## **Supplementary Information**

# Fluorescent probe for $Fe^{3+}$ and $CN^-$ in aqueous media mimicking a memorized molecular crossword puzzle

Manoj Kumar,\* Rajesh Kumar, Vandana Bhalla

Department of Chemistry, UGC Sponsored-Center for Advance Studies-1, Guru Nanak Dev University Amritsar (Pb)-143005, India Email:mksharmaa@yahoo.co.in

Contents		
1.	<sup>1</sup> H NMR spectrum of <b>2</b> in CDCl <sub>3</sub> .	<b>S</b> 1
2.	<sup>13</sup> C NMR spectrum of <b>2</b> in CDCl <sub>3</sub> .	S2
3.	FAB mass spectrum of 2.	<b>S</b> 3
4.	<sup>1</sup> H NMR spectrum of <b>4</b> in CDCl <sub>3</sub> .	S4
5.	<sup>13</sup> C NMR spectrum of <b>4</b> in CDCl <sub>3</sub> .	S5
6.	FAB mass spectrum of <b>4</b> .	<b>S</b> 6
7.	Pictorial representation of binding modes of compound 4 with Fe <sup>3+</sup> ions.	S7
8.	Selectivity of receptor <b>4</b> for Fe <sup>3+</sup> ion over other metal ions.	S8
9.	Job plot for <b>4</b> and Fe <sup>3+</sup> /CN <sup>-</sup> in 10% aqueous ethanol.	<b>S</b> 9
10.	Ratiometric selectivity of compound 4 towards CN ions over other anions.	S10
11.	The intermolecular proton transfer between cyanide and N-H group.	S11
12.	<sup>1</sup> H NMR spectra of compound <b>4</b> with CN⁻ ions in CDCl <sub>3</sub> .	S12
13.	Sequential logic circuit for the second sequence.	S13

## 1. <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of 2 in CDCl<sub>3</sub>.

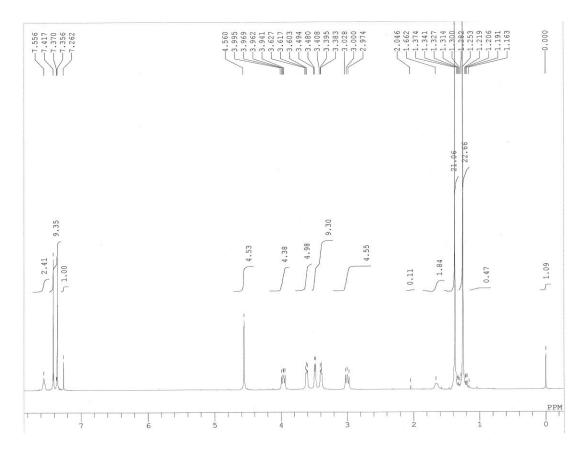


Figure S1. <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of 2 in CDCl<sub>3</sub>.

## 2. <sup>13</sup>C NMR Spectrum of 2 in CDCl<sub>3</sub>.

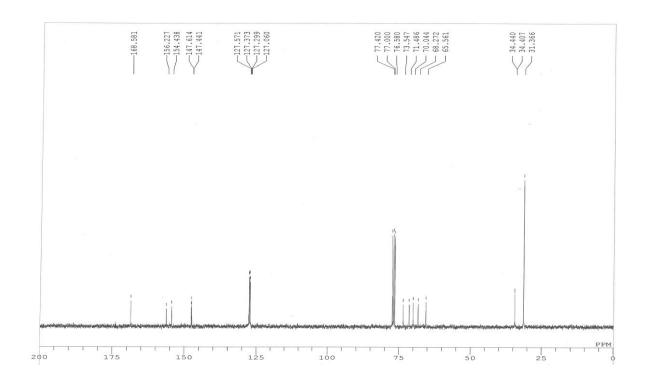


Figure S2. <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectrum of 2 in CDCl<sub>3</sub>.

