HBT-based chemosensors for detection of fluoride through deprotonation process: experimental and DFT studies

Shudi Liu^a, Liangwei Zhang^a, Panpan Zhou^a, Wenyan Zan^a, Xiaojun Yao^a, Jingjun Yang^b, Ying Yang^{a,b} *

E-mail address: yangying@lzu.edu.cn (Y. Yang)

Tel: 86-931-8912585; Fax: 86-931-8912582

^a Key Laboratory of Nonferrous Metals Chemistry and Resources Utilization of Gansu Province, College of Chemistry and Chemical Engineering, Lanzhou University, Lanzhou, 730000, PR China

^b Gansu Normal University for Nationalities, Hezuo, 747000, PR China

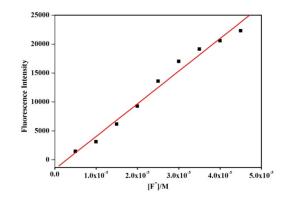


Fig. S1 Linear fitting curve of the fluorescence intensity L^1H versus [F⁻] (0 – 95 μ M) at 426 nm based on the fluorescence titration files.

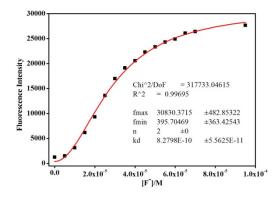


Fig. S2 Nonlinear fitting curve of the fluorescence intensity $L^{1}H$ versus [F⁻] (0 – 95 μ M) at 426 nm based on the fluorescence titration files.

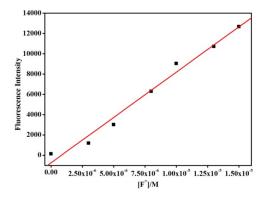


Fig. S3 Linear fitting curve of the fluorescence intensity L^2H versus [F⁻] (0 – 15 μ M) at 480 nm based on the fluorescence titration files.

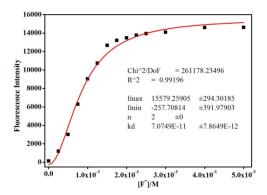


Fig. S4 Nonlinear fitting curve of the fluorescence intensity L^2H versus [F⁻] (0 – 50 μ M) at 480 nm based on the fluorescence titration files.

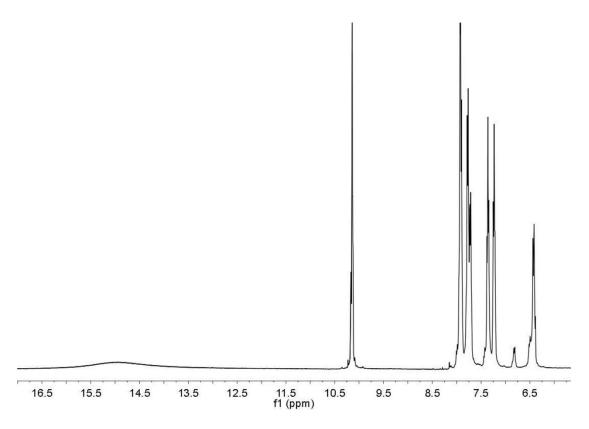


Fig. S5 Partial ¹H NMR spectra of probe $L^{2}H$ in the presence of 1 equiv. of F⁻ in CDCl₃-THF (V/V, 2/3) mixed solvent.

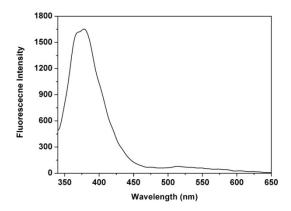


Fig. S6 Fluorescence emission spectra of L²H (100 μM) in THF. λ_{ex} =330 nm.