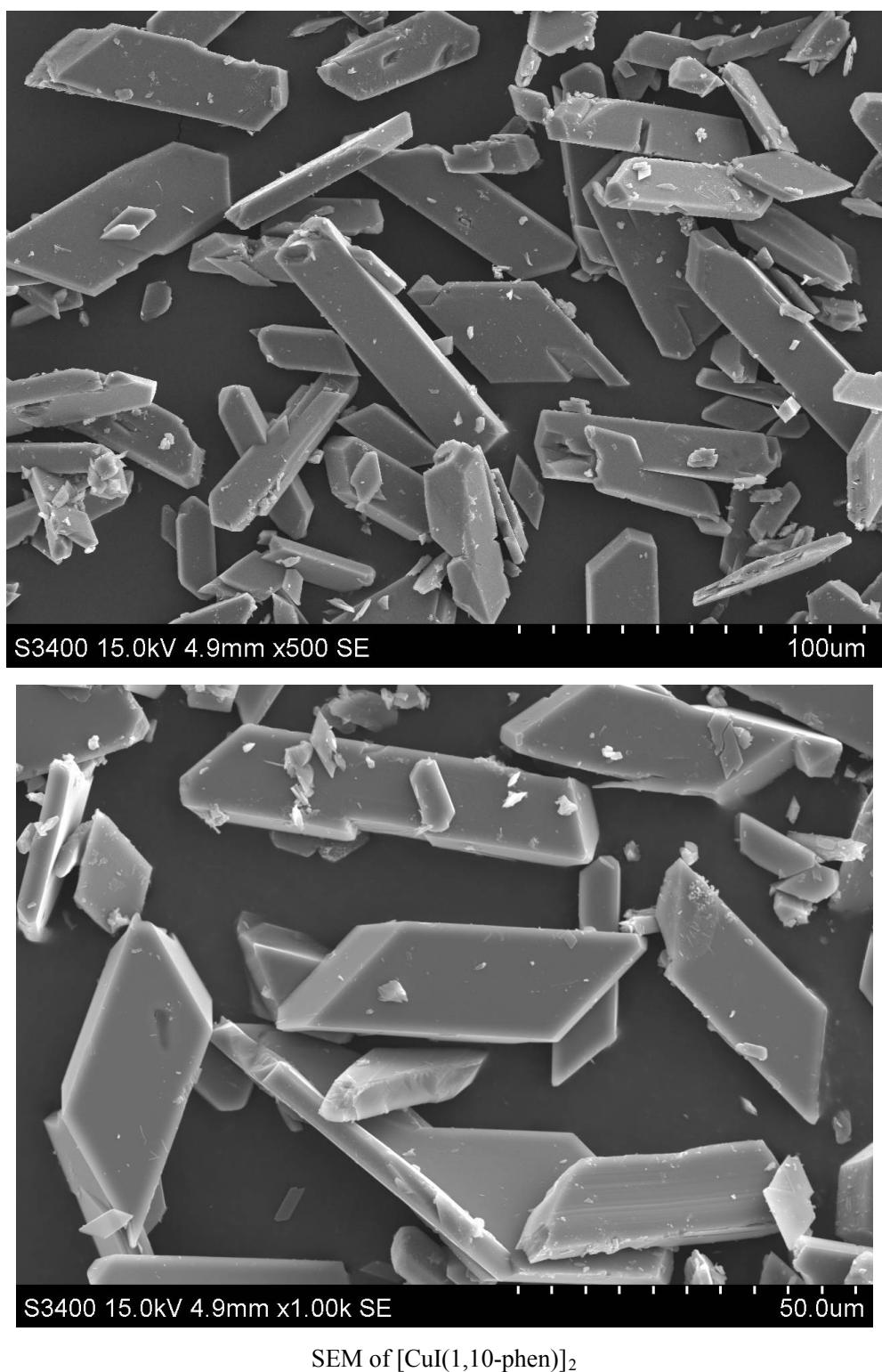


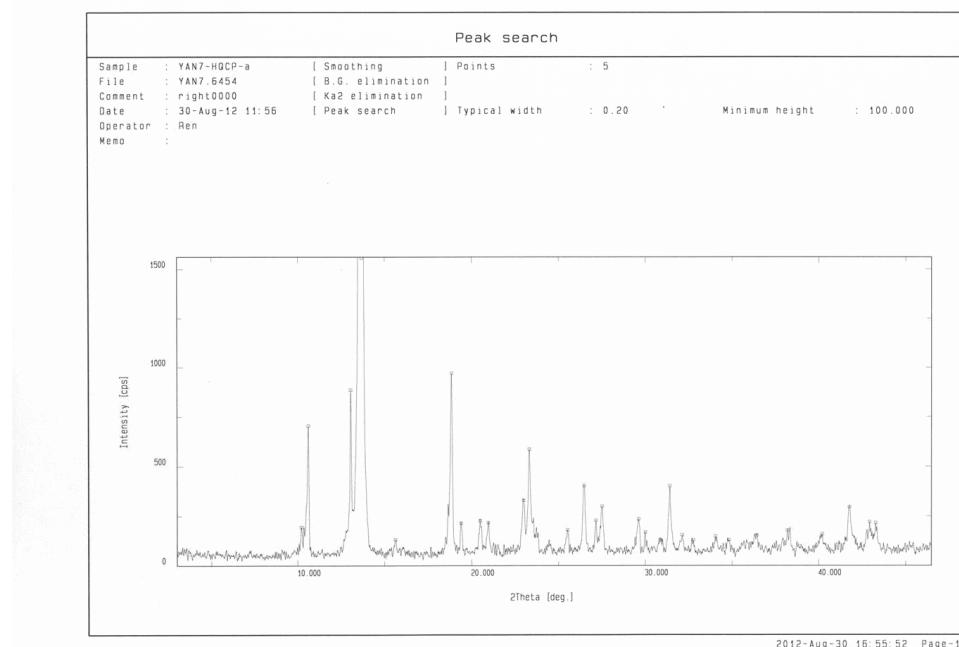
TG of $[\text{CuI}(1,10\text{-phen})]_2$



MS-FAB of $[\text{CuI}(1,10\text{-phen})]_2$

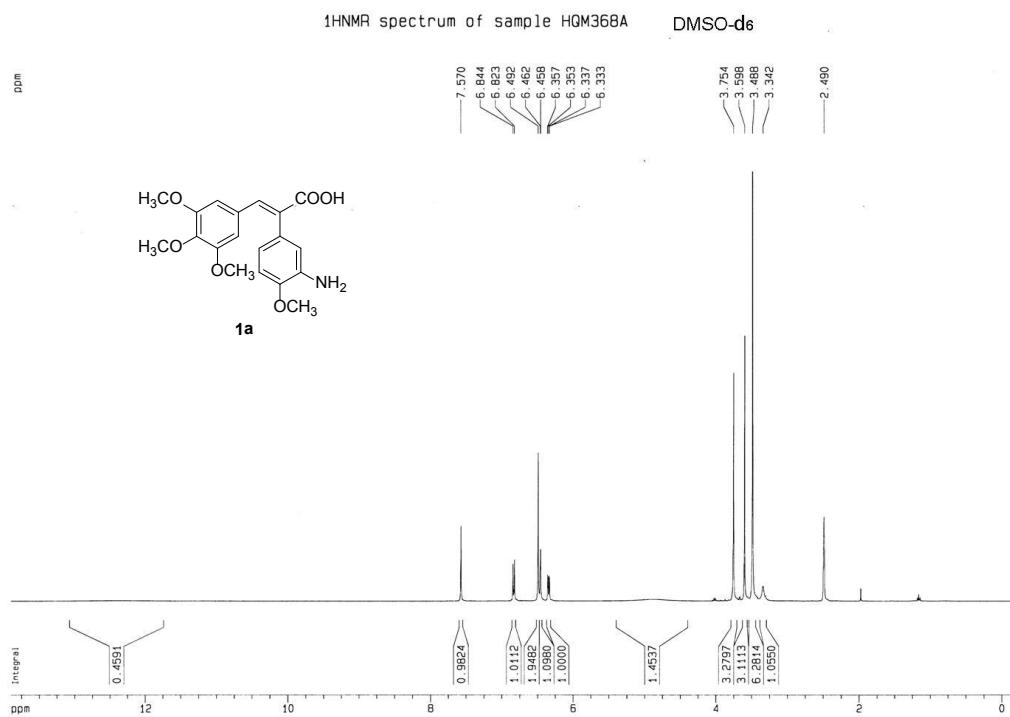


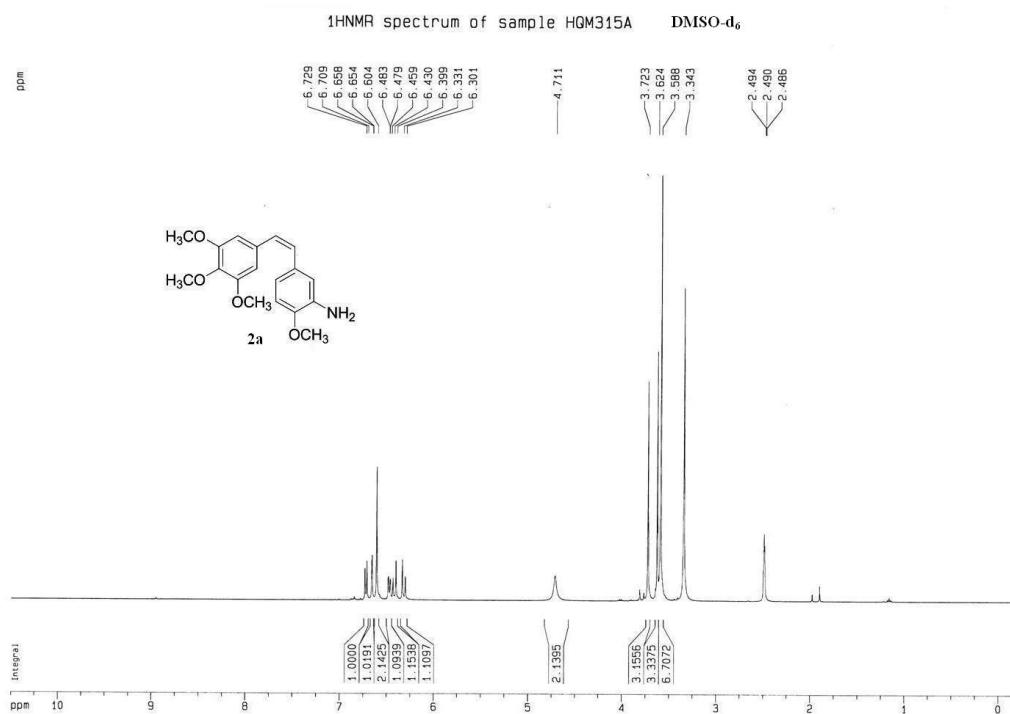
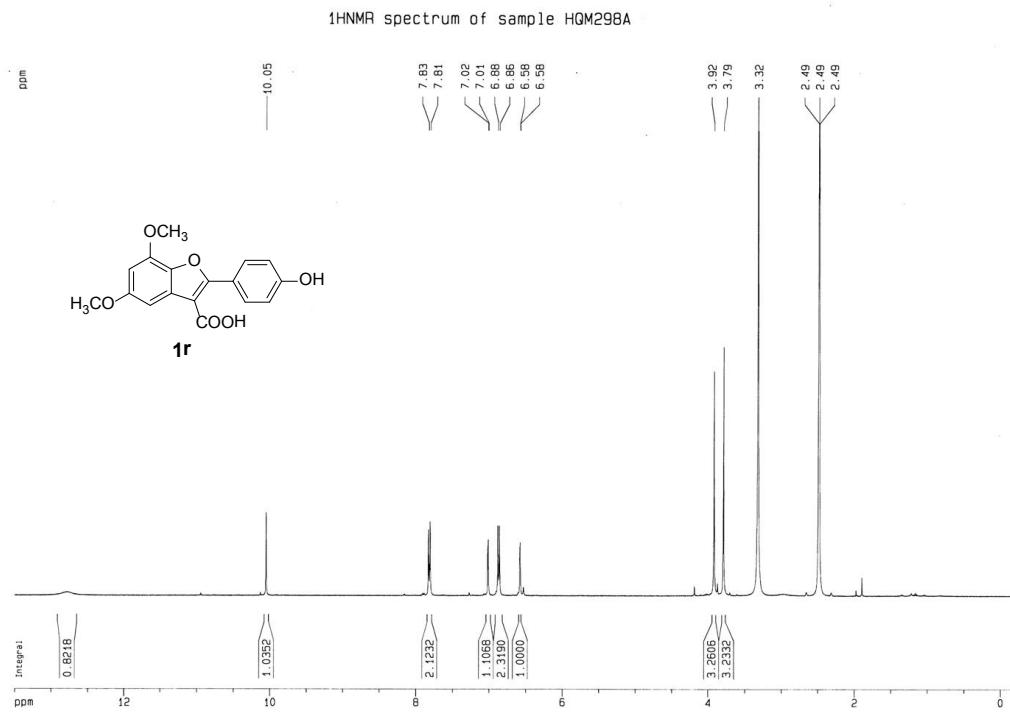


