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Tailoring the Amphiphilicity and Self-assembly of Thermosensitive Polymers: End-capped PEG-PNIPAAm Block Copolymers

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Figure S1 Synthesis of C₁₈-Br and C₁₈-PEG-Br initiator

Figure S2 ¹H NMR spectrum of C₁₈-Br in CDCl₃

Figure S3 ¹³C NMR spectrum of C₁₈-Br in CDCl₃

Figure S4 ¹H NMR spectrum of C₁₈-PEG₁₀-Br in CDCl₃

Figure S5 ¹³C NMR spectrum of C₁₈-PEG₁₀-Br in CDCl₃

Figure S6 ¹H NMR spectra of C₁₈-PEG₂₀-Br and C₁₈-PEG₁₀₀-Br in CDCl₃

Figure S7 ¹H NMR spectra of C₁₈-PEG₂₀-PNIPAAm and C₁₈-PEG₁₀₀-PNIPAAm in CDCl₃

Figure S8 ¹H NMR spectra of C₁₈-PEG₁₀-PNIPAAm, C₁₈-PEG₂₀-PNIPAAm and C₁₈-PEG₁₀₀-PNIPAAm in D₂O (25°C)

NMR spectra were recorded using a Bruker AVANCE DPX 300 MHz spectrometer (300 MHz for ¹H and 75 MHz for ¹³C). CDCl₃ was used as the solvent and TMS was selected as the reference standard. The D₂O singlet at 4.70 ppm was selected as reference standard when the samples were measured in heavy water. Spectral features are tabulated in the following order: chemical shift (ppm); multiplicity (s – singlet, d – doublet, t – triplet, m – complex multiple).

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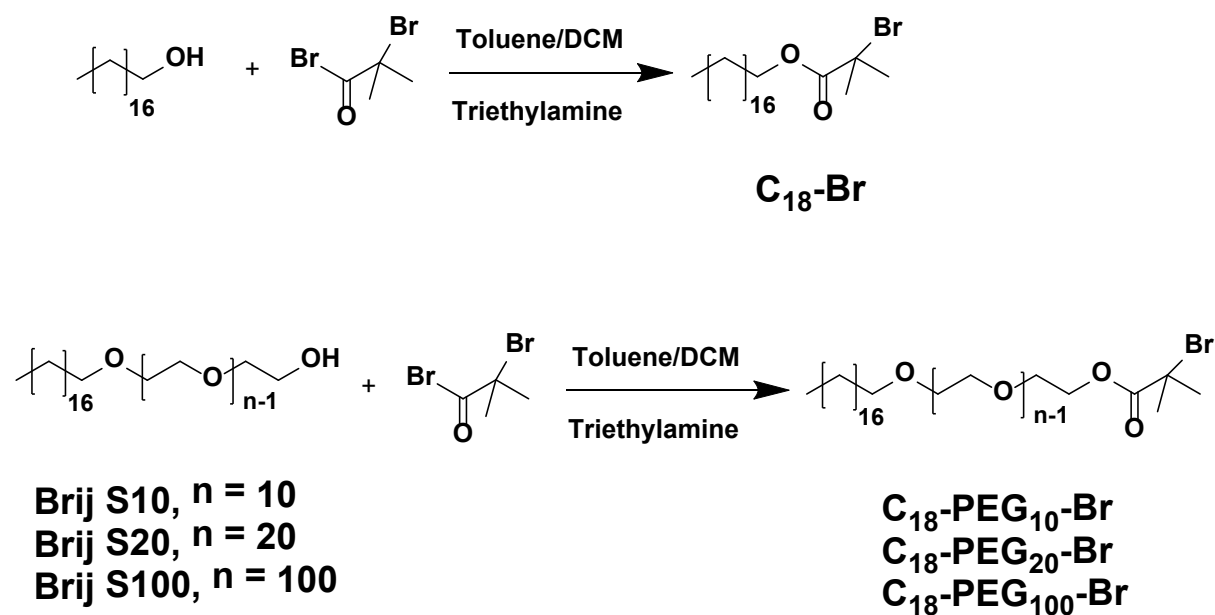


Figure S1 Synthesis of C₁₈-Br and C₁₈-PEG-Br initiator

Synthesis of the octadecyl initiator (C₁₈-Br) and octadecyl-capped poly(ethylene glycol) initiator (C₁₈-PEG_n-Br, n = 10, 20 and 100)

The octadecyl-capped initiator (C₁₈-Br) and octadecyl-capped-PEG macroinitiators (C₁₈-PEG-Br) were prepared by reacting octadecanol (C₁₈-OH) or poly(ethylene glycol) octadecyl ether (C₁₈-PEG-OH) with 2-bromoisobutyl bromide in the presence of triethylamine.^{1,2,3} The ¹H-NMR spectra indicated that the degree of esterification was at least 99 %.

