

Supporting information

Rational Design of a Reusable Chemodosimeter for the Selective Detection of Hg²⁺

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1 apparatus and reagents

All cations in the form of perchloride salts were purchased from Sigma-Aldrich and used without further purification. The solutions of anions were prepared from their sodium salts. All solvents used for spectroscopic test are spectroscopic grade. A JASCO FP-6300 spectrofluorimeter was used for fluorescence measurements. ^1H NMR and ^{13}C NMR spectra were obtained on a Bruker AVANCE-400 spectrometer. Mass spectra were measured on an Agilent 6310 MS spectrometer and a Q-TOF MS spectrometer.

2. Synthesis and structural characterization of **2** (4- Allyloxy-N-butyl-1,8-naphthalimide)

4-Hydroxy-N-butyl-1, 8-naphthalimide **1** (1.4 g, 4.7mmol) and K_2CO_3 (0.94 g, 6.8mmol) was suspended in acetone (30 ml). Then, the mixture was refluxed for 12 h under Ar. After cooled, inorganic salt was filtrated off. After evaporation of the filtrate, the product was purified with silica gel chromatography, eluted with CH_2Cl_2 and petroleum ether (1:3) to afford **2** as pure white solid in 69% yield.(1.0 g) : ^1H NMR (400 Hz, CDCl_3) δ : 8.59 (d, $J = 8$ Hz , 2H), 8.52(d, $J = 8$ Hz , 1H), 7.68-7.72 (m, 1H), 7.02(d, $J = 8$ Hz , 1H), 6.13-6.23 (m, 1H), 5.41-5.57 (m, 2H), 4.85(d, $J = 4$ Hz , 2H), 4.15-4.18 (m, 2H), 1.67-1.73 (m, 2H), 1.42-1.48 (m, 2H), 0.90-1.00 (m, 3H); ^{13}C NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ :13.89, 20.42, 30.27, 40.10, 69.55, 106.20, 115.20, 118.73, 122.46, 123.56, 125.92, 128.62, 129.40, 131.51,131.87,133.26,159.61,163.92,164.52 ; HRMS (ESI) m/z calcd for $\text{C}_{19}\text{H}_{19}\text{NO}_3\text{Na}$ $[\text{M}+\text{Na}]^+$:332.1263; found,332.1269.

2. Synthesis of compound AHNA (2-allyl-4-hydroxy-N-butyl-1,8-naphthalimide)

4- Allyloxy-N-butyl-1, 8-naphthalimide **2**(1.0 g, 3.32mmol) was dissolved in N-methylpyrrolidone (10 mL) and refluxed for 3 h at 220 °C under Ar. After evaporation of the solvent, the product was purified with silica gel chromatography, eluted with ethyl acetate and petroleum ether (1:15) to afford **AHNA** as dark yellow solid in 22% yield (0.22g). : ^1H NMR (400 Hz, CDCl_3) δ : 8.51-8.59 (m, 2H), 8.40 (s, 1H), 7.69-7.73 (m, 1H), 6.49(s, 1H), 6.06 -6.14 (m, 1H),5.37(d, $J = 12$ Hz , 2H), 4.16-4.19 (m,

2H), 3.70 (d, $J = 4$ Hz, 2H), 1.67-1.73 (m, 2H), 1.42-1.47 (m, 2H), 0.95-0.99 (m, 3H); ^{13}C NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ : 13.89, 20.41, 30.28, 35.58, 40.15, 115.04, 118.43, 119.68, 122.42, 122.81, 125.99, 128.35, 128.78, 131.23, 134.98, 135.00, 156.27, 164.10, 164.60; HRMS (ESI) m/z calcd for $\text{C}_{19}\text{H}_{18}\text{NO}_3$ $[\text{M}-\text{H}]^+$: 308.1287; found, 308.1281.

2. Synthesis of compound Hg-AHNA

2-Allyl-4-hydroxy-N-butyl-1,8-naphthalimide (60 mg, 0.19 mmol) was dissolved in Dimethylsulfoxide (5 ml) and 4995 ml Tris-HCl buffer solution (pH=7.4), then HgCl_2 (0.515 mg, 1.9 mmol) was added. After stirring overnight, the solution was extracted with dichloromethane. After evaporation of the solvent, the product was recrystallized from ethyl acetate to yield dark yellow crystals of **Hg-AHNA** in 40% yield (0.42 g): ^1H NMR (400 Hz, CDCl_3) δ : 8.58 (d, $J = 8$ Hz, 1H), 8.45 (s, 1H), 8.26 (d, $J = 8$ Hz, 1H), 7.68-7.72 (m, 1H), 5.56-5.63 (m, 1H), 4.15-4.18 (m, 2H), 3.70-3.76 (m, 1H), 3.06-3.12 (m, 1H), 2.55-2.59 (m, 1H), 2.42-2.46 (m, 1H), 1.67-1.75 (m, 2H), 1.42-1.47 (m, 2H), 0.96-0.99 (m, 3H); ^{13}C NMR (400 MHz, $\text{DMSO}-d_6$) δ : 13.89, 20.41, 30.28, 35.58, 40.15, 115.04, 118.43, 119.68, 122.42, 122.81, 125.99, 128.35, 128.78, 131.23, 134.98, 135.00, 156.27, 164.10, 164.60; HRMS (ESI) m/z calcd for $\text{C}_{19}\text{H}_{19}\text{NO}_3\text{ClHg}$ $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$: 546.0760; found, 546.0734.

3. General procedure for Hg^{2+} detection

A stock solution of probe **AHNA** (10^{-2} mol/L) was prepared by dissolving the requisite amount of **AHNA** in DMSO, and solutions of various metal ions were prepared by dissolving their salts in water. All measurements were made according to the following procedure. In a small cell, 40 μL **AHNA** of the stock solution of **AHNA** and 3940 μL Tris-HCl buffer solution (pH=7.4) were mixed, followed by addition of an appropriate volume of metal ions solution, then the fluorescence sensing of different metal ions was run.