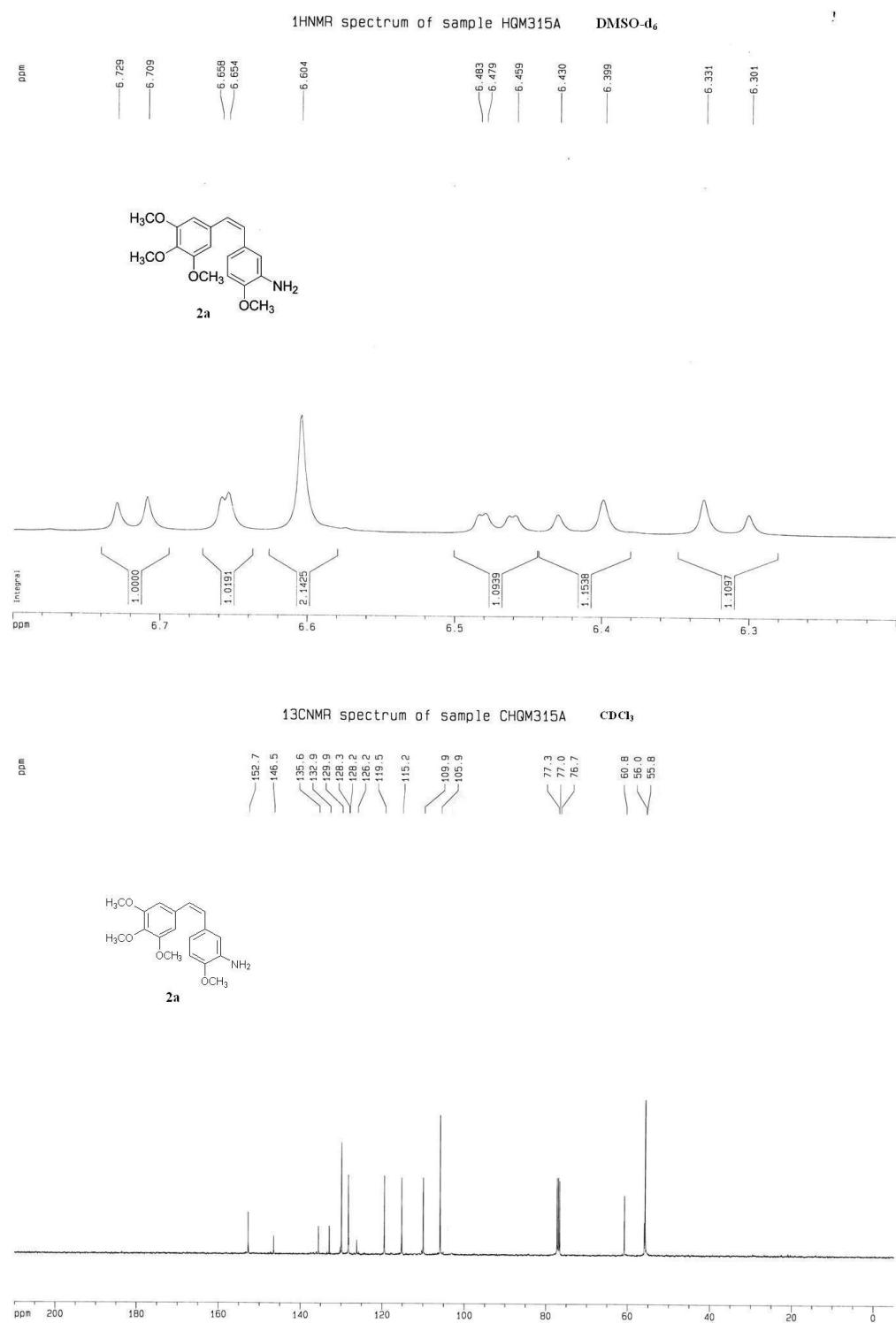


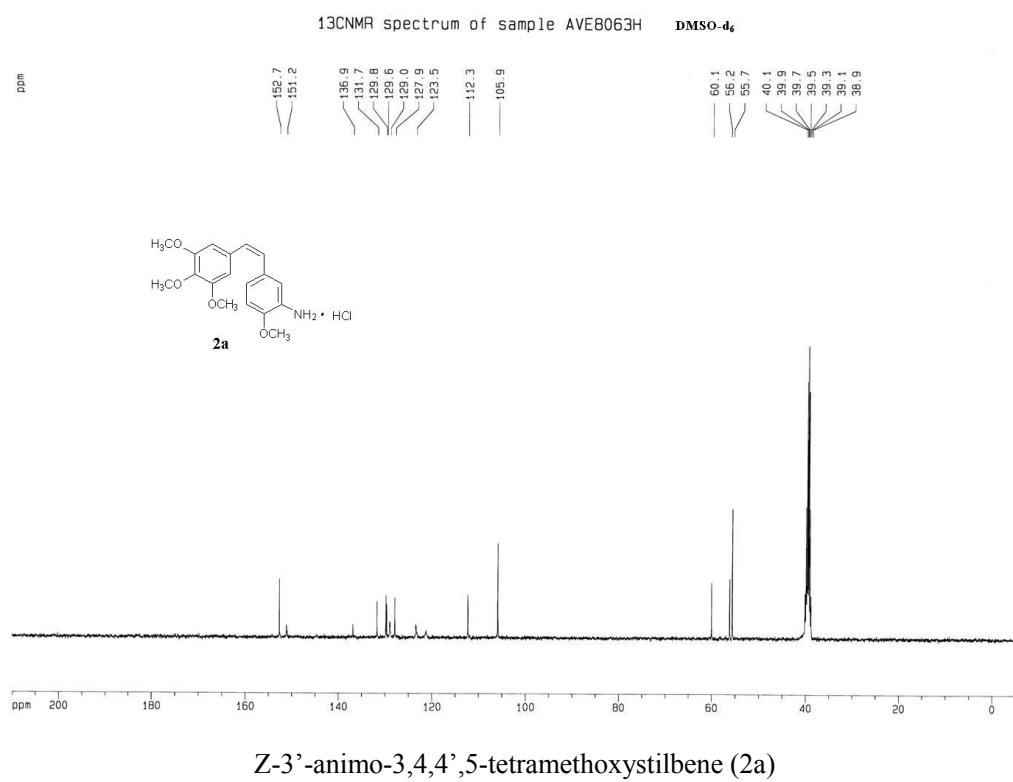
PXRD of $[\text{Cu}(1, 10\text{-phen})]_2$

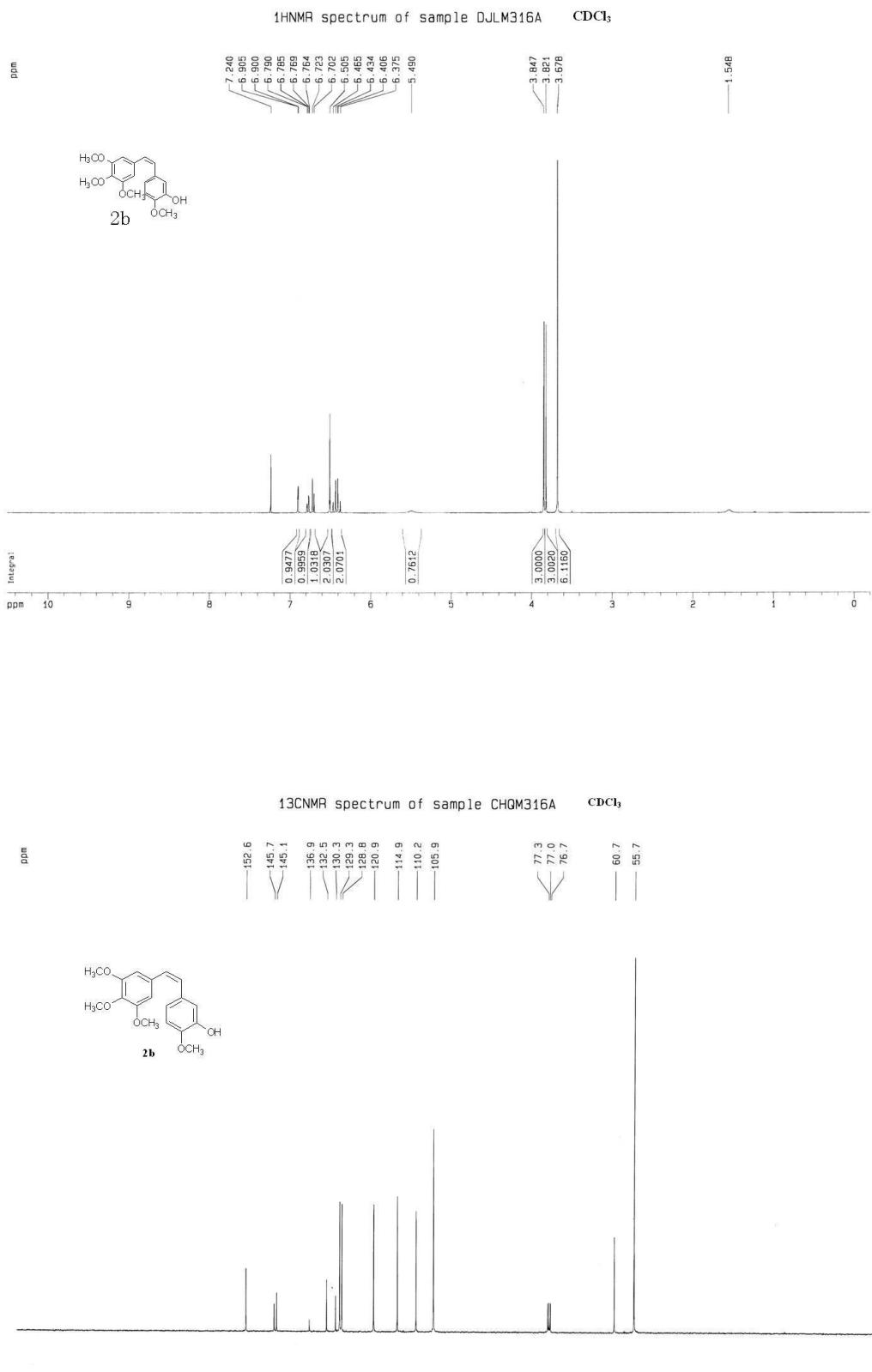
4. Spectra for products (**1a**, **1r** and **2a-2s**)