Octadecyl 2-bromoisobutyrate (C₁₈-Br): ¹H NMR (300MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 0.88 (t, 3H, CH₃-CH₂-), 1.26 (m, 30H, -(CH₂)₁₅-), 1.66 (m, 2H, CH₃(CH₂)₁₅CH₂CH₂O-), 1.95(s, 6H, -COC(CH₃)₂Br), 4.16 (t, 2H, CH₃(CH₂)₁₆CH₂O-);

¹³C NMR (75MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 172 (C=O), 66(-OCH₂(CH₂)₁₆CH₃), 56(-C(CH₃)₂ Br), 32 (-C(CH₃)₂Br), 23-31 (-OCH₂(CH₂)₁₆CH₃), 14(-O(CH₂)₁₇CH₃).

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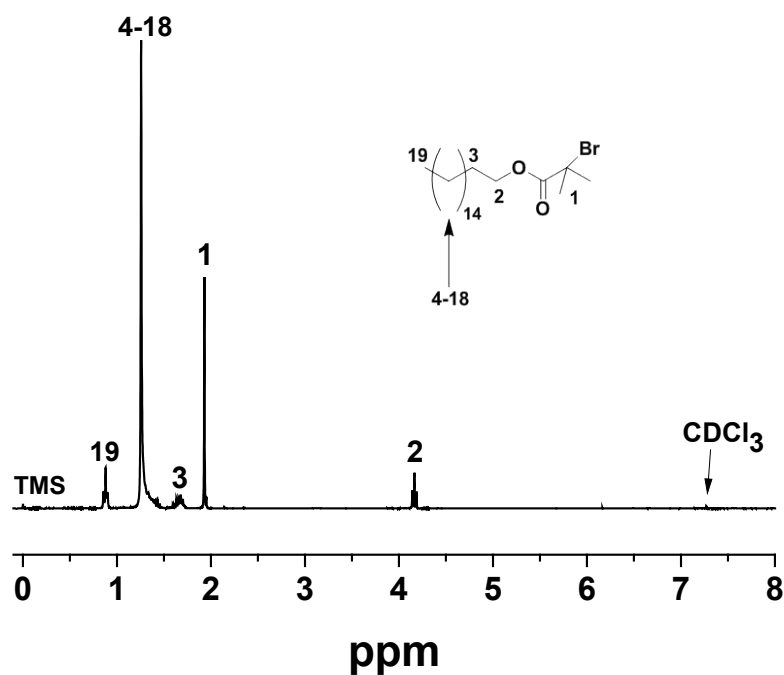


