

Supplementary Information

Terminal Alkyne Substituted O⁶-Benzylguanine for Versatile and Effective Syntheses of Fluorescent Labels to Genetically Encoded SNAP Tags

Xinbo Song,^{†,a} Chao Wang,^{†,a} Zhuo Han,^b Yongping Xu^{*,b} and Yi Xiao^{*,a}

State Key Laboratory of Fine Chemicals, Dalian University of Technology, West Campus, 2 Linggong Road, Dalian 116024, China.

[†] These two authors contribute equally

* Corresponding authors: xyp_dlut@126.com; xiaoyi@dlut.edu.cn

All chemicals are obtained from commercial suppliers and used without further purification. The 400 (¹H) MHz NMR and 100 (¹³C) MHz NMR spectra are registered at room temperature on a 400 MHz spectrometer using perdeuterated solvents as internal standard. Images are acquired with a confocal microscopy from OLYMPUS.

4-[2-Propynylmethoxy]benzyl alcohol .

It is synthesized according to the literature procedures.¹ 1,4-benzenedimethanol (3 g, 21.71 mmol) is dissolved in 10 mL dry DMF, and NaH (1g) is added in small portions over 10min at 0°C. The mixture is stirred for 15min. Propargyl bromide (2.32 g 19.54 mmol) is added and the mixture is stirred for 1h at 25°C. The mixture is quenched with water, extracted with CH₂Cl₂, and purified by flash column chromatography with CH₂Cl₂ to get 4-[Prop-2-ynylloxymethyl]-benzyl alcohol (2.68g, 15.21mmol, 70%).

1-(2-Amino-7H-purin-6-yl)-1-methyl-pyrrolidinium chloride

It is synthesized according to the literature procedures.² 6-Chloro-guanine (0.5g , 5.9 mmol)) is dissolved in 15 ml DMF at 50°C. After cooling to room temperature, 1-methyl-pyrrolidin (1.4 ml, 13.2 mmol) is added and the reaction mixture is stirred for 24 h. 2 ml of acetone are added to complete precipitation. The solid is filtered, washed with ether and dried in vacuo, yielding 0.55 g product (2.16 mmol, 71%).

O⁶-[4-[2-propynylmethoxy]benzyl]guanine (PYBG).

4-[2-Propynylmethoxy]benzyl alcohol (662 mg, 7.33 mmol) is dissolved in 3 mL dry DMF, and NaH (65mg) is added in small portions over 3 min at 0°C. The mixture is stirred for 15 min. 1-(2-Amino-7H-purin-6-yl)-1-methyl-pyrrolidinium chloride (300 mg) and 4-dimethylaminopyridine (30 mg) are added and the mixture is stirred for 1h at 25°C. The mixture is quenched with 0.5 mL water and purified by flash column chromatography (gradient:CH₂Cl₂/CH₃OH 40:1→15:1)to yield 255 mg **PYBG** (0.83 mmol, 72%). mp 111.1-112.9°C.¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO) δ 11.60 (s, 1H), 6.99 (s, 1H), 6.64 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 6.50 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 5.45 (s, 2H), 4.63 (s, 2H), 3.68 (s, 2H), 3.33 (s, 2H), 2.65 (s, 1H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, DMSO) δ 159.6 , 137.4 , 136.2 , 128.4 , 127.8 , 80.1 , 77.5 , 70.4 , 66.4 , 56.9 . m/z (FTMS+p ESI): Calcd [M+H]⁺ for C₁₆H₁₆N₅O₂: 310.1299, found : 310.1295.

PYBG-TMR.

6-Br-tetramethylrhodamine(6-Br-TMR) is synthesized according to literature procedures.³

A mixture of 6-Br-TMR(20 mg, 0.064 mmol), PPh₃ (5 mg, 0.02 mmol), PYBG (20 mg, 0.064mmol), Pd[P(C₆H₅)₃]₄(2 mg, 0.002mmol), CuI (1mg, 0.005mmol), and DMF/Triethylamine (1.5 mL/0.5 mL) are placed in a 10 mL round-bottomed flask with a magnetic stirrer bar under a nitrogen atmosphere. The mixture is heated at 75°C for 4 h. Then the mixture is purified by column chromatography(gradient:CH₂Cl₂/CH₃OH 40:1→8:1) to yield 35mg **PYBG-TMR** (0.05mmol, 78%). mp More than 300°C. m/z (TOF-LD+): Calcd [M+H]⁺ for C₄₀H₃₆N₇O₅: 694.2778, found : 694.2833. The resolutions of ¹H NMR and ¹³C NMR spectra are not very satisfactory due to the extremely poor solubility of **PYBG-TMR** in CDCl₃, CD₃OD, and DMSO-*d*₆ etc. The purity is measured by HPLC is 94.4%.