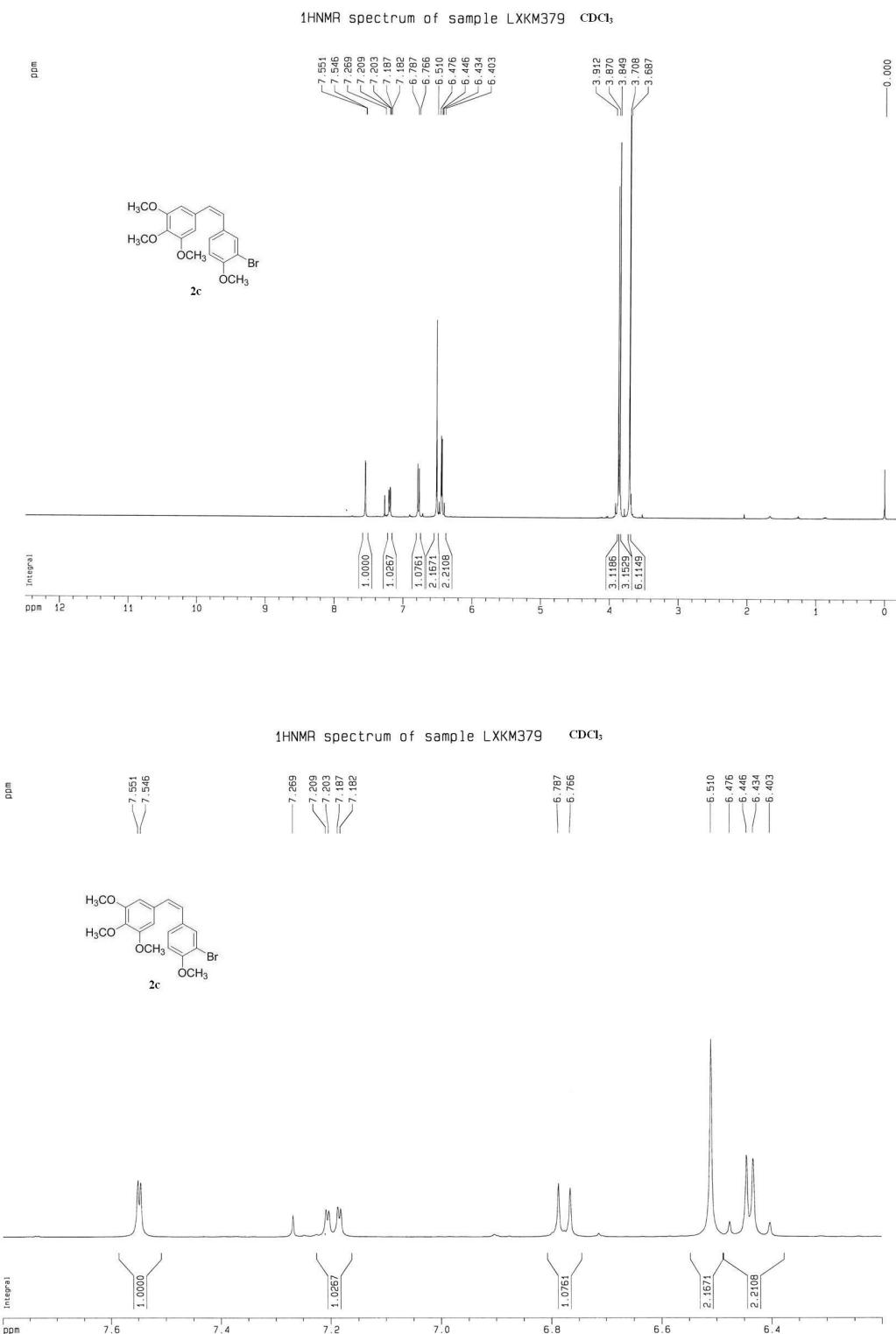


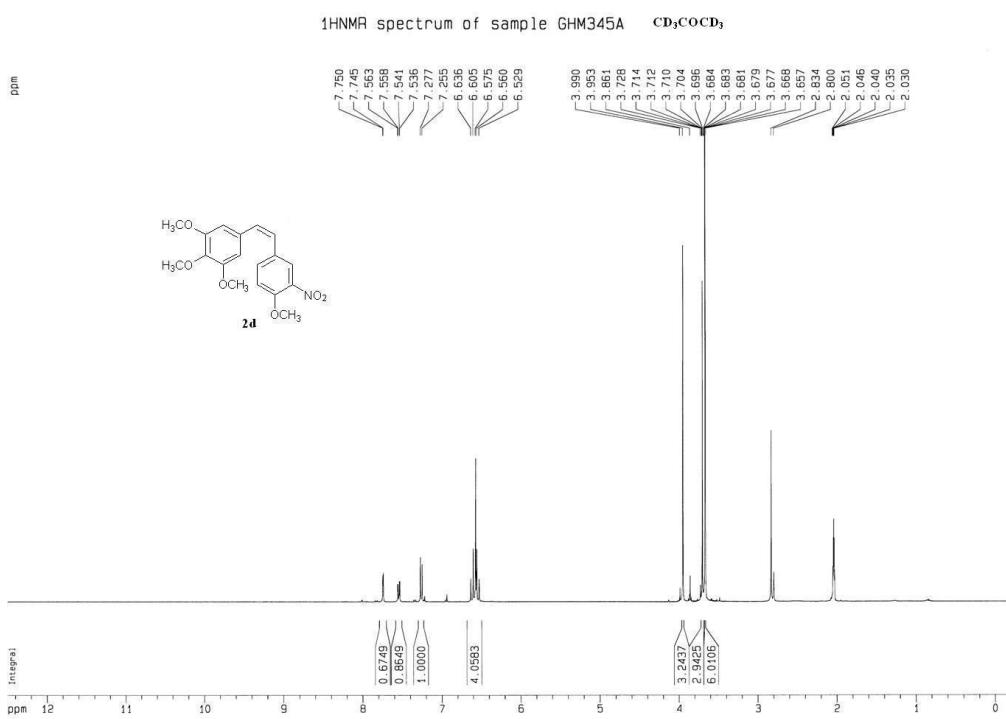
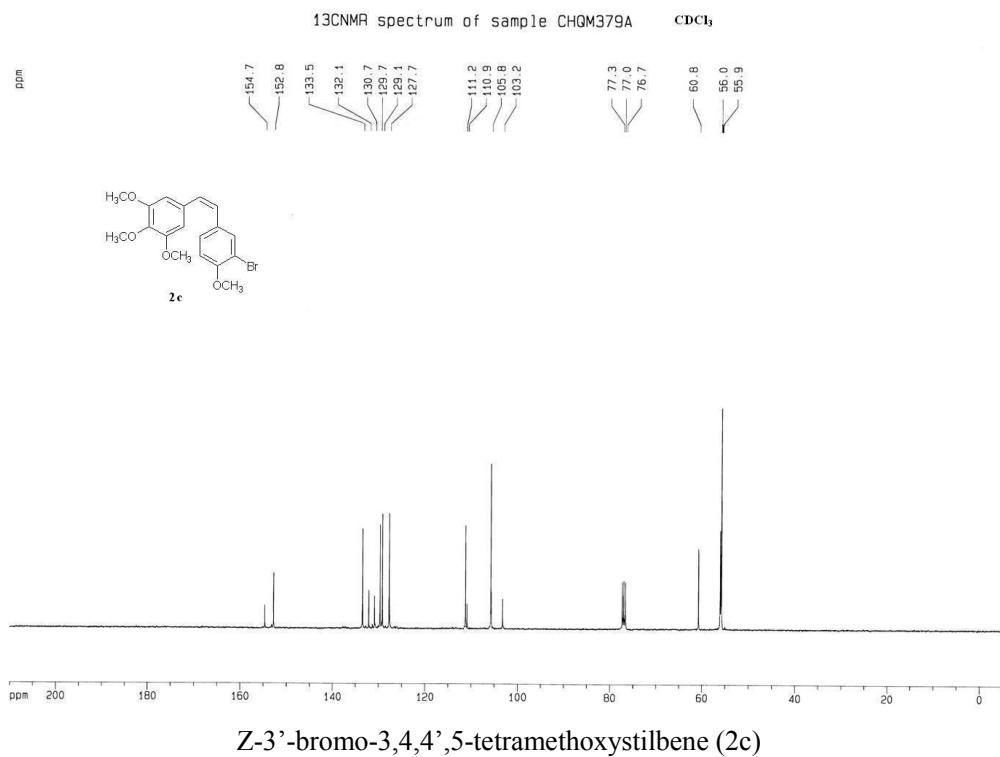