Figure S2 ^1H NMR spectrum of $\text{C}_{18}\text{-Br}$ in CDCl_3

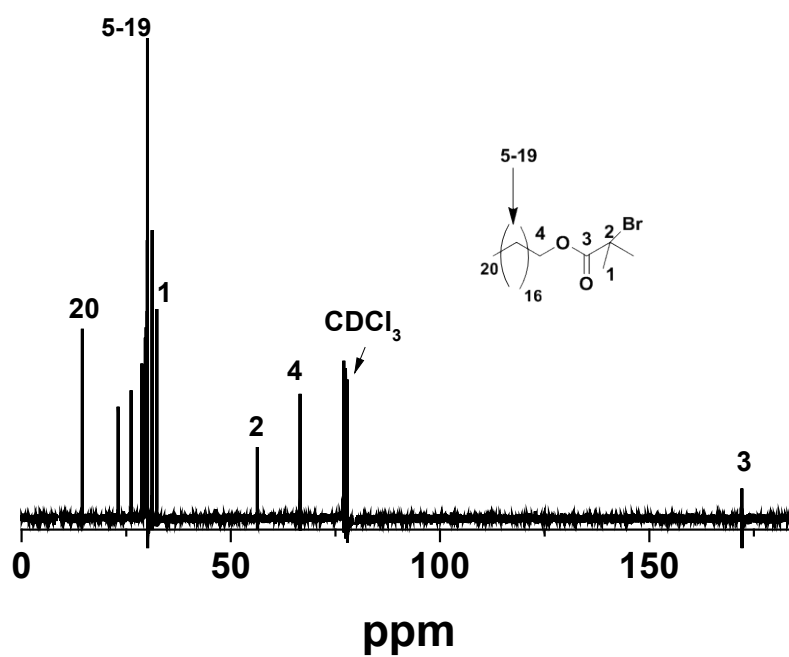


Figure S3 ^{13}C NMR spectrum of $\text{C}_{18}\text{-Br}$ in CDCl_3

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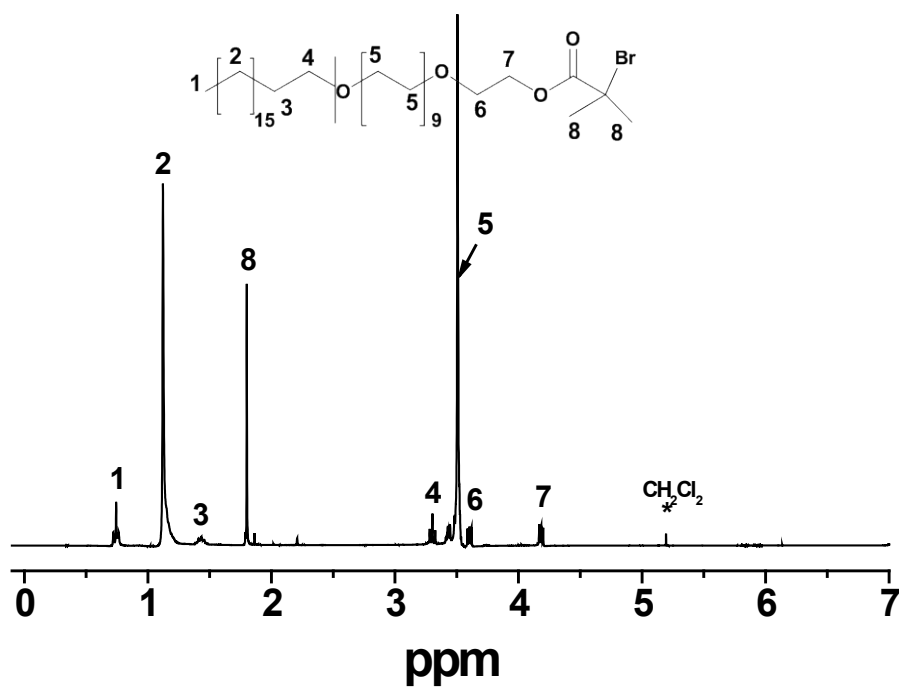


Figure S4 ^1H NMR spectrum of $\text{C}_{18}\text{-PEG}_{10}\text{-Br}$ in CDCl_3

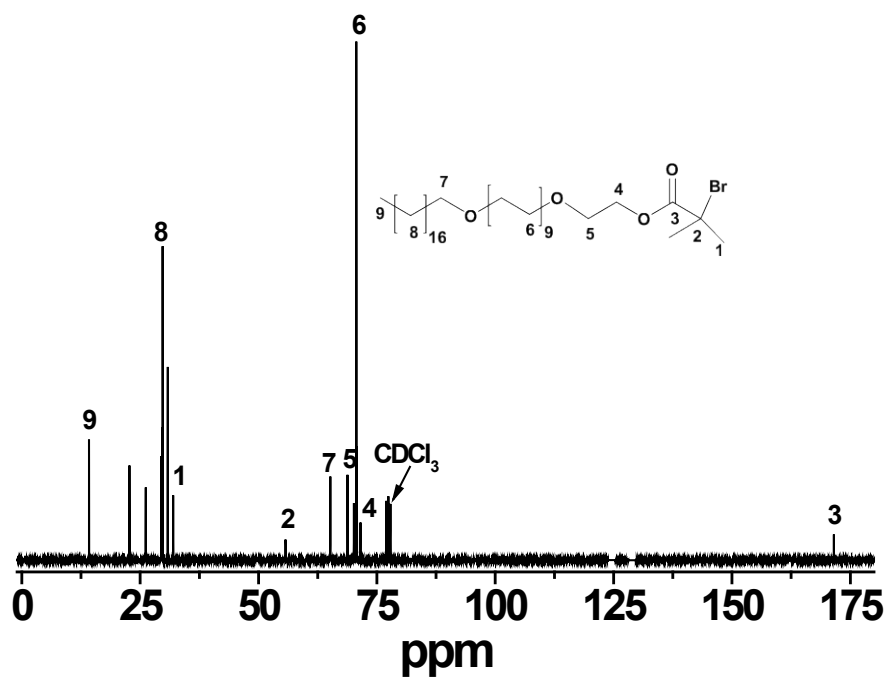


Figure S5 ^{13}C NMR spectrum of $\text{C}_{18}\text{-PEG}_{10}\text{-Br}$ in CDCl_3