#### 3. FAB mass spectrum of 2.

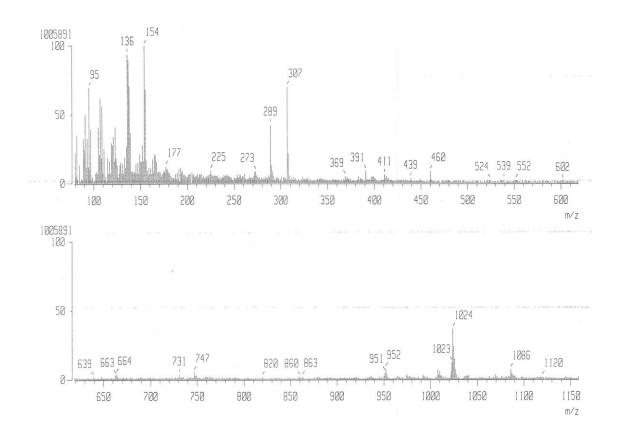
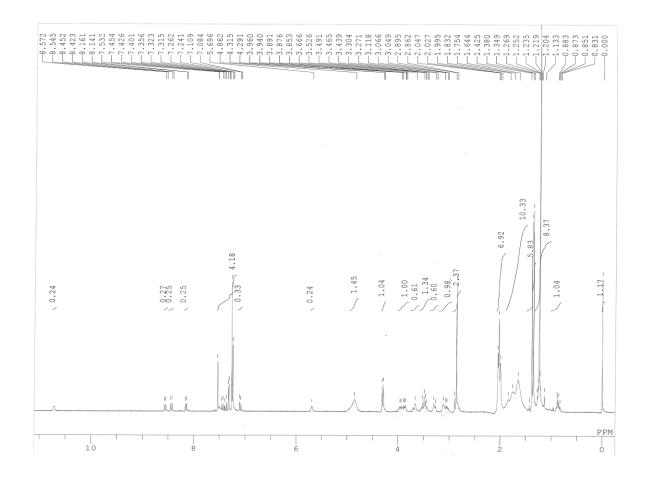


Figure S3. FAB mass spectrum of 2.

## **4.** <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of **4** in CDCl<sub>3</sub>.



**Figure S4**. <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of **4** in CDCl<sub>3</sub>.

## 5. <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectrum of 4 in CDCl<sub>3</sub>.

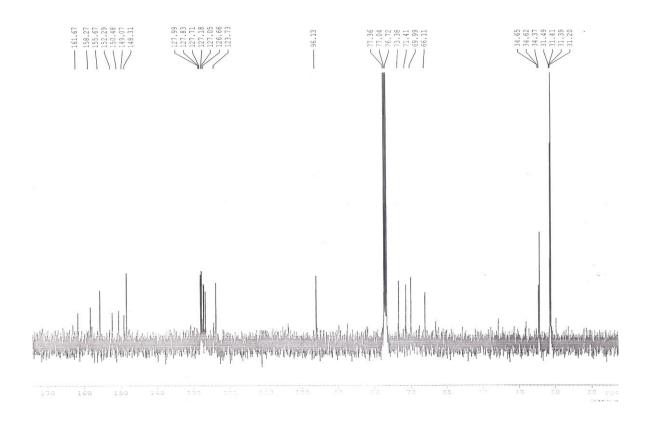


Figure S5. <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectrum of 4 in CDCl<sub>3</sub>.

#### **6.** FAB mass spectrum of **4**.

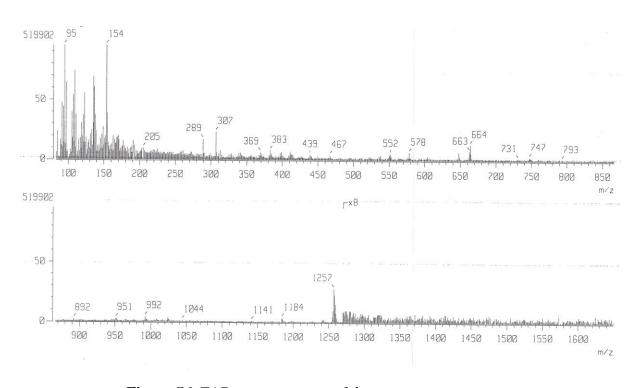
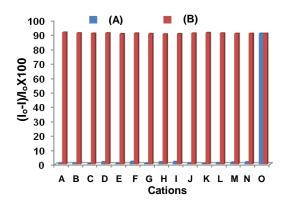


Figure S6. FAB mass spectrum of 4.