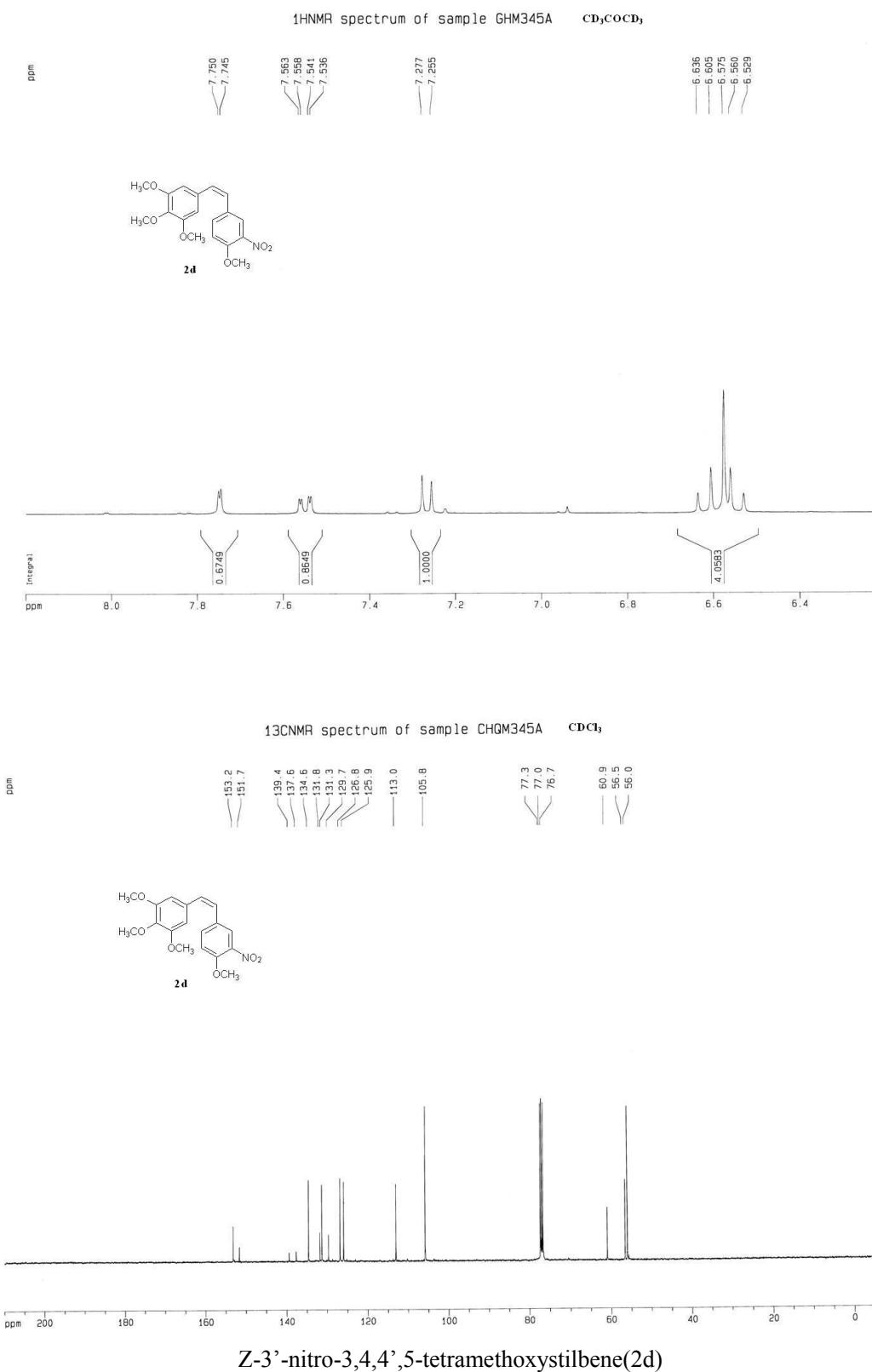


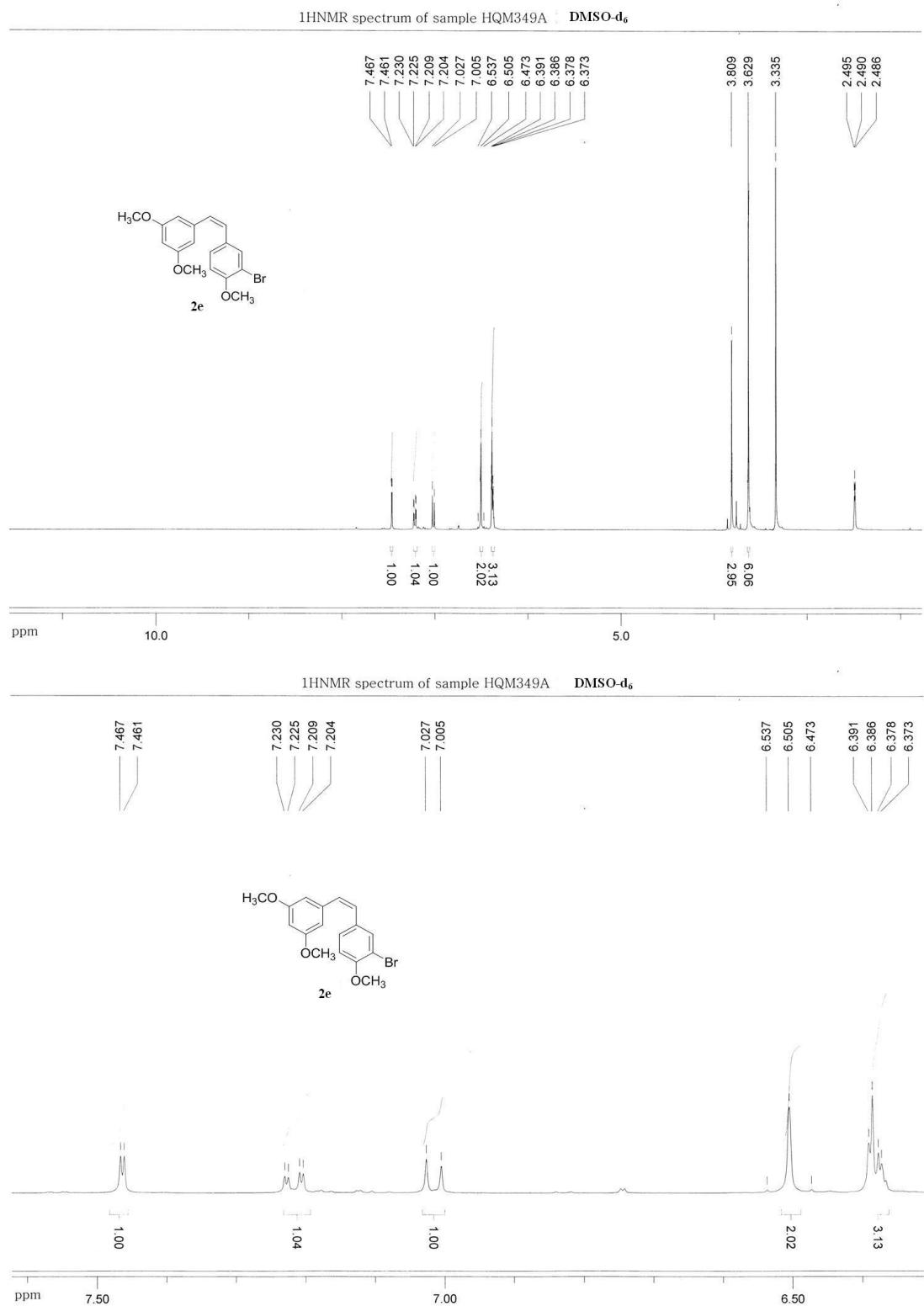


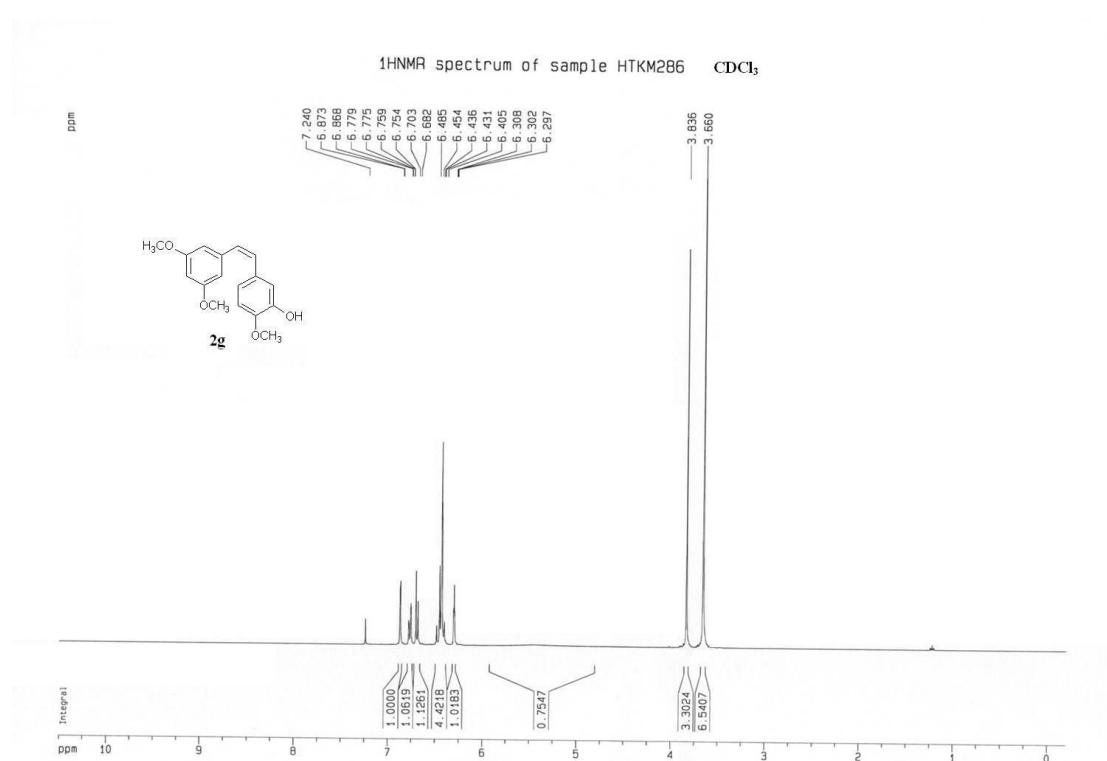
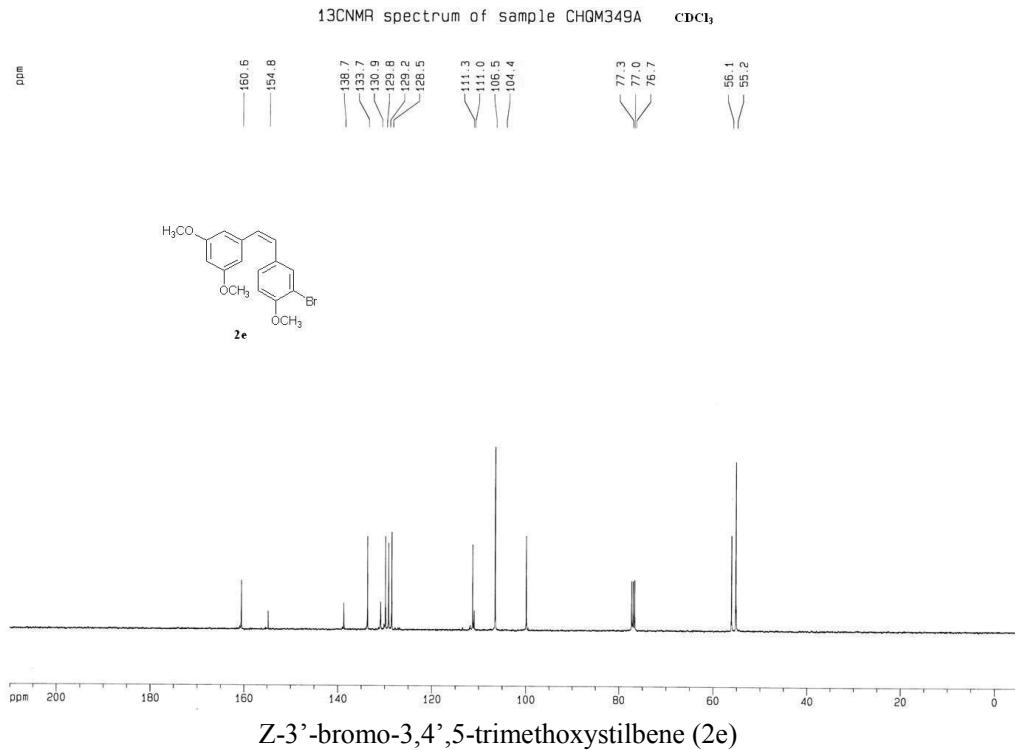
Z-3'-hydroxyl-3,4,4',5-tetramethoxystilbene(2b)

