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Supplementary Information

Solvent evaporation plus hydrogen reduction method to synthesize

IrNi/C catalysts for hydrogen oxidation

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Fig. S1 Histogram of particle size distributions of the IrNi NPs.



Fig. S2 XPS patterns for IrNi/C-NH₃-500. (a) full XPS spectrum. (b) Ir 4f spectrum. (c) Ni 2p spectrum. (d) C 1s spectrum and the inset is N 1s spectrum.

Fig. S2a gives the full XPS spectrum of the IrNi/C-NH₃-500. The surface atomic ratio of Ir/Ni is 2/1, fairly in line with the mol ratio in the bulk from the EDS data. Fig. S2b and S2c illustrate the XPS spectra for Ir 4f and Ni 2p core-level regions of the catalyst. Deconvolution of the Ir 4f region shows the presence of 2 pairs of doublets. The most intense doublet with binding energies of 61.08 (Ir $4f_{7/2}$) and 64.22 eV (Ir $4f_{5/2}$) is attributed to metallic Ir. Another doublet at 62.05 and 67.52 eV could be assigned to the Ir⁴⁺ in IrO₂. The XPS results suggest that 72% of the Ir is present in a metallic state and 28% is present in IrO₂. The Ni 2p_{3/2} spectra are characterized by a main peak (852-858eV) with a satellite at higher BE(860-865eV).^{1,2,3} Deconvolution of the main peak shows the presence of Ni⁰ and Ni^{x+}. Combining XPS spectra with the XRD results, it's verified that the contraction in

Ir-Ir bond is a consequence of Ni diffusing into the Ir cluster. The existence of oxidized Ni is attributed to surface-oxidation of the external surface Ni after long time ambient exposure. Fig. S2d gives the XPS spectra of C 1s and N 1s. C 1s spectrum shows three peak components at 284.5, 285.4 and 288.39 eV, which are assigned to the carbon component in C-C, C-O/C-N and O=C-O, respectively. As seen in the inset of Fig. S2d, the peaks at 398.9, 400, 401 eV of N can be attributed to pyridinic-like, quaternary and pyrrolic-like N, respectively, indicating the incorporation of N into the carbon support with a surface content of 0.63 at%.

| Catalyst | Ir(111) peak | d-spacing of | Lattice parameter | Particle size | Mass activity |
|---|--------------|--------------|---|---------------|-----------------------------|
| | position(°) | 111(Å) | $\mathbf{a_{fcc}}\left(\mathbf{A}\right)$ | (nm) | $(A \bullet g_{IrNi}^{-1})$ |
| IrNi/C-NH ₃ -500 | 41.88 | 2.155 | 3.7325 | 2.7 | 453.4 |
| IrNi/C-NaOH-500 | 42.10 | 2.142 | 3.7099 | 3.8 | 356.1 |
| IrNi/C-500 | 42.51 | 2.124 | 3.6788 | 3.0 | 342.4 |
| Ir/C-NH ₃ -500 | 40.66 | 2.218 | 3.8416 | 3.7 | 331.9 |
| Ir ₂ Ni/C-NH ₃ -500 | 41.70 | 2.166 | 3.7515 | 2.6 | 407.5 |
| IrNi ₂ /C-NH ₃ -500 | 42.69 | 2.116 | 3.6649 | 2.2 | 305.1 |
| IrNi/C-NH ₃ -300 | 41.42 | 2.178 | 3.7723 | 1.3 | 366.4 |
| IrNi/C-NH ₃ -400 | 41.62 | 2.170 | 3.7584 | 1.6 | 379.6 |
| IrNi/C-NH ₃ -600 | 41.72 | 2.164 | 3.7480 | 4.8 | 283. 1 |

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