Electronic supplementary information

Ag-Cu₂O composite microstructures with tunable Ag contents: synthesis and surface-enhanced (resonance) Raman scattering (SE(R)RS) properties

Lihua Yang, Jian Lv, Yongming Sui, Wuyou Fu, Xiaoming Zhou, Jinwen Ma, Qian Li, Meiling Sun, Yannan Mu, Yanli Chen, Haibin Yang*

State Key Laboratory of Superhard Materials, Jilin University, Changchun 130012, P.

R. China

*Corresponding author: Tel.: +86 431 85168763, fax: +86 431 85168763.

E-mail: <u>yanghb@jlu.edu.cn</u>

Synthesis of Ag nanoparticles (NPs)

The Ag NPs with an average size of 100 nm were prepared by sodium citrate reducing AgNO₃ aqueous solution. Typically, 0.12g AgNO₃ was dispersed in 76 mL of deionized water, followed by addition of 4 ml of sodium mixture solution (0.74 M sodium citrate and 1.2 M sodium carbonate mixed solution) slowly. After the mixture was stirred for 10 min, 6 g PVP (K-30; Mw=30 000) was mixed with vigorous stirring in a round-bottomed glass flask. After the complete dissolution of the PVP powder, the solution was kept in a water bath at a temperature of 80 °C for 20 min, yielding the gray Ag NPs.

Fig. S1 (A) FESEM and (B) XRD of the bare Ag NPs prepared by reduction of silver



nitrate with trisodium citrate

Scheme 2 A Schematic image of charge transfer between Cu_2O and Ag.

