Supplementary Information

Remarkable effects of substitution on stability of complexes and origin of the C-H \cdots O(N) hydrogen bonds formed between acetone's derivative and CO₂, XCN (X = F, Cl, Br)

Ho Quoc Dai^a, Nguyen Ngoc Tri^a, Nguyen Thi Thu Trang^{b,c}, Nguyen Tien Trung^{c,*}

 ^{a)}Faculty of Chemistry, and Laboratory of Computational Chemistry, Quy Nhon University, Quy Nhon, Vietnam
^{b)}Faculty of Science, Hai Phong University, Hai Phong, Vietnam
^{c)} Faculty of Chemistry, Hanoi National University of Education, Ha Noi, Vietnam



Figure S1. Topological geometries of four complexes H1, H2, H3 and H4



Figure S2. The stable geometric structures of the complexes between CH_3COCHR_2 (R = F, Cl,

Br) and XCN (F, Cl, Br)

	H1	H2	H3	H4
ρ(>O6…C11)	0.0093	0.0090	0.0084	
ρ(>O12…C5)			0.0081	
ρ(O12…H8)	0.0062			
ρ(O12…H3,9)				0.0041
ρ(O13…H4,10)				0.0041
∇^2 (>O6C11)	0.0384	0.0435	0.0314	
∇^2 (>O12···C5)			0.0312	
∇²(O12…H8)	0.0218			
∇² (O12…H3,9)				0.0150
∇^2 (O13····H4,10)				0.0150

Table S1. Electron density and Laplacian at BCPs in the CH₃COCH₃···CO₂ complexes (all in electron)

Table S2. Electron density and Laplacian at BCP of O…H and >C=O…C intermolecular contacts in the CH₃COCHR₂…CO₂ complexes (all in electron)

	CH ₃ COCHR ₂ ···CO ₂				
R	Н	CH ₃	F	Cl	Br
ρ(>O6…C11)	0.0093	0.0098	0.0081	0.0085	0.0086
ρ(O12…H8)	0.0062	0.0054	0.0075	0.0095	0.0099
ρ(O12…H17)		0.0048			
∇^2 (>O6…C11)	0.0384	0.0397	0.0332	0.0347	0.0350
$\nabla^2(O12\cdots H8)$	0.0218	0.0196	0.0268	0.0342	0.0354
∇²(O12…H17)		0.0176			

Table S3. An NBO analysis for the CH₃COCHR₂···CO₂ complexes at MP2/6-

311 + + G(2d, 2p)

	CH ₃ COCHR ₂ ···CO ₂						
R	EDT/e	Δσ*(C7- H8)/ e	Δ%s(C7)	$E(n(O6) \rightarrow \pi^*(C11=O12,13)),$ kJ.mol ⁻¹	$E(n(O12) \rightarrow \sigma^{*}(C7H8)),$ kJ.mol ⁻¹		
Η	0.0014	0.0009	0.34	6.5	2.3		
CH ₃	0.0012	0.0004	0.12	6.4	1.0		
		0.0001 ^{a)}	0.19 ^{b)}		0.6*		
F	-0.0002	-0.0002	0.44	4.6	4.4		
Cl	-0.0009	-0.0003	0.61	5.1	4.8		
Br	-0.0012	-0.0002	0.66	5.1	5.2		

^{a)}for the C10-H17 bond and ^{b)}for the C10(H17) atom

	CH ₃ COCHR ₂ …FCN				
R	Н	CH ₃	F	Cl	Br
ρ(>O6…C11)	0.0104	0.0109	0.0095	0.0100	0.0101
ρ(N12…H8)	0 0075	0 0060	0 0092	0 0119	0.0125
o(N12…H17)	0.0070	0.0056	0.007	0.0119	
∇^2 (>06C11)	0.0410	0.0422	0.0358	0.0375	0.0379
∇²(N12…H8)	0.0254	0.0200	0.0320	0.0413	0.0432
$\nabla^{2}(N12H17)$		0.0188			
		CH ₃ C	OCHR ₂ ··	·CICN	
ρ(>O6…C11)	0.0074	0.0075	0.0068	0.0072	0.0072
ρ(N12…H8)	0.0077	0.0063	0.0098	0.0128	0.0134
ρ(N12…H17)		0.0059			
∇^2 (>O6…C11)	0.0297	0.0290	0.0253	0.0264	0.0265
∇²(N12…H8)	0.0259	0.0210	0.0338	0.0443	0.0463
∇²(N12…H17)		0.0197			
× ,	CH ₃ COCHR ₃ ····BrCN				
ρ(>O6…C11)	0.0072	0.0073	0.0065	0.0068	0.0068
ρ(N12…H8)	0.0079	0.0066	0.0101	0.0132	0.0137
ρ(N12…H17)		0.0061			
$\nabla^{2}(>06C11)$	0.0264	0.0265	0.0235	0.0245	0.0245
$\nabla^{2}(N12H8)$		0.0218			
	0.0263		0.0348	0.0456	0.0475
$\nabla^{2}(N12 \cdots H17)$		0.0202			

Table S4. Electron density and Laplacian at BCP of O…H and >C=O…C intermolecular contacts in the CH₃COCHR₂…XCN complexes (all in electron)

	CH ₃ COCHR ₂ ···XCN					
	EDT/e	Δσ*(C7- H8)/e	Δ %s(C7)	E(n(O6)) $\rightarrow \pi^*(C11=N12)),$ $kJ.mol^{-1}$	E(n(N12)) $\rightarrow \sigma^{*}(C7H8)),$ kJ.mol ⁻¹	
R = H, X = F	0.0021	0.0018	0.64	8.4 (1.6)	3.4	
R = H, X = Cl	-0.0026	0.0022	0.68	3.5	3.5	
R = H, X = Br	-0.0025	0.0021	0.63	3.3	3.7	
$R = CH_3, X = F$	0.0022	0.0005	0.26	7.8 (1.5)	1.5	
		0.0001 ^{a)}	0.34 ^{b)}			
$R = CH_3, X = Cl$	-0.0024	0.0006	0.31	3.3	1.7	
		0.0002 ^{a)}	0.31 ^{b)}			
$R = CH_3, X = Br$	-0.0026	0.0006	0.33	3.0	2.1	
		0.0002 ^{a)}	0.31 ^{b)}			
R = F, X = F	-0.0011	0.0003	0.86	6.4 (1.0)	7.4	
R = F, X = Cl	-0.0048	0.0008	0.94	3.0	7.5	
R = F, X = Br	-0.0050	0.0009	0.97	2.6	7.7	
R = Cl, X = F	-0.0033	0.0007	1.23	6.9 (1.1)	11.0	
R = Cl, X = Cl	-0.0077	0.0014	1.36	3.2	11.7	
R = Cl, X = Br	-0.0081	0.0015	1.42	2.8	12.1	
R = Br, X = F	-0.0039	0.0010	1.36	7.1 (1.1)	11.3	
R = Br, X = Cl	-0.0082	0.0017	1.48	3.2	11.5	
R = Br, X = Br	-0.0085	0.0019	1.53	2.7	11.8	

Table S5. An NBO analysis for all the complexes at MP2/6-311++G(2d,2p)

Note: The values in brackets for intermolecular hyperconjugation interaction $E(n(O6) \rightarrow \pi^*(C11\text{-}F13), a)$ for the C10-H17 bond and b) for the C10(H17) atom