PYBG-BODIPY 4,4-difluoro-8-[4-[[3-azidopropoxy]phenyl]]-1,3,5,7-teramethyl-4-bora-3a,4a-diazaindacene is synthesized according to literature procedures.⁴

A mixture of **BODIPY**(20mg, 0.05mmol), **PYBG**(15mg, 0.05mmol) and N,N-Diisopropylethylamine(0.05ml, 0.28mmol) are dissolved in 3mL DMF under a nitrogen atmosphere. CuSO₄·5H₂O(2mg, 0.008mmol) dissolved in 0.5mL water is added and then sodium ascorbate dissolved in 0.5mL water is added. The mixture is stirred for 7h at 25°C. Then the mixture is purified by column chromatography (gradient:CH₂Cl₂/CH₃OH 40:1→15:1) to yield 29mg **PYBG-BODIPY** (0.04mmol, 85%). mp 50.5-57.1°C. m/z (FTMS+p ESI): Calcd [M+H]⁺ for C₃₈H₄₀N₁₀F₂O₃B: 733.3340, found : 733.3342. The resolutions of ¹H NMR and ¹³C NMR spectra were not very satisfactory due to the extremely poor solubility of PYBG-BODIPY in CDCl₃, CD₃OD, and DMSO-*d*₆ etc. The purity is measured by HPLC is 99.1%.

Plasmid Construction

pSNAP_f vector and pSNAP_f-H2B plasmid are obtained from New England Biolabs (NEB). pSNAP_f-COX8A plasmid is constructed by insertion of mitochondrial targets sequence of cytochrome c oxidase subunit 8 (COX8A) to the N-terminus of SNAP (pSNAP_f vector). The COX8A sequence is obtained from anneal of oligonucleotides according to literature procedure with minor modification.⁴ The oligonucleotides Mito1-1 + Mito1-2 and Mito2-1 + Mito2-2 are annealed respectively to provide Mito1 and Mito2 dsDNAs. The dsDNAs are ligated and insert into pSNAP_f vector at EcoR V and EcoR I sites. All the plasmids are amplified in E. coil DH5α competent cells, and pSNAP_f-COX8A plasmid is verified by DNA sequencing.

Mito 1-1: ATCATGTCCGTCCTGACGCCGCTGCTGCTGCGGGGCTTGACAGGC

Mito 1-2: CCGGGCCGAGCCTGTCAAGCCCCGAGCAGCAGCGGCGTCAGGACGGACATGAT

Mito 2-1: TCGGCCCCGCGGCTCCCAGTGCCGCGGCCAAGATCCATTCGTTGGGGG

Mito 2-2: AATCCCCCAACGAATGGATCTTGGCGCGGCGGCACTGGGAGCCG

Cell Culture and labeling

COS-7 cells (Cell Bank of Type Culture Collection of Chinese Academy of Sciences) are cultured in Dulbeco's modified Eagle's medium (DMEM,Gibco) supplemented with 10% fetal bovine serum (FBS, Hyclone) at 37°C in an atmosphere of 5% CO₂/95% air (CO₂ incubator, Thermo Scientific). Cells are transiently transfected with pSNAP_f-H2B plasmid or pSNAP_f-COX8A plasmid by using Lipofectamine 2000 (Invitrogen) following the standard protocol. And stable transfection is established by G418 (Geneticin, Invitrogen) selection. Cells for imaging are seeded on 35 mm glass

bottom culture dishes ($\Phi=20$ mm) and cultured for 24-48 h. The dyes PYBG-TMR and PYBG-BODIPY are dissolved in DMSO (1 mM) by vortexing for 3 min to used as the stock solution. And when the dyes are submitted for cell imaging study, the stock solution are mixed with preheated (37°C) culture medium (DMEM with 10%FBS) and pipetted up and down more than 10 times to obtain the labeling solution. Cell labelling is achieved by incubating with PYBG conjugated dyes: PYBG-TMR ($3\ \mu\text{M}$) or PYBG-BODIPY ($5\ \mu\text{M}$) for 30 min at 37°C , and washed with PBS ($3\times 1\ \text{mL}$). After incubate for 2 h in DMEM (10% FBS), the medium is replaced with fresh DMEM (10% FBS) 30 min before imaging.

Purified SNAP protein for kinetics of the reaction

The SNAP protein for kinetics research is achieved from purifying by a C-terminus fused HisTag according to literature procedure.⁶ The SNAP coding sequence is cut from pSNAPf vector using EcoRI and XhoI restriction endonucleases. And the gene fragment is ligating in PET28a(+) (Novagen) using corresponding restriction sites. The PET28a-SNAP plasmid is transformed into *E. coli* strain BL-21(DE3), and the bacterial is grown in LB medium with $50\ \mu\text{g}/\text{mL}$ Kanamycin at $37\ ^{\circ}\text{C}$ to reach the optical density (OD_{600nm}) of 0.8. Then, isopropyl- β -D-thiogalactopyranoside (IPTG, 1 mM) is added for the inducing of the expression of SNAP-HisTag. The culture is grown at $16\ ^{\circ}\text{C}$ for 12 h. The subsequent purification of SNAP-HisTag is totally based on the literature method⁶ except a HisTrap HP (GE Healthcare) which is used for the purification. Finally, 6 mg purified SNAP-HisTag ($80\ \mu\text{M}$ in 3 mL elution buffer) is obtained.