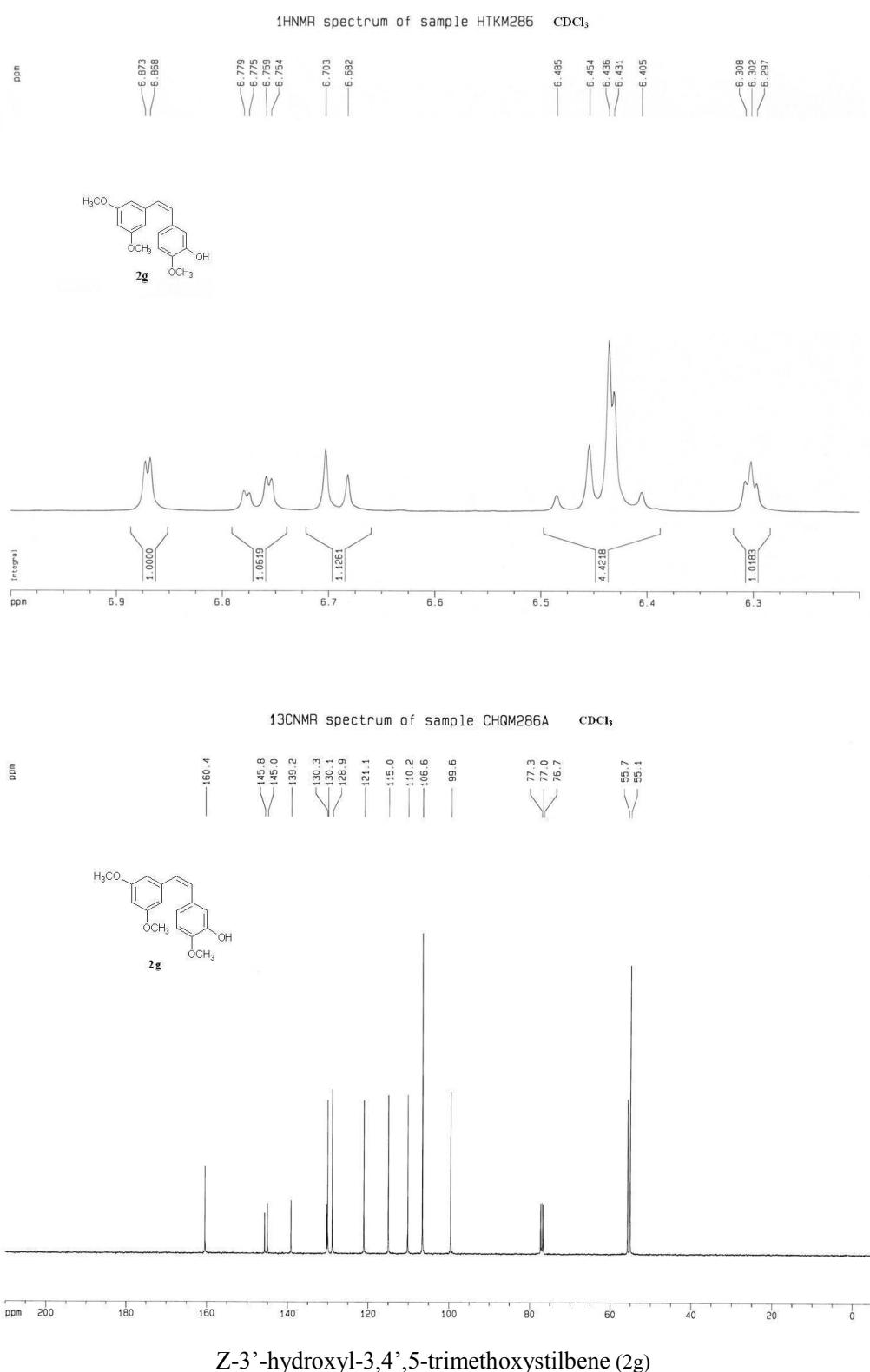


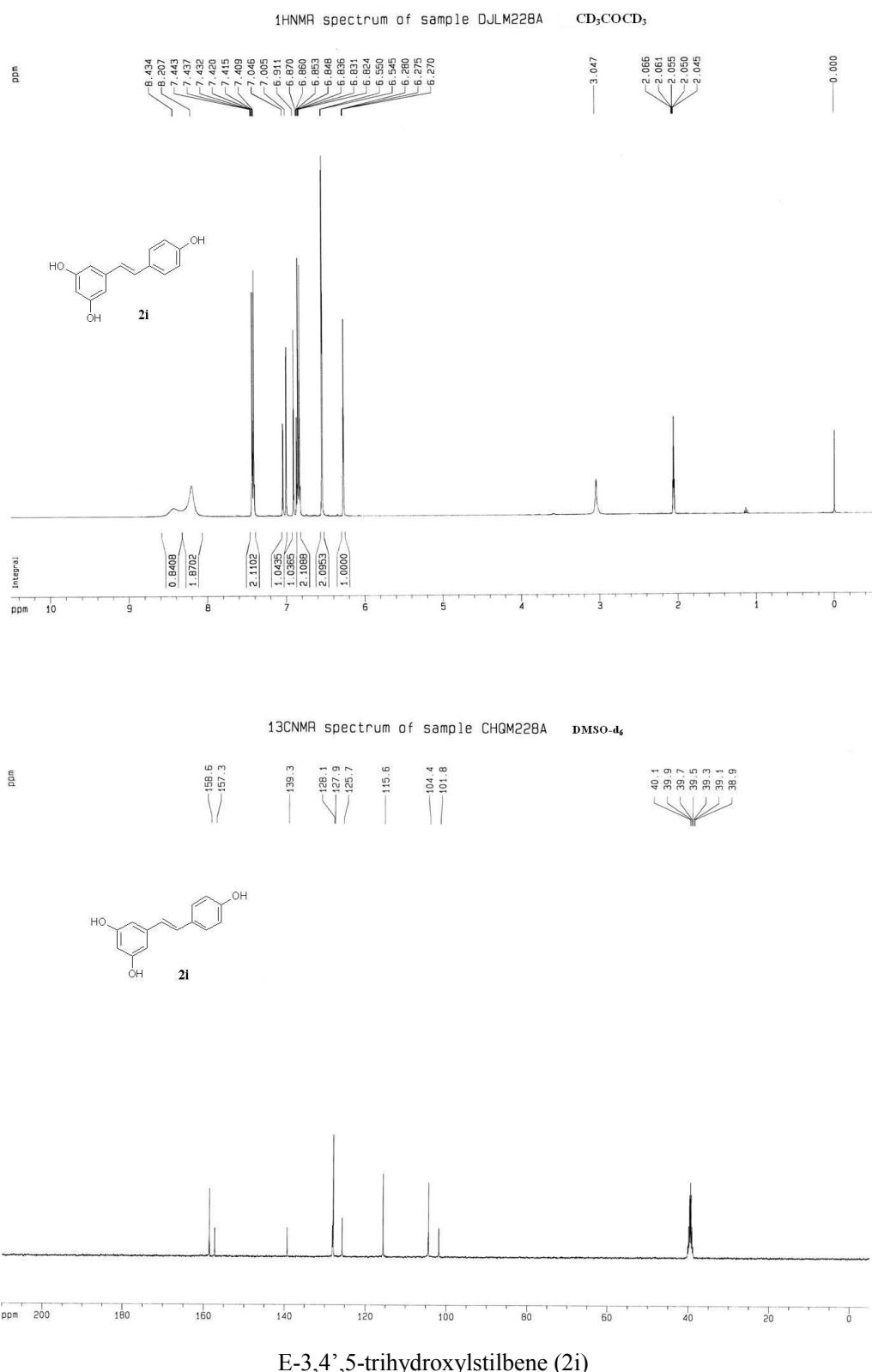


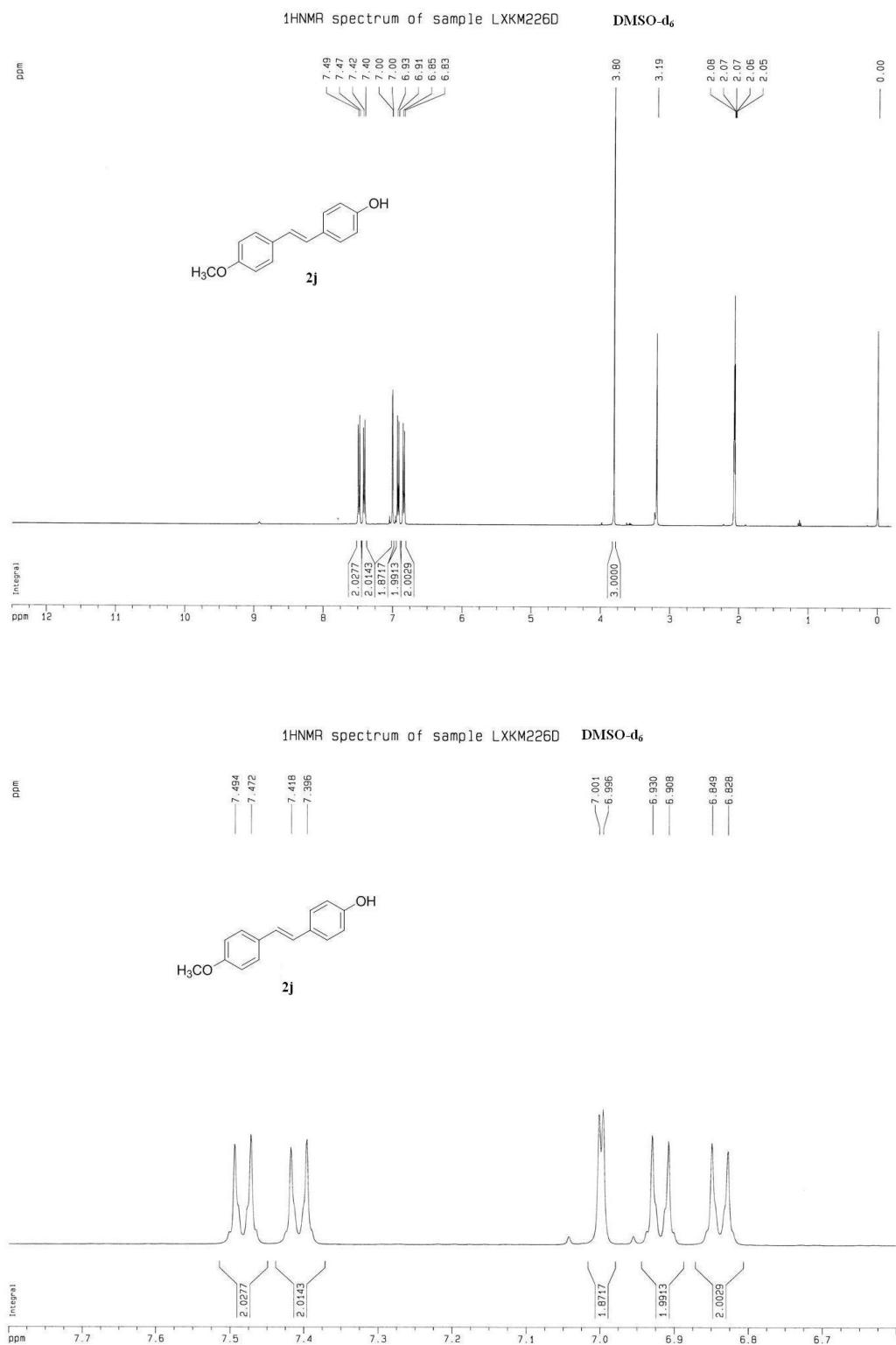


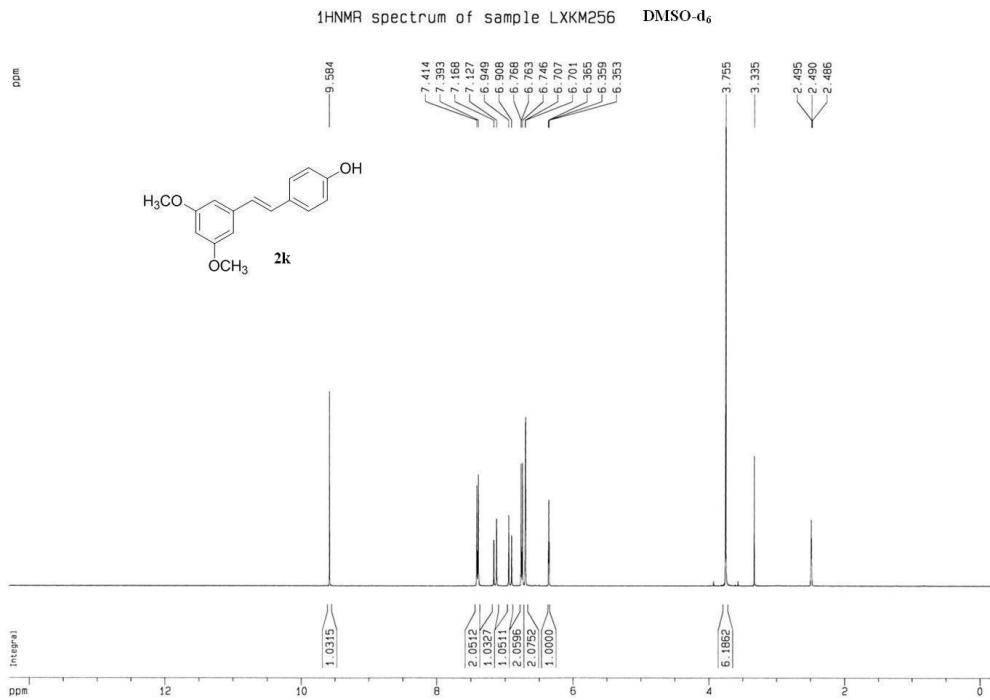
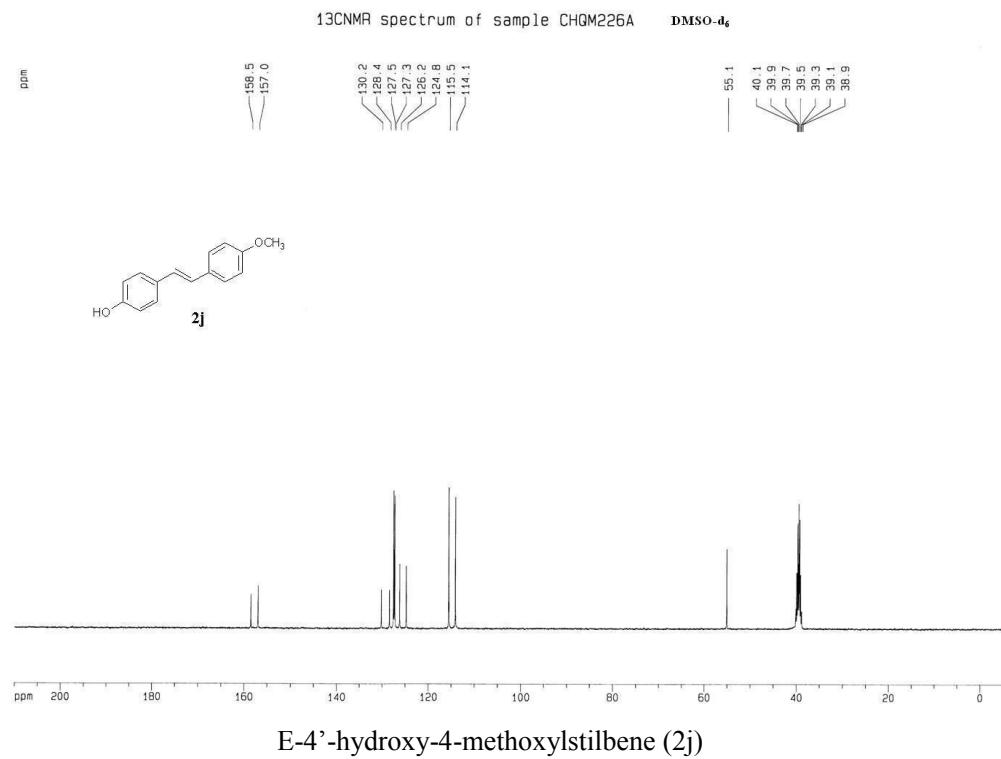