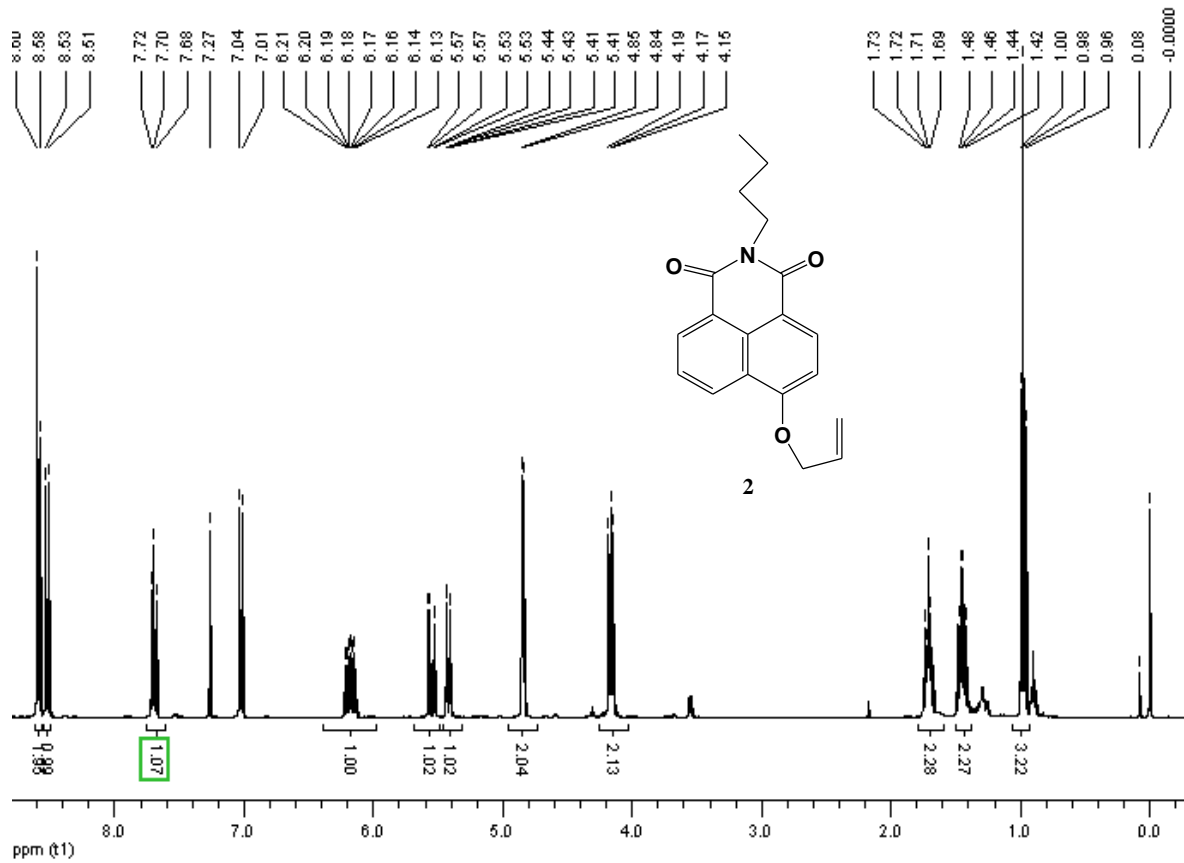


Figure S1. ¹H NMR for compound **2** in CDCl₃

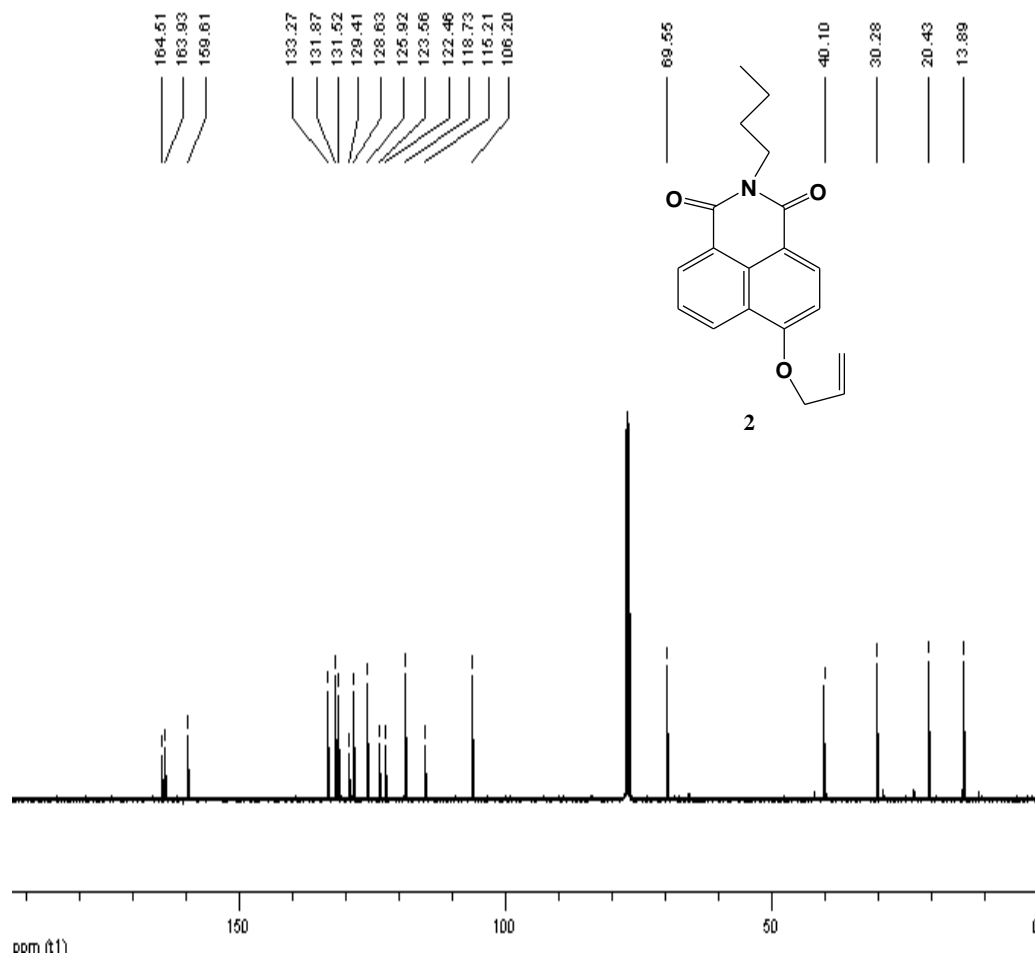


Figure S2. ^{13}C NMR for compound 2 in CDCl_3

GP

15:31:49

12042034 46 (0.860) AM (Cen,2, 80.00, Ht,5000.0,0.00,1.00); Sm (Mn, 2x1.00); Cm (42:53)