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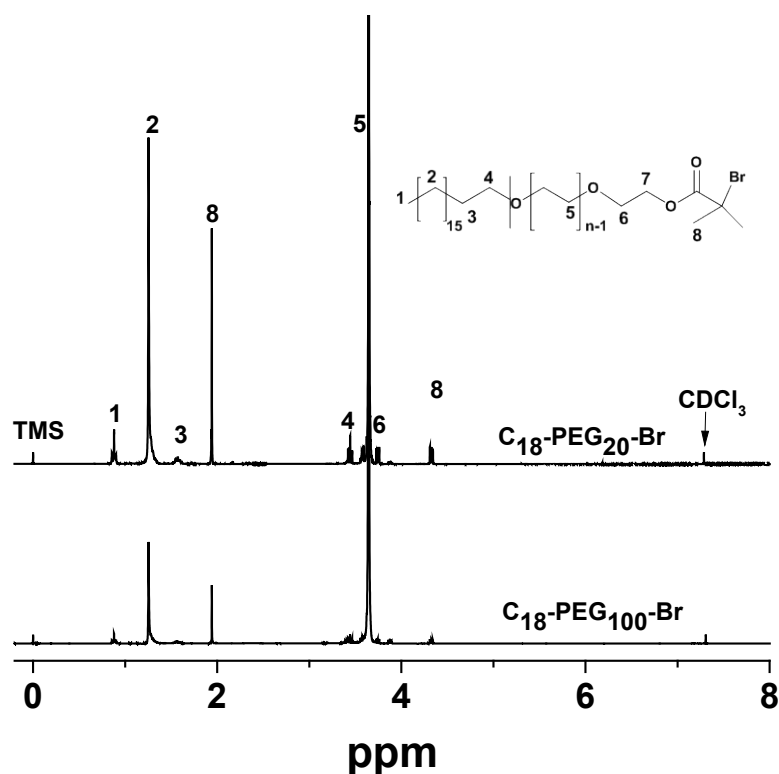


Figure S6 ^1H NMR spectrum of $\text{C}_{18}\text{-PEG}_{20}\text{-Br}$ and $\text{C}_{18}\text{-PEG}_{100}\text{-Br}$ in CDCl_3

Poly(ethylene glycol) methyl ether 2-bromoisobutyrate ($\text{C}_{18}\text{-PEG}_{10}\text{-Br}$)

^1H NMR (300MHz, CDCl_3): $\delta = 0.72$ (t, 3H, $\text{CH}_3\text{-CH}_2\text{-}$), 1.12 (m, 30H, $\text{-(CH}_2\text{)}_{15}\text{-}$), 1.43 (m, 2H, $\text{CH}_3(\text{CH}_2)_{15}\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{O-}$), 1.8 (s, $\text{-COC(CH}_3\text{)}_2\text{ Br}$), 3.3 (m, 2H, $\text{CH}_3(\text{CH}_2)_{16}\text{CH}_2\text{O-}$), 3.50 (m, 36H, $\text{-O-(CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{)}_9\text{-O-CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{O-}$), 3.58 (m, 2H, $\text{-O-(CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{)}_9\text{-O-CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{O-}$), 4.16 (m, 2H, $\text{-O-(CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{)}_9\text{-O-CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{O-}$);

^{13}C NMR (75MHz, CDCl_3): $\delta = 171$ (C=O), 71-66 ($\text{-O-(CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{)}_n\text{-O}$), 65 ($\text{-OCH}_2(\text{CH}_2)_{16}\text{CH}_3$), 56 ($\text{-C(CH}_3\text{)}_2\text{ Br}$), 32 ($\text{-C(CH}_3\text{)}_2\text{ Br}$), 22-30 ($\text{-OCH}_2(\text{CH}_2)_{16}\text{CH}_3$), 14 ($\text{-O(CH}_2\text{)}_{17}\text{CH}_3$).