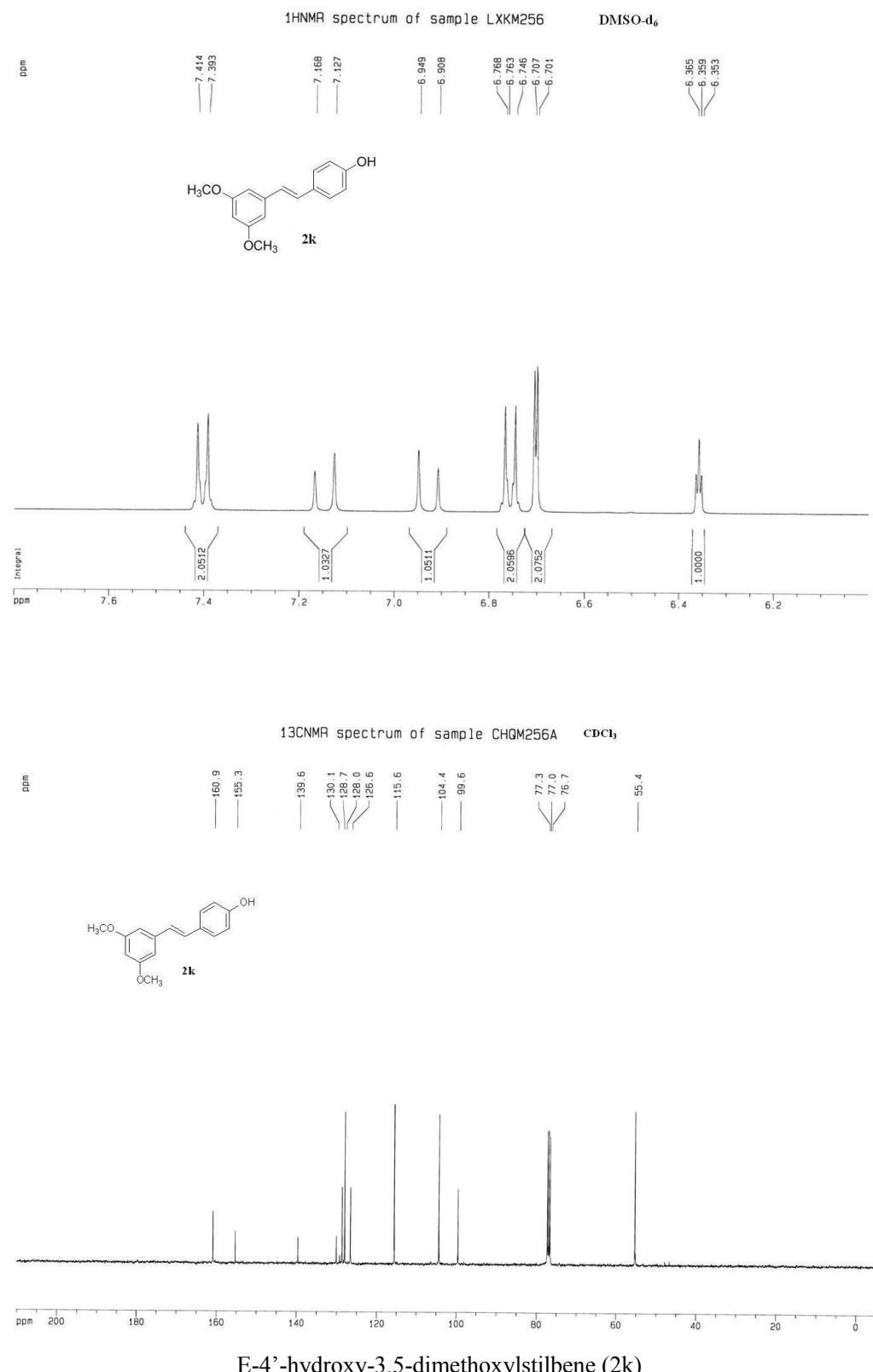


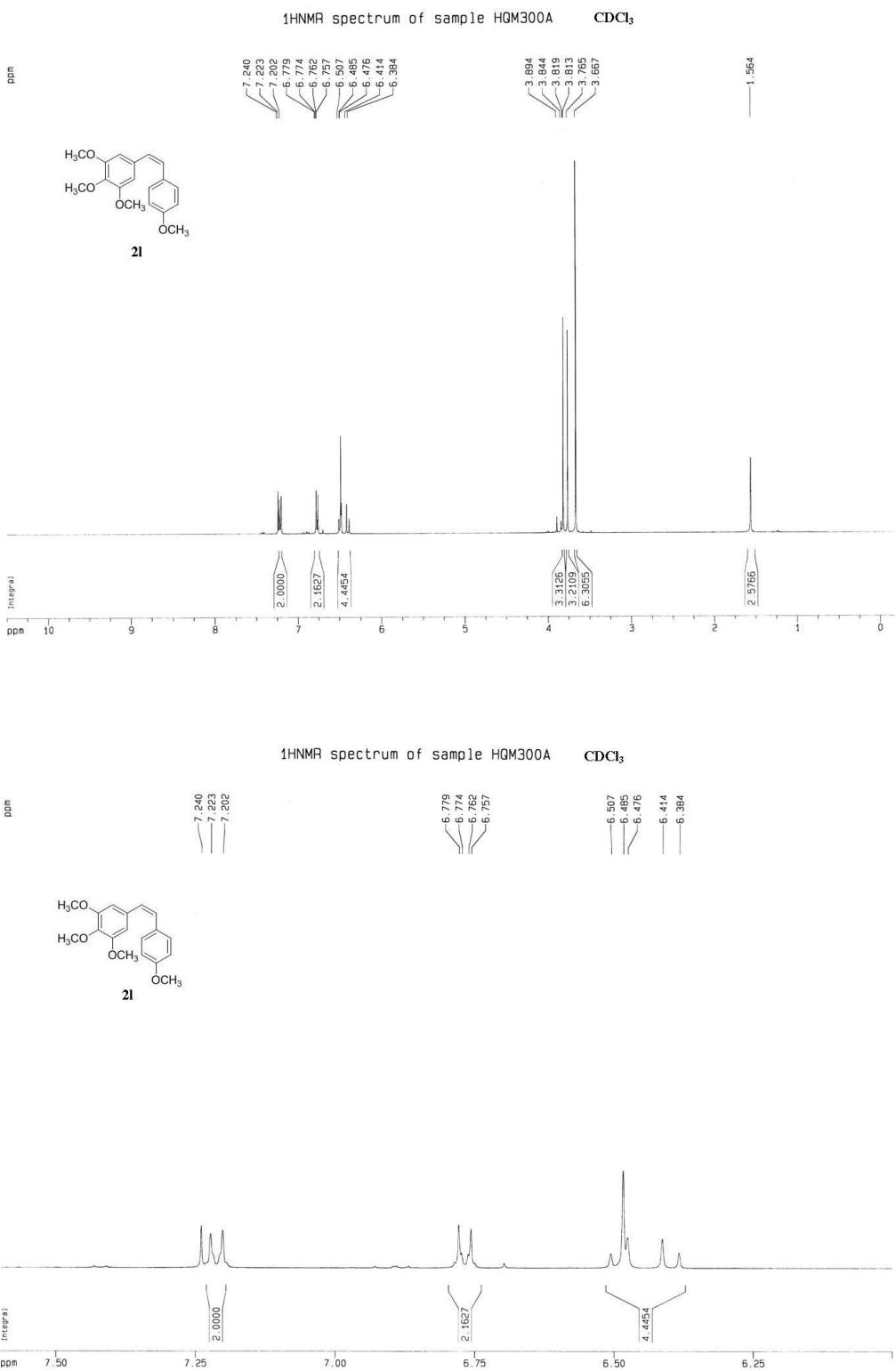


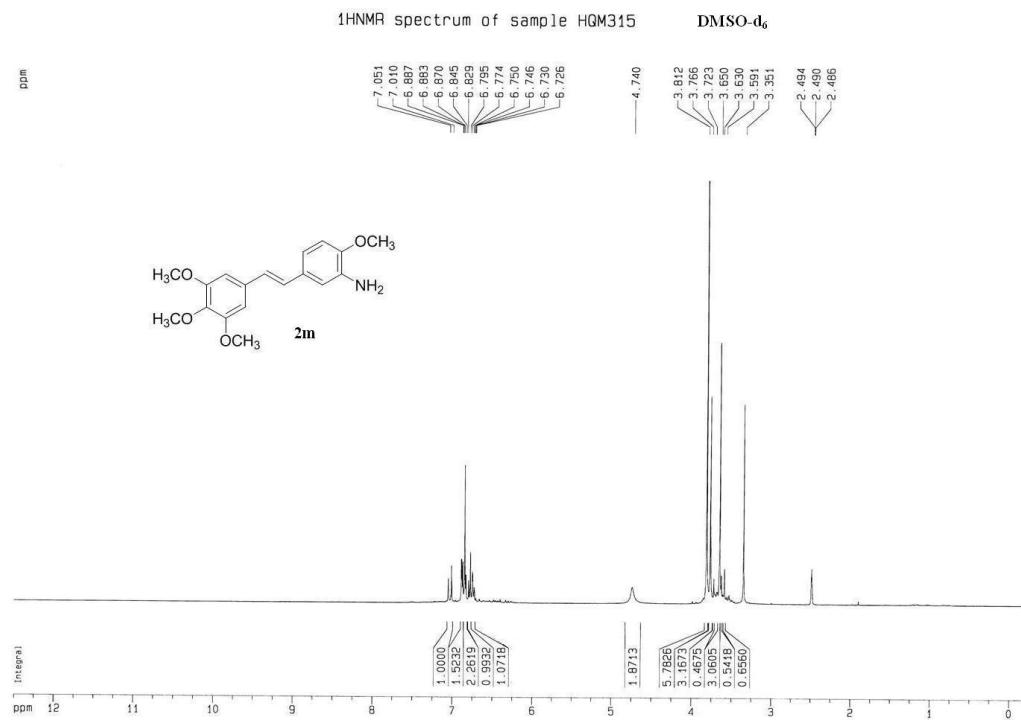
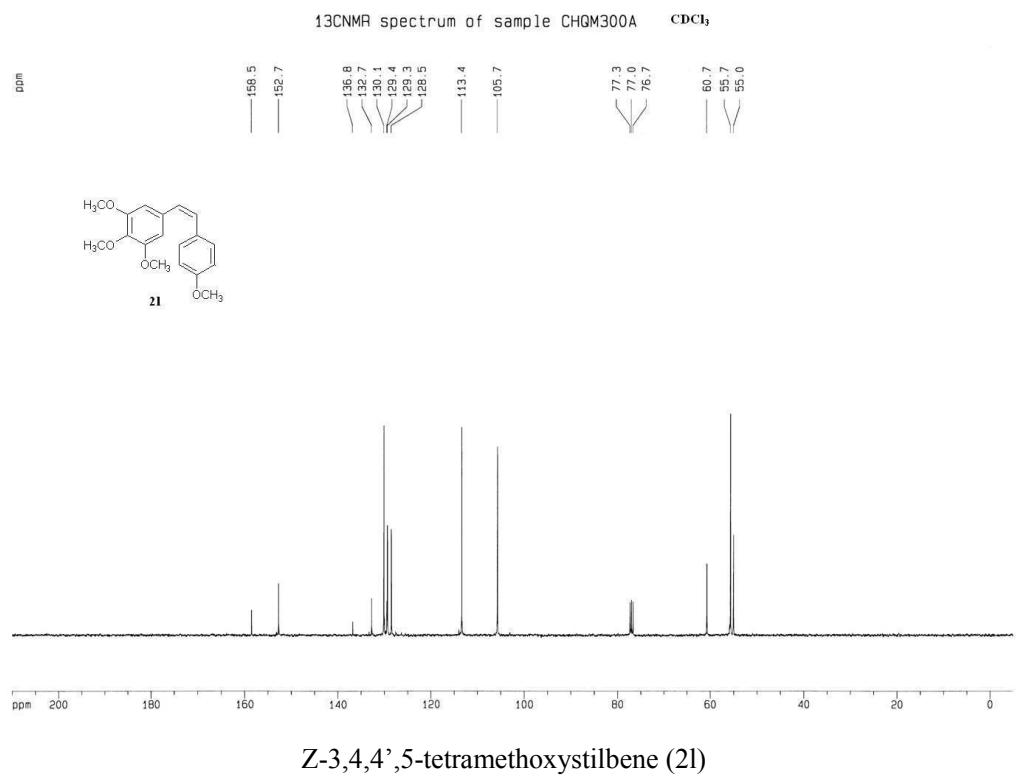