1.94e3

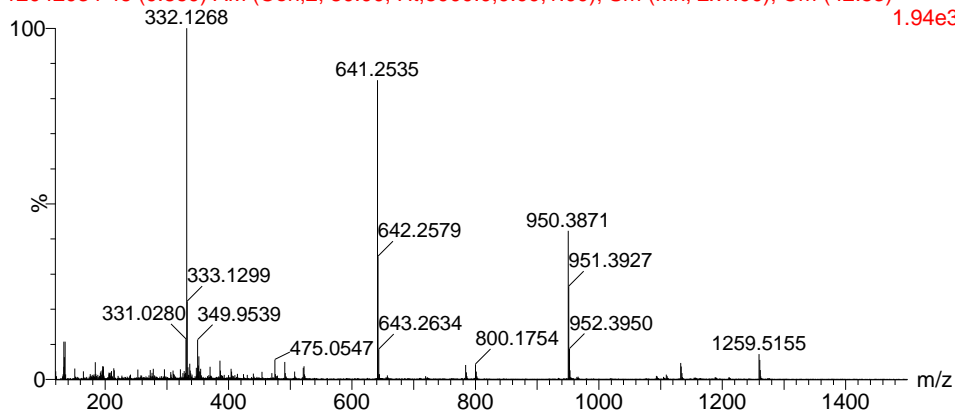


Figure S3. HRMS spectrum of compound 2

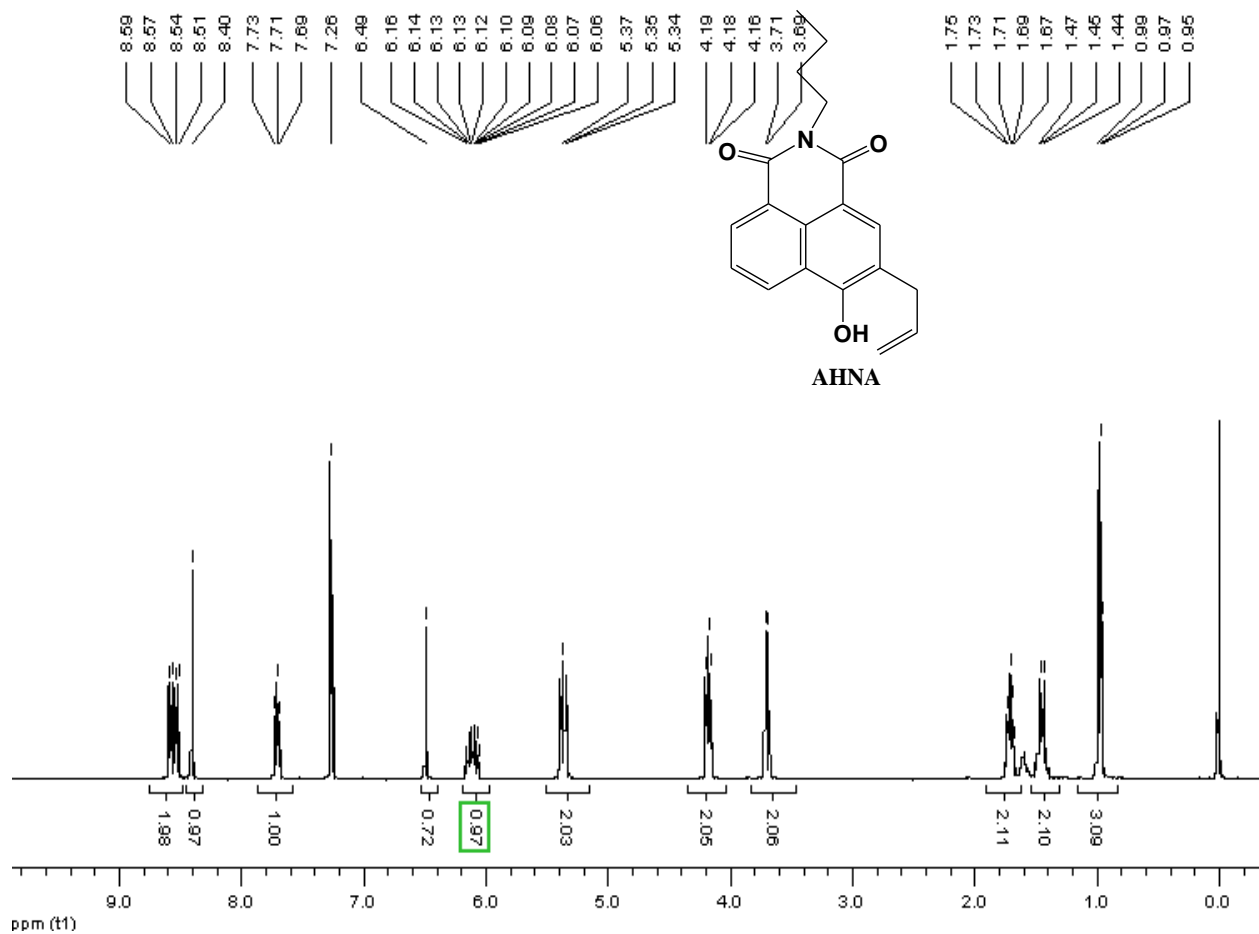


Figure S4. ¹H NMR for compound AHNA in CDCl₃.