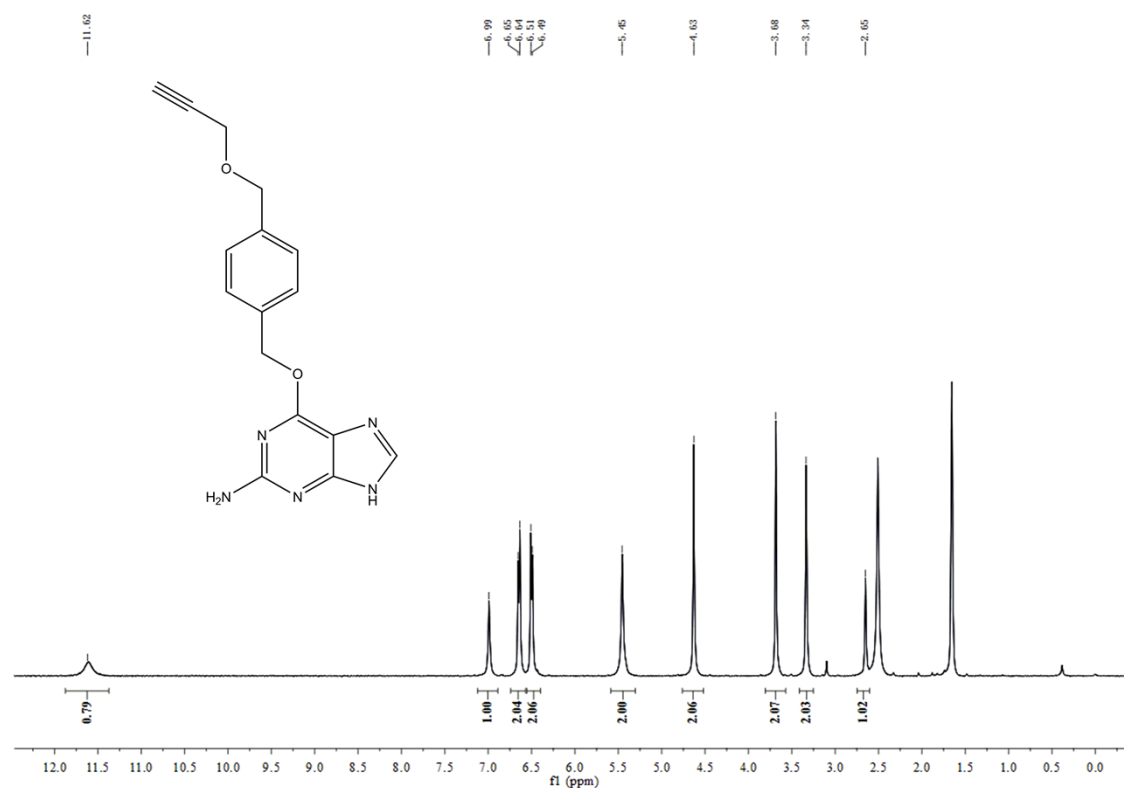


Figure 1. PYBG ^1H NMR

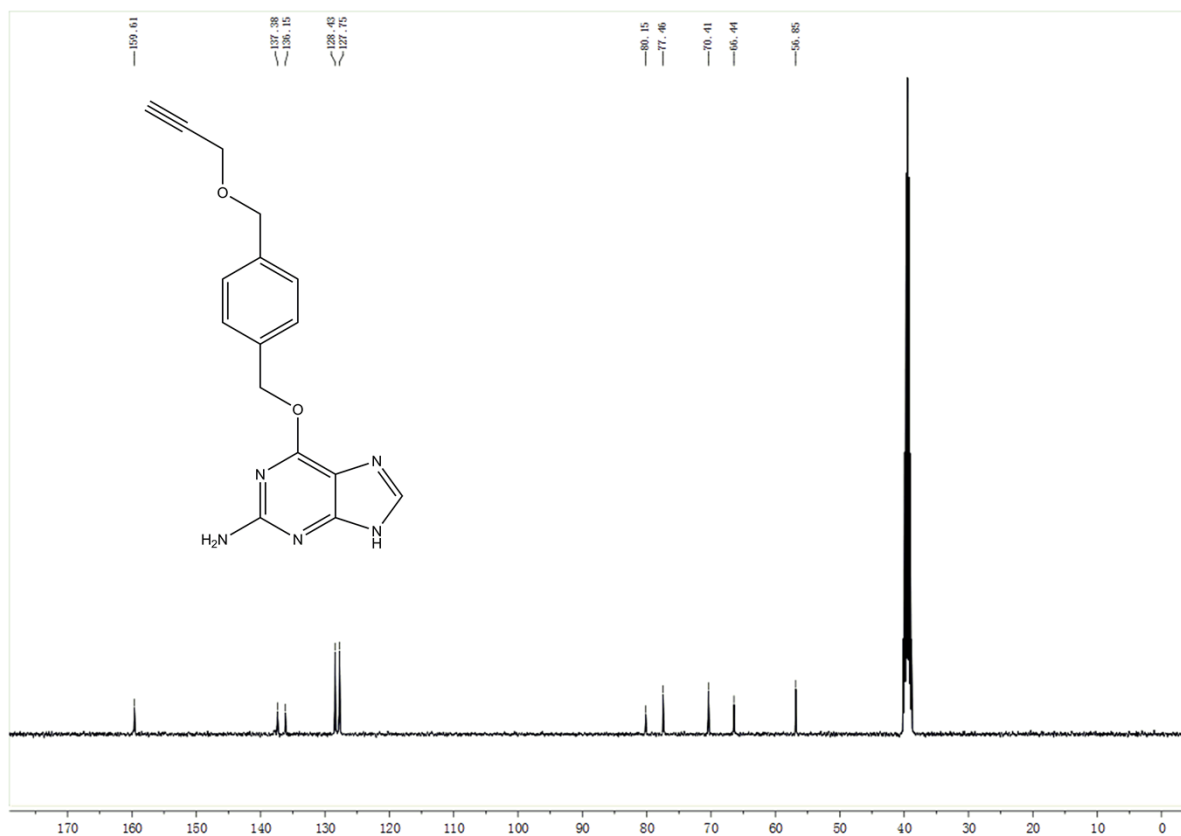


Figure 2. PYBG ¹³C NMR

SXB-M732 #14-16 RT: 0.10-0.12 AV: 3 SB: 7 0.82-0.87 NL: 3.06E6
 T: FTMS + p ESI Full ms [200.00-1000.00]