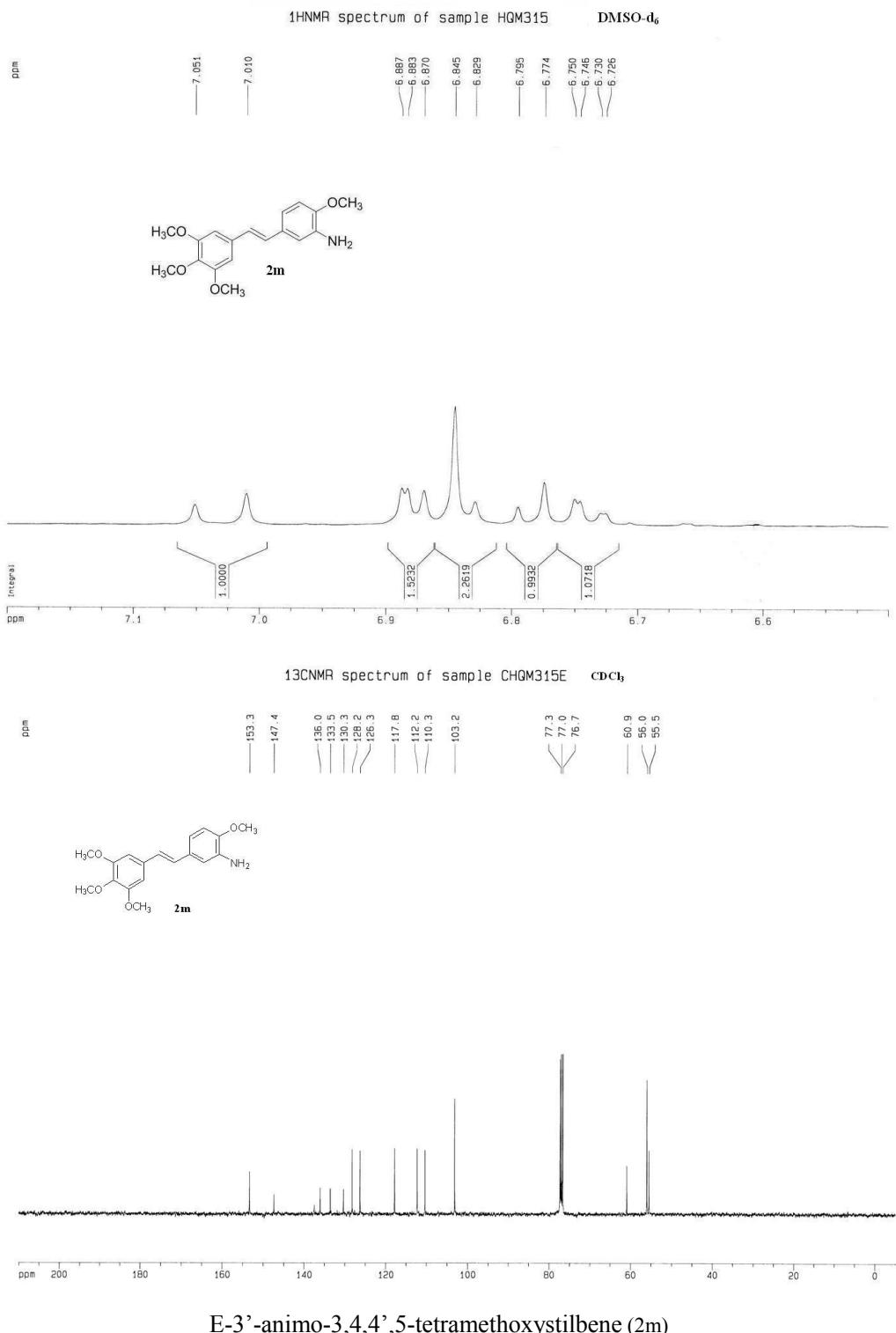


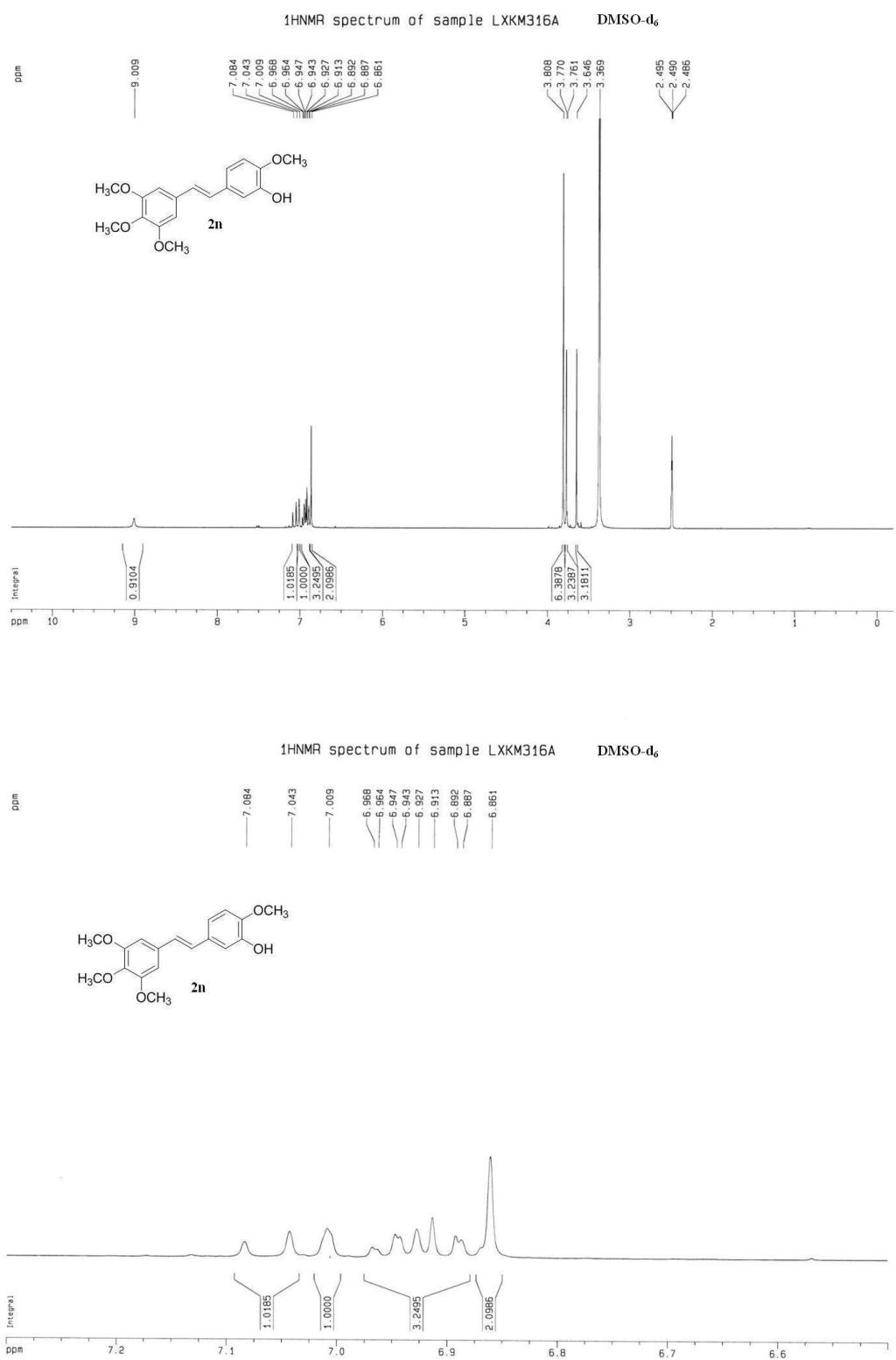


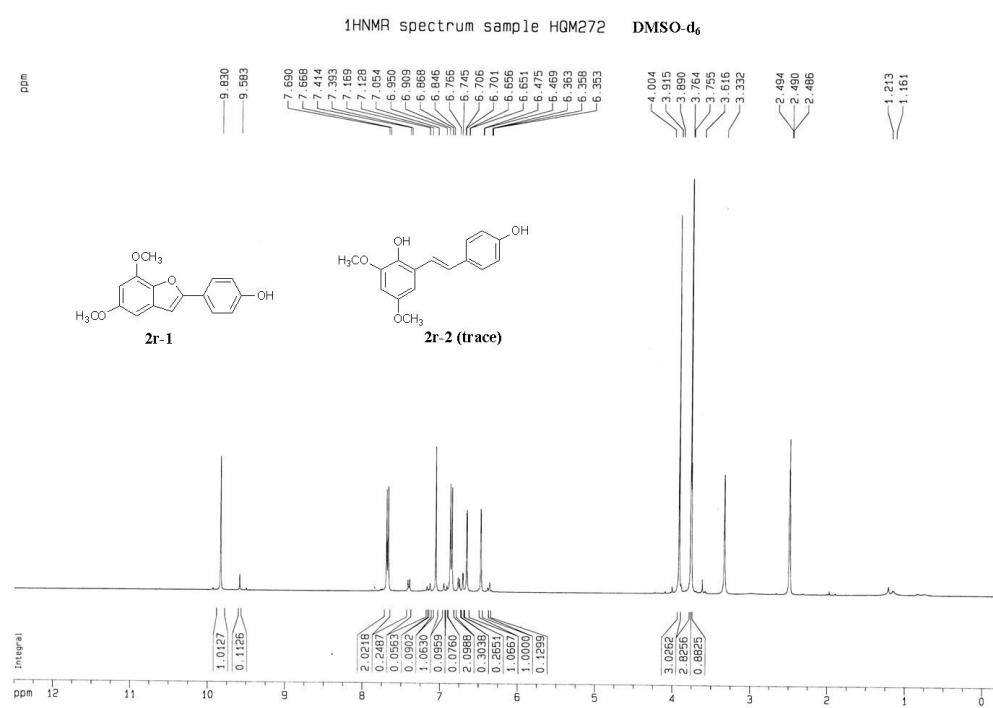
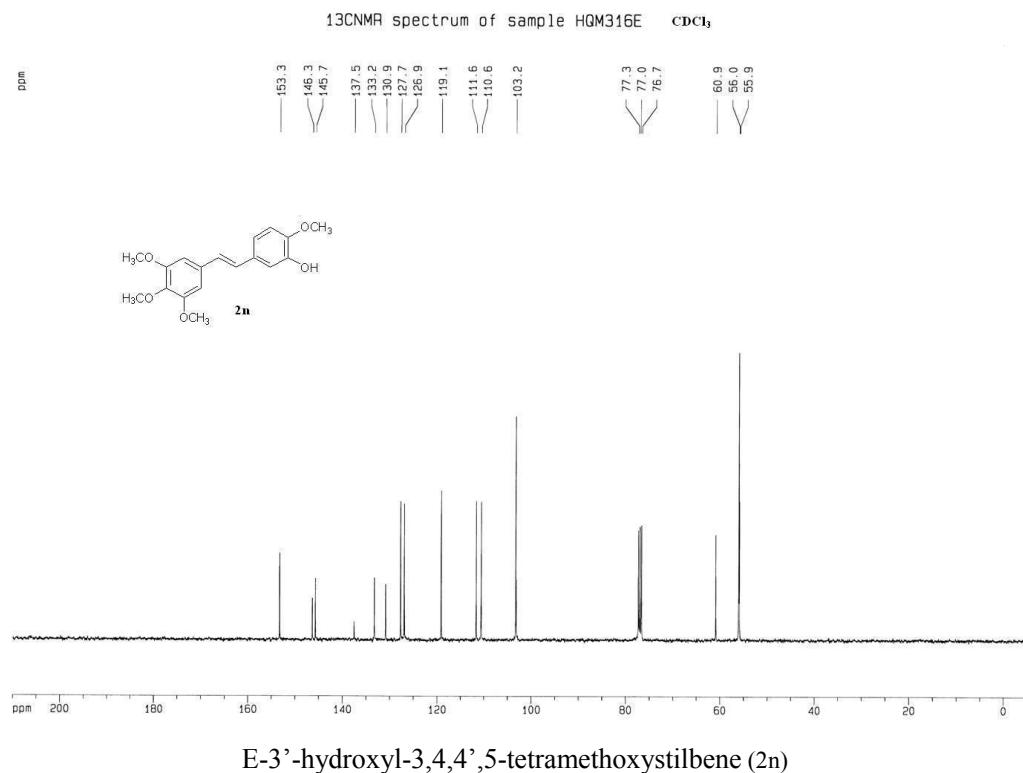


