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Co(III)(salen)-catalyzed Phenolic Kinetic Resolution of two stereocentered benzyloxy and azido epoxides: its application in the synthesis of ICI-118,551, an *anti*-hypertensive agent

Pratibha U. Karabal, Dayanand A. Kamble and Arumugam Sudalai*

Chemical Engineering & Process Development Division,

National Chemical Laboratory, Dr.HomiBhabha Road, Pune-411008,

Maharashtra. India

*Corresponding author: Tel.: +91 20 25902547; Fax: +91 20 25902676;

e-mail: a.sudalai@ncl.res.in

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General Description: Solvents were purified and dried by standard procedures before use; petroleum ether of boiling range 60-80 °C was used. Melting points are uncorrected and recorded on a Buchi B-542 instrument. Optical rotations were measured using sodium D line on a JASCO-181 digital polarimeter. ¹H NMR and ¹³C NMR spectra were recorded on Brucker AC-200 spectrometer unless mentioned otherwise. Infrared spectra were recorded on Shimadzu FTIR-8400 spectrometer and absorption is expressed in cm⁻¹. HPLC was performed on Agilent chromatogram with variable wavelength detector. HRMS data were recorded on a Thermo Scientific Q-Exactive, Accela 1250 pump. XRD studies were performed on BRUKERAXS, data refined by apex 2. Purification was done using column chromatography (230-400 mesh).

(4S, 5S)-5-Azido-2,2-dimethyl-4-[(7-methylindan-4-yloxy)methyl]-1,3-dioxane (9)

To a stirred solution of silvl ether **10** (1.8 g, 4.6 mmol) in THF (20 mL) was added TBAF (10 mL, 1 M solution in THF) at 0 °C. The reaction mixture was stirred for 1 h at the same temperature and then quenched with water. It was extracted with ethyl acetate and the combined organic layer was washed with brine, dried over anhydrous Na_2SO_4 and concentrated under reduced pressure to obtain the crude azido diol, which was purified by column chromatography using pet. ether/ethyl acetate (70:30) to obtain pure azido diol (90 % yield).

Yield: 90%, gum; $[\alpha]_D^{25}$ +12 (c 1, CHCl₃); IR (CHCl₃, cm⁻¹): 778, 837, 1095, 1243, 1492, 2100, 2858, 2929, 2953, 3446; ¹H NMR (200 MHz, CDCl₃) 2.01-2.16 (appt. quintet, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 2H), 2.20 (s, 3H), 2.68 (d, *J* = 5.2 Hz, 1H), 2.85 (q, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 4H), 3.63-3.71 (m, 1H), 3.87-4.17 (m, 5H), 6.59 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 6.89 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 1H); ¹³C NMR (50 MHz, CDCl₃): 18.4, 24.5, 29.7, 31.9, 62.7, 63.8, 69.0, 70.3, 109.6, 126.9, 128.0, 131.5, 145.0, 152.6; HRMS (ESI) m/z Calcd for C₁₄H₁₉N₃O₃Na [M + Na]⁺, 300.1319; found, 300.1314.

To a stirred mixture of the above azido diol (1 g, 3.6 mmol), 2, 2-dimethoxypropane (1.8 mL, 14.4 mmol) in dry CH_2Cl_2 (25 mL) was added camphor sulfonic acid (0.080 g, 10 mol %). The reaction mixture was stirred at 25 °C for 12 h. After completion of the reaction (as monitored by TLC), it was neutralized with triethylamine, concentrated and the crude was purified by column chromatography using pet. ether/EtOAc (9:1) as eluent to produce protected azide **9** as gum (89%).