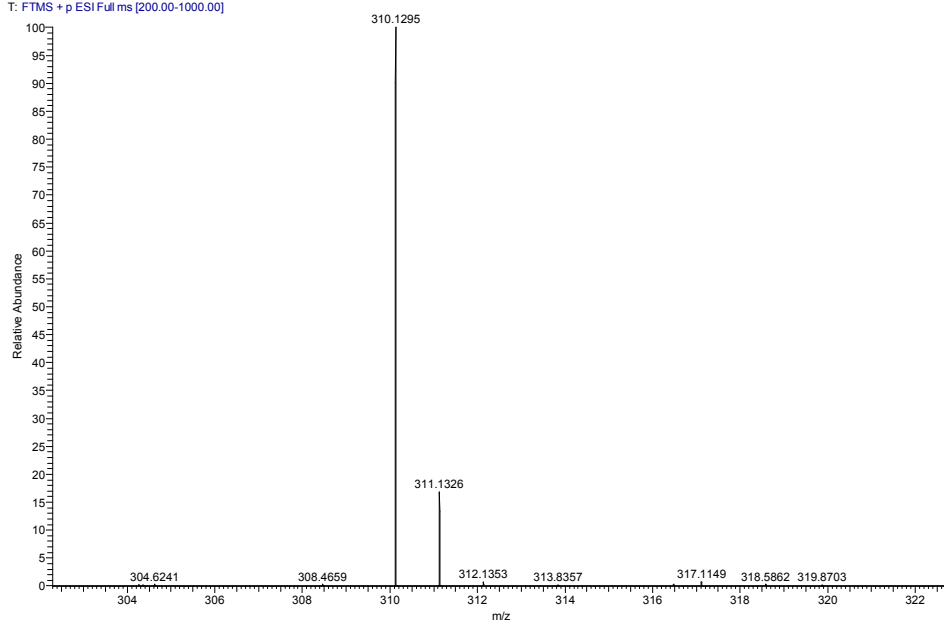


Figure 3. ESI ms Spectrum PYBG

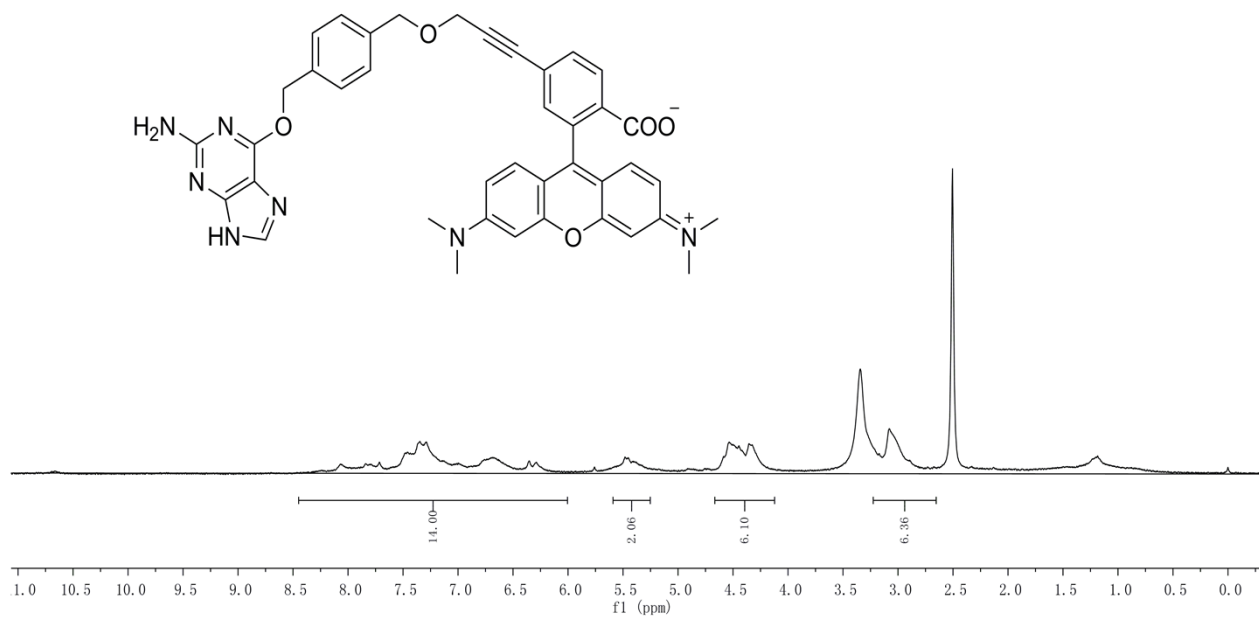
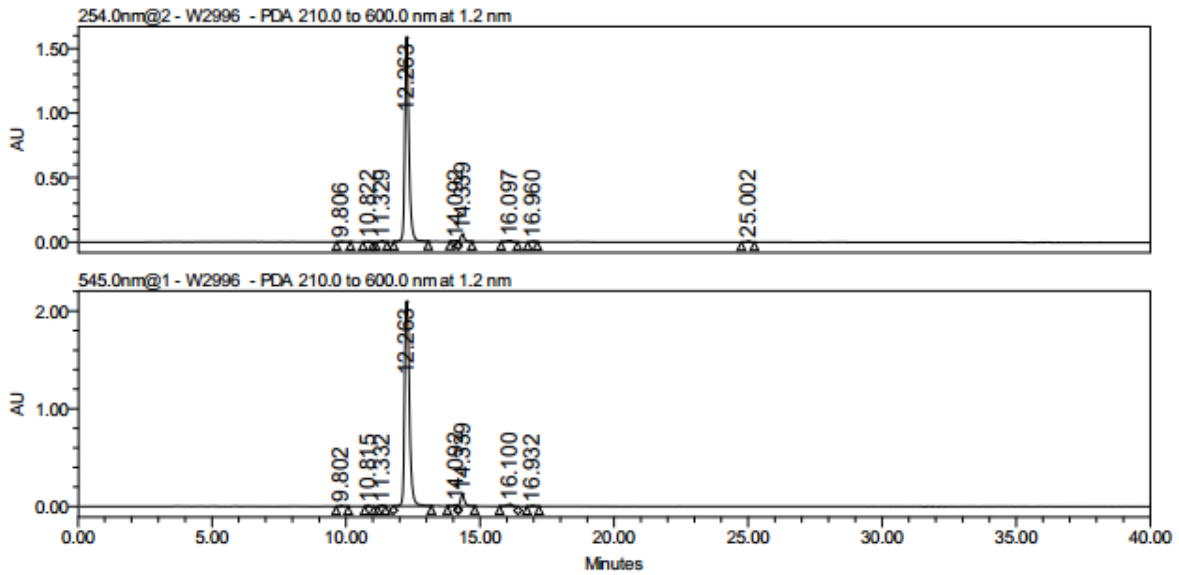


Figure4.PYBG-TMR ¹H NMR

SAMPLE INFORMATION

Sample Name: sxb Sample Type: Unknown Vial: 29 Injection #: 1 Injection Volume: 2.00 ul Run Time: 40.0 Minutes	Acquired By: System Sample Set Name: 14070902 Acq. Method Set: 2A Processing Method: 3 Channel Name: 254.0nm@2, 545.0nm@1 Proc. Chnl. Descr.: PDA 254.0 nm, PDA 545.0 nm
Date Acquired: 7/10/2014 3:33:59 PM CST Project Name: H140707 Channel Id 1262 Date Processed: 7/10/2014 4:25:00 PM CST, 7/10/2014 4:26:00 PM CST	



Processed Channel Descr.: PDA 254.0 nm

	Processed Channel Descr.	RT	Area	% Area	Height
1	PDA 254.0 nm	9.806	30474	0.17	2099
2	PDA 254.0 nm	10.822	22259	0.13	2262
3	PDA 254.0 nm	11.329	56249	0.32	6241
4	PDA 254.0 nm	12.263	16590118	94.42	1586846
5	PDA 254.0 nm	14.092	59885	0.34	6023
6	PDA 254.0 nm	14.339	559655	3.19	56884
7	PDA 254.0 nm	16.097	155446	0.88	10133
8	PDA 254.0 nm	16.960	34151	0.19	3460
9	PDA 254.0 nm	25.002	62350	0.35	5183