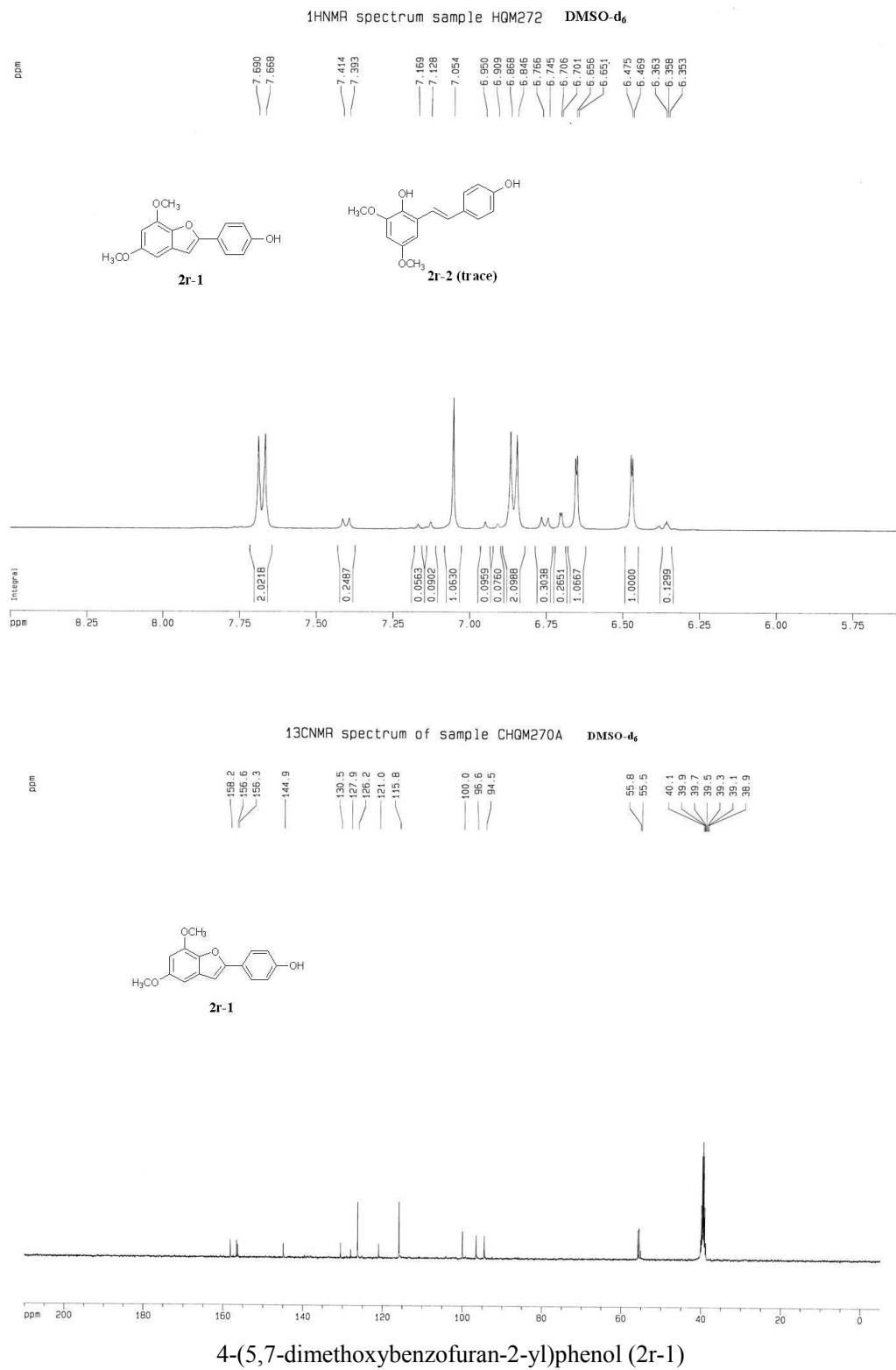


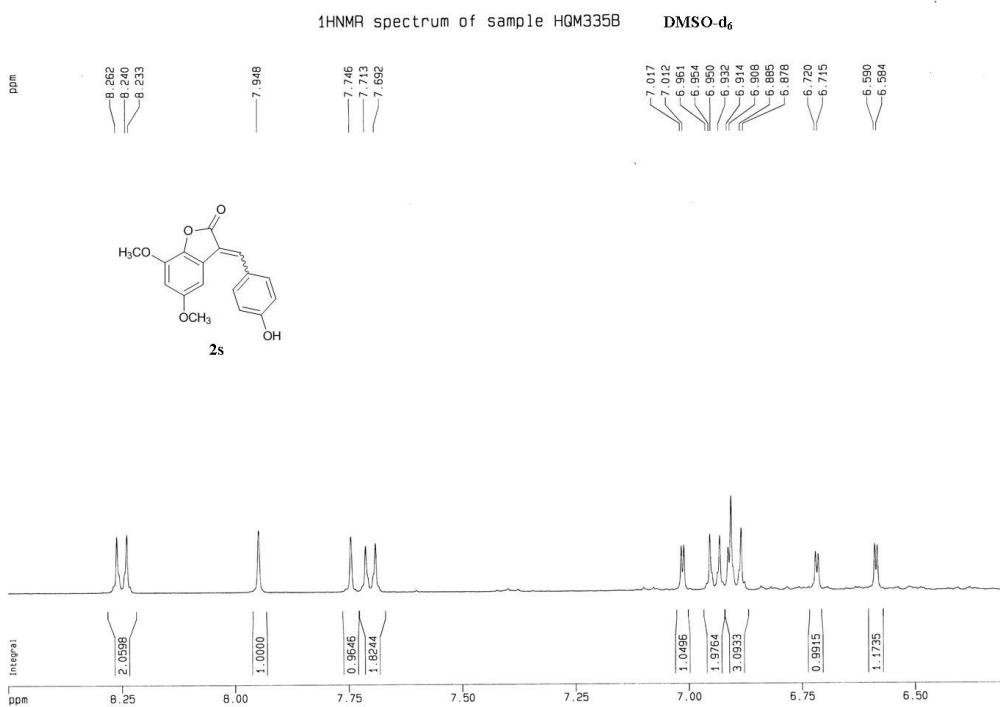
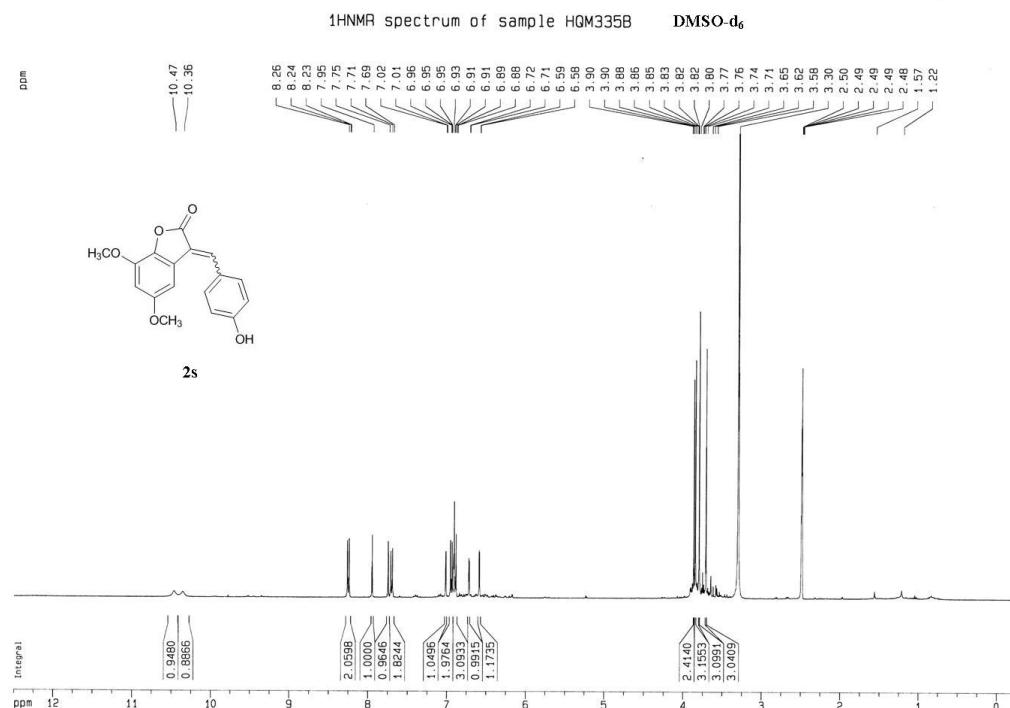












3-(4-hydroxybenzylidene)-5,7-dimethoxybenzofuran-2(3H)-one (2s)