Poly(ethylene glycol) methyl ether 2-bromoisobutyrate ($\text{C}_{18}\text{-PEG}_{20}\text{-Br}$):

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^1H NMR (300MHz, CDCl_3): δ = 0.88 (t, 3H, $\text{CH}_3\text{-CH}_2\text{-}$), 1.26 (m, 30H, $\text{-(CH}_2\text{)}_{15}\text{-}$), 1.57 (m, 2H, $\text{CH}_3(\text{CH}_2)_{15}\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{O-}$), 1.94(s, $\text{-COC(CH}_3\text{)}_2\text{ Br}$), 3.42 (m, 2H, $\text{CH}_3(\text{CH}_2)_{16}\text{CH}_2\text{O-}$), 3.57 (m, 76H, $\text{-O-(CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{)}_{19}\text{-O-CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{O-}$), 3.72 (m, 2H, $\text{-O-(CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{)}_{19}\text{-O-CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{O-}$), 4.34 (m, 2H, $\text{-O-(CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{)}_{19}\text{-O-CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{O-}$);

^{13}C NMR (75MHz, CDCl_3): δ = 172 (C=O), 72-69 ($\text{-O-(CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{)}_n\text{-O}$), 65($\text{-OCH}_2(\text{CH}_2)_{16}\text{CH}_3$), 56($\text{-C(CH}_3\text{)}_2\text{Br}$), 32($\text{-C(CH}_3\text{)}_2\text{Br}$), 23-31($\text{-OCH}_2(\text{CH}_2)_{16}\text{CH}_3$), 14 ($\text{O(CH}_2\text{)}_{17}\text{CH}_3$).

Poly(ethylene glycol) methyl ether 2-bromoisobutyrate ($\text{C}_{18}\text{-PEG}_{100}\text{-Br}$):

^1H NMR (300MHz, CDCl_3): δ = 0.88 (t, 3H, $\text{CH}_3\text{-CH}_2\text{-}$), 1.27 (m, 30H, $\text{-(CH}_2\text{)}_{15}\text{-}$), 1.58 (m, 2H, $\text{CH}_3(\text{CH}_2)_{15}\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{O-}$), 1.95 (s, $\text{-COC(CH}_3\text{)}_2\text{ Br}$), 3.44 (m, 2H, $\text{CH}_3(\text{CH}_2)_{16}\text{CH}_2\text{O-}$), 3.58 (m, 396H, $\text{-O-(CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{)}_{99}\text{-O-CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{O-}$), 3.73 (m, 2H, $\text{-O-(CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{)}_{99}\text{-O-CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{O-}$), 4.34 (m, 2H, $\text{-O-(CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{)}_{99}\text{-O-CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{O-}$);

^{13}C NMR (75MHz, CDCl_3): δ = 172 (C=O), 71-66 ($\text{-O-(CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{)}_n\text{-O}$), 65($\text{-OCH}_2(\text{CH}_2)_{16}\text{CH}_3$), 56 ($\text{-C(CH}_3\text{)}_2\text{Br}$), 32($\text{-C(CH}_3\text{)}_2\text{Br}$), 22-30($\text{-OCH}_2(\text{CH}_2)_{16}\text{CH}_3$), 14 ($\text{O(CH}_2\text{)}_{17}\text{CH}_3$).

The numbers of repeating units of the ethylene glycol (EG) in the PEG polymers were recalculated according to their proton NMR spectra of the fully esterification products, based on a simple formula: $n = (3I_a/2I_b)$, where I_a is the corresponding integral area of the methenyl group of EG ($\text{-O-CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{-}$) at 3.7 ppm and I_b is the integral area of the end-capped methyl group ($\text{-C(CH}_3\text{)}_2\text{Br}$, 6H) at 1.9 ppm. The number of repeating units of EG were estimated to be 10 for Brij®S10, 20 for Brij®S20 and 100 for Brij®S100, and they are designated $\text{C}_{18}\text{-PEG}_{10}$, $\text{C}_{18}\text{-PEG}_{20}$ and $\text{C}_{18}\text{-PEG}_{100}$, respectively.^{2,3}