Processed Channel Descr.: PDA 545.0 nm

	Processed Channel Descr.	RT	Area	% Area	Height
1	PDA 545.0 nm	9.802	65852	0.23	4972

Processed Channel Descr.: PDA 545.0 nm

	Processed Channel Descr.	RT	Area	% Area	Height
2	PDA 545.0 nm	10.815	52426	0.19	5465
3	PDA 545.0 nm	11.332	101296	0.36	10807
4	PDA 545.0 nm	12.263	26241190	92.74	2095104
5	PDA 545.0 nm	14.092	146147	0.52	12277
6	PDA 545.0 nm	14.339	1241900	4.39	121647
7	PDA 545.0 nm	16.100	355988	1.26	20274
8	PDA 545.0 nm	16.932	91238	0.32	6796

Figure 5.HPLC spectrum PYBG-TMR

SXB(CHCA)

13091603 9 (0.149)

TOF LD+
2.83e3

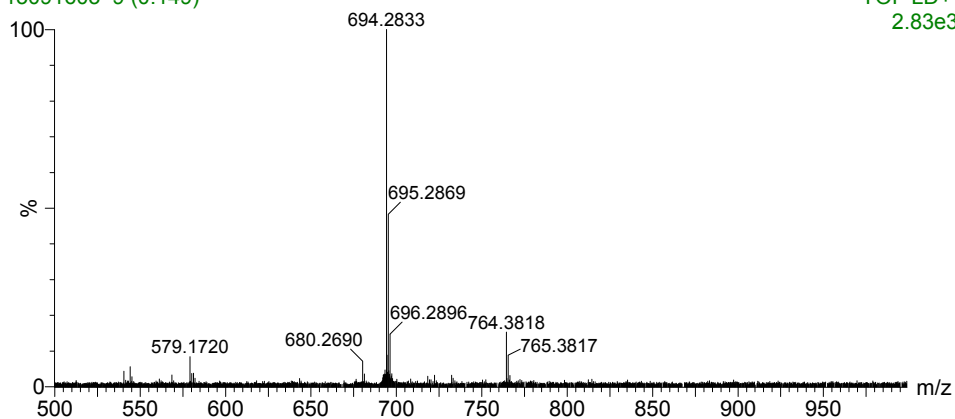


Figure 6.TOF LD+ ms Spectrum PYBG-TMR