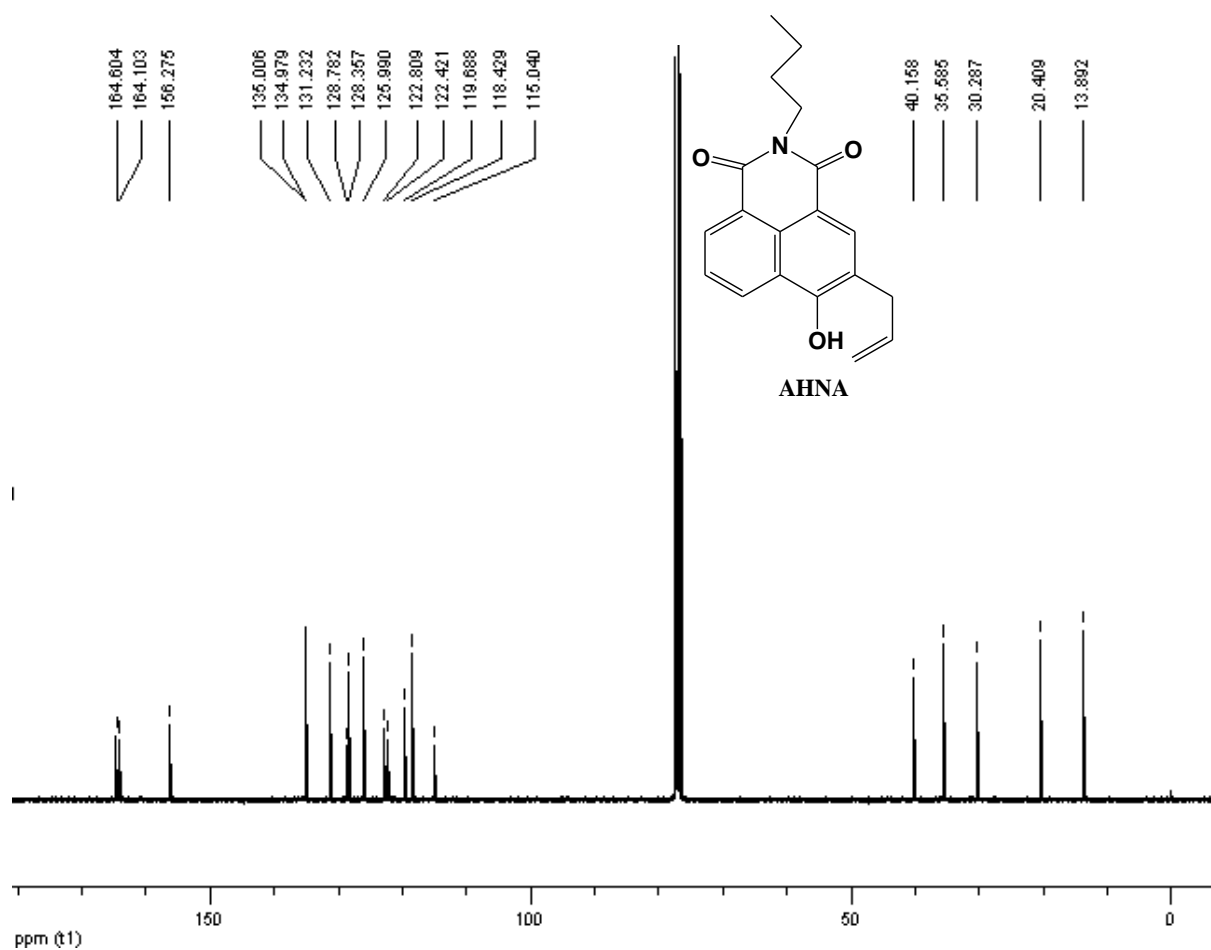


Figure S5. ^{13}C NMR for compound AHNA in CDCl_3 .