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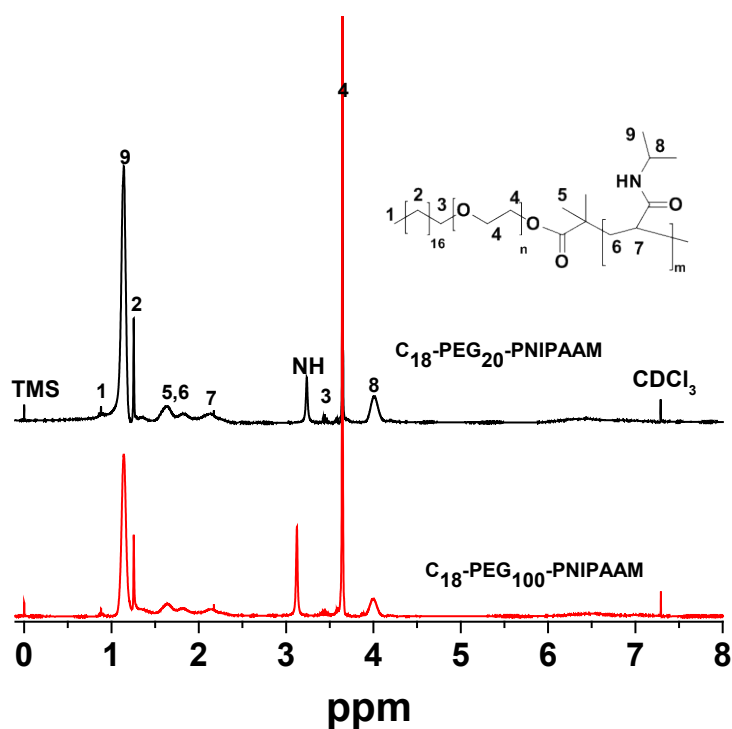
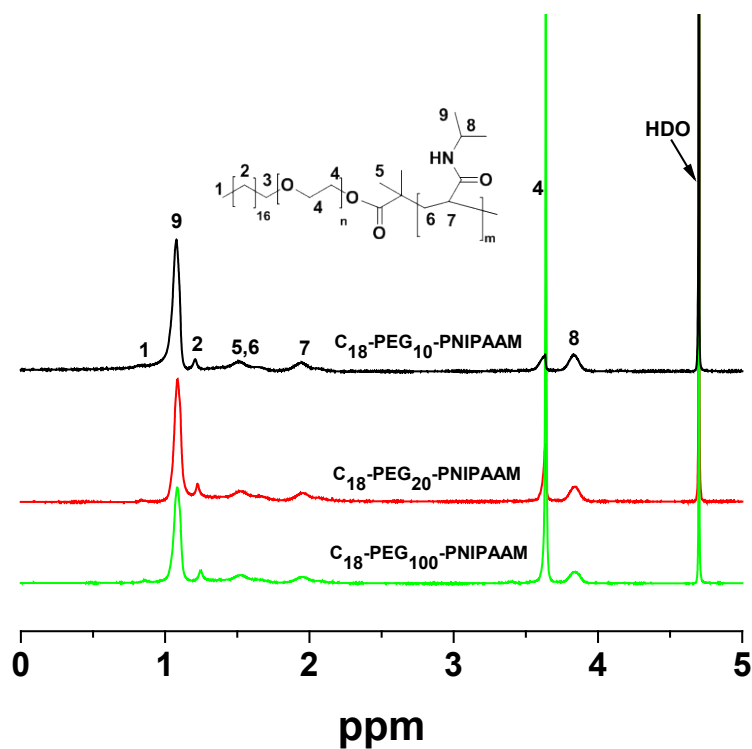


Figure S7 ^1H NMR spectrum of $\text{C}_{18}\text{-PEG}_{20}\text{-PNIPAAm}$ and $\text{C}_{18}\text{-PEG}_{100}\text{-PNIPAAm}$ in CDCl_3



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Figure S8 ^1H NMR spectra of $\text{C}_{18}\text{-PEG}_{10}\text{-PNIPAAM}$, $\text{C}_{18}\text{-PEG}_{20}\text{-PNIPAAM}$ and $\text{C}_{18}\text{-PEG}_{100}\text{-PNIPAAM}$ in D_2O (25°C)

References:

- 1 S. Liu and S. P. Armes, *J. Am. Chem. Soc.*, 2001, **123**, 9910.
- 2 N. Beheshti, K. Zhu, A.-L. Kjøniksen, K. D. Knudsen, and B. Nyström, *Soft Matter*, 2011, **7**, 8111.
- 3 W. Wang, H. Mauroy, K. Zhu, K. D. Knudsen, A.-L. Kjøniksen, B. Nyström and S. A. Sande, *Soft Matter*, 2012, **8**, 11514