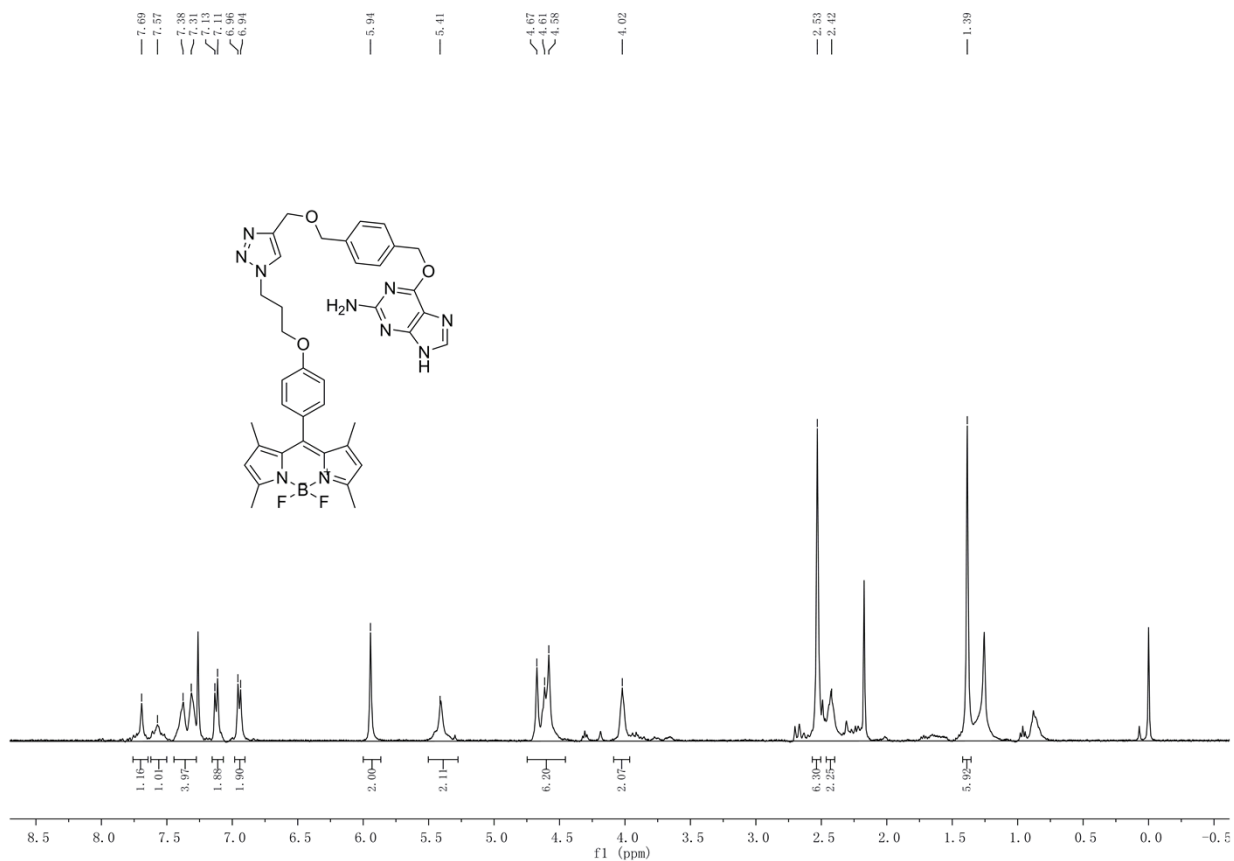
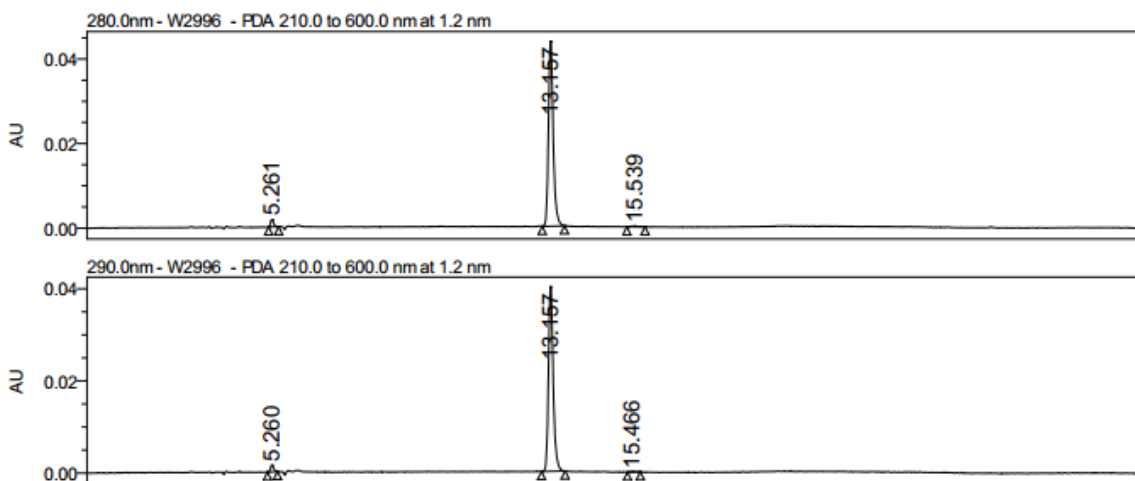
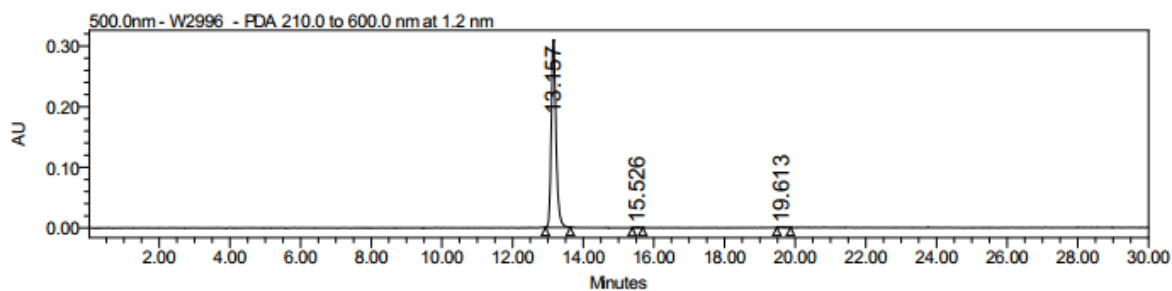


Figure 7. PYBG-BODIPY ¹H NMR

SAMPLE INFORMATION			
Sample Name:	sxb	Acquired By:	System
Sample Type:	Unknown	Sample Set Name:	15020401
Vial:	14	Acq. Method Set:	6
Injection #:	1	Processing Method:	2, 3
Injection Volume:	1.00 ul	Channel Name:	280.0nm, 290.0nm, 500.0nm
Run Time:	30.0 Minutes	Proc. Chnl. Descr.:	PDA 280.0 nm, PDA 290.0 nm,
Date Acquired:	2/4/2015 9:43:12 PM CST	Project Name:	H150115 Channel Id 1405
Date Processed:	2/5/2015 8:51:19 AM CST, 2/5/2015 8:51:48 AM CST, 2/5/2015 8:52:09 AM CST		