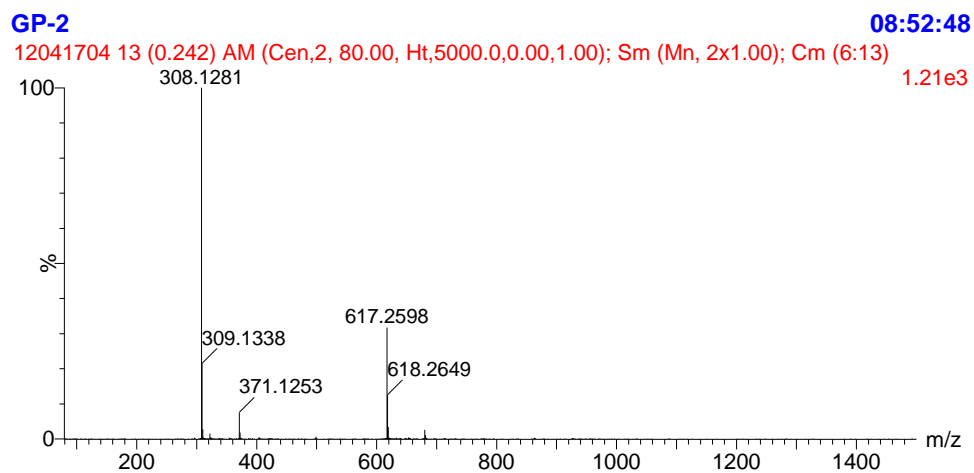


Figure S6. HRMS spectrum of compound AHNA $[\text{M}-\text{H}]^+$

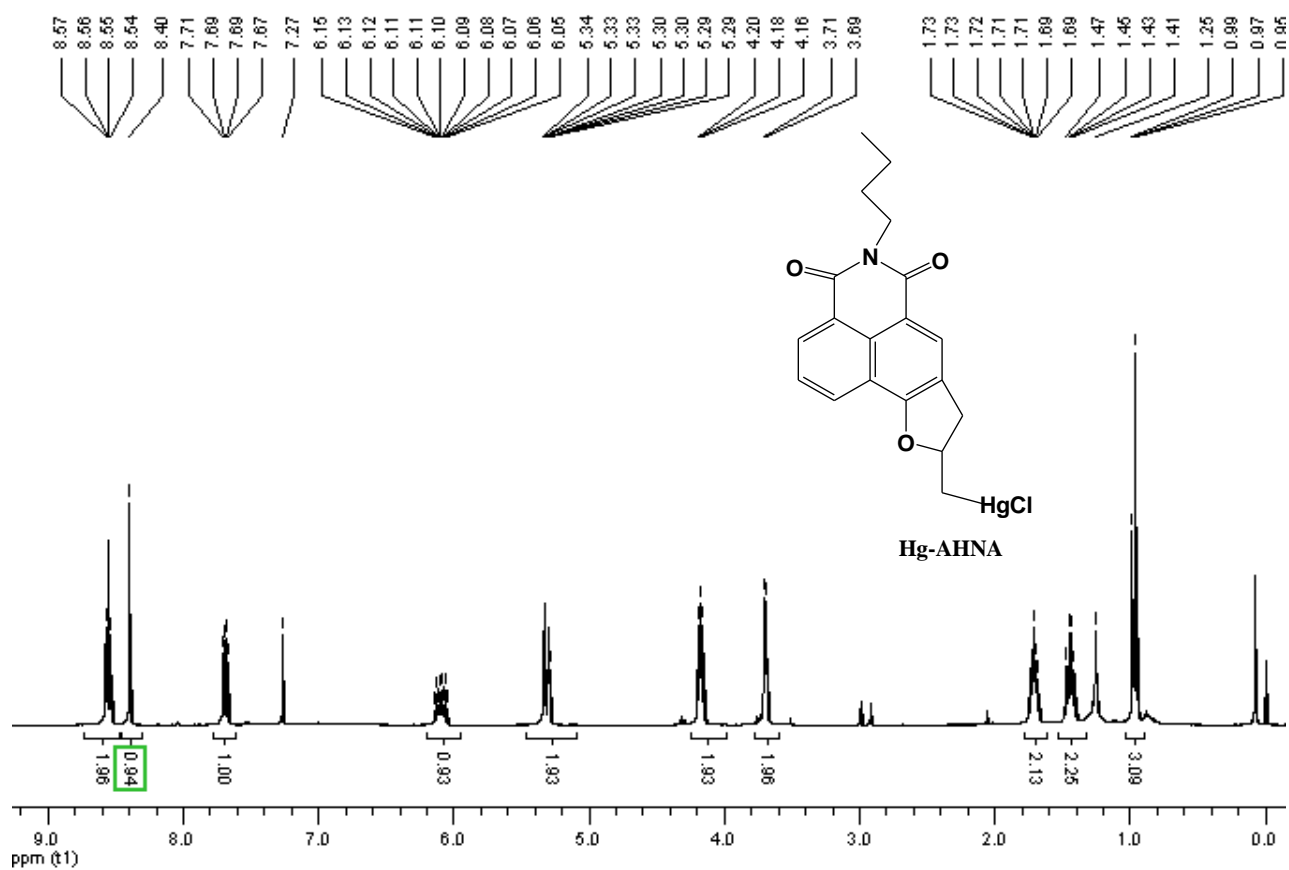


Figure S7. ^1H NMR for compound **Hg-AHNA** in CDCl_3

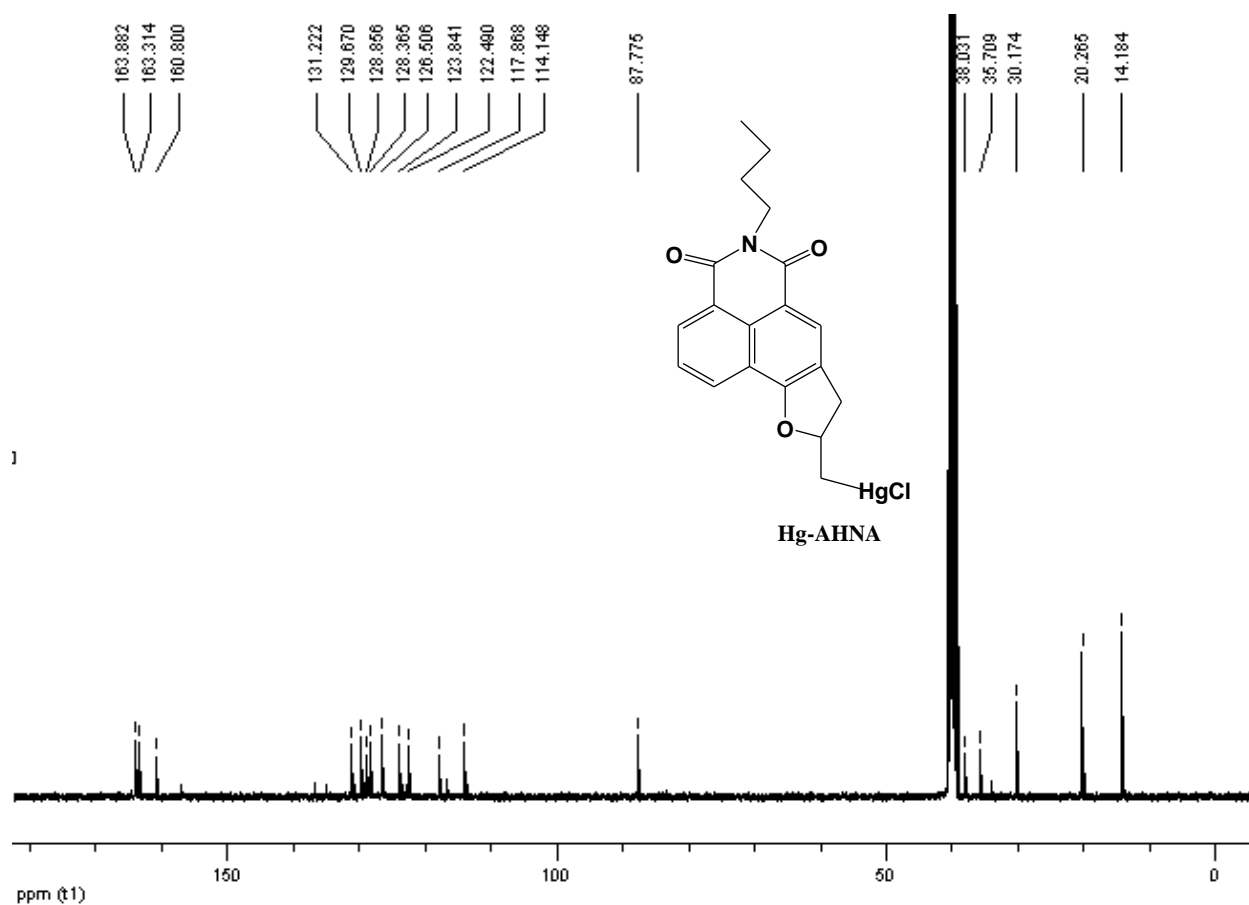


Figure S8. ^{13}C NMR for compound **Hg-AHNA** in DMSO-d_6

GB(CHCA)