Yield: 89% gum; $[\alpha]_D^{25}$ +15 (c 1, CHCl₃); IR (CHCl₃, cm⁻¹): 778, 837, 1095, 1243, 1492, 2100, 2858, 2929, 2953, 3446; ¹H NMR (200 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 1.41 (s, 3H), 1.47 (s, 3H), 2.00-2.14 (appt. quintet, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 2H), 2.19 (s, 3H), 2.82 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 2H), 2.92 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 2H), 3.67-3.77 (m, 2H), 3.88-3.96 (m, 1H), 3.98- 4.04 (m, 1H), 4.11 (d, *J* = 3.5 Hz, 2H), 6.58 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 6.87 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 1H); ¹³C NMR (50 MHz, CDCl₃): 18.4, 19.2, 24.5, 28.3, 29.7, 31.9, 55.1, 62.2, 68.4, 71.4, 99.1, 109.7, 126.3, 127.7, 131.9, 144.7, 153.2; HRMS (ESI) m/z Calcd for C₁₇H₂₃N₃O₃Na [M + Na]⁺, 340.1632; found, 340.1630.

(4*S*, 5*S*)-*N*-Isopropyl-2,2-dimethyl-4-[(7-methylindan-4-yloxy)methyl]-1,3-dioxan-5-amine (10)

To a stirred solution of **9** (0.5 g, 1.5 mmol) in methanol (5 mL), was added 10% Pd/C (10 mg) at 25 °C. The reaction mixture was stirred under hydrogen atmosphere (60 psi) for 20 h. After completion of reaction (as monitored by TLC), it was filtered through a celite pad and washed with EtOAc (3 x 20 mL). The combined organic phase was concentrated under reduced pressure to give the crude amino compound.

To a stirred suspension containing activated powdered 4 Å molecular sieves (1.6 g) in anhydrous DMF (30 mL), KOH powder (63 mg, 1.14 mmol), 18-crown-6 (300 mg, 1.14 mmol) was added, and the mixture was vigorously stirred for 10 min. The crude amine compound (332 mg, 1.14 mmol) obtained above was added and the mixture was stirred for an additional 30 min followed by the addition of 2-bromopropane (0.12 mL, 1.34 mmol), and the whole reaction mixture was allowed to stir at room temperature for 20 h. It was filtered to remove insoluble solids and washed several times with ethyl acetate. The filtrate was concentrated, the residue basified with 1 N NaOH, and extracted with ethyl acetate (3 x 20 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with brine, dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄, filtered, and evaporated. The resulting crude mixture was purified by column chromatography using ethyl acetate/methanol (9:1 v/v) as the eluting solvent to afford the *N*-alkylated acetonide **10** as a colorless oil (65%).

Yield: 65%, gum; $[\alpha]_D^{25}$ +25 (*c* 1, CHCl₃); IR (CHCl₃, cm⁻¹): 778, 837, 1095, 1243, 1492, 2100, 2858, 2929, 2953, 3446; ¹H NMR (200 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 1.42 (s, 3H), 1.49 (s, 3H), 1.54 (s, 6H), 2.03-2.10 (appt. quintet, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 2.19 (s, 3H), 2.83 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 2.89 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 2H), 2.95-3.04 (m, 2H), 3.51-3.57 (m, 1H), 3.66-3.68 (m, 1H), 3.82-3.89 (m, 1H), 4.07-4.18 (m, 2H), 6.62 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 6.91 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 1H); ¹³C NMR (50 MHz, CDCl₃): 18.7, 19.5, 24.7, 29.1, 30.1, 32.2, 48.5, 66.1, 70.5, 74.3, 98.8, 109.7, 126.7, 128.1, 131.9, 145.2, 153.5; HRMS (ESI) m/z Calcd for C₂₀H₃₁NO₃Na [M + Na]⁺, 356.2196; found, 356.2190.

(2S, 3S)-3-Isopropylamino-1-(7-methylindan-4-yloxy)-butan-1,3-diol (11)

To a stirred solution of acetonide **10** (0.180 g, 0.54 mmol) in CH_2Cl_2 (6 mL), was added trifluoroacetic acid (0.162 mL, 2.12 mmol). The reaction mixture was stirred at 25 °C (monitored

by TLC). The organic layer was washed with saturated aq. NaHCO₃ followed by brine and dried over anhyd. Na₂SO₄ and concentrated to give the crude product **11**, which was then purified by column chromatography over silica gel using pet. ether/EtOAc (20:80) as an eluent to give colorless oil (65%).

Yield: 65%, gum; $[\alpha]_D^{25}$ +35 (c 1, CHCl₃); IR (CHCl₃, cm⁻¹): 785, 1160, 1125, 1250, 1280, 1513, 1605, 2915, 3358, 3556; ¹H NMR (200 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 1.41 (s, 6H), 2.03 (m, 2H), 2.15 (m, 2H), 2.30-2.32 (m, 1H), 2.44-2.84 (m, 7H), 3.62-3.69 (m, 2H), 4.02-4.16 (m, 2H), 4.90-4.99 (dd, *J* = 10.1 and 16.8 Hz, 2H) 5.76-5.82 (m, 1H), 6.58 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 6.87 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H); ¹³C NMR (50 MHz, CDCl₃): 18.4, 24.4, 25.6, 30.1, 30.4, 50.0, 62.1, 63.5, 69.9, 109.4, 126.9, 128.0, 131.3, 145.0, 152.4; HRMS (ESI) m/z Calcd C₁₇H₂₇NO₃Na [M + Na]⁺, 316.1883; found, 316.1880.

(2S, 3S)-3-Isopropylamino-1-(7-methylindan-4-yloxy)-butan-2-ol (4)

To a stirred solution of amino diol **11** (50 mg, 0.17 mmol) in CH_2Cl_2 (5 mL) at 0 °C was added Et_3N (0.45 mL, 0.18 mmol) and *p*-toluenesulfonyl chloride (36 mg, 0.187 mmol). The reaction mixture was stirred at 0 °C for 1 h. After complete conversion, (monitored by TLC), it was quenched with 10% aq. NaHCO₃ solution and extracted with CH_2Cl_2 (3 x 20 mL). The combined organic layers were dried over anhydrous Na_2SO_4 , concentrated under reduced pressure to give the crude tosylate, which was directly taken up for the next step.

A solution of the above tosylate (76 mg, 0.17 mmol) in THF (5 mL) was added drop-wise to a stirred suspension of LiAlH₄ (20 mg, 0.53 mmol) in THF (10 mL) at 0 °C. It was refluxed for 4 h and then cooled to 0 °C and the excess LiAlH₄ was quenched with EtOAc (2 mL). Then it was treated with 20% NaOH (0.5 mL), the formed white precipitate was filtered off and the residue was washed with EtOAc (3 x 10 mL). The combined ethyl acetate layers were dried over anhyd. Na₂SO₄, and solvent concentrated under reduced pressure. The crude product was purified by column chromatography using ethyl acetate/methanol (9:1) to obtain pure **4** as gummy liquid (65% yield over two steps).

Yield: 65% gum; $[\alpha]_D^{25}$ +38.4 (c 1, CD₃OD); IR (CHCl₃, cm⁻¹):778, 837, 1095, 1243, 1492, 2932, 2953, 3343, 3446; ¹H NMR (200 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 1.24-1.30 (m, 9H), 1.98-2.14 (appt. quintet, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 2H), 2.17 (s, 3H), 2.85 (q, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 4H), 3.37-3.50 (m, 2H), 3.90-4.11 (m,

2H), 4.01-4.25 (m, 1H), 6.62-6.66 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H) 6.89 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 1H); ¹³C NMR (50 MHz, CDCl₃): 11.9, 18.6, 20.3, 23.6, 25.7, 30.8, 32.8, 48.1, 53.7, 69.4, 70.0, 110.6, 127.6, 129.2, 132.4, 145.9, 154.4; HRMS (ESI) m/z Calcd C₁₇H₂₇NO₂Na [M + Na]⁺, 300.1934; found, 300.1940.

¹H and ¹³C-NMR Charts of New Compounds





¹H and ¹³C NMR Spectra of 1b



















¹H and ¹³C NMR Spectra of 1i





















¹H and ¹³C NMR Spectra of 1r



¹H and ¹³C NMR Spectra of 1s







¹H and ¹³C NMR Spectra of 1u





¹H and ¹³C NMR Spectra of 2a



¹H and ¹³C NMR Spectra of 2b