**7.** Pictorial representation of binding modes of compound **4** with Fe<sup>3+</sup> ions.

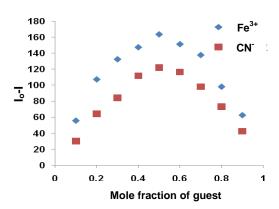
**Figure S7.** Pictorial representation of binding modes of compound 4 with  $Fe^{3+}$  ions

**8.** Selectivity of receptor **4** for Fe<sup>3+</sup> ion over other metal ions.



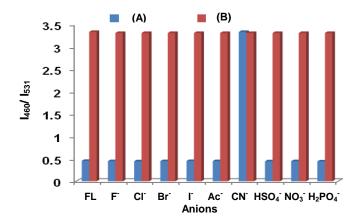
**Figure S8.** (A) Selectivity of **4** (5.0  $\mu$ M) towards Fe<sup>3+</sup> upon addition of different cations and (B) Competitive selectivity of **4** (5.0  $\mu$ M) towards Fe<sup>3+</sup> in the presence of different cations in 10% aqueous ethanol. A = Li<sup>+</sup>, B = Na<sup>+</sup>, C = K<sup>+</sup>, D = Ba<sup>2+</sup>, E = Mg<sup>2+</sup>, F = Ni<sup>2+</sup>, G = Cu<sup>2+</sup>, H = Zn<sup>2+</sup>, I = Ag<sup>+</sup>, J = Cd<sup>2+</sup>, K = Hg<sup>2+</sup>, L = Pb<sup>2+</sup>, M = Co<sup>2+</sup>, N = Fe<sup>2+</sup>, O = Fe<sup>3+</sup>.

9. Job plot for 3 and  $Fe^{3+}/CN^{-}$  in 10% aqueous ethanol.



**Figure S9.** Job plot for **4** and guest (Fe<sup>3+</sup> or CN<sup>-</sup>) in 10% aqueous ethanol.

**10.** Ratiometric selectivity of compound **4** towards CN<sup>-</sup> ions over other anions.



**Figure S10**. (A) Ratiometric selectivity of **4** (5.0  $\mu$ M) towards CN<sup>-</sup> upon addition of different anions and (B) Competitive selectivity of **4** (5.0  $\mu$ M) towards CN<sup>-</sup> in the presence of different anions in 10% aqueous ethanol

**11.** The intermolecular proton transfer between cyanide and N-H group of sulphonamide group of thiacalix[4]podand **4**.

**Scheme S1.** The intermolecular proton transfer between cyanide and N-H group of sulphonamide group of thiacalix[4]podand **4**.

## 12. <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectra of compound 4 with CN ions in CDCl<sub>3</sub>.

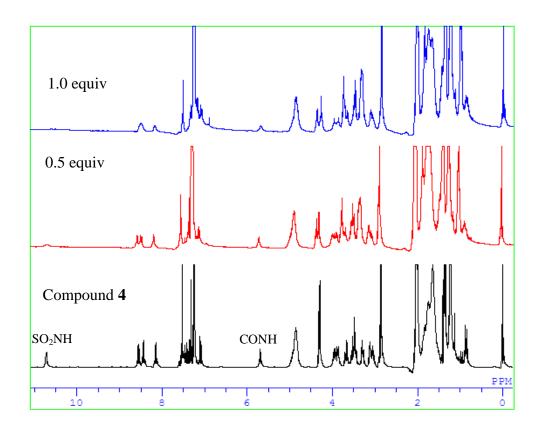
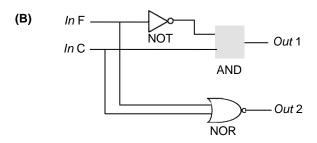


Figure S11. <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectra of compound 4 with CN ions in CDCl<sub>3</sub>.

13. Sequential logic circuit for the second sequence with two input strings InC and InF at  $\lambda$  460 nm and 531 nm.

(A)	Entry	In C (CN <sup>-</sup> )	In F (Fe <sup>3+</sup> )	Output 1 (λ 460 nm)	Output 2 (λ 531 nm)
	1	0	0	0	1
	2	1	0	1	0
	3	0	1	0	0
	4	1	1	0	0



**Figure S12**. (A) Truth table for the second sequence (addition of first input InC followed by second input InF) of molecular crossword puzzle; (B) Sequential logic circuit for the second sequence with two input strings InC and InF at  $\lambda$  460 nm and 531 nm.