12051400 14 (0.464) Cn (Cen,4, 50.00, Ht); Sm (Mn, 2x3.00); Sb (15,10.00); Cm (12:20)

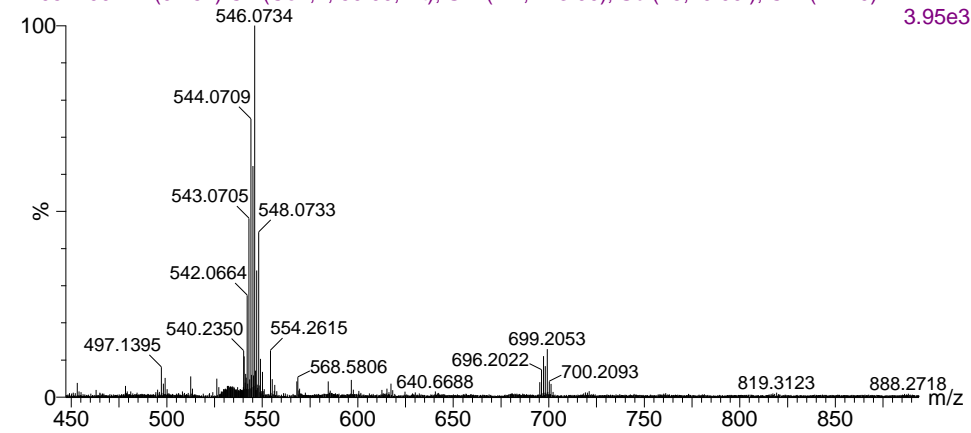


Figure S9. HRMS spectrum of compound **Hg-AHNA**

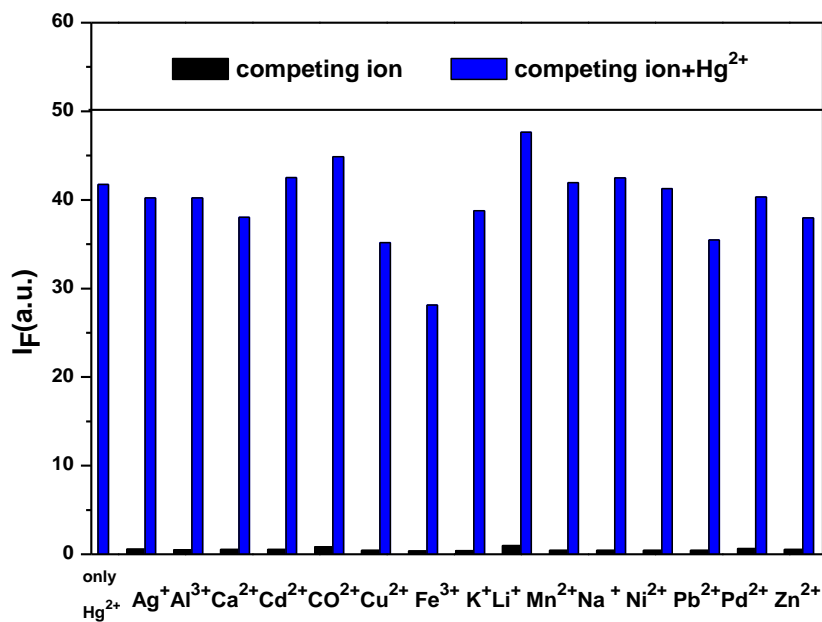


Figure S10. Changes in fluorescence of AHNA (10 μ M in Tris-HCl buffer solution containing 1% DMSO, pH = 7.4) upon addition of Hg²⁺ (5 equiv.) with various metal ions (5 equiv.)

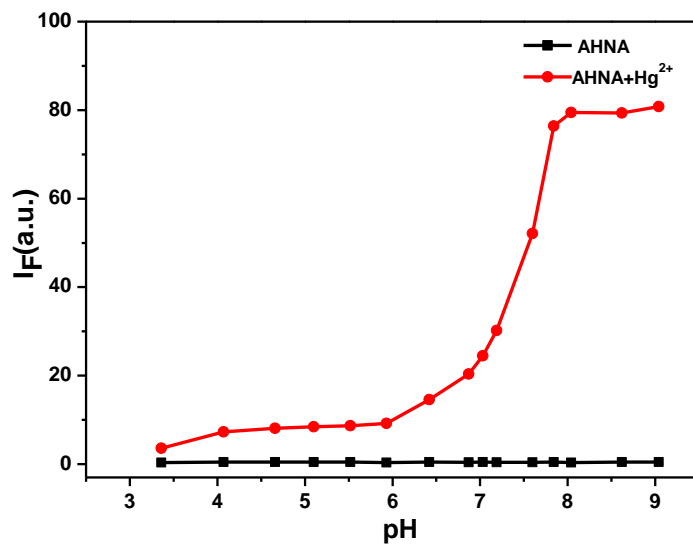


Figure S11. Changes in fluorescence of AHNA (black) and AHNA with Hg²⁺ (red) in buffer solution with different pH (10 μ M in Tris-HCl buffer solution containing 1% DMSO, pH = 7.4, excitation at 400 nm, and emission was integrated at 500 nm).