Processed Channel Descr.: PDA 280.0 nm

	Processed Channel Descr.	RT	Area	% Area	Height
1	PDA 280.0 nm	5.261	10630	2.52	1710
2	PDA 280.0 nm	13.157	408908	96.80	44082
3	PDA 280.0 nm	15.539	2898	0.69	184

Processed Channel Descr.: PDA 290.0 nm

	Processed Channel Descr.	RT	Area	% Area	Height
1	PDA 290.0 nm	5.260	9231	2.40	1485

Processed Channel Descr.: PDA 290.0 nm

	Processed Channel Descr.	RT	Area	% Area	Height
2	PDA 290.0 nm	13.157	373756	97.19	40375
3	PDA 290.0 nm	15.466	1579	0.41	127

Processed Channel Descr.: PDA 500.0 nm

	Processed Channel Descr.	RT	Area	% Area	Height
1	PDA 500.0 nm	13.157	2887604	99.43	310759
2	PDA 500.0 nm	15.526	7639	0.26	891
3	PDA 500.0 nm	19.613	8799	0.30	823

Figure 8.HPLC spectrum PYBG-BODIPY

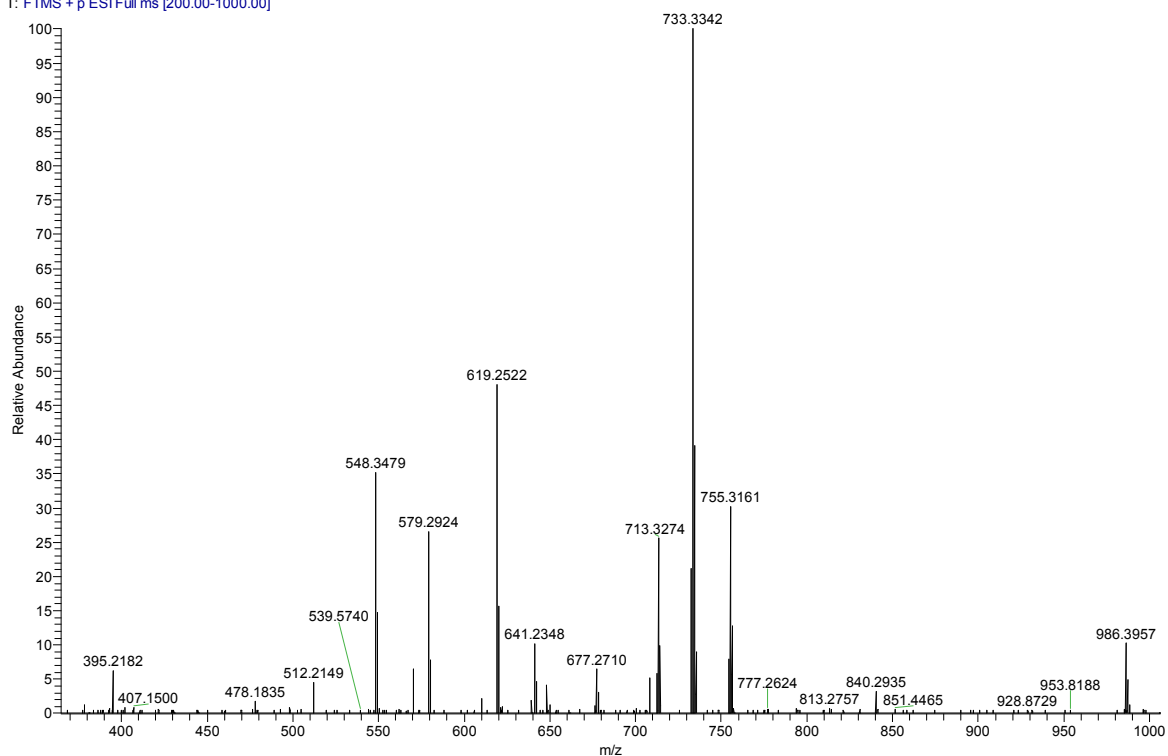


Figure 9.ESI ms Spectrum PYBG-BODIPY

- 1 G. Lemerrier, S. Gendreizig, M. Kindermann, K. Johnsson, *Angew. Chem. Int. Ed. Engl.* **2007**, *46*, 4281-4284.
- 2 A. Keppler, S. Gendreizig, T. Gronemeyer, H. Pick, H. Vogel and K. Johnsson, *Nat. Biotechnol.*, 2003, *21*, 86.
- 3 H. Yu, Y. Xiao, H. Guo, *Org. Lett.* 2012, *14*, 2014-2017.
- 4 M. Yuan, X. Yin, H. Zheng, C. Ouyang, Z. Zuo, H. Liu, Y. Li, *Chemistry – An Asian Journal* 2009, *4*, 707-713.
- 5 T. Elisa, M. N. Elizabeth, J. Jacek, J. L. Stephen, *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* 20 08, *130*, 15776-15777.
- 6 D. Srikun, A. E. Albers, C. I. Nam, A. T. Iavarone and C. J. Chang, *J. Am. Chem. Soc.*, 2010, *132*, 4455-4465.