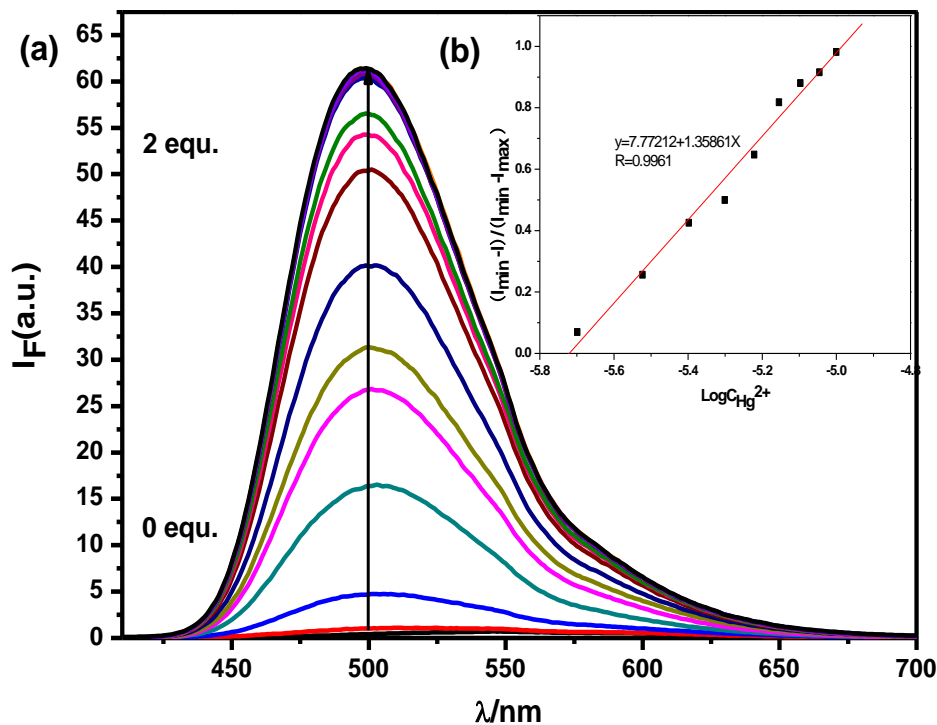


Figure S12. (a) Fluorescence emission spectra of AHNA (10 μ M in Tris-HCl buffer solution containing 1% DMSO, pH = 7.4) responding to different concentrations of Hg^{2+} (0-2 equiv., excitation at 400 nm). (b) Normalized response of fluorescence signal to changing Hg^{2+} concentrations in Tris-HCl buffer solution (10 μ M containing 1% DMSO, pH = 7.4). (Ex. 400 nm; Em. 500 nm).

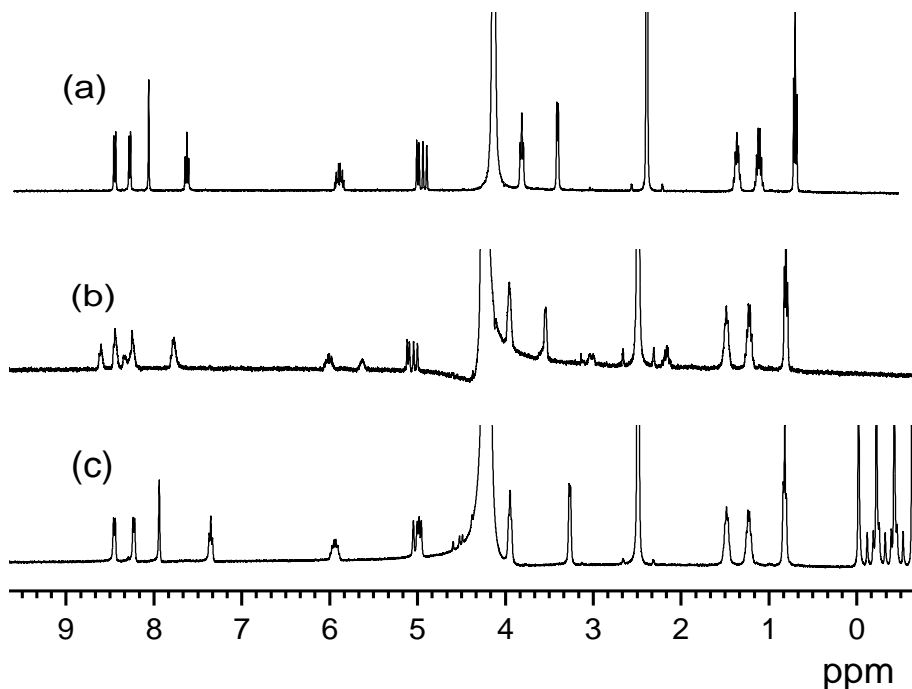


Figure S13. ^1H NMR spectra for (a) AHNA, (b) AHNA + HgCl_2 (5.0 equiv.) and (c) AHNA + HgCl_2 + NaBH_4 in DMSO-d_6 containing 30% D_2O

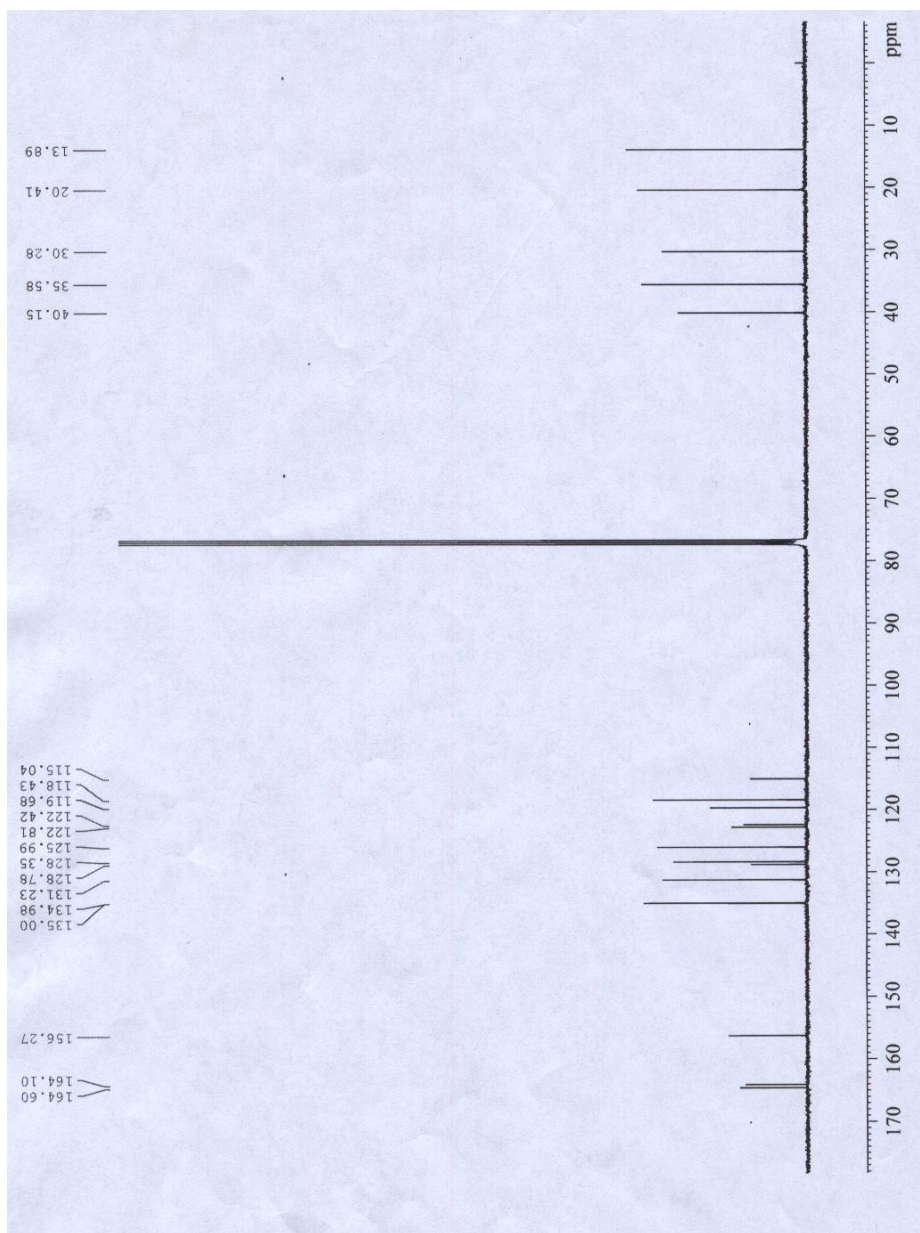


Figure S14. ^{13}C NMR spectrum of compound recycled AHNA

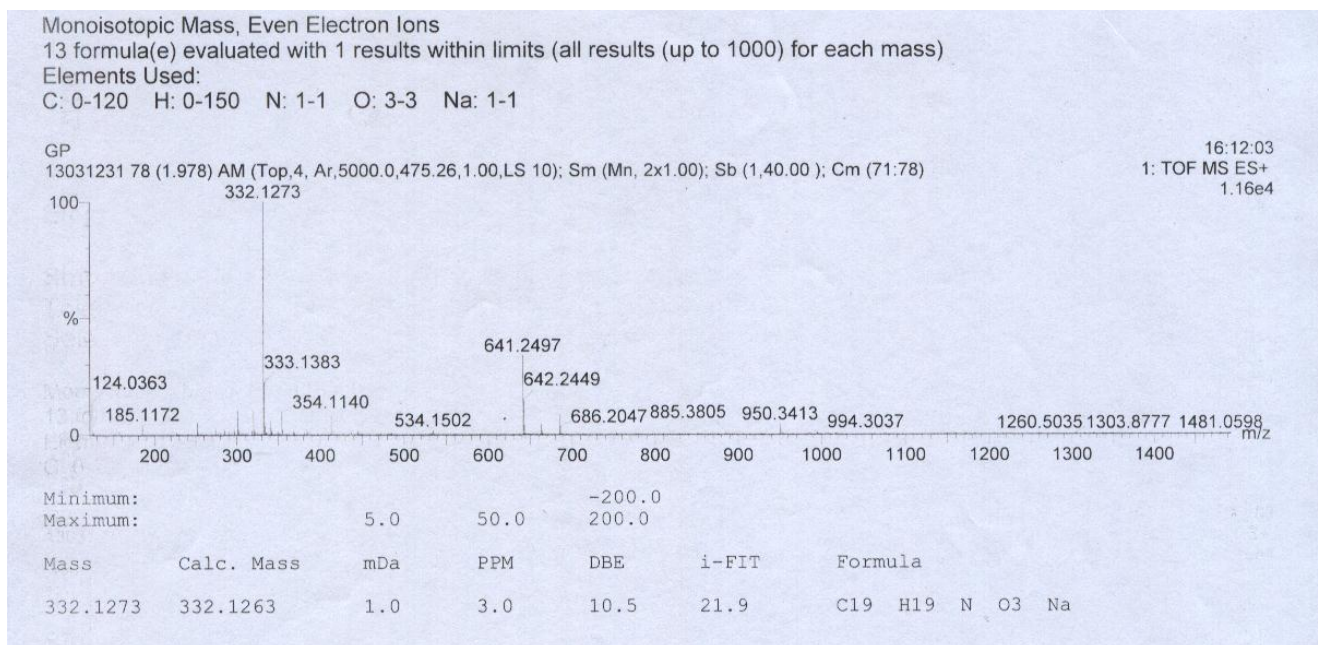


Figure S15. HRMS spectrum of compound recycled AHNA $[M+Na]^+$

Table 1. Crystallographic Data and Structure Refinements for single crystals of compounds **AHNA** and **Hg-AHNA**.

Compound reference	AHNA	Hg-AHNA
Chemical formula	C ₁₉ H ₁₉ NO ₃	C ₁₉ H ₁₈ ClHgNO ₃
CCDC Number	917431	917432
Formula Mass	309.35	544.38
Crystal system	Monoclinic	Tetragonal
a/Å	4.9619(4)	23.616(3)
b/Å	13.1060(14)	23.616(3)
c/Å	12.2014(9)	6.9313(15)
α/°	90.00	90.00
β/°	91.684(6)	90.00
γ/°	90.00	90.00
Unit cell volume/Å ³	793.12(12)	3865.6(10)
Temperature/K	296(2)	296(2)
Space group	P2(1)	P4(2)/mbc
No. of formula units per unit cell, Z	2	8
No. of reflections measured	4293	20463
No. of independent reflections	2456	1863
R _{int}	0.0164	0.0742
Final R ₁ values (I > 2σ(I))	0.0439	0.0436
Final wR(F ₂) values (I > 2σ(I))	0.1161	0.1004
Final R ₁ values (all data)	0.0584	0.0825
Final wR(F ₂) values (all data)	0.1252	0.1107

$$R_1 = \sum ||F_o| - |F_c|| / \sum |F_o| ; wR_2 = \{ \sum [w(F_o^2 - F_c^2)^2] / \sum [w(F_o^2)]^2 \}^{1